

Fiscal Note H.B. 3332023 General Session Sexual Abuse Statutes of Limitation by Ivory, K.



General, Income Tax, and Uniform School Funds

JR4-4-101

	Ongoing	One-time	Total
Net GF/ITF/USF (revexp.)	\$(633,200)	\$604,500	\$(28,700)

State Government UCA 36-12-13(2)(c)

Revenues	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025
General Fund	\$0	\$11,700	\$11,700
General Fund, One-time	\$0	\$(9,100)	\$(6,600)
Court Security Account (GFR)	\$0	\$100	\$100
Total Revenues	\$0	\$2,700	\$5,200

Enactment of this bill could result in ongoing revenue: FY 2024 - 1. General Fund: \$2,600, 2. Court Security: \$100; FY 2025 - 1. General Fund: \$5,100, 2. Court Security: \$100; FY 2026 - 1. General Fund: \$7.700, 2. Court Security: \$200; FY 2027 - 1. General Fund: \$10,200, 2. Court Security: \$300. This bill will affect all available cases in FY 2031 with the following estimated ongoing revenue: 1. General Fund: \$11,700; 2. Court Security: \$300. To the extent that civil cases are filed outside of the current statute of limitations, this bill could generate \$375 with the following breakdown: General Fund - \$321; Court Security - \$30; Judicial Retirement - \$15; Dispute Resolution - \$5; Children''s Legal Defense - \$4.

Expenditures	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025
General Fund	\$0	\$644,900	\$644,900
General Fund, One-time	\$0	\$(613,600)	\$(523,300)
Total Expenditures	\$0	\$31,300	\$121,600

Enactment of this bill could cost a total of \$31,300 from the General Fund in FY 2024, \$121,600 in FY 2025, \$270,600 in FY 2026, \$428,700 in FY 2027. This bill will affect all available cases in FY 2031 with an estimated cost of \$644,900 in each year thereafter. The cost breakdown is as follows: 1. Courts - \$1,900 in FY 2024, \$3,800 in FY 2025, \$5,700 in FY 2026, \$7,600 in FY 2027, and \$8,700 once all available cases may be affected in FY 3031 for case processing; 2. Department of Corrections - \$28,900 in FY 2024, \$115,800 in FY 2025, \$260,400 in FY 2026, \$413,800 in FY 2027, and \$624,900 once all available cases may be affected in FY 3031 for case processing; 3. Board of Pardons and Parole - \$500 in FY 2024, \$2,000 in FY 2025, \$4,500 in FY 2026, \$7,300 in FY 2027, and \$11,300 once all available cases may be affected in FY 3031 for case processing. To the extent that civil cases are filed outside of the current statute of limitations, this bill could cost the courts \$1,420 per case.

Net All Funds	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025 \$(116 400)
Net All Fullus	\$0	\$(28,600)	\$(116,400)

Local Government UCA 36-12-13(2)(c)

Local government entities could experience the following estimated expenditure impacts - FY 2024: 1. Prosecutors - \$3,300 increase; 2. Public Defense - \$7,300 increase; FY 2025: 1. Prosecutors - \$6,700 increase; 2. Public Defense - \$14,600 increase; FY 2026: 1. Prosecutors - \$10,000 increase; 2. Public Defense - \$21,800 increase; FY 2027: 1. Prosecutors - \$13,400 increase; 2. Public Defense - \$29,100 increase. This bill will affect all available cases in FY 2031 with a final estimated impact: 1. Prosecutors - \$15,300 increase; 2. Public Defense - \$41,600 increase.

Individuals & Businesses

UCA 36-12-13(2)(c)

Individuals cited for violations could pay \$1,500 per third degree felony case and \$2,500 per second degree felony case for the following aggregated costs: FY 2024 - \$2,600; FY 2025 - \$5,300; FY 2026 - \$7,900; FY 2027 - \$10,500. This bill will affect all available cases in FY 2031 with a final estimated individual cost of \$12,000. To the extent that civil cases are file outside of the current statue of limitations, this could cost individuals \$375 per case filed.

Regulatory Impact UCA 36-12-13(2)(d)

Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses.

Performance Evaluation

JR1-4-601

This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program.

Notes on Notes

Fiscal notes estimate the direct costs or revenues of enacting a bill. The Legislature uses them to balance the budget. They do not measure a bill's benefits or non-fiscal impacts like opportunity costs, wait times, or inconvenience. A fiscal note is not an appropriation. The Legislature decides appropriations separately.