

Fiscal Note H.B. 396 2022 General Session Paid Professional Hours for Educators by Moss, J.



General, Education, and Uniform School Funds			JR4-4-101	
		Ongoing	One-time	Total
	Net GF/EF/USF (revexp.)	\$0	\$0	\$0

State Government UCA 36-12-13(2)(c)						
Revenues	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024			
Total Revenues	\$0	\$0	\$0			
Enactment of this legislation likely will not materially impact state revenue.						
Expenditures	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024			
Restricted Revenue	\$0	\$24,810,000	\$0			
Total Expenditures	\$0	\$24,810,000	\$0			
Enactment of this bill may cost the State Board of Education \$24,810,000 one-time in FY 2023 from the Uniform School Fund Restricted - Public Education Economic Stabilization Account to implement the additional professional hours for qualifying educators as outlined in the bill. This cost represents 10 percent of the estimated account balance in FY 2023. The State Board of Education estimates the cost of 32 hours of professional time is estimated at \$64.7 million. The amount of funding available for additional professional time may increase with the balance of the restricted account in future years.						

	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024
Net All Funds	\$0	\$(24,810,000)	\$0

Local Government

Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments.

Individuals & Businesses

Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents or businesses.

Regulatory Impact

Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses.

UCA 36-12-13(2)(c)

UCA 36-12-13(2)(c)

UCA 36-12-13(2)(d)

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Performance Evaluation

This bill creates a new program or significantly expands an existing program. For a list of questions lawmakers might ask to improve accountability for the proposed program, please see: https://budget.utah.gov/newprogram

Notes on Notes

Fiscal notes estimate the direct costs or revenues of enacting a bill. The Legislature uses them to balance the budget. They do not measure a bill's benefits or non-fiscal impacts like opportunity costs, wait times, or inconvenience. A fiscal note is not an appropriation. The Legislature decides appropriations separately.