

Part 3 Classification

63G-2-301 Public records.

- (1) As used in this section:
- (a) "Business address" means a single address of a governmental agency designated for the public to contact an employee or officer of the governmental agency.
 - (b) "Business email address" means a single email address of a governmental agency designated for the public to contact an employee or officer of the governmental agency.
 - (c) "Business telephone number" means a single telephone number of a governmental agency designated for the public to contact an employee or officer of the governmental agency.
 - (d) "Correctional facility" means the same as that term is defined in Section 77-16b-102.
- (2) The following records are public except to the extent they contain information expressly permitted to be treated confidentially under the provisions of Subsections 63G-2-201(3)(b) and (6)(a):
- (a) laws;
 - (b) the name, gender, gross compensation, job title, job description, business address, business email address, business telephone number, number of hours worked per pay period, dates of employment, and relevant education, previous employment, and similar job qualifications of a current or former employee or officer of the governmental entity, excluding:
 - (i) undercover law enforcement personnel; and
 - (ii) investigative personnel if disclosure could reasonably be expected to impair the effectiveness of investigations or endanger any individual's safety;
 - (c) final opinions, including concurring and dissenting opinions, and orders that are made by a governmental entity in an administrative, adjudicative, or judicial proceeding except that if the proceedings were properly closed to the public, the opinion and order may be withheld to the extent that they contain information that is private, controlled, or protected;
 - (d) final interpretations of statutes or rules by a governmental entity unless classified as protected as provided in Subsection 63G-2-305(17) or (18);
 - (e) information contained in or compiled from a transcript, minutes, or report of the open portions of a meeting of a governmental entity as provided by Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act, including the records of all votes of each member of the governmental entity;
 - (f) judicial records unless a court orders the records to be restricted under the rules of civil or criminal procedure or unless the records are private under this chapter;
 - (g) unless otherwise classified as private under Section 63G-2-303, records or parts of records filed with or maintained by county recorders, clerks, treasurers, surveyors, zoning commissions, the Division of Forestry, Fire, and State Lands, the School and Institutional Trust Lands Administration, the Division of Oil, Gas, and Mining, the Division of Water Rights, or other governmental entities that give public notice of:
 - (i) titles or encumbrances to real property;
 - (ii) restrictions on the use of real property;
 - (iii) the capacity of persons to take or convey title to real property; or
 - (iv) tax status for real and personal property;
 - (h) records of the Department of Commerce that evidence incorporations, mergers, name changes, and uniform commercial code filings;

- (i) data on individuals that would otherwise be private under this chapter if the individual who is the subject of the record has given the governmental entity written permission to make the records available to the public;
 - (j) documentation of the compensation that a governmental entity pays to a contractor or private provider;
 - (k) summary data;
 - (l) voter registration records, including an individual's voting history, except for a voter registration record or those parts of a voter registration record that are classified as private under Subsections 63G-2-302(1)(j) through (n) or withheld under Subsection 20A-2-104(7);
 - (m) for an elected official, as defined in Section 11-47-102, a telephone number, if available, and email address, if available, where that elected official may be reached as required in Title 11, Chapter 47, Access to Elected Officials;
 - (n) for a school community council member, a telephone number, if available, and email address, if available, where that elected official may be reached directly as required in Section 53G-7-1203;
 - (o) annual audited financial statements of the Utah Educational Savings Plan described in Section 53H-10-210; and
 - (p) an initiative packet, as defined in Section 20A-7-101, and a referendum packet, as defined in Section 20A-7-101, after the packet is submitted to a county clerk.
- (3) The following records are normally public, but to the extent that a record is expressly exempt from disclosure, access may be restricted under Subsection 63G-2-201(3)(b), Section 63G-2-302, 63G-2-304, or 63G-2-305:
- (a) administrative staff manuals, instructions to staff, and statements of policy;
 - (b) records documenting a contractor's or private provider's compliance with the terms of a contract with a governmental entity;
 - (c) records documenting the services provided by a contractor or a private provider to the extent the records would be public if prepared by the governmental entity;
 - (d) contracts entered into by a governmental entity;
 - (e) any account, voucher, or contract that deals with the receipt or expenditure of funds by a governmental entity;
 - (f) records relating to government assistance or incentives publicly disclosed, contracted for, or given by a governmental entity, encouraging a person to expand or relocate a business in Utah, except as provided in Subsection 63G-2-305(35);
 - (g) chronological logs and initial contact reports;
 - (h) correspondence by and with a governmental entity in which the governmental entity determines or states an opinion upon the rights of the state, a political subdivision, the public, or any person;
 - (i) empirical data contained in drafts if:
 - (i) the empirical data is not reasonably available to the requester elsewhere in similar form; and
 - (ii) the governmental entity is given a reasonable opportunity to correct any errors or make nonsubstantive changes before release;
 - (j) drafts that are circulated to anyone other than:
 - (i) a governmental entity;
 - (ii) a political subdivision;
 - (iii) a federal agency if the governmental entity and the federal agency are jointly responsible for implementation of a program or project that has been legislatively approved;
 - (iv) a government-managed corporation; or
 - (v) a contractor or private provider;

- (k) drafts that have never been finalized but were relied upon by the governmental entity in carrying out action or policy;
 - (l) original data in a computer program if the governmental entity chooses not to disclose the program;
 - (m) arrest warrants after issuance, except that, for good cause, a court may order restricted access to arrest warrants prior to service;
 - (n) search warrants after execution and filing of the return, except that a court, for good cause, may order restricted access to search warrants prior to trial;
 - (o) records that would disclose information relating to formal charges or disciplinary actions against a past or present governmental entity employee if:
 - (i) the disciplinary action has been completed and all time periods for administrative appeal have expired; and
 - (ii) the charges on which the disciplinary action was based were sustained;
 - (p) records maintained by the Division of Forestry, Fire, and State Lands, the School and Institutional Trust Lands Administration, or the Division of Oil, Gas, and Mining that evidence mineral production on government lands;
 - (q) final audit reports;
 - (r) occupational and professional licenses;
 - (s) business licenses;
 - (t) a notice of violation, a notice of agency action under Section 63G-4-201, or similar records used to initiate proceedings for discipline or sanctions against persons regulated by a governmental entity, but not including records that initiate employee discipline; and
 - (u)
 - (i) records that disclose a standard, regulation, policy, guideline, or rule regarding the operation of a correctional facility or the care and control of inmates committed to the custody of a correctional facility; and
 - (ii) records that disclose the results of an audit or other inspection assessing a correctional facility's compliance with a standard, regulation, policy, guideline, or rule described in Subsection (3)(u)(i).
- (4) The list of public records in this section is not exhaustive and should not be used to limit access to records.

Amended by Chapter 9, 2025 Special Session 1

63G-2-302 Private records.

- (1) The following records are private:
- (a) records concerning an individual's eligibility for unemployment insurance benefits, social services, welfare benefits, or the determination of benefit levels;
 - (b) records containing data on individuals describing medical history, diagnosis, condition, treatment, evaluation, or similar medical data;
 - (c) records of publicly funded libraries that when examined alone or with other records identify a patron;
 - (d) records received by or generated by or for:
 - (i) the Independent Legislative Ethics Commission, except for:
 - (A) the commission's summary data report that is required under legislative rule; and
 - (B) any other document that is classified as public under legislative rule; or
 - (ii) a Senate or House Ethics Committee in relation to the review of ethics complaints, unless the record is classified as public under legislative rule;

- (e) records received by, or generated by or for, the Independent Executive Branch Ethics Commission, except as otherwise expressly provided in Title 63A, Chapter 14, Review of Executive Branch Ethics Complaints;
- (f) records received or generated for a Senate confirmation committee concerning character, professional competence, or physical or mental health of an individual:
 - (i) if, prior to the meeting, the chair of the committee determines release of the records:
 - (A) reasonably could be expected to interfere with the investigation undertaken by the committee; or
 - (B) would create a danger of depriving a person of a right to a fair proceeding or impartial hearing; and
 - (ii) after the meeting, if the meeting was closed to the public;
- (g) employment records concerning a current or former employee of, or applicant for employment with, a governmental entity that would disclose that individual's home address, home telephone number, social security number, insurance coverage, marital status, or payroll deductions;
- (h) records or parts of records under Section 63G-2-303 that a current or former employee identifies as private according to the requirements of that section;
- (i) that part of a record indicating a person's social security number or federal employer identification number if provided under Section 31A-23a-104, 31A-25-202, 31A-26-202, 58-1-301, 58-55-302, 61-1-4, or 61-2f-203;
- (j) that part of a voter registration record identifying a voter's:
 - (i) driver license or identification card number;
 - (ii) social security number, or last four digits of the social security number;
 - (iii) email address;
 - (iv) date of birth; or
 - (v) phone number;
- (k) a voter registration record that is classified as a private record by the lieutenant governor or a county clerk under Subsection 20A-2-101.1(5)(a), 20A-2-104(4)(h), or 20A-2-204(4)(b);
- (l) a voter registration record that is withheld under Subsection 20A-2-104(7);
- (m) a withholding request form described in Subsections 20A-2-104(7) and (8) and any verification submitted in support of the form;
- (n) a record or information regarding whether a voter returned a ballot with postage attached;
- (o) a record that:
 - (i) contains information about an individual;
 - (ii) is voluntarily provided by the individual; and
 - (iii) goes into an electronic database that:
 - (A) is designated by and administered under the authority of the Chief Information Officer; and
 - (B) acts as a repository of information about the individual that can be electronically retrieved and used to facilitate the individual's online interaction with a state agency;
- (p) information provided to the Commissioner of Insurance under:
 - (i) Subsection 31A-23a-115(3)(a);
 - (ii) Subsection 31A-23a-302(4); or
 - (iii) Subsection 31A-26-210(4);
- (q) information obtained through a criminal background check under Title 11, Chapter 40, Criminal Background Checks by Political Subdivisions Operating Water Systems;
- (r) information provided by an offender that is:
 - (i) required by the registration requirements of Title 53, Chapter 29, Sex, Kidnap, and Child Abuse Offender Registry; and

- (ii) not required to be made available to the public under Subsection 53-29-404(3)(a);
- (s) a statement and any supporting documentation filed with the attorney general in accordance with Section 34-45-107, if the federal law or action supporting the filing involves homeland security;
- (t) electronic toll collection customer account information received or collected under Section 72-6-118 and customer information described in Section 17B-2a-815 received or collected by a public transit district, including contact and payment information and customer travel data;
- (u) an email address provided by a military or overseas voter under Section 20A-16-501;
- (v) a completed military-overseas ballot that is electronically transmitted under Title 20A, Chapter 16, Uniform Military and Overseas Voters Act;
- (w) records received by or generated by or for the Political Subdivisions Ethics Review Commission established in Section 63A-15-201, except for:
 - (i) the commission's summary data report that is required in Section 63A-15-202; and
 - (ii) any other document that is classified as public in accordance with Title 63A, Chapter 15, Political Subdivisions Ethics Review Commission;
- (x) a record described in Section 53G-9-604 that verifies that a parent was notified of an incident or threat;
- (y) a criminal background check or credit history report conducted in accordance with Section 63A-3-201;
- (z) a record described in Subsection 53-5a-104(7);
- (aa) on a record maintained by a county for the purpose of administering property taxes, an individual's:
 - (i) email address;
 - (ii) phone number; or
 - (iii) personal financial information related to a person's payment method;
- (bb) a record submitted by a taxpayer to establish the taxpayer's eligibility for an exemption, deferral, abatement, or relief under:
 - (i) Title 59, Chapter 2, Part 11, Exemptions; or
 - (ii) Title 59, Chapter 2a, Tax Relief Through Property Tax;
- (cc) a record provided by the State Tax Commission in response to a request under Subsection 59-1-403(4)(y)(iii);
- (dd) a record of the Child Welfare Legislative Oversight Panel regarding an individual child welfare case, as described in Subsection 36-33-103(3);
- (ee) a record relating to drug or alcohol testing of a state employee under Section 63A-17-1004;
- (ff) a record relating to a request by a state elected official or state employee who has been threatened to the Division of Technology Services to remove personal identifying information from the open web under Section 63A-16-109;
- (gg) a record including confidential information as that term is defined in Section 67-27-106; and
- (hh) a record or notice received or generated under Title 53, Chapter 30, Security Improvements Act, relating to:
 - (i) an application for certification described in Section 53-30-201; or
 - (ii) a security improvement, including a building permit application or building permit for a security improvement described in Section 53-30-301.
- (2) The following records are private if properly classified by a governmental entity:
 - (a) records concerning a current or former employee of, or applicant for employment with a governmental entity, including performance evaluations and personal status information such as race, religion, or disabilities, but not including records that are public under Subsection 63G-2-301(2)(b) or 63G-2-301(3)(o) or private under Subsection (1)(b);

- (b) records describing an individual's finances, except that the following are public:
 - (i) records described in Subsection 63G-2-301(2);
 - (ii) information provided to the governmental entity for the purpose of complying with a financial assurance requirement; or
 - (iii) records that must be disclosed in accordance with another statute;
 - (c) records of independent state agencies if the disclosure of those records would conflict with the fiduciary obligations of the agency;
 - (d) other records containing data on individuals the disclosure of which constitutes a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy;
 - (e) records provided by the United States or by a government entity outside the state that are given with the requirement that the records be managed as private records, if the providing entity states in writing that the record would not be subject to public disclosure if retained by it;
 - (f) any portion of a record in the custody of the Division of Aging and Adult Services, created in Section 26B-6-102, that may disclose, or lead to the discovery of, the identity of a person who made a report of alleged abuse, neglect, or exploitation of a vulnerable adult; and
 - (g) audio and video recordings created by a body-worn camera, as defined in Section 77-7a-103, that record sound or images inside a home or residence except for recordings that:
 - (i) depict the commission of an alleged crime;
 - (ii) record any encounter between a law enforcement officer and a person that results in death or bodily injury, or includes an instance when an officer fires a weapon;
 - (iii) record any encounter that is the subject of a complaint or a legal proceeding against a law enforcement officer or law enforcement agency;
 - (iv) contain an officer-involved critical incident as defined in Subsection 76-2-408(1)(f); or
 - (v) have been requested for reclassification as a public record by a subject or authorized agent of a subject featured in the recording.
- (3)
- (a) As used in this Subsection (3), "medical records" means medical reports, records, statements, history, diagnosis, condition, treatment, and evaluation.
 - (b) Medical records in the possession of the University of Utah Hospital, its clinics, doctors, or affiliated entities are not private records or controlled records under Section 63G-2-304 when the records are sought:
 - (i) in connection with any legal or administrative proceeding in which the patient's physical, mental, or emotional condition is an element of any claim or defense; or
 - (ii) after a patient's death, in any legal or administrative proceeding in which any party relies upon the condition as an element of the claim or defense.
 - (c) Medical records are subject to production in a legal or administrative proceeding according to state or federal statutes or rules of procedure and evidence as if the medical records were in the possession of a nongovernmental medical care provider.

Amended by Chapter 172, 2025 General Session

63G-2-303 Private information concerning certain government employees.

- (1) As used in this section:
 - (a) "At-risk government employee" means a current or former:
 - (i) peace officer as specified in Section 53-13-102;
 - (ii) state or federal judge of an appellate, district, justice, or juvenile court, or court commissioner;
 - (iii) judge authorized by Title 39A, Chapter 5, Utah Code of Military Justice;

- (iv) judge authorized by Armed Forces, Title 10, United States Code;
 - (v) federal prosecutor;
 - (vi) prosecutor appointed pursuant to Armed Forces, Title 10, United States Code;
 - (vii) law enforcement official as defined in Section 53-5a-311;
 - (viii) prosecutor authorized by Title 39A, Chapter 5, Utah Code of Military Justice; or
 - (ix) state or local government employee who, because of the unique nature of the employee's regular work assignments or because of one or more recent credible threats directed to or against the employee, would be at immediate and substantial risk of physical harm if the employee's personal information is disclosed.
 - (b) "Family member" means the spouse, child, sibling, parent, or grandparent of an at-risk government employee who is living with the employee.
 - (c) "Personal information" means the employee's or the employee's family member's home address, home telephone number, personal mobile telephone number, personal pager number, personal email address, social security number, insurance coverage, marital status, or payroll deductions.
- (2)
- (a) Pursuant to Subsection 63G-2-302(1)(h), an at-risk government employee may file a written application that:
 - (i) gives notice of the employee's status as an at-risk government employee to each agency of a government entity holding a record or a part of a record that would disclose the employee's personal information; and
 - (ii) requests that the government agency classify those records or parts of records as private.
 - (b) An at-risk government employee desiring to file an application under this section may request assistance from the government agency to identify the individual records containing personal information.
 - (c) Each government agency shall develop a form that:
 - (i) requires the at-risk government employee to designate each specific record or part of a record containing the employee's personal information that the applicant desires to be classified as private;
 - (ii) affirmatively requests that the government entity holding those records classify them as private;
 - (iii) informs the employee that by submitting a completed form the employee may not receive official announcements affecting the employee's property, including notices about proposed municipal annexations, incorporations, or zoning modifications; and
 - (iv) contains a place for the signature required under Subsection (2)(d).
 - (d) A form submitted by an employee under Subsection (2)(c) shall be signed by the highest ranking elected or appointed official in the employee's chain of command certifying that the employee submitting the form is an at-risk government employee.
- (3) A county recorder, county treasurer, county auditor, or a county tax assessor may fully satisfy the requirements of this section by:
- (a) providing a method for the assessment roll and index and the tax roll and index that will block public access to the home address, home telephone number, situs address, and Social Security number; and
 - (b) providing the at-risk government employee requesting the classification with a disclaimer informing the employee that the employee may not receive official announcements affecting the employee's property, including notices about proposed annexations, incorporations, or zoning modifications.

- (4) A government agency holding records of an at-risk government employee classified as private under this section may release the record or part of the record if:
 - (a) the employee or former employee gives written consent;
 - (b) a court orders release of the records;
 - (c) the government agency receives a certified death certificate for the employee or former employee; or
 - (d) as it relates to the employee's voter registration record:
 - (i) the person to whom the record or part of the record is released is a qualified person under Subsection 20A-2-104(4)(n); and
 - (ii) the government agency's release of the record or part of the record complies with the requirements of Subsection 20A-2-104(4)(o).
- (5)
 - (a) If the government agency holding the private record receives a subpoena for the records, the government agency shall attempt to notify the at-risk government employee or former employee by mailing a copy of the subpoena to the employee's last-known mailing address together with a request that the employee either:
 - (i) authorize release of the record; or
 - (ii) within 10 days of the date that the copy and request are mailed, deliver to the government agency holding the private record a copy of a motion to quash filed with the court who issued the subpoena.
 - (b) The government agency shall comply with the subpoena if the government agency has:
 - (i) received permission from the at-risk government employee or former employee to comply with the subpoena;
 - (ii) not received a copy of a motion to quash within 10 days of the date that the copy of the subpoena was mailed; or
 - (iii) received a court order requiring release of the records.
- (6)
 - (a) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), a form submitted under this section remains in effect until the earlier of:
 - (i) four years after the date the employee signs the form, whether or not the employee's employment terminates before the end of the four-year period; and
 - (ii) one year after the government agency receives official notice of the death of the employee.
 - (b) A form submitted under this section may be rescinded at any time by:
 - (i) the at-risk government employee who submitted the form; or
 - (ii) if the at-risk government employee is deceased, a member of the employee's immediate family.

Amended by Chapter 208, 2025 General Session

63G-2-304 Controlled records.

A record is controlled if:

- (1) the record contains medical, psychiatric, or psychological data about an individual;
- (2) the governmental entity reasonably believes that:
 - (a) releasing the information in the record to the subject of the record would be detrimental to the subject's mental health or to the safety of any individual; or
 - (b) releasing the information would constitute a violation of normal professional practice and medical ethics; and
- (3) the governmental entity has properly classified the record.

Renumbered and Amended by Chapter 382, 2008 General Session

63G-2-305 Protected records.

The following records are protected if properly classified by a governmental entity:

- (1) trade secrets as defined in Section 13-24-2 if the person submitting the trade secret has provided the governmental entity with the information specified in Section 63G-2-309;
- (2) commercial information or nonindividual financial information obtained from a person if:
 - (a) disclosure of the information could reasonably be expected to result in unfair competitive injury to the person submitting the information or would impair the ability of the governmental entity to obtain necessary information in the future;
 - (b) the person submitting the information has a greater interest in prohibiting access than the public in obtaining access; and
 - (c) the person submitting the information has provided the governmental entity with the information specified in Section 63G-2-309;
- (3) commercial or financial information acquired or prepared by a governmental entity to the extent that disclosure would lead to financial speculations in currencies, securities, or commodities that will interfere with a planned transaction by the governmental entity or cause substantial financial injury to the governmental entity or state economy;
- (4) records, the disclosure of which could cause commercial injury to, or confer a competitive advantage upon a potential or actual competitor of, a commercial project entity as defined in Subsection 11-13-103(4);
- (5) test questions and answers to be used in future license, certification, registration, employment, or academic examinations;
- (6) records, the disclosure of which would impair governmental procurement proceedings or give an unfair advantage to any person proposing to enter into a contract or agreement with a governmental entity, except, subject to Subsections (1) and (2), that this Subsection (6) does not restrict the right of a person to have access to, after the contract or grant has been awarded and signed by all parties:
 - (a) a bid, proposal, application, or other information submitted to or by a governmental entity in response to:
 - (i) an invitation for bids;
 - (ii) a request for proposals;
 - (iii) a request for quotes;
 - (iv) a grant; or
 - (v) other similar document; or
 - (b) an unsolicited proposal, as defined in Section 63G-6a-712;
- (7) information submitted to or by a governmental entity in response to a request for information, except, subject to Subsections (1) and (2), that this Subsection (7) does not restrict the right of a person to have access to the information, after:
 - (a) a contract directly relating to the subject of the request for information has been awarded and signed by all parties; or
 - (b)
 - (i) a final determination is made not to enter into a contract that relates to the subject of the request for information; and
 - (ii) at least two years have passed after the day on which the request for information is issued;

- (8) records that would identify real property or the appraisal or estimated value of real or personal property, including intellectual property, under consideration for public acquisition before any rights to the property are acquired unless:
 - (a) public interest in obtaining access to the information is greater than or equal to the governmental entity's need to acquire the property on the best terms possible;
 - (b) the information has already been disclosed to persons not employed by or under a duty of confidentiality to the entity;
 - (c) in the case of records that would identify property, potential sellers of the described property have already learned of the governmental entity's plans to acquire the property;
 - (d) in the case of records that would identify the appraisal or estimated value of property, the potential sellers have already learned of the governmental entity's estimated value of the property; or
 - (e) the property under consideration for public acquisition is a single family residence and the governmental entity seeking to acquire the property has initiated negotiations to acquire the property as required under Section 78B-6-505;
- (9) records prepared in contemplation of sale, exchange, lease, rental, or other compensated transaction of real or personal property including intellectual property, which, if disclosed prior to completion of the transaction, would reveal the appraisal or estimated value of the subject property, unless:
 - (a) the public interest in access is greater than or equal to the interests in restricting access, including the governmental entity's interest in maximizing the financial benefit of the transaction; or
 - (b) when prepared by or on behalf of a governmental entity, appraisals or estimates of the value of the subject property have already been disclosed to persons not employed by or under a duty of confidentiality to the entity;
- (10) records created or maintained for civil, criminal, or administrative enforcement purposes or audit purposes, or for discipline, licensing, certification, or registration purposes, if release of the records:
 - (a) reasonably could be expected to interfere with investigations undertaken for enforcement, discipline, licensing, certification, or registration purposes;
 - (b) reasonably could be expected to interfere with audits, disciplinary, or enforcement proceedings;
 - (c) would create a danger of depriving a person of a right to a fair trial or impartial hearing;
 - (d) reasonably could be expected to disclose the identity of a source who is not generally known outside of government and, in the case of a record compiled in the course of an investigation, disclose information furnished by a source not generally known outside of government if disclosure would compromise the source; or
 - (e) reasonably could be expected to disclose investigative or audit techniques, procedures, policies, or orders not generally known outside of government if disclosure would interfere with enforcement or audit efforts;
- (11) records the disclosure of which would jeopardize the life or safety of an individual;
- (12) records the disclosure of which would jeopardize the security of governmental property, governmental programs, or governmental recordkeeping systems from damage, theft, or other appropriation or use contrary to law or public policy;
- (13) records that, if disclosed, would jeopardize the security or safety of a correctional facility, or records relating to incarceration, treatment, probation, or parole, that would interfere with the control and supervision of an offender's incarceration, treatment, probation, or parole;

