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1	WEAPONS RESTRICTIONS AMENDMENTS
2	2000 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Sponsor: Terry R. Spencer
5	AN ACT RELATING TO THE CRIMINAL CODE; CREATING CATEGORIES FOR
6	PURCHASE AND POSSESSION OF DANGEROUS WEAPONS; DEFINING VIOLENT
7	MISDEMEANORS FOR THE PURCHASE AND POSSESSION OF FIREARMS; ALLOWING
8	THE BUREAU OF CRIMINAL IDENTIFICATION TO ACCESS JUVENILE COURT
9	RECORDS FOR THE PURPOSE OF BACKGROUND CHECKS FOR FIREARM
10	PURCHASES; AND MAKING TECHNICAL CHANGES.
11	This act affects sections of Utah Code Annotated 1953 as follows:
12	AMENDS:
13	53-10-208, as last amended by Chapter 187 and renumbered and amended by Chapter 263,
14	Laws of Utah 1998
15	62A-12-247, as last amended by Chapter 161, Laws of Utah 1989
16	76-10-501, as last amended by Chapters 5, 97 and 366, Laws of Utah 1999
17	76-10-504, as last amended by Chapter 289, Laws of Utah 1997
18	76-10-509.6, as enacted by Chapter 10, Laws of Utah 1993, Second Special Session
19	76-10-526, as last amended by Chapter 227, Laws of Utah 1999
20	78-3a-206, as last amended by Chapter 377, Laws of Utah 1999
21	ENACTS:
22	53-10-208.1, Utah Code Annotated 1953
23	REPEALS AND REENACTS:
24	76-10-503, as last amended by Chapter 97, Laws of Utah 1999
25	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
26	Section 1. Section 53-10-208 is amended to read:
27	53-10-208. Definition Offenses included on statewide warrant system

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28	Transportation fee to be included Statewide warrant system responsibility Quality
29	control Training Technical support Transaction costs.
30	(1) "Statewide warrant system" means the portion of the state court computer system that
31	is accessible by modem from the state mainframe computer and contains:
32	(a) records of criminal warrant information; and
33	(b) after notice and hearing, records of protective orders issued pursuant to:
34	(i) Title 30, Chapter 6, Cohabitant Abuse Act; or
35	(ii) Title 77, Chapter 36, Cohabitant Abuse Procedures Act.
36	[(2) Every magistrate or clerk of a court responsible for court records in this state shall
37	furnish the division with information pertaining to:]
38	[(a) all dispositions of criminal matters, including guilty pleas, convictions, dismissals,
39	acquittals, pleas held in abeyance, or probations granted, within 30 days of the disposition and on
40	forms and in the manner provided by the division;]
41	[(b) the issuance, recall, cancellation, or modification of all warrants of arrest or
42	commitment as described in Rule 6, Utah Rules of Criminal Procedure and Section 78-32-4, within
43	one day of the action and in a manner provided by the division; and]
44	[(c) protective orders issued after notice and hearing, pursuant to:]
45	[(i) Title 30, Chapter 6, Cohabitant Abuse Act; or]
46	[(ii) Title 77, Chapter 36, Cohabitant Abuse Procedures Act.]
47	[(3)] (2) (a) (i) The division shall include on the statewide warrant system all warrants
48	issued for felony offenses and class A, B, and C misdemeanor offenses in the state.
49	(ii) For each offense the division shall indicate whether the magistrate ordered under
50	Section 77-7-5 and Rule 6, Utah Rules of Criminal Procedure, that the accused appear in court.
51	(b) Infractions shall not be included on the statewide warrant system, including any
52	subsequent failure to appear warrants issued on an infraction.
53	[(4)] (3) The division is the agency responsible for the statewide warrant system and shall:
54	(a) ensure quality control of all warrants of arrest or commitment and protective orders
55	contained in the statewide warrant system by conducting regular validation checks with every clerk
56	of a court responsible for entering the information on the system;
57	(b) upon the expiration of the protective orders and in the manner prescribed by the
58	division, purge information regarding protective orders described in Subsection $[(2)(c)]$

59	53-10-208.1(3) within 30 days of the time after expiration;
60	(c) establish system procedures and provide training to all criminal justice agencies having
61	access to information contained on the state warrant system;
62	(d) provide technical support, program development, and systems maintenance for the
63	operation of the system; and
64	(e) pay data processing and transaction costs for state, county, and city law enforcement
65	agencies and criminal justice agencies having access to information contained on the state warrant
66	system.
67	[(5)] (4) (a) Any data processing or transaction costs not funded by legislative
68	appropriation shall be paid on a pro rata basis by all agencies using the system during the fiscal
69	year.
70	(b) This subsection supersedes any conflicting provision in Subsection $[(4)](3)(e)$.
71	Section 2. Section 53-10-208.1 is enacted to read:
72	53-10-208.1. Magistrates and court clerks to supply information.
73	Every magistrate or clerk of a court responsible for court records in this state shall, within
74	30 days of the disposition and on forms and in the manner provided by the division, furnish the
75	division with information pertaining to:
76	(1) all dispositions of criminal matters, including:
77	(a) guilty pleas;
78	(b) convictions;
79	(c) dismissals;
80	(d) acquittals;
81	(e) pleas held in abeyance;
82	(f) judgments of not guilty by reason of insanity;
83	(g) judgments of guilty and mentally ill;
84	(h) findings of mental incompetence to stand trial; or
85	(i) current orders of civil commitment under the terms of Section 62A-12-234; or
86	(j) probations granted;
87	(2) the issuance, recall, cancellation, or modification of all warrants of arrest or
88	commitment as described in Rule 6, Utah Rules of Criminal Procedure and Section 78-32-4, within
89	one day of the action and in a manner provided by the division; and

90	(3) protective orders issued after notice and hearing, pursuant to:
91	(a) Title 30, Chapter 6, Cohabitant Abuse Act; or
92	(b) Title 77, Chapter 36, Cohabitant Abuse Procedures Act.
93	Section 3. Section 62A-12-247 is amended to read:
94	62A-12-247. Confidentiality of information and records Exceptions Penalty.
95	(1) All certificates, applications, records, and reports made for the purpose of this part,
96	including those made on judicial proceedings for involuntary commitment, that directly or
97	indirectly identify a patient or former patient or an individual whose commitment has been sought
98	under this part, shall be kept confidential and may not be disclosed by any person except insofar
99	as:
100	(a) the individual identified or his legal guardian, if any, or, if a minor, his parent or legal
101	guardian shall consent;
102	(b) disclosure may be necessary to carry out [any of] the provisions of:
103	(i) this part; or
104	(ii) Section 53-10-208.1; or
105	(c) a court may direct, upon its determination that disclosure is necessary for the conduct
106	of proceedings before it, and that failure to make the disclosure would be contrary to the public
107	interest.
108	(2) A person who [violates any provision of] knowingly and intentionally discloses any
109	information not authorized by this section is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.
110	Section 4. Section 76-10-501 is amended to read:
111	76-10-501. Definitions.
112	As used in this part:
113	(1) (a) "Concealed dangerous weapon" means a dangerous weapon that is covered, hidden,
114	or secreted in a manner that the public would not be aware of its presence and is readily accessible
115	for immediate use.
116	(b) A dangerous weapon shall not be considered a concealed dangerous weapon if it is a
117	firearm which is unloaded and is securely encased.
118	[(2) "Crime of violence" means aggravated murder, murder, manslaughter, rape, mayhem,
119	kidnapping, robbery, burglary, housebreaking, extortion, or blackmail accompanied by threats of
120	violence, assault with a dangerous weapon, assault with intent to commit any offense punishable

- 121 by imprisonment for more than one year, arson punishable by imprisonment for more than one 122 year, or an attempt to commit any of these offenses.] 123 [(3)] (2) "Criminal history background check" means a criminal background check 124 conducted by a licensed firearms dealer on every purchaser of a handgun through the division or 125 the local law enforcement agency where the firearms dealer conducts business. 126 $\left[\frac{4}{2}\right]$ (3) (a) "Dangerous weapon" means any item that in the manner of its use or intended 127 use is capable of causing death or serious bodily injury. The following factors shall be used in 128 determining whether a knife, or any other item, object, or thing not commonly known as a 129 dangerous weapon is a dangerous weapon: 130 (i) the character of the instrument, object, or thing; 131 (ii) the character of the wound produced, if any; 132 (iii) the manner in which the instrument, object, or thing was used; and 133 (iv) the other lawful purposes for which the instrument, object, or thing may be used. 134 (b) "Dangerous weapon" does not include any explosive, chemical, or incendiary device 135 as defined by Section 76-10-306. 136 $\left[\frac{(5)}{2}\right]$ (4) "Dealer" means every person who is licensed under crimes and criminal 137 procedure, 18 U.S.C. 923 and engaged in the business of selling, leasing, or otherwise transferring 138 a handgun, whether the person is a retail or wholesale dealer, pawnbroker, or otherwise. 139 [(6)] (5) "Division" means the Criminal Investigations and Technical Services Division 140 of the Department of Public Safety, created in Section 53-10-103. 141 [(7)] (6) "Enter" means intrusion of the entire body. 142 [(8)] (7) "Firearm" means a pistol, revolver, shotgun, sawed-off shotgun, rifle or 143 sawed-off rifle, or any device that could be used as a dangerous weapon from which is expelled 144 a projectile by action of an explosive. 145 $\left[\frac{(9)}{2}\right]$ (8) "Firearms transaction record form" means a form created by the division to be 146 completed by a person purchasing, selling, or transferring a handgun from a dealer in the state. 147 [(10)] (9) "Fully automatic weapon" means any firearm which fires, is designed to fire, or
 - 148 can be readily restored to fire, automatically more than one shot without manual reloading by a149 single function of the trigger.
 - 150 [(11)] (10) "Handgun" means a pistol, revolver, or other firearm of any description, loaded
 151 or unloaded, from which any shot, bullet, or other missile can be discharged, the length of which,

152 not including any revolving, detachable, or magazine breech, does not exceed 12 inches.

[(12)] (11) "House of worship" means a church, temple, synagogue, mosque, or other
building set apart primarily for the purpose of worship in which religious services are held and the
main body of which is kept for that use and not put to any other use inconsistent with its primary
purpose.

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[(13)] (12) "Prohibited area" means any place where it is unlawful to discharge a firearm.

[(14)] (13) "Readily accessible for immediate use" means that a firearm or other dangerous
weapon is carried on the person or within such close proximity and in such a manner that it can
be retrieved and used as readily as if carried on the person.

161 [(15)] (14) "Residence" means an improvement to real property used or occupied as a
 162 primary or secondary residence.

[(16)] (15) "Sawed-off shotgun" or "sawed-off rifle" means a shotgun having a barrel or
barrels of fewer than 18 inches in length, or in the case of a rifle, having a barrel or barrels of fewer
than 16 inches in length, or any dangerous weapon made from a rifle or shotgun by alteration,
modification, or otherwise, if the weapon as modified has an overall length of fewer than 26
inches.

168 [(17)] (16) "Securely encased" means not readily accessible for immediate use, such as 169 held in a gun rack, or in a closed case or container, whether or not locked, or in a trunk or other 170 storage area of a motor vehicle, not including a glove box or console box.

[(18)] (17) "State entity" means each department, commission, board, council, agency,
institution, officer, corporation, fund, division, office, committee, authority, laboratory, library,
unit, bureau, panel, or other administrative unit of the state.

174 (18) "Violent felony" means the same as defined in Section 76-3-203.5.

175 <u>(19) "Violent misdemeanor" means:</u>

176 (a) a class A misdemeanor violation of Section 76-10-522, alteration of number or mark

177 <u>on pistol or revolver;</u>

178 (b) a class A misdemeanor violation of Section 76-6-102, arson;

179 (c) a class A misdemeanor violation of Section 76-5-102, assault;

- 180 (d) a class A misdemeanor violation of Section 76-5-102.3, assault against a school
- 181 <u>employee;</u>
- 182 (e) a class A misdemeanor violation of Section 76-5-102.4, assault against a peace officer;

183	(f) a class A misdemeanor violation of Section 76-5-102.6, assault on a correctional
184	officer;
185	(g) a class A or B misdemeanor violation of Section 76-10-504, carrying a concealed
186	dangerous weapon;
187	(h) a class A misdemeanor violation of Section 76-5-109, child abuse;
188	(i) a class A misdemeanor violation of Section 58-37c-11, controlled substance precursor
189	act;
190	(j) a class A or B misdemeanor violation of Section 76-9-301, cruelty to animals;
191	(k) a class B misdemeanor violation of Section 76-6-108, damage to or interruption of
192	communication device;
193	(1) a class A misdemeanor violation of Section 58-37-8, controlled substances act;
194	(m) a class B misdemeanor violation of Section 76-5-106, harassment;
195	(n) a class A misdemeanor violation of Section 58-37c-20, improper possession of
196	ephedrine or pseudoephedrine;
197	(o) a class A misdemeanor violation of Section 58-37c-19, improper sales of crystal
198	iodine:
199	(p) a class B misdemeanor violation of Section 76-8-305, interference with arresting
200	officer;
201	(q) a class A misdemeanor violation of Section 76-9-702.5, lewdness involving a child;
202	(r) a class A misdemeanor violation of Section 76-5-206, negligent homicide;
203	(s) a class A misdemeanor violation of Section 58-37a-5, possession of drug paraphernalia
204	with intent to deliver;
205	(t) a class A misdemeanor violation of Section 76-10-503, possession of a dangerous
206	weapon by a restricted person;
207	(u) a class A misdemeanor violation of Section 76-10-507, possession of a dangerous
208	weapon with intent to assault;
209	(v) a class B misdemeanor violation of Section 76-10-529, possession of dangerous
210	weapons, firearms, or explosives in airport secure areas;
211	(w) a class B misdemeanor violation of Section 53-5-704, providing false information on
212	concealed firearms application;
213	(x) a class A misdemeanor violation of Section 76-5-401.1, sexual abuse of a minor;

214	(y) a class A misdemeanor violation of Section 76-9-702, sexual battery;
215	(z) a class A misdemeanor violation of Section 76-5-106.5, stalking;
216	(aa) a class B misdemeanor violation of Section 76-5-107, terroristic threat;
217	(bb) a class A misdemeanor violation of Section 76-6-406, theft by extortion;
218	(cc) a class A misdemeanor violation of Section 76-10-506, threatening with or using a
219	dangerous weapon in a fight or quarrel;
220	(dd) a class A misdemeanor violation of Section 76-8-311.3, transportation or possession
221	of items prohibited in correctional and mental health facilities;
222	(ee) a class A misdemeanor violation of Section 76-6-204, vehicle burglary;
223	(ff) a class A misdemeanor violation of Section 77-36-2.5, violation of condition for
224	release after arrest for misdemeanor domestic violence; or
225	(gg) a class B misdemeanor violation of Section 76-10-528, carrying a dangerous weapon
226	while under the influence of alcohol or a controlled substance.
227	Section 5. Section 76-10-503 is repealed and reenacted to read:
228	76-10-503. Restrictions on possession, purchase, transfer, and ownership of
229	dangerous weapons by certain persons.
230	(1) For purposes of this section:
231	(a) A Category I restricted person is a person who:
232	(i) has been convicted of any violent felony as defined in Section 76-3-203.5;
233	(ii) is on probation or parole for any felony;
233 234	
	(ii) is on probation or parole for any felony;
234	(ii) is on probation or parole for any felony; (iii) is on parole from a secure facility as defined in Section 62A-7-101; or
234 235	 (ii) is on probation or parole for any felony; (iii) is on parole from a secure facility as defined in Section 62A-7-101; or (iv) within the last ten years has been adjudicated delinquent for an offense which if
234 235 236	 (ii) is on probation or parole for any felony; (iii) is on parole from a secure facility as defined in Section 62A-7-101; or (iv) within the last ten years has been adjudicated delinquent for an offense which if committed by an adult would have been a violent felony as defined in Section 76-3-203.5.
234 235 236 237	 (ii) is on probation or parole for any felony; (iii) is on parole from a secure facility as defined in Section 62A-7-101; or (iv) within the last ten years has been adjudicated delinquent for an offense which if committed by an adult would have been a violent felony as defined in Section 76-3-203.5. (b) A Category II restricted person is a person who:
234 235 236 237 238	 (ii) is on probation or parole for any felony; (iii) is on parole from a secure facility as defined in Section 62A-7-101; or (iv) within the last ten years has been adjudicated delinquent for an offense which if committed by an adult would have been a violent felony as defined in Section 76-3-203.5. (b) A Category II restricted person is a person who: (i) has been convicted of any felony;
234 235 236 237 238 239	 (ii) is on probation or parole for any felony; (iii) is on parole from a secure facility as defined in Section 62A-7-101; or (iv) within the last ten years has been adjudicated delinquent for an offense which if committed by an adult would have been a violent felony as defined in Section 76-3-203.5. (b) A Category II restricted person is a person who: (i) has been convicted of any felony; (ii) within the last seven years has been adjudicated delinquent for an offense which if
234 235 236 237 238 239 240	 (ii) is on probation or parole for any felony; (iii) is on parole from a secure facility as defined in Section 62A-7-101; or (iv) within the last ten years has been adjudicated delinquent for an offense which if committed by an adult would have been a violent felony as defined in Section 76-3-203.5. (b) A Category II restricted person is a person who: (i) has been convicted of any felony; (ii) within the last seven years has been adjudicated delinquent for an offense which if
234 235 236 237 238 239 240 241	 (ii) is on probation or parole for any felony; (iii) is on parole from a secure facility as defined in Section 62A-7-101; or (iv) within the last ten years has been adjudicated delinquent for an offense which if committed by an adult would have been a violent felony as defined in Section 76-3-203.5. (b) A Category II restricted person is a person who: (i) has been convicted of any felony; (ii) within the last seven years has been adjudicated delinquent for an offense which if committed by an adult would have been a felony; (ii) is an unlawful user of a controlled substance or has been convicted of two or more

245	(B) Title 58, Chapter 37a, Utah Drug Paraphernalia Act;
246	(C) Title 58, Chapter 37b, Imitation Controlled Substances Act;
247	(D) Title 58, Chapter 37c, Utah Controlled Substance Precursor Act;
248	(E) Title 58, Chapter 37d, Clandestine Drug Lab Act;
249	(iv) has been found not guilty by reason of insanity;
250	(v) has been found guilty and mentally ill;
251	(vi) has been found mentally incompetent to stand trial;
252	(vii) is under current order of civil commitment under the terms of Section 62A-12-234;
253	(viii) is an alien who is illegally or unlawfully in the United States;
254	(ix) has been dishonorably discharged from the armed forces; or
255	(x) has renounced his citizenship after having been a citizen of the United States.
256	(c) A Category III restricted person is a person who, within the last three years:
257	(i) has been convicted of a class A misdemeanor which is an attempt, conspiracy, or
258	solicitation to commit a felony;
259	(ii) has been convicted of a violent misdemeanor as defined in Section 76-10-501; or
260	(iii) has been adjudicated delinquent for an offense which would have been a violent
261	misdemeanor if committed by an adult.
262	(2) A Category I restricted person who purchases, transfers, possesses, uses or has under
263	his custody or control:
264	(a) any firearm is guilty of a second degree felony; or
265	(b) any explosive, chemical, or incendiary device as those terms are defined in Section
266	76-10-306 or any dangerous weapon other than a firearm is guilty of a third degree felony.
267	(3) A Category II restricted person who purchases, transfers, possesses, uses or has under
268	his custody or control:
269	(a) any firearm is guilty of a third degree felony; or
270	(b) any explosive, chemical, or incendiary device as those terms are defined in Section
271	76-10-306 or any dangerous weapon other than a firearm is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.
272	(4) A Category III restricted person who purchases, transfers, possesses, uses or has under
273	his custody or control:
274	(a) any firearm is guilty of a class A misdemeanor; or
275	(b) any explosive, chemical, or incendiary device as those terms are defined in Section

weapon which is a firearm and that contains no ammunition is guilty of a class B misdemeanor,

but if the firearm contains ammunition the person is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.

76-10-504. Carrying concealed dangerous weapon -- Penalties.

(1) Except as provided in Section 76-10-503 and in Subsections (2) and (3):

which is not a firearm on his person or one that is readily accessible for immediate use which is

not securely encased, as defined in this part, in a place other than his residence, property, or

(2) A person who carries concealed a sawed-off shotgun or a sawed-off rifle is guilty ofa second degree felony.

76-10-306, or any dangerous weapon other than a firearm is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.

restricted person but does apply to a Category III restricted person.

Section 6. Section **76-10-504** is amended to read:

business under his control is guilty of a class B misdemeanor; and

(5) The exception authorized by Section 76-10-512 does not apply to a Category I or II

(6) A person may be subject to the restrictions of more than one category at the same time.

(a) a person who carries a concealed dangerous weapon, as defined in Section 76-10-501,

(b) a person without a valid concealed firearm permit who carries a concealed dangerous

- (3) If the concealed firearm is used in the commission of a [crime of violence] violent
 <u>felony</u> as defined in Section [76-10-501] <u>76-3-203.5</u>, and the person is a party to the offense, the
 person is guilty of a second degree felony.
- (4) Nothing in Subsection (1) shall prohibit a person engaged in the lawful taking of
 protected or unprotected wildlife as defined in Title 23, [Fish and Game] Wildlife Resources Code,
 from carrying a concealed weapon or a concealed firearm with a barrel length of four inches or
 greater as long as the taking of wildlife does not occur:

(a) within the limits of a municipality in violation of that municipality's ordinances; or

300 (b) upon the highways of the state as defined in Section 41-6-1.

301 Section 7. Section **76-10-509.6** is amended to read:

302 **76-10-509.6.** Parent or guardian providing firearm to violent minor.

303 (1) A parent or guardian may not intentionally or knowingly provide a firearm to, or permit
 304 the possession of a firearm by, any minor who has been convicted of a [crime of violence] violent
 305 <u>felony as defined in Section 76-3-203.5</u> or any minor who has been adjudicated in juvenile court
 306 for an offense which would constitute a [crime of violence] violent felony if the minor were an

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307	adult.
308	(2) Any person who violates this section is guilty of:
309	(a) a class A misdemeanor upon the first offense; and
310	(b) a third degree felony for each subsequent offense.
311	Section 8. Section 76-10-526 is amended to read:
312	76-10-526. Criminal background check prior to purchase of a firearm Fee
313	Exemption for concealed firearm permit holders.
314	(1) A criminal background check required by this section shall only apply to the purchase
315	of a handgun until federal law requires the background check to extend to other firearms.
316	(2) At the time that federal law extends the criminal background check requirement to
317	other firearms, the division shall make rules to extend the background checks required under this
318	section to the other firearms.
319	(3) For purposes of this section, "valid permit to carry a concealed firearm" does not
320	include a temporary permit issued pursuant to Section 53-5-705.
321	(4) To establish personal identification and residence in this state for purposes of this part,
322	a dealer shall require any person receiving a firearm to present:
323	(a) one photo identification on a form issued by a governmental agency of the state; and
324	(b) one other documentation of residence which must show an address identical to that
325	shown on the photo identification form.
326	(5) A criminal history background check is required for the sale of a firearm by a licensed
327	firearm dealer in the state.
328	(6) Any person, except a dealer, purchasing a firearm from a dealer shall consent in writing
329	to a criminal background check, on a form provided by the division. The form shall also contain
330	the following information:
331	(a) the dealer identification number;
332	(b) the name and address of the person receiving the firearm;
333	(c) the date of birth, height, weight, eye color, and hair color of the person receiving the
334	firearm; and
335	(d) the Social Security number or any other identification number of the person receiving
336	the firearm.
337	(7) (a) The dealer shall send the form required by Subsection (6) to the division

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338 immediately upon its completion. 339 (b) No dealer shall sell or transfer any firearm to any person until the dealer has provided 340 the division with the information in Subsection (6) and has received approval from the division 341 under Subsection [(8)] (9). 342 (8) The dealer shall make a request for criminal history background information by 343 telephone or other electronic means to the division and shall receive approval or denial of the inquiry by telephone or other electronic means. 344 345 (9) When the dealer calls for or requests a criminal history background check, the division 346 shall: 347 (a) review the criminal history files, including juvenile court records, to determine if the 348 person is prohibited from purchasing, possessing, or transferring a firearm by state or federal law; 349 (b) inform the dealer that: 350 (i) the [criminal record indicates] records indicate the person is so prohibited; or 351 (ii) the person is approved for purchasing, possessing, or transferring a firearm; 352 (c) provide the dealer with a unique transaction number for that inquiry; and 353 (d) provide a response to the requesting dealer during the call for a criminal background, 354 or by return call, or other electronic means, without delay, except in case of electronic failure or 355 other circumstances beyond the control of the division, the division shall advise the dealer of the 356 reason for [such] the delay and give the dealer an estimate of the length of such delay. 357 (10) The division shall not maintain any records of the criminal history background check 358 longer than 20 days from the date of the dealer's request if the division determines that the person 359 receiving the gun is not prohibited from purchasing, possessing, or transferring the firearm under 360 state or federal law. However, the division shall maintain a log of requests containing the dealer's 361 federal firearms number, the transaction number, and the transaction date for a period of 12 362 months. 363 (11) If the criminal history background check discloses information indicating that the 364 person attempting to purchase the firearm is prohibited from purchasing, possessing, or 365 transferring a firearm, the division shall inform the law enforcement agency in the jurisdiction 366 where the person resides. 367 (12) If a person is denied the right to purchase a firearm under this section, the person may 368 review his criminal history information and may challenge or amend the information as provided

369 in Section 53-10-108. 370 (13) The division shall make rules as provided in Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah 371 Administrative Rulemaking Act, to ensure the identity, confidentiality, and security of all records 372 provided by the division pursuant to this part are in conformance with the requirements of the 373 Brady Handgun Violence Prevention Act, Pub. L. No. 103-159, 107 Stat. 1536 (1993). 374 (14) (a) All dealers shall collect a criminal history background check fee which is \$7.50. 375 This fee remains in effect until changed by the division through the process under Section 376 63-38-3.2. 377 (b) The dealer shall forward at one time all fees collected for criminal history background 378 checks performed during the month to the division by the last day of the month following the sale 379 of a firearm. The division shall deposit the fees in the General Fund as dedicated credits to cover 380 the cost of administering and conducting the criminal history background check program. 381 (15) A person with a concealed firearm permit issued pursuant to Title 53, Chapter 5, Part 382 7, Concealed Weapon Act, shall be exempt from the background check and corresponding fee 383 required in this section for the purchase of a firearm if: 384 (a) the person presents his concealed firearm permit to the dealer prior to purchase of the 385 firearm; and 386 (b) the dealer verifies with the division that the person's concealed firearm permit is valid. 387 Section 9. Section 78-3a-206 is amended to read: 388 78-3a-206. Court records -- Inspection. 389 (1) The court and the probation department shall keep records as required by the board and 390 the presiding judge. 391 (2) Court records shall be open to inspection by: 392 (a) the parents or guardian, other parties in the case, the attorneys, and agencies to which 393 custody of a minor has been transferred; 394 (b) for information relating to adult offenders alleged to have committed a sexual offense, 395 a felony or class A misdemeanor drug offense, or an offense against the person under Title 76, 396 Chapter 5, Offenses Against the Person, the State Office of Education for the purpose of evaluating 397 whether an individual should be permitted to obtain or retain a license as an educator or serve as 398 an employee or volunteer in a school, with the understanding that the office must provide the 399 individual with an opportunity to respond to any information gathered from its inspection of the

400 records before it makes a decision concerning licensure or employment; and 401 (c) the Division of Criminal Investigations and Technical Services, established in Section 402 53-10-103, for the purpose of a criminal history background check for the purchase of a firearm 403 and establishing good character for issuance of a concealed firearm permit as provided in Section 404 53-5-704. 405 (3) With the consent of the judge, court records may be inspected by the minor, by persons 406 having a legitimate interest in the proceedings, and by persons conducting pertinent research 407 studies. 408 (4) If a petition is filed charging a minor 14 years of age or older with an offense that

would be a felony if committed by an adult, the court shall make available to any person upon
request the petition, any adjudication or disposition orders, and the delinquency history summary
of the minor charged unless the records are closed by the court upon findings on the record for
good cause.

- (5) Probation officers' records and reports of social and clinical studies are not open toinspection, except by consent of the court, given under rules adopted by the board.
- 415 (6) (a) Any juvenile delinquency adjudication or disposition orders and the delinquency
 416 history summary of any person charged as an adult with a felony offense shall be made available
 417 to any person upon request.
- 418 (b) This provision does not apply to records that have been destroyed or expunged in419 accordance with court rules.
- 420 (c) The court may charge a reasonable fee to cover the costs associated with retrieving a421 requested record that has been archived.

Legislative Review Note as of 11-22-99 4:07 PM

A limited legal review of this legislation raises no obvious constitutional or statutory concerns.

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

Committee Note

The Judiciary Interim Committee recommended this bill.