

Fiscal Note H.B. 422 2022 General Session School District Voter Eligibility Amendments by Teuscher, J.



General, Education, and Uniform School Funds

JR4-4-101

	Ongoing	One-time	Total
Net GF/EF/USF (revexp.)	\$0	\$(9,800)	\$(9,800)

State Government UCA 36-12-13(2)(c)

Revenues	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024
Dedicated Credits Revenue	\$9,800	\$0	\$0
Total Revenues	\$9,800	\$0	\$0

Enactment of this legislation could increase dedicated credits revenue to the Division of Technology Services by approximately \$9,800 one-time in FY2022 to provide system programming services.

Expenditures	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024
General Fund, One-time	\$9,800	\$0	\$0
Dedicated Credits Revenue	\$9,800	\$0	\$0
Total Expenditures	\$19,600	\$0	\$0

To the extent that districts allow new voters to vote in school board elections, enactment of this legislation could cost the Driver License Division of the Department of Public Safety approximately \$9,800 one-time from the General Fund in FY2022 for system programming costs; there would be a commensurate cost for the Division of Technology Services from dedicated credits to perform these services.

	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024
Net All Funds	\$(9,800)	\$0	\$0

Local Government UCA 36-12-13(2)(c)

To the extent that districts opt to allow new voters to vote in school board elections, enactment of this legislation could cost local governments up to approximately \$62,000 in aggregate in the first election year and up to \$5,300 ongoing in each subsequent election year.

Individuals & Businesses

UCA 36-12-13(2)(c)

Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses.

Regulatory Impact UCA 36-12-13(2)(d)

Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses.

Performance Evaluation

JR1-4-601

This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program.

Notes on Notes

Fiscal notes estimate the direct costs or revenues of enacting a bill. The Legislature uses them to balance the budget. They do not measure a bill's benefits or non-fiscal impacts like opportunity costs, wait times, or inconvenience. A fiscal note is not an appropriation. The Legislature decides appropriations separately.