

Fiscal Note H.B. 231 2023 General Session Low Income Housing Property Tax Exemption by Eliason, S.



General, Income Tax, and Uniform School Funds JR4-4-107				
	Ongoing	One-time	Total	
Net GF/ITF/USF (revexp	.) \$0	\$0	\$0	

State Government			UCA 36-12-13(2)(c)			
Revenues	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025			
Total Revenues	\$0	\$0	\$0			
Enactment of this legislation likely will not materially impact state revenue.						
Expenditures	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025			
Total Expenditures	\$0	\$0	\$0			
Enactment of this legislation likely will n	ot materially impact state	expenditures.				
	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025			
Net All Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0			

Local Government

Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments.

Individuals & Businesses

Enactment of this legislation could result in individuals and businesses that now qualify as a non-profit entity seeing a reduction in the properties taxes paid as a result of the exclusive use exemption. At the same time other taxpayers will be subject to a tax shift due to the changes in the collection rate and certified tax rate, the size of which would depend on the number of new eligible non-profit entities in a tax area. In aggregate the impact will be revenue neutral.

Regulatory Impact

Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses.

Performance Evaluation

This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program.

UCA 36-12-13(2)(c)

UCA 36-12-13(2)(c)

UCA 36-12-13(2)(d)

Notes on Notes

Fiscal notes estimate the direct costs or revenues of enacting a bill. The Legislature uses them to balance the budget. They do not measure a bill's benefits or non-fiscal impacts like opportunity costs, wait times, or inconvenience. A fiscal note is not an appropriation. The Legislature decides appropriations separately.