- (14) records that, if disclosed, would reveal recommendations made to the Board of Pardons and Parole by an employee of or contractor for the Department of Corrections, the Board of Pardons and Parole, or the Department of Health and Human Services that are based on the employee's or contractor's supervision, diagnosis, or treatment of any person within the board's jurisdiction;
- (15) records and audit workpapers that identify audit, collection, and operational procedures and methods used by the State Tax Commission, if disclosure would interfere with audits or collections;
- (16) records of a governmental audit agency relating to an ongoing or planned audit until the final audit is released;
- (17) records that are subject to the attorney client privilege;
- (18) records prepared for or by an attorney, consultant, surety, indemnitor, insurer, employee, or agent of a governmental entity for, or in anticipation of, litigation or a judicial, quasi-judicial, or administrative proceeding;
- (19)
 - (a)
 - (i) personal files of a state legislator, including personal correspondence to or from a member of the Legislature; and
 - (ii) notwithstanding Subsection (19)(a)(i), correspondence that gives notice of legislative action or policy may not be classified as protected under this section; and
 - (b)
 - (i) an internal communication that is part of the deliberative process in connection with the preparation of legislation between:
 - (A) members of a legislative body;
 - (B) a member of a legislative body and a member of the legislative body's staff; or
 - (C) members of a legislative body's staff; and
 - (ii) notwithstanding Subsection (19)(b)(i), a communication that gives notice of legislative action or policy may not be classified as protected under this section;
- (20)
 - (a) records in the custody or control of the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel, that, if disclosed, would reveal a particular legislator's contemplated legislation or contemplated course of action before the legislator has elected to support the legislation or course of action, or made the legislation or course of action public; and
 - (b) notwithstanding Subsection (20)(a), the form to request legislation submitted to the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel is a public document unless a legislator asks that the records requesting the legislation be maintained as protected records until such time as the legislator elects to make the legislation or course of action public;
- (21) a research request from a legislator to a legislative staff member and research findings prepared in response to the request;
- (22) drafts, unless otherwise classified as public;
- (23) records concerning a governmental entity's strategy about:
 - (a) collective bargaining; or
 - (b) imminent or pending litigation;
- (24) records of investigations of loss occurrences and analyses of loss occurrences that may be covered by the Risk Management Fund, the Employers' Reinsurance Fund, the Uninsured Employers' Fund, or similar divisions in other governmental entities;

- (25) records, other than personnel evaluations, that contain a personal recommendation concerning an individual if disclosure would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy, or disclosure is not in the public interest;
- (26) records that reveal the location of historic, prehistoric, paleontological, or biological resources that if known would jeopardize the security of those resources or of valuable historic, scientific, educational, or cultural information;
- (27) records of independent state agencies if the disclosure of the records would conflict with the fiduciary obligations of the agency;
- (28) records of an institution of higher education defined in Section 53H-1-101 regarding tenure evaluations, appointments, applications for admissions, retention decisions, and promotions, which could be properly discussed in a meeting closed in accordance with Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act, provided that records of the final decisions about tenure, appointments, retention, promotions, or those students admitted, may not be classified as protected under this section;
- (29) records of the governor's office, including budget recommendations, legislative proposals, and policy statements, that if disclosed would reveal the governor's contemplated policies or contemplated courses of action before the governor has implemented or rejected those policies or courses of action or made them public;
- (30) records of the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst relating to budget analysis, revenue estimates, and fiscal notes of proposed legislation before issuance of the final recommendations in these areas;
- (31) records provided by the United States or by a government entity outside the state that are given to the governmental entity with a requirement that they be managed as protected records if the providing entity certifies that the record would not be subject to public disclosure if retained by it;
- (32) transcripts, minutes, recordings, or reports of the closed portion of a meeting of a public body except as provided in Section 52-4-206;
- (33) records that would reveal the contents of settlement negotiations but not including final settlements or empirical data to the extent that they are not otherwise exempt from disclosure;
- (34) memoranda prepared by staff and used in the decision-making process by an administrative law judge, a member of the Board of Pardons and Parole, or a member of any other body charged by law with performing a quasi-judicial function;
- (35) records that would reveal negotiations regarding assistance or incentives offered by or requested from a governmental entity for the purpose of encouraging a person to expand or locate a business in Utah, but only if disclosure would result in actual economic harm to the person or place the governmental entity at a competitive disadvantage, but this section may not be used to restrict access to a record evidencing a final contract;
- (36) materials to which access must be limited for purposes of securing or maintaining the governmental entity's proprietary protection of intellectual property rights including patents, copyrights, and trade secrets;
- (37) the name of a donor or a prospective donor to a governmental entity, including an institution of higher education defined in Section 53H-1-101, and other information concerning the donation that could reasonably be expected to reveal the identity of the donor, provided that:
 - (a) the donor requests anonymity in writing;
 - (b) any terms, conditions, restrictions, or privileges relating to the donation may not be classified protected by the governmental entity under this Subsection (37); and
 - (c) except for an institution of higher education defined in Section 53H-1-101, the governmental unit to which the donation is made is primarily engaged in educational, charitable, or artistic

- endeavors, and has no regulatory or legislative authority over the donor, a member of the donor's immediate family, or any entity owned or controlled by the donor or the donor's immediate family;
- (38) accident reports, except as provided in Sections 41-6a-404, 41-12a-202, and 73-18-13;
- (39) a notification of workers' compensation insurance coverage described in Section 34A-2-205;
- (40) subject to Subsections (40)(g) and (h), the following records of an institution of higher education defined in Section 53H-1-101, which have been developed, discovered, disclosed to, or received by or on behalf of faculty, staff, employees, or students of the institution:
 - (a) unpublished lecture notes;
 - (b) unpublished notes, data, and information:
 - (i) relating to research; and
 - (ii) of:
 - (A) the institution of higher education defined in Section 53H-1-101; or
 - (B) a sponsor of sponsored research;
 - (c) unpublished manuscripts;
 - (d) creative works in process;
 - (e) scholarly correspondence; and
 - (f) confidential information contained in research proposals;
 - (g) this Subsection (40) may not be construed to prohibit disclosure of public information required pursuant to Subsection 53H-14-202(2)(a) or (b); and
 - (h) this Subsection (40) may not be construed to affect the ownership of a record;
- (41)
 - (a) records in the custody or control of the Office of the Legislative Auditor General that would reveal the name of a particular legislator who requests a legislative audit prior to the date that audit is completed and made public; and
 - (b) notwithstanding Subsection (41)(a), a request for a legislative audit submitted to the Office of the Legislative Auditor General is a public document unless the legislator asks that the records in the custody or control of the Office of the Legislative Auditor General that would reveal the name of a particular legislator who requests a legislative audit be maintained as protected records until the audit is completed and made public;
- (42) records that provide detail as to the location of an explosive, including a map or other document that indicates the location of:
 - (a) a production facility; or
 - (b) a magazine;
- (43) information contained in the statewide database of the Division of Aging and Adult Services created by Section 26B-6-210;
- (44) information contained in the Licensing Information System described in Title 80, Chapter 2, Child Welfare Services;
- (45) information regarding National Guard operations or activities in support of the National Guard's federal mission;
- (46) records provided by any pawn or secondhand business to a law enforcement agency or to the central database in compliance with Title 13, Chapter 32a, Pawnshop, Secondhand Merchandise, and Catalytic Converter Transaction Information Act;
- (47) information regarding food security, risk, and vulnerability assessments performed by the Department of Agriculture and Food;
- (48) except to the extent that the record is exempt from this chapter pursuant to Section 63G-2-106, records related to an emergency plan or program, a copy of which is provided to or

- prepared or maintained by the Division of Emergency Management, and the disclosure of which would jeopardize:
- (a) the safety of the general public; or
 - (b) the security of:
 - (i) governmental property;
 - (ii) governmental programs; or
 - (iii) the property of a private person who provides the Division of Emergency Management information;
- (49) records of the Department of Agriculture and Food that provides for the identification, tracing, or control of livestock diseases, including any program established under Title 4, Chapter 24, Utah Livestock Brand and Anti-Theft Act, or Title 4, Chapter 31, Control of Animal Disease;
- (50) as provided in Section 26B-2-709:
- (a) information or records held by the Department of Health and Human Services related to a complaint regarding a provider, program, or facility which the department is unable to substantiate; and
 - (b) information or records related to a complaint received by the Department of Health and Human Services from an anonymous complainant regarding a provider, program, or facility;
- (51) unless otherwise classified as public under Section 63G-2-301 and except as provided under Section 41-1a-116, an individual's home address, home telephone number, or personal mobile phone number, if:
- (a) the individual is required to provide the information in order to comply with a law, ordinance, rule, or order of a government entity; and
 - (b) the subject of the record has a reasonable expectation that this information will be kept confidential due to:
 - (i) the nature of the law, ordinance, rule, or order; and
 - (ii) the individual complying with the law, ordinance, rule, or order;
- (52) the portion of the following documents that contains a candidate's residential or mailing address, if the candidate provides to the filing officer another address or phone number where the candidate may be contacted:
- (a) a declaration of candidacy, a nomination petition, or a certificate of nomination, described in Section 20A-9-201, 20A-9-202, 20A-9-203, 20A-9-404, 20A-9-405, 20A-9-408, 20A-9-408.5, 20A-9-502, or 20A-9-601;
 - (b) an affidavit of impecuniosity, described in Section 20A-9-201; or
 - (c) a notice of intent to gather signatures for candidacy, described in Section 20A-9-408;
- (53) the name, home address, work addresses, and telephone numbers of an individual that is engaged in, or that provides goods or services for, medical or scientific research that is:
- (a) conducted within the state system of higher education, as described in Section 53H-1-102; and
 - (b) conducted using animals;
- (54) in accordance with Section 78A-12-203, any record of the Judicial Performance Evaluation Commission concerning an individual commissioner's vote, in relation to whether a judge meets or exceeds minimum performance standards under Subsection 78A-12-203(4), and information disclosed under Subsection 78A-12-203(5)(e);
- (55) information collected and a report prepared by the Judicial Performance Evaluation Commission concerning a judge, unless Section 20A-7-702 or Title 78A, Chapter 12, Judicial Performance Evaluation Commission Act, requires disclosure of, or makes public, the information or report;

- (56) records provided or received by the Public Lands Policy Coordinating Office in furtherance of any contract or other agreement made in accordance with Section 63L-11-202;
- (57) information requested by and provided to the 911 Division under Section 63H-7a-302;
- (58) in accordance with Section 73-10-33:
 - (a) a management plan for a water conveyance facility in the possession of the Division of Water Resources or the Board of Water Resources; or
 - (b) an outline of an emergency response plan in possession of the state or a county or municipality;
- (59) the following records in the custody or control of the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid Services, created in Section 63A-13-201:
 - (a) records that would disclose information relating to allegations of personal misconduct, gross mismanagement, or illegal activity of a person if the information or allegation cannot be corroborated by the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid Services through other documents or evidence, and the records relating to the allegation are not relied upon by the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid Services in preparing a final investigation report or final audit report;
 - (b) records and audit workpapers to the extent they would disclose the identity of a person who, during the course of an investigation or audit, communicated the existence of any Medicaid fraud, waste, or abuse, or a violation or suspected violation of a law, rule, or regulation adopted under the laws of this state, a political subdivision of the state, or any recognized entity of the United States, if the information was disclosed on the condition that the identity of the person be protected;
 - (c) before the time that an investigation or audit is completed and the final investigation or final audit report is released, records or drafts circulated to a person who is not an employee or head of a governmental entity for the person's response or information;
 - (d) records that would disclose an outline or part of any investigation, audit survey plan, or audit program; or
 - (e) requests for an investigation or audit, if disclosure would risk circumvention of an investigation or audit;
- (60) records that reveal methods used by the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid Services, the fraud unit, or the Department of Health and Human Services, to discover Medicaid fraud, waste, or abuse;
- (61) information provided to the Department of Health and Human Services or the Division of Professional Licensing under Subsections 58-67-304(3) and (4) and Subsections 58-68-304(3) and (4);
- (62) a record described in Section 63G-12-210;
- (63) captured plate data that is obtained through an automatic license plate reader system used by a governmental entity as authorized in Section 41-6a-2003;
- (64) an audio or video recording created by a body-worn camera, as that term is defined in Section 77-7a-103, that records sound or images inside a hospital or health care facility as those terms are defined in Section 78B-3-403, inside a clinic of a health care provider, as that term is defined in Section 78B-3-403, or inside a human service program as that term is defined in Section 26B-2-101, except for recordings that:
 - (a) depict the commission of an alleged crime;
 - (b) record any encounter between a law enforcement officer and a person that results in death or bodily injury, or includes an instance when an officer fires a weapon;
 - (c) record any encounter that is the subject of a complaint or a legal proceeding against a law enforcement officer or law enforcement agency;

- (d) contain an officer involved critical incident as defined in Subsection 76-2-408(1)(f); or
- (e) have been requested for reclassification as a public record by a subject or authorized agent of a subject featured in the recording;
- (65) a record pertaining to the search process for a president of an institution of higher education described in Section 53H-3-302;
- (66) an audio recording that is:
 - (a) produced by an audio recording device that is used in conjunction with a device or piece of equipment designed or intended for resuscitating an individual or for treating an individual with a life-threatening condition;
 - (b) produced during an emergency event when an individual employed to provide law enforcement, fire protection, paramedic, emergency medical, or other first responder service:
 - (i) is responding to an individual needing resuscitation or with a life-threatening condition; and
 - (ii) uses a device or piece of equipment designed or intended for resuscitating an individual or for treating an individual with a life-threatening condition; and
 - (c) intended and used for purposes of training emergency responders how to improve their response to an emergency situation;
- (67) records submitted by or prepared in relation to an applicant seeking a recommendation by the Research and General Counsel Subcommittee, the Budget Subcommittee, or the Legislative Audit Subcommittee, established under Section 36-12-8, for an employment position with the Legislature;
- (68) work papers as defined in Section 31A-2-204;
- (69) a record made available to Adult Protective Services or a law enforcement agency under Section 61-1-206;
- (70) a record submitted to the Insurance Department in accordance with Section 31A-37-201;
- (71) a record described in Section 31A-37-503;
- (72) any record created by the Division of Professional Licensing as a result of Subsection 58-37f-304(5) or 58-37f-702(2)(a)(ii);
- (73) a record described in Section 72-16-306 that relates to the reporting of an injury involving an amusement ride;
- (74) except as provided in Subsection 63G-2-305.5(1), the signature of an individual on a political petition, or on a request to withdraw a signature from a political petition, including a petition or request described in the following titles:
 - (a) Title 10, Utah Municipal Code;
 - (b) Title 17, Counties;
 - (c) Title 17B, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities - Special Districts;
 - (d) Title 17D, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities - Other Entities; and
 - (e) Title 20A, Election Code;
- (75) except as provided in Subsection 63G-2-305.5(2), the signature of an individual in a voter registration record;
- (76) except as provided in Subsection 63G-2-305.5(3), any signature, other than a signature described in Subsection (74) or (75), in the custody of the lieutenant governor or a local political subdivision collected or held under, or in relation to, Title 20A, Election Code;
- (77) a Form I-918 Supplement B certification as described in Title 77, Chapter 38, Part 5, Victims Guidelines for Prosecutors Act;
- (78) a record submitted to the Insurance Department under Section 31A-48-103;
- (79) personal information, as defined in Section 63G-26-102, to the extent disclosure is prohibited under Section 63G-26-103;
- (80) an image taken of an individual during the process of booking the individual into jail, unless:

- (a) the individual is convicted of a criminal offense based upon the conduct for which the individual was incarcerated at the time the image was taken;
 - (b) a law enforcement agency releases or disseminates the image:
 - (i) after determining that the individual is a fugitive or an imminent threat to an individual or to public safety and releasing or disseminating the image will assist in apprehending the individual or reducing or eliminating the threat; or
 - (ii) to a potential witness or other individual with direct knowledge of events relevant to a criminal investigation or criminal proceeding for the purpose of identifying or locating an individual in connection with the criminal investigation or criminal proceeding;
 - (c) a judge orders the release or dissemination of the image based on a finding that the release or dissemination is in furtherance of a legitimate law enforcement interest; or
 - (d) the image is displayed to a person who is permitted to view the image under Section 17-72-802;
- (81) a record:
- (a) concerning an interstate claim to the use of waters in the Colorado River system;
 - (b) relating to a judicial proceeding, administrative proceeding, or negotiation with a representative from another state or the federal government as provided in Section 63M-14-205; and
 - (c) the disclosure of which would:
 - (i) reveal a legal strategy relating to the state's claim to the use of the water in the Colorado River system;
 - (ii) harm the ability of the Colorado River Authority of Utah or river commissioner to negotiate the best terms and conditions regarding the use of water in the Colorado River system; or
 - (iii) give an advantage to another state or to the federal government in negotiations regarding the use of water in the Colorado River system;
- (82) any part of an application described in Section 63N-16-201 that the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity determines is nonpublic, confidential information that if disclosed would result in actual economic harm to the applicant, but this Subsection (82) may not be used to restrict access to a record evidencing a final contract or approval decision;
- (83) the following records of a drinking water or wastewater facility:
- (a) an engineering or architectural drawing of the drinking water or wastewater facility; and
 - (b) except as provided in Section 63G-2-106, a record detailing tools or processes the drinking water or wastewater facility uses to secure, or prohibit access to, the records described in Subsection (83)(a);
- (84) a statement that an employee of a governmental entity provides to the governmental entity as part of the governmental entity's personnel or administrative investigation into potential misconduct involving the employee if the governmental entity:
- (a) requires the statement under threat of employment disciplinary action, including possible termination of employment, for the employee's refusal to provide the statement; and
 - (b) provides the employee assurance that the statement cannot be used against the employee in any criminal proceeding;
- (85) any part of an application for a Utah Fits All Scholarship account described in Section 53F-6-402 or other information identifying a scholarship student as defined in Section 53F-6-401;
- (86) a record:
- (a) concerning a claim to the use of waters in the Great Salt Lake;

- (b) relating to a judicial proceeding, administrative proceeding, or negotiation with a person concerning the claim, including a representative from another state or the federal government; and
- (c) the disclosure of which would:
 - (i) reveal a legal strategy relating to the state's claim to the use of the water in the Great Salt Lake;
 - (ii) harm the ability of the Great Salt Lake commissioner to negotiate the best terms and conditions regarding the use of water in the Great Salt Lake; or
 - (iii) give an advantage to another person including another state or to the federal government in negotiations regarding the use of water in the Great Salt Lake;
- (87) a consumer complaint described in Section 13-2-11, unless the consumer complaint is reclassified as public as described in Subsection 13-2-11(4);
- (88) a record of the Utah water agent, appointed under Section 73-10g-702:
 - (a) concerning a claim to the use of waters;
 - (b) relating to a judicial proceeding, administrative proceeding, or negotiation with a representative from another state, a tribe, the federal government, or other government entity as provided in Title 73, Chapter 10g, Part 7, Utah Water Agent; and
 - (c) the disclosure of which would:
 - (i) reveal a legal strategy relating to the state's claim to the use of the water;
 - (ii) harm the ability of the Utah water agent to negotiate the best terms and conditions regarding the use of water; or
 - (iii) give an advantage to another state, a tribe, the federal government, or other government entity in negotiations regarding the use of water; and
- (89) a record created or maintained for an investigation of the Prosecutor Conduct Commission, created in Section 63M-7-1102, that contains any personal identifying information of a prosecuting attorney, including:
 - (a) a complaint, or a document that is submitted or created for a complaint, received by the Prosecutor Conduct Commission; or
 - (b) a finding by the Prosecutor Conduct Commission.

Amended by Chapter 17, 2025 Special Session 1

63G-2-305.5 Viewing or obtaining lists of signatures.

- (1) The records custodian of a signature described in Subsection 63G-2-305(74) shall, upon request, except for a name or signature classified as private under Title 20A, Chapter 2, Voter Registration:
 - (a) provide a list of the names of the individuals who signed the petition or request; and
 - (b) permit an individual to view, but not take a copy or other image of, the signatures on a political petition described in Subsection 63G-2-305(74).
- (2) The records custodian of a signature described in Subsection 63G-2-305(75) shall, upon request, except for a name or signature classified as private under Title 20A, Chapter 2, Voter Registration:
 - (a) provide a list of the names of registered voters, excluding the names that are classified as private under Title 20A, Chapter 2, Voter Registration; and
 - (b) except for a signature classified as private under Title 20A, Chapter 2, Voter Registration, permit an individual to view, but not take a copy or other image of, the signature on a voter registration record.

- (3) Except for a signature classified as private under Title 20A, Chapter 2, Voter Registration, the records custodian of a signature described in Subsection 63G-2-305(76) shall, upon request, permit an individual to view, but not take a copy or other image of, a signature.

Amended by Chapter 135, 2024 General Session

63G-2-306 Procedure to determine classification.

- (1) If more than one provision of this chapter could govern the classification of a record, the governmental entity shall classify the record by considering the nature of the interests intended to be protected and the specificity of the competing provisions.
- (2) Nothing in Subsection 63G-2-302(2), Section 63G-2-304, or 63G-2-305 requires a governmental entity to classify a record as private, controlled, or protected.

Renumbered and Amended by Chapter 382, 2008 General Session

63G-2-307 Duty to evaluate records and make designations, classifications, and annotations.

- (1) A governmental entity shall, for each record series that the governmental entity keeps, uses, or creates:
 - (a) evaluate all record series;
 - (b) designate each record series as provided by this chapter and Title 63A, Chapter 12, Division of Archives and Records Service and Management of Government Records; and
 - (c) report to the state archives the designation described in Subsection (1)(b).
- (2) A governmental entity may classify a particular record, record series, or information within a record at any time, but is not required to classify a particular record, record series, or information until access to the record is requested.
- (3) A governmental entity may redesignate a record series or reclassify a record or record series, or information within a record at any time.

Amended by Chapter 475, 2025 General Session

63G-2-308 Allowing or denying access based on status of information in a record.

Notwithstanding any other provision in this chapter, if a governmental entity receives a request for access to a record that contains both information that the requester is entitled to inspect and information that the requester is not entitled to inspect under this chapter, and, if the information the requester is entitled to inspect is intelligible, the governmental entity:

- (1) shall, except as provided in Subsection 63G-2-201(1)(b)(iii), allow access to information in the record that the requester is entitled to inspect under this chapter; and
- (2) may deny access to information in the record if the information is exempt from disclosure to the requester, issuing a notice of denial as provided in Section 63G-2-205.

Amended by Chapter 334, 2019 General Session

63G-2-309 Confidentiality claims.

- (1)
 - (a)

- (i) Any person who provides to a governmental entity a record that the person believes should be protected under Subsection 63G-2-305(1) or (2) or both Subsections 63G-2-305(1) and (2) shall provide with the record:
 - (A) a written claim of business confidentiality; and
 - (B) a concise statement of reasons supporting the claim of business confidentiality.
 - (ii) Any of the following who provides to an institution of higher education defined in Section 53H-1-101 a record that the person or governmental entity believes should be protected under Subsection 63G-2-305(40)(a)(ii) or (vi) or both Subsections 63G-2-305(40)(a)(ii) and (vi) shall provide the institution within the state system of higher education a written claim of business confidentiality in accordance with Section 53H-14-204:
 - (A) a person;
 - (B) a federal governmental entity;
 - (C) a state governmental entity; or
 - (D) a local governmental entity.
 - (b) A person or governmental entity who complies with this Subsection (1) shall be notified by the governmental entity to whom the request for a record is made if:
 - (i) a record claimed to be protected under one of the following is classified public:
 - (A) Subsection 63G-2-305(1);
 - (B) Subsection 63G-2-305(2);
 - (C) Subsection 63G-2-305(40)(a)(ii);
 - (D) Subsection 63G-2-305(40)(a)(vi); or
 - (E) a combination of the provisions described in Subsections (1)(b)(i)(A) through (D); or
 - (ii) the governmental entity to whom the request for a record is made determines that the record claimed to be protected under a provision listed in Subsection (1)(b)(i) should be released after balancing interests under Subsection 63G-2-201(5)(b) or 63G-2-401(6).
 - (c) A person who makes a claim of business confidentiality under this Subsection (1) shall protect, defend, and indemnify the governmental entity that retains the record, and all staff and employees of the governmental entity from and against any claims, liability, or damages resulting from or arising from a denial of access to the record as a protected record based on the claim of business confidentiality.
- (2)
- (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b) or by court order, the governmental entity to whom the request for a record is made may not disclose a record claimed to be protected under a provision listed in Subsection (1)(b)(i) but which the governmental entity or the director of the Government Records Office determines should be disclosed until the period in which to bring an appeal expires or the end of the appeals process, including judicial appeal.
 - (b) Subsection (2)(a) does not apply where the claimant, after notice, has waived the claim by not appealing or intervening before the director of the Government Records Office.
- (3) Disclosure or acquisition of information under this chapter does not constitute misappropriation under Subsection 13-24-2(2).

Amended by Chapter 9, 2025 Special Session 1

63G-2-310 Records made public after 75 years.

- (1) The classification of a record is not permanent and a record that was not classified public under this act shall become a public record when the justification for the original or any subsequent restrictive classification no longer exists. A record shall be presumed to be public 75 years after its creation, except that a record that contains information about an individual 21 years old

or younger at the time of the record's creation shall be presumed to be public 100 years after its creation.

- (2) Subsection (1) does not apply to records of unclaimed property held by the state treasurer in accordance with Title 67, Chapter 4a, Revised Uniform Unclaimed Property Act.

Renumbered and Amended by Chapter 382, 2008 General Session