LEGISLATIVE GENERAL COUNSEL

H.B. 125 2nd Sub. (Gray)

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**Representative Evan L. Olsen** proposes to substitute the following bill:

1	<b>COUNTY OPTION SALES AND USE TAX FOR</b>
2	AGRICULTURAL LAND, OPEN LAND, AND
3	<b>RECREATIONAL FACILITIES</b>
4	1999 GENERAL SESSION
5	STATE OF UTAH
6	Sponsor: Evan L. Olsen
7	AN ACT RELATING TO REVENUE AND TAXATION; PROVIDING DEFINITIONS;
8	AUTHORIZING A COUNTY TO IMPOSE A SALES AND USE TAX FOR AGRICULTURAL
9	LAND, OPEN LAND, OR RECREATIONAL FACILITIES; ESTABLISHING REQUIREMENTS
10	FOR THE IMPOSITION AND REPEAL OF THE TAX; REQUIRING A COUNTY TO
11	INCLUDE UNUSED SALES AND USE TAX REVENUES AS PROPERTY TAX REVENUES;
12	PROVIDING FOR THE DISTRIBUTION OF THE TAX; PROVIDING THE PURPOSES FOR
13	WHICH THE TAX REVENUES MAY BE USED; REQUIRING COUNTIES TO ESTABLISH
14	ADVISORY BOARDS TO PROVIDE FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS ON
15	EXPENDING CERTAIN SALES AND USE TAX REVENUES; PROVIDING PROCEDURES
16	FOR ADMINISTERING THE TAX; MAKING TECHNICAL CHANGES; AND PROVIDING
17	AN EFFECTIVE DATE.
18	This act affects sections of Utah Code Annotated 1953 as follows:
19	ENACTS:
20	<b>59-12-1401</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
21	<b>59-12-1402</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
22	<b>59-12-1403</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
23	<b>59-12-1404</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
24	<b>59-12-1405</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
25	<b>59-12-1406</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953

26	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
27	Section 1. Section <b>59-12-1401</b> is enacted to read:
28	Part 14. County Option Sales and Use Tax for Agricultural Land,
29	<b>Open Land, and Recreational Facilities</b>
30	<u>59-12-1401.</u> Title Definitions.
31	(1) This part is known as the "County Option Sales and Use Tax for Agricultural Land,
32	Open Land, and Recreational Facilities Act."
33	(2) As used in this part:
34	(a) "Agricultural land" has the same meaning as "land in agricultural use" under Section
35	<u>59-2-502.</u>
36	(b) "Commission processing period" means a time period:
37	(i) beginning on the day on which a county notifies the commission of the county's intent
38	to repeal a tax under this part;
39	(ii) ending 30 calendar days after the day on which a county notifies the commission of
40	the county's intent to repeal a tax under this part; and
41	(iii) during which the commission performs procedures in preparation for a tax under this
42	part to be repealed.
43	(c) "Open land" means land that is:
44	(i) preserved predominantly in a natural, open, and undeveloped condition; and
45	(ii) used for:
46	(A) wildlife habitat;
47	(B) cultural or recreational use:
48	(C) watershed protection; or
49	(D) another use consistent with the preservation of the land in a predominantly natural,
50	open, and undeveloped condition.
51	(d) "Recreational facility" is as defined in Section 59-12-702.
52	(e) "Unused sales and use tax revenues" means any revenues:
53	(i) generated by a tax under this part; and
54	(ii) that the county has not expended for a purpose described in Subsections
55	<u>59-12-1404(5)(a) or (b).</u>
56	Section 2. Section <b>59-12-1402</b> is enacted to read:

57	59-12-1402. Base Rate Imposition requirements Administration Repeal.
58	(1) In addition to any other tax authorized by this chapter, a county may impose a tax as
59	provided in this part:
60	(a) of 1/8%; and
61	(b) to be used as provided in Section 59-12-1404.
62	(2) A county legislative body imposing a tax under this part shall:
63	(a) before imposing the tax, obtain approval from a majority of the:
64	(i) members of the county legislative body; and
65	(ii) registered voters of the county voting on the proposition as provided in Section
66	<u>59-12-1403;</u>
67	(b) (i) enact an ordinance imposing the tax; and
68	(ii) notify the commission at least 30 days prior to the day on which the ordinance
69	imposing the tax becomes effective;
70	(c) impose the tax:
71	(i) upon the sales and uses:
72	(A) described in Subsection 59-12-103(1), subject to the exemptions provided for in
73	Section 59-12-104; and
74	(B) made within the county, including sales and uses made within municipalities in the
75	<u>county:</u>
76	(ii) beginning on the first day of:
77	(A) January;
78	(B) April;
79	(C) July; or
80	(D) October; and
81	(iii) no later than 90 days after the day on which the county legislative body meets the
82	requirements of Subsection (2)(a); and
83	(d) within 30 calendar days after the day on which the county imposes a tax under this part,
84	enact an ordinance:
85	(i) (A) creating a fund to deposit all of the revenues generated by the tax under this part;
86	and
87	(B) providing for the administration of the fund described in Subsection (2)(d)(i)(A); and

88	(ii) creating a board to make findings and recommendations to the county legislative body
89	as provided in Section 59-12-1405 or 59-12-1406.
90	(3) Except as provided in this section, a county shall impose and the commission shall
91	administer a tax under this part in the same manner as a tax imposed under Part 2, The Local Sales
92	and Use Tax Act, except that the tax is not subject to:
93	(a) the distribution provisions of Subsections 59-12-205(2) and 59-12-205(3); and
94	(b) Subsection 59-12-205(4).
95	(4) If, at any time after the day on which a county imposes a tax under this part, the county
96	does not expend an amount of revenues generated by the tax for a purpose described in Subsection
97	59-12-1404(5)(a) for three consecutive years, the county shall:
98	(i) repeal the tax beginning on the first day of the calendar quarter immediately following
99	the last day of the commission processing period; and
100	(ii) notify the commission of the repeal of the tax at least 30 calendar days before the day
101	on which the county repeals the tax.
102	(5) If a county repeals a tax under Subsection (4), for purposes of calculating the county's
103	certified tax rate under Section 59-2-924, the county shall:
104	(a) for the calendar year beginning immediately after the county repeals the tax, include
105	as property tax revenues any unused sales and use tax revenues up to an amount equal to the
106	amount of property tax revenues the county is allowed to collect for a calendar year under the
107	county's certified tax rate as provided in Section 59-2-924; and
108	(b) for calendar years after the calendar year described in Subsection (5)(a), include as
109	property tax revenues any unused sales and use tax revenues:
110	(i) up to an amount equal to the amount of property tax revenues the county is allowed to
111	collect for a calendar year under the county's certified tax rate as provided in Section 59-2-924; and
112	(ii) until the county includes all unused sales and use tax revenues as property tax
113	revenues.
114	Section 3. Section <b>59-12-1403</b> is enacted to read:
115	59-12-1403. Election requirements.
116	(1) Beginning on July 1, 1999, a county may obtain approval under Subsection
117	59-12-1402(2)(a)(ii) to impose a tax under this part by submitting to the ballot a proposition:
118	(a) of whether to impose a tax under this part; and

119	<u>(b) at a:</u>
120	(i) municipal general election that meets the requirements of Subsection (2)(a); or
121	(ii) regular general election that meets the requirements of Subsection (2)(b).
122	(2) (a) A county holding a municipal general election under Subsection (1) shall hold the
123	election according to the procedures and requirements of Section 20A-1-202 and Title 20A,
124	Election Code.
125	(b) A county holding a regular general election under Subsection (1) shall hold the election
126	according to the procedures and requirements of Title 20A, Election Code.
127	Section 4. Section <b>59-12-1404</b> is enacted to read:
128	59-12-1404. Distribution of tax Expenditure of revenues Board.
129	(1) Except as provided in Subsections (2)(b) and (3)(b), revenues generated by a tax under
130	this part shall be distributed to the county in which the revenues were generated.
131	(2) (a) The county legislative body of a county of the first or second class shall expend
132	50% of the revenues generated by a tax under this part as provided in Subsection (5)(a).
133	(b) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), the county legislative body of a county of the first
134	or second class shall allocate 50% of the revenues generated by a tax under this part as provided
135	in Subsection (4).
136	(ii) The revenues described in Subsection (2)(b)(i) shall be expended:
137	(A) as provided in Subsection (5)(b); and
138	(B) (I) by a city described in Subsection (4);
139	(II) by a town described in Subsection (4); or
140	(III) except as provided in Subsection (6), by a county for use within an unincorporated
141	area of the county described in Subsection (4).
142	(3) (a) The county legislative body of a county of the third, fourth, fifth, or sixth class shall
143	expend 90% of the revenues generated by a tax under this part as provided in Subsection (5)(a).
144	(b) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), the county legislative body of a county of the third,
145	fourth, fifth, or sixth class shall allocate 10% of the revenues generated by a tax under this part as
146	provided in Subsection (4).
147	(ii) The revenues described in Subsection (3)(b)(i) shall be expended:
148	(A) as provided in Subsection (5)(b); and
149	(B) (I) by a city described in Subsection (4);

150	(II) by a town described in Subsection (4); or
151	(III) except as provided in Subsection (6), by a county for use within an unincorporated
152	area of the county described in Subsection (4).
153	(4) The revenues described in Subsections (2)(b)(i) and (3)(b)(i) shall be allocated:
154	(a) to each:
155	(i) city located within the county;
156	(ii) town located within the county; and
157	(iii) unincorporated area of the county; and
158	(b) in the ratio that the total population of each city, town, or unincorporated area
159	described in Subsection (4)(a) bears to the total population of all of the cities, towns, and
160	unincorporated areas described in Subsection (4)(a).
161	(5) (a) Subject to Subsections (6) and (8), a county expending the revenues described in
162	Subsections (2)(a) and (3)(a) shall expend the revenues:
163	(i) to establish conservation easements as provided in Title 57, Chapter 18, Land
164	Conservation Easement Act, to protect agricultural land;
165	(ii) for watershed protection;
166	(iii) for per diem and expenses for members of a county board as provided in Section
167	<u>59-12-1405 or 59-12-1406; or</u>
168	(iv) for a combination of the purposes described in Subsections (5)(a)(i) through (iii).
169	(b) Subject to Subsections (6) and (8), a county, city, or town expending the revenues
170	described in Subsections (2)(b) and (3)(b) shall expend the revenues in accordance with the
171	following priorities:
172	(i) the first priority is watershed protection;
173	(ii) the second priority is:
174	(A) to establish conservation easements as provided in Title 57, Chapter 18, Land
175	Conservation Easement Act, to protect open land; or
176	(B) except as provided in Subsection (7), for another use consistent with the preservation
177	of open land in a predominantly natural, open, and undeveloped condition;
178	(iii) the third priority is for the planning, development, or construction of recreational
179	facilities; and
180	(iv) a county, city, or town may expend the revenues for a combination of the priorities

181	described in Subsections (5)(b)(i) through (iii).
182	(6) Notwithstanding Subsections (2)(b)(ii)(B)(III) and (3)(b)(ii)(B)(III), a county, city, or
183	town may expend an amount of revenues generated by a tax under this part for use within a county,
184	city, or town that is located outside the boundaries of the county, city, or town if the county, city,
185	or town receiving the revenues agrees to the expenditure.
186	(7) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (5)(b)(ii)(B) and except as provided in Subsection
187	(7)(b), a county, city, or town may not expend an amount of revenues generated by a tax under this
188	part to purchase a fee interest in real property in order to preserve open land.
189	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (7)(a) and subject to Subsections (7)(c) and (d), a county,
190	city, or town may expend an amount of revenues generated by a tax under this part to purchase a
191	fee interest in real property to preserve open land if:
192	(i) the parcel to be purchased is not more than ten acres in size; and
193	(ii) real property roughly equivalent in size is contemporaneously transferred to private
194	ownership from the county, city, or town that purchased the fee interest in real property.
195	(c) Eminent domain may not be used or threatened in connection with any purchase under
196	this Subsection (7).
197	(d) A parcel of real property larger than ten acres in size may not be divided into separate
198	parcels smaller than ten acres each to meet the requirements of Subsection (7)(b).
199	(8) Notwithstanding Subsection (5)(a) or (b), a county may not:
200	(a) expend an amount of revenues generated by a tax under this part to pay debt service
201	on a bond or bond anticipation note;
202	(b) pledge an amount of revenues generated by a tax under this part as a source of payment
203	for a bond or bond anticipation note; or
204	(c) expend an amount of revenues generated by a tax under this part to pay for a cost
205	related to the authorization or issuance of a bond or bond anticipation note, including:
206	(i) an engineering fee;
207	(ii) a legal fee;
208	(iii) a fiscal adviser's fee;
209	(iv) interest that accrues on a bond or bond anticipation note; or
210	(v) a cost similar to a cost described in Subsection (8)(c)(i) through (iv).
211	Section 5. Section 59-12-1405 is enacted to read:

212	59-12-1405. County boards for counties of the first or second class.
213	(1) The county legislative body of a county of the first or second class shall, as provided
214	in Section 59-12-1402, enact an ordinance establishing a board to make findings and
215	recommendations to the county legislative body on expending the revenues generated under
216	Subsection 59-12-1404(2)(a) for the purposes described in Subsection 59-12-1404(5)(a).
217	(2) (a) Subject to Subsection (2)(b), the board shall consist of 11 members appointed by
218	the county legislative body as follows:
219	(i) three members shall be:
220	(A) members of the:
221	(I) county legislative body; or
222	(II) county executive body; or
223	(B) the county executive; or
224	(C) a combination of the persons described in Subsections (2)(a)(i)(A) and (B);
225	(ii) three members shall be:
226	(A) mayors of a city or town located within the county;
227	(B) members of a municipal legislative body of a city or town located within the county;
228	or
229	(C) a combination of the persons described in Subsections (2)(a)(ii)(A) and (B);
230	(iii) two members shall represent agricultural interests as determined by the county
231	legislative body;
232	(iv) one member shall represent real estate interests as determined by the county legislative
233	body;
234	(v) one member shall be a builder as determined by the county legislative body; and
235	(vi) one member shall represent conservation interests as determined by the county
236	legislative body.
237	(b) The county legislative body shall select the members described in Subsections
238	(2)(a)(iii) through (v) from names submitted as follows:
239	(i) (A) each of the local soil conservation districts created under Title 17A, Chapter 3, Part
240	8, Soil Conservation Districts, that are located within the county shall submit four or more names
241	to the county legislative body; and
242	(B) other agricultural organizations that are located within the county may submit one or

243	more names to the county legislative body;
244	(ii) (A) the local Board of Realtors representing the county shall submit two or more
245	names to the county legislative body; and
246	(B) other organizations representing real estate interests may submit one or more names
247	to the county legislative body;
248	(iii) (A) the local Home Builders Association representing the county shall submit two or
249	more names to the county legislative body; and
250	(B) other organizations representing home building interests may submit one or more
251	names to the county legislative body; and
252	(iv) organizations representing conservation interests may submit one or more names to
253	the county legislative body.
254	(3) The ordinance establishing the board shall:
255	(a) provide for the terms of the members;
256	(b) provide for the method of appointing members to the board:
257	(c) provide a procedure for filling vacancies and removing members from office;
258	(d) provide for the appointment of a chair of the board; and
259	(e) contain other provisions relating to the organization and procedure of the board.
260	(4) (a) (i) Members who are not government employees shall receive no compensation or
261	benefits for their services, but may receive per diem and expenses incurred in the performance of
262	the member's official duties at the rates established by the Division of Finance under Sections
263	<u>63A-3-106 and 63A-3-107.</u>
264	(ii) Members may decline to receive per diem and expenses for their service.
265	(b) (i) Local government members who do not receive salary, per diem, or expenses from
266	the entity that they represent for their service may receive per diem and expenses incurred in the
267	performance of their official duties at the rates established by the Division of Finance under
268	Sections 63A-3-106 and 63A-3-107.
269	(ii) Local government members may decline to receive per diem and expenses for their
270	service.
271	Section 6. Section <b>59-12-1406</b> is enacted to read:
272	59-12-1406. County boards for counties of the third, fourth, fifth, or sixth class.
273	(1) The county legislative body of a county of the third, fourth, fifth, or sixth class shall,

274	as provided in Section 59-12-1402, enact an ordinance establishing a board to make findings and
275	recommendations to the county legislative body on expending the revenues generated under
276	Subsection 59-12-1404(3)(a) for the purposes described in Subsection 59-12-1404(5)(a).
277	(2) (a) Subject to Subsection (2)(b), the board shall consist of seven members appointed
278	by the county legislative body as follows:
279	(i) five members shall represent agricultural interests as determined by the county
280	legislative body;
281	(ii) one member shall be a:
282	(A) mayor of a city or town located within the county; or
283	(B) member of a municipal legislative body of a city or town located within the county;
284	and
285	(iii) one member shall be:
286	(A) a member of the:
287	(I) county legislative body; or
288	(II) county executive body; or
289	(B) the county executive.
290	(b) The county legislative body shall select the members described in Subsections (2)(a)(i)
291	from names submitted as follows:
292	(i) each of the local soil conservation districts created under Title 17A, Chapter 3, Part 8,
293	Soil Conservation Districts, that are located within the county shall submit ten or more names to
294	the county legislative body; and
295	(ii) other agricultural organizations that are located within the county may submit one or
296	more names to the county legislative body.
297	(3) The ordinance establishing the board shall:
298	(a) provide for the terms of the members;
299	(b) provide for the method of appointing members to the board:
300	(c) provide a procedure for filling vacancies and removing members from office:
301	(d) provide for the appointment of a chair of the board; and
302	(e) contain other provisions relating to the organization and procedure of the board.
303	(4) (a) (i) Members who are not government employees shall receive no compensation or
304	benefits for their services, but may receive per diem and expenses incurred in the performance of

305	the member's official duties at the rates established by the Division of Finance under Sections
306	<u>63A-3-106 and 63A-3-107.</u>
307	(ii) Members may decline to receive per diem and expenses for their service.
308	(b) (i) Local government members who do not receive salary, per diem, or expenses from
309	the entity that they represent for their service may receive per diem and expenses incurred in the
310	performance of their official duties at the rates established by the Division of Finance under
311	Sections 63A-3-106 and 63A-3-107.
312	(ii) Local government members may decline to receive per diem and expenses for their
313	service.
314	Section 7. Effective date.
315	This act takes effect on July 1, 1999.