



# Revised Fiscal Note S.B. 112 2nd Sub. (Salmon)

2023 General Session Aquatic Invasive Species Amendments by Sandall, S. (Sandall, Scott.)



## General, Income Tax, and Uniform School Funds

JR4-4-101

	Ongoing	One-time	Total
Net GF/ITF/USF (revexp.)	\$0	\$0	\$0

State Government UCA 36-12-13(2)(c)

Revenues	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025
Aquatic Invasive Species Interdiction Account (GFR)	\$0	\$646,300	\$646,300
Total Revenues	\$0	\$646,300	\$646,300

Enactment of this legislation could generate additional \$646,300 ongoing to the Aquatic Invasive Species Interdiction Account due to fee increases, starting in FY 2024.

Expenditures	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025
Aquatic Invasive Species Interdiction Account (GFR)	\$0	\$646,300	\$646,300
Total Expenditures	\$0	\$646,300	\$646,300

Enactment of this legislation could cost the Tax Commission an estimated \$49,200 one-time from the Aquatic Invasive Species Interdiction Account in FY 2024 for programming. Enactment could also cost the Department of Natural Resources \$597,100 one-time in FY 2024 and \$646,300 ongoing from the Aquatic Invasive Species Interdiction Account in FY 2025 for operations.

	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025
Net All Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0

Local Government UCA 36-12-13(2)(c)

Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments.

### Individuals & Businesses

UCA 36-12-13(2)(c)

Enactment of this legislation could cost Utah residents an additional \$10 per vessel and nonresidents an additional \$5 per vessel for an aquatic invasive species decal, which is estimated to be a cumulative increase on residents of \$638,200 and on nonresidents of \$8,100 per year, starting in FY 2024.

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Regulatory Impact UCA 36-12-13(2)(d)

Enactment of this legislation could result in a small increase in the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses.

## Performance Evaluation

JR1-4-601

This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program.

#### **Notes on Notes**

Fiscal notes estimate the direct costs or revenues of enacting a bill. The Legislature uses them to balance the budget. They do not measure a bill's benefits or non-fiscal impacts like opportunity costs, wait times, or inconvenience. A fiscal note is not an appropriation. The Legislature decides appropriations separately.