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1	VEHICLE SUSPENSION LIFT LAWS
2	2001 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Sponsor: DeMar Bud Bowman
5	This act modifies the Motor Vehicle Code by amending motor vehicle frame height
6	requirements and related provisions.
7	This act affects sections of Utah Code Annotated 1953 as follows:
8	AMENDS:
9	41-6-148.29, as enacted by Chapter 128, Laws of Utah 1987
10	41-6-148.31, as last amended by Chapter 1, Laws of Utah 1992
11	41-6-148.32, as last amended by Chapter 10, Laws of Utah 1989
12	41-6-148.33, as enacted by Chapter 128, Laws of Utah 1987
13	41-6-150.10, as last amended by Chapter 73, Laws of Utah 2000
14	53-1-108, as enacted by Chapter 234, Laws of Utah 1993
15	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
16	Section 1. Section 41-6-148.29 is amended to read:
17	41-6-148.29. Vehicles subject to Sections 41-6-148.29 through 41-6-148.33
18	Definitions.
19	(1) Sections 41-6-148.29 through 41-6-148.33 apply to all motor vehicles with an original
20	manufacturer's gross vehicle weight rating of [10,000] 15,000 pounds or less operated or parked
21	on a highway within the state.
22	(2) As used in Sections 41-6-148.29 through 41-6-148.33:
23	(a) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of the Department of Public Safety.
24	(b) "Frame" means the main longitudinal structural members of the chassis of the vehicle
25	or, for vehicles with unitized body construction, the lowest longitudinal structural member of the
26	body of the vehicle.
27	(c) "Frame height" means the vertical distance between the ground and the lowest point

on the frame. The distance is measured [from the ground to the lowest point on the frame where the front bumper is normally attached,] when the vehicle is unladen and on a level surface.

- (d) "Gross vehicle weight rating (GVWR)" means the original manufacturer's gross vehicle weight rating, whether or not the vehicle is modified by use of parts not originally installed by the original manufacturer.
- (e) "Manufacturer" means any person engaged in manufacturing or assembling new motor vehicles utilizing new parts or components, or a person defined as a manufacturer in current applicable Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standards (FMVSS).
- (f) "Mechanical alteration" or "mechanical lift" means modification or alteration of the <u>axles</u>, chassis, suspension, or body by any means, including tires and wheels, and excluding any load, which affects the <u>frame</u> height of the motor vehicle.
 - (g) "O.E.M." means original equipment manufacturer.
- (h) "Original equipment" means an item of motor vehicle equipment, including tires, which were installed in or on a motor vehicle or available as an option for the particular vehicle from the original manufacturer at the time of its delivery to the first purchaser.
- [(i) "Original manufacturer's height" means the highest distance, inclusive of the largest tires, and highest suspension available as standard or optional equipment for the particular vehicle from the original manufacturer.]
- [(j) "Reconstructed motor vehicle" means any motor vehicle constructed or assembled principally with used parts or components.]
- [(k) "Wheel base" means the shortest distance between the center of the front axle and the center of the rear axle.]
- [(+)] (i) "Wheel track" means the shortest distance between the center of the tire treads on the same axle. On vehicles having dissimilar axle widths, the axle with the widest distance is used for all calculations.
- (3) The provisions of Sections 41-6-148.29 through 41-6-148.33 do not apply to the following vehicles:
 - (a) implements of husbandry;
- 56 (b) farm tractors;

- 57 (c) road machinery;
- 58 (d) road rollers; and

59	(e) historical vehicles or horseless carriages that have been restored as near to original
60	condition as is reasonably possible.
61	Section 2. Section 41-6-148.31 is amended to read:
62	41-6-148.31. Standards applicable to vehicles.
63	(1) The following standards apply to vehicles under Sections 41-6-148.29 through
64	41-6-148.33:
65	[(a) Fractions shall be excluded in all measurements and calculations.]
66	[(b) Due to slight variances in production tolerances, violations are in excess of one inch
67	beyond the limits set by this section.]
68	[(c) (i) Maximum heights are measured from a level surface to the bottom of the frame
69	where the front bumper is attached by the original manufacturer.]
70	[(ii) The distance of the original manufacturer's height is measured with the vehicle
71	unladen and resting on a level surface or at any other location determined by the commissioner.]
72	[(iii) The appropriate method of measurement among the following shall be used:]
73	[(A) from the ground to the lowest edge of the center line of the operator's door;]
74	[(B) from the ground to the lowest point where that door would meet the body on vehicles
75	without doors; or]
76	[(C) from the ground to the lowest point on the floor panel directly below the operator's
77	position on vehicles designed without doors.]
78	[(iv) The commissioner shall periodically provide rules specifying approved maximum
79	altered heights.]
80	[(d)] (a) All replacement parts and equipment used in a mechanical alteration shall be
81	designed and capable of performing the function for which they are intended and shall be equal
82	to or greater in strength and durability than the original parts provided by the original
83	manufacturer.
84	[(e) The lowest portion of the body floor shall be not more than two inches above the top
85	of the frame.]
86	[(f) The] (b) Except for original equipment, the use of spacers to increase wheel track
87	width <u>of any vehicle</u> is prohibited.
88	[(g)] <u>(c)</u> The use of axle blocks to alter the suspension on the front axle of any vehicle is
89	prohibited.

90 (d) The stacking of two or more axle blocks of any vehicle is prohibited. 91 (2) (a) In doubtful or unusual cases, or to meet specific industrial requirements, personnel 92 of the Utah Highway Patrol shall inspect the vehicle to determine the road worthiness and safe 93 condition of the vehicle and whether it complies with Sections 41-6-148.29 through 41-6-148.33. 94 (b) If the vehicle complies, the Utah Highway Patrol shall issue a permit of approval that 95 shall be carried in the vehicle. 96 (3) (a) Upon notice to the party to whom the motor vehicle is registered, the Department 97 of Public Safety shall suspend the registration of any motor vehicle equipped, altered, or modified 98 in violation of Sections 41-6-148.29 through 41-6-148.33. 99 (b) The Motor Vehicle Division shall, under Subsection 41-1a-109(1)(e) or (2), refuse to 100 register any motor vehicle it has reason to believe is equipped, altered, or modified in violation of 101 Sections 41-6-148.29 through 41-6-148.33. 102 Section 3. Section 41-6-148.32 is amended to read: 103 41-6-148.32. **Prohibitions.** 104 (1) A person may not operate on any highway within the state a motor vehicle that is 105 mechanically altered or changed [and weighs]: 106 (a) less than 6,000 pounds unladen, if the vertical distance between the highway surface 107 and the vehicle chassis and suspension components, other than the wheels, is less than one inch 108 above the vertical distance between the highway surface and the lowest portion of the rim of any 109 wheel in contact with the highway; 110 (b) 6,000 pounds or more unladen, if the lowest part of the body or chassis is closer to the ground than it was when the vehicle was manufactured by the O.E.M., or the distance between the 111 112 ground and the bottom of the vehicle frame where the front bumper is normally attached is less 113 than that distance was at the time the vehicle was manufactured.] 114 [(2) (a) A motor vehicle may not be altered or modified] 115 (a) in any way that may cause the vehicle body or chassis to come in contact with the 116 roadway, expose the fuel tank to damage from collision, or cause the wheels to come in contact 117 with the body under normal operation[-];

modified, disconnected, or changed] in any manner that may impair the safe operation of the vehicle[:]:

(b) [No part of the original braking, steering, or suspension system may be altered,

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121	(c) so that any part of the vehicle other than tires, rims, and mudguards are less than one
122	inch above the ground;
123	(d) to a frame height of more than 24 inches for a motor vehicle with a gross vehicle
124	weight rating of less than 4,500 pounds;
125	(e) to a frame height of more than 26 inches for a motor vehicle with a gross vehicle
126	weight rating of at least 4,500 pounds and less than 7,500 pounds;
127	(f) to a frame height of more than 28 inches for a motor vehicle with a gross vehicle weight
128	rating of at least 7,500 pounds;
129	(g) by stacking or attaching vehicle frames (one from on top of or beneath another frame);
130	<u>or</u>
131	(h) so that the lowest portion of the body floor is raised more than four inches above the
132	top of the frame.
133	[(3) The] (2) If the wheel track [may be] is increased [by use of tires and rims for a
134	maximum total increase of six inches] beyond the O.E.M. specification, [provided] the top 50%
135	of the tires [are] shall be covered by the original fenders, by rubber, or other flexible fender
136	extenders under any loading condition.
137	[(4) Any motor vehicle having a wheel base greater than 100 inches may increase the
138	O.E.M. height by use of a mechanical lift up to four inches. The largest tire size available from
139	the O.E.M. as standard or optional equipment for the particular motor vehicle may also be
140	increased up to four inches. The maximum combined mechanical and tire lift is eight inches above
141	O.E.M. height.]
142	[(5) (a) The maximum combined lift for motor vehicles with a wheel base of 100 inches
143	or less shall be calculated by multiplying the O.E.M. wheel base times the O.E.M. wheel track.
144	The product divided by a safety factor of 2,200 equals the maximum mechanical lift allowed.]
145	[(b) For example: 92 inches w/b multiplied by 58 inches w/t equals 5,336 divided by 2,200
146	equals 2 inches maximum mechanical lift. The largest tire size available from the O.E.M. as
147	standard or optional equipment for a particular motor vehicle may be increased, but not to exceed
148	the maximum mechanical lift calculated under this subsection.]
149	[(6) (a) Reconstructed motor vehicles are limited to the maximum combined lift allowed
150	for the particular chassis used in accordance with the applicable provisions of this subsection.]
151	(b) For example: a 1985 Ford Bronco having a 105-inch wheel base is allowed a

152	maximum combined lift of eight inches above the O.E.M. height. Accordingly, the lower edge
153	of the door, door edge line, or floor panel, as defined in this part, of any unladen body mounted
154	on the chassis may not exceed 27 inches above the level surface upon which the vehicle rests.]
155	[(7) Any vehicle measured to determine compliance with this section shall be on a level
156	surface.]
157	[(8) This section does not apply to motor vehicles weighing more than 26,000 pounds
158	gross registered vehicle weight that are subject to state or federal motor carrier laws, rules, or
159	regulations.]
160	(3) A person who violates the provisions of this section is guilty of a class C misdemeanor.
161	Section 4. Section 41-6-148.33 is amended to read:
162	41-6-148.33. Bumpers.
163	(1) Every motor vehicle shall be equipped with a bumper on both front and rear of the
164	vehicle, except those that were not originally designed or manufactured with a bumper or bumpers.
165	(2) (a) On all motor vehicles under [10,000] 15,000 GVWR, bumpers shall be:
166	(i) at least 4.5 inches in vertical height[7];
167	(ii) centered on the vehicle's center line[-,]; and
168	(iii) extend no less than the width of the respective wheel track distance.
169	(b) Bumpers shall be securely mounted, horizontal load bearing, and attached to the
170	vehicle's frame to effectively transfer impact when engaged.
171	(3) When any motor vehicle is originally or later equipped with bumpers, the bumpers
172	shall be maintained in operational condition and shall comply with this [subsection] section.
173	Section 5. Section 41-6-150.10 is amended to read:
174	41-6-150.10. Mudguards or flaps at rear wheels of trucks, trailers, truck tractors,
175	or altered motor vehicles Exemptions.
176	(1) The definitions in Section 41-6-148.29 apply to this section.
177	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsections (3) and (4), when operated on a highway, $[a]$
178	motor vehicle] the following vehicles shall be equipped with wheel covers, mudguards, flaps, or
179	splash aprons behind the rearmost wheels to prevent, as far as practicable, the wheels from
180	throwing dirt, water, or other materials on other vehicles:
181	(i) a vehicle that has been altered:
182	(A) from the original manufacturer's frame height; or

183 (B) in any other manner so that the motor vehicle's wheels may throw dirt, water, or other 184 materials on other vehicles; 185 (ii) any truck with a gross vehicle weight rating of 10,500 pounds or more; 186 (iii) any truck tractor; and 187 (iv) any trailer or semitrailer with an unladen weight of 750 pounds or more [shall be 188 equipped with wheel covers, mudguards, flaps, or splash aprons behind the rearmost wheels to 189 prevent, as far as practicable, the wheels from throwing dirt, water, or other materials on other 190 vehicles1. 191 (b) The wheel covers, mudguards, flaps, or splash aprons shall: (i) be at least as wide as the tires they are protecting; 192 193 (ii) be directly in line with the tires; and 194 (iii) have a ground clearance of not more than 50% of the diameter of a rear-axle wheel, 195 under any conditions of loading of the motor vehicle. 196 (3) Wheel covers, mudguards, flaps, or splash aprons are not required if the motor vehicle, 197 trailer, or semitrailer is designed and constructed so that the requirements of Subsection (1) are 198 accomplished by means of fenders, body construction, or other means of enclosure. 199 (4) Wheel covers, mudguards, flaps, or splash aprons are not required on a vehicle 200 operated or driven during fair weather on well-maintained, hard-surfaced roads if the motor 201 vehicle: 202 (a) was made in America prior to 1935; 203 (b) is registered as a vintage vehicle; or 204 (c) is a replica vehicle as defined under Section 41-6-155.5. 205 (5) Except as provided in Subsection (4), rear wheels not covered at the top by fenders, 206 bodies, or other parts of the vehicle shall be covered at the top by protective means extending 207 rearward at least to the center line of the rearmost axle. 208 Section 6. Section **53-1-108** is amended to read: 209 53-1-108. Commissioner's powers and duties. 210 (1) In addition to the responsibilities contained in this title, the commissioner shall: 211 (a) administer and enforce this title and Title 41, Chapter 12a, Financial Responsibility of 212 Motor Vehicle Owners and Operators Act:

(b) appoint deputies, inspectors, examiners, clerical workers, and other employees as

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214	required to properly discharge the duties of the department;
215	(c) make rules:
216	(i) governing emergency use of signal lights on private vehicles; and
217	(ii) allowing privately owned vehicles to be designated for part-time emergency use, as
218	provided in Section 41-6-1.5; [and]
219	[(iii) specifying approved maximum altered heights for vehicles, as required by Section
220	41-6-148.31;]
221	(d) set standards for safety belt systems, as required by Section 41-6-182;
222	(e) serve as the chairman of the Disaster Emergency Advisory Council, as required by
223	Section 63-5-4; and
224	(f) designate vehicles as "authorized emergency vehicles," as required by Section 41-6-1.
225	(2) The commissioner may:
226	(a) subject to the approval of the governor, establish division headquarters at various
227	places in the state;
228	(b) issue to a special agent a certificate of authority to act as a peace officer and revoke that
229	authority for cause, as authorized in Section 56-1-21.5;
230	(c) create specialized units within the commissioner's office for conducting internal affairs
231	and aircraft operations as necessary to protect the public safety;
232	(d) cooperate with any recognized agency in the education of the public in safety and crime
233	prevention and participate in public or private partnerships, subject to Subsection (3);
234	(e) cooperate in applying for and distributing highway safety program funds; and
235	(f) receive and distribute federal funding to further the objectives of highway safety in
236	compliance with the Federal Assistance Management Program Act.
237	(3) (a) Money may not be expended under Subsection (2)(d) for public safety education
238	unless it is specifically appropriated by the Legislature for that purpose.
239	(b) Any recognized agency receiving state money for public safety shall file with the
240	auditor of the state an itemized statement of all its receipts and expenditures.

Legislative Review Note as of 12-12-00 3:18 PM

A limited legal review of this legislation raises no obvious constitutional or statutory concerns.

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel