

Effective 9/1/2024

Chapter 6 Child Support

Part 1 General Provisions

81-6-101 Definitions for chapter.

As used in this chapter:

- (1) "Administrative agency" means the Office of Recovery Services or the Department of Health and Human Services.
- (2) "Administrative order" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26B-9-201.
- (3) "Alimony" means the same as that term is defined in Section 81-4-101.
- (4) "Base child support award" means the award that may be ordered and is calculated using the child support guidelines before additions for medical expenses and work-related child care costs.
- (5) "Base combined child support obligation" means the presumed amount of child support that the parents should provide for their child as described in Subsection 81-6-204(1).
- (6) "Base combined child support obligation table" means the appropriate table described in Sections 81-6-302 and 81-6-304.
- (7) "Child" means:
 - (a) a son or daughter who is under 18 years old and who is not otherwise emancipated, self-supporting, married, or a member of the armed forces of the United States;
 - (b) a son or daughter who is 18 years old or older while enrolled in high school during the normal and expected year of graduation and not otherwise emancipated, self-supporting, married, or a member of the armed forces of the United States; or
 - (c) a son or daughter of any age who is incapacitated from earning a living and, if able to provide some financial resources to the family, is not able to support self by own means.
- (8)
 - (a) "Child support" means a base child support award, or a monthly financial award for uninsured medical expenses, ordered by a tribunal for the support of a child.
 - (b) "Child support" includes current periodic payments, arrearages that accrue under an order for current periodic payments, and sum certain judgments awarded for arrearages, medical expenses, and child care costs.
- (9) "Child support guidelines" means the calculation and application of child support as described in Part 2, Calculation and Adjustment of Child Support.
- (10) "Child support order" means a judgment, decree, or order issued by a tribunal whether temporary, final, or subject to modification, that:
 - (a) establishes or modifies child support;
 - (b) reduces child support arrearages to judgment; or
 - (c) establishes child support or registers a child support order under Title 78B, Chapter 14, Utah Uniform Interstate Family Support Act.
- (11) "Child support tables" means the tables described in Part 3, Child Support Tables.
- (12) "Child support services" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26B-9-101.
- (13) "Gross income" means the amount of income calculated for a parent as described in Section 81-6-203.

- (14) "Health care coverage" means coverage under which medical services are provided to a child through:
- (a) fee for service;
 - (b) a health maintenance organization;
 - (c) a preferred provider organization;
 - (d) any other type of private health insurance; or
 - (e) public health care coverage.
- (15)
- (a) "Income" means earnings, compensation, or other payment due to an individual, regardless of source, whether denominated as wages, salary, commission, bonus, pay, allowances, contract payment, or otherwise, including severance pay, sick pay, and incentive pay.
 - (b) "Income" includes:
 - (i) all gain derived from capital assets, labor, or both, including profit gained through sale or conversion of capital assets;
 - (ii) interest and dividends;
 - (iii) periodic payments made under pension or retirement programs or insurance policies of any type;
 - (iv) unemployment compensation benefits;
 - (v) workers' compensation benefits; and
 - (vi) disability benefits.
- (16) "Joint physical custody" means the same as that term is defined in Section 81-9-101.
- (17) "Low income table" means the appropriate table under Section 81-6-303 or 81-6-305.
- (18) "Medical expenses" means health and dental expenses and related insurance costs.
- (19) "Minor child" means a child who is younger than 18 years old.
- (20) "Obligee" means an individual, this state, another state, or another comparable jurisdiction to whom child support is owed or who is entitled to reimbursement of child support or public assistance.
- (21) "Obligor" means a person owing a duty of support.
- (22) "Office" means the Office of Recovery Services within the Department of Health and Human Services.
- (23) "Pregnancy expenses" means an amount equal to:
- (a) the sum of a pregnant mother's:
 - (i) health insurance premiums while pregnant that are not paid by an employer or government program; and
 - (ii) medical costs related to the pregnancy, incurred after the date of conception and before the pregnancy ends; and
 - (b) minus any portion of the amount described in Subsection (23)(a) that a court determines is equitable based on the totality of the circumstances, not including any amount paid by the mother or father of the child.
- (24) "Split custody" means that each parent has physical custody of at least one of the children.
- (25) "State" means a state, territory, possession of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, Native American tribe, or other comparable domestic or foreign jurisdiction.
- (26) "Support" means past-due, present, and future obligations to provide for the financial support, maintenance, or medical expenses of a child.
- (27) "Support order" means:
- (a) a child support order; or

- (b) a judgment, decree, or order by a tribunal, whether temporary, final, or subject to modification, for alimony.
- (28) "Temporary" means a period of time that is projected to be less than 12 months in duration.
- (29) "Third party" means an agency or a person other than a parent or a child who provides care, maintenance, and support to a child.
- (30) "Tribunal" means the district court, the Department of Health and Human Services, Office of Recovery Services, or court or administrative agency of a state, territory, possession of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, Native American tribe, or other comparable domestic or foreign jurisdiction.
- (31) "Work-related child care expenses" means reasonable child care costs for up to a full-time work week or training schedule as necessitated by the employment or training of a parent.
- (32) "Worksheet" means a form used to aid in calculating the base child support award.

Renumbered and Amended by Chapter 366, 2024 General Session

81-6-102 Application of chapter.

This chapter applies to any judicial or administrative order establishing or modifying an award of child support entered on or after July 1, 1989.

Enacted by Chapter 366, 2024 General Session

81-6-103 Jurisdiction over a child support proceeding -- Appeals.

- (1) A court has jurisdiction over a proceeding brought under this chapter in accordance with Title 78A, Judiciary and Judicial Administration.
- (2) An appeal may be taken from an order or judgment under this part as in other civil actions.

Renumbered and Amended by Chapter 366, 2024 General Session

81-6-104 Duty of parents to provide support for a child -- Support follows the child.

- (1)
 - (a) Every child is presumed to be in need of the support of the child's parents.
 - (b) Every parent shall support their child.
 - (c) Nothing in this chapter relieves a parent of the primary obligation of support for the parent's child.
- (2) Except as limited in a court order under Section 81-6-208:
 - (a) the expenses incurred on behalf of a minor child for reasonable and necessary medical and dental expenses and other necessities are chargeable upon the property of both parents, regardless of the marital status of the parents; and
 - (b) a creditor may sue a parent for the expenses described in Subsection (2)(a) incurred on behalf of a minor child.
- (3)
 - (a) A parent whose minor child has become a ward of this or any other state is not relieved of the primary obligation to support that child until the minor child is 18 years old or is legally married, regardless of any agreements or legal defenses that exist between the parents or other care providers.
 - (b) Any state that provides support for a child shall have the right to reimbursement.
 - (c) A third party has a right to recover support from a parent.
- (4) An obligation ordered for child support and medical expenses:

- (a) are for the use and benefit of the child; and
 - (b) shall follow the child in a case in which a parent, or another person, is awarded sole physical custody of the child as described in Subsection 81-6-205(8).
- (5) The rights created in this chapter are in addition to and not in substitution to any other rights.

Renumbered and Amended by Chapter 366, 2024 General Session

81-6-105 Duty of biological father to share pregnancy expenses.

- (1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, a biological father of a child has a duty to pay 50% of the mother's pregnancy expenses.
- (2)
- (a) If paternity is disputed, a biological father owes no duty under this section until the biological father's paternity is established.
 - (b) Once paternity is established, the biological father is subject to Subsection (1).
- (3)
- (a) Any portion of a mother's pregnancy expenses paid by the mother or the biological father reduces that parent's 50% share under Subsection (1), not the total amount of pregnancy expenses.
 - (b) Subsection (3)(a) applies regardless of when the mother or biological father pays the pregnancy expense.
- (4) If a mother receives an abortion, as defined in Section 76-7-301, without the biological father's consent, the biological father owes no duty under this section, unless:
- (a) the abortion is necessary to avert the death of the mother; or
 - (b) the mother was pregnant as a result of:
 - (i) rape, as described in Section 76-5-402;
 - (ii) rape of a child, as described in Section 76-5-402.1; or
 - (iii) incest, as described in Subsection 76-5-406(2)(j) or Section 76-7-102.
- (5) Subsection (1) does not apply if a court apportions pregnancy expenses in a divorce decree under Section 81-4-406.
- (6)
- (a) A person who seeks payment under this section for pregnancy expenses shall provide documentation of payments, medical expenses, and insurance premiums to the court.
 - (b) The court shall order the payment of the expenses after a review of the documentation described in Subsection (6)(a).
- (7) Nothing in this section requires a person to separately bill a biological father for pregnancy expenses.

Renumbered and Amended by Chapter 366, 2024 General Session

81-6-106 Duty of obligor -- Enforcement of right of support.

- (1)
- (a) An obligor who is present in, or a resident of, this state has the duty to provide support to the child regardless of the presence or residence of the obligee.
 - (b) The obligee may enforce the obligee's right of support against the obligor.
- (2)
- (a) The office may proceed pursuant to this part or any other applicable statute on behalf of:
 - (i) the Department of Health and Human Services;

- (ii) any other department or agency of this state that provides public assistance, as defined by Section 26B-9-101, to enforce the right to recover public assistance; or
- (iii) the obligee, to enforce the obligee's right of support against the obligor.
- (b) Whenever any court action is commenced by the office to enforce payment of the obligor's support obligation, the attorney general or the county attorney of the county of residence of the obligee shall represent the office.
- (c) The attorney general or the county attorney does not represent or have an attorney-client relationship with the obligee or the obligor in carrying out the duties under this chapter.
- (3)
 - (a) A person may not commence an action, file a pleading, or submit a written stipulation to the court, without complying with Subsection (3)(b), if the purpose or effect of the action, pleading, or stipulation is to:
 - (i) establish paternity;
 - (ii) establish or modify a support obligation;
 - (iii) change the court-ordered manner of payment of support;
 - (iv) recover support due or owing; or
 - (v) appeal issues regarding child support laws.
 - (b)
 - (i) When taking an action described in Subsection (3)(a), a person must file an affidavit with the court at the time the action is commenced, the pleading is filed, or the stipulation is submitted stating whether child support services have been or are being provided under Part IV of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C., Section 601 et seq., on behalf of a child who is a subject of the action, pleading, or stipulation.
 - (ii) If child support services have been or are being provided, under Part IV of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C., Section 601 et seq., the person shall mail a copy of the affidavit and a copy of the pleading or stipulation to the child and family support division of the Office of the Attorney General.
 - (iii)
 - (A) If notice is not given in accordance with this Subsection (3), the office is not bound by any decision, judgment, agreement, or compromise rendered in the action.
 - (B) For purposes of appeals, service must be made on the Office of the Director for the Office of Recovery Services.
 - (c) If child support services have been or are being provided, that person shall join the office as a party to the action, or mail or deliver a written request to the child and family support division of the Office of the Attorney General, asking the office to join as a party to the action.
 - (d) A copy of the request described in Subsection (3)(c), along with proof of service, shall be filed with the court.
 - (e) The office shall be represented as provided in Subsection (2)(b).

Renumbered and Amended by Chapter 366, 2024 General Session

81-6-107 Procedure for child support proceeding -- Documentation.

- (1) In any matter in which child support is ordered, the moving party shall submit:
 - (a) a completed worksheet;
 - (b) the financial verification required by Section 81-6-203;
 - (c) a written statement indicating whether or not the amount of child support requested is consistent with the child support guidelines; and
 - (d) the information required under Subsection (3).

- (2)
 - (a) If the documentation of income required under Subsection (1) is not available, the moving party may submit a verified representation of the other party's income based on the best evidence available.
 - (b) The moving party shall provide the evidence described in Subsection (2)(a) in affidavit form.
 - (c) The moving party may only offer the evidence described in Subsection (2)(a) after a copy is provided to the other party in accordance with Utah Rules of Civil Procedure or Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act, in an administrative proceeding.
- (3)
 - (a) Upon the entry of an order in a proceeding to establish paternity or to establish, modify, or enforce a child support order, each party shall:
 - (i) file identifying information; and
 - (ii) update that information as changes occur with the court that conducted the proceeding.
 - (b) The required identifying information shall include the person's social security number, driver's license number, residential and mailing addresses, telephone numbers, the name, address and telephone number of employers, and any other data required by the United States Secretary of Health and Human Services.
 - (c) An attorney representing the office in child support services cases is not required to file the identifying information required by Subsection (3)(b).

Renumbered and Amended by Chapter 366, 2024 General Session

81-6-108 Waiver and estoppel.

- (1) Waiver and estoppel shall apply only to the obligee when there is no order already established by a tribunal if the obligee freely and voluntarily waives support specifically and in writing.
- (2) Waiver and estoppel may not be applied against any third party or public entity that may provide support for the child.
- (3) An obligor, or alleged biological father in a paternity action, may not rely on statements made by the obligee concerning child support unless the statements are reduced to writing and signed by both parties.

Renumbered and Amended by Chapter 366, 2024 General Session

81-6-109 Spousal privilege -- Competency of spouses.

- (1) A law attaching a privilege against the disclosure of communications between spouses is are inapplicable under this chapter.
- (2) Spouses are competent witnesses to testify to any relevant matter, including marriage and parentage.

Renumbered and Amended by Chapter 366, 2024 General Session

81-6-110 County attorney to assist obligee.

- (1) The county attorney's office shall provide assistance to an obligee desiring to proceed under this part in the following manner:
 - (a) provide forms, approved by the Judicial Council, for an order of wage assignment if the obligee is not represented by legal counsel;
 - (b) inform the obligee of the right to file indigently if the obligee is unable to bear the expenses of the action and assist the obligee with such filing;

- (c) advise the obligee of the available methods for service of process; and
 - (d) assist the obligee in expeditiously scheduling a hearing before the court.
- (2) The county attorney's office may charge a fee not to exceed \$25 for providing assistance to an obligee under Subsection (1).

Renumbered and Amended by Chapter 366, 2024 General Session

Part 2

Calculation and Adjustment of Child Support

81-6-201 Definitions for part.

Reserved.

Enacted by Chapter 366, 2024 General Session

81-6-202 Determination of amount of child support -- Application of child support guidelines -- Requirements for child support order.

- (1)
- (a) If a prior child support order does not exist, a substantial change in circumstances has occurred, or a petition to modify a child support order as described in Section 81-6-212 is filed, the court determining the amount of prospective child support shall require each party to file a proposed award of child support using the child support guidelines before the court enters or modifies a child support order.
 - (b) When no prior child support order exists, the court or administrative agency shall determine and assess all arrearages based upon the child support guidelines.
- (2)
- (a) The court or administrative agency shall apply the child support guidelines as a rebuttable presumption in establishing or modifying the amount of temporary or permanent child support.
 - (b) The rebuttable presumption means the provisions and considerations required by the child support guidelines, the award amounts resulting from the application of the child support guidelines, and the use of worksheets consistent with the child support guidelines are presumed to be correct, unless the child support guidelines are rebutted in accordance with this section.
- (3)
- (a) A written finding or specific finding on the record supporting the conclusion that complying with a provision of the child support guidelines or ordering an award amount resulting from use of the child support guidelines would be unjust, inappropriate, or not in the best interest of a child in a particular case is sufficient to rebut the presumption in that case.
 - (b) If an order rebuts the presumption through findings, the order is considered a deviated order.
- (4) The following are considered deviations from the child support guidelines, if:
- (a) the order includes a written finding that the order is a deviation from the child support guidelines;
 - (b) the worksheet has:
 - (i) the box checked for a deviation; and
 - (ii) an explanation as to the reason; or

- (c) the deviation is made because there were more children than provided for in the child support tables.
- (5) If the amount in the order and the amount on the worksheet differ by \$10 or more:
 - (a) the order is considered deviated; and
 - (b) the incomes listed on the worksheet may not be used in adjusting support for emancipation as described in Section 81-6-213.
- (6) If the court finds sufficient evidence to rebut the guidelines as described in Subsection (3), the court shall establish child support after considering all relevant factors, including:
 - (a) the standard of living and situation of the parties;
 - (b) the relative wealth and income of the parties;
 - (c) the ability of the obligor to earn;
 - (d) the ability of the obligee to earn;
 - (e) the ability of an incapacitated adult child to earn, or other benefits received by the adult child or on the adult child's behalf including Supplemental Security Income;
 - (f) the needs of the obligee, the obligor, and the child;
 - (g) the ages of the parties; and
 - (h) the responsibilities of the obligor and the obligee for the support of others.
- (7)
 - (a) If there are children of either parent who live in the home of that parent and are not children in common to both parties, the court or administrative agency, at the option of either party, may take into account the children under the child support guidelines in setting a base child support award as described in Subsection (8).
 - (b) Additional worksheets shall be prepared that calculate the base child support award of the respective parents for the additional children.
 - (c) The court or administrative agency shall subtract the base child support award calculated under Subsection (7)(b) from the appropriate parent's income before determining the award in the case described in Subsection (7)(a).
- (8) In a proceeding to adjust or modify a child support order, the court or administrative agency may consider children, who are born after the entry of the child support order and are not in common to both parties, to mitigate an increase in the award, but the court or administrative agency may not consider the children:
 - (a) for the benefit of the obligee if the credit would increase the support obligation of the obligor from the most recent child support order; or
 - (b) for the benefit of the obligor if the amount of support received by the obligee would be decreased from the most recent child support order.
- (9) A stipulated amount for child support or combined child support and alimony is adequate under the child support guidelines if the stipulated child support amount or combined amount equals or exceeds the base child support award required by the child support guidelines.
- (10) The court shall include the following provisions in a child support order:
 - (a) a provision establishing the monthly amount of child support obligation for each parent in accordance with the child support guidelines;
 - (b) a provision assigning responsibility for the payment of reasonable and necessary medical expenses for the child as described in Section 81-6-208;
 - (c) a provision requiring the purchase and maintenance of appropriate health care insurance for the medical expenses of the child as described in Section 81-6-208 if health care insurance is or becomes available at a reasonable cost;
 - (d) a provision regarding the child care expenses and costs as described in Section 81-6-209;

- (e) a provision regarding each parent's right to claim a child as a tax exemption for federal and state income tax purposes in accordance with Section 81-6-210;
 - (f) provisions for income withholding as a means of collecting child support, in accordance with Title 26B, Chapter 9, Part 3, Income Withholding in IV-D Cases, and Title 26B, Chapter 9, Part 4, Income Withholding in Non IV-D Cases; and
 - (g) a provision regarding a parent's opportunity to adjust a child support order as described in Section 81-6-212.
- (11) The office shall include the provisions described in Section 26B-9-224 in a child support order.

Renumbered and Amended by Chapter 366, 2024 General Session

81-6-203 Determination of gross income for child support -- Imputing income to a parent.

- (1)
- (a) Each parent shall provide verification of current income to the court or administrative agency.
 - (b) Each parent shall provide year-to-date pay stubs or employer statements and complete copies of tax returns from at least the most recent year, unless the court finds the verification is not reasonably available.
 - (c) Verification of income from records maintained by the Department of Workforce Services may be substituted for pay stubs, employer statements, and income tax returns.
- (2)
- (a) To calculate gross income of a parent, the court or administrative agency may include:
 - (i) prospective income of the parent, including income from earned and nonearned sources, such as salaries, wages, commissions, royalties, bonuses, rents, gifts from anyone, prizes, dividends, severance pay, pensions, interest, trust income, alimony from previous marriages, annuities, capital gains, Social Security benefits, worker compensation benefits, unemployment compensation, income replacement disability insurance benefits, and payments from nonmeans-tested government programs; and
 - (ii) income imputed to the parent as described in Subsection (6).
 - (b) Income from earned income sources is limited to the equivalent of one full-time 40-hour job.
 - (c) If and only if during the time before the original support order, the parent normally and consistently worked more than 40 hours at the parent's job, the court may consider this extra time as a pattern in calculating the parent's ability to provide child support.
- (3)
- (a) The court or administrative agency shall use historical and current earnings to determine whether an underemployment or overemployment situation exists.
 - (b) The office may not treat incarceration of at least six months as voluntary unemployment in establishing or modifying a support order.
- (4)
- (a) To calculate income from self-employment or operation of a business, the court or administrative agency:
 - (i) shall calculate gross income from self-employment or operation of a business by subtracting necessary expenses required for self-employment or business operation from gross receipts;
 - (ii) shall review income and expenses from self-employment or operation of a business to determine an appropriate level of gross income available to the parent to satisfy a child support award; and
 - (iii) may only deduct those expenses necessary to allow the business to operate at a reasonable level from gross receipts.

- (b) Gross income determined under this Subsection (4) may differ from the amount of business income determined for tax purposes.
- (5) When possible, the court or administrative agency shall determine the average monthly gross income for each parent by:
 - (a) calculating the gross income of each parent on an annual basis; and
 - (b) dividing the annual gross income for each parent by 12.
- (6)
 - (a) The court or administrative agency may not impute income to a parent unless the parent stipulates to the amount imputed, the parent defaults, or, in contested cases, a hearing is held and the court or administrative agency enters findings of fact as to the evidentiary basis for the imputation.
 - (b) If income is imputed to a parent, the court or administrative agency shall base income upon employment potential and probable earnings considering, to the extent known:
 - (i) employment opportunities;
 - (ii) work history;
 - (iii) occupation qualifications;
 - (iv) educational attainment;
 - (v) literacy;
 - (vi) age;
 - (vii) health;
 - (viii) criminal record;
 - (ix) other employment barriers and background factors; and
 - (x) prevailing earnings and job availability for persons of similar backgrounds in the community.
 - (c) If a parent has no recent work history or a parent's occupation is unknown, the court or administrative agency may impute an income to that parent at the federal minimum wage for a 40-hour work week.
 - (d) To impute a greater or lesser income, the court or administrative agency shall enter specific findings of fact as to the evidentiary basis for the imputation.
 - (e) The court or administrative agency may not impute income to a parent if any of the following conditions exist and the condition is not of a temporary nature:
 - (i) the reasonable costs of child care for the parents' minor child approach or equal the amount of income the custodial parent can earn;
 - (ii) a parent is physically or mentally unable to earn minimum wage;
 - (iii) a parent is engaged in career or occupational training to establish basic job skills; or
 - (iv) unusual emotional or physical needs of a child require the custodial parent's presence in the home.
- (7) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the court or administrative agency may not include the following sources of income when calculating the gross income of a parent:
 - (a) cash assistance provided under Title 35A, Chapter 3, Part 3, Family Employment Program;
 - (b) benefits received under a housing subsidy program, the Job Training Partnership Act, Supplemental Security Income, Social Security Disability Insurance, Medicaid, SNAP benefits, or General Assistance;
 - (c) other similar means-tested welfare benefits received by a parent;
 - (d) the earned income of a child who is the subject of a child support award; or
 - (e) except as otherwise provided in Subsection (8), the benefits to a child in the child's own right, such as Supplemental Security Income.
- (8)

- (a) The court or administrative agency shall credit, as child support, the amount of social security benefits received by a child due to the earnings of the parent on whose earning record the social security benefits are based by crediting the amount against the potential obligation of that parent.
- (b) The court or administrative agency may consider other unearned income of a child as income of a parent depending upon the circumstances of each case.

Renumbered and Amended by Chapter 366, 2024 General Session

81-6-204 General provisions for calculating child support -- Determination of base combined child support obligation.

- (1) To calculate child support, the court or administrative agency shall determine the base combined child support obligation for the parents by:
 - (a) except as provided in Subsection (3), adjusting the average monthly gross income for each parent by subtracting any alimony previously ordered and paid and any child support previously ordered for that parent;
 - (b) adjusting the average monthly gross income for each parent by subtracting any credits deemed appropriate under Subsections 81-6-202(7) and (8);
 - (c) combining the adjusted average monthly gross incomes for both parents; and
 - (d) locating the base combined child support obligation in the base combined child support obligation table by finding:
 - (i) the combined adjusted average monthly gross incomes of the parents in the table; and
 - (ii) the total number of children in common to the parents.
- (2) The court or administrative agency may only use the income of the parents of the child to determine the base child support award.
- (3) The court or administrative agency may not subtract any alimony ordered in the pending proceeding from the gross incomes of the parents as described in Subsection (1)(a).
- (4) If there is no amount listed for the base combined child support obligation in the base combined child support obligation table, the base combined support obligation for the parents is \$0.
- (5) Upon determining the base combined child support obligation, the court or administrative agency shall make additional calculations as described in Section 81-6-205, 81-6-206, or 81-6-207 to determine the base child support award.
- (6)
 - (a) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), the court may consider any amount that an incapacitated adult child can contribute to the child's support and use the amount to justify a reduction in the amount of support ordered.
 - (b) If the case described in Subsection (6)(a) involves more than one child, the reduction may not be greater than the effect of reducing the total number of children by one.
- (7)
 - (a) The base combined child support obligation table provides combined child support obligations for up to six children.
 - (b) If a case involves more than six children, the court may add additional amounts to the base child support obligation shown in the base combined child support obligation table.
 - (c) Unless rebutted by Subsection 81-6-202(3), the court or administrative agency may not order an amount less than the amount that would be ordered for up to six children.
- (8)
 - (a) If the combined adjusted gross income exceeds the highest level specified in the base combined child support obligation table, the court shall order an appropriate and just amount

of child support on a case-by-case basis, except that the court may not order an amount that is less than the highest level specified in the table for the number of children due child support.

- (b) There is no maximum limit on the base child support award that a court may order using the child support tables.
- (9) The amount shown in a child support table is the child support amount for the total number of children not an amount per child.
- (10) For all worksheets, income and child support award figures are rounded to the nearest dollar.

Enacted by Chapter 366, 2024 General Session

81-6-205 Sole physical custody -- Obligation calculations -- Change in physical custody.

- (1) This section applies to a case in which a parent, or another person, is awarded sole physical custody of the children.
- (2) Except as provided in Subsections (3) and (4), the court or administrative agency shall determine the base child support award for each parent by:
 - (a) dividing each parent's monthly adjusted gross income by the combined monthly adjusted gross income to determine each parent's percentage; and
 - (b) multiplying each parent's percentage by the base combined child support obligation that is calculated as described in Subsection 81-6-204(1).
- (3)
 - (a) If the base combined child support obligation is \$0, the court or administrative agency shall establish the base child support award for each parent by:
 - (i) determining the individual monthly adjusted gross income for the parent;
 - (ii) locating the amount of the base child support award in the low income table by finding:
 - (A) the monthly adjusted gross income for the parent in the low income table; and
 - (B) the number of children in common with the parents.
 - (b) The corresponding amount in the low income table is the base child support award for that parent.
- (4)
 - (a) If a parent's individual monthly adjusted gross income is less than the highest amount of monthly adjusted gross income shown in the low income table, the court or administrative agency shall determine that the base child support award is the lesser of:
 - (i) the amount calculated using the base combined child support obligation table as described in Subsection (2); and
 - (ii) the amount calculated using the low income table as described in Subsection (3).
 - (b) If the monthly adjusted gross income of a parent is found in an area of the low income table in which no amount is shown, the court or administrative agency shall determine the base child support award by using the amount listed in the base combined child support obligation table and calculated as described in Subsection (2).
- (5) A base child support award in a sole physical custody case may not be less than \$30.
- (6) The amounts calculated under this section are rebuttable as described in Section 81-6-202.
- (7) A parent without sole physical custody of the children is an obligor and is required to pay the amount of child support calculated under this section.
- (8)
 - (a) When physical custody of a child changes after the original child support order, the parent without physical custody of the child is required to pay the amount of child support calculated under this section, without the need to modify the order, to:

- (i) the parent who has physical custody of the child;
 - (ii) a relative to whom physical custody of the child has been voluntarily given; or
 - (iii) the state when the child is residing outside of the home in the protective custody, temporary custody, or care of the state or a state-licensed facility for at least 30 days.
- (b) When physical custody of a child changes from the physical custody that is assumed in the original child support order calculated under this section, the modification of the child support order is not necessary even if only one parent is specifically ordered to pay in the child support order.

Enacted by Chapter 366, 2024 General Session

81-6-206 Joint physical custody -- Obligation calculations.

- (1) This section applies to a case in which the parents are awarded joint physical custody of the children.
- (2) If the base combined child support obligation that is calculated as described in Subsection 81-6-204(1) is \$0, the base child support award for each parent is \$0.
- (3) If the base combined child support obligation that is calculated as described in Subsection 81-6-204(1) is greater than \$0, the court or administrative agency shall determine each parent's share of the base combined child support obligation by:
 - (a) dividing each parent's monthly adjusted gross income by the combined monthly adjusted gross income to determine each parent's percentage; and
 - (b) multiplying each parent's percentage by the base combined child support obligation.
- (4) The court or administrative agency shall determine the base child support award for the parent with the lesser number of overnights by:
 - (a) multiplying the number of overnights over 110 and under 131 for that parent by .0027;
 - (b) multiplying the number calculated under Subsection (4)(a) by the base combined child support obligation;
 - (c) multiplying the number of overnights over 130 for that parent by .0084;
 - (d) multiplying the number calculated under Subsection (4)(c) by the base combined child support obligation; and
 - (e) subtracting the numbers calculated in Subsections (4)(b) and (4)(d) from that parent's share of the base combined child support obligation calculated under Subsection (3).
- (5) If the base child support award calculated under Subsection (4) is greater than \$0, the parent with the lesser number of overnights is the obligor and is required to pay child support.
- (6) If the base child support award calculated under Subsection (4) is less than \$0:
 - (a) the parent with the lesser number of overnights is the obligee; and
 - (b) the parent with the greater number of overnights is the obligor and is required to pay child support.
- (7) If the parents have an equal parent-time schedule under Section 81-9-305, the amount of time to be spent with the parent who has the lower monthly adjusted gross income is considered 183 overnights, regardless of whether the parent receives 182 overnights or 183 overnights under the equal parent-time schedule.

Enacted by Chapter 366, 2024 General Session

81-6-207 Split physical custody -- Obligation calculations.

- (1) This section applies to a case in which the parents are awarded split physical custody of the children.

- (2) If the base combined child support obligation that is calculated as described in Subsection 81-6-204(1) is \$0, the base child support award for each parent is \$0.
- (3) If the base combined child support obligation that is calculated as described in Subsection 81-6-204(1) is greater than \$0, the court shall determine the base child support award by:
 - (a) dividing the number of children with each parent by the combined number of children to calculate each parent's percentage of children;
 - (b) dividing each parent's monthly adjusted gross income by the combined monthly adjusted gross income to calculate each parent's percentage of the combined monthly adjusted gross income;
 - (c) multiplying each parent's percentage of the combined monthly adjusted gross income by the base combined child support obligation to calculate each parent's share of the base combined child support obligation;
 - (d) multiplying each parent's share of the base combined child support obligation by the other parent's percentage of children to determine the individual child support obligations for each parent; and
 - (e) subtracting the lesser individual child support obligation from the higher individual child support obligation to reach the base child support award.
- (4) The parent with the higher individual child support obligation is the parent required to pay the base child support award calculated under Subsection (3).

Enacted by Chapter 366, 2024 General Session

**81-6-208 Requirements for a child support order regarding medical expenses --
Determination of parental liability for medical expenses.**

- (1) As used in this section, "health insurance" means the same as that term is defined in Section 31A-1-301.
- (2) Except as provided in Subsection (4), a child support order issued or modified in this state on or after May 3, 2023, shall require compliance with the requirements described in Subsection (3) as of the effective date of the child support order.
- (3) A child support order shall:
 - (a) require the parents provide health care coverage for the medical expenses of a child;
 - (b) require the parents provide health insurance for the medical expenses of a child if health insurance is available to the parents at a reasonable cost;
 - (c) designate which health insurance plan is primary and which health insurance plan is secondary if, at any time, a child is covered by both parents' health insurance plans as described in Subsection (7);
 - (d) require each parent to share equally the out-of-pocket costs of the premium actually paid by a parent for the child's portion of health insurance; and
 - (e) include a provision that requires each parent to equally share all reasonable and necessary uninsured and unreimbursed medical and dental expenses incurred for a child, including co-payments, co-insurance, and deductibles.
- (4) The court may deviate from the requirements described in Subsection (3) if:
 - (a) the court makes specific findings establishing good cause for the deviation; or
 - (b) subject to the court's approval, the parents agree which parent shall provide health insurance for the child.
- (5) In determining whether to take the action described in Subsection (4), the court may consider:
 - (a) the reasonableness of the cost;
 - (b) the availability of a group insurance policy;

- (c) the coverage of the policy; or
 - (d) the preference of the custodial parent.
- (6) Subject to Subsection (4), if a child support order does not contain the requirements described in Subsection (3):
- (a) the parents are nonetheless subject to the requirements described in Subsection (3), as applicable; and
 - (b) for purposes of Subsection (3)(c), the health insurance plan of the parent whose birthday falls first in the calendar year is primary, and the health insurance plan of the parent whose birthday falls second in the calendar year is secondary.
- (7)
- (a) The provisions of an order under Subsection (3)(c) shall:
 - (i) take effect if at any time a child is covered by both parents' health insurance plans; and
 - (ii) include the following language: "If, at any point in time, a child is covered by the health insurance plans of both parents, the health insurance plan of (Parent's Name) shall be primary coverage for the child and the health insurance plan of (Other Parent's Name) shall be secondary coverage for the child. If a parent remarries and the child is not covered by that parent's health insurance plan but is covered by a step-parent's plan, the health insurance plan of the step-parent shall be treated as if it is the plan of the remarried parent and shall retain the same designation as the primary or secondary plan of the child."
 - (b) A court or administrative agency may not modify the language required by Subsection (7)(a)(ii).
 - (c) Notwithstanding Subsection (7)(b), the court may allocate the payment of medical expenses including co-payments, deductibles, and co-insurance not covered by health insurance between the parents.
 - (d) In designating primary coverage pursuant to Subsection (3)(c), the court may take into account:
 - (i) the birth dates of the parents;
 - (ii) a requirement in a court order, if any, for one of the parents to maintain health insurance coverage for a child;
 - (iii) the parent with physical custody of the child; or
 - (iv) any other factor the court considers relevant.
- (8)
- (a) The parent who provides health insurance may receive credit against the base child support award or recover the other parent's share of the child's portion of the premium.
 - (b) If the parent does not have health insurance but another member of the parent's household provides health insurance for the child, the parent may receive credit against the base child support award or recover the other parent's share of the child's portion of the premium.
- (9)
- (a) The child's portion of the premium is a per capita share of the premium actually paid.
 - (b) The premium expense for a child shall be calculated by dividing the premium amount by the number of persons covered under the policy and multiplying the result by the number of children in the instant case.
- (10)
- (a) The parent maintaining health care coverage or insurance shall provide verification of coverage to the other parent, or to the office under Title IV of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 601 et seq., upon initial enrollment of the child, and after initial enrollment on or before January 2 of each calendar year.

- (b) The parent shall notify the other parent, or the office under Title IV of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 601 et seq., of any change of insurance carrier, premium, or benefits within 30 calendar days of the date the parent first knew or should have known of the change.
 - (c) A parent who incurs medical expenses shall provide written verification of the cost and payment of medical expenses to the other parent within 30 days of payment.
 - (d) The court may deny a parent incurring medical expenses the right to receive credit for the expenses or to recover the other parent's share of the expenses if that parent fails to comply with this Subsection (10).
- (11)
- (a) The court or administrative agency may issue an order determining the amount of a parent's liability for medical expenses of a child when the parent:
 - (i) is required by a prior court or administrative order to:
 - (A) share those expenses with the other parent of the child; or
 - (B) obtain insurance for medical expenses but fails to do so; or
 - (ii) receives direct payment from an insurer under insurance coverage obtained after the prior court or administrative order was issued.
 - (b) If the prior court or administrative order does not specify what proportions of the expenses are to be shared:
 - (i) the court may determine the amount of liability as may be reasonable and necessary; and
 - (ii) the administrative agency may determine the amount of liability in accordance with established rules.
 - (c) This Subsection (11) applies to an order without regard to when the order was issued.

