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1	REGULATION OF YOUTH EMPLOYMENT
2	1998 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Sponsor: LeRay McAllister
5	AN ACT RELATING TO LABOR; AMENDING PROVISIONS RELATED TO
6	EMPLOYMENT OF MINORS OVER 16 YEARS OF AGE; AND MAKING TECHNICAL
7	CORRECTIONS.
8	This act affects sections of Utah Code Annotated 1953 as follows:
9	AMENDS:
10	34-23-202, as renumbered and amended by Chapter 8, Laws of Utah 1990
11	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
12	Section 1. Section 34-23-202 is amended to read:
13	34-23-202. Employment of minors during school hours Hours of work limited.
14	(1) A minor under the age of 16 may not be employed or permitted to work during school
15	hours except as authorized by the proper school authorities.
16	(2) A minor under the age of 16 may not be permitted to work:
17	(a) before or after school in excess of four hours a day;
18	(b) before 5:00 a.m. or after 9:30 p.m., unless the next day is not a school day;
19	(c) in excess of eight hours in any 24-hour period; or
20	(d) more than 40 hours in any week.
21	(3) A minor 16 years of age or older attending secondary school may not be permitted to
22	work:
23	(a) before or after school in excess of four hours a day, unless the next day is not a school
24	<u>day;</u>
25	(b) before 5 a.m.; or
26	(c) after:
27	(i) the curfew imposed by ordinance by the municipality where the employer is located;

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1	<u>or</u>
2	(ii) if the municipality where the employer is located has not imposed a curfew:
3	(A) 11:00 p.m. if the next day is a school day; and
4	(B) 1:00 a.m. if the next day is not a school day.
5	(4) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(c)(i), if the ordinance imposing a curfew does not
6	allow for travel from a place of employment to a minor's residence after the curfew, a minor 16
7	years of age or older attending secondary school may not be permitted to work after 30 minutes
8	before the curfew imposed by the municipality.

Legislative Review Note as of 1-8-98 7:43 AM

A limited legal review of this bill raises no obvious constitutional or statutory concerns.

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel