

Effective 5/7/2025

75B-2-706 Removal of trustee.

- (1) The settlor, a cotrustee, or a qualified beneficiary may request the court to remove a trustee, or a trustee may be removed by the court on the court's own initiative.
- (2) The court may remove a trustee if:
 - (a) the trustee has committed a serious breach of trust;
 - (b) lack of cooperation among cotrustees substantially impairs the administration of the trust;
 - (c) because of unfitness, unwillingness, or persistent failure of the trustee to administer the trust effectively, the court determines that removal of the trustee best serves the interests of the beneficiaries; or
 - (d) there has been a substantial change of circumstances or removal is requested by all of the qualified beneficiaries, the court finds that removal of the trustee best serves the interests of all of the beneficiaries and is not inconsistent with a material purpose of the trust, and a suitable cotrustee or successor trustee is available.
- (3) Pending a final decision on a request to remove a trustee, or in lieu of or in addition to removing a trustee, the court may order appropriate relief under Subsection 75B-2-1001(2) necessary to protect the trust property or the interests of the beneficiaries.

Renumbered and Amended by Chapter 310, 2025 General Session