Renumbered and Amended by Chapter 366, 2024 General Session

81-6-209 Requirements for a child support order regarding child care costs and expenses -- Actual expenses for child care.

- (1) The court or administrative agency shall require in a child support order that each parent share equally the reasonable work-related child care expenses of the parents.
- (2)
 - (a) If an actual expense for child care is incurred, a parent shall begin paying the parent's share on a monthly basis immediately upon presentation of proof of the child care expense.
 - (b) If the child care expense ceases to be incurred, the parent may suspend making monthly payment of that expense, while the expense is not being incurred, without obtaining a modification of the child support order.
 - (c)
 - (i) In the absence of a court order to the contrary, a parent who incurs child care expense shall provide written verification of the cost and identity of a child care provider to the other parent upon initial engagement of a provider and thereafter on the request of the other parent.
 - (ii) In the absence of a court order to the contrary, the parent shall notify the other parent of any change of child care provider or the monthly expense of child care within 30 calendar days after the day on which the change occurred.
- (3) The court may deny a parent incurring child care expenses the right to receive credit for the expenses or to recover the other parent's share of the expenses if the parent incurring the expenses fails to comply with Subsection (2)(c).
- (4)

- (a) The court or administrative agency shall presume that child care costs should be included in a child support order if a parent, during extended parent-time, is working and actually incurring the child care costs.
 - (b) The presumption under Subsection (4)(a) is rebutted if:
 - (i) the obligor's base child support award, in combination with the award of medical expenses, exceeds 50% of the obligor's adjusted gross income; or
 - (ii) by adding the child care costs, the obligor's child support obligation would exceed 50% of the obligor's adjusted gross income.
- (5)
- (a) The court or administrative agency may award child care costs on a case-by-case basis if the child care costs are related to the career and occupational training of the custodial parent or the child care costs would be in the interest of justice.
 - (b) The court or administrative agency may assign financial responsibility in a child support order for all or a portion of child care expenses incurred on behalf of a child due to the employment or training of the custodial parent.
- (6)
- (a) The court or administrative agency may impute a monthly obligation for child care costs when the court imputes income to a parent who is providing child care for the child so that the parties are not incurring child care costs for the child.
 - (b) The court shall apply any monthly obligation imputed under Subsection (6)(a) towards any actual child care costs incurred within the same month for the child.

Renumbered and Amended by Chapter 366, 2024 General Session

81-6-210 Award of tax exemption for a child.

- (1) There is no presumption as to which parent should be awarded the right to claim a child as an exemption for federal and state income tax purposes.
 - (2) Unless the parties otherwise stipulate in writing, the court shall award in any final order the exemption on a case-by-case basis.
 - (3) In awarding the exemption, the court shall consider:
 - (a) as the primary factor, the relative contribution of each parent to the cost of raising the child; and
 - (b) among other factors, the relative tax benefit to each parent.
- (4)
- (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (3), the court may not award any exemption to a parent if the parent is not current in the parent's child support obligation.
 - (b) If a parent is not current in the parent's child support obligation under Subsection (4)(a), the court may award an exemption to the other parent.
- (5) An exemption may not be awarded to a parent unless the award will result in a tax benefit to that parent.

Renumbered and Amended by Chapter 366, 2024 General Session

81-6-211 Reduction for extended parent-time.

- (1) The base child support award is:
 - (a) reduced by 50% for each child for time periods during which the child is with the noncustodial parent by order of the court or by written agreement of the parties for at least 25 of any 30 consecutive days of extended parent-time; or

- (b) reduced by 25% for each child for time periods during which the child is with the noncustodial parent by order of the court or by written agreement of the parties for at least 12 of any 30 consecutive days of extended parent-time.
- (2) If the child is a client of cash assistance provided under Title 35A, Chapter 3, Part 3, Family Employment Program, the administrative agency shall approve any agreement by the parties for reduction of child support during extended parent-time.
- (3) For purposes of this section, normal parent-time and holiday visits to the custodial parent are not considered extended parent-time.
- (4) For cases receiving child support services in accordance with Title 26B, Chapter 9, Recovery Services and Administration of Child Support, the noncustodial parent shall provide written documentation to the office of the extended parent-time schedule to receive the adjustment under Subsection (1), including the beginning and ending dates, in the form of a court order or a voluntary written agreement between the parties.
- (5) If the noncustodial parent complies with Subsection (4), owes no past-due support, and pays the full, unadjusted amount of current child support due for the month of scheduled extended parent-time and the following month, the office shall refund the difference from the child support due to the custodial parent or the state, between the full amount of current child support received during the month of extended parent-time and the adjusted amount of current child support due:
 - (a) from current child support received in the month following the month of scheduled extended parent-time; or
 - (b) from current child support received in the month following the month written documentation of the scheduled extended parent-time is provided to the office, whichever occurs later.
- (6) If the noncustodial parent complies with Subsection (4), owes past-due support, and pays the full, unadjusted amount of current child support due for the month of scheduled extended parent-time, the office shall apply the difference, from the child support due to the custodial parent or the state, between the full amount of current child support received during the month of extended parent-time and the adjusted amount of current child support due, to the past-due support obligation in the case.
- (7) For cases not receiving child support services in accordance with Title 26B, Chapter 9, Recovery Services and Administration of Child Support, the court or the parents shall resolve, without involvement by the office, any potential adjustment of the child support payment during the month of extended visitation or any refund that is due to the noncustodial parent from the custodial parent.
- (8) For purposes of this section, the per child amount to which the abatement applies is calculated by dividing the base child support award by the number of children included in the award.
- (9) The reduction in this section does not apply to parents with joint physical custody obligations calculated in accordance with Section 81-6-206.

Renumbered and Amended by Chapter 366, 2024 General Session

81-6-212 Modification of child support order -- Adjustment of child support.

- (1) The amount of prospective child support is equal to the amount granted by a prior child support order unless:
 - (a) there is a substantial change of circumstances on the part of the obligor or obligee as described in this section; or
 - (b) an adjustment is made as described in this section or Section 81-6-213.

- (2) If the prior child support order contains a stipulated provision for the automatic adjustment for prospective child support, the prospective child support is the amount as stated in the order, without a showing of a substantial change of circumstances, if the stipulated provision:
 - (a) is clear and unambiguous;
 - (b) is self-executing;
 - (c) provides for child support that equals or exceeds the base child support award required by the child support guidelines; and
 - (d) does not allow a decrease in child support as a result of the obligor's voluntary reduction of income.
- (3)
 - (a) A parent, legal guardian, or the office may, at any time, petition the court to adjust the amount of a child support order if there has been a substantial change in circumstances.
 - (b) A change in the child support tables is not a substantial change in circumstances for the purposes of Subsection (3)(a).
 - (c) For purposes of this Subsection (3)(a), a substantial change in circumstances may include:
 - (i) material changes in custody;
 - (ii) material changes in the relative wealth or assets of the parties;
 - (iii) material changes of 30% or more in the income of a parent;
 - (iv) material changes in the employment potential and ability of a parent to earn;
 - (v) material changes in the medical needs of the child; or
 - (vi) material changes in the legal responsibilities of either parent for the support of others.
- (4) Upon receiving a petition under Subsection (3)(a), the court shall, taking into account the best interests of the child:
 - (a) determine whether a substantial change has occurred;
 - (b) if a substantial change has occurred, determine whether the change results in a difference of 15% or more between the obligor's ordered support amount and the obligor's support amount that would be required under the child support guidelines; and
 - (c) adjust the obligor's ordered support amount to that which is provided for in the child support guidelines if:
 - (i) there is a difference of 15% or more; and
 - (ii) the difference is not of a temporary nature.
- (5)
 - (a) If a child support order has not been issued or modified within the previous three years, a parent, legal guardian, or the office may move the court to adjust the amount of a child support order.
 - (b) Upon receiving a motion under Subsection (5)(a), the court shall, taking into account the best interests of the child:
 - (i) determine whether there is a difference between the obligor's ordered support amount and the obligor's support amount that would be required under the child support guidelines; and
 - (ii) if there is a difference as described in Subsection (5)(b)(i), adjust the obligor's ordered support amount to the obligor's support amount provided in the child support guidelines if:
 - (A) the difference is 10% or more;
 - (B) the difference is not of a temporary nature; and
 - (C) the order adjusting the obligor's ordered support amount does not deviate from the child support guidelines.
 - (c) A showing of a substantial change in circumstances is not necessary for an adjustment under this Subsection (5).

Enacted by Chapter 366, 2024 General Session

81-6-213 Adjustment to child support when child becomes emancipated.

