

# Fiscal Note H.B. 29 1st Sub. (Buff)

2022 General Session Driving Offenses Amendments by Acton, C. (Acton, Cheryl.)



# General, Education, and Uniform School Funds

JR4-4-101

	Ongoing	One-time	Total
Net GF/EF/USF (revexp.)	\$0	\$0	\$0

State Government UCA 36-12-13(2)(c)

Revenues	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024
Total Revenues	\$0	\$0	\$0

To the extent that people are convicted of a second degree felony instead of a third degree felony as a result of this bill and pay their financial obligation, this could increase revenue/case in the following amounts: (1) General Fund \$1,000.

Expenditures	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024			
Total Expenditures	\$0	\$0	\$0			
Enactment of this legislation likely will not materially impact state expenditures.						
	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024			

\$0

Local Government UCA 36-12-13(2)(c)

Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments.

## Individuals & Businesses

UCA 36-12-13(2)(c)

\$0

\$0

To the extent that individuals pay higher fines as a result of the provisions of this bill, this could cost certain offenders about \$1,000/case, however the total amount is unknown.

# Regulatory Impact

**Net All Funds** 

UCA 36-12-13(2)(d)

Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses.

# Performance Evaluation

JR1-4-601

This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program.

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## **Notes on Notes**

Fiscal notes estimate the direct costs or revenues of enacting a bill. The Legislature uses them to balance the budget. They do not measure a bill's benefits or non-fiscal impacts like opportunity costs, wait times, or inconvenience. A fiscal note is not an appropriation. The Legislature decides appropriations separately.