

**24-2-102 Grounds for seizing property.**

- (1) Property may be seized by a peace officer or any other person authorized by law upon process issued by a court having jurisdiction over the property in accordance with the Utah Rules of Criminal Procedure relating to search warrants or administrative warrants.
- (2) Property may be seized under this chapter when:
  - (a) the seizure is incident to an arrest;
  - (b) the property seized is the subject of a prior judgment in favor of the state in a criminal injunction or forfeiture proceeding under this title; or
  - (c) the peace officer or other person authorized by law has probable cause to believe that the property:
    - (i) is directly or indirectly dangerous to health or safety;
    - (ii) is evidence of a crime;
    - (iii) has been used or was intended to be used to commit a crime; or
    - (iv) is proceeds of a crime.

Enacted by Chapter 394, 2013 General Session