

Effective 5/4/2022

63A-16-102 Definitions.

As used in this chapter:

- (1) "Chief information officer" means the chief information officer appointed under Section 63A-16-201.
- (2) "Data center" means a centralized repository for the storage, management, and dissemination of data.
- (3) "Division" means the Division of Technology Services.
- (4) "Enterprise architecture" means:
 - (a) information technology assets and functions that can be applied across state government, including:
 - (i) mainframes, servers, desktop devices, peripherals, and other computing devices;
 - (ii) networks;
 - (iii) enterprise-wide applications;
 - (iv) maintenance and help desk functions for common hardware and applications;
 - (v) standards for other computing devices, operating systems, common applications, and software; and
 - (vi) master contracts that are available for use by agencies for various systems, including operating systems, databases, enterprise resource planning and customer relationship management software, application development services, and enterprise integration; and
 - (b) support for information technology that can be applied across state government, including:
 - (i) technical support;
 - (ii) master software licenses; and
 - (iii) hardware and software standards.
- (5)
 - (a) "Executive branch agency" means an agency or administrative subunit of state government.
 - (b) "Executive branch agency" does not include:
 - (i) the legislative branch;
 - (ii) the judicial branch;
 - (iii) the State Board of Education;
 - (iv) the Utah Board of Higher Education;
 - (v) institutions of higher education;
 - (vi) independent entities as defined in Section 63E-1-102; or
 - (vii) the following elective constitutional offices of the executive department:
 - (A) the state auditor;
 - (B) the state treasurer; and
 - (C) the attorney general.
- (6) "Executive branch strategic plan" means the executive branch strategic plan created under Section 63A-16-202.
- (7) "Individual with a disability" means an individual with a condition that meets the definition of "disability" in 42 U.S.C. Sec. 12102.
- (8) "Information technology" means all computerized and auxiliary automated information handling, including:
 - (a) systems design and analysis;
 - (b) acquisition, storage, and conversion of data;
 - (c) computer programming;
 - (d) information storage and retrieval;
 - (e) voice, video, and data communications;

- (f) requisite systems controls;
 - (g) simulation; and
 - (h) all related interactions between people and machines.
- (9) "State information architecture" means a logically consistent set of principles, policies, and standards that guide the engineering of state government's information technology and infrastructure in a way that ensures alignment with state government's business and service needs.

Amended by Chapter 169, 2022 General Session