1	RETIREMENT OFFICE AMENDMENTS
2	1999 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Sponsor: Raymond W. Short
5	AN ACT RELATING TO PENSIONS; PERMITTING EMPLOYER PARTICIPATION IN
6	REDEPOSITS OF CONTRIBUTIONS; ESTABLISHING THE INTEREST RATE PAYABLE
7	ON REFUNDS, WITHDRAWALS, AND DELINQUENT CONTRIBUTIONS; AMENDING
8	THE DEFINITION OF REGULAR FULL-TIME EMPLOYEE FOR CREDIT ACCRUAL
9	PURPOSES; CORRECTING PUBLIC SAFETY DEATH BENEFIT TERMINOLOGY;
10	ENSURING INSURANCE PREMIUM FUNDING FOR THE FIREFIGHTERS' RETIREMENT
11	SYSTEM; DEFINING LEGISLATIVE AND GOVERNOR ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS
12	FOR RECEIPT OF A PENSION; ALLOWING THE BOARD TO MANAGE CAFETERIA OR
13	OTHER PROGRAMS; AMENDING THE DEFINITION OF DISABILITY; CLARIFYING
14	DISABILITY PROGRAM ENROLLMENT CONDITIONS; DETERMINING ELIGIBILITY TO
15	RECEIVE A DISABILITY BENEFIT UNDER CERTAIN CONDITIONS; MAKING
16	TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE.
17	This act affects sections of Utah Code Annotated 1953 as follows:
18	AMENDS:
19	49-1-503 , as last amended by Chapter 157, Laws of Utah 1992
20	49-1-504 , as enacted by Chapter 1, Laws of Utah 1987
21	49-2-103, as last amended by Chapter 31, Laws of Utah 1997
22	49-2-401 , as last amended by Chapter 231, Laws of Utah 1996
23	49-3-103, as last amended by Chapter 31, Laws of Utah 1997
24	49-3-401, as last amended by Chapters 231, Laws of Utah 1996
25	49-4-401 , as last amended by Chapter 231, Laws of Utah 1996
26	49-4-703, as last amended by Chapter 90, Laws of Utah 1994
27	49-4a-401 , as last amended by Chapter 231, Laws of Utah 1996

28	49-4a-703, as last amended by Chapter 90, Laws of Utah 1994
29	49-5-301, as last amended by Chapter 101, Laws of Utah 1993
30	49-5-401, as last amended by Chapter 231, Laws of Utah 1996
31	49-6-401, as last amended by Chapter 231, Laws of Utah 1996
32	49-6a-401, as enacted by Chapter 356, Laws of Utah 1997
33	49-7-401, as last amended by Chapter 197, Laws of Utah 1995
34	49-8-102, as enacted by Chapter 1, Laws of Utah 1987
35	49-8-103, as enacted by Chapter 1, Laws of Utah 1987
36	49-9-103, as last amended by Chapter 79, Laws of Utah 1996
37	49-9-401, as last amended by Chapter 267, Laws of Utah 1998
38	49-9-403, as last amended by Chapter 197, Laws of Utah 1995
39	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
40	Section 1. Section 49-1-503 is amended to read:
41	49-1-503. Redeposits of refunds Time period.
42	(1) A member of any system who withdraws accumulated contributions upon a previous
43	termination of employment and who returns to covered employment in a status prerequisite for
44	membership may redeposit or the member's employer may redeposit the accumulated contributions
45	withdrawn, together with interest charged from the date of refund through the month of payment,
46	at rates compounded annually under Section 49-1-504. If a redeposit is made, service credit shall
47	be restored and credited to the same retirement system from which the refund was taken providing
48	that the total redeposit is made prior to retirement.
49	(2) A member may redeposit a previous refund and interest charges in one lump sum or
50	may redeposit the refund amount and interest charges in monthly installments by payroll deduction
51	in a time period determined by the executive director.
52	Section 2. Section 49-1-504 is amended to read:
53	49-1-504. Rate of interest on redeposits, withdrawals, and delinquent contributions.
54	The rate of interest charged on redeposits of refunds, withdrawals, or delinquent
55	contributions is [equal to] the greater of:
56	(1) the average rate of the effective yield for the previous five years, rounded off to the
57	nearest whole or quarter percent rate, which has been earned by the Utah State Retirement
58	Investment Fund at the end of each preceding calendar year, as determined by the executive

59	director and approved by the board[-]; or
60	(2) the actuarial interest rate as of the preceding June 30.
61	Section 3. Section 49-2-103 is amended to read:
62	49-2-103. Definitions.
63	As used in this chapter:
64	(1) "Appointive officer" means an employee appointed to a position for a definite and
65	fixed term of office by official and duly recorded action of the governing body of an employing
66	unit who earns \$500 or more per month over a 12-month period adjusted annually by the Bureau
67	of Labor Statistics Consumer Price Index.
68	(2) (a) "Compensation," "salary," or "wages" means the total amount of payments made
69	by an employer to an employee for services rendered to the employer, including:
70	(i) bonuses;
71	(ii) cost-of-living adjustments;
72	(iii) other payments currently includable in gross income and that are subject to Social
73	Security deductions, including any payments in excess of the maximum amount subject to
74	deduction under Social Security law; and
75	(iv) amounts that the employee authorizes to be deducted or reduced for salary deferral or
76	other benefit programs authorized by federal law.
77	(b) "Compensation" for purposes of this chapter may not exceed the amount allowed under
78	Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a)(17).
79	(c) "Compensation," "salary," or "wages" does not include:
80	(i) the monetary value of remuneration paid in kind, such as a residence or use of
81	equipment;
82	(ii) all contributions made by an employer under any plan for the benefit of a participant;
83	(iii) salary paid to an employee working under the minimum number of hours required for
84	membership;
85	(iv) salary paid to a temporary or exempt employee;
86	(v) any payments upon termination, including accumulated vacation, sick leave payments,
87	or any other special payments; or
88	(vi) uniform, travel, or similar allowances.

(3) "Educational institution" means a political subdivision or instrumentality of the state

or a combination thereof primarily engaged in educational activities or the administration or servicing of educational activities, including:

- (a) the State Board of Education and its instrumentalities;
- (b) any institution of higher learning and its branches;
 - (c) any school district and its instrumentalities;
- (d) any vocational and technical school; and

- (e) any entity arising out of a consolidation agreement between entities under this definition.
- (4) (a) "Employee" or "regular employee" means any regular full-time employee whose term of employment for an employer contemplates continued employment during a calendar or school year and who performs covered service for one or more employers.
- (b) "Employee" or "regular employee" means an officer, elective or appointive, who receives as compensation from an employer \$500 or more per month over a 12-month period adjusted annually by the Bureau of Labor Statistics Consumer Price Index.
- (5) "Employer" or "employing unit" means any department, educational institution, political subdivision, or organization or agency financed in whole or in part by public funds for which any employee or member performs services subject to this chapter.
- (6) "Final average salary" means the amount computed by averaging the highest five years of annual compensation preceding retirement subject to Subsections (6)(a), (b), (c), and (d).
- (a) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), the percentage increase in annual compensation in any one of the years used may not exceed the previous year's salary by more than 10% plus a cost-of-living adjustment equal to the decrease in the purchasing power of the dollar during the previous year, as measured by the Consumer Price Index prepared by the United States Bureau of Labor Statistics.
- (b) In cases where the employing unit provides acceptable documentation to the board, the limitation in Subsection (6)(a) may be exceeded if:
 - (i) the member has transferred from another employing unit; or
 - (ii) the member has been promoted to a new position.
- (c) If the member retires more than six months from the date of termination of employment and for purposes of computing the member's final average salary only, the member is considered to have been in service at the member's last salary rate from the date of the termination of

employment to the date retirement becomes effective if the member so requests.

- (d) If participating service is less than five years, final average salary means the average annual compensation paid to the member during the full period of participating service.
 - (7) "Normal retirement age" means the age of 65 years.

- (8) "Organization or agency financed in whole or in part by public funds" means an agency, association, or organization that receives public funds. The term does not include political subdivisions, departments, or educational institutions.
- (9) "Public funds" means those funds derived, either directly or indirectly, from public taxes or public revenue, dues or contributions paid or donated by the membership of the organization, used to finance an activity whose objective is to improve, on a nonprofit basis, the governmental, educational, and social programs and systems of the state or its political subdivisions.
- (10) (a) "Regular full-time employee," in qualifying for membership [in the] and accrual of service credit under this system, means an employee whose employment normally requires an average of 20 hours or more per week, except as modified by the board, and who receives benefits normally provided by the employing unit.
- (b) "Regular full-time employee" includes a teacher who teaches half-time or more, or a classified school employee who works an average of 20 hours per week or more, regardless of benefits provided.
 - (11) "Years of service" or "service years" means:
 - (a) the number of periods, each to consist of 12 full months as determined by the board;
- (b) a period determined by the board, whether consecutive or not, during which an employee performed services for an employer or employers, including any time the employee rendered service in the armed forces of the United States before membership in the system or was absent on a paid leave of absence granted by an employer or absent in the service of the United States government on military duty as provided by this chapter; or
- (c) for a teacher, school administrator, or other contract employee of an educational institution, not less than eight months of full-time service constitutes a service year.
 - Section 4. Section **49-2-401** is amended to read:
- 49-2-401. Eligibility for service retirement -- Date of retirement -- Qualifications.
- (1) (a) Any member who qualifies for service retirement may retire by [applying in

152	writing] submitting to the retirement office [stating] an application form notarized by a notary
153	public. The application shall state the proposed effective date of retirement, which may not be
154	more than 90 days before or after the date of application.
155	(b) The effective date shall be the 1st or 16th day of the month, as selected by the member,
156	but must be after the last day of actual work.
157	(c) The member shall actually terminate employment and provide evidence of termination.
158	(2) The member is qualified to retire upon termination of services on or before the
159	effective date of retirement if one of the following requirements on that date is met:
160	(a) the member has been credited with at least four years of service and has attained an age
161	of 65 years or more;
162	(b) the member has been credited with at least ten years of service and has attained an age
163	of 62 years or more;
164	(c) the member has been credited with at least 20 years of service and has attained an age
165	of 60 years or more; or
166	(d) the member has been credited with at least 30 years of service.
167	Section 5. Section 49-3-103 is amended to read:
168	49-3-103. Definitions.
169	As used in this chapter:
170	(1) "Appointive officer" means an employee appointed to a position for a definite and
171	fixed term of office by official and duly recorded action of the governing body of an employing
172	unit and who earns \$500 or more per month over a 12-month period adjusted by the Bureau of
173	Labor Statistics Consumer Price Index.
174	(2) (a) "Compensation," "salary," or "wages" means the total amount of payments made
175	by an employer to an employee for services rendered to the employer, including:
176	(i) bonuses;
177	(ii) cost-of-living adjustments;
178	(iii) other payments currently includable in gross income and that are subject to Social

181 (iv) amounts that the employee authorizes to be deducted or reduced for salary deferral or 182 other benefit programs authorized by federal law.

Security deductions, including any payments in excess of the maximum amount subject to

deduction under Social Security law; and

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183 (b) "Compensation" for purposes of this chapter may not exceed the amount allowed under 184 Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a)(17). 185 (c) "Compensation," "salary," or "wages" does not include: 186 (i) the monetary value of remuneration paid in kind, such as a residence or use of 187 equipment; 188 (ii) all contributions made by an employer under any plan for the benefit of a participant; 189 (iii) salary paid to an employee working under the minimum number of hours required for 190 membership: 191 (iv) salary paid to a temporary or exempt employee; 192 (v) any payments upon termination, including accumulated lump-sum vacation, sick leave 193 payments, or any other special payments; or 194 (vi) uniform, travel, or similar allowances. 195 (3) "Educational institution" means a political subdivision or instrumentality of the state 196 or a combination thereof primarily engaged in educational activities or the administration or 197 servicing of educational activities, including: 198 (a) the State Board of Education and its instrumentalities; 199 (b) any institution of higher learning and its branches; 200 (c) any school district and its instrumentalities; 201 (d) any vocational and technical school; and 202 (e) any entity arising out of a consolidation agreement between entities under this 203 definition. 204 (4) "Effective date" of the noncontributory system means 12:01 a.m., July 1, 1986. 205 (5) (a) "Employee" or "regular employee" means any regular full-time employee whose 206 term of employment for an employer contemplates continued employment during a calendar or 207 school year and who performs covered service for one or more employers. 208 (b) "Employee" or "regular employee" means an officer, elective or appointive, who 209 receives as compensation from an employer \$500 or more per month over a 12-month period 210 adjusted by the Bureau of Labor Statistics Consumer Price Index.

- (6) "Employer" or "employing unit" means any department, educational institution, political subdivision, or eligible organization, or agency financed in whole or in part by public funds for which any employee or member performs services subject to this chapter.
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(7) "Final average salary" means the amount computed by averaging the highest three years of annual compensation preceding retirement subject to Subsections (7)(a), (b), and (c).

- (a) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(b), the percentage increase in annual compensation in any one of the years used may not exceed the previous year's salary by more than 10% plus a cost-of-living adjustment equal to the decrease in the purchasing power of the dollar during the previous year, as measured by the Consumer Price Index prepared by the United States Bureau of Labor Statistics.
- (b) In cases where the employing unit provides acceptable documentation to the board, the limitation in Subsection (a) may be exceeded if:
 - (i) the member has transferred from another employing unit; or
 - (ii) the member has been promoted to a new position.

- (c) If the member retires more than six months from the date of termination of employment and for purposes of computing the member's final average salary only, the member is considered to have been in service at his last salary rate from the date of the termination of employment to the date retirement becomes effective if the member so requests.
 - (8) "Normal retirement age" means the age of 65 years.
- (9) "Organization or agency financed in whole or in part by public funds" means an agency, association, or organization that receives public funds. The term does not include political subdivisions, departments, or educational institutions.
- (10) "Public funds" means those funds derived, either directly or indirectly, from public taxes or public revenue, dues, or contributions paid or donated by the membership of the organization used to finance an activity whose objective is to improve, on a nonprofit basis, the governmental, educational, and social programs and systems of the state or its political subdivisions.
- (11) (a) "Regular full-time employee," in qualifying for membership [in the] and accrual of service credit under this system, means an employee whose employment normally requires an average of 20 hours or more per week, except as modified by the board, and who receives benefits normally provided by the employing unit.
- (b) "Regular full-time employee" includes a teacher who teaches half-time or more or a classified school employee who works an average of 20 hours per week or more, regardless of benefits provided.

245	(12) "Years of service" or "service years" means:
246	(a) the number of periods, each to consist of 12 full months as determined by the board;
247	(b) a period determined by the board, whether consecutive or not, during which an
248	employee performed services for an employer or employers, including any time the employee
249	rendered service in the armed forces of the United States before membership in the system or was
250	absent on a paid leave of absence granted by an employer or absent in the service of the United
251	States government on military duty as provided by this chapter; or
252	(c) for a teacher, school administrator, or other contract employee of an educational
253	institution, not less than eight months of full-time service constitutes a service year.
254	Section 6. Section 49-3-401 is amended to read:
255	49-3-401. Eligibility for service retirement Date of retirement Qualifications.
256	(1) (a) Any member who qualifies for service retirement may retire by [applying in
257	writing] submitting to the retirement office [stating] an application form notarized by a notary
258	public. The application shall state the proposed effective date of retirement, which may not be
259	more than 90 days before or after the date of application.
260	(b) The effective date shall be the 1st or 16th day of the month, as selected by the member,
261	but must be after the last day of actual work.
262	(c) The member shall actually terminate employment and provide evidence of termination.
263	(2) The member is qualified to retire upon termination of services on or before the
264	effective date of retirement if one of the following requirements on that date is met:
265	(a) the member has been credited with at least four years of service and has attained an age
266	of 65 years or more;
267	(b) the member has been credited with at least ten years of service and has attained an age
268	of 62 years or more;
269	(c) the member has been credited with at least 20 years of service and has attained an age
270	of 60 years or more;
271	(d) the member has been credited with at least 30 years of service; or
272	(e) the member is credited with at least 25 years of service, in which case the member shall
273	be subject to the reduction set out under Subsection 49-3-402(2)(b).
274	Section 7. Section 49-4-401 is amended to read:

49-4-401. Eligibility for service retirement -- Date of retirement -- Qualifications.

(1) (a) Any member who qualifies for service retirement may retire by [applying in writing] submitting to the retirement office [stating] an application form notarized by a notary public. The application shall state the proposed effective date of retirement, which may not be more than 90 days before or after the date of application.

- (b) The effective date shall be the 1st or 16th day of the month, as selected by the member, but must be after the last day of actual work.
 - (c) The member shall actually terminate employment and provide evidence of termination.
- (2) The member is qualified to retire upon termination of services on or before the effective date of retirement if one of the following requirements on that date is met:
 - (a) the member has been credited with at least 20 years of service;
- (b) the member has been credited with at least ten years of service and has attained an age of 60 years or more; or
- (c) the member has been credited with at least four years of service and has attained an age of 65 years or more.
 - Section 8. Section **49-4-703** is amended to read:

- 49-4-703. Death of active or inactive member having no spouse or minor children as beneficiary -- Benefits payable to widow on death of inactive member.
- (1) The death benefit payable on behalf of an active or an inactive member who dies and has no spouse or minor children as a beneficiary is 100% of the deceased member's contributions or \$500, whichever amount is larger.
- (2) (a) The death benefit payable on behalf of an inactive member who dies and is survived by a spouse to whom that member was married at the time of death is a monthly pension if that member had 20 or more years of public safety service at the time of [retirement from public safety employment] death.
- (b) The pension payable to the spouse is 50% of the amount the member would have received had retirement occurred on the first of the month in which death occurred, the benefit being based upon years of service and final average salary under Section 49-4-402, reduced actuarially from age 50 to the age at death if the member is under age 50 at the time of death.
- (3) The death benefit payable upon the death of an inactive member who has less than 20 years of public safety service and who leaves a spouse or minor children as the beneficiary is a 100% refund of the deceased member's contributions or \$500, whichever is larger.

307	Section 9. Section 49-4a-401 is amended to read:
308	49-4a-401. Eligibility for service retirement Date of retirement Qualifications.
309	(1) (a) Any member who qualifies for service retirement may retire by [applying in
310	writing] submitting to the retirement office [stating] an application form notarized by a notary
311	public. The application shall state the proposed effective date of retirement, which may not be
312	more than 90 days before or after the date of application.
313	(b) The effective date shall be the 1st or 16th day of the month, as selected by the member,
314	but must be after the last day of actual work.
315	(c) The member shall actually terminate employment and provide evidence of termination.
316	(2) The member is qualified to retire upon termination of services on or before the
317	effective date of retirement if one of the following requirements on that date is met:
318	(a) the member has been credited with at least 20 years of service;
319	(b) the member has been credited with at least ten years of service and has attained an age
320	of 60 years or more; or
321	(c) the member has been credited with at least four years of service and has attained an age
322	of 65 years or more.
323	Section 10. Section 49-4a-703 is amended to read:
324	49-4a-703. Death of active or inactive member having no spouse or minor children
325	as beneficiary Benefits payable to widow on death of inactive member.
326	(1) The death benefit payable on behalf of an active or an inactive member who dies and
327	has no spouse or minor children as a beneficiary is 100% of the deceased member's contributions
328	or \$500, whichever amount is greater.
329	(2) (a) The death benefit payable on behalf of an inactive member who dies and is survived
330	by a spouse to whom that member was married at the time of death is a monthly pension if that
331	member had 20 or more years of public safety service at the time of [retirement from public safety
332	employment] death.
333	(b) The pension payable to the spouse is 50% of the amount the member would have
334	received had retirement occurred on the first of the month in which death occurred, the benefit
335	being based upon years of service and final average salary under Section 49-4a-402, reduced
336	actuarially from age 50 to the age at death if the member is under age 50 at the time of death.

(3) The death benefit payable upon the death of an inactive member who has less than 20

years of public safety service and who leaves a spouse or minor children as the beneficiary is a 100% refund of the deceased member's contributions or \$500, whichever is greater.

Section 11. Section **49-5-301** is amended to read:

49-5-301. Contributions of members.

- (1) The system shall be maintained on a financially and actuarially sound basis by means of contributions made by the state, the employing units, and the active members of the system. For purposes of determining contribution rates and benefits, the system is divided into two divisions according to social security coverage. Firefighters with on-the-job social security coverage are Division A, and firefighters without on-the-job social security coverage are Division B.
- (2) Any city, town, special district, or county may elect to pay all or part of its members' required contributions, in addition to the required employer contributions. Any amount contributed by a city, town, or county under this subsection shall vest to the member's credit as though the member had made the contribution. The member's required contribution shall be reduced by the amount that is paid by the employer.
- (3) All contributions are credited to the account of the individual and held in trust for the payment of benefits to the member or the member's beneficiaries. All member contributions are 100% vested and nonforfeitable.
- (4) Each member is [deemed] <u>considered</u> to consent to monthly deductions. The payment of compensation less retirement payroll deductions is considered to be full payment of the salary of the employee.
- (5) The board shall report to the governor, the Legislature, and each employing unit under Division A or B the contribution rates and any adjustments necessary to maintain the system on a financially and actuarially sound basis, and the employer and employee shall pay the certified contribution rates.
 - (6) In addition, there shall be paid to the Firefighters' Retirement Trust Fund:
- (a) 50% of the annual tax for each year that is levied, assessed, and collected under Title 59, Chapter 9, Taxation of Admitted Insurers, upon property insurance premiums, as defined by Subsection 31A-1-301 (67), and as applied to fire and allied lines insurance collected by insurance companies within the state; and
- (b) 10% of all money assessed and collected under Title 59, Chapter 9, Taxation of Admitted Insurers, upon life insurance premiums within the state. Payments to the fund shall be

made annually until the [prior] service liability is liquidated, after which the tax revenue provided in this subsection for the Firefighters' Retirement Trust Fund ceases.

Section 12. Section **49-5-401** is amended to read:

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49-5-401. Eligibility for service retirement -- Date of retirement -- Qualifications.

- (1) (a) Any member who qualifies for service retirement may retire by [applying in writing] submitting to the retirement office [stating] an application form notarized by a notary public. The application shall state the proposed effective date of retirement, which may not be more than 90 days before or after the date of application.
- (b) The effective date shall be the 1st or 16th day of the month, as selected by the member, but must follow the last day of actual work.
 - (c) The member shall actually terminate employment and provide evidence of termination.
- (2) The member is qualified to retire upon termination of service on or before the effective date of retirement if one of the following requirements on that date is met:
 - (a) the member is credited with at least 20 years of service;
- 383 (b) the member is credited with at least ten years of service and is 60 years of age or more; 384 or
 - (c) the member is credited with at least four years of service and is 65 years of age or more. Section 13. Section 49-6-401 is amended to read:

49-6-401. Eligibility for service retirement -- Date of retirement -- Qualifications.

- (1) (a) Any judge who qualifies for service retirement may retire by [applying in writing] submitting to the retirement office [stating] an application form notarized by a notary public. The application shall state the proposed effective date of retirement, which may not be more than 90 days before or after the date of application.
- (b) The effective date shall be the 1st or 16th day of the month, as selected by the member, but must be after the last day of actual work.
 - (c) The member shall actually terminate employment and provide evidence of termination.
- (2) The member is qualified to retire upon termination of services on or before the effective date of retirement if one of the following requirements on that date is met:
- (a) the member has been credited with at least six years of service and has attained an age of 70 years or more;
- (b) the member has been credited with at least ten years of service and has attained an age

400	of 62 years or more;
401	(c) the member has been credited with at least 20 years of service and has attained an age
402	of 55 years or more; or
403	(d) the member has been credited with at least 25 years of service.
404	Section 14. Section 49-6a-401 is amended to read:
405	49-6a-401. Eligibility for service retirement Date of retirement Qualifications.
406	(1) (a) Any judge who qualifies for service retirement may retire by [applying in writing]
407	submitting to the retirement office [stating] an application form notarized by a notary public. The
408	application shall state the proposed effective date of retirement, which may not be more than 90
409	days before or after the date of application.
410	(b) The effective date shall be the 1st or 16th day of the month, as selected by the member
411	but must be after the last day of actual work.
412	(c) The member shall actually terminate employment and provide evidence of termination
413	(2) The member is qualified to retire upon termination of services on or before the
414	effective date of retirement if one of the following requirements on that date is met:
415	(a) the member has been credited with at least six years of service and has attained an age
416	of 70 years or more;
417	(b) the member has been credited with at least ten years of service and has attained an age
418	of 62 years or more;
419	(c) the member has been credited with at least 20 years of service and has attained an age
420	of 55 years or more; or
421	(d) the member has been credited with at least 25 years of service.
422	Section 15. Section 49-7-401 is amended to read:
423	49-7-401. Eligibility for retirement benefit Governor Legislator.
424	(1) Upon reaching age 65, each former governor of Utah is eligible, upon application, to
425	receive a lifetime monthly pension of \$500 per month if the governor has served one term, or
426	\$1,000 per month if the governor has served two or more terms. Payments under this lifetime
427	pension cease during any period that a former governor holds an office of profit or trust with the
428	government of United States, this state, or a political subdivision of the state paying more than the
429	retirant is entitled to receive per month under this section.

(2) Upon reaching age 65, and upon application, a legislative pension shall be paid to a

member who has four or more years of service as a legislator in the Utah Legislature. The pension is \$10 per month for each year of service as a member of the Legislature. If the retired member is elected to another term in the Legislature or continues to serve in the Legislature after reaching age 65, the legislative allowance ceases at the beginning of each session under rules established by the board, but is restored at the same amount at the end of the session. Members receiving an allowance while serving as legislators are eligible for additional service credits and allowance adjustments at the end of each two-year term of office if they continue as contributing members during their service as legislators.

- (3) A member [of a system administered by the board] who is eligible for a pension under this section, may apply for an allowance at age 62, if the member has ten or more years of service credit, and receive a reduced allowance [as provided under the system which covers the member].
- (4) The allowance provided for former governors, legislators, and their beneficiaries shall include any normal retirement benefits accrued in any system administered by the board by reason of their contributions and service as a governor or legislator in the system. A withdrawal of contributions by a governor, legislator, or legislative employee shall forfeit all pensions and allowances provided under this chapter.
 - Section 16. Section **49-8-102** is amended to read:

49-8-102. Purpose.

The purpose of this chapter is to provide a mechanism whereby the state, its educational institutions, and political subdivisions may provide their employees with group health, dental, medical, disability, [and] life insurance, cafeteria, and other programs in the most efficient and economical manner.

Section 17. Section **49-8-103** is amended to read:

49-8-103. Definitions.

As used in this chapter, "employee group benefit plans" means any group health, dental, medical, disability, [or] life insurance, <u>cafeteria</u>, or <u>other</u> program for employees administered by the board and approved by the Legislature.

Section 18. Section **49-9-103** is amended to read:

49-9-103. Definitions.

(1) "Date of disability" means the date on which a period of continuous disability commences, and may not commence on or before the last day of actual work.

(2) "Educational institution" means a political subdivision or an instrumentality of a political subdivision, an instrumentality of the state, or any combination of these entities, which is primarily engaged in educational activities or the administration or servicing of educational activities. The term includes, but is not limited to, the State Board of Education and any instrumentality of the State Board of Education, institutions of higher education and their branches, school districts, and vocational and technical schools.

- (3) "Elimination period" means the three months at the beginning of each continuous period of total disability for which no benefit will be paid and commences with the date of disability.
- (4) "Employee" means any regular full-time employee of an employer who participates in any system administered by the board, except those employees exempt from coverage under Section 49-9-102.
- (5) "Maximum benefit period" means the maximum period of time the monthly disability income benefit will be paid for any continuous period of total disability.
- (6) "Medically determinable impairment" means an impairment that results from anatomical, physiological, or psychological abnormalities which can be shown by medically acceptable clinical and laboratory diagnostic techniques. A physical or mental impairment must be established by medical evidence consisting of signs, symptoms, and laboratory findings, not only by the individual's statement of symptoms.
 - [(6)] (7) "Physician" means a legally qualified physician.
- [(7)] (8) "Rehabilitative employment" means any board-approved occupation or employment for wage or profit, for which the employee is reasonably qualified by education, training, or experience, in which the employee engages while unable to perform his occupation as a result of injury or illness.
- [(8)] (9) "Total disability" means the complete inability, due to [injury or illness] medically determinable physical or mental impairment which can be expected to result in death or which has lasted or can be expected to last for a continuous period of not less than 12 months, to engage in the employee's regular occupation during the elimination period and the first 24 months of disability benefits. Thereafter, "total disability" means the complete inability, based solely on medically determinable physical impairment, to engage in any gainful occupation which is reasonable, considering the employee's education, training, and experience. "Total disability"

exists only if during any period of "total disability" the employee is under the regular care of a physician other than the employee.

Section 19. Section **49-9-401** is amended to read:

49-9-401. Disability benefits -- Proof required -- Eligibility.

- (1) Upon receipt of proof by the board from the employer that an employee has become totally disabled as a result of:
- (a) accidental bodily injury which is the sole cause of disability and is sustained while this chapter is in force;
 - (b) disease or illness causing total disability commencing while this chapter is in force; or
- (c) physical injury resulting from external force or violence as a result of the performance of duty, the fund will pay to the employee a monthly disability benefit for each month the total disability continues beyond the elimination period, not to exceed the maximum benefit period.
- (2) Successive periods of disability which: (a) result from the same or related causes, (b) are separated by less than six months of continuous full-time work at the individual's usual place of employment, and (c) commence while the individual is an employee covered by this chapter, shall be considered as a single period of disability. The inability to work for a period less than 15 consecutive days may not be considered as a period of disability. Otherwise, successive periods of disability shall be considered as separate periods of disability.
- (3) The board may, at any time, have any employee claiming disability examined by a physician chosen by the board to determine if the employee is disabled, and if so, the extent of the disability.
- (4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), any claim brought by an employee for long-term disability benefits under the Public Employee's Disability Program is barred if it is not commenced within one year from the employee's date of disability.
- (b) If an employee fails to commence a claim for long-term disability benefits within the time limitations prescribed by Subsection (4)(a), the board may permit an employee to commence a claim for long-term disability benefits if the employee demonstrates that under the surrounding facts and circumstances the employee's failure to comply with the time limitations was reasonable.
- (5) Benefits for disability based primarily on psychopathy shall be determined in accordance with Section 49-9-406.
 - (6) Medial or psychological conditions which existed prior to enrollment shall not be a

524 basis for disability benefits until the employee has had one year of continuous enrollment in the 525 Public Employees Long-Term Disability Program. 526 Section 20. Section **49-9-403** is amended to read: 527 49-9-403. Termination of disability benefits -- Calculation of retirement benefit. 528 (1) Any member, including an employee who relinquishes rights to retirement benefits 529 pursuant to Section 49-1-405, who applies and is qualified for disability benefits shall receive a 530 disability allowance until the earlier of: 531 (a) the date the member or employee who relinquishes rights to retirement benefits has 532 accumulated: 533 (i) 20 years of service credit if the member is covered by Chapters 4 or 4a, Public Safety 534 Retirement and Noncontributory Retirement Acts; 535 (ii) 25 years if the member is covered by Chapter 6, Judges' Retirement Act; or 536 (iii) 30 years if the member is covered by Chapters 2 or 3, Public Employees' Retirement 537 and Noncontributory Retirement Acts; or 538 (b) the member has received disability benefits for the following applicable time periods: 539 (i) if the member is under age 60, the disability allowance is payable until age 65: 540 (ii) if the member is 60-61, the disability allowance is payable for five years; 541 (iii) if the member is 62-63, the disability allowance is payable for four years; 542 (iv) if the member is 64-65, the disability allowance is payable for three years; 543 (v) if the member is 66-68, the disability allowance is payable for two years; and 544 (vi) if the member is age 69 or older, the disability benefit is payable for one year. 545 (2) Upon termination of disability benefits, the disabled employee shall retire under the 546 retirement system which covered the employee at the time of disability. The final average salary 547 used in the calculation of the retirement benefit shall be based on the annual rate of pay at the time 548 of disability, improved by the annual cost-of-living increase factor applied to retired participants 549 in the system which covered the employee at the time of disability. Retirement credit shall accrue 550 during the period of disability unless the disabled employee is exempted from the system. 551 (3) An employee who is in a position covered by a system administered by the board, but 552 has relinquished rights to retirement benefits pursuant to Section 49-1-405, may receive the benefit 553 the employee would have received by full participation in the system covering the employee on 554 the date of disability, except for the accrual of service credit, in accordance with this title.

(4) An employee receiving disability benefits who has years of service credit from two or	
more systems or plans administered by the board may not combine these credits under Section	
49-1-406 in determining eligibility for retirement, unless the employee would receive a greater	
retirement benefit by combining such credits.	
Section 21. Effective date.	
If approved by two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, this act takes effect	
upon approval by the governor, or the day following the constitutional time limit of Utah	
Constitution Article VII, Section 8, without the governor's signature, or in the case of a veto, the	
date of veto override.	

Legislative Review Note as of 1-7-99 12:26 PM

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A limited legal review of this legislation raises no obvious constitutional or statutory concerns.

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel