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1	RETENTION PROCEEDS FOR CONSTRUCTION
2	PROJECTS
3	1999 GENERAL SESSION
4	STATE OF UTAH
5	Sponsor: Susan J. Koehn
6	AN ACT RELATING TO COMMERCE AND TRADE; PROVIDING DEFINITIONS;
7	SPECIFYING LIMITS TO THE AMOUNT OF RETENTION PROCEEDS WITHHELD IN
8	CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS; REQUIRING ALLOWABLE RETENTION PROCEEDS TO BE
9	DEPOSITED IN AN INTEREST-BEARING ESCROW ACCOUNT; PROVIDING
10	STANDARDS FOR REQUIRING RELEASE OF ANY RETENTION PROCEEDS;
11	CLARIFYING APPLICABILITY OF PROVISIONS TO PUBLIC AGENCIES; PROVIDING
12	ATTORNEYS' FEES TO THE PREVAILING PARTY; ADDRESSING PERIODIC
13	PAYMENTS; AND MAKING TECHNICAL CHANGES.
14	This act affects sections of Utah Code Annotated 1953 as follows:
15	AMENDS:
16	10-7-20, as last amended by Chapter 270, Laws of Utah 1998
17	10-8-14, as last amended by Chapter 60, Laws of Utah 1983
18	10-8-18, as last amended by Chapter 60, Laws of Utah 1983
19	10-8-20, as last amended by Chapter 60, Laws of Utah 1983
20	10-8-37, as last amended by Chapter 60, Laws of Utah 1983
21	10-8-38, as last amended by Chapter 60, Laws of Utah 1983
22	10-8-71, as last amended by Chapter 60, Laws of Utah 1983
23	17-5-232, as renumbered and amended by Chapter 147, Laws of Utah 1994
24	17-5-237, as renumbered and amended by Chapter 147, Laws of Utah 1994
25	17-5-239, as renumbered and amended by Chapter 147, Laws of Utah 1994
26	17-15-3, as last amended by Chapter 265, Laws of Utah 1995
27	17A-2-328, as last amended by Chapter 16, Laws of Utah 1998

28	17A-2-531, as renumbered and amended by Chapter 186, Laws of Utah 1990
29	17A-2-1016, as last amended by Chapter 120, Laws of Utah 1994
30	17A-3-209, as renumbered and amended by Chapter 186, Laws of Utah 1990
31	17A-3-309, as renumbered and amended by Chapter 186, Laws of Utah 1990
32	38-1-2, Utah Code Annotated 1953
33	58-55-602, as renumbered and amended by Chapter 181, Laws of Utah 1994
34	63-56-3, as last amended by Chapter 232, Laws of Utah 1993
35	63A-5-205, as last amended by Chapter 99, Laws of Utah 1998
36	72-6-107, as renumbered and amended by Chapter 270, Laws of Utah 1998
37	72-6-108, as renumbered and amended by Chapter 270, Laws of Utah 1998
38	73-10-8, as last amended by Chapter 264, Laws of Utah 1996
39	73-10-27, as last amended by Chapter 218, Laws of Utah 1987
40	ENACTS:
41	13-8-5, Utah Code Annotated 1953
42	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
43	Section 1. Section 10-7-20 is amended to read:
44	10-7-20. Definition Necessity for contract Call for bids Acceptance or rejection
45	Retainage escrow.
46	(1) As used in this section, the term "lowest responsible bidder" means any prime
47	contractor who:
48	(a) has bid in compliance with the invitation to bid and within the requirements of the
49	plans and specifications for a construction project;
50	(b) is the low bidder;
51	(c) has furnished a bid bond or equivalent in money as a condition to the award of a prime
52	contract; and
53	(d) furnishes a payment and performance bond as required by law.
54	(2) (a) Whenever the board of commissioners or city council of any city or the board of
55	trustees of any town contemplates making any new improvement to be paid for out of the general
56	funds of the city or town, the governing body shall cause plans and specifications for, and an
57	estimate of the cost of, the improvement to be made.
58	(b) If the estimated cost of the improvement is less than \$25,000, the city or town may

make the improvement without calling for bids for making the same.

(c) (i) If the estimated cost of the proposed improvement exceeds \$25,000, the city or town shall, if it determines to make the improvement, do so by contract let to the lowest responsible bidder after publication of notice at least twice in a newspaper published or of general circulation in that city or town at least five days prior to the opening of bids.

- (ii) If there is no newspaper published or of general circulation in the city or town, the notice shall be posted at least five days prior to the opening of bids in at least five public places in the city or town. The notice shall remain posted for at least three days.
- (d) If the cost of a contemplated improvement exceeds the sum of \$25,000, the same shall not be so divided as to permit the making of such improvement in several parts, except by contract.
- (e) (i) The governing body has the right to reject any or all bids presented, and all notices calling for bids shall so state.
- (ii) If all bids are rejected and the governing body decides to make the improvement, it shall advertise anew in the same manner as before.
- (iii) If after twice advertising as provided in this section, no bid is received that is satisfactory, the governing body may proceed under its own direction to make the improvement.
- (3) [(a)] If any payment on a contract with a private person, firm, or corporation is retained or withheld, it shall be [placed in an interest-bearing account and the interest shall accrue for the benefit of the contractor and subcontractors to be paid after the project is completed and accepted by the board of commissioners or city council of the city, or the board of trustees of the town] retained or withheld and released as provided in Section 13-8-5.
- [(b) It is the responsibility of the contractor to ensure that any interest accrued on the retainage is distributed by the contractor to subcontractors on a pro rata basis.]
- (4) (a) Cities and towns are not required to call for bids or let contracts for the conduct or management of any of the departments, business, or property of the city or town, for lowering or repairing water mains or sewers, making connections with water mains or sewers, or for grading, repairing, or maintaining streets, sidewalks, bridges, culverts, or conduits in any city or town.
- (b) Work excluded under this Subsection (4) shall comply with Section 72-6-108 as applicable.
 - Section 2. Section **10-8-14** is amended to read:
 - 10-8-14. Water, sewer, gas, electricity, telephone and public transportation -- Service

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beyond city limits -- Retainage escrow.

- (1) They may construct, maintain and operate waterworks, sewer collection, sewer treatment systems, gas works, electric light works, telephone lines or public transportation systems, or authorize the construction, maintenance and operation of the same by others, or purchase or lease such works or systems from any person or corporation, and they may sell and deliver the surplus product or service capacity of any such works, not required by the city or its inhabitants, to others beyond the limits of the city.
- (2) If any payment on a contract with a private person, firm, or corporation to construct waterworks, sewer collection, sewer treatment systems, gas works, electric light works, telephone lines, or public transportation systems is retained or withheld, it shall be [placed in an interest bearing account and the interest shall accrue for the benefit of the contractor and subcontractors to be paid after the project is completed and accepted by the board of commissioners or city council of the city. It is the responsibility of the contractor to ensure that any interest accrued on the retainage is distributed by the contractor to subcontractors on a pro rata basis] retained or withheld and released as provided in Section 13-8-5.
 - Section 3. Section **10-8-18** is amended to read:

10-8-18. Acquisition of water sources -- Retainage escrow.

- (1) They may construct, purchase or lease and maintain canals, ditches, artesian wells and reservoirs, may appropriate, purchase or lease springs, streams or sources of water supply for the purpose of providing water for irrigation, domestic or other useful purposes; may prevent all waste of water flowing from artesian wells, and if necessary to secure sources of water supply, may purchase or lease land; they may also purchase, acquire or lease stock in canal companies and water companies for the purpose of providing water for the city and the inhabitants thereof.
- (2) If any payment on a contract with a private person, firm, or corporation to construct canals, ditches, artesian wells, or reservoirs is retained or withheld, it shall be [placed in an interest bearing account and the interest shall accrue for the benefit of the contractor and subcontractors to be paid after the project is completed and accepted by the board of commissioners or city council of the city. It is the responsibility of the contractor to ensure that any interest accrued on the retainage is distributed by the contractor to subcontractors on a pro rata basis] retained or withheld and released as provided in Section 13-8-5.
 - Section 4. Section **10-8-20** is amended to read:

10-8-20. Lighting works -- Contracts -- Retainage escrow.

(1) They may contract with and authorize any person, company or association to construct gas works, electric or other lighting works within the city, and give such persons, company or association the privilege of furnishing light for the public buildings, streets, sidewalks and alleys of the city for any length of time not exceeding three years.

- (2) If any payment on a contract with a private person, firm, or corporation to construct gas works, electric or other lighting works within the city is retained or withheld, it shall be [placed in an interest bearing account and the interest shall accrue for the benefit of the contractor and subcontractors to be paid after the project is completed and accepted by the board of commissioners or city council of the city. It is the responsibility of the contractor to ensure that any interest accrued on the retainage is distributed by the contractor to subcontractors on a pro rata basis] retained or withheld and released as provided in Section 13-8-5.
 - Section 5. Section **10-8-37** is amended to read:
- 10-8-37. Construction, repair, and maintenance of bridges, viaducts, and tunnels -- Retainage escrow.
 - (1) They may construct and keep in repair bridges, viaducts and tunnels, and regulate the use thereof.
 - (2) If any payment on a contract with a private person, firm, or corporation to construct bridges, viaducts, or tunnels is retained or withheld, it shall be [placed in an interest bearing account and the interest shall accrue for the benefit of the contractor and subcontractors to be paid after the project is completed and accepted by the board of commissioners or city council of the city. It is the responsibility of the contractor to ensure that any interest accrued on the retainage is distributed by the contractor to subcontractors on a pro rata basis] retained or withheld and released as provided in Section 13-8-5.
 - Section 6. Section **10-8-38** is amended to read:
- 10-8-38. Drainage and sewage systems -- Construction regulation and control -- Retainage escrow -- Mandatory hookup -- Charges for use -- Collection of charges -- Service to tenants -- Failure to pay for service -- Service outside municipality.
- (1) (a) Boards of commissioners, city councils and boards of trustees of cities and towns may construct, reconstruct, maintain and operate, sewer systems, sewage treatment plants, culverts, drains, sewers, catch basins, manholes, cesspools and all systems, equipment and facilities

necessary to the proper drainage, sewage and sanitary sewage disposal requirements of the city or town and regulate the construction and use thereof.

- (b) If any payment on a contract with a private person, firm, or corporation to construct or reconstruct sewer systems, sewage treatment plants, culverts, drains, sewers, catch basins, manholes, cesspools, and other drainage and sewage systems is retained or withheld, it shall be [placed in an interest bearing account and the interest shall accrue for the benefit of the contractor and subcontractors to be paid after the project is completed and accepted by the board of commissioners or city council of the city, or the board of trustees of the town. It is the responsibility of the contractor to ensure that any interest accrued on the retainage is distributed by the contractor to subcontractors on a pro rata basis] retained or withheld and released as provided in Section 13-8-5.
- (2) (a) Any city or town may, for the purpose of defraying the cost of construction, reconstruction, maintenance or operation of any sewer system or sewage treatment plant, provide for mandatory hookup where the sewer is available and within 300 feet of any property line with any building used for human occupancy and make a reasonable charge for the use thereof. In order to enforce the mandatory hookup to the sewer where available and the collection of any such charge, any city or town operating a waterworks system may make one charge for the combined use of water and the services of the sewer system, including the services of any sewage treatment plant operated by the city or town and may provide by ordinance that application for service from such combined system shall be made in writing, signed by the owner desiring such service or his authorized agent, in which application such owner shall agree that he will pay for all service furnished such owner according to the rules and regulations enacted in the ordinance of such city or town.
- (b) In case an application for furnishing service from such combined systems shall be made by a tenant of the owner, such city or town may require as a condition of granting the same that such application contain an agreement signed by the owner or his duly authorized agent to the effect that in consideration of granting such application the owner will pay for all service furnished such tenant or any other occupant of the premises named in the application in case such tenant or occupant shall fail to pay for the same according to the ordinance of such city or town.
- (c) In case any person shall fail to hookup to the sewer where available and in case any applicant shall fail to pay for the service furnished according to the rules and regulations prescribed

by the ordinances of such city or town, then the city or town may cause the water to be shut off from such premises and shall not be required to turn the same on again until such person has hooked up to the sewer at his own expense or all arrears for service furnished shall be paid in full.

- (d) Cities and towns may sell and deliver from the surplus capacity thereof, services of any such system or facility not required by the municipality or its inhabitants to others beyond the limits of the municipality.
 - Section 7. Section **10-8-71** is amended to read:

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10-8-71. Waterworks -- Police and fire signals -- Retainage escrow.

- (1) They may purchase, construct, lease, rent, manage and maintain any system or part of any system of waterworks, hydrants and supplies of water, telegraphic or other police or fire signals, and pass all ordinances, penal or otherwise, that shall be necessary for the full protection, maintenance, management and control of the property so leased, purchased or constructed.
- (2) If any payment on a contract with a private person, firm, or corporation to construct all or part of any waterworks system is retained or withheld, it shall be [placed in an interest bearing account and the interest shall accrue for the benefit of the contractor and subcontractors to be paid after the project is completed and accepted by the board of commissioners or city council of the city, or by the board of trustees of the town. It is the responsibility of the contractor to ensure that any interest accrued on the retainage is distributed by the contractor to subcontractors on a pro rata basis] retained or withheld and released as provided in Section 13-8-5.
 - Section 8. Section 13-8-5 is enacted to read:
- <u>13-8-5.</u> Definitions -- Limitation on retention proceeds withheld -- Deposit in interest-bearing escrow account -- Release of proceeds -- Payment to subcontractors -- Penalty -- No waiver.
 - (1) As used in this section:
- (a) § (i) § "Construction contract" means a written agreement between the parties relative to the design, construction, alteration, repair, or maintenance of a building, structure, highway, appurtenance, appliance, or other improvements to real property, including moving, demolition.
- 210 and excavating $\hat{\mathbf{h}}$ FOR NON-RESIDENTIAL $\hat{\mathbf{h}}$ COMMERCIAL $\hat{\mathbf{h}}$ OR INDUSTRIAL CONSTRUCTION
- 210a PROJECTS Ît . Ş (ii) IF THE CONSTRUCTION CONTRACT IS FOR CONSTRUCTION OF A PROJECT
- 210b THAT IS PART RESIDENTIAL AND PART NON-RESIDENTIAL, THIS SECTION APPLIES ONLY TO THAT
- 210c PORTION OF THE CONSTRUCTION PROJECT THAT IS NON-RESIDENTIAL AS DETERMINED
- 210d PRO-RATA BASED ON THE PERCENTAGE OF THE TOTAL SQUARE FOOTAGE OF THE PROJECT
- 210e THAT IS NON-RESIDENTIAL. Ş
- 211 (b) "Contractor" means a person who, for compensation other than wages as an employee, 212 undertakes any work in a construction trade, as defined in Section 58-55-102 and includes:
 - (i) any person engaged as a maintenance person who regularly engages in activities set

214	forth in Section 58-55-102 as a construction trade; or
215	(ii) a construction manager who performs management and counseling services on a
216	construction project for a fee.
217	(c) "Original contractor" is as provided in Section 38-1-2.
218	(d) "Owner" means the person who holds any legal or equitable title or interest in property.
219	(e) "Public agency" means any state agency or political subdivision of the state that enters
220	into a construction contract for an improvement of public property.
221	(f) "Retention payment" means release of retention proceeds as defined in Subsection
222	(1)(g).
223	(g) "Retention proceeds" means monies earned by a contractor or subcontractor but
224	retained by the owner or public agency pursuant to the terms of a construction contract to
225	guarantee În [total completion] PAYMENT OR PERFORMANCE BY THE CONTRACTOR OR
225a	SUBCONTRACTOR h of the construction contract.
226	(h) "Subcontractor" is as defined in Section 38-1-2.
227	(i) "Successful party" has the same meaning as it does under Section 38-1-18.
228	(2) This section is applicable to all construction contracts relating to construction work or
229	improvements entered into on or after \hat{h} [May 3, 1999] JULY 1, 1999 \hat{h} , between:
230	(a) an owner or public agency and an original contractor;
231	(b) an original contractor and a subcontractor; and
232	(c) subcontractors under a contract described in Subsection (2)(a) or (b).
233	(3) (a) Notwithstanding Section 58-55-603, the retention proceeds withheld and retained
234	from any payment due under the terms of the construction contract may not exceed 5% of the
235	payment:
236	(i) by the owner or public agency to the original contractor;
237	(ii) by the original contractor to any subcontractor; or
238	(iii) by a subcontractor.
239	(b) The total retention proceeds withheld may not exceed 5% of the total construction
240	price.
241	(c) The percentage of the retention proceeds withheld and retained pursuant to a
242	construction contract between the original contractor and a subcontractor or between
243	subcontractors shall be the same retention percentage as between the owner and the original
244	contractor if:

245	(i) the retention percentage in the original construction contract between an owner and the
246	original contractor is less than 5%; or
247	(ii) after the original construction contract is executed but before completion of the
248	construction contract the retention percentage is reduced to less than 5%.
249	(4) (a) If any payment on a contract with a private contractor, firm, or corporation to do
250	work for an owner or public agency is retained or withheld by the owner or the public agency, $\hat{\mathbf{h}}$ AS
250a	RETENTION PROCEEDS, $\hat{\mathbf{h}}$ it
251	shall be placed in an interest-bearing account.
252	(b) The interest accrued under Subsection (4)(a) shall be:
253	(i) for the benefit of the contractor and subcontractors; and
254	(ii) paid after the project is completed and accepted by the owner or the public agency.
255	(c) The contractor shall ensure that any interest accrued on the retainage is distributed by
256	the contractor to subcontractors on a pro rata basis.
257	(5) Any retention proceeds retained or withheld pursuant to this section and any accrued
258	interest shall be released pursuant to a billing statement from the contractor within 45 days from
259	the later of:
260	(a) the date the owner or public agency receives the billing statement from the contractor;
261	(b) the date that a certificate of occupancy $\hat{\mathbf{h}}$ OR FINAL ACCEPTANCE NOTICE $\hat{\mathbf{h}}$ is issued
261a	<u>to:</u>
262	(i) the original contractor who obtained the building permit from the building inspector
263	or public agency;
264	(ii) the owner or architect; or
265	(iii) the public agency; $\hat{\mathbf{h}}$ [or] $\hat{\mathbf{h}}$
266	(c) the date that a public agency or building inspector having authority to issue its own
267	certificate of occupancy does not issue the certificate but permits partial or complete occupancy
268	of a newly constructed or remodeled building h; OR
268a	(d) THE DATE THE CONTRACTOR ACCEPTS THE FINAL PAY QUANTITIES ${f \hat{h}}$.
269	(6) If only partial occupancy of a building is permitted, any retention proceeds withheld
270	and retained pursuant to this section and any accrued interest shall be partially released within 45
271	days under the same conditions as provided in Subsection (5) in direct proportion to the value of
272	the part of the building occupied.
273	(7) The billing statement from the contractor as provided in Subsection (5)(a) shall include
274	documentation of lien releases or waivers.
275	ĥ [(8) (a) ĥ [If] NOTWITHSTANDING SUBSECTION (3), IF ĥ a contractor or subcontractor
275a	<u>is in</u>
275a	default or breach of the terms and conditions] h

276	\hat{h} [of the construction contract documents, plans, or specifications governing construction of the
277	<u>project </u>
277a	COMPLETED h , the owner or public agency may:
278	(i) withhold from payment an amount necessary to:
279	(A) complete the work; or
280	(B) cure the breach or default of the contractor or subcontractor; and
281	(ii) retain the amount described in Subsection (8)(a)((i) for as long as is necessary to assure
282	completion:
283	(A) in accordance with the construction contract documents, plans, and specifications; or
284	(B) in absence of plans and specifications, to generally accepted craft standards.
284a	(8)(a) NOTWITHSTANDING SUBSECTION (3):
284b	(i) IF A CONTRACTOR OR SUBCONTRACTOR IS IN DEFAULT OR BREACH OF THE TERMS
284c	AND CONDITIONS OF THE CONSTRUCTION CONTRACT DOCUMENTS, PLANS, OR
284d	SPECIFICATIONS GOVERNING CONSTRUCTION OF THE PROJECT, THE OWNER OR PUBLIC
284e	AGENCY MAY WITHHOLD FROM PAYMENT FOR AS LONG AS REASONABLY NECESSARY AN
284f	AMOUNT NECESSARY TO CURE THE BREACH OR DEFAULT OF THE CONTRACTOR OR
284g	SUBCONTRACTOR; OR
284h	(ii) IF A PROJECT OR A PORTION OF THE PROJECT HAS BEEN SUBSTANTIALLY
284i	COMPLETED, THE OWNER OR PUBLIC AGENCY MAY RETAIN UNTIL COMPLETION UP TO TWICE
284j	THE FAIR MARKET VALUE OF THE WORK OF THE ORIGINAL CONTRACTOR OR OF ANY
284k 284l	SUBCONTRACTOR THAT HAS NOT BEEN COMPLETED: (A) IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CONSTRUCTION CONTRACT DOCUMENTS, PLANS, AND
284m	SPECIFICATIONS; OR
284n	(B) IN THE ABSENCE OF PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS, TO GENERALLY ACCEPTED CRAFT
284o	STANDARDS. ĥ
285	(b) An owner or public agency that refuses payment under Subsection (8)(a) shall describe
286	in writing h WITHIN 45 DAYS OF WITHHOLDING SUCH AMOUNTS h what portion of the work was
286a	not completed according to the standards specified in
287	Subsection (8)(a).
288	(9) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (9)(b), an original contractor or subcontractor
289	who receives retention proceeds shall pay each of its subcontractors from whom retention has been
290	withheld each subcontractor's share of the retention received within ten days from the day that all
291	or any portion of the retention proceeds is received:
292	(i) by the original contractor from the owner or public agency; or
293	(ii) by the subcontractor from:
294	(A) the original contractor; or
295	(B) a subcontractor.
296	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (9)(a), if a retention payment received by the original
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	contractor is specifically designated for a particular subcontractor, payment of the retention shall
298	be made to the designated subcontractor.

