## Senator John L. Valentine proposes to substitute the following bill:

1	REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY AMENDMENT
2	2000 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Sponsor: John L. Valentine
5	AN ACT RELATING TO SPECIAL DISTRICTS; MODIFYING THE DEFINITION OF
6	ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT; MODIFYING THE MAKEUP OF THE TAXING AGENCY
7	COMMITTEE UNDER CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES; ALLOWING SCHOOL DISTRICTS
8	TO CHOOSE NOT TO LOSE TAX INCREMENT FUNDS UNDER CERTAIN
9	CIRCUMSTANCES; AND MAKING TECHNICAL CHANGES.
10	This act affects sections of Utah Code Annotated 1953 as follows:
11	AMENDS:
12	17A-2-1202, as last amended by Chapter 320, Laws of Utah 1995
13	17A-2-1247.5, as last amended by Chapters 21 and 194, Laws of Utah 1999
14	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
15	Section 1. Section 17A-2-1202 is amended to read:
16	17A-2-1202. Definitions.
17	As used in this part:
18	(1) "Agency" means the legislative body of a community when designated by the
19	legislative body itself to act as a redevelopment agency.
20	(2) "Base tax amount" means that portion of taxes that would be produced by the rate upon
21	which the tax is levied each year by or for all taxing agencies upon the total sum of the taxable
22	value of the taxable property in a redevelopment project area as shown upon the assessment roll
23	used in connection with the taxation of the property by the taxing agencies, last equalized before
24	the effective date of the:
25	(a) ordinance approving the plan for projects for which a preliminary plan has been

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- prepared prior to April 1, 1993, and for which all of the following have occurred prior to July 1, 1993: the agency blight study has been completed, and a hearing under Section 17A-2-1221 has in good faith been commenced by the agency; or
  - (b) the first approved project area budget for projects for which a preliminary plan has been prepared after April 1, 1993, and for which any of the following have occurred after July 1, 1993: the completion of the agency blight study, and the good faith commencement of the hearing by the agency under Section 17A-2-1221; and
    - (c) as adjusted by Sections 17A-2-1250.5, 17A-2-1251, 17A-2-1252, and 17A-2-1253.
  - (3) "Blighted area" or "blight" means:
  - (a) for projects for which a preliminary plan has been prepared prior to April 1, 1993, and for which all of the following have occurred prior to July 1, 1993: the agency blight study has been completed, and a hearing under Section 17A-2-1221 has in good faith been commenced by the agency, an area used or intended to be used for residential, commercial, industrial, or other purposes or any combination of such uses which is characterized by two or more of the following factors:
    - (i) defective design and character of physical construction;
      - (ii) faulty interior arrangement and exterior spacing;
      - (iii) high density of population and overcrowding;
  - (iv) inadequate provision for ventilation, light, sanitation, open spaces, and recreation facilities;
    - (v) age, obsolescence, deterioration, dilapidation, mixed character, or shifting of uses;
    - (vi) economic dislocation, deterioration, or disuse, resulting from faulty planning;
  - (vii) subdividing and sale of lots of irregular form and shape and inadequate size for proper usefulness and development;
  - (viii) laying out of lots in disregard of the contours and other physical characteristics of the ground and surrounding conditions;
    - (ix) existence of inadequate streets, open spaces, and utilities; and
    - (x) existence of lots or other areas which are subject to being submerged by water.
  - (b) For projects for which a preliminary plan has been prepared after April 1, 1993, and for which any of the following have occurred after July 1, 1993: the completion of the agency blight study, and the good faith commencement of the hearing by the agency under Section

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- 57 17A-2-1221, when a finding of blight is required, an area with buildings or improvements, used 58 or intended to be used for residential, commercial, industrial, or other urban purposes or any 59 combination of these uses, which:
  - (i) contains buildings and improvements, not including out-buildings, on at least 50% of the number of parcels and the area of those parcels is at least 50% of the project area; and
  - (ii) is unfit or unsafe to occupy or may be conducive to ill health, transmission of disease, infant mortality, juvenile delinquency, or crime because of any three or more of the following factors:
    - (A) defective character of physical construction;
    - (B) high density of population and overcrowding;
    - (C) inadequate provision for ventilation, light, sanitation, and open spaces;
- 68 (D) mixed character and shifting of uses which results in obsolescence, deterioration, or dilapidation;
  - (E) economic deterioration or continued disuse;
  - (F) lots of irregular form and shape and inadequate size for proper usefulness and development, or laying out of lots in disregard of the contours and other physical characteristics of the ground and surrounding conditions;
    - (G) existence of inadequate streets, open spaces, and utilities;
    - (H) existence of lots or other areas which are subject to being submerged by water; and
  - (I) existence of any hazardous or solid waste defined as any substance defined, regulated, or listed as "hazardous substances," "hazardous materials," "hazardous wastes," "toxic waste," "pollutant," "contaminant," or "toxic substances," or identified as hazardous to human health or the environment under state or federal law or regulation.
  - (c) For purposes of Subsection (3)(b), if a developer involved in the project area redevelopment or economic development causes any of the factors of blight listed in Subsection (3)(b)(ii), the developer-caused blight may not be used as one of the three required elements of blight. Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, any blight caused by owners or tenants who may become developers under the provisions of Section 17A-2-1214 shall not be subject to this Subsection (3)(c).
  - (4) "Bond" means any bonds, notes, interim certificates, debentures, or other obligations issued by an agency.

- 88 (5) "Community" means a city, county, town, or any combination of these.
  - (6) "Economic development" means:
  - (a) the planning or replanning, design or redesign, development or redevelopment, construction or reconstruction, rehabilitation, business relocation or any combination of these, within all or part of a project area; and
  - (b) (i) the provision of office, industrial, manufacturing, warehousing, distribution, parking, public or other facilities, or improvements as may benefit the state or the community in order for a public or private employer to create additional jobs within the state[-]; or
  - (ii) the provision of high density housing adjacent to a public or private institution of higher education.
  - (7) "Federal government" means the United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities.
  - (8) "Legislative body" means the city council, city commission, county legislative body, or other legislative body of the community.
  - (9) "Planning commission" means a city, town, or county planning commission established pursuant to law or charter.
  - (10) "Project area" or "redevelopment project area" means an area of a community within a designated redevelopment survey area, the redevelopment of which is necessary to eliminate blight or provide economic development and which is selected by the redevelopment agency pursuant to this part.
  - (11) "Project area budget" means, for projects for which a preliminary plan has been prepared after April 1, 1993, and for which any of the following have occurred after July 1, 1993: the completion of the agency blight study, and the good faith commencement of the hearing by the agency under Section 17A-2-1221, a multiyear budget for the redevelopment plan prepared by the redevelopment agency showing:
    - (a) the base year taxable value of the project area;
  - (b) the projected tax increment of the project area, including the amount of any tax increment shared with other taxing districts which shall include:
  - (i) the tax increment expected to be used to implement the redevelopment plan including the estimated amount of tax increment to be used for land acquisition, public, and infrastructure improvements, and loans, grants, or tax incentives to private and public entities; and

- (ii) the total principal amount of bonds expected to be issued by the redevelopment agency to finance the project;
- (c) the tax increment expected to be used to cover the cost of administering the project area plan;
- (d) a legal description for the portion of the project area from which tax increment will be collected pursuant to Section 17A-2-1247.5, if the area from which tax increment is to be collected is less than the entire project area; and
- (e) for properties to be sold, the expected total cost of the property to the agency and the expected sales price to be paid by the purchaser.
- (12) "Public body" means the state, or any city, county, district, authority, or any other subdivision or public body of the state, their agencies, instrumentalities, or political subdivisions.
- (13) (a) "Redevelopment" means the planning, development, replanning, redesign, clearance, reconstruction, or rehabilitation, or any combination of these, of all or part of a project area, and the provision of residential, commercial, industrial, public, or other structures or spaces that are appropriate or necessary to eliminate blight in the interest of the general welfare, including recreational and other facilities incidental or appurtenant to them.
  - (b) "Redevelopment" includes:
- (i) the alteration, improvement, modernization, reconstruction, or rehabilitation, or any combination of these, of existing structures in a project area;
- (ii) provision for open space types of use, such as streets and other public grounds and space around buildings, and public or private buildings, structures and improvements, and improvements of public or private recreation areas and other public grounds; and
- (iii) the replanning or redesign or original development of undeveloped areas as to which either of the following conditions exist:
- (A) the areas are stagnant or improperly utilized because of defective or inadequate street layout, faulty lot layout in relation to size, shape, accessibility, or usefulness, or for other causes; or
- (B) the areas require replanning and land assembly for reclamation or development in the interest of the general welfare.
- (14) "Redevelopment plan" means a plan developed by the agency and adopted by ordinance of the governing body of a community to guide and control redevelopment and

- economic development undertakings in a specific project area.
  - (15) "Redevelopment survey area" or "survey area" means an area of a community designated by resolution of the legislative body or the governing body of the agency for study by the agency to determine if blight exists if redevelopment is planned, and if a redevelopment or economic development project or projects within the area are feasible.
  - (16) "Taxes" include all levies on an ad valorem basis upon land, real property, personal property, or any other property, tangible or intangible.
  - (17) "Taxing agencies" mean the public entities, including the state, any city, county, city and county, any school district, special district, or other public corporation, which levy property taxes within the project area.
  - (18) "Tax increment" means that portion of the levied taxes each year in excess of the base tax amount which excess amount is to be paid into a special fund of an agency.
    - Section 2. Section **17A-2-1247.5** is amended to read:

## 17A-2-1247.5. Tax increment financing -- Project area budget approval -- Payment of additional tax increment.

- (1) This section applies to projects for which a preliminary plan has been adopted on or after July 1, 1993.
- (2) (a) (i) A taxing agency committee shall be created for each redevelopment or economic development project. The committee membership shall be selected as follows:
- [(i)] (A) unless a school district chooses not to appoint representatives under Subsection (2)(a)(ii)(A), two representatives appointed by the school district in the project area; or
- [(ii)] (B) two representatives appointed by resolution of the county commission or county council for the county in which the project area is located;
- [(iii)] (C) two representatives appointed by resolution of the city or town's legislative body in which the project area is located if the project is located within a city or town;
- [(iv)] (D) unless a school district chooses not to appoint representatives under Subsection (2)(a)(ii)(A), a representative approved by the State School Board; and
- [(v)] (E) one representative who shall represent all of the remaining governing bodies of the other local taxing agencies that levy taxes upon the property within the proposed project area. The representative shall be selected by resolution of each of the governing bodies of those taxing agencies within 30 days after the notice provided in Subsection 17A-2-1256(3).

181	(ii) (A) A school district that levies a tax on property located within a project area may
182	choose not to appoint representatives to the taxing agency committee under Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A)
183	<u>if:</u>
184	(I) the project area is established under an economic development project that includes the
185	provision of high density housing adjacent to a public or private institution of higher education;
186	<u>and</u>
187	(II) the project area budget of the project area under Subsection (2)(a)(ii)(A)(I) is adopted
188	on or after May 1, 2000.
189	(B) If a school district chooses not to appoint representatives to the taxing agency
190	committee under Subsection (2)(a)(ii)(A), the State School Board may not appoint a representative
191	to the taxing agency committee.
192	(b) (i) If the project is located within a city or town, a quorum of a taxing agency
193	committee consists of:
194	(A) if a school district chooses not to appoint representatives to the taxing agency
195	committee under Subsection (2)(a)(ii)(A), three members; or
196	(B) in all other cases, five members.
197	(ii) If the project is not located within a city or town, a quorum consists of:
198	(A) if a school district chooses not to appoint representatives to the taxing agency
199	committee under Subsection (2)(a)(ii)(A), two members; or
200	(B) in all other cases, four members.
201	(c) A taxing agency committee formed in accordance with this section has the authority
202	to:
203	(i) (A) represent all taxing entities in a project area, except a school district that has chosen
204	under Subsection (2)(a)(ii)(A) not to appoint representatives to the taxing agency committee; and
205	(B) cast votes that will be binding on the governing boards of all taxing entities in a project
206	area that the taxing agency committee represents under Subsection (2)(c)(i)(A);
207	(ii) negotiate with the agency concerning the redevelopment plan;
208	(iii) approve or disapprove project area budgets under Subsection (3); and
209	(iv) approve an exception to the limits on the value and size of project areas imposed by
210	Section 17A-2-1210, or the time and amount of tax increment financing under this section.
211	(3) (a)(i) If the project area budget does not allocate 20% of the tax increment for housing

- 212 as provided in Subsection 17A-2-1264(2)(a):
  - (A) an agency may not collect any tax increment for a project area until after the agency obtains the majority consent of a quorum of the taxing agency committee for the project area budget; and
  - (B) a project area budget adopted under Subsection (3)(a)(i)(A) may be amended if the agency obtains the majority consent of a quorum of the taxing agency committee.
  - (ii) If the project area budget allocates 20% of the tax increment for housing as provided in Subsection 17A-2-1264(2)(a):
    - (A) an agency may not collect tax increment from all or part of a project area until after:
- 221 (I) the Olene Walker Housing Trust Fund Board, established under Title 9, Chapter 4, Part
  222 7, Olene Walker Housing Trust Fund, has certified the project area budget as complying with the
  223 requirements of Section 17A-2-1264; and
  - (II) the agency's governing body has approved and adopted the project area budget by a two-thirds vote; and
    - (B) a project area budget adopted under Subsection (3)(a)(ii)(A) may be amended if:
  - (I) the Olene Walker Housing Trust Fund Board, established under Title 9, Chapter 4, Part 7, Olene Walker Housing Trust Fund, certifies the amendment as complying with the requirements of Section 17A-2-1264; and
    - (II) the agency's governing body approves and adopts the amendment by a two-thirds vote.
  - (b)Within 30 days after the approval and adoption of a project area budget, each agency shall file a copy of the budget with the county auditor, the State Tax Commission, the state auditor, and each property taxing entity affected by the agency's collection of tax increment under the project area budget.
  - (c) (i) Beginning on January 1, 1997, before an amendment to a project area budget is approved, the agency shall advertise and hold one public hearing on the proposed change in the project area budget.
  - (ii) The public hearing under Subsection (3)(c)(i) shall be conducted according to the procedures and requirements of Subsection 17A-2-1222(2), except that if the amended budget allocates a greater proportion of tax increment to a project area than was allocated to the project area under the previous budget, the advertisement shall state the percentage allocated under the previous budget and the percentage allocated under the amended budget.

- 243 (d) If an amendment is not approved, the agency shall continue to operate under the 244 previously approved, unamended project area budget.
  - (4) (a) [An] Except as provided in Subsections (6) and (8), an agency may collect tax increment from all or a part of a project area. The tax increment shall be paid to the agency in the same manner and at the same time as payments of taxes to other taxing agencies to pay the principal of and interest on loans, moneys advanced to, or indebtedness, whether funded, refunded, assumed, or otherwise, to finance or refinance, in whole or in part, the redevelopment or economic development project and the housing projects and programs under Sections 17A-2-1263 and 17A-2-1264.
    - (b) (i) An agency may elect to be paid:
- 253 (A) if 20% of the project area budget is not allocated for housing as provided in Subsection 254 17A-2-1264(2)(a):
  - (I) 100% of annual tax increment for 12 years; or
  - (II) 75% of annual tax increment for 20 years; or
- 257 (B) if 20% of the project area budget is allocated for housing as provided in Subsection 258 17A-2-1264(2)(a):
  - (I) 100% of annual tax increment for 15 years; or
  - (II) 75% of annual tax increment for 24 years.
  - (ii) Tax increment paid to an agency under this Subsection (4)(b) shall be paid for the applicable length of time beginning the first tax year the agency accepts tax increment from a project area.
  - (c) An agency may receive a greater percentage of tax increment or receive tax increment for a longer period of time than that specified in Subsection (4)(b) if the agency obtains the majority consent of the taxing agency committee.
  - (5) (a) The redevelopment plan shall provide that the portion of the taxes, if any, due to an increase in the tax rate by a taxing agency after the date the project area budget is approved by the taxing agency committee may not be allocated to and when collected paid into a special fund of the redevelopment agency according to the provisions of Subsection (4) unless the taxing agency committee approves the inclusion of the increase in the tax rate at the time the project area budget is approved. If approval of the inclusion of the increase in the tax rate is not obtained, the portion of the taxes attributable to the increase in the rate shall be distributed by the county to the

- taxing agency imposing the tax rate increase in the same manner as other property taxes.
- 275 (b) The amount of the tax rate to be used in determining tax increment shall be increased 276 or decreased by the amount of an increase or decrease as a result of:
  - (i) a statute enacted by the Legislature, a judicial decision, or an order from the State Tax Commission to a county to adjust or factor its assessment rate under Subsection 59-2-704(2);
- 279 (ii) a change in exemption provided in Utah Constitution Article XIII, Section 2, or Section 280 59-2-103;
  - (iii) an increase or decrease in the percentage of fair market value, as defined under Section 59-2-102; or
    - (iv) a decrease in the certified tax rate under Subsection 59-2-924(2)(c) or (2)(d)(i).
  - (c) (i) Notwithstanding the increase or decrease resulting from Subsection (5)(b), the amount of money allocated to, and when collected paid to the agency each year for payment of bonds or other indebtedness may not be less than would have been allocated to and when collected paid to the agency each year if there had been no increase or decrease under Subsection (5)(b).
  - (ii) For a decrease resulting from Subsection (5)(b)(iv), the taxable value for the base year under Subsection 17A-2-1202(2) or 17A-2-1247(2)(a), as the case may be, shall be reduced for any year to the extent necessary, including below zero, to provide an agency with approximately the same amount of money the agency would have received without a reduction in the county's certified tax rate if:
  - (A) in that year there is a decrease in the certified tax rate under Subsection 59-2-924(2)(c) or (2)(d)(i);
  - (B) the amount of the decrease is more than 20% of the county's certified tax rate of the previous year; and
  - (C) the decrease results in a reduction of the amount to be paid to the agency under Section 17A-2-1247 or 17A-2-1247.5.
  - (6) (a) For redevelopment plans first adopted before May 4, 1993, beginning January 1, 1994, all of the taxes levied and collected upon the taxable property in the redevelopment project under Section 59-2-906.1 which are not pledged to support bond indebtedness and other contractual obligations are exempt from the provisions of Subsection (4).
  - (b) For redevelopment plans first adopted after May 3, 1993, beginning January 1, 1994, all of the taxes levied and collected upon the taxable property in the redevelopment project under

- Section 59-2-906.1 are exempt from the provisions of Subsection (4).
  - (7) (a) In addition to the amounts and periods that an agency may elect to be paid tax increment under Subsection (4)(b), an agency may elect to be paid 100% of annual tax increment for an additional period, as provided in Subsection (7)(b), beyond those periods provided under Subsection (4)(b), without the approval of the taxing agency committee, if the tax increment funding for the additional period is used:
    - (i) for an agency in a city in which is located all or a portion of an interchange on I-15 or that would directly benefit from an interchange on I-15, to pay some or all of the cost of the installation, construction, or reconstruction of:
      - (A) an interchange on I-15; or
    - (B) frontage and other roads connecting to the interchange, as determined by the Department of Transportation created under Section 72-1-201 and the Transportation Commission created under Section 72-1-301; or
    - (ii) for an agency in a city of the first class, to pay some or all of the cost of the land for and installation and construction of a recreational facility, as defined in Subsection 59-12-702(3), or a cultural facility, including parking and infrastructure improvements related to the recreational or cultural facility.
    - (b) The additional period for which an agency may be paid 100% of annual tax increment under Subsection (7)(a) is an additional:
      - (i) 13 years, for an agency that initially elected to be paid under Subsection (4)(b)(i)(A)(I);
  - (ii) five years, for an agency that initially elected to be paid under Subsection (4)(b)(i)(A)(II);
  - (iii) ten years, for an agency that initially elected to be paid under Subsection (4)(b)(i)(B)(I); and
  - (iv) one year, for an agency that initially elected to be paid under Subsection (4)(b)(i)(B)(II).
    - (c) This Subsection (7) applies only to an agency established by a city in which:
  - (i) for an agency in a city in which is located all or a portion of an interchange on I-15 or that would directly benefit from an interchange on I-15, the installation, construction, or reconstruction of an interchange on I-15 or frontage or other roads connecting to the interchange has begun on or before June 30, 2000; and

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- (ii) for an agency in a city of the first class, the installation or construction of a recreational facility, as defined in Subsection 59-12-702(3), or a cultural facility has begun on or before June 30, 2000.
  - (d) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Subsection (7), a school district may not receive less tax increment because of application of the other provisions of this Subsection (7) than it would have received without those provisions.
  - (8) If a school district chooses not to appoint representatives to the taxing agency committee under Subsection (2)(a)(ii)(A), all of the taxes levied and collect upon taxable property in the redevelopment project by the school district are exempt from Subsection (4) and the agency may not collect tax increment from taxes levied by the school district in the project area.