1	MOTOR VEHICLE INSURANCE POLICY
2	COVERAGE
3	2000 GENERAL SESSION
4	STATE OF UTAH
5	Sponsor: Michael G. Waddoups
6	AN ACT RELATING TO INSURANCE; AMENDING UNINSURED AND UNDERINSURED
7	MOTORIST COVERAGE PROVISIONS.
8	This act affects sections of Utah Code Annotated 1953 as follows:
9	AMENDS:
10	31A-22-305, as last amended by Chapter 158, Laws of Utah 1999
11	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
12	Section 1. Section 31A-22-305 is amended to read:
13	31A-22-305. Uninsured and underinsured motorist coverage.
14	(1) As used in this section, "covered persons" includes:
15	(a) the named insured;
16	(b) persons related to the named insured by blood, marriage, adoption, or guardianship,
17	who are residents of the named insured's household, including those who usually make their home
18	in the same household but temporarily live elsewhere;
19	(c) any person occupying or using a motor vehicle referred to in the policy or owned by
20	a self-insurer; and
21	(d) any person who is entitled to recover damages against the owner or operator of the
22	uninsured or underinsured motor vehicle because of bodily injury to or death of persons under
23	Subsection (1)(a), (b), or (c).
24	(2) As used in this section, "uninsured motor vehicle" includes:
25	(a) (i) a vehicle, the operation, maintenance, or use of which is not covered under a
26	liability policy at the time of an injury-causing occurrence; or
27	(ii) (A) a vehicle covered with lower liability limits than required by Section 31A-22-304:

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28	(B) the vehicle described in Subsection (2)(a)(ii)(A) is uninsured to the extent of the
29	deficiency;
30	(b) an unidentified vehicle that left the scene of an accident proximately caused by the
31	vehicle operator;
32	(c) a vehicle covered by a liability policy, but coverage for an accident is disputed by the
33	liability insurer for more than 60 days or, beginning with the effective date of this act, continues
34	to be disputed for more than 60 days; or
35	(d) (i) an insured vehicle if, before or after the accident, the liability insurer of the vehicle
36	is declared insolvent by a court of competent jurisdiction;
37	(ii) the vehicle described in Subsection (2)(d)(i) is uninsured only to the extent that the
38	claim against the insolvent insurer is not paid by a guaranty association or fund.
39	(3) (a) Uninsured motorist coverage under Subsection 31A-22-302(1)(b) provides
40	coverage for covered persons who are legally entitled to recover damages from owners or operators
41	of uninsured motor vehicles because of bodily injury, sickness, disease, or death [in limits that at
42	least equal the minimum bodily injury limits for motor vehicle liability policies under Section
43	31A-22-304].
44	(b) For new policies written on or after January 1, 2001, the limits of uninsured motorist
45	coverage are equal to the limits of the insured's motor vehicle liability policy unless the insured
46	purchases coverage in a lesser amount by signing an acknowledgment form provided by the insurer
47	that:
48	(i) waives the higher coverage;
49	(ii) reasonably explains the purpose of uninsured motorist coverage; and
50	(iii) discloses the additional premiums required to purchase uninsured motorist coverage
51	with limits equal to the limits of the insured's motor vehicle liability policy.
52	(c) Uninsured motorist coverage may not be sold with limits that are less than the
53	minimum bodily injury limits for motor vehicle liability policies under Section 31A-22-304.
54	(d) The acknowledgment under Subsection (3)(b) continues for that issuer of the uninsured
55	motorist coverage until the insured, in writing, requests different uninsured motorist coverage from
56	the insurer.
57	(e) In conjunction with the first three renewal notices sent after January 1, 2000, for
58	policies existing on that date, the insurer shall provide notice to the insured that reasonably

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59	explains the purpose of uninsured motorist coverage and discloses the additional premiums
60	required to purchase uninsured motorist coverage with limits equal to the limits of the insured's
61	motor vehicle liability policy.
62	(4) (a) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), the named insured may reject uninsured
63	motorist coverage by an express writing to the insurer that provides liability coverage under
64	Subsection 31A-22-302(1)(a).
65	(ii) This rejection shall be on a form provided by the insurer that includes a reasonable
66	explanation of the purpose of uninsured motorist coverage.
67	(iii) This rejection continues for that issuer of the liability coverage until the insured in
68	writing requests uninsured motorist coverage from that liability insurer.
69	(b) (i) All persons, including governmental entities, that are engaged in the business of,
70	or that accept payment for, transporting natural persons by motor vehicle, and all school districts
71	that provide transportation services for their students, shall provide coverage for all vehicles used
72	for that purpose, by purchase of a policy of insurance or by self-insurance, uninsured motorist
73	coverage of at least \$25,000 per person and \$500,000 per accident.
74	[(i)] (ii) This coverage is secondary to any other insurance covering an injured covered
75	person.
76	[(ii)] (c) [This coverage does not apply to an employee, who is injured by an uninsured
77	motorist, whose exclusive remedy is] Uninsured motorist coverage:
78	(i) is secondary to the benefits provided by Title 34A, Chapter 2, Workers' Compensation
79	Act[-];
80	(ii) may not be subrogated by the Workers' Compensation insurance carrier;
81	(iii) may not be reduced by any benefits provided by Workers' Compensation insurance;
82	<u>and</u>
83	(iv) may be reduced by health insurance subrogation only after the covered person has
84	been made whole.
85	[(c)] (d) As used in this Subsection (4):
86	(i) "Governmental entity" has the same meaning as under Section 63-30-2.
87	(ii) "Motor vehicle" has the same meaning as under Section 41-1a-102.
88	(5) When a covered person alleges that an uninsured motor vehicle under Subsection (2)(b)
89	proximately caused an accident without touching the covered person or the vehicle occupied by

the covered person, the covered person must show the existence of the uninsured motor vehicle by clear and convincing evidence consisting of more than the covered person's testimony.

- (6) (a) The limit of liability for uninsured motorist coverage for two or more motor vehicles may not be added together, combined, or stacked to determine the limit of insurance coverage available to an injured person for any one accident.
- (b) (i) Subsection (6)(a) applies to all persons except a covered person as defined under Subsection (7)(b)(ii).
- (ii) A covered person as defined under Subsection (7)(b)(ii) is entitled to the highest limits of uninsured motorist coverage afforded for any one vehicle that the covered person is the named insured or an insured family member.
- (iii) This coverage shall be in addition to the coverage on the vehicle the covered person is occupying.
 - (iv) Neither the primary nor the secondary coverage may be set off against the other.
- (c) Coverage on a motor vehicle occupied at the time of an accident shall be primary coverage, and the coverage elected by a person described under Subsections (1)(a) and (b) shall be secondary coverage.
- (7) (a) Uninsured motorist coverage under this section applies to bodily injury, sickness, disease, or death of covered persons while occupying or using a motor vehicle only if the motor vehicle is described in the policy under which a claim is made, or if the motor vehicle is a newly acquired or replacement vehicle covered under the terms of the policy. Except as provided in Subsection (6) or (7), a covered person injured in a vehicle described in a policy that includes uninsured motorist benefits may not elect to collect uninsured motorist coverage benefits from any other motor vehicle insurance policy under which he is a covered person.
- (b) Each of the following persons may also recover uninsured motorist benefits under any other policy in which they are described as a "covered person" as defined in Subsection (1):
 - (i) a covered person injured as a pedestrian by an uninsured motor vehicle; and
- (ii) a covered person injured while occupying or using a motor vehicle that is not owned by, furnished, or available for the regular use of the covered person, the covered person's resident spouse, or the covered person's resident relative.
- (c) A covered person in Subsection (7)(b) is not barred against making subsequent elections if recovery is unavailable under previous elections.

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121	(8) (a) As used in this section, "underinsured motor vehicle" includes a vehicle, the
122	operation, maintenance, or use of which is covered under a liability policy at the time of an
123	injury-causing occurrence, but which has insufficient liability coverage to compensate fully the
124	injured party for all special and general damages.
125	(b) The term "underinsured motor vehicle" does not include:
126	(i) a motor vehicle that is covered under the liability coverage of the same policy that also
127	contains the underinsured motorist coverage; or
128	(ii) an uninsured motor vehicle as defined in Subsection (2).
129	(9) (a) Underinsured motorist coverage under Subsection 31A-22-302(1)(c) provides
130	coverage for covered persons who are legally entitled to recover damages from owners or operators
131	of underinsured motor vehicles because of bodily injury, sickness, disease, or death [in limits of
132	at least \$10,000 for one person in any one accident, and at least \$20,000 for two or more persons
133	in any one accident].
134	(b) For new policies written on or after January 1, 2001, the limits of underinsured
135	motorist coverage are equal to the limits of the insured's motor vehicle liability policy unless the
136	insured purchases coverage in a lesser amount by signing an acknowledgment form provided by
137	the insurer that:
138	(i) waives the higher coverage;
139	(ii) reasonably explains the purpose of underinsured motorist coverage; and
140	(iii) discloses the additional premiums required to purchase underinsured motorist
141	coverage with limits equal to the limits of the insured's motor vehicle liability policy.
142	(c) Underinsured motorist coverage may not be sold with limits that are less than \$10,000
143	for one person in any one accident and at least \$20,000 for two or more persons in any one
144	accident.
145	(d) The acknowledgment under Subsection (9)(b) continues for that issuer of the
146	underinsured motorist coverage until the insured, in writing, requests different underinsured
147	motorist coverage from the insurer.
148	[(b)] (e) The named insured's underinsured motorist coverage, as described in Subsection
149	(9)(a), is secondary to the liability coverage of an owner or operator of an underinsured motor
150	vehicle, as described in Subsection (8). Underinsured motorist coverage may not be set off against
151	the liability coverage of the owner or operator of an underinsured motor vehicle, but shall be added

to, combined with, or stacked upon the liability coverage of the owner or operator of the underinsured motor vehicle to determine the limit of coverage available to the injured person.

- [(c)] (f) (i) [For new policies or contracts written after January 1, 1993, a] A named insured may reject underinsured motorist coverage by an express writing to the insurer that provides liability coverage under Subsection 31A-22-302(1)(a).
- (ii) This written rejection shall be on a form provided by the insurer that includes a reasonable explanation of the purpose of underinsured motorist coverage and when it would be applicable.
- (iii) This rejection continues for that issuer of the liability coverage until the insured in writing requests underinsured motorist coverage from that liability insurer.
- [(ii)] (g) In conjunction with the first three renewal notices sent after January 1, [1993] 2000, for policies existing on that date, the insurer shall [notify] provide notice to the insured [of the availability] that reasonably explains the purpose of underinsured motorist coverage [along with estimated ranges of premiums for the coverage. The department shall provide standard language to be used by insurers to fulfill the insurers' duty under this Subsection (9).] and discloses the additional premiums required to purchase underinsured motorist coverage with limits equal to the limits of the insured's motor vehicle liability policy.
- (10) (a) Underinsured motorist coverage under this section applies to bodily injury, sickness, disease, or death of an insured while occupying or using a motor vehicle owned by, furnished, or available for the regular use of the insured, a resident spouse, or resident relative of the insured, only if the motor vehicle is described in the policy under which a claim is made, or if the motor vehicle is a newly acquired or replacement vehicle covered under the terms of the policy. Except as provided in this Subsection (10), a covered person injured in a vehicle described in a policy that includes underinsured motorist benefits may not elect to collect underinsured motorist coverage benefits from any other motor vehicle insurance policy under which he is a named insured.
- (b) (i) The limit of liability for underinsured motorist coverage for two or more motor vehicles may not be added together, combined, or stacked to determine the limit of insurance coverage available to an injured person for any one accident.
- (ii) Subsection (10)(b)(i) applies to all persons except a covered person as defined under Subsection (10)(c)(i)(B).

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183	(iii) Coverage on a motor vehicle occupied at the time of an accident shall be primary
184	coverage, and the coverage elected by a person described under Subsections (1)(a) and (b) shall
185	be secondary coverage.
186	(c) Underinsured motorist coverage:
187	(i) is secondary to the benefits provided by Title 34A, Chapter 2, Workers' Compensation
188	Act;
189	(ii) may not be subrograted by the Workers' Compensation insurance carrier;
190	(iii) may not be reduced by any benefits provided by Workers' Compensation insurance;
191	<u>and</u>
192	(iv) may be reduced by health insurance subrogation only after the covered person has
193	been made whole.
194	[(c)] (d) (i) Each of the following persons may also recover underinsured motorist
195	coverage benefits under any other policy in which they are described as a "covered person" as
196	defined under Subsection (1):
197	(A) a covered person injured as a pedestrian by an underinsured motor vehicle; or
198	(B) a covered person injured while occupying or using a motor vehicle that is not owned
199	by, furnished, or available for the regular use of the covered person, the covered person's resident
200	spouse, or the covered person's resident relative.
201	(ii) This coverage shall only be available as a secondary source of coverage.
202	(iii) A covered person as defined under Subsection (10)[(c)] (b)(i)(B) is entitled to the
203	highest limits of underinsured motorist coverage afforded for any one vehicle that the covered
204	person is the named insured or an insured family member.
205	(iv) This coverage shall be in addition to the coverage on the vehicle the covered person
206	is occupying.
207	(v) Neither the primary nor the secondary coverage may be set off against the other.
208	[(d)] (e) A covered injured person is not barred against making subsequent elections if
209	recovery is unavailable under previous elections.
210	(11) A claim may not be brought by a covered person against a motor vehicle underinsured
211	motorist policy more than three years after the date of the liability policy payment document.

Legislative Review Note as of 2-1-00 3:50 PM

A limited legal review of this legislation raises no obvious constitutional or statutory concerns.

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel