



Fiscal Note S.B. 167 2nd Sub. (Salmon)

2023 General Session Statewide Online Education Program Modifications by Cullimore, K. (Cullimore, Kirk.)



General, Income Tax, and Uniform School Funds

JR4-4-101

	Ongoing	One-time	Total
Net GF/ITF/USF (revexp.)	\$(176,300)	\$(649,600)	\$(825,900)

State Government UCA 36-12-13(2)(c)

Revenues	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025			
Total Revenues	\$0	\$0	\$0			
Enactment of this legislation likely will not materially impact state revenue.						
Expenditures	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025			
Income Tax Fund	\$0	\$176,300	\$176,300			
Income Tax Fund, One-time	\$649,600	\$0	\$0			
Total Expenditures	\$649,600	\$176,300	\$176,300			

Enactment of this legislation may cost the State Board of Education \$649,600 one-time in FY 2023 and \$176,300 ongoing beginning in FY 2024 from the Income Tax Fund to implement the provisions of this bill. In addition, provisions in this bill require the Legislature to consider future year enrollment estimates from Statewide Online Education Program (SOEP) providers in funding enrollment growth costs. While the number of students that may be estimated by the providers is unknown, enrollment growth in the program has ranged from 11 percent to 39 percent over the previous four years. Assuming a four year average of 23 percent, this may have increased FY 2024 enrollment growth estimates by approximately \$950,000.

	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025
Net All Funds	\$(649,600)	\$(176,300)	\$(176,300)

Local Government

Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments.

Individuals & Businesses

Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses.

UCA 36-12-13(2)(d)

Regulatory Impact

Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses.

Performance Evaluation

JR1-4-601

This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program.

Notes on Notes

Fiscal notes estimate the direct costs or revenues of enacting a bill. The Legislature uses them to balance the budget. They do not measure a bill's benefits or non-fiscal impacts like opportunity costs, wait times, or inconvenience. A fiscal note is not an appropriation. The Legislature decides appropriations separately.