LEGISLATIVE GENERAL COUNSEL

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1	CHECK ABUSE AMENDMENTS
2	1999 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Sponsor: John E. Swallow
5	AN ACT RELATING TO COLLECTING ON DISHONORED INSTRUMENTS; AMENDING
6	PROVISIONS RELATED TO DISHONORED CHECKS OR OTHER INSTRUMENTS; AND
7	MAKING TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS.
8	This act affects sections of Utah Code Annotated 1953 as follows:
9	AMENDS:
10	7-15-1, as last amended by Chapter 245, Laws of Utah 1997
11	7-15-2, as last amended by Chapter 245, Laws of Utah 1997
12	35A-4-305, as last amended by Chapter 13, Laws of Utah 1998
13	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
14	Section 1. Section 7-15-1 is amended to read:
15	7-15-1. Definitions Civil liability of issuer Notice of action Collection costs.
16	(1) As used in this chapter:
17	(a) "Check" means a payment instrument on a depository institution including a:
18	(i) check;
19	(ii) draft;
20	(iii) order; or
21	(iv) other instrument.
22	[(1) Any] (b) "Issuer" means a person who makes, draws, signs, or issues [any] a check[,
23	draft, order, or other instrument upon any depository institution], whether as corporate agent or
24	otherwise, for the purpose of:
25	(i) obtaining from any person[, firm, partnership, or corporation] any money, merchandise,
26	property, or other thing of value; or
27	(ii) paying for any service, wages, salary, or rent.

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28	(2) (a) An issuer of a check is liable to the holder of the check[, draft, order, or other
29	instrument] if:
30	[(a)] (i) the check[, draft, order, or other instrument]:
31	[(i)] (A) is not honored upon presentment; and
32	[(ii)] (B) is marked "refer to maker"; [or]
33	[(b)] (ii) the account upon which the check[, draft, order, or other instrument has been] is
34	made or drawn:
35	[(i)] (A) does not exist;
36	[(ii)] (B) has been closed; or
37	[(iii)] (C) does not have sufficient funds or sufficient credit for payment in full of the
38	check[, draft, or other instrument.]; or
39	(iii) (A) the check is issued in partial or complete fulfillment of a valid and legally binding
40	obligation; and
41	(B) the issuer stops payment on the check with the intent to:
42	(I) fraudulently defeat a possessory lien; or
43	(II) otherwise defraud the holder of the check.
44	(b) If an issuer of a check is liable under Subsection (2)(a), the issuer is liable for:
45	(i) the check amount; and
46	(ii) a service charge of \$20.
47	[(2)] (3) (a) The holder of [the] <u>a</u> check[, draft, order, or other instrument] that has been
48	dishonored may:
49	(i) give written or [verbal] oral notice of dishonor to the [person making, drawing, signing,
50	or issuing] issuer of the check[, draft, order, or other instrument]; and
51	(ii) [impose a] waive all or part of the service charge [that may not exceed \$20] imposed
52	under Subsection (2)(b).
53	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)[(a)](b), a holder of a check[, draft, order, or other
54	instrument] that has been dishonored may not [charge] collect and the issuer is not liable for the
55	service charge [permitted] imposed under Subsection (2)[(a)](b) if:
56	(i) the holder redeposits the check[, draft, order, or other instrument]; and
57	(ii) that check[, draft, order, or other instrument] is honored.
58	(4) If the issuer does not pay the amount owed under Subsection (2)(b) within 15 calendar

59	days from the day on which the notice required under Subsection (5) is mailed, the issuer is liable
60	for:
61	(a) the amount owed under Subsection (2)(b); and
62	
	(b) collection costs not to exceed \$20.
63	[(3)] (5) (a) [Prior to] A holder shall provide written notice to an issuer before:
64	(i) charging collection costs under Subsection (4) in addition to the amount owed under
65	Subsection (2)(b); or
66	(ii) filing an action based upon this section[, the holder of a dishonored check, draft, order,
67	or other instrument].
68	(b) The written notice required under Subsection (5)(a) shall [give the person making,
69	drawing, signing, or issuing] notify the issuer of the dishonored check[, draft, order, or other
70	instrument written notice of intent to] that:
71	(i) if the amount owed under Subsection (2)(b) is not paid within 15 calendar days from
72	the day on which the notice is mailed, the issuer is liable for:
73	(A) the amount owed under Subsection (2)(b); and
74	(B) collection costs under Subsection (4); and
75	(ii) the holder may file civil action[, allowing] if the [person seven] issuer does not pay to
76	the holder the amount owed under Subsection (4) within 30 calendar days from the [date] day on
77	which the notice [was] is mailed [to tender payment in full, plus the service charge imposed for
78	the dishonored check, draft, order, or other instrument].
79	(6) If the issuer has not paid the holder the amounts owed under Subsection (4) within 30
80	calendar days from the day on which the notice required by Subsection (5) is mailed, the holder
81	may offer to not file civil action under this section if the issuer pays the holder:
82	(a) an amount that:
83	(i) is equal to the greater of:
84	(A) \$100; or
85	(B) triple the check amount; and
86	(ii) does not exceed the check amount plus \$500; and
87	(b) if the holder retains an attorney to recover on the dishonored check, reasonable
88	attorney's fees not to exceed the amounts set forth in Utah Code of Judicial Administration, Rule
89	4-505.01.

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90	[(4)] (7) (a) A civil action may not be filed under this section unless the issuer fails to pay
91	the amounts owed under Subsection (4) within 30 calendar days from the day on which the notice
92	required by Subsection (5) is mailed.
93	(b) In a civil action, the [person making, drawing, signing, or issuing] issuer of the check[,
94	draft, order, or other instrument] is liable to the holder for:
95	[(a)] (i) the check amount [of the check, draft, order, or other instrument];
96	[(b)] <u>(ii)</u> interest; [and]
97	[(c)] (iii) all costs of collection, including all court costs and reasonable attorneys' fees;
98	and
99	(iv) damages:
100	(A) equal to the greater of:
101	<u>(I) \$100; or</u>
102	(II) triple the check amount; and
103	(B) not to exceed the check amount plus \$750.
104	[(5) As used in this section, "costs of collection" includes reasonable compensation, as
105	approved by the court, for time expended if the collection is pursued personally by the holder and
106	not through an agent.]
107	(8) This section may not be construed to prohibit the holder of the check from seeking
108	relief under any other applicable statute or cause of action.
109	Section 2. Section 7-15-2 is amended to read:
110	7-15-2. Notice Form.
111	(1) (a) "Notice" means notice given to the [person making, drawing, or issuing the] issuer
112	of a check[, draft, order, or other instrument] either [in person] orally or in writing.
113	(b) [A] Written notice may be given by United States mail that is:
114	(i) first class; and
115	(ii) postage prepaid.
116	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(b), written notice is conclusively presumed to have
117	been given when the notice is:
118	(i) properly deposited in the United States [mails,] mail;
119	(ii) postage prepaid[, by];
120	(iii) certified or registered mail[,]:

121	(iv) return receipt requested[;]; and
122	(v) addressed to the signer at the signer's:
123	(A) address as it appears on the check[, draft, order, or other instrument]; or [at the
124	signer's]
125	(B) last-known address.
126	(2) Written notice [as applied in] under Subsection 7-15-1[(3)] (5) shall take substantially
127	the following form:
128	Date:
129	To:
130	You are hereby notified that the check(s) described below issued by you has (have) been
131	returned to us unpaid:
132	[Instrument] Check date:
133	[Instrument] Check number:
134	Originating institution:
135	Amount:
136	Reason for dishonor (marked on [instrument] check):
137	[This instrument,] In accordance with Section 7-15-1, Utah Code Annotated, you are liable
138	for this check together with a service charge of \$20, which must be paid to the undersigned [within
139	seven days from the date of this notice].
140	If you do not pay the check amount and the \$20 service charge within 15 calendar days
141	from the day on which this notice was mailed, you are required to pay within 30 calendar days
142	from the day on which this notice is mailed:
143	(1) the check amount;
144	(2) the \$20 service charge; and
145	(3) collection costs not to exceed \$20.
146	If you do not pay the check amount, the \$20 service charge, and the collection costs within
147	30 calendar days from the day on which this notice is mailed, in accordance with Section 7-15-1,
148	Utah Code Annotated, [or] an appropriate civil legal action may be filed against you for:
149	(1) the <u>check</u> amount [due and owing together with];
150	(2) interest[,]:
151	(3) court costs[$\overline{,}$]:

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152	(4) attorneys' fees[, and];
153	(5) actual costs of collection as provided by law: and
154	(6) damages in an amount equal to the greater of \$100 or triple the check amount, except
155	that damages recovered under this Subsection (6) may not exceed the check amount by more than
156	<u>\$750</u> .
157	In addition, the criminal code provides in Section 76-6-505, Utah Code Annotated, that any
158	person who issues or passes a check for the payment of money, for the purpose of obtaining from
159	any person, firm, partnership, or corporation, any money, property, or other thing of value or
160	paying for any services, wages, salary, labor, or rent, knowing it will not be paid by the drawee and
161	payment is refused by the drawee, is guilty of issuing a bad check.
162	The civil action referred to in this notice does not preclude the right to prosecute under the
163	criminal code of the state of Utah.
164	(Signed)
165	Name of Holder:
166	Address of Holder:
167	Telephone Number:
168	Section 3. Section 35A-4-305 is amended to read:
169	35A-4-305. Collection of contributions Unpaid contributions to bear interest.
170	(1) (a) Contributions unpaid on the date on which they are due and payable, as prescribed
171	by the division, shall bear interest at the rate of 1% per month from and after that date until
172	payment plus accrued interest is received by the division.
173	(b) (i) Contribution reports not made and filed by the date on which they are due as
174	prescribed by the division shall be subject to a penalty to be assessed and collected in the same
175	manner as contributions due under this section equal to 5% of the contribution due if the failure
176	to file on time was not more than 15 days, with an additional 5% for each additional 15 days or
177	fraction thereof during which the failure continued, but not to exceed 25% in the aggregate and not
178	less than \$25 with respect to each reporting period.
179	(ii) If a report is filed after such time and it is shown to the satisfaction of the division or
180	its authorized representative that the failure to file was due to a reasonable cause and not to willful
181	neglect, no addition shall be made to the contribution.
182	(c) (i) If contributions are unpaid after ten days from the date of the mailing or personal

183 delivery by the division or its authorized representative, of a written demand for payment, there 184 shall attach to the contribution, to be assessed and collected in the same manner as contributions 185 due under this section, a penalty equal to 5% of the contribution due. 186 (ii) A penalty may not attach if within ten days after the mailing or personal delivery, 187 arrangements for payment have been made with the division, or its authorized representative, and 188 payment is made in accordance with those arrangements. 189 (d) The division shall assess as a penalty a service charge, in addition to any other penalties 190 that may apply, in an amount not to exceed the [maximum] service charge [allowed] imposed by 191 [Subsection] Section 7-15-1[(2)] for dishonored instruments if: 192 (i) any amount due the division for contributions, interest, other penalties or benefit 193 overpayments is paid by check, draft, order, or other instrument; and 194 (ii) the instrument is dishonored or not paid by the institution against which it is drawn. 195 (e) Except for benefit overpayments under Subsection 35A-4-405(5), benefit overpayments, 196 contributions, interest, penalties, and assessed costs, uncollected three years after they become due, 197 may be charged as uncollectable and removed from the records of the division if: 198 (i) no assets belonging to the liable person and subject to attachment can be found; and (ii) in the opinion of the division there is no likelihood of collection at a future date. 199 200 (f) Interest and penalties collected in accordance with this section shall be paid into the 201 Special Administrative Expense Fund. 202 (g) Action required for the collection of sums due under this chapter is subject to the 203 applicable limitations of actions under Title 78, Chapter 12, Limitation of Actions. 204 (2) (a) If an employer fails to file a report when prescribed by the division for the purpose 205 of determining the amount of the employer's contribution due under this chapter, or if the report 206 when filed is incorrect or insufficient or is not satisfactory to the division, the division may 207 determine the amount of wages paid for employment during the period or periods with respect to 208 which the reports were or should have been made and the amount of contribution due from the 209 employer on the basis of such information as it may be able to obtain. 210 (b) The division shall give written notice of the determination to the employer. 211 (c) The determination is considered correct unless: 212 (i) the employer, within ten days after mailing or personal delivery of notice of the 213 determination, applies to the division for a review of the determination as provided in Section

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214	35A-4-508; or
215	(ii) unless the division or its authorized representative of its own motion reviews the
216	determination.
217	(d) The amount of contribution so determined shall be subject to penalties and interest as
218	provided in Subsection (1).
219	(3) (a) If, after due notice, any employer defaults in any payment of contributions, interest,
220	or penalties on the contributions, or any claimant defaults in any repayment of benefit
221	overpayments and penalties on the overpayments, the amount due shall be collectible by civil
222	action in the name of the division, and the employer adjudged in default shall pay the costs of the
223	action.
224	(b) Civil actions brought under this section to collect contributions, interest or penalties
225	from an employer, or benefit overpayments and penalties from a claimant shall be:
226	(i) heard by the court at the earliest possible date; and
227	(ii) entitled to preference upon the calendar of the court over all other civil actions except:
228	(A) petitions for judicial review under this chapter; and
229	(B) cases arising under the workers' compensation law of this state.
230	(c) (i) To collect contributions, interest or penalties, or benefit overpayments and penalties
231	due from employers or claimants located outside Utah the division may employ private collectors
232	providing debt collection services outside Utah. Accounts may be placed with private collectors
233	only after the employer or claimant has been given a final notice that the division intends to place
234	the account with a private collector for further collection action. The notice shall advise the
235	employer or claimant of the employer's or claimant's rights under this chapter and the rules
236	applicable of the department.
237	(ii) A private collector may receive as compensation up to, but no more than, 25% of the
238	lesser of the amount collected or the amount due, plus the costs and fees of any civil action or
239	post-judgment remedy instituted by the private collector with the approval of the division. The
240	employer or claimant shall be liable to pay the compensation of the collector, costs, and fees in
241	addition to the original amount due.

