



Fiscal Note
H.B. 228 1st Sub. (Buff)
 2022 General Session
 Crime Victim Reparations Amendments
 by Ivory, K. (Ivory, Ken.)



General, Education, and Uniform School Funds

JR4-4-101

	Ongoing	One-time	Total
Net GF/EF/USF (rev.-exp.)	\$0	\$0	\$0

State Government

UCA 36-12-13(2)(c)

Revenues	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024
Total Revenues	\$0	\$0	\$0

Enactment of this legislation likely will not materially impact state revenue.

Expenditures	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024
Crime Victim Reparations Fund	\$0	\$381,800	\$381,800
Total Expenditures	\$0	\$381,800	\$381,800

Enactment of this bill could cost the Commission on Criminal and Juvenile Justice \$381,800 ongoing beginning in FY 2023 from the Crime Victim Reparations Fund for additional victim reparations payments as outlined in this bill.

	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024
Net All Funds	\$0	\$(381,800)	\$(381,800)

Local Government

UCA 36-12-13(2)(c)

Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments.

Individuals & Businesses

UCA 36-12-13(2)(c)

Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses.

Regulatory Impact

UCA 36-12-13(2)(d)

Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses.

Performance Evaluation

JR1-4-601

This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program.

Notes on Notes

Fiscal notes estimate the direct costs or revenues of enacting a bill. The Legislature uses them to balance the budget. They do not measure a bill's benefits or non-fiscal impacts like opportunity costs, wait times, or inconvenience. A fiscal note is not an appropriation. The Legislature decides appropriations separately.