299	(10) (a) In any action for the collection of the retained proceeds withheld and retained in
300	violation of this section, the successful party is entitled to:
301	(i) attorney's fees; and
302	(ii) other allowable costs.
303	(b) (i) Any owner, public agency, original contractor, or subcontractor who knowingly and
304	wrongfully withholds a retention shall be subject to a charge of 2% per month on the improperly
305	withheld amount, in addition to any interest otherwise due.
306	(ii) The charge described in Subsection $\hat{\mathbf{h}} = \frac{(9)(\mathbf{b})(\mathbf{i})}{(10)(\mathbf{b})(\mathbf{i})} \hat{\mathbf{h}}$ shall be paid to the
306a	contractor or

subcontractor from whom the retention proceeds have been wrongfully withheld.

(11) It is against public policy for any party to require any other party to waive any provision of this section.

Section 9. Section 17-5-232 is amended to read:

17-5-232. County roads and airports -- Acquisition and control -- Retainage escrow.

- (1) They may contract for, purchase or otherwise acquire when necessary rights of way for county roads over private property, and may institute proceedings for acquiring such rights of way as provided by law, and lay out, construct, maintain, control and manage county roads, sidewalks, ferries and bridges within the county, outside of incorporated cities, may designate the county roads to be maintained by the county within or extending through any incorporated city or town, which in no case shall be more than three in the same direction, and may abolish or abandon such county roads as are unnecessary for the use of the public in the manner provided by law. They may also lay out, construct, maintain, control and manage landing fields and hangars for the use of airplanes or other vehicles for aerial travel anywhere within the county.
- (2) If any payment on a contract with a private contractor to construct county roads, sidewalks, ferries, and bridges under this section is retained or withheld, it shall be [placed in an interest bearing account and the interest shall accrue for the benefit of the contractor and subcontractors to be paid after the project is completed and accepted by the county executive. It is the responsibility of the contractor to ensure that any interest accrued on the retainage is distributed by the contractor to subcontractors on a pro rata basis] retained or withheld and released as provided in Section 13-8-5.

Section 10. Section 17-5-237 is amended to read:

17-5-237. Water and water rights -- Acquisition and control -- Retainage escrow.

(1) They may purchase, receive by donation, or lease any real or personal property or water rights necessary for the use of the county; may purchase or otherwise acquire the necessary real estate upon which to sink wells to obtain water for sprinkling roads and for other county purposes and may erect thereon pumping apparatus, tanks, and reservoirs for the obtaining and storage of water for such purposes; may preserve, take care of, manage, and control the same; may purchase, receive by donation, or lease any water rights or stock or rights in reservoirs or storage companies or associations for the use of citizens of the county; may construct dams and canals for the storage and distribution of such waters; and may fix the price for and sell such water, water rights, stock,

or rights in reservoir or storage companies or associations, with the dams and canals, as are not required for public use to citizens of the county.

- (2) If any payment on a contract with a private contractor to construct dams and canals under this section is retained or withheld, it shall be [placed in an interest bearing account and the interest shall accrue for the benefit of the contractor and subcontractors to be paid after the project is completed and accepted by the county executive. It is the responsibility of the contractor to ensure that any interest accrued on the retainage is distributed by the contractor to subcontractors on a pro rata basis] retained or withheld and released as provided in Section 13-8-5.
 - Section 11. Section 17-5-239 is amended to read:

17-5-239. Courthouse, jail, hospital, and other public buildings -- Acquisition and control -- Retainage escrow.

- (1) They may erect, repair or rebuild, and furnish a courthouse, jail, hospital, and such other public buildings as may be necessary, and join with cities and towns in the construction, ownership, and operation of hospitals.
- (2) If any payment on a contract with a private contractor to erect, repair, or rebuild public buildings under this section is retained or withheld, it shall be [placed in an interest-bearing account and the interest shall accrue for the benefit of the contractor and subcontractors to be paid after the project is completed and accepted by the county executive. It is the responsibility of the contractor to ensure that any interest accrued on the retainage is distributed by the contractor to subcontractors on a pro rata basis] retained or withheld and released as provided in Section 13-8-5.
 - Section 12. Section 17-15-3 is amended to read:

17-15-3. Repair, alteration, or construction of public buildings -- Contracts -- Bids -- Payment and performance bonds -- Retainage escrow.

- (1) (a) Whenever the county legislative body considers the repair, alteration, or construction of any courthouse, jail, hospital, or other public building to be paid for out of the general funds of the county, the county executive shall require plans and specifications to be drawn up and an estimate of the cost to be made. If the estimated cost exceeds \$25,000, the county may not repair, alter, or construct any building except through contract let to the low responsive and responsible bidder.
- (b) All buildings for which the estimated cost exceeds \$25,000 shall be repaired, altered, or constructed by contract let to the low responsive and responsible bidder after publication of

notice at least once a week for three consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation published in the county, or, if there is no such newspaper, then after posting such notice for at least 20 days in at least five public places in the county.

(c) The county executive may reject any or all bids.

- (d) In seeking bids and awarding a contract for the repair, alteration, or construction work, the county legislative body may elect to follow the provisions of Title 63, Chapter 56, Utah Procurement Code, as the county legislative body considers appropriate under the circumstances for specification preparation, source selection, or contract formation. The election may be made on a case-by-case basis, unless the county has previously adopted the Utah Procurement Code as permitted by Subsection 63-56-2(3)(e). If an election is made, it shall be done in an open meeting of the county legislative body and the portions of the Utah Procurement Code to be followed for the work under consideration shall be specified in the legislative body's action.
- (e) This chapter may not be construed to prohibit the county legislative body from adopting the procedures of the Utah Procurement Code; however, an election to adopt the procedures of the code may not excuse the county from complying with the requirements to award a contract for work in excess of \$25,000 and to publish notice of the intent to award.
- (f) The person to whom any contract to erect or repair buildings is awarded shall execute bonds under Sections 14-1-18 and 63-56-38.
- (2) [(a)] Any payment on a contract with a private contractor to erect or repair buildings under this section that is retained or withheld shall be [placed in an interest-bearing account] retained or withheld and released as provided in Section 13-8-5.
- [(b) The interest shall accrue for the benefit of the contractor and subcontractors to be paid after the project is completed and accepted by the county executive.]
- [(c) The contractor shall ensure that any interest accrued on the retainage is distributed by the contractor to subcontractors on a pro rata basis.]
 - Section 13. Section 17A-2-328 is amended to read:
- 17A-2-328. Powers of municipalities -- Collection -- System for collection, retention, and disposition of storm and flood waters -- Power of district to make contracts -- Retainage escrow.
- (1) (a) If an improvement district under this part contracts with a municipality to supply sewage treatment or disposal service, the municipality's legislative body may:

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(i) impose an appropriate service charge to each party connected with the municipality's
sewer system for the services provided by the improvement district, as the municipality's
legislative body considers reasonable and proper; and

- (ii) require industrial and commercial establishments to pre-treat certain wastes and sewage when the wastes and sewage would otherwise impose an unreasonable burden upon the collection system or the treatment facility of the improvement district.
- (b) If the municipality operates a waterworks system, the charge under Subsection (1)(a)(i) may be combined with the charge made for water furnished by the water system and may be collected and the collection thereof secured in the same manner as that specified in Section 10-8-38.
- (2) (a) An improvement district acquiring a system for the collection, retention, and disposition of storm and flood waters may contract with a municipality or other political subdivision or a person, firm, or corporation for the collection of storm and flood waters by any of the contracting parties.
- (b) Some or all of the parties to a contract under Subsection (2)(a) may agree to joint acquisition, ownership, construction, operation, or maintenance of all or part of the system for the collection of storm and flood waters.
- (c) (i) In exercising the power to acquire and operate a system for the collection of storm and flood waters, an improvement district may contract for the construction of storm sewers, drainage channels, dams, dikes, levees, reservoirs, and other pertinent improvements.
- (ii) As a local public procurement unit as defined in Subsection 63-56-5(14), each improvement district contracting as provided in Subsection (2)(c)(i) shall comply with the provisions applicable to local public procurement units under Title 63, Chapter 56, Utah Procurement Code.
- (3) [(a)] If any payment on a contract with a private person, firm, or corporation to construct storm sewers, drainage canals, dams, dikes, levees, reservoirs, and other pertinent improvements is retained or withheld, it shall be [placed in an interest bearing account and the interest shall accrue for the benefit of the contractor and subcontractors to be paid after the project is completed and accepted by the board of trustees] retained or withheld and released as provided in Section 13-8-5.
 - [(b) The contractor shall distribute any interest accrued on the retainage to subcontractors

431 on a pro rata basis.]

432 Section 14. Section 17A-2-531 is amended to read:

17A-2-531. Bids for construction -- Contracts -- Payment and performance bonds -- Retainage escrow.

- (1) After adopting a plan and making an estimate of the cost of any drainage canal or canals, drains, drain ditches, and works, the board of supervisors shall give notice by publication for at least 20 days in at least one newspaper published or having a general circulation in each of the counties comprising the district, and in any other publication they deem advisable, calling for bids for the construction of such work or of any portion of it. If less than the whole work is advertised, then the portion so advertised shall be particularly described in such notice. Such notice shall state:
 - (a) that plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the board of supervisors;
 - (b) that the board of supervisors will receive sealed proposals for the work;
 - (c) that the contract will be let to the lowest responsible bidder; and
- (d) the time and place appointed for opening bids. The bids shall be opened in public, and as soon as convenient thereafter the supervisors shall let the work, either in portions or as a whole, to the lowest responsible bidder, or they may reject any or all bids. Contracts for the purchase of material shall be awarded to the lowest responsible bidder. Any person or persons to whom a contract is awarded shall provide the board with bonds under Sections 14-1-18 and 63-56-38. The work shall be done under the direction and to the satisfaction of the engineer, and subject to the approval of the board of supervisors. This section does not apply in the case of any contract with the United States.
- (2) If any payment on a contract with a private contractor for the construction of works under this section is retained or withheld, it shall be [placed in an interest bearing account and the interest shall accrue for the benefit of the contractor and subcontractors to be paid after the project is completed and accepted by the board of supervisors. It is the responsibility of the contractor to ensure that any interest accrued on the retainage is distributed by the contractor to subcontractors on a pro rata basis] retained or withheld and released as provided in Section 13-8-5.
- Section 15. Section **17A-2-1016** is amended to read:
- 460 17A-2-1016. Powers of incorporated district -- Bidding -- Eminent domain.
- 461 (1) As used in this section, "operator" means any city, public agency, person, firm, or

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462	private corporation engaged in the transportation of passengers for hire.
463	(2) Any district incorporated under this part may:
464	(a) have perpetual succession;
465	(b) sue and be sued in all actions and proceedings and in all courts and tribunals of
466	competent jurisdiction;
467	(c) adopt a corporate seal and alter it at pleasure;
468	(d) levy and collect taxes only for paying:
469	(i) the principal and interest of bonded indebtedness of the district; or
470	(ii) any final judgment obtained against the district beyond the amount of any collectable
471	insurance or indemnity policy if the district is required by final order of any court of competent
472	jurisdiction to levy a tax to pay the judgment;
473	(e) take by grant, purchase, bequest, devise, or lease, and to hold, enjoy, lease, sell,
474	encumber, alien, or otherwise dispose of real or personal property of every kind within the district
475	(f) make contracts and enter into stipulations of any nature, including contracts and
476	stipulations:
477	(i) to indemnify and save harmless; [and]
478	(ii) to do all acts to exercise the powers granted in this part; and
479	(iii) with any department or agency of the United States of America, of the state, or with
480	any public agency or private person, firm, or corporation upon terms and conditions the board of
481	directors finds are in the best interests of the district;
482	(g) (i) insure against:
483	(A) loss of revenues from accident or destruction of the system or any part of the system,
484	from any cause whatsoever; or
485	(B) public liability or property damage, or against all other types of events, acts, or
486	omissions; and
487	(ii) provide in the proceedings authorizing the issuance of any bonds for the carrying of
488	any other insurance, in an amount and of such character as may be specified, and for the payment
489	of the premiums on the insurance;
490	(h) provide a public transit system for the transportation of passengers and their incidental
491	baggage;
492	(i) purchase all supplies, equipment, and materials;

(j) construct facilities and works, but when the expenditure required exceeds \$25,000 construction shall be let by contract to the lowest responsible bidder or proposer;

- (k) acquire, contract for, lease, construct, own, operate, control, or use rights-of-way, rail lines, monorails, bus lines, stations, platforms, switches, yards, terminals, parking lots, any facilities necessary or convenient for public transit service, and all structures necessary for access by persons and vehicles;
- (l) hire, lease, or contract for the supplying of, or management of, any facilities, operations, equipment, services, employees, or management staff of any operator and provide for subleases or subcontracts by the operator upon terms that are in the public interest; and
 - (m) operate feeder bus lines and other feeder services as necessary.
- (3) (a) Bids or proposals shall be advertised through public notice as determined by the board.
- (b) The notice may include publication in a newspaper of general circulation in the district, trade journal, or other method determined by the board at least once and not less than ten days prior to the expiration of the period within which bids or proposals are received.
- (c) The board may reject any and all bids or proposals and readvertise or give renotice at its discretion.
- (d) If, after rejecting bids or proposals, the board determines and declares by vote of two-thirds of all its members present that in its opinion the supplies, equipment, and materials may be purchased at a lower price in the open market, the board may proceed to purchase the same in the open market without further observance of the provisions requiring contracts, bids or proposals, advertisement, or notice.
- (e) Contracts, in writing or otherwise, may be let without advertising for or inviting bids when any repairs, alterations, or other work or the purchase of materials, supplies, equipment, or other property is found by the board upon a two-thirds vote of its members present to be of urgent necessity, or where the general manager certifies by affidavit that there is only one source for the required supplies, equipment, and materials, or construction items.
- (f) If any payment on a contract with a private contractor to construct facilities under this section is retained or withheld, it shall be [placed in an interest bearing account and the interest shall accrue for the benefit of the contractor and subcontractors to be paid after the project is completed and accepted by the board] retained or withheld and released as provided in Section

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- [(g) It is the responsibility of the contractor to ensure that any interest accrued on the retainage is distributed by the contractor to subcontractors on a pro rata basis.]
- (4) (a) Installations in state highways or freeways are subject to the approval of the Department of Transportation.
- (b) It is presumed that the use of the streets, roads, highways, and other public places by the district for any of the purposes permitted in this section constitutes no greater burden on adjoining properties than the uses existing on July 9, 1969.
- (c) If facilities, other than state highways or freeways referred to in Subsection (2), including streets, roads, highways, pipelines, sewers, water mains, storm drains, poles, and communications wires of another public agency of the state, or of a private owner must be relocated, replaced, or altered in order for the district to construct or operate its system, or to preserve and maintain already constructed district facilities, the facilities shall be relocated, replaced, or altered with reasonable promptness by the respective public corporation, state, or private owner and the district shall by prior agreement reimburse the public corporation, state, or private owner for the reasonable cost incurred in relocation, replacement, or alteration.
- (d) The district may enter into an agreement with any city or county having jurisdiction over the street, road, or highway involved and, as may be provided by agreement, close any city street or county road at or near the point of its interception with any district facility or provide for carrying the city street or county road over or under or to a connection with the district facility and may do any and all work on the city street or county road as is necessary. A city street or county road may not be closed directly or indirectly by the construction of district facilities except:
 - (i) pursuant to agreement; or
 - (ii) while temporarily necessary during the construction of district facilities.
- (5) The state, a municipality, or a county may acquire private property interests by eminent domain pursuant to Title 78, Chapter 34, Eminent Domain, including fee simple, easements, air rights, rights-of-way, and other private property interests necessary to the establishment and operation of a public transit district.
 - Section 16. Section 17A-3-209 is amended to read:
- 553 17A-3-209. Payment of contracts -- Progress payments -- Retainage escrow.
 - (1) (a) Any contract for work in any special improvement district and any contract for the

purchase or exchange of property necessary to be acquired in order to make improvements in any special improvement district may provide that the contract price or property price shall be paid, or, at the option of the governing entity, may be paid, in whole or in part, by the issuance of special improvement bonds issued against the funds created by assessments levied to pay the costs and expenses of improvements in the special improvement district or by interim warrants issued as authorized by this part at the time the special improvement bonds or interim warrants, as the case may be, may be legally issued and delivered. If any contract is not paid from these sources in whole or in part, or if paid in part, to the extent not so paid from these sources, the governing entity shall be responsible for advancing funds for payment of the contract price or property price from the general funds of the governing entity or from other funds legally available for this purpose as provided in the contract.

- (b) From the proceeds of the sale of interim warrants or special improvement bonds, or from funds paid on assessments not pledged for the payment of the bonds or warrants, the governing entity may reimburse itself for the amount paid from its general funds or other funds, except that the governing entity may not reimburse itself for any of the costs of making the improvements properly chargeable to the governing entity for which assessments may not be levied.
- (2) Any contract for work in a special improvement district may provide for payments to the contractor as the work progresses. If the contract so provides, payments may be made from time to time to the extent of not to exceed [90%] 95% of the value of the work done to the date of payment, as determined by estimates of the project engineer, with final payment to be made only after completion of the work by the contractor and acceptance of the work by the governing entity. If moneys payable to the contractor as the work progresses are retained [pursuant to this subsection], they shall be [placed in an interest bearing account and the interest shall accrue for the benefit of the contractor and subcontractors. It is the responsibility of the contractor to ensure that any interest accrued on the retainage is distributed by the contractor to subcontractors on a pro rata basis] retained or withheld and released as provided in Section 13-8-5.
 - Section 17. Section 17A-3-309 is amended to read:

17A-3-309. Payment of contracts.

(1) (a) Any contract for work in any special improvement district, and any contract for the purchase of property that must be acquired in order to make improvements in any special

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586	improvement district, may provide that the contract price or property price shall be paid, or, at the
587	option of the municipality, may be paid, in whole or in part, from:
588	(i) proceeds of the sale of special improvement bonds issued as provided in this part; or
589	(ii) proceeds of the sale of interim warrants issued as authorized by this part.
590	(b) If any contract is not paid from those sources in whole or in part or, if paid in part, to
591	the extent that it is not paid from those sources, the municipality shall advance funds for payment
592	of the contract price or property price from the general fund of the municipality or from other funds
593	legally available, according to the requirements of the contract.
594	(c) The municipality may reimburse itself for the amount paid from its general fund or
595	other funds from:
596	(i) the proceeds of the sale of interim warrants;
597	(ii) the proceeds of the sale of special improvement bonds;
598	(iii) funds paid on assessments that are not pledged for the payment of the bonds or
599	warrants; or
600	(iv) improvement revenues not pledged for the payment of the bonds or warrants.
601	(d) The municipality may not reimburse itself for any of the costs of making the
602	improvements that are properly chargeable to the municipality or for which assessments may not
603	be levied.
604	(2) (a) Any contract for work in a special improvement district may provide for payments
605	to the contractor as the work progresses.
606	(b) When the contract provides for periodic payments, payments may be made as follows:
607	(i) periodic payments not to exceed $[90\%]$ 95% of the value of the work done to the date
608	of payment as determined by estimates of the engineer for the municipality; and
609	(ii) a final payment to be made only after completion of the work by the contractor and
610	acceptance of the work by the municipality.
611	(c) [(i)] Any payment on a contract that is retained shall be [placed in an interest bearing
612	account] retained or withheld and released as provided in Section 13-8-5.
613	[(ii) The interest shall accrue for the benefit of the contractor and subcontractors.]
614	(iii) The contractor shall ensure that any interest accrued on the retainage is distributed

by the contractor to subcontractors on a pro rata basis.]

Section 18. Section **38-1-2** is amended to read:

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617	38-1-2. "Contractors" and "subcontractors" defined.
618	[Whoever shall do] Any person who does work or [furnish] furnishes materials by contract,
619	express or implied, with the owner, as <u>provided</u> in this chapter [provided], shall be [deemed]
620	considered an original contractor, and all other persons doing work or furnishing materials shall
621	be [deemed] considered subcontractors.
622	Section 19. Section 58-55-602 is amended to read:
623	58-55-602. Payment of construction funds Interest.
624	(1) [Except as otherwise may be agreed to in writing between the parties, all] All unpaid
625	construction funds are payable to the contractor [within 30 days after:] as provided in Section
626	<u>13-8-5.</u>
627	[(a) occupancy by the owner or by a party acting through authority of the owner; or]
628	[(b) the availability of a constructed or remodeled building for its intended use.]
629	[(2) Construction funds, except those withheld on account of disputed or uncompleted
630	items by the owner or the owner's representative, not paid within the time established in Subsection
631	(1) shall accrue interest at the rate of 1% per month. The owner may withhold payment for the
632	amount of any disputed or uncompleted items and may require, as a condition to payment of any
633	amount under the construction contract, that lien waivers be furnished by the contractor's
634	subcontractors, suppliers, or employees. The owner may also at his option issue joint checks. No
635	payment may be withheld unless the contractor is notified, in writing, at the time of withholding
636	the payment as to any disputed item.]
637	[(3)] (2) On projects involving multiple buildings, each building shall be considered
638	individually in determining the amount to be paid the contractor.
639	[(4)] (3) Partial occupancy of a building requires payment in direct proportion to the value
640	of the part of the building occupied.
641	(4) If any payment is retained or withheld, it shall be retained or withheld and released as
642	provided in Section 13-8-5.
643	[(5) Any money paid the contractor under Subsection (1), including interest, shall be
644	disbursed to subcontractors and suppliers within 30 days after receipt of that money. Payment by
645	the contractor shall be in direct proportion to the subcontractors' and suppliers' basis in the total
646	contract between the contractor and the owner.]
647	Section 20. Section 63-56-3 is amended to read:

648	63-56-3. Exemptions from chapter Compliance with federal law.
649	(1) This chapter is not applicable to funds administered under the Percent-for-Art Program
650	of the Utah Percent-for-Art Act.
651	(2) This chapter is not applicable to grants awarded by the state or contracts between the
652	state and local public procurement units except as provided in Part I of this chapter.
653	(3) This chapter shall not prevent the state or a local public procurement unit from
654	complying with the terms and conditions of any grant, gift, or bequest that is otherwise consistent
655	with law.
656	(4) When a procurement involves the expenditure of federal assistance or contract funds,
657	the chief procurement officer or head of a purchasing agency shall comply with mandatory
658	applicable federal law and regulations not reflected in this chapter.
659	(5) This chapter may not supersede the requirements for retention or withholding of
660	construction proceeds and release of construction proceeds as provided in Section 13-8-5.
661	Section 21. Section 63A-5-205 is amended to read:
662	63A-5-205. Contracting powers of director Retainage escrow.
663	(1) In accordance with Title 63, Chapter 56, Utah Procurement Code, the director may:
664	(a) enter into contracts for any work or professional services which the division or the State
665	Building Board may do or have done; and
666	(b) as a condition of any contract for architectural or engineering services, prohibit the
667	architect or engineer from retaining a sales or agent engineer for the necessary design work.
668	(2) The judgment of the director as to the responsibility and qualifications of a bidder is
669	conclusive, except in case of fraud or bad faith.
670	(3) [(a)] If any payment on a contract with a private contractor to do work for the division
671	or the State Building Board is retained or withheld, it shall be [placed in an interest bearing
672	account and the interest shall accrue for the benefit of the contractor and subcontractors to be paid
673	after the project is completed and accepted by the director] retained or withheld and released as
674	provided in Section 13-8-5.
675	[(b) The contractor shall ensure that any interest accrued on the retainage is distributed by
676	the contractor to subcontractors on a pro rata basis.]
677	Section 22. Section 72-6-107 is amended to read:
678	72-6-107. Construction or improvement of highway Contracts Retainage escrow

(1) (a) The department shall make plans, specifications, and estimates prior to the construction or improvement of any state highway.

- (b) Except as provided in Section 63-56-36.1 and except for construction or improvements performed with state prison labor, a construction or improvement project with an estimated cost exceeding \$40,000 for labor and materials shall be performed under contract awarded to the lowest responsible bidder.
- (c) The advertisement for bids shall be published in a newspaper of general circulation in the county in which the work is to be performed, at least once a week for two consecutive weeks, with the last publication at least ten days before bids are opened.
- (d) The department shall receive sealed bids and open the bids at the time and place designated in the advertisement. The department may then award the contract but may reject any and all bids.
- (e) If the department's estimates are substantially lower than any responsible bid received, the department may perform any work by force account.
- (2) [(a)] If any payment on a contract with a private contractor for construction or improvement of a state highway is retained or withheld, the payment shall be [placed in an interest bearing account. The interest shall accrue for the benefit and payment to the contractor and subcontractors after the project is completed and accepted by the department] retained or withheld and released as provided in Section 13-8-5.
- [(b) The contractor shall ensure that any interest accrued on the money retained is distributed by the contractor to subcontractors on a pro rata basis.]
 - Section 23. Section **72-6-108** is amended to read:
- **72-6-108.** Class B and C roads -- Improvement projects -- Contracts -- Retainage escrow.
 - (1) A county executive for class B roads and the municipal executive for class C roads shall cause plans, specifications, and estimates to be made prior to the construction of any improvement project, as defined in Section 72-6-109, on a class B or C road if the estimated cost for any one project exceeds the bid limit as defined in Section 72-6-109 for labor, equipment, and materials.
 - (2) (a) All projects in excess of the bid limit shall be performed under contract to be let to the lowest responsible bidder.

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710 (b) If the estimated cost of the improvement project exceeds the bid limit for labor, 711 equipment, and materials, the project may not be divided to permit the construction in parts, unless 712 each part is done by contract. 713 (3) The advertisement on bids shall be published in a newspaper of general circulation in 714 the county in which the work is to be performed at least once a week for three consecutive weeks. 715 If there is no newspaper of general circulation, the notice shall be posted for at least 20 days in at 716 least five public places in the county. 717 (4) The county or municipal executive or their designee shall receive sealed bids and open 718 the bids at the time and place designated in the advertisement. The county or municipal executive 719 or their designee may then award the contract but may reject any and all bids. 720 (5) The person, firm, or corporation that is awarded a contract under this section is subject 721 to the provisions of Title 63, Chapter 56, Utah Procurement Code. 722 (6) (a) If any payment on a contract with a private contractor for construction or 723 improvement of a class B or C road is retained or withheld, the payment shall be [placed in an 724 interest-bearing account. The interest shall accrue for the benefit and payment to the contractor 725 and subcontractors after the project is completed and accepted by the county or municipal 726 executive retained or withheld and released as provided in Section 13-8-5. 727 (b) The contractor shall ensure that any interest accrued on the money retained is 728 distributed by the contractor to subcontractors on a pro rata basis. 729 Section 24. Section **73-10-8** is amended to read: 730 73-10-8. Water Resources Construction Fund -- Creation and contents of fund -- Use 731 -- Investigation Account created -- Interest -- Retainage escrow -- Loans and grants for dam 732 safety work. 733 (1) There is created the Water Resources Construction Fund, which consists of: 734 (a) money appropriated or otherwise made available to it by the Legislature; 735 (b) money from the sale or management of the 500,000 acres of land selected for the 736 establishment of reservoirs under Section 12 of the Utah Enabling Act; 737 (c) charges assessed against water and power users pursuant to Section 73-10-6; and

(a) to develop water conservation projects, including paying the costs of construction,

(2) The board may authorize the use of money in the fund for the following purposes:

(d) interest accrued pursuant to Subsection (5).

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engineering, investigation, inspection, and other related expenses;

- (b) to provide loans and grants to dam owners to conduct dam safety studies;
- (c) to provide loans and grants to dam owners:
- (i) to upgrade dams in conformance with the minimum standards established by the state engineer in rules; or
- (ii) for nonstructural solutions developed to meet minimum standards or lower hazard ratings that are approved by the state engineer, including the purchase of habitable structures, purchase of flood easements, and installation of early warning systems; or
 - (d) as otherwise provided by law.
- (3) The board may provide for the repayment of the costs of investigation, engineering, and inspection out of the first monies to be paid under a contract for the construction of a water project. Those monies repaid shall be deposited into a subaccount within the Water Resources Construction Fund known as the Investigation Account, to be used by the board for the purpose of making investigations for the development and use of the water resources of the state.
- (4) Contributions of money, property, or equipment may be received from any political subdivision of the state, federal agency, water users' association, person, or corporation for use in making investigations, constructing projects, or otherwise carrying out the purposes of this section.
- (5) All monies deposited into the Water Resources Construction Fund shall be invested by the state treasurer with interest accruing to the Water Resources Construction Fund.
- (6) [(a)] If any payment on a contract with a private contractor to construct a project funded by the Water Resources Construction Fund is retained or withheld, it shall be [placed in an interest-bearing account. The interest shall accrue for the benefit of the contractor and subcontractors. The payment with interest shall be made after the project is completed and accepted by the board] retained or withheld and released as provided in Section 13-8-5.
- [(b) It is the responsibility of the contractor to ensure that any interest accrued on the retainage is distributed by the contractor to subcontractors on a pro rata basis.]
- (7) Loans to dam owners for dam safety studies and to upgrade dams in conformance with minimum standards shall be secured by taking water rights associated with the dam.
- (8) The following restrictions apply to any grant made to a dam owner for a dam safety study:
 - (a) only a nonprofit mutual irrigation company or a water users association is eligible to

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- 773 (b) the dam safety study shall be required by the state engineer pursuant to Section 774 73-5a-503; and
- 775 (c) the amount of any grant shall be limited to up to 50% of the costs of the dam safety 776 study.
 - (9) (a) The board may provide grants to mutual irrigation companies and water users associations to upgrade dams in conformance with minimum standards of the state engineer. Each grant authorized by the board for the upgrade of a dam of a mutual irrigation company or water users association in conformance with the minimum standards shall be sufficient to pay for 80% of the costs to upgrade the dam.
 - (b) (i) Pursuant to guidelines specified in Subsection (9)(b)(ii), the board may provide loans or grants, or both, to entities other than mutual irrigation companies and water users associations to upgrade dams in conformance with minimum standards of the state engineer.
 - (ii) In determining the type of financial assistance to be provided to an entity other than a mutual irrigation company or water users association, the board shall consider the dam owner's ability to pay and may consider other factors including:
 - (A) the degree of hazard;
 - (B) the threat to public safety;
- 790 (C) the state engineer's priority list of dams;
- 791 (D) the cost effectiveness of the restoration;
- (E) the number of potential and actual applications for financial assistance; and
- 793 (F) the funds available.
- 794 (10) The amount of money in the fund that may be used for grants for dam safety studies 795 shall be limited to the amount of money appropriated to the fund for that purpose.
 - (11) The board shall consult with the state engineer in establishing a priority list of dams to be upgraded with money in the fund.
 - (12) A dam owner who has initiated or completed construction approved by the state engineer to upgrade the dam in conformance with minimum standards may apply for a grant or loan from the board as reimbursement for those construction expenditures.
- Section 25. Section **73-10-27** is amended to read:
 - 73-10-27. Project priorities -- Considerations -- Determinations of feasibility -- Bids

and contracts -- Definitions -- Retainage escrow.

- (1) In considering the priorities for projects to be built with funds made available under Section 73-10-24, the board shall give preference to those projects which:
 - (a) are sponsored by the state or a political subdivision of the state;
- (b) meet a critical local need;

- (c) have greater economic feasibility;
- (d) will yield revenue to the state within a reasonable time or will return a reasonable rate of interest, based on financial feasibility; and
 - (e) meet other considerations deemed necessary by the board, including, but not limited to, wildlife management and recreational needs.
 - (2) In determining the economic feasibility the board shall establish a benefit-to-cost ratio for each project, using a uniform standard of procedure for all projects. In considering whether a project should be built, the benefit-to-cost ratio for each project shall be weighted based on the relative cost of the project. A project, when considered in total with all other projects constructed under this chapter and still the subject of a repayment contract, may not cause the accumulative benefit-to-cost ratio of the projects to be less than one to one.
 - (3) Under no circumstances may a project be built that is not in the public interest as determined by the Board of Water Resources, and no project may be built which is not adequately designed based on sound engineering and geologic considerations.
 - (4) The board in the preparation of a project for construction shall comply with the following:
 - (a) All flood control projects involving cities and counties costing in excess of \$35,000, and all contracts for the construction of a storage reservoir in excess of 100 acre-feet or for the construction of a hydroelectric generating facility, shall be awarded on the basis of competitive bid. Advertisement for competitive bids shall be published by the board at least once a week for three consecutive weeks in a newspaper with general circulation in the state. The advertisement shall indicate that the board will award the contract to the lowest responsible bidder but that it reserves to itself the right to reject any and all bids. The date of last publication shall appear at least five days before the scheduled bid opening.
 - (b) If all initial bids on the project are rejected, the board shall readvertise the project in the manner specified in Subsection (4)(a). If no satisfactory bid is received by the board upon the

readvertisement of the project, it may proceed to construct the project but only in accordance with the plans and specifications used to calculate the estimated cost of the project.

- (c) The board shall keep an accurate record of all facts and representations relied upon in preparing its estimated cost for any project which is subject to the competitive bidding requirements of this section.
 - (d) For the purposes of this Subsection (4):

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- (i) "Estimated cost" means the cost of all labor, material, and equipment necessary for construction of the contemplated project.
- (ii) "Lowest responsible bidder" means any licensed contractor who submits the lowest bid, whose bid is in compliance with the invitation for bids, whose bid meets the plans and specifications, and who furnishes bonds under Sections 14-1-18 and 63-56-38.
- (5) If any payment on a contract with a private contractor for construction of projects under this section is retained or withheld, it shall be [placed in an interest bearing account and the interest shall accrue for the benefit of the contractor and subcontractors to be paid after the project is completed and accepted by the board. It is the responsibility of the contractor to ensure that any interest accrued on the retainage is distributed by the contractor to subcontractors on a pro rata basis] retained or withheld and released as provided in Section 13-8-5.

Legislative Review Note as of 2-10-99 6:45 AM

A limited legal review of this legislation raises no obvious constitutional or statutory concerns.

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel