

Title IR1. Committee and Task Force Organization and Structure

Chapter 1 General Provisions and Organization

Part 1 General Provisions

IR1-1-101 Definitions.

As used in this title:

- (1)
 - (a) "Interim committee" means a committee established in IR1-1-201 that is composed of members of the Senate and House, meeting jointly.
 - (b) "Interim committee" does not mean a standing committee as designated in SR3-2-201 and HR3-2-201.
- (2) "Special committee" means a legislative committee or task force that is not an interim committee.
- (3) "Subcommittee" means a subsidiary unit of an interim committee or special committee.

Part 2 Organization

IR1-1-201 Interim committees established -- Membership -- Chairs -- Chair duties.

- (1) The president of the Senate and the speaker of the House shall:
 - (a) appoint members from their respective chambers to serve on the following joint interim committees:
 - (i) Business and Labor Interim Committee;
 - (ii) Economic Development and Workforce Services Interim Committee;
 - (iii) Education Interim Committee;
 - (iv) Government Operations Interim Committee;
 - (v) Health and Human Services Interim Committee;
 - (vi) Judiciary Interim Committee;
 - (vii) Law Enforcement and Criminal Justice Interim Committee;
 - (viii) Natural Resources, Agriculture, and Environment Interim Committee;
 - (ix) Political Subdivisions Interim Committee;
 - (x) Public Utilities, Energy, and Technology Interim Committee;
 - (xi) Retirement and Independent Entities Interim Committee;
 - (xii) Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee; and
 - (xiii) Transportation Interim Committee; and
 - (b) appoint one member from their chamber to serve as cochair of each interim committee.
- (2) The chairs of each interim committee, meeting jointly, shall:
 - (a) determine the agenda for committee meetings;
 - (b) assist and give direction to staff in the conduct of the committee's business; and
 - (c) perform other duties assigned by the committee.

IR1-1-202 Interim committees -- Creation and organization of subcommittees.

- (1) An interim committee may establish one or more subcommittees if:
 - (a) a majority of the interim committee votes to create the subcommittee;
 - (b) the compensation and expenses of the subcommittee members can be adequately covered within the budget of the interim committee; and
 - (c) the interim committee solicits and receives approval from the Legislative Management Committee to create the subcommittee.
- (2) The interim committee shall establish the powers and duties of the subcommittee.
- (3) The cochair of the interim committee shall:
 - (a) appoint at least four legislators to serve on the subcommittee from the membership of the interim committee that created the subcommittee; and
 - (b) appoint at least one additional legislator who is a member of the interim committee that created the subcommittee as chair of the subcommittee.

IR1-1-203 Special committees -- Creation and organization of subcommittees.

- (1) A special committee may not create a subcommittee unless:
 - (a) the legislation creating the special committee authorizes the creation of a subcommittee; and
 - (b) the compensation and expenses of the subcommittee members can be adequately covered from the budget of the special committee.
- (2) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), a special committee may create a subcommittee if:
 - (a) the legislation creating the special committee does not explicitly prohibit the creation of a subcommittee;
 - (b) the Legislative Management Committee approves creation of the subcommittee; and
 - (c) the compensation and expenses of the subcommittee members can be adequately covered from the budget of the special committee.