## **Senator Terry R. Spencer** proposes to substitute the following bill:

1	GRANDPARENTS VISITATION RIGHTS
2	2000 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Sponsor: Terry R. Spencer
5	AN ACT RELATING TO GRANDPARENTS; CLARIFYING GRANDPARENTS' STANDING
6	TO BRING AN ACTION IN DISTRICT COURT; MODIFYING THE DEFINITION OF
7	GRANDPARENT; CHANGING THE STANDARDS FOR REBUTTING PRESUMPTION
8	REGARDING A PARENT'S DECISION; MAKING CERTAIN PROVISIONS FOR
9	STEPPARENT ADOPTIONS; AND PROVIDING THAT UNDER CERTAIN
10	CIRCUMSTANCES GRANDPARENTS MAY HAVE A PRESUMPTION FOR CONTINUED
11	COURT-ORDERED VISITATION AFTER A GRANDCHILD HAS BEEN ADOPTED OR
12	PARENTAL RIGHTS HAVE BEEN TERMINATED.
13	This act affects sections of Utah Code Annotated 1953 as follows:
14	AMENDS:
15	30-5-1, as last amended by Chapter 175, Laws of Utah 1992
16	30-5-2, as last amended by Chapter 104, Laws of Utah 1998
17	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
18	Section 1. Section <b>30-5-1</b> is amended to read:
19	30-5-1. Definitions.
20	As used in this act:
21	(1) "District court" means the district court within whose jurisdiction the grandchildren
22	reside.
23	(2) "Grandchildren" means the child or children that a grandparent is seeking visitation
24	rights with under this chapter.
25	(3) "Grandparent" means a person whose child, either by blood, marriage, or adoption, is

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stepparent.

26	the parent of the grandchildren.
27	Section 2. Section <b>30-5-2</b> is amended to read:
28	30-5-2. Visitation rights of grandparents.
29	(1) Grandparents have standing to bring an action in district court requesting visitation in
30	accordance with the provisions and requirements of this section.
31	[(1)] (2) The district court may grant grandparents reasonable rights of visitation, if it is
32	in the best interest of the grandchildren, in cases where a grandparent's child has died or has
33	become a noncustodial parent through divorce or legal separation.
34	[(2)] (3) In cases other than those described in Subsection $[(1)]$ (2), a grandparent may
35	petition the court for reasonable rights of visitation with a grandchild. The court may enter an
36	order granting the petitioner reasonable visitation rights in accordance with the provisions and
37	requirements of this Subsection [(2)] (3). There is a presumption that a parent's decision with
38	regard to grandparent visitation is reasonable. The court may override the parent's decision and
39	grant reasonable visitation rights to a grandparent if it finds that:
40	(a) it is in the best interest of the grandchild;
41	(b) the petitioner is a fit and proper person to have rights of visitation with the grandchild;
42	(c) the petitioner has repeatedly attempted to visit the grandchild and has not been allowed
43	to visit the grandchild as a direct result of the actions of the parent or parents;
44	(d) there is no other way for the petitioner to visit the grandchild without court
45	intervention; and
46	(e) the petitioner has[, by clear and convincing evidence,] rebutted the presumption that
47	the parent's decision to refuse or limit visitation with the grandchild was reasonable.
48	[(3) Adoption] (4) (a) There is a presumption that adoption of a child, voluntary or
49	involuntary termination of parental rights, or relinquishment to a licensed child placing agency
50	terminates all rights of a [biological] grandparent to petition for visitation under this section. That
51	presumption may be rebutted if the court finds that a child has established a relationship with the
52	grandparent, and that the child's continued contact with the grandparent will be in the best interest
53	of the child.
54	(b) Nothing in this Subsection (4) affects visitation rights of a grandparent that have been

ordered by a court pursuant to this section, if the grandchild is adopted by the grandchild's

- 57 [(4)] (5) Grandparents may petition the court as provided in Section 78-32-12.2 to remedy
- a parent's wrongful noncompliance with a visitation order.