1	STANDARDS FOR ILLEGAL DRUG LAB
2	DECONTAMINATION
3	2001 GENERAL SESSION
4	STATE OF UTAH
5	Sponsor: A. Lamont Tyler
6	This act modifies the Environmental Quality Code to create the Illegal Drug Manufacturing
7	and Storage Site Decontamination Act. Under this new act, the local health authorities will
8	oversee the identification and decontamination of controlled substances manufacturing sites.
9	This act provides for notification to the local health department by a law enforcement agency
10	when a drug lab site is found. The Utah Solid and Hazardous Waste Control Board will
11	have rulemaking authority to set standards and license inspectors and contractors to
12	decontaminate sites. This act will take effect on July 1, 2001.
13	This act affects sections of Utah Code Annotated 1953 as follows:
14	AMENDS:
15	26A-1-114, as last amended by Chapter 345, Laws of Utah 1998
16	ENACTS:
17	19-6-901 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
18	19-6-902 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
19	19-6-903 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
20	19-6-904 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
21	19-6-905 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
22	19-6-906 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
23	19-6-907 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
24	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
25	Section 1. Section 19-6-901 is enacted to read:
26	Part 9. Illegal Drug Manufacturing and Storage Site Decontamination Act
27	<u>19-6-901.</u> Title.



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28	This part is known as the "Illegal Drug Manufacturing and Storage Site Decontamination
29	Act."
30	Section 2. Section 19-6-902 is enacted to read:
31	<u>19-6-902.</u> Definitions.
32	As used in this part:
33	(1) "Authorized contractor" means a person or firm who decontaminates, demolishes, or
34	disposes of contaminated property as required by this part and who is certified by the Utah Solid
35	and Hazardous Waste Control Board as provided in Section 19-6-906.
36	(2) "Board" means a local board of health as established under Section 26A-1-109.
37	(3) "Certified inspector" means a person who is certified by the Utah Solid and Hazardous
38	Waste Control Board to perform inspections in accordance with Section 19-6-906.
39	(4) "Contaminated" or "contamination" means polluted by hazardous materials so that the
40	property is unfit for human habitation or use due to immediate or long-term health hazards.
41	Property that at one time was contaminated but has been satisfactorily decontaminated according
42	to procedures and standards established by the Utah Solid and Hazardous Waste Control Board
43	is not "contaminated."
44	(5) "Hazardous materials" has the same meaning as "hazardous or dangerous materials"
45	as that term is defined in Section 58-37d-3. For purposes of this part, "hazardous materials" shall
46	include illegally manufactured controlled substances.
47	(6) "Health officer" means a local health officer authorized under Title 26A, Local Health
48	Authorities.
49	(7) "Property" means any property, site, structure, part of a structure, or the grounds
50	surrounding the structure which is involved in the illegal manufacture or storage of hazardous
51	materials. This includes but is not limited to single-family residences, out buildings, garages, units
52	of multiplexes, condominiums, apartment buildings, warehouses, hotels, motels, boats, motor
53	vehicles, trailers, manufactured housing, or any shop, or booth.
54	Section 3. Section 19-6-903 is enacted to read:
55	19-6-903. Local health authority regulations Exception.
56	(1) Local health departments may establish regulations in accordance with Title 26A,
57	Local Health Authorities, concerning the posting of notices, h SECURING STRUCTURES, h
57a	notification of property owners,
58	hearings, and appeals.

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(2) Local health departments regulations shall require that those who inspect or
decontaminate property shall be certified under the provisions of Section 19-6-906, however an
exception shall be made for an owner of record who indicates his intention to decontaminate his
property personally.
${ m \hat{h}}$ (3) LOCAL HEALTH DEPARTMENT REGULATIONS PERTAINING TO OWNERS WHO
DECONTAMINATE THEIR OWN PROPERTY SHALL REQUIRE THAT THE OWNER COMPLY WITH
LOCAL HEALTH DEPARTMENT REGULATIONS GOVERNING SAFETY, DECONTAMINATION
STANDARDS, AND DISPOSAL OF CONTAMINATED DEBRIS. h
Section 4. Section 19-6-904 is enacted to read:
<u>19-6-904.</u> Reporting Notice Duties of local health officer.
(1) Whenever a law enforcement agency has lawfully entered property and has reason to
believe that property has been contaminated by hazardous materials related to the illegal
manufacturing or consumption of controlled substances, the agency shall report the suspected
contamination to the local health officer within 24 hours.
(2) The local health officer shall:
(a) proceed under regulations established by the local health department pertaining to the
posting of notices, h SECURING STRUCTURES, h notification of property owners, hearings, and
appeals;
(b) report property determined to be contaminated to the Utah Solid and Hazardous Waste
Control Board; and
(c) provide information to the property owner concerning requirements for inspection,
decontamination, and disposal of contaminated debris.
(3) The Utah Solid and Hazardous Waste Control Board shall keep a list of contaminated
properties and make the list available upon request. The list shall be promptly updated to remove
those properties which have been decontaminated according to standards established under Section
<u>19-6-907.</u>
Section 5. Section 19-6-905 is enacted to read:
19-6-905. Municipality or county options.
(1) If the local health officer does not receive a timely response from the owner of
contaminated property or the owner notifies him that he intends to abandon the property, the local
health officer shall notify the municipality, or county for unincorporated areas, in which the
contaminated property is located. For the purposes of this section, "timely" means a period of not
less than 14 days, but may be longer in accordance with local health department regulations.
(2) The municipality or county may take action to:
(a) bring an action in public nuisance against the property in accordance with the law;
(b) decontaminate the property under the provisions of this chapter; or

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90	(c) demolish the property under existing county or municipal ordinance.
91	(3) The municipality or county shall notify all persons whose interest in the property is
92	recorded in the records of the recorder's office of the county in which the property is located of its
93	intent to take action with regard to the property.
94	(4) A municipality or county may not bring an action in public nuisance, decontaminate,
95	or demolish property pursuant to this section until all procedures granting the right of notice and
96	the opportunity to appeal have been exhausted.
97	(5) The municipality or county shall use a certified contractor if property is
98	decontaminated, demolished, or removed under this section.
99	Section 6. Section 19-6-906 is enacted to read:
100	19-6-906. Certification of contractors and inspectors Denial, suspension, or
101	revocation of certificate Duties of Department of Health and Utah Solid and Hazardous
102	Waste Control Board.
103	(1) After July 1, 2002, an inspector or a contractor may not perform inspections,
104	decontamination, demolition, or disposal work at a property determined to be contaminated under
105	this part unless issued a certificate by the Utah Solid and Hazardous Waste Control Board.
106	(2) The Utah Solid and Hazardous Waste Control Board in consultation with the Utah
107	Department of Health shall establish performance and certification standards for inspectors and
108	contractors by rule in accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking
109	Act.
110	(3) The Utah Solid and Hazardous Waste Control Board in consultation with the
111	Department of Health shall train and test, or may approve courses to train and test, inspectors and
112	contractors and their employees on the essential elements in assessing and inspecting property used
113	as an illegal drug manufacturing or storage site to determine:
114	(a) hazard reduction measures needed;
115	(b) techniques for adequately reducing contaminants;
116	(c) use of personal protective equipment;
117	(d) methods for proper demolition, removal, and disposal of contaminated property,
118	including preparation of work plans for decontamination; and
119	(e) relevant federal and state regulations.
120	(4) Upon successful completion of the training and testing, the inspector, contractor, or

121	their employees shall be certified.
122	(5) The Utah Solid and Hazardous Waste Control Board in consultation with the
123	Department of Health h [shall] MAY h require the successful completion of annual refresher courses
123a	<u>provided</u>
124	or approved by the Utah Solid and Hazardous Waste Control Board for the continued certification
125	of inspectors and contractors.
126	(6) (a) The Utah Solid and Hazardous Waste Control Board shall provide for reciprocal
127	certification of any individual trained to engage in decontamination, demolition, or disposal work
128	in another state when the prior training is shown to be substantially similar to the training required
129	by the Utah Solid and Hazardous Waste Control Board.
130	(b) The Utah Solid and Hazardous Waste Control Board may require individuals to take
131	an examination or refresher course before certification.
132	(7) The Utah Solid and Hazardous Waste Control Board may deny, suspend, or revoke a
133	certificate for failure to comply with the requirements of this part or any rule adopted pursuant to
134	this part. A certificate may be denied, suspended, or revoked on any of the following grounds:
135	(a) failure to perform decontamination, demolition, or disposal work under the supervision
136	of trained and certified personnel;
137	(b) failure to perform work that meets the requirements of the Utah Solid and Hazardous
138	Waste Control Board;
139	(c) failure to properly dispose of contaminated materials; or
140	(d) the certificate was obtained by error, misrepresentation, or fraud.
141	(8) Any contractor or inspector who violates any provision of this part, or any rule, order,
142	certificate or other requirement issued or adopted under this part, is subject in a civil proceeding
143	to the penalties found in Subsection 19-6-113(2).
144	(9) The Utah Solid and Hazardous Waste Control Board shall set fees in accordance with
145	Section 63-38-3.2 for the issuance and renewal of certificates, the administration of examinations,
146	and for the review of training courses.
147	(10) Fees collected under Subsection (9) shall be deposited in the General Fund as
148	dedicated credits for the administration of this section.
149	Section 7. Section 19-6-907 is enacted to read:
150	19-6-907. Rules and standards Authority to develop.
151	(1) The Utah Solid and Hazardous Waste Control Board, in accordance with Title 63,

152	Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, shall make rules in consultation with the
153	Department of Health and local health officers:
154	(a) to carry out the provisions of Sections 19-6-906;
155	(b) providing standards and best management practices for the inspection and
156	decontamination of property, and disposal of contaminated debris under this part;
157	(c) determining appropriate methods for the testing of ground water, surface water, soil,
158	and septic tanks; and
159	(d) to determine when testing of ground water, surface water, soil, and septic tanks may
160	be required.
161	(2) The Departments of Health and Environmental Quality shall provide technical
162	assistance to local health boards and officers to carry out their duties under this part.
163	(3) All rules developed under this part shall be consistent with other state and federal
164	environmental requirements h AND SHALL BALANCE THE INTERESTS OF THE PUBLIC AND
164a	PRIVATE PROPERTY OWNERS $\hat{\mathbf{h}}$.
165	Section 8. Section 26A-1-114 is amended to read:
166	26A-1-114. Powers and duties of departments.
167	(1) A local health department may:
168	(a) enforce state laws, local ordinances, department rules, and local health department
169	standards and regulations relating to public health and sanitation, including the plumbing code
170	adopted by the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing under Section 58-56-4 and
171	under Title 26, Chapter 15a, Food Safety Manager Certification Act;
172	(b) establish, maintain, and enforce isolation and quarantine, and exercise physical control
173	over property and over individuals as the local health department finds necessary for the protection
174	of the public health;
175	(c) establish and maintain medical, environmental, occupational, and other laboratory
176	services considered necessary or proper for the protection of the public health;
177	(d) establish and operate reasonable health programs or measures not in conflict with state
178	law that:
179	(i) are necessary or desirable for the promotion or protection of the public health and the
180	control of disease; or
181	(ii) may be necessary to ameliorate the major risk factors associated with the major causes
182	of injury, sickness, death, and disability in the state;

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183 (e) close theaters, schools, and other public places and prohibit gatherings of people when 184 necessary to protect the public health; 185 (f) abate nuisances or eliminate sources of filth [and], infectious and communicable 186 diseases, and chemical contamination affecting the public health and bill the owner or other person 187 in charge of the premises upon which this nuisance occurs for the cost of abatement; 188 (g) make necessary sanitary and health investigations and inspections on its own initiative 189 or in cooperation with the Department of Health or Environmental Quality, or both, as to any 190 matters affecting the public health; 191 (h) (i) establish and collect appropriate fees; 192 (ii) accept, use, and administer all federal, state, or private donations or grants of funds, 193 property, services, or materials for public health purposes; and 194 (iii) make agreements not in conflict with state law that are conditional to receiving a 195 donation or grant; 196 (i) prepare, publish, and disseminate information necessary to inform and advise the public 197 concerning: 198 (i) the health and wellness of the population, specific hazards, and risk factors that may 199 adversely affect the health and wellness of the population; and 200 (ii) specific activities individuals and institutions can engage in to promote and protect the 201 health and wellness of the population; 202 (i) investigate the causes of morbidity and mortality; 203 (k) issue notices and orders necessary to carry out this part; 204 (1) conduct studies to identify injury problems, establish injury control systems, develop 205 standards for the correction and prevention of future occurrences, and provide public information 206 and instruction to special high risk groups; 207 (m) cooperate with boards created under Section 19-1-106 to enforce laws and rules within 208 the jurisdiction of the boards; and 209 (n) cooperate with the state health department, the Department of Corrections, the

(2) The local health department shall:

victims of a sexual offense.

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Administrative Office of the Courts, the Division of Youth Corrections, and the Crime Victims

Reparations Board to conduct testing for HIV infection of convicted sexual offenders and any

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(a) establish programs or measures to promote and protect the health and general wellness of the people within the boundaries of the local health department;

- (b) investigate infectious and other diseases of public health importance and implement measures to control the causes of epidemic and communicable diseases and other conditions significantly affecting the public health which may include involuntary testing of convicted sexual offenders for the HIV infection pursuant to Section 76-5-502 and voluntary testing of victims of sexual offenses for HIV infection pursuant to Section 76-5-503;
- (c) cooperate with the department in matters pertaining to the public health and in the administration of state health laws; and
- (d) coordinate implementation of environmental programs to maximize efficient use of resources by developing with the Department of Environmental Quality a Comprehensive Environmental Service Delivery Plan that:
- (i) recognizes that the Department of Environmental Quality and local health departments are the foundation for providing environmental health programs in the state;
- (ii) delineates the responsibilities of the department and each local health department for the efficient delivery of environmental programs using federal, state, and local authorities, responsibilities, and resources;
- (iii) provides for the delegation of authority and pass through of funding to local health departments for environmental programs, to the extent allowed by applicable law, identified in the plan, and requested by the local health department; and
 - (iv) is reviewed and updated annually.

- (3) The local health department has the following duties regarding public and private schools within its boundaries:
- (a) enforce all ordinances, standards, and regulations pertaining to the public health of persons attending public and private schools;
- (b) exclude from school attendance any person, including teachers, who is suffering from any communicable or infectious disease, whether acute or chronic, if the person is likely to convey the disease to those in attendance;
- (c) (i) make regular inspections of the health-related condition of all school buildings and premises;
- (ii) report the inspections on forms furnished by the department to those responsible for

245 the condition and provide instructions for correction of any conditions that impair or endanger the 246 health or life of those attending the schools; and 247 (iii) provide a copy of the report to the department at the time the report is made. 248 (4) If those responsible for the health-related condition of the school buildings and 249 premises do not carry out any instructions for corrections provided in a report in Subsection (3)(c), 250 the local health board shall cause the conditions to be corrected at the expense of the persons 251 responsible. 252 (5) The local health department may exercise incidental authority as necessary to carry out 253 the provisions and purposes of this part.

Legislative Review Note as of 10-4-00 10:29 AM

Section 9. Effective date.

This act takes effect on July 1, 2001.

A limited legal review of this legislation raises no obvious constitutional or statutory concerns.

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

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Committee Note

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The Judiciary Interim Committee recommended this bill.