242 (iii) A private collector is subject to the federal Fair Debt Collection Practices Act, 15
243 U.S.C. Sec. 1692 et seq.

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(iv) A civil action may not be maintained by any private collector without specific prior

written approval of the division. When division approval is given for civil action against an
employer or claimant, the division may cooperate with the private collector to the extent necessary
to effect the civil action.

(d) (i) Notwithstanding Section 35A-4-312, the division may disclose the contribution,
interest, penalties or benefit overpayments and penalties, costs due, the name of the employer or
claimant, and the employer's or claimant's address and telephone number when any collection
matter is referred to a private collector under Subsection (3)(c).

(ii) A private collector is subject to the confidentiality requirements and penalty provisions
 provided in Section 35A-4-312 and Subsection 35A-4-104(4), except to the extent disclosure is
 necessary in any civil action to enforce collection of the amounts due.

(e) An action taken by the division under this section may not be construed to be anelection to forego other collection procedures by the division.

(4) (a) In the event of any distribution of an employer's assets under an order of any court
under the laws of Utah, including any receivership, assignment for benefits of creditors,
adjudicated insolvency, composition, or similar proceedings, contributions then or thereafter due
shall be paid in full prior to all other claims except taxes and claims for wages of not more than
\$400 to each claimant, earned within five months of the commencement of the proceeding.

(b) If an employer commences a proceeding in the Federal Bankruptcy Court under any
chapter of the Bankruptcy Reform Act of 1978, 11 U.S.C. 101 et seq., as amended, contributions,
interest, and penalties then or thereafter due shall be entitled to the priority provided for taxes,
interest, and penalties in the Bankruptcy Reform Act of 1978.

266 (5) (a) In addition and as an alternative to any other remedy provided by this chapter and provided that no appeal or other proceeding for review provided by this chapter is then pending 267 268 and the time for taking it has expired, the division may issue a warrant in duplicate, under its 269 official seal, directed to the sheriff of any county of the state, commanding the sheriff to levy upon 270 and sell the real and personal property of a delinquent employer or claimant found within the 271 sheriff's county for the payment of the contributions due thereon, with the added penalties, interest, 272 or benefit overpayment and penalties, and costs, and to return the warrant to the division and pay 273 into the fund the money collected by virtue of the warrant by a time to be therein specified, not 274 more than 60 days from the date of the warrant.

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(b) Immediately upon receipt of the warrant in duplicate, the sheriff shall file the duplicate

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with the clerk of the district court in the sheriff's county. The clerk shall enter in the judgment

- 277 docket, in the column for judgment debtors, the name of the delinquent employer or claimant
- 278 mentioned in the warrant, and in appropriate columns the amount of the contribution, penalties,

279 interest, or benefit overpayment and penalties, and costs, for which the warrant is issued and the

280 date when the duplicate is filed.

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(c) The amount of the warrant so docketed shall:

(i) have the force and effect of an execution against all personal property of the delinquentemployer; and

(ii) become a lien upon the real property of the delinquent employer or claimant in the
same manner and to the same extent as a judgment duly rendered by any district court and
docketed in the office of the clerk.

(d) After docketing, the sheriff shall:

(i) proceed in the same manner as is prescribed by law with respect to execution issuedagainst property upon judgments of a court of record; and

(ii) be entitled to the same fees for the sheriff's services in executing the warrant, to becollected in the same manner.

(6) (a) Contributions imposed by this chapter are a lien upon the property of any employer
liable for the contribution required to be collected under this section who shall sell out the
employer's business or stock of goods or shall quit business, if the employer fails to make a final
report and payment on the date subsequent to the date of selling or quitting business on which they
are due and payable as prescribed by rule.

(b) An employer's successor, successors, or assigns, if any, shall be required to withhold sufficient of the purchase money to cover the amount of the contributions and interest or penalties due and payable until such time as the former owner shall produce a receipt from the division showing that they have been paid or a certificate stating that no amount is due. If the purchaser of a business or stock of goods fails to withhold sufficient purchase money, the purchaser shall be personally liable for the payment of the amount of the contributions required to be paid by the former owner, interest and penalties accrued and unpaid by the former owner, owners, or assignors.

304 (7) (a) If any employer is delinquent in the payment of any contribution, the division may
 305 give notice of the amount of the delinquency by registered mail to all persons having in their
 306 possession or under their control, any credits or other personal property belonging to the employer,

307 or owing any debts to the employer at the time of the receipt by them of the notice.

- 308 (b) Any persons notified under Subsection (7)(a) shall neither transfer nor make any other309 disposition of the credits, other personal property, or debts until:
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(i) the division has consented to a transfer or disposition; or

311 (ii) 20 days after the receipt of the notice.

(c) All persons notified under Subsection (7)(a) shall within five days after receipt of the
notice, advise the division of credits, other personal property, or other debts in their possession,
under their control or owing by them, as the case may be.

(8) (a) Each employer shall furnish the division necessary information for the proper
administration of this chapter and shall include wage information for each employee, for each
calendar quarter beginning October 1, 1984. The information shall be furnished at a time, in the
form, and to those individuals as the department may by rule require.

- (b) Each employer shall furnish each individual worker who is separated that information
 as the department may by rule require, and shall furnish within 48 hours of the receipt of a request
 from the division a report of the earnings of any individual during the individual's base-period.
 The report shall be on a form prescribed by the division and contain all information prescribed by
- 323 the division.

(c) For each failure by an employer to conform to this Subsection (8) the division shall,
unless good cause is shown to the satisfaction of the division for the failure, assess a \$50 penalty
to be collected in the same manner as contributions due under this chapter.

(9) If any person liable to pay any contribution or benefit overpayment imposed by this
chapter neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount, including any interest,
additional amount, addition to contributions, or assessable penalty, together with any additional
accruable costs, shall be a lien in favor of the division upon all property and rights to property,
whether real or personal belonging to the person.

(10) (a) The lien imposed by Subsection (9) arises at the time the assessment, as defined
in the department rules, is made and continues until the liability for the amount so assessed, or a
judgment against the taxpayer arising out of the liability, is satisfied.

(b) The lien imposed by Subsection (9) is not valid as against any purchaser, holder of a
security interest, mechanics lien holder, or judgment lien creditor until a warrant which meets the
requirements of Subsection (5) has been filed with the clerk of the district court. For the purposes

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of Subsection (10)(b):

(i) "Judgment lien creditor" means a person who obtains a valid judgment of a court of
record for recovery of specific property or a sum certain of money, and who in the case of a
recovery of money, has a perfected lien under the judgment on the property involved. A judgment
lien does not include inchoate liens such as attachment or garnishment liens until they ripen into
a judgment. A judgment lien does not include the determination or assessment of a quasi-judicial
authority, such as a state or federal taxing authority.

(ii) "Mechanics lien holder" means any person who has a lien on real property, or on the
proceeds of a contract relating to real property, for services, labor, or materials furnished in
connection with the construction or improvement of the property. A person has a lien on the
earliest date the lien becomes valid against subsequent purchasers without actual notice, but not
before the person begins to furnish the services, labor, or materials.

- 350 (iii) "Person" means:
- 351 (A) an individual;
- 352 (B) a trust;
- 353 (C) an estate;
- 354 (D) a partnership;
- 355 (E) an association;
- 356 (F) a company;
- 357 (G) a limited liability company;
- 358 (H) a limited liability partnership; or
- (I) a corporation.

(iv) "Purchaser" means a person who, for adequate and full consideration in money or
 money's worth, acquires an interest, other than a lien or security interest, in property which is valid
 under state law against subsequent purchasers without actual notice.

- (v) "Security interest" means any interest in property acquired by contract for the purpose
 of securing payment or performance of an obligation or indemnifying against loss or liability. A
 security interest exists at any time:
- 366 (A) the property is in existence and the interest has become protected under the law against367 a subsequent judgment lien arising out of an unsecured obligation; and
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(B) to the extent that, at that time, the holder has parted with money or money's worth.

Legislative Review Note as of 1-21-99 12:02 PM

A limited legal review of this legislation raises no obvious constitutional or statutory concerns.

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel