3rd Sub. (Ivory)

## Senator Howard A. Stephenson proposes to substitute the following bill:

1	UNFAIR PUBLIC COMPETITION ACT
2	1999 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Sponsor: Howard A. Stephenson
5	AN ACT RELATING TO STATE AFFAIRS IN GENERAL; SETTING FORTH THE INTENT
6	OF THE LEGISLATURE WITH RESPECT TO PUBLIC-PRIVATE COMPETITION;
7	PROHIBITING CERTAIN GOVERNMENT COMPETITION WITH PRIVATE ENTERPRISE
8	PROVIDING EXCEPTIONS; AUTHORIZING THE PRIVATIZATION POLICY BOARD TO
9	MAKE PROPOSALS FOR ADDITIONAL PROHIBITIONS OF GOVERNMENT
10	COMPETITION; AND PROVIDING FOR A PRIVATE RIGHT OF ACTION FOR
11	INJUNCTIVE RELIEF.
12	This act affects sections of Utah Code Annotated 1953 as follows:
13	AMENDS:
14	63-55a-3, as last amended by Chapter 18, Laws of Utah 1996
15	ENACTS:
16	<b>63-97-101</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
17	<b>63-97-102</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
18	<b>63-97-103</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
19	<b>63-97-104</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
20	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
21	Section 1. Section 63-55a-3 is amended to read:
22	63-55a-3. Privatization Policy Board Duties.
23	(1) The board shall:
24	(a) review whether or not certain services performed by existing state agencies could be
25	privatized to provide the same types and quality of services that would result in cost savings;

26 (b) review particular requests for privatization of services and issues concerning agency 27 competition with the private sector and determine whether privatization would be feasible and 28 would result in cost savings and ways to eliminate any unfair competition: 29 (c) recommend privatization to the agency head when the proposed privatization is 30 demonstrated to provide a more cost efficient and effective manner of providing existing 31 governmental services; 32 (d) comply with the provisions of Title 63, Chapter 46a, the Utah Administrative 33 Rulemaking Act, in making rules establishing privatization standards, procedures, and 34 requirements; 35 (e) maintain communication with and access information from, other entities promoting 36 privatization; 37 (f) prepare an annual report that contains: 38 (i) information about the board's activities; and 39 (ii) recommendations on privatizing government services; and 40 (g) submit the annual report to the Legislature and the governor. 41 (2) In addition to filing copies of its recommendations for privatization with the relevant 42 agency head, the board shall file copies of its recommendations for privatization with: 43 (a) the governor's office; and 44 (b) the Office of Legislative Fiscal Analyst for submission to the relevant Legislative 45 Appropriation Subcommittee. 46 (3) (a) The board may study and make recommendations regarding proposed legislative 47 amendments to Section 63-97-103, including additional commercial activities to be prohibited or 48 general standards and exemptions relating to the prohibition of government competition with 49 private enterprise. 50 (b) The board shall file copies of any recommendations made under Subsection (3)(a) with 51 the governor's office and the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel. 52 [(3)] (4) (a) The board may appoint advisory groups to conduct studies, research, analyses, 53 and make reports and recommendations with respect to subjects or matters within the jurisdiction 54 of the board. 55 (b) At least one member of the board shall serve on each advisory group. 56 [(4)] (5) This chapter does not preclude any agency from privatizing any service or

57	function independently of the board if:
58	(a) the contract is expending less than \$2,000,000 of the agency budget in a fiscal year;
59	(b) as part of the contract that privatizes the function, the contractor assumes all liability
60	to perform the privatizated function; and
61	(c) the agency notifies the board at least 120 days before the privatization occurs of their
62	intent to privatize the function.
63	Section 2. Section <b>63-97-101</b> is enacted to read:
64	<b>CHAPTER 97. UNFAIR PUBLIC COMPETITION ACT</b>
65	<u>63-97-101.</u> Title.
66	This chapter is known as the "Unfair Public Competition Act."
67	Section 3. Section <b>63-97-102</b> is enacted to read:
68	<u>63-97-102.</u> Definitions.
69	As used in this chapter:
70	(1) "Commercial activity" means performing services or providing goods which can
71	normally be obtained from private enterprise.
72	(2) "Government agency" or "agency" means a department, office, division, authority,
73	commission, institution, board, or other agency of government, or any other governmental unit or
74	political subdivision existing in the state or any other creation of the state or political subdivision
75	of the state, regardless of whether funds are appropriated to such agency.
76	(3) "Institution of higher education" or "institution" means a college, university, or
77	community college supported by the state.
78	(4) "Private enterprise" means an individual, firm, partnership, joint venture, corporation,
79	association, or any other legal entity engaging in the manufacturing, processing, sale, offering for
80	sale, rental, leasing, delivery, dispensing, distributing, or advertising of goods or services for profit.
81	Section 4. Section <b>63-97-103</b> is enacted to read:
82	63-97-103. General policy statement regarding public-private competition
83	Prohibition of certain government competition with private enterprise Exceptions.
84	(1) It is the general policy of the state that a government agency or institution of higher
85	education should not begin or maintain any commercial activity to provide goods or services for
86	the use of other government agencies or institutions of higher education or for public use if such
<b>Q</b> 7	goods or services can be procured from private enterprise through ordinary business channels

88	(2) A government agency or institution of higher education, except as provided in
89	Subsection (3), shall not engage in the operation of a retail pharmacy other than for the internal use
90	of that government agency or institution of higher education.
91	(3) (a) A government agency or institution of higher education is authorized to perform
92	or provide a commercial activity listed in Subsection (2) if:
93	(i) the activity is specifically authorized by statute;
94	(ii) no private enterprise source is capable of providing the needed goods or services;
95	(iii) use of a private enterprise source would cause unacceptable delay or disruption of an
96	essential program; or
97	(iv) the government agency or institution of higher education can provide or is providing
98	goods or services to government agencies or institutions of higher education on a continuing basis
99	at a lower total cost than if the goods or services were obtained from private enterprise.
100	(b) An institution of higher education is authorized to perform or provide a commercial
101	activity listed in Subsection (2) when the commercial activity is a recognized and integral part of
102	a teaching, educational, or research program leading to a degree or certificate that supports the
103	mission of the institution.
104	(4) If a government agency or institution of higher education is authorized under the
105	exception listed in Subsection (3)(a)(iv) to engage in an otherwise prohibited commercial activity.
106	the government agency or institution of higher education shall set a fee or charge a price for that
107	commercial activity which shall include the true and total cost related to engaging in the activity
108	by the government agency or institution of higher education, including:
109	(a) the fair market value of the commercial activity; and
110	(b) the direct and indirect costs incurred in engaging in the commercial activity.
111	(5) Government agencies and institutions of higher education shall adopt and implement
112	procedures to monitor their own compliance with this chapter.
113	(6) Any health sciences center or medical center of any institution of higher education and
114	any of its departments, offices, divisions, or authorities are exempt from the provisions of this
115	section.
116	Section 5. Section <b>63-97-104</b> is enacted to read:
117	63-97-104. Private right of action.
118	Any person who believes that a government agency or institution of higher education has

## 02-26-99 11:57 AM

3rd Sub. (Ivory) S.B. 49

- violated Subsection 63-97-103(2) may file an action for injunctive relief with an appropriate
- 120 <u>district court.</u>