- (1) Except as otherwise provided in the child support order, the base child support award is automatically adjusted to the base child support award for the remaining number of children due child support, without the need to modify the most recent child support order by a court, when a child:
 - (a) becomes 18 years old or graduates from high school during the child's normal and expected year of graduation, whichever occurs later;
 - (b) dies, marries, becomes a member of the armed forces of the United States; or
 - (c) is emancipated in accordance with Title 80, Chapter 7, Emancipation.
- (2) The base child support award is adjusted as described in Subsection (1) by using the child support table that was used to establish the most recent child support order and by using the income of the parties as specified in the most recent child support order or the worksheets.
- (3) The base child support award may not be reduced by a per child amount derived from the base child support award originally ordered.
- (4) If the incomes of the parties are not specified in the most recent child support order or the worksheets, the information regarding the incomes is not consistent, or the order deviates from the child support guidelines, the base child support award is not automatically adjusted under Subsection (1) and the child support order will continue until modified by the issuing tribunal.
- (5) If the child support order is deviated and the parties subsequently obtain a court order that adjusts the amount of child support back to the date of the emancipation of the child, the office may not be required to repay any difference in the child support collected during the interim.

Enacted by Chapter 366, 2024 General Session

81-6-214 Accountability of support provided to benefit child -- Accounting.

- (1) The court or administrative agency that issues the initial or modified order for child support may, upon the petition of the obligor, order prospectively the obligee to furnish an accounting of amounts provided for the child's benefit to the obligor, including an accounting or receipts.
- (2) The court or administrative agency may prescribe the frequency and the form of the accounting, including receipts.
- (3) The obligor may petition for the accounting only if current on all child support that has been ordered.

Renumbered and Amended by Chapter 366, 2024 General Session

Part 3
Child Support Tables

81-6-301 Definitions for part.

Reserved.

Enacted by Chapter 366, 2024 General Session

81-6-304 Based combined child support obligation table -- Both parents -- Child support orders entered on or after January 1, 2023.

The following table is used to:

- (1) establish a child support order entered for the first time on or after January 1, 2023;
- (2) modify a child support order entered for the first time on or after January 1, 2023;
- (3) modify a temporary judicial child support order established on or before December 31, 2022, if the new order is entered on or after January 1, 2023; or
- (4) modify a final child support order entered on or before December 31, 2022, if the modification is made on or after January 1, 2025.

Combined Monthly Adjusted Gross Income		Number of Children					
		1	2	3	4	5	6
From	To						
1,951 -	2,000	366					
2,001 -	2,100	385					
2,101 -	2,200	399					
2,201 -	2,300	410	628	728			
2,301 -	2,400	420	652	756	843	927	
2,401 -	2,500	431	676	784	874	961	1,046
2,501 -	2,600	443	700	811	904	995	1,082
2,601 -	2,700	453	723	838	934	1,028	1,118
2,701 -	2,800	464	747	865	964	1,060	1,154
2,801 -	2,900	475	770	891	994	1,093	1,189
2,901 -	3,000	485	794	918	1,024	1,126	1,225
3,001 -	3,100	496	817	945	1,054	1,159	1,261
3,101 -	3,200	508	838	970	1,081	1,189	1,294
3,201 -	3,300	518	859	994	1,108	1,219	1,326
3,301 -	3,400	529	881	1,018	1,135	1,248	1,358
3,401 -	3,500	539	902	1,042	1,162	1,278	1,391
3,501 -	3,600	548	923	1,066	1,189	1,308	1,423
3,601 -	3,700	555	944	1,090	1,216	1,337	1,455
3,701 -	3,800	564	965	1,115	1,243	1,367	1,487
3,801 -	3,900	573	985	1,138	1,269	1,396	1,519
3,901 -	4,000	581	1,004	1,160	1,294	1,423	1,548

4,001 -	4,100	590	1,024	1,182	1,318	1,450	1,577
4,101 -	4,200	599	1,043	1,204	1,342	1,477	1,607
4,201 -	4,300	608	1,062	1,226	1,367	1,503	1,636
4,301 -	4,400	616	1,081	1,248	1,391	1,530	1,665
4,401 -	4,500	624	1,101	1,270	1,416	1,557	1,694
4,501 -	4,600	633	1,119	1,291	1,439	1,583	1,722
4,601 -	4,700	641	1,133	1,306	1,456	1,601	1,742
4,701 -	4,800	650	1,147	1,321	1,473	1,620	1,762
4,801 -	4,900	659	1,161	1,336	1,489	1,638	1,783
4,901 -	5,000	668	1,175	1,351	1,506	1,657	1,803
5,001 -	5,100	676	1,189	1,366	1,523	1,675	1,823
5,101 -	5,200	684	1,203	1,381	1,540	1,694	1,843
5,201 -	5,300	693	1,217	1,396	1,557	1,712	1,863
5,301 -	5,400	701	1,227	1,408	1,570	1,726	1,878
5,401 -	5,500	710	1,238	1,419	1,582	1,741	1,894
5,501 -	5,600	719	1,248	1,431	1,595	1,755	1,909
5,601 -	5,700	728	1,259	1,442	1,608	1,769	1,925
5,701 -	5,800	733	1,269	1,454	1,621	1,783	1,940
5,801 -	5,900	739	1,280	1,465	1,634	1,797	1,956
5,901 -	6,000	745	1,290	1,477	1,647	1,812	1,971
6,001 -	6,100	751	1,302	1,490	1,661	1,827	1,988
6,101 -	6,200	756	1,313	1,503	1,676	1,843	2,005
6,201 -	6,300	763	1,325	1,516	1,690	1,859	2,023
6,301 -	6,400	769	1,336	1,528	1,704	1,874	2,039
6,401 -	6,500	775	1,347	1,540	1,717	1,889	2,055
6,501 -	6,600	780	1,358	1,553	1,731	1,904	2,072
6,601 -	6,700	786	1,369	1,565	1,745	1,919	2,088
6,701 -	6,800	786	1,380	1,577	1,759	1,934	2,105
6,801 -	6,900	841	1,391	1,590	1,772	1,950	2,121
6,901 -	7,000	850	1,402	1,602	1,786	1,965	2,138
7,001 -	7,100	859	1,413	1,614	1,800	1,980	2,154
7,101 -	7,200	868	1,417	1,618	1,804	1,985	2,159

7,201 -	7,300	876	1,420	1,621	1,807	1,988	2,163
7,301 -	7,400	883	1,423	1,624	1,811	1,992	2,167
7,401 -	7,500	888	1,426	1,627	1,814	1,996	2,171
7,501 -	7,600	894	1,429	1,630	1,818	1,999	2,175
7,601 -	7,700	899	1,432	1,633	1,821	2,003	2,179
7,701 -	7,800	904	1,436	1,636	1,824	2,007	2,184
7,801 -	7,900	910	1,439	1,639	1,828	2,011	2,188
7,901 -	8,000	915	1,442	1,642	1,831	2,014	2,192
8,001 -	8,100	921	1,445	1,646	1,835	2,018	2,196
8,101 -	8,200	926	1,448	1,649	1,838	2,022	2,200
8,201 -	8,300	933	1,451	1,652	1,842	2,026	2,204
8,301 -	8,400	938	1,454	1,655	1,845	2,029	2,208
8,401 -	8,500	944	1,460	1,661	1,852	2,037	2,216
8,501 -	8,600	949	1,475	1,678	1,871	2,058	2,240
8,601 -	8,700	954	1,491	1,696	1,891	2,080	2,263
8,701 -	8,800	960	1,506	1,714	1,911	2,102	2,287
8,801 -	8,900	965	1,522	1,732	1,931	2,124	2,311
8,901 -	9,000	971	1,537	1,749	1,951	2,146	2,334
9,001 -	9,100	976	1,553	1,767	1,970	2,167	2,358
9,101 -	9,200	983	1,568	1,785	1,990	2,189	2,382
9,201 -	9,300	988	1,584	1,803	2,010	2,211	2,405
9,301 -	9,400	994	1,599	1,820	2,030	2,233	2,429
9,401 -	9,500	999	1,614	1,838	2,049	2,254	2,453
9,501 -	9,600	1,004	1,630	1,856	2,069	2,276	2,477
9,601 -	9,700	1,010	1,645	1,874	2,089	2,298	2,500
9,701 -	9,800	1,015	1,661	1,891	2,109	2,320	2,524
9,801 -	9,900	1,021	1,673	1,905	2,124	2,336	2,542
9,901 -	10,000	1,026	1,683	1,917	2,137	2,351	2,557
10,001 -	10,100	1,033	1,694	1,928	2,150	2,365	2,573
10,101 -	10,200	1,039	1,704	1,940	2,163	2,379	2,589
10,201 -	10,300	1,045	1,715	1,951	2,176	2,394	2,604
10,301 -	10,400	1,051	1,725	1,963	2,189	2,408	2,620

10,401 -	10,500	1,058	1,736	1,975	2,202	2,422	2,635
10,501 -	10,600	1,064	1,746	1,986	2,215	2,436	2,651
10,601 -	10,700	1,070	1,757	1,998	2,228	2,451	2,666
10,701 -	10,800	1,077	1,767	2,010	2,241	2,465	2,682
10,801 -	10,900	1,083	1,778	2,021	2,254	2,479	2,697
10,901 -	11,000	1,090	1,788	2,033	2,267	2,494	2,713
11,001 -	11,100	1,096	1,799	2,045	2,280	2,508	2,729
11,101 -	11,200	1,103	1,809	2,056	2,293	2,522	2,744
11,201 -	11,300	1,109	1,820	2,068	2,306	2,537	2,760
11,301 -	11,400	1,116	1,830	2,080	2,319	2,551	2,775
11,401 -	11,500	1,123	1,841	2,091	2,332	2,565	2,791
11,501 -	11,600	1,129	1,851	2,103	2,345	2,579	2,806
11,601 -	11,700	1,136	1,862	2,115	2,358	2,594	2,822
11,701 -	11,800	1,143	1,872	2,126	2,371	2,608	2,838
11,801 -	11,900	1,150	1,882	2,138	2,383	2,622	2,852
11,901 -	12,000	1,157	1,892	2,148	2,395	2,635	2,867
12,001 -	12,100	1,164	1,901	2,159	2,407	2,648	2,881
12,101 -	12,200	1,171	1,910	2,170	2,419	2,661	2,895
12,201 -	12,300	1,178	1,919	2,180	2,431	2,674	2,910
12,301 -	12,400	1,185	1,929	2,191	2,443	2,687	2,924
12,401 -	12,500	1,192	1,938	2,202	2,455	2,700	2,938
12,501 -	12,600	1,199	1,947	2,212	2,467	2,714	2,952
12,601 -	12,700	1,206	1,956	2,223	2,479	2,727	2,967
12,701 -	12,800	1,213	1,966	2,234	2,491	2,740	2,981
12,801 -	12,900	1,220	1,975	2,245	2,503	2,753	2,995
12,901 -	13,000	1,227	1,984	2,255	2,514	2,766	3,009
13,001 -	13,100	1,233	1,993	2,265	2,525	2,778	3,022
13,101 -	13,200	1,239	2,001	2,275	2,536	2,790	3,035
13,201 -	13,300	1,245	2,010	2,285	2,547	2,802	3,049
13,301 -	13,400	1,250	2,018	2,294	2,558	2,814	3,062
13,401 -	13,500	1,256	2,027	2,304	2,569	2,826	3,075
13,501 -	13,600	1,262	2,035	2,314	2,580	2,838	3,088

13,601 -	13,700	1,267	2,044	2,324	2,591	2,850	3,101
13,701 -	13,800	1,273	2,052	2,334	2,602	2,862	3,114
13,801 -	13,900	1,279	2,061	2,344	2,613	2,875	3,127
13,901 -	14,000	1,284	2,069	2,354	2,624	2,887	3,141
14,001 -	14,100	1,290	2,078	2,363	2,635	2,899	3,154
14,101 -	14,200	1,296	2,087	2,373	2,646	2,911	3,167
14,201 -	14,300	1,301	2,095	2,383	2,657	2,923	3,180
14,301 -	14,400	1,306	2,104	2,393	2,668	2,935	3,193
14,401 -	14,500	1,312	2,112	2,403	2,679	2,947	3,206
14,501 -	14,600	1,317	2,121	2,413	2,690	2,959	3,220
14,601 -	14,700	1,323	2,129	2,423	2,701	2,971	3,233
14,701 -	14,800	1,329	2,138	2,432	2,712	2,983	3,246
14,801 -	14,900	1,334	2,146	2,442	2,723	2,995	3,259
14,901 -	15,000	1,340	2,155	2,452	2,734	3,008	3,272
15,001 -	15,100	1,345	2,163	2,461	2,744	3,018	3,284
15,101 -	15,200	1,351	2,170	2,469	2,752	3,028	3,294
15,201 -	15,300	1,357	2,177	2,476	2,761	3,037	3,304
15,301 -	15,400	1,362	2,184	2,484	2,769	3,046	3,314
15,401 -	15,500	1,368	2,191	2,491	2,778	3,056	3,325
15,501 -	15,600	1,373	2,198	2,499	2,786	3,065	3,335
15,601 -	15,700	1,379	2,205	2,507	2,795	3,074	3,345
15,701 -	15,800	1,384	2,211	2,514	2,803	3,084	3,355
15,801 -	15,900	1,390	2,218	2,522	2,812	3,093	3,365
15,901 -	16,000	1,395	2,225	2,529	2,820	3,102	3,375
16,001 -	16,100	1,401	2,232	2,537	2,829	3,112	3,385
16,101 -	16,200	1,407	2,239	2,545	2,837	3,121	3,396
16,201 -	16,300	1,412	2,246	2,552	2,846	3,130	3,406
16,301 -	16,400	1,418	2,253	2,560	2,854	3,140	3,416
16,401 -	16,500	1,423	2,260	2,567	2,863	3,149	3,426
16,501 -	16,600	1,429	2,267	2,575	2,871	3,158	3,436
16,601 -	16,700	1,434	2,274	2,583	2,880	3,168	3,446
16,701 -	16,800	1,440	2,281	2,590	2,888	3,177	3,457

16,801 -	16,900	1,445	2,288	2,598	2,897	3,186	3,467
16,901 -	17,000	1,451	2,295	2,605	2,905	3,196	3,477
17,001 -	17,100	1,456	2,302	2,613	2,914	3,205	3,487
17,101 -	17,200	1,462	2,309	2,621	2,922	3,214	3,497
17,201 -	17,300	1,467	2,316	2,628	2,931	3,224	3,507
17,301 -	17,400	1,473	2,323	2,636	2,939	3,233	3,517
17,401 -	17,500	1,478	2,330	2,643	2,947	3,242	3,528
17,501 -	17,600	1,483	2,337	2,651	2,956	3,252	3,538
17,601 -	17,700	1,489	2,344	2,659	2,964	3,261	3,548
17,701 -	17,800	1,494	2,351	2,666	2,973	3,270	3,558
17,801 -	17,900	1,499	2,358	2,674	2,981	3,280	3,568
17,901 -	18,000	1,505	2,365	2,682	2,990	3,289	3,578
18,001 -	18,100	1,510	2,372	2,689	2,998	3,298	3,588
18,101 -	18,200	1,516	2,379	2,697	3,007	3,308	3,599
18,201 -	18,300	1,520	2,386	2,704	3,015	3,317	3,609
18,301 -	18,400	1,525	2,392	2,712	3,024	3,326	3,619
18,401 -	18,500	1,530	2,399	2,720	3,032	3,336	3,629
18,501 -	18,600	1,535	2,406	2,727	3,041	3,345	3,639
18,601 -	18,700	1,540	2,413	2,735	3,049	3,354	3,649
18,701 -	18,800	1,545	2,420	2,742	3,058	3,364	3,659
18,801 -	18,900	1,550	2,427	2,750	3,066	3,373	3,670
18,901 -	19,000	1,555	2,434	2,758	3,075	3,382	3,680
19,001 -	19,100	1,560	2,441	2,765	3,083	3,391	3,690
19,101 -	19,200	1,565	2,448	2,773	3,092	3,401	3,700
19,201 -	19,300	1,570	2,455	2,780	3,100	3,410	3,710
19,301 -	19,400	1,575	2,462	2,788	3,109	3,419	3,720
19,401 -	19,500	1,580	2,469	2,796	3,117	3,429	3,731
19,501 -	19,600	1,585	2,476	2,803	3,126	3,438	3,741
19,601 -	19,700	1,590	2,483	2,811	3,134	3,447	3,751
19,701 -	19,800	1,595	2,490	2,818	3,143	3,457	3,761
19,801 -	19,900	1,600	2,497	2,826	3,151	3,466	3,771
19,901 -	20,000	1,605	2,504	2,834	3,159	3,475	3,781

20,001 -	22,000	1,766	2,754	3,117	3,475	3,822	4,159
22,001 -	24,000	1,926	3,005	3,401	3,791	4,170	4,537
24,001 -	26,000	2,087	3,255	3,684	4,107	4,518	4,915
26,001 -	28,000	2,247	3,506	3,968	4,423	4,865	5,293
28,001 -	30,000	2,408	3,756	4,251	4,739	5,213	5,672
30,001 -	32,000	2,508	3,916	4,451	4,979	5,473	5,952
32,001 -	34,000	2,608	4,076	4,651	5,219	5,733	6,232
34,001 -	36,000	2,708	4,236	4,851	5,459	5,993	6,512
36,001 -	38,000	2,808	4,396	5,051	5,699	6,253	6,792
38,001 -	40,000	2,908	4,556	5,251	5,939	6,513	7,072
40,001 -	42,000	3,008	4,716	5,451	6,179	6,773	7,352
42,001 -	44,000	3,108	4,876	5,651	6,419	7,033	7,632
44,001 -	46,000	3,208	5,036	5,851	6,659	7,293	7,912
46,001 -	48,000	3,308	5,196	6,051	6,899	7,553	8,192
48,001 -	50,000	3,408	5,356	6,251	7,139	7,813	8,472
50,001 -	52,000	3,508	5,476	6,391	7,299	7,993	8,672
52,001 -	54,000	3,608	5,596	6,531	7,459	8,173	8,872
54,001 -	56,000	3,708	5,716	6,671	7,619	8,353	9,072
56,001 -	58,000	3,808	5,836	6,811	7,779	8,533	9,272
58,001 -	60,000	3,908	5,956	6,951	7,939	8,713	9,472
60,001 -	62,000	4,008	6,076	7,091	8,099	8,893	9,672
62,001 -	64,000	4,108	6,196	7,231	8,259	9,073	9,872
64,001 -	66,000	4,208	6,316	7,371	8,419	9,253	10,072
66,001 -	68,000	4,308	6,436	7,511	8,579	9,433	10,272
68,001 -	70,000	4,408	6,556	7,651	8,739	9,613	10,472
70,001 -	72,000	4,508	6,676	7,791	8,899	9,793	10,672
72,001 -	74,000	4,608	6,796	7,931	9,059	9,973	10,872
74,001 -	76,000	4,708	6,916	8,071	9,219	10,153	11,072
76,001 -	78,000	4,808	7,036	8,211	9,379	10,333	11,272
78,001 -	80,000	4,908	7,156	8,351	9,539	10,513	11,472
80,001 -	82,000	5,008	7,276	8,491	9,699	10,693	11,672
82,001 -	84,000	5,108	7,396	8,631	9,859	10,873	11,872

84,001 -	86,000	5,208	7,516	8,771	10,019	11,053	12,072
86,001 -	88,000	5,308	7,636	8,911	10,179	11,233	12,272
88,001 -	90,000	5,408	7,756	9,051	10,339	11,413	12,472
90,001 -	92,000	5,508	7,876	9,191	10,499	11,593	12,672
92,001 -	94,000	5,608	7,996	9,331	10,659	11,773	12,872
94,001 -	96,000	5,708	8,116	9,471	10,819	11,953	13,072
96,001 -	98,000	5,808	8,236	9,611	10,979	12,133	13,272
98,001 -	100,000	5,908	8,356	9,751	11,139	12,313	13,472

Renumbered and Amended by Chapter 366, 2024 General Session

81-6-305 Low income table -- Obligor parent only -- Child support orders entered on or after January 1, 2023.

The following table is used to:

- (1) establish a child support order entered for the first time on or after January 1, 2023;
- (2) modify a child support order entered for the first time on or after January 1, 2023;
- (3) modify a temporary judicial child support order established on or before December 31, 2022, if the new order is entered on or after January 1, 2023; or
- (4) modify a final child support order entered on or before December 31, 2022, if the modification is made on or after January 1, 2025.

Individual Monthly Adjusted Gross Income		Number of Children					
		1	2	3	4	5	6
From	To						
0 -	50	30	30	30	30	30	30
51 -	100	30	40	50	50	50	50
101 -	150	30	50	75	75	75	75
151 -	750	30	55	75	90	100	105
751 -	1,256	60	111	151	181	201	211
1,257 -	1,270	75	138	189	226	251	264
1,271 -	1,280	76	140	191	229	254	267
1,281 -	1,290	77	141	192	231	256	269
1,291 -	1,300	77	142	194	232	258	271
1,301 -	1,310	78	143	195	234	260	273
1,311 -	1,320	79	144	197	236	262	275

1,321 -	1,330	79	145	198	238	264	277
1,331 -	1,340	80	146	200	240	266	280
1,341 -	1,350	80	148	201	241	268	282
1,351 -	1,360	95	162	216	257	284	297
1,361 -	1,370	95	163	218	259	286	299
1,371 -	1,380	96	165	219	260	288	302
1,381 -	1,390	97	166	221	262	290	304
1,391 -	1,400	97	167	223	264	292	306
1,401 -	1,410	98	168	224	266	294	308
1,411 -	1,420	113	183	240	282	310	325
1,421 -	1,430	114	185	242	284	313	327
1,431 -	1,440	114	186	243	286	315	329
1,441 -	1,450	115	187	245	288	317	331
1,451 -	1,460	116	189	247	290	319	334
1,461 -	1,470	131	205	263	307	336	351
1,471 -	1,480	132	206	265	309	338	353
1,481 -	1,490	133	207	267	311	341	355
1,491 -	1,500	134	209	268	313	343	358
1,501 -	1,510	135	210	270	315	345	360
1,511 -	1,520	151	227	287	332	363	378
1,521 -	1,530	152	228	289	335	365	380
1,531 -	1,540	153	230	291	337	367	383
1,541 -	1,550	154	231	293	339	370	385
1,551 -	1,560	155	233	295	341	372	388
1,561 -	1,570	172	250	312	359	390	406
1,571 -	1,580	173	251	314	361	393	408
1,581 -	1,590	174	253	316	364	395	411
1,591 -	1,600	175	255	318	366	398	414
1,601 -	1,610	176	256	320	368	400	416
1,611 -	1,620	193	274	338	387	419	435
1,621 -	1,630	195	276	340	389	421	438
1,631 -	1,640	196	277	343	391	424	440

1,641 -	1,650	197	279	345	394	427	443
1,651 -	1,660	198	281	347	396	429	446
1,661 -	1,670	216	299	365	415	448	465
1,671 -	1,680	217	301	368	418	451	468
1,681 -	1,690	219	303	370	420	454	471
1,691 -	1,700	220	304	372	423	457	473
1,701 -	1,710	221	306	374	425	459	476
1,711 -	1,720	240	325	394	445	479	496
1,721 -	1,730	241	327	396	447	482	499
1,731 -	1,740	242	329	398	450	485	502
1,741 -	1,750	244	331	400	453	487	505
1,751 -	1,760	245	333	403	455	490	508
1,761 -	1,770	264	352	423	475	511	528
1,771 -	1,780	266	354	425	478	514	531
1,781 -	1,790	267	356	427	481	516	534
1,791 -	1,800	269	358	430	484	519	537
1,801 -	1,810	270	360	432	486	522	540
1,811 -	1,820	290	380	453	507	543	561
1,821 -	1,830	291	382	455	510	546	565
1,831 -	1,840	293	385	458	513	549	568
1,841 -	1,850	295	387	460	515	552	571
1,851 -	1,860	296	389	463	518	555	574
1,861 -	1,870	316	409	484	540	577	596
1,871 -	1,880	318	412	486	543	580	599
1,881 -	1,890	320	414	489	545	583	602
1,891 -	1,900	321	416	492	548	586	605
1,901 -	1,910	323	418	494	551	589	608
1,911 -	1,920	344	440	516	573	612	631
1,921 -	1,930	346	442	519	576	615	634
1,931 -	1,940	348	444	521	579	618	637
1,941 -	1,950	349	446	524	582	621	641
1,951 -	1,960	351	449	527	585	624	644

1,961 -	1,970		471	549	608	647	667
1,971 -	1,980		473	552	611	650	670
1,981 -	1,990		475	555	614	654	674
1,991 -	2,000		478	557	617	657	677
2,001 -	2,050		480	560	620	660	680
2,051 -	2,100		513	595	656	697	718
2,101 -	2,150		546	630	693	735	756
2,151 -	2,200		581	667	731	774	796
2,201 -	2,250		616	704	770	814	836
2,251 -	2,300				810	855	878
2,301 -	2,350					897	920
2,351 -	2,400						964
2,401 -	2,450						1,008

Renumbered and Amended by Chapter 366, 2024 General Session

Part 4
Child Support Guidelines Advisory Committee

81-6-401 Definitions for part.

As used in this part, "advisory committee" means the Child Support Guidelines Advisory Committee.

Enacted by Chapter 366, 2024 General Session

81-6-402 Creation of advisory committee.

- (1)
 - (a) There is created the advisory committee known as the "Child Support Guidelines Advisory Committee."
 - (b) The governor shall appoint the 11 members of the advisory committee as follows:
 - (i) one representative recommended by the Office of Recovery Services;
 - (ii) one representative recommended by the Judicial Council;
 - (iii) two representatives recommended by the Utah State Bar Association;
 - (iv) two representatives of noncustodial parents;
 - (v) two representatives of custodial parents;
 - (vi) one representative with expertise in economics; and
 - (vii) two representatives from diverse interests related to child support issues and who are not members of the Utah State Bar Association, as the governor may consider appropriate.
- (2)
 - (a) The term of a member of the advisory committee is four years.

- (b) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the governor shall appoint a replacement for the unexpired term of the member.
 - (c) The governor may appoint a member of the advisory committee to more than one term.
- (3)
- (a) Six members of the advisory committee constitute a quorum.
 - (b) The vote of a majority of a quorum present is an action of the advisory committee.
- (4) The advisory committee shall elect two members to serve as cochair of the advisory committee for a term of one year.
- (5) The advisory committee shall meet at the time and place designated by the cochair.

Renumbered and Amended by Chapter 366, 2024 General Session

81-6-403 Duties -- Report -- Staff.

- (1) The advisory committee shall review the child support guidelines to ensure the application of the guidelines results in the determination of appropriate child support award amounts.
- (2) The advisory committee shall submit, in accordance with Section 68-3-14, a written report to the Judiciary Interim Committee on or before October 1, 2021, and then on or before October 1 of every fourth year subsequently.
- (3) The advisory committee's report shall include recommendations of the majority of the advisory committee, as well as specific recommendations of individual members of the advisory committee.
- (4) Staff for the advisory committee shall be provided from the existing budget of the Department of Health and Human Services.

Renumbered and Amended by Chapter 366, 2024 General Session

81-6-404 Expenses for per diem and travel.

A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:

- (1) Section 63A-3-106;
- (2) Section 63A-3-107; and
- (3) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and 63A-3-107.

Renumbered and Amended by Chapter 366, 2024 General Session