1	IMMUNITY OF VOLUNTEERS
2	1999 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Sponsor: John L. Valentine
5	AN ACT RELATING TO THE JUDICIAL CODE; PROVIDING FOR IMMUNITY FOR
6	VOLUNTEERS FOR NONPROFIT, CHARITABLE ORGANIZATIONS, ENACTING A FOOD
7	DONOR IMMUNITY ACT; AND MAKING TECHNICAL CHANGES.
8	This act affects sections of Utah Code Annotated 1953 as follows:
9	ENACTS:
10	78-19-101 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
11	78-19-102 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
12	78-19-201 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
13	78-19-202 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
14	78-19-301 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
15	78-19-302 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
16	RENUMBERS AND AMENDS:
17	78-19-103 , (Renumbered from 78-19-1, as enacted by Chapter 4, Laws of Utah 1990)
18	78-19-203, (Renumbered from 78-11-22, as last amended by Chapter 211, Laws of Utah
19	1987)
20	78-19-401 , (Renumbered from 78-19-2, as enacted by Chapter 4, Laws of Utah 1990)
21	78-19-402 , (Renumbered from 78-19-3, as enacted by Chapter 4, Laws of Utah 1990)
22	REPEALS:
23	78-11-22.1 , as enacted by Chapter 106, Laws of Utah 1989
24	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
25	Section 1. Section 78-19-101 is enacted to read:
26	CHAPTER 19. UTAH VOLUNTEER PROTECTION ACT
27	Part 1. General Provisions

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28	<u>78-19-101.</u> Title.
29	This chapter is known as the "Utah Volunteer Protection Act."
30	Section 2. Section 78-19-102 is enacted to read:
31	<u>78-19-102.</u> Findings Purpose.
32	(1) The Legislature finds and declares that:
33	(a) the government and people of Utah are greatly benefitted by services provided by
34	volunteers working with nonprofit charitable organizations;
35	(b) the willingness of volunteers to offer their services may be deterred by the potential
36	for liability claims and suits against them;
37	(c) those who receive volunteer services and who may become the victims of wrongful
38	volunteer conduct should have a remedy at law for injuries and damages suffered as a result of the
39	wrongful conduct; and
40	(d) protection of volunteerism and of the potential victims of volunteerism through
41	clarification and limitation of liability risks and responsibilities is an appropriate subject for state
42	<u>legislation.</u>
43	(2) The purpose of this chapter is to promote volunteerism in the state and sustain the
44	availability of nonprofit organizations, that depend upon volunteer contributions by providing
45	certain protections from liability related to volunteering, while at the same time recognizing the
46	rights of the recipients of volunteer services to have remedies for injuries and damages that they
47	may suffer as a result of wrongful conduct on the part of volunteers.
48	Section 3. Section 78-19-103, which is renumbered from Section 78-19-1 is renumbered
49	and amended to read:
50	[78-19-1]. <u>78-19-103.</u> Definitions.
51	As used in this chapter:
52	(1) "Bodily injury" or "injury" means physical, nonphysical, economic, and noneconomic
53	harm to a person.
54	[(1)] (2) "Damage or injury" [includes physical, nonphysical, economic, and noneconomic
55	damage] means bodily injury or property damage.
56	[(2)] (3) "Financially secure source of recovery" means that, at the time of the incident, a
57	nonprofit organization:
58	(a) has an insurance policy in effect that covers the activities of the volunteer and has an

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59	insurance limit of not less than the limits established under the Utah Governmental Immunity Act
60	in Section 63-30-34; or
61	(b) has established a qualified trust with a value not less than the combined limits for
62	property damage and single occurrence liability established under the Utah Governmental
63	Immunity Act in Section 63-30-34.
64	[(3)] (4) "Nonprofit organization" means any organization, other than a public entity,
65	described in Section 501 (c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and exempt from tax under
66	Section 501 (a) of that code.
67	(5) "Person" means an individual.
68	(6) "Property damage" means physical injury to real or personal property.
69	[(4)] (7) "Public entity" has the same meaning as defined in Section 63-30b-1.
70	[(5)] (8) "Qualified trust" means a trust held for the purpose of compensating claims for
71	[damages or] bodily injury or property damage in a trust company licensed to do business in this
72	state under the provisions of Title 7, Chapter 5, Trust Business.
73	[(6)] (9) "Reimbursements" means, with respect to each nonprofit organization $[:(a)]$
74	compensation or honoraria totaling less than \$300 per calendar year; and (b)], payment of expenses
75	actually incurred.
76	[(7)] (10) (a) "Volunteer" means an individual performing services for a nonprofit
77	organization who does not receive anything of value from that nonprofit organization for those
78	services except reimbursements.
79	(b) "Volunteer" includes a volunteer serving as a director, officer, trustee, or direct service
80	volunteer.
81	(c) "Volunteer" does not include an individual performing services for a public entity to
82	the extent the services are within the scope of Title 63, Chapter 30b, Immunity for Persons
83	Performing Voluntary Services or Title 67, Chapter 20, Volunteer Government Workers Act.
84	Section 4. Section 78-19-201 is enacted to read:
85	Part 2. Good Samaritan Act
86	<u>78-19-201.</u> Title.
87	This part is known as the "Good Samaritan Act."
88	Section 5. Section 78-19-202 is enacted to read:
89	78-19-202. Definitions.

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90	As used in this part:
91	(1) "Emergency" means an unexpected occurrence involving injury, threat of injury, or
92	illness to a person or the public, including a motor vehicle accident, natural or man-made disaster,
93	actual or threatened discharges, removal, or disposal of hazardous materials, and any other
94	accidents or events of a similar nature.
95	(2) "Emergency care" includes actual assistance or advice offered to avoid, mitigate, or
96	attempt to mitigate the effects of an emergency.
97	Section 6. Section 78-19-203, which is renumbered from Section 78-11-22 is renumbered
98	and amended to read:
99	[78-11-22]. <u>78-19-203.</u> Good Samaritan Act.
100	A person who renders emergency care at or near the scene of, or during an emergency,
101	gratuitously and in good faith, is not liable for any civil damages or penalties as a result of any act
102	or omission by the person rendering the emergency care, unless the person is grossly negligent,
103	acted willfully and maliciously, or caused the emergency. [As used in this section, "emergency"
104	means an unexpected occurrence involving injury, threat of injury, or illness to a person or the
105	public, including motor vehicle accidents, disasters, actual or threatened discharges, removal, or
106	disposal of hazardous materials, and other accidents or events of a similar nature. "Emergency
107	care" includes actual assistance or advice offered to avoid, mitigate, or attempt to mitigate the
108	effects of an emergency.]
109	Section 7. Section 78-19-301 is enacted to read:
110	Part 3. Donors of Food and Grocery Products
111	<u>78-19-301.</u> Definitions.
112	As used in this part:
113	(1) "Donate" means to give or distribute without requiring anything of monetary or other
114	value from the final recipient or consumer. A processing fee may be exchanged between
115	organizations for any food or grocery products, provided the final consumer receives them free of
116	charge.
117	(2) "Food" means items for human consumption and includes agricultural products,
118	commercially processed and prepared items, as well as perishable items. Food may include fresh
119	and processed meats, poultry, seafood, dairy products, bakery products, eggs in the shells, and
120	fresh fruits and vegetables which may be packaged, refrigerated, or frozen.

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(3) "Grocery products" means nonfood items normally sold in food stores, including disposable paper and plastic products, household cleaning products, bottled water, laundry detergents, and miscellaneous household items.

Section 8. Section **78-19-302** is enacted to read:

78-19-302. Donation of food and grocery products -- Liability limits.

- (1) A person or organization who, in good faith, donates or distributes apparently wholesome food or apparently serviceable and safe grocery products either directly to the needy or to a nonprofit organization for distribution directly or indirectly to the needy is not subject to civil liability or criminal prosecution regarding the condition of the food and grocery products unless injury results from an act or omission of the person or organization which was grossly negligent or willful and malicious.
- (2) A nonprofit organization and any employee or volunteer of the organization who, in good faith, receives and distributes food or grocery products which are apparently fit for human consumption or use at the time they are distributed without charge to the needy, is not subject to civil liability or criminal prosecution for the condition of the food or grocery products unless injury results from an act or omission which was grossly negligent or willful and malicious.
- Section 9. Section **78-19-401**, which is renumbered from Section 78-19-2 is renumbered and amended to read:

Part 4. Volunteers

[78-19-2]. <u>78-19-401.</u> Liability protection for volunteers -- Exceptions.

- (1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), [no] <u>a</u> volunteer providing services for a nonprofit organization [incurs] <u>may not incur</u> any legal liability for any act or omission of the volunteer while providing services for the nonprofit organization and [no] <u>a</u> volunteer [incurs] <u>may not incur</u> any personal financial liability for any tort claim or other action seeking damage for an injury arising from any act or omission of the volunteer while providing services for the nonprofit organization if:
- (a) the individual was acting in good faith and reasonably believed he was acting within the scope of his official functions and duties with the nonprofit organization; and
- (b) the damage or injury was not caused by an intentional or knowing act by the volunteer which constitutes illegal, willful, or wanton misconduct.
 - (2) The protection against volunteer liability provided by this section does not apply:

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152 (a) to injuries resulting from a volunteer's operation of a motor vehicle, a vessel, aircraft 153 or other vehicle for which a pilot or operator's license is required;

- (b) when a suit is brought by an authorized officer of a state or local government to enforce a federal, state, or local law; or
- (c) where the nonprofit organization for which the volunteer is working fails to provide a financially secure source of recovery for individuals who suffer injuries as a result of actions taken by the volunteer on behalf of the nonprofit organization.
- (3) Nothing in this section shall bar an action by a volunteer against an organization, its officers, or other persons who intentionally or knowingly misrepresent that a financially secure source of recovery does or will exist during a period when such a source does not or will not in fact exist.
- (4) Nothing in this section shall be construed to place a duty upon a nonprofit organization to provide a financially secure source of recovery.
- (5) The granting of immunity from liability to a volunteer under this section shall have no effect on the liability of the nonprofit organization providing the financially secure source of recovery.
- Section 10. Section **78-19-402**, which is renumbered from Section 78-19-3 is renumbered and amended to read:

[78-19-3]. <u>78-19-402.</u> Liability protection for organizations.

A nonprofit organization is not liable for the acts or omissions of its volunteers in any circumstance where:

- (1) the acts of its volunteers are not as described in Subsection [78-19-2] 78-19-401(1) unless the nonprofit organization had, or reasonably should have had, reasonable notice of the volunteer's unfitness to provide services to the nonprofit organization under circumstances that make the nonprofit organization's use of the volunteer reckless or wanton in light of that notice; or
- 178 (2) a business employer would not be liable under the laws of this state if the act or omission were the act or omission of one of its employees.
- 180 Section 11. **Repealer.**
- This act repeals:

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182 Section 78-11-22.1, Donation of food -- Liability limits.

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Legislative Review Note as of 2-2-99 1:46 PM

A limited legal review of this legislation raises no obvious constitutional or statutory concerns.

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel