**BRIEFING PAPER** 

### JANUARY 2012 UTAH LEGISLATURE

## Utah's Population Growth: State, County, and City Changes 2000-2010

OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE RESEARCH AND GENERAL COUNSEL

## **HIGHLIGHTS**

- During the past decade, Utah was the third fastest growing state in the nation, growing by 23.8%, or 530,716 people.
- The four fastest growing states in the nation are all Mountain states - Nevada (35.1%), Arizona (24.6%), Utah (23.8%), and Idaho (21.1%).
- Utah's county population growth for this last decade continues a long trend of increasing urbanization along the Wasatch Front. Today, over three out of every four Utahns live in the four most populous counties: Salt Lake, Utah, Davis, and Weber.
- Utah's fastest growing cities during the last decade reflect trends similar to the growth of the state's counties, showing significant growth along the Wasatch Front. Nine of the ten fastest growing cities with populations over 9,000 are located in either Salt Lake, Utah, Davis, or Weber counties. Six of the top ten were in rapidly-growing Utah County.
- Utah's racial and ethnic composition is changing, with marked growth over the past decade in the Hispanic population.
- The annual growth rate of Utah's 65 and older age group is projected to increase from between 2% to 4% during the past decade to about 5% in 2012, and remain near a 5% growth rate through 2020.
- Though Utah's school-age population will continue to grow for some years, the rate of growth is projected to slow considerably over the coming decade.

The federal government conducts the constitutionallyrequired census of the United States population every ten years. In addition to providing data for apportionment of congressional seats, the decennial census provides information on demographic trends. Using 2010 Census data released during the last year, this briefing paper examines population trends at various levels of detail, including trends by state, county, city, racial/ethnic background, and age.

## UTAH & NATIONAL POPULATION TRENDS

According to the U.S. Census, Utah's population reached 2,763,885 in 2010 (see Figure 1). This is an increase of 23.8% and a numeric increase of 530,716 over the 2000 Census count. Utah ranked third among the 50 states in percentage population increase.<sup>1</sup>



Despite this impressive rate of increase, Utah is far from the big leagues in accounting for the nation's total numeric population growth over the last decade (see Figure 2). Three states – Texas (4.3 million, 15.7% of U.S. growth), California (3.4 million, 12.4% of U.S. growth), and Florida (2.8 million, 10.3% of U.S. growth) – each had a population *increase* during the past decade that exceeds Utah's entire 2010 population.

## Figure 1 Utah Total Population, 1900 to 2010

## Figure 2 U.S. Census Bureau National and State Population Counts: 2000 and 2010 Population Counts

							Rank		Rank
					2000-2010	Percent of	Based on	2000-2010	Based on
	2000 Census	2000	2010 Census	2010	Numeric	U.S. Numeric	Numeric	Percent	Percent
Area	Population	Rank	Population	Rank	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change
U.S.	281,421,906	na	308,745,538	na	27,323,632	na	na	9.7%	na
Region									
Northeast	53,594,378	4	55,317,240	4	1,722,862	6.3%	4	3.2%	4
Midwest	64,392,776	2	66,927,001	3	2,534,225	9.3%	3	3.9%	3
South	100,236,820	1	114,555,744	1	14,318,924	52.4%	1	14.3%	1
West	63,197,932	3	71,945,553	2	8,747,621	32.0%	2	13.8%	2
State									
Jule	20.051.020	2		2	4 000 744	15 70/	1	20.6%	F
Colifornio	20,001,020	2	25,145,501	2	4,293,741	10.7%	1	20.0%	20
Elorido	15 092 278	1	18 801 310	1	2,302,300	12.4%	2	17.6%	20
Georgia	8 186 453	10	0 687 653	4	1 501 200	5.5%	1	18.3%	7
North Carolina	8 049 313	10	9,007,000	10	1,301,200	5.0%		18.5%	6
Arizona	5 130 632	20	6 392 017	16	1 261 385	4.6%	6	24.6%	2
Virginia	7 078 515	12	8 001 024	12	922 509	3.4%	7	13.0%	16
Washington	5 894 121	15	6 724 540	13	830 419	3.0%	, 8	14.1%	13
Colorado	4.301.261	24	5.029.196	22	727,935	2.7%	9	16.9%	9
Nevada	1,998,257	35	2,700,551	35	702,294	2.6%	10	35.1%	1
Tennessee	5,689,283	16	6.346.105	17	656.822	2.4%	11	11.5%	19
South Carolina	4.012.012	26	4.625.364	24	613.352	2.2%	12	15.3%	10
Utah	2,233,169	34	2,763,885	34	530,716	1.9%	13	23.8%	3
Maryland	5,296,486	19	5,773,552	19	477,066	1.7%	14	9.0%	23
Pennsylvania	12,281,054	6	12,702,379	6	421,325	1.5%	15	3.4%	42
Illinios	12,419,293	5	12,830,632	5	411,339	1.5%	16	3.3%	43
Oregon	3,421,399	28	3,831,074	27	409,675	1.5%	17	12.0%	18
Indiana	6,080,485	14	6,483,802	15	403,317	1.5%	18	6.6%	31
New York	18,976,457	3	19,378,102	3	401,645	1.5%	19	2.1%	47
Missouri	5,595,211	17	5,988,927	18	393,716	1.4%	20	7.0%	29
Minnesota	4,919,479	21	5,303,925	21	384,446	1.4%	21	7.8%	26
New Jersey	8,414,350	9	8,791,894	11	377,544	1.4%	22	4.5%	38
Alabama	4,447,100	23	4,779,736	23	332,636	1.2%	23	7.5%	27
Wisconsin	5,363,675	18	5,686,986	20	323,311	1.2%	24	6.0%	34
Oklahoma	3,450,654	27	3,751,351	28	300,697	1.1%	25	8.7%	24
Kentucky	4,041,769	25	4,339,367	26	297,598	1.1%	26	7.4%	28
Idaho	1,293,953	39	1,567,582	39	273,629	1.0%	27	21.1%	4
Arkansas	2,673,400	33	2,915,918	32	242,518	0.9%	28	9.1%	22
New Mexico	1,819,046	36	2,059,179	36	240,133	0.9%	29	13.2%	15
Massachusetts	6,349,097	13	6,547,629	14	198,532	0.7%	30	3.1%	44
Ohio	11,353,140	/	11,536,504	(	183,364	0.7%	31	1.6%	48
Connecticut	3,405,565	29	3,574,097	29	168,532	0.6%	32	4.9%	36
Kansas	2,088,418	32	2,853,118	33	164,700	0.6%	33	0.1% 10.20/	33
Mississippi	1,211,007	42	1,300,301	40	140,704	0.5%	34 25	12.3%	17
lviississippi	2,044,000	20	2,907,297	31 20	122,039	0.4%	30	4.3%	39
IOwa Nobrocko	2,920,324	30 29	3,040,300	30 38	120,031	0.4%	30 27	4.1%	41
Delaware	783 600	30 15	807 034	30 15	110,070	0.4%	38 38	0.7%	30 11
Montono	783,000	43	097,934	43	87 220	0.4%	30	0.7%	21
	902,193 626 032	44	710 231	44	83 200	0.3%	40	9.7 /0 13 3%	21
New Hampshire	1 235 786	40	1 316 470	47	80 684	0.3%	40	6.5%	32
Wyoming	493 782	51	563 626	<del>ہ</del> د 51	69 844	0.3%	42	14 1%	12
Louisiana	4 468 976	22	4 533 372	25	64 396	0.3%	43	1 4%	49
South Dakota	754 844	46	814 180	46	59 336	0.2%	44	7.9%	25
Maine	1.274.923	40	1.328.361	40	53 438	0.2%	45	4.2%	40
West Virginia	1.808.344	37	1,852,994	37	44 650	0.2%	46	2.5%	46
North Dakota	642.200	47	672.591	48	30.391	0.1%	47	4.7%	37
District of Columbia	572.059	50	601.723	50	29.664	0.1%	48	5.2%	35
Vermont	608.827	49	625.741	49	16.914	0.1%	49	2.8%	45
Rhode Island	1,048.319	43	1.052.567	43	4.248	0.0%	50	0.4%	50
Michigan	9,938,444	8	9,883,640	8	-54,804	-0.2%	51	-0.6%	51

These three states with the greatest numeric growth accounted for over 38% of the nation's growth between 2000 and 2010, or about 10.5 million out of a total increase of 27.3 million. If Georgia (1.5 million, 5.5% of U.S. growth), North Carolina (1.5 million, 5.4% of U.S. growth), and Arizona (1.3 million, 4.6% of U.S. growth) are added, these top six states accounted for nearly 54% (or 15 million) of the nation's increase.

Utah's population increase of 0.5 million accounted for 1.9% of the total national increase, which ranked 13th in terms of numeric growth. The 37 states with less numeric growth than Utah each accounted for 1.7% or less of the nation's population increase.

The U.S. Census Bureau divides the nation into four major regions: Northeast, South, Midwest, and West.<sup>2</sup> The two most rapidly growing regions of the nation are the South and West. The South accounted for 52.4% of U.S. growth over the past decade (increase of 14.3 million people, 14.3% growth rate). The West came in second, accounting for 32.0% of the growth (increase of 8.7 million people, 13.8% growth rate).

Conversely, the Northeast and Midwest contributed significantly less to the nation's population growth. The Midwest ranked third, providing 9.3% of the nation's growth (increase of 2.5 million people, 3.9% growth rate). The Northeast came in last, providing only 6.3% of the total increase (increase of 1.7 million people, 3.2% growth rate). Clearly, the trend of rapid growth in the South and West regions, which started in the post-World War II period, continues.

## **Mountain States Lead in Population Growth**

The four fastest growing states (in percentage terms) in the nation during the past decade were all Mountain states.<sup>3</sup> Nevada led the nation with a population increase of 35.1%; Arizona came in second, increasing by 24.6%; Utah ranked third, increasing by 23.8%; and Idaho placed fourth, growing by 21.1%. Combined, the seven Mountain states grew by a rapid 22.0% during the decade. The other Mountain states grew as follows: Colorado 16.9%, Wyoming 14.1%, and New Mexico 13.2%. Numerically, the Mountain states grew from a population of 17.3 million to 21.1 million, or by 3.8 million. This is a larger numeric increase than either the Northeast or Midwest. In other words, the Mountain region (a sub region of the West) had a larger numeric increase than either of two major regions - the Midwest and Northeast.

## **Utah's County Population Trends**

## Super Two & Big Four

Utah's county population growth for this last decade continues a long trend of increasing urbanization along the Wasatch Front (see Figures 3 and 4). For several decades, Salt Lake County has had the largest numeric growth of any county in the state. This growth has been followed by the rapid growth of Utah and Davis counties. During this past decade, however, Utah County came in first, growing by 40.2%, and accounting for 27.9% of the state's increase. Its population increased from 368,536 to 516,564, or by nearly 150,000. Salt Lake County came in second, increasing by 14.6%, and accounting for 24.7% of the state's population increase. Its population swelled from 898,387 to 1,029,655, an increase of over 130.000. Combined, these two counties grew by about 280,000 and accounted for about 53% of the state's population increase for the decade.

Davis County grew by 28.2%, or nearly 68,000 (12.7% of state growth), well behind Salt Lake and Utah counties, but still the third largest increase in the state. Over two-thirds of the state's population (67%) now lives in these three urban counties.

Weber County, the state's fourth most populous county, increased in population by nearly 35,000, from 196,533 to 231,236. It accounted for 6.5% of the state's growth during the decade. When Weber County is added to Salt Lake, Utah, and Davis counties, a whopping 75.4% of the state's total population is accounted for. In other words, three of every four Utahns lives along a short, narrow stretch of land along the Wasatch Front, running approximately from Ogden (Weber County) to Santaquin (Utah County).

# Washington County - St. George Second Fastest Growing Metro Area in U.S.

Washington County is the one exception to the state's increasing concentration of population along the Wasatch Front. For the last three decades, this southern Utah county has been growing faster in percentage terms than any of the four populous Wasatch Front counties. Since 1980, Washington County has grown from 26,065 to 138,115, or by about 112,000. This is a total increase of 430%. No county in the state has grown nearly this fast in percentage terms over the past 30 years. Washington was the second fastest growing county in percentage terms for the past decade.

## Figure 3 County Population and Population Change by Decade, Sorted by Numeric Increase Between 2000 and 2010

Size	County	1980 Consus	1980 Share of the State	1990 Consus	1990 Share of the State	Numeric increase for	2000 Consus	2000 Share of the State	Numeric increase for	2010	2010 Share of the State	Numeric increase for	Percent increase for	Percent of state total increase	Cumulative percent increase for	Total numeric increase	Total increase as percent state	Cumulative percent increase	Percent increase since
Nalli	County	Census	FOpulation	Census	Fupulation	uecaue	Census	Fupulation	decade	Census	Fupulation	uecaue	decade	for decade	decade	SIUCE 1980	SINCE 1980	SINCE 1980	1980
2	lltah	218 106	14 9%	263 590	15.3%	45 484	368 536	16.5%	104 946	516 564	18.7%	148 028	40.2%	27 9%	27 9%	208 458	22.0%	22 9%	136.8%
1	Salt Lake	619.066	42.4%	725,956	42.1%	106.890	898.387	40.2%	172,431	1.029.655	37.3%	131,268	14.6%	24.7%	52.6%	410,589	31.5%	54.4%	66.3%
3	Davis	146.540	10.0%	187.941	10.9%	41,401	238.994	10.7%	51.053	306.479	11.1%	67.485	28.2%	12.7%	65.3%	159.939	12.3%	66.7%	109.1%
5	Washington	26,065	1.8%	48,560	2.8%	22,495	90,354	4.1%	41,794	138,115	5.0%	47,761	52.9%	9.0%	74.3%	112,050	8.6%	75.3%	429.9%
4	Weber	144.616	9.9%	158.330	9.2%	13.714	196.533	8.8%	38.203	231.236	8.4%	34,703	17.7%	6.5%	80.9%	86.620	6.6%	81.9%	59.9%
6	Cache	57,176	3.9%	70,183	4.1%	13.007	91,391	4.1%	21,208	112,656	4.1%	21,265	23.3%	4.0%	84.9%	55,480	4.3%	86.2%	97.0%
7	Topele	26.033	1.8%	26 601	1.5%	568	40 735	1.8%	14 134	58 218	2.1%	17 483	42.9%	3.3%	88.2%	32 185	2.5%	88.7%	123.6%
9	Iron	17 349	1.2%	20,789	1.0%	3 440	33 779	1.5%	12 990	46 163	1.7%	12 384	36.7%	2.3%	90.5%	28 814	2.0%	90.9%	166.1%
13	Wasatch	8 523	0.6%	10 080	0.6%	1 566	15 215	0.7%	5 126	23 530	0.9%	8 315	54.7%	1.6%	92.1%	15 007	1.2%	92.0%	176.1%
11	Llintah	20,506	1 /0/	22 211	1 3%	1,000	25 224	1 10/	3,120	20,000	1.2%	7 364	20.20%	1.070	02.170	12 082	0.0%	02.0%	58.0%
0	Diritari Pov Eldor	20,300	2 20/	22,211	2 10/	2 262	40 745	1.170	6,013	40.075	1.2/0	7,304	16 00/	1.470	0/ 00/	16 752	1 20/	90.070	50.9%
0 10	Summit	10 108	0.7%	15 519	0.0%	5,203	42,740	1.9%	1/ 218	49,970	1.0%	6 588	22 20/	1.4%	94.0%	26 126	2.0%	94.3%	256.2%
10	Sannete	14 620	1.0%	16 259	0.9%	1 639	29,730	1.3%	6 504	27 822	1.0%	5 059	22.2/0	1.2%	90.1% 97.0%	13 202	2.0%	90.3%	90.3%
16	Duchesne	12,565	0.9%	12.645	0.7%	80	14.371	0.6%	1.726	18.607	0.7%	4,236	29.5%	0.8%	97.8%	6.042	0.5%	97.7%	48.1%
21	Morgan	4,917	0.3%	5,528	0.3%	611	7,129	0.3%	1,601	9,469	0.3%	2,340	32.8%	0.4%	98.3%	4,552	0.3%	98.1%	92.6%
20	Juab	5,530	0.4%	5,817	0.3%	287	8,238	0.4%	2,421	10,246	0.4%	2,008	24.4%	0.4%	98.6%	4,716	0.4%	98.4%	85.3%
15	Sevier	14,727	1.0%	15,431	0.9%	704	18,842	0.8%	3,411	20,802	0.8%	1,960	10.4%	0.4%	99.0%	6,075	0.5%	98.9%	41.3%
23	Kane	4,024	0.3%	5,169	0.3%	1,145	6,046	0.3%	877	7,125	0.3%	1,079	17.8%	0.2%	99.2%	3,101	0.2%	99.2%	77.1%
14	Carbon	22,179	1.5%	20,228	1.2%	-1,951	20,422	0.9%	194	21,403	0.8%	981	4.8%	0.2%	99.4%	-776	-0.1%	99.1%	-3.5%
22	Grand	8,241	0.6%	6,620	0.4%	-1,621	8,485	0.4%	1,865	9,225	0.3%	740	8.7%	0.1%	99.5%	984	0.1%	99.2%	11.9%
24	Beaver	4,378	0.3%	4,765	0.3%	387	6,005	0.3%	1,240	6,629	0.2%	624	10.4%	0.1%	99.7%	2,251	0.2%	99.3%	51.4%
25	Garfield	3,673	0.3%	3,980	0.2%	307	4,735	0.2%	755	5,172	0.2%	437	9.2%	0.1%	99.7%	1,499	0.1%	99.5%	40.8%
17	San Juan	12,253	0.8%	12,621	0.7%	368	14,413	0.7%	1,792	14,746	0.5%	333	2.3%	0.1%	99.8%	2,493	0.2%	99.6%	20.3%
27	Rich	2,100	0.1%	1,725	0.1%	-375	1,961	0.1%	236	2,264	0.1%	303	15.5%	0.1%	99.9%	164	0.0%	99.7%	7.8%
26	Wayne	1,911	0.1%	2,177	0.1%	266	2,509	0.1%	332	2,778	0.1%	269	10.7%	0.1%	99.9%	867	0.1%	99.7%	45.4%
29	Daggett	769	0.1%	690	0.0%	-79	921	0.0%	231	1,059	0.0%	138	15.0%	0.0%	99.9%	290	0.0%	99.7%	37.7%
28	Piute	1,329	0.1%	1,277	0.1%	-52	1,435	0.1%	158	1,556	0.1%	121	8.4%	0.0%	100.0%	227	0.0%	99.8%	17.1%
19	Emery	11,451	0.8%	10,332	0.6%	-1,119	10,860	0.5%	528	10,976	0.4%	116	1.1%	0.0%	100.0%	-475	0.0%	99.7%	-4.1%
18	Millard	8,970	0.6%	11,333	0.7%	2,363	12,405	0.6%	1,072	12,503	0.5%	98	0.8%	0.0%	100.0%	3,533	0.3%	100.0%	39.4%

## Figure 4 Utah Counties by Size, 2010 Census Count



Source: 2011 Economic Report to the Governor, U.S. Census Bureau

Despite this rapid growth, Washington County still trails the three most populous counties in numeric growth. Since 1980, Salt Lake County has increased by about 410,000, Utah County by nearly 300,000, and Davis County by about 160,000. However, Washington County's thirty-year growth of 112,000 does exceed the growth of Weber County, which has grown by nearly 87,000 since 1980.

St. George, in Washington County, was the second fastest growing metro<sup>4</sup> area in the nation. During the decade, the St. George metro area grew by 53%. Palm Coast, Florida was the nation's fastest growing metro area, increasing by 92%. Interestingly, Utah County's Provo-Orem metro area was the sixth fastest growing metro area in the nation, increasing by 40% during the decade.

#### **Cache County**

Cache County has not shown the impressive growth of Washington County, but has, nevertheless, grown steadily over the last three decades. In 1980, this northern county had a population of 57,176. The 2010 census recorded a population of 112,656, an increase of about 55,000 or 97%. In the past decade, Cache County increased by over 21,000, the sixth largest numerical growth in the state.

#### **Iron County**

Just to the north of fast-growing Washington County sits Iron County, home of Southern Utah University and the award-winning Shakespearean Festival. This county has been growing sufficiently fast that its share of the state's population, though still small, has been increasing steadily for the last two decades. Since 1980, Iron County has grown from a population of 17,349 to 46,163, an increase of nearly 29,000 or 166%. This is the fourth fastest growth rate of the state's 29 counties over that period.

# **Tooele County Adding to Concentration of Utah's Population**

As Salt Lake County's western neighbor, Tooele County has benefitted from Salt Lake County's growth. In the last 20 years, Tooele's population has increased from 26,601 to 58,218, or by nearly 119%. This rapid growth is adding to the concentration of the state's population along the Wasatch Front.

## Wasatch Back

Also adding to the concentration of Utah's population along the state's urban core are three counties often called the Wasatch Back, because they are all adjacent to (and east of) one of the four Wasatch Front counties. These counties are Summit, Wasatch, and Morgan. Combined, these three counties grew from 52,080 to 69,323, or by over 33%. In percentage terms, Wasatch was the state's fastest growing county over the past decade. It increased in population from 15,215 to 23,530, or by 55%. Though still small when compared to the big four counties, these three Wasatch Back counties did add more than 17,000 to the state's largest urban area.

## The Uintah Basin

The Uintah Basin consists of two counties: Uintah and Duchesne. These two counties experienced their strongest growth since the 1970s, when increased energy production brought rapid population increases. The story is much the same today. Uintah County grew from a population of 25,224 in 2000 to 32,588 in 2010, an increase of over 7,000 or 29%. Duchesne County also showed solid growth this last decade. Its population increased from 14,371 to 18,607 or by about 4,000 or nearly 30%.

## **Rural Utah - Little to No Growth**

By comparison to the strong growth along the Wasatch Front and in Washington County, much of the state has shown comparatively slow numeric growth. In 2010, 17 of the state's 29 counties each individually accounted for less than 1.0% of the state's population, and combined they account for only 6.4% of the state's population. These seventeen counties are in order of size: Wasatch, Carbon, Sevier, Duchesne, San Juan, Millard, Emery, Juab, Morgan, Grand, Kane, Beaver, Garfield, Wayne, Rich, Piute, and Daggett. Two counties - Carbon and Emery - have populations that are smaller now than in 1980. Carbon has declined from 22,179 to 21,403, or down by 776. Emery has declined from 11,451 to 10,976, or down by 475.

## **Utah's City Population Trends**

## **Utah's Fastest Growing Cities**

Utah's fastest growing cities during the last decade reflect trends similar to those discussed in the growth of the state's counties (see Figures 5 and 6). Nine of the ten fastest growing cities with populations over 9,000 are located in either Salt Lake, Utah, Davis, or Weber counties. Six of the top 10 were in rapidly growing Utah County. Saratoga Springs (Utah County) stole the show, growing from 1,003 in 2000 to 17,781 by 2010, or by 1,673%. Herriman (Salt Lake County) followed close behind, with an increase from 1,523 to 21,785, or by 1,330%. Another Utah County city, Eagle Mountain, also showed remarkable growth, from 2,157 to 21,415, or by 893%.

While no other Utah city grew at the pace of Saratoga Springs, Herriman, or Eagle Mountain, there were several cities that showed impressive increases in population. Cedar Hills (Utah County) increased from 3,094 to 9,796 (217%). Syracuse (Davis County) grew from 9,398 to 24,331 (159%). Lehi (Utah County) increased from 19,028 to 47,407 (149%). Washington was the only other city, and only non-Wasatch Front city, to increase by more than 100%. This Washington County city increased from 8,186 to 18,761 (129%). Figure 5 shows the growth rate in these fast-growing cities.



#### Figure 5 10 Fastest Growing Cities (Pop 9K+), 2000 to 2010

#### Figure 6 Fastest Growing Cities (Pop 9K+), 2000 to 2010 Ranked by % Change

2010					2000-2010 Percent
Rank	City/Town	County	2000	2010	Change
1	Saratoga Springs	Utah	1,003	17,781	1673%
2	Herriman	Salt Lake	1,523	21,785	1330%
3	Eagle Mountain	Utah	2,157	21,415	893%
4	Cedar Hills	Utah	3,094	9,796	217%
5	Syracuse	Davis	9,398	24,331	159%
6	West Haven	Weber	3,976	10,272	158%
7	Lehi	Utah	19,028	47,407	149%
8	Washington	Washington	8,186	18,761	129%
9	Highland	Utah	8,172	15,523	90%
10	Santaquin	Utah	4,834	9,128	89%
11	North Salt Lake	Davis	8,749	16,322	87%
12	Holladay	Salt Lake	14,561	26,472	82%
13	Spanish Fork	Utah	20,246	34,691	71%
14	South Jordan	Salt Lake	29,437	50,418	71%
15	Draper	Salt Lake	25,220	42,274	68%
16	Hurricane	Washington	8,250	13,748	67%
17	Clinton	Davis	12,585	20,426	62%
18	West Point	Davis	6,033	9,511	58%
19	Heber	Wasatch	7,291	11,362	56%
20	Riverton	Salt Lake	25,011	38,753	55%

Source: Governor's Office of Planning & Budget, U.S. Census Bureau

Figure 7 shows Utah's twenty fastest growing cities in terms of numeric growth. The municipalities with the most numeric growth are concentrated along the Wasatch Front (especially in Salt Lake and Utah counties) and southwest Utah. West Jordan led the way with an increase of over 35,000 due to both population growth and annexation. Other cities with growth over 15,000 include Lehi, St. George, South Jordan, West Valley City, Herriman, Eagle Mountain, Draper, and Saratoga Springs.

#### Figure 7

## Fastest Growing Cities (Pop 9K+), 2000 to 2010 Ranked by Numeric Change

					2000-2010					
2010					Numeric					
Rank	City/Town	County	2000	2010	Change					
1	West Jordan	Salt Lake	68,336	103,712	35,376					
2	Lehi	Utah	19,028	47,407	28,379					
3	St. George	Washington	49,663	72,897	23,234					
4	South Jordan	Salt Lake	29,437	50,418	20,981					
5	West Valley City	Salt Lake	108,896	129,480	20,584					
6	Herriman	Salt Lake	1,523	21,785	20,262					
7	Eagle Mountain	Utah	2,157	21,415	19,258					
8	Draper	Salt Lake	25,220	42,274	17,054					
9	Saratoga Springs	Utah	1,003	17,781	16,778					
10	Syracuse	Davis	9,398	24,331	14,933					
11	Spanish Fork	Utah	20,246	34,691	14,445					
12	Riverton	Salt Lake	25,011	38,753	13,742					
13	Murray	Salt Lake	34,024	46,746	12,722					
14	Holladay	Salt Lake	14,561	26,472	11,911					
15	Washington	Washington	8,186	18,761	10,575					
16	Pleasant Grove	Utah	23,468	33,509	10,041					
17	Tooele	Tooele	22,502	31,605	9,103					
18	Springville	Utah	20,424	29,466	9,042					
19	Layton	Davis	58,474	67,311	8,837					
20	Cedar City	Iron	20,527	28,857	8,330					
Sou	Source: Governor's Office of Planning & Budget, U.S. Census Bureau									

## **Race and Ethnicity**

Of Utah's 2010 Census population of 2,763,885, the vast majority (80.4%), or 2,221,719 are white, non-Hispanic.<sup>5</sup> This is a decline from the 2000 Census, which shows the white, non-Hispanic population of 85.3%.

Utah's racial make-up (see Figure 8) is as follows: White (86.1%), Asian (2.0%), American Indian and Alaska Native (1.2%), Black or African American (1.1%), and Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander (0.9%). Two other categories, Some Other Race (6.0%) and Two or More Races (2.7%) account for the balance of racial categories.

In addition to racial categories, respondents could choose Hispanic or Latino as an ethnicity. This is the only ethnic category on the census form. In Utah, 358,340 persons (13% of the state's population) claimed Hispanic ethnicity. This is a marked increase from previous census counts. In 1990, nearly 5% of Utah residents claimed Hispanic ethnicity, and by 2000 it had increased to 9%.

The state's most populous counties, not surprisingly, are also the counties with the largest Hispanic populations. Salt Lake County has 176,015 Hispanics, amounting to 17.1% of the county's population. Salt Lake County accounts for 37.2% of the state's population, but it accounts for 49.1% of the state's Hispanic population.

The other Wasatch Front counties also have large numbers of Hispanics. Utah County claims the second most Hispanics with 55,793, or 10.8% of its population. Weber County ranks third with 38,711 Hispanics, but second only to Salt Lake when measured as a percent of county population. In Weber, Hispanics amount to 16.7% of the county's population.

The best way to summarize the concentration of Hispanics along the Wasatch Front may be to point out that the four big counties account for 75.4% of the state's population but 82.7% of the state's Hispanic population.

## Figure 8 Total County Population by Race in Utah: 2010 Census

		Race									
	-	One Race									
					American		Native				
					Indian		Hawaiian				White
				Black or	and		and Other		Two or	Hispanic	Not
	Total	Total		African	Alaska		Pacific	Some	More	or Latino	Hispanic
Age Po	opulation	One Race	White	American	Native	Asian	Islander	Other Race	Races	(of any race)	or Latino
State Total	2,763,885	2,688,367	2,379,560	29,287	32,927	55,285	24,554	166,754	75,518	358,340	2,221,719
Percent of Total	100%	97.3%	86.1%	1.1%	1.2%	2.0%	0.9%	6.0%	2.7%	13.0%	80.4%
_	6.699	c = c c			-0					=10	
Beaver	6,629	6,536	5,900	16	/6	/0	19	455	93	/16	5,700
Box Elder	49,975	48,858	45,861	172	412	443	84	1,886	1,117	4,152	44,109
Cache	112,656	110,511	100,397	697	690	2,122	436	6,169	2,145	11,216	96,283
Carbon	21,403	20,898	19,757	93	252	125	23	648	505	2,659	18,007
Daggett	1,059	1,048	1,016	4	8	4	1	15	11	33	1,000
Davis	306,479	298,234	275,956	3,702	1,424	5,416	1,813	9,923	8,245	25,753	263,049
Duchesne	18,607	18,069	16,589	44	842	52	51	491	538	1,117	16,211
Emery	10,976	10,881	10,309	26	78	38	9	421	95	654	10,108
Garfield	5,172	5,128	4,869	22	85	61	10	81	44	234	4,740
Grand	9,225	9,041	8,207	29	381	77	3	344	184	881	7,759
Iron	46,163	45,084	41,848	227	1,019	349	139	1,502	1,079	3,563	40,226
Juab	10,246	10,096	9,831	25	90	22	15	113	150	379	9,631
Kane	7,125	7,030	6,816	16	104	31	1	62	95	263	6,639
Millard	12,503	12,310	10,950	12	125	76	15	1,132	193	1,603	10,589
Morgan	9,469	9,378	9,234	16	18	34	10	66	91	226	9,098
Piute	1,556	1,535	1,474	2	5	6	2	46	21	109	1,419
Rich	2,264	2,236	2,196	0	16	7	1	16	28	96	2,131
Salt Lake	1,029,655	997,361	836,074	16,404	9,157	33,987	15,781	85,958	32,294	176,015	761,885
San Juan	14,746	14,407	6,759	25	7,431	37	5	150	339	649	6,474
Sanpete	27,822	27,333	25,158	229	305	150	138	1,353	489	2,619	24,109
Sevier	20,802	20,483	19,734	39	230	67	36	377	319	932	19,325
Summit	36,324	35,727	32,890	154	122	446	38	2,077	597	4,190	31,012
Tooele	58,218	56,599	52,804	406	563	374	220	2,232	1,619	6,661	49,174
Uintah	32.588	31.830	28.232	121	2.509	166	74	728	758	2,330	26.999
Utah	516,564	502,528	461,775	2,799	3.074	7.032	3,905	23,943	14,036	55,793	434,708
Wasatch	23 530	23 204	21 275	_,/ 33 79	127	181	29	1 513	326	3 184	19 818
Washington	138 115	134 946	123 91/	700	1 860	987	1 078	6 313	3 160	13 486	118 787
Wayne	2 778	2 727	2 634	, 50	13	19	1,070	60 60	46	116	2 596
Weber	231 236	274 344	197 101	3 136	1 907	2 911	614	18 680	6 892	38 711	180 638

## Population by Age

# Utah and U.S. Age Categories Show Significant Differences

As shown in Figure 9, Utah and the United States differ significantly in the distribution of its population by age. This table separates populations into four age groups: under five, 5-17, 18-64, and 65 and over. In all four groups Utah is at the ends - either first, last, or close there to. Utah ranks first in the nation in both the percent of population under age five and the percent of population ages 5-17. When combined, these two age groups account for 31.5% of the state's population. The national average for these two groups is 24.0% - well below that of Utah.

Source: 2011 Economic Report to the Governor, U.S. Census Bureau

Utah is at the other end of the spectrum when older age groups are ranked. Utah ranks 51st among the states and the District of Columbia in the percent of population ages 18-64, and ranks 50th in the percent of population ages 65 and over.

Such dramatic extremes should not come as a surprise. If a state is at the extremes in two categories, it is difficult for it to be anywhere else than the opposite extremes in the other two categories. The last column in Figure 8 shows the ranking of states in median age. Not surprisingly, with 31.5% of its population under 18 years of age, Utah has the youngest median age in the country at 29.2. The median age of the nation is 37.2. The nation has a median age that is 8.0 years older than that of Utah.

## Figure 9 Rankings of States by Selected Age Groups as a Percent of Total Population: 2010

	All Age	S	Unde	r Age 5		Ages	51017		Ages	5 18 10 64		/	Ages 65+			
					Percent			Percent			Percent			Percent		Median
Rank	State	Population	State	Population	ofTotal	State	Population	of Total	State	Population	of Total	State	Population	of Total	State	Age
	United States	308,745,538	United States	20,201,362	6.5%	United States	53,980,105	17.5%	United States	194,296,087	62.9%	United States	40,267,984	13.0%	United States	37.2
1	California	37.253.956	Utah	263,924	9.5%	Utah	607,103	22.0%	District of Columbia	432.099	71.8%	Florida	3.259.602	17.3%	Maine	42.7
2	Texas	25,145,561	Idaho	121,772	7.8%	Texas	4,937,351	19.6%	Alaska	467,915	65.9%	West Virginia	297,404	16.0%	Vermont	41.5
3	New York	19.378.102	Texas	1,928,473	7.7%	Idaho	307.300	19.6%	Vermont	405.430	64.8%	Maine	211.080	15.9%	West Virginia	41.3
4	Florida	18 801 310	Alaska	53 996	7.6%	Alaska	133 382	18.8%	Colorado	3 253 962	64.7%	Pennsylvania	1 959 307	15.4%	New Hampshire	41.1
5	Illinois	12 830 632	South Dakota	59 621	7.3%	Georgia	1 804 767	18.6%	New Hampshire	850 968	64.6%	lowa	452 888	14.9%	Florida	40.7
6	Pennsylvania	12,000,002	Nebraska	131 908	7.2%	Arizona	1 173 299	18.4%	Virginia	5 170 410	64.6%	Montana	146 742	14.8%	Pennsylvania	40.1
7	Ohio	11 536 504	Kancac	205 / 02	7.2%	Mieciecinni	5// 500	18.4%	Massachusette	1 225 082	64.5%	Vermont	91 078	14.6%	Connecticut	40.1
8	Michigan	9 883 640	Whoming	40 203	7.1%	Kaneae	521 //7	18.3%	Manuland	3 712 0/6	6/ 3%	North Dakota	97,070	14.5%	Montana	30.8
0	Goorgia	0,697,653	Arizono	46,205	7 10/	Colifornia	6 762 707	19 2%	Dhodo Island	676 720	64.2%	Rodo Island	151 991	14.0%	Dhodo Island	20.4
10	North Carolina	9,007,000	Micciccioni	210.056	7.1%	Now Moxico	272 601	10.2 /0	Machington	4 315 500	64.3%	Arkancas	410.091	14.4 /0	Maccachucotto	20.1
11	Norul Garoni	9,000,400	Ceersie	210,950	7.1%	Indiana	1 174 000	10.1/0	New Yerk	4,313,309	64.20/	Deleware	415,501	14.4 /0	New Jersey	20.0
10	New Jersey	8,791,894	Georgia	000,700	7.1%	Indiana	1,174,223	10.1%	New YORK	12,435,230	04.2%	Delaware	129,277	14.4%	New Jersey	39.0
12	Virginia	8,001,024	Okianoma	204,120	7.0%	INEDFASKA	327,313	17.9%	California	23,712,402	03.7%	Hawall	195,138	14.3%	Nichigan	38.9
13	vvasnington	6,724,540	INEW IVIEXICO	144,981	7.0%	IIIInois	2,293,602	17.9%	Georgia	6,164,066	03.0%	South Dakota	110,581	14.3%	Delaware	38.8
14	Massachusetts	6,547,629	Nevada	187,478	6.9%	Okianoma	665,540	17.7%	vwyoming	358,134	63.5%	Connecticut	506,559	14.2%	Unio	38.8
15	Indiana	6,483,802	Louisiana	314,260	6.9%	Louisiana	803,755	17.7%	Oregon	2,431,088	63.5%	Onio	1,622,015	14.1%	Hawaii	38.6
16	Arizona	6,392,017	Colorado	343,960	6.8%	Michigan	1,/4/,/82	17.7%	Maine	842,748	63.4%	Missouri	838,294	14.0%	Wisconsin	38.5
1/	lennessee	6,346,105	California	2,531,333	6.8%	Nevada	477,530	17.7%	Nevada	1,/11,184	63.4%	Oregon	533,533	13.9%	Oregon	38.4
18	Missouri	5,988,927	Arkansas	197,689	6.8%	Arkansas	513,786	17.6%	Hawaii	861,345	63.3%	Arizona	881,831	13.8%	lowa	38.1
19	Maryland	5,773,552	Minnesota	355,504	6.7%	South Dakota	143,176	17.6%	North Dakota	425,243	63.2%	Massachusetts	902,724	13.8%	Kentucky	38.1
20	Wisconsin	5,686,986	Indiana	434,075	6.7%	Colorado	881,649	17.5%	North Carolina	6,019,769	63.1%	Michigan	1,361,530	13.8%	Maryland	38.0
21	Minnesota	5,303,925	lowa	202,123	6.6%	Minnesota	928,559	17.5%	Kentucky	2,737,769	63.1%	Alabama	657,792	13.8%	New York	38.0
22	Colorado	5,029,196	North Dakota	44,595	6.6%	Ohio	2,009,895	17.4%	Illinois	8,092,240	63.1%	Wisconsin	777,314	13.7%	Tennessee	38.0
23	Alabama	4,779,736	North Carolina	632,040	6.6%	New Jersey	1,524,194	17.3%	West Virginia	1,168,172	63.0%	South Carolina	631,874	13.7%	Alabama	37.9
24	South Carolina	4,625,364	Washington	439,657	6.5%	Alabama	827,502	17.3%	Louisiana	2,857,500	63.0%	New Hampshire	178,268	13.5%	Missouri	37.9
25	Louisiana	4,533,372	South Carolina	302,297	6.5%	North Carolina	1,649,595	17.3%	New Jersey	5,540,687	63.0%	New York	2,617,943	13.5%	South Carolina	37.9
26	Kentucky	4,339,367	Missouri	390,237	6.5%	Missouri	1,035,199	17.3%	South Carolina	2,913,016	63.0%	Oklahoma	506,714	13.5%	Virginia	37.5
27	Oregon	3,831,074	Illinois	835,577	6.5%	lowa	525,870	17.3%	Tennessee	3,996,642	63.0%	Nebraska	246,677	13.5%	Arkansas	37.4
28	Oklahoma	3,751,351	Kentucky	282,367	6.5%	Wisconsin	981,049	17.3%	Connecticut	2,250,523	63.0%	New Jersey	1,185,993	13.5%	Minnesota	37.4
29	Connecticut	3,574,097	Tennessee	407,813	6.4%	Connecticut	614,909	17.2%	Minnesota	3,336,741	62.9%	Tennessee	853,462	13.4%	North Carolina	37.4
30	lowa	3,046,355	Hawaii	87,407	6.4%	Tennessee	1,088,188	17.1%	Wisconsin	3,570,180	62.8%	Kentucky	578,227	13.3%	Washington	37.3
31	Mississippi	2,967,297	Alabama	304,957	6.4%	Maryland	988,476	17.1%	Delaware	562,892	62.7%	New Mexico	272,255	13.2%	Indiana	37.0
32	Arkansas	2,915,918	Virginia	509,625	6.4%	Kentucky	741,004	17.1%	Pennsylvania	7,950,917	62.6%	Kansas	376,116	13.2%	North Dakota	37.0
33	Kansas	2.853.118	Maryland	364,488	6.3%	Washington	1.141.697	17.0%	Montana	619.110	62.6%	Indiana	841.108	13.0%	South Dakota	36.9
34	Utah	2,763,885	Montana	62,423	6.3%	Wyoming	95,199	16.9%	Alabama	2,989,485	62.5%	North Carolina	1.234.079	12.9%	Wyoming	36.8
35	Nevada	2,700,551	Wisconsin	358,443	6.3%	South Carolina	778,177	16.8%	Michigan	6,178,042	62.5%	Minnesota	683,121	12.9%	New Mexico	36.7
36	New Mexico	2.059.179	Ohio	720.856	6.2%	Virginia	1.344.052	16.8%	Texas	15.677.851	62.3%	Mississippi	380,407	12.8%	Illinois	36.6
37	West Virginia	1.852.994	Delaware	55,886	6.2%	Delaware	149.879	16.7%	Ohio	7,183,738	62.3%	Illinois	1.609.213	12.5%	Nevada	36.3
38	Nebraska	1,826,341	Oregon	237,556	6.2%	New Hampshire	217,428	16.5%	Indiana	4.034.396	62.2%	Wyoming	70.090	12.4%	Nebraska	36.2
39	Idaho	1.567.582	New Jersev	541.020	6.2%	Oregon	628,897	16.4%	Missouri	3,725,197	62.2%	Idaho	194,668	12.4%	Oklahoma	36.2
40	Hawaii	1 360 301	Michigan	596 286	6.0%	New York	3 169 107	16.4%	Mississinni	1 831 335	61.7%	Washington	827 677	12.3%	Colorado	36.1
41	Maine	1 328 361	New York	1 155 822	6.0%	Montana	161 140	16.3%	Oklahoma	2 314 971	61.7%	Louisiana	557 857	12.3%	Kansas	36.0
12	New Hampshire	1 316 470	Penneylyania	720 538	5.7%	Pennsylvania	2 062 617	16.2%	New Mexico	1 268 252	61.6%	Maryland	707 642	12.0%	Miesissinni	36.0
13	Rhode Island	1,010,470	Florida	1 073 506	5.7%	Massachusette	1 051 836	16.1%	Florida	11 530 617	61.0%	Virginia	076 037	12.0%	Arizona	35.0
43	Montana	080 / 15	Connecticut	202 106	5.7%	Hawaii	216 / 11	15.0%	Nebraska	1 1 20 4/3	61.3%	Nevada	324 350	12.270	Louisiana	35.8
45	Dolowaro	907 024	Most Virginia	104.060	5.6%	Dhodo Island	166 509	15.9%	Koncoc	1,120,443	61.3%	District of Columbia	68,900	11 /0/	Coorgin	25.2
45	South Dakata	91/ 100	Massachusotta	267.097	5.6%	North Dakota	100,000	15.0 /0	lowo	1,750,005	61.0%	California	4 00,009	11.44 /0	Colifornia	35.0
40 47	Alacka	710 224	Nidosadu iusellis Dhada Jaland	57 440	5.6%	Elorido	2 029 595	15.6%	Arkancac	1,000,474	61 20/	Colorado	4,240,314	10.0%	Idaha	30.2
41	Alasta Dakata	110,231	District of Columbia	37,448	0.0%	Verment	2,920,000	10.0%	Aundi 1985	1,704,402	01.2%	Coorgio	1 022 025	10.9%	Alaska	34.0
40	NULTI Dakota	072,591	District of Columbia	32,013	5.4%	vermont	97,281	10.0%	South Dakota	494,802	00.0%	Georgia	1,032,035	10.7%	AldSKa	33.8
49	vermont District of O share 1.1	625,741	New Hampshire	69,806	5.3%	walne	205,013	15.4%	Arizona	3,881,172	00.7%	I exas	2,601,886	10.3%	District of Columbia	33.8
50	District of Columbia	601,723	wane	69,520	5.2%	vvest virginia	283,358	15.3%	Idano	943,842	00.2%	Otan	249,462	9.0%	I exas	33.6
51	vvyoming	563,626	vermont	31,952	5.1%	District of Columbia	68,202	11.3%	Utan	1,643,396	59.5%	Alaska	54,938	1.1%	Utan	29.2

#### **Dependency Ratios**

Using dependency ratios is another way to compare age distribution differences between states. A dependency ratio compares the number of nonworking age persons (younger than 18 and 65 or older) per 100 persons of working-age (18 to 64).

As can be seen in Figure 10, Utah has both the largest preschool-age (under 5) dependency ratio and the largest school-age (5-17) dependency ratio in the nation. At the other end of the age groups, Utah ranks 50th, only ahead of Alaska, in the smallest retirementage dependency ratio.

Viewing these dependency ratios, it should come as no surprise that Utah faces real challenges in funding its public schools (K-12) compared to other states. In Utah, there are 36.9 school-age dependents (5-17) for every 100 working-age (18-64) adults. The national average is 27.8 school-age dependents per 100

Source: 2011 Economic Report to the Governor, U.S. Census Bureau

working-age adults. Another way of looking at this is to say that every 100 working-age adults in Utah must support 9.1 more school-age persons (roughly 25%) than the national average. This is a significant burden for Utah's working-age adults.

Utah's retirement-age dependency ratio is the second smallest in the nation, only ahead of Alaska. This means that this age group imposes a much lighter burden in Utah than nationally. It is important to understand that these two dependent groups are supported much differently by public funds. The major sources of public support for the retirement-age population come from federal taxes and are federally administered - Social Security and Medicare. The major burden coming from the school-age population is education, which is funded and administered by state and local governments primarily through state and local tax dollars.

## Figure 10 Dependency Ratios for States: 2010 Census

		Preschool-Age		School-Age	F	٦	Total Non-Working		
	(under ag	ge 5) per 100 of		(5-17) per 100 of	(65 & 0	over) per 100 of	Age per 100 of		
Rank	State	Working Age	State	Working Age	State	Working Age	State	Working Age	
	United States	10.4	United States	27.8	United States	20.7	United States	58.9	
4	Litah	46.4	liteh	20.0	Florido	20.2	Litah	0.00	
1	Utan	10.1	Utan	30.9		28.Z	Utan	<b>66.2</b>	
2	Taxaa	12.9	Taxaa	32.0	West Virginia	20.0		00. I	
3	Texas	12.3	Texas	31.5	Naine	25.0	Arizona	64.7	
4	South Dakota	12.0	Arizona	30.2	Pennsylvania	24.6	South Dakota	64.5	
5	Nebraska	11.8	Kansas	29.8	Iowa	24.3	Arkansas	63.4	
6	Kansas	11.7	Mississippi	29.7	Montana	23.7	lowa	63.3	
1	Arizona	11.7	New Mexico	29.5	South Dakota	23.6	Kansas	63.0	
8	Alaska	11.5	Georgia	29.3	Arkansas	23.5	Nebraska	63.0	
9	Mississippi	11.5	Nebraska	29.2	Delaware	23.0	Florida	62.9	
10	New Mexico	11.4	Indiana	29.1	North Dakota	22.9	New Mexico	62.4	
11	Oklahoma	11.4	South Dakota	28.9	Arizona	22.7	Oklahoma	62.0	
12	Wyoming	11.2	Arkansas	28.8	Hawaii	22.7	Mississippi	62.0	
13	Georgia	11.1	Oklahoma	28.7	Ohio	22.6	Missouri	60.8	
14	Arkansas	11.1	California	28.5	Connecticut	22.5	Indiana	60.7	
15	Louisiana	11.0	Alaska	28.5	Missouri	22.5	Ohio	60.6	
16	Nevada	11.0	Illinois	28.3	Vermont	22.5	Texas	60.4	
17	lowa	10.8	Michigan	28.3	Rhode Island	22.4	Michigan	60.0	
18	Indiana	10.8	lowa	28.2	Michigan	22.0	Alabama	59.9	
19	California	10.7	Louisiana	28.1	Nebraska	22.0	Montana	59.8	
20	Minnesota	10.7	Ohio	28.0	Alabama	22.0	Pennsvlvania	59.8	
21	Colorado	10.6	Nevada	27.9	Oregon	21.9	Delaware	59.5	
22	North Carolina	10.5	Minnesota	27.8	Oklahoma	21.9	Wisconsin	59.3	
23	North Dakota	10.5	Missouri	27.8	Wisconsin	21.8	Minnesota	59.0	
24	Missouri	10.5	Alabama	27.0	South Carolina	21.0	Connecticut	58.8	
25	South Carolina	10.0	New Jersev	27.5	Kansas	21.7	Tennessee	58.8	
20	Illinois	10.4	Wisconsin	27.5	New Mexico	21.5	South Carolina	58.8	
20	Kontucky	10.3	North Carolina	27.0	New Nexico	21.5	Now Jorsov	59.7	
21	Toppossoo	10.3	Connecticut	27.4	Maccachusotte	21.4		59.6	
20	Aleheme	10.2	Toppoggoo	27.3	Toppoggg	21.4	Louisiana Woot Virginio	50.0	
29	Maabington	10.2	Colorado	27.2	Kontuoku	21.4	West Virginia	00.0 50.0	
30	washington	10.2	Colorado	27.1	Kentucky	21.1	IIInois	0.60	
31	Hawali	10.1	Kentucky	27.1	New YORK	21.1	Кептиску	58.5	
32	Montana	10.1	South Carolina	26.7	New Hampshire	20.9	North Carolina	58.4	
33	Wisconsin	10.0	Delaware	26.6	Indiana	20.8	North Dakota	58.2	
34	Ohio	10.0	Maryland	26.6	Mississippi	20.8	Hawaii	57.9	
35	Delaware	9.9	Wyoming	26.6	Idaho	20.6	Nevada	57.8	
36	Virginia	9.9	Washington	26.5	North Carolina	20.5	Maine	57.6	
37	Maryland	9.8	Montana	26.0	Minnesota	20.5	Oregon	57.6	
38	Oregon	9.8	Virginia	26.0	Illinois	19.9	Wyoming	57.4	
39	New Jersey	9.8	Pennsylvania	25.9	Wyoming	19.6	Georgia	57.2	
40	Michigan	9.7	Oregon	25.9	Louisiana	19.5	California	57.1	
41	Florida	9.3	New Hampshire	25.6	Washington	19.2	New York	55.8	
42	New York	9.3	New York	25.5	Maryland	19.1	Washington	55.8	
43	Pennsylvania	9.2	Florida	25.4	Nevada	19.0	Rhode Island	55.5	
44	Connecticut	9.0	Hawaii	25.1	Virginia	18.9	Maryland	55.5	
45	West Virginia	8.9	Massachusetts	24.9	California	17.9	Massachusetts	54.9	
46	Massachusetts	8.7	North Dakota	24.8	Colorado	16.9	Virginia	54.7	
47	Rhode Island	8.5	Rhode Island	24.6	Georgia	16.7	New Hampshire	54.7	
48	Maine	8.2	Maine	24.3	Texas	16.6	Colorado	54.6	
49	New Hampshire	8.2	West Virginia	24.3	District of Columbia	15.9	Vermont	54.3	
50	Vermont	7.9	Vermont	24.0	Utah	15.2	Alaska	51.8	
51	District of Columbia	75	District of Columb	ia 15.8	Alaska	11 7	District of Colum	1bia 39.3	
<b>.</b> .									

Source: 2011 Economic Report to the Governor, U.S. Census Bureau

#### Coming Changes in Utah's Demographic Make-up

Two significant demographic trends are beginning to emerge that will significantly impact Utah. These trends relate to Utah's school-age (5-17) population and 65 and older population.

*School-age Population.* The first major trend is the projected gradual decline in the rate of growth in the state's school-age population.

For the past several years, this age group (5-17) has been growing at annual rates between 2.5% and 3.2%. However, over the next several years, these growth rates are projected to start to fall and fall steadily for some time. By 2015, the annual school-age growth rate is projected to be about 2.0%; by 2020 about 1.0%; by 2025, 0.7%.

Between 2010 and 2030, Utah's school-age population is projected to increase from about 625,000 to 850,000, an increase of about 225,000.

This declining growth rate in the school-age population could have a significant impact on the demand public education places on the state and the local school districts. Figure 11 displays both the projected trends in numerical growth as well the total school-age population. It is important to be clear that a declining growth rate does not mean declining numeric growth. Utah's school-age population will continue to grow, but is projected to grow at a much slower rate than in recent years.

*Elderly Population.* The second demographic trend that will change Utah's population make-up is the rapidly increasing growth of the elderly population (see Figure 12).

The annual growth rate of Utah's 65 and older age group is projected to increase from growth rates in the range of 2% to 4% over the past decade to 5% in 2012 and remain at about 5% through 2020.

This means that Utah's elderly population is projected to grow from 250,000 in 2010 to 600,000 in 2030, an increase of about 350,000.

As with the changes in school-age population, this demographic shift will have a significant impact on the state. For example, it may lead to more demands for health care services, for assisted living housing, and senior citizens centers.



#### Source: 2010 Economic Report to the Governor, U.S. Census Bureau





Source: 2010 Economic Report to the Governor, U.S. Census Bureau

#### SUMMARY

During the past decade, Utah was the third fastest growing state in the nation, growing by 23.8%, or 530,716 people.

The four fastest growing states in the nation are all Mountain states and are, in order of growth: Nevada (35.1%), Arizona (24.6%), Utah (23.8%), and Idaho (21.1%).

Utah's county population growth for this last decade continues a long trend of increasing urbanization along the Wasatch Front. Today, over three out of every four Utahns live in the four most populous counties: Salt Lake, Utah, Davis, and Weber.

Utah's fastest growing cities during the last decade reflect trends similar to the growth of the state's Wasatch Front. Nine of the ten fastest growing cities with populations over 9,000 are located in either Salt Lake, Utah, Davis or Weber counties. Six of the top ten reside in rapidly growing Utah County.

Utah's racial and ethnic composition is changing, with marked growth over the past decade in the Hispanic population. Utah's Hispanic population has increased from 5% of the state's population in 1990 to 13% in 2010.

The annual growth rate of Utah's 65 and older age group is projected to increase to 5.0% in 2012 and stay at this higher rate through 2020. Though Utah's school-age population will continue to grow for some years, the rate of growth is projected to slow considerably over the coming decade.

Understanding Utah current population trends and projections of Utah's future population changes can help Utah's elected policymakers better understand many of the issues they face in the public policy arena today, as well as plan for Utah's future.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The Census Bureau's latest population estimate for the period April 1, 2010 to July 1, 2011 shows that Utah's population grew to 2,817,222. This is an increase of 1.93% (53,000), ranking third in population growth rate, only behind Washington D.C. (2.7%) and Texas (2.1%).

 $<sup>^{2}</sup>$  Each of the four major regions has sub regions. The sub regions of the Northeast are: New England and Middle Atlantic. The sub regions of the South are: South Atlantic, East South Central, and West South Central. The sub regions of the Midwest are: West North Central, and East North Central. The sub regions of the West are: Mountain and Pacific.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The Mountain States, as they are called by the U.S. Bureau of Census, are a sub-region of the West, one of the four major regions of the country. In addition to the Mountain States, the West includes the Pacific Coast states of Washington, Oregon, and California, and Alaska and Hawaii.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> A metro area is defined by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget as a core urban area with a population of 50,000 or more.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The 2010 census is the second national census wherein respondents were allowed to select more than one race. The six racial categories are: White, black or African American, American Indian or Alaska native, Asian, Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander, and Some Other Race. In addition, respondents could choose one of two ethnic categories: Hispanic or Latino, or Not Hispanic or Latino.