

Part 10
Adult Offenses

78A-6-1001 Jurisdiction over adults for offenses against minors -- Proof of delinquency not required for conviction.

- (1) The court shall have jurisdiction, concurrent with the district court or justice court otherwise having subject matter jurisdiction, to try adults for the following offenses committed against minors:
 - (a) unlawful sale or furnishing of an alcoholic product to minors in violation of Section 32B-4-403;
 - (b) failure to report abuse or neglect, as required by Title 62A, Chapter 4a, Part 4, Child Abuse or Neglect Reporting Requirements;
 - (c) harboring a runaway in violation of Section 62A-4a-501;
 - (d) misdemeanor custodial interference in violation of Section 76-5-303;
 - (e) contributing to the delinquency of a minor in violation of Section 76-10-2301; and
 - (f) failure to comply with compulsory education requirements in violation of Section 53A-11-101.5.
- (2) It is not necessary for the minor to be found to be delinquent or to have committed a delinquent act for the court to exercise jurisdiction under Subsection (1).

Amended by Chapter 276, 2010 General Session

78A-6-1002 Practice and procedure -- Jury trial.

- (1) The county attorney or district attorney, as provided in Title 17, Chapter 18a, Powers and Duties of County and District Attorney, shall prosecute any case brought under this part.
- (2) Proceedings under this part shall be governed by the statutes and rules governing criminal proceedings in the district court, except the court may, and on stipulation of the parties, shall, transfer the case to the district court.

Amended by Chapter 237, 2013 General Session

78A-6-1003 Costs and expenses of trial.

The fees and expenses, the cost of publication of summons, and the expense of a trial of an adult, when approved by the court, are paid by the state, except prosecution costs and public defender costs are paid by the county where the hearing or trial is held.

Renumbered and Amended by Chapter 3, 2008 General Session