?	Approved for Filing: RHR	?
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1	MUNICIPAL AND COUNTY LAND USE
2	CHANGES
3	2001 GENERAL SESSION
4	STATE OF UTAH
5	Sponsor: Mike Thompson
6	This act modifies the Utah Municipal Code and provisions relating to Counties to require
7	state and local entities to comply with municipal and county land use ordinances. The act
8	also makes technical changes.
9	This act affects sections of Utah Code Annotated 1953 as follows:
10	AMENDS:
11	10-9-104, as last amended by Chapter 55, Laws of Utah 1996
12	10-9-106, as last amended by Chapter 149, Laws of Utah 1999
13	17-27-104, as last amended by Chapter 55, Laws of Utah 1996
14	17-27-105, as last amended by Chapter 149, Laws of Utah 1999
15	53-7-103, as renumbered and amended by Chapter 234, Laws of Utah 1993
16	53A-20-102, as last amended by Chapter 10, Laws of Utah 1997
17	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
18	Section 1. Section 10-9-104 is amended to read:
19	10-9-104. Stricter requirements.
20	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), municipalities may enact ordinances imposing
21	stricter requirements or higher standards than are required by this chapter.
22	(2) A municipality may not impose stricter requirements or higher standards than are
23	required by:
24	[(a) Section 10-9-106;]
25	[(b)] <u>(a)</u> Section 10-9-106.5;
26	[(c)] (b) Part 5, Residential Facilities for Elderly Persons; and
27	[(d)] (c) Part 6, Residential Facilities for Handicapped Persons.

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28 Section 2. Section **10-9-106** is amended to read: 29 **10-9-106.** Property owned by other government units -- Compliance with municipal 30 land use ordinances required. 31 (1) [(a) Each] If installing, constructing, operating, developing, or otherwise using any 32 area, land, or building situated within a municipality, the state and each department, agency, board, 33 commission, and division of the state, however denominated, including each state educational 34 institution, and each county, municipality, school district, special district, and other political 35 subdivision of [Utah shall conform to] the state shall comply with all applicable land use and development ordinances of [any] the municipality [when installing, constructing, operating, or 36 37 otherwise using any area, land, or building situated within that municipality only in a manner or 38 for a purpose that conforms to that municipality's ordinances]. 39 $\left[\frac{b}{b}\right]$ (2) In addition to any other remedies provided by law, when a municipality's land use 40 and development ordinances are being violated or about to be violated by the state or by another political subdivision, that municipality may institute an injunction, mandamus, abatement, or other 41 42 appropriate action or proceeding to prevent, enjoin, abate, or remove the improper installation, 43 improvement, or use. 44 [(2) A school district is subject to a municipality's land use regulations under this chapter, 45 except that a municipality may not:] [(a) impose requirements for landscaping, fencing, aesthetic considerations, construction 46 47 methods or materials, building codes, building use for educational purposes, or the placement or 48 use of temporary classroom facilities on school property;] 49 (b) require a school district to participate in the cost of any roadway or sidewalk not 50 reasonably necessary for the safety of school children and not located on or contiguous to school 51 property, unless the roadway or sidewalk is required to connect an otherwise isolated school site 52 to an existing roadway;] 53 [(c) require a district to pay fees not authorized by this section;] 54 [(d) provide for inspection of school construction or assess a fee or other charges for inspection, unless the school district is unable to provide for inspection by an inspector, other than 55 56 the project architect or contractor, who is qualified under criteria established by the state 57 superintendent;] 58 (e) require a school district to pay any impact fee for an improvement project that is not

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59	reasonably related to the impact of the project upon the need that the improvement is to address;
60	or]
61	[(f) impose regulations upon the location of a project except as necessary to avoid
62	unreasonable risks to health or safety.]
63	[(3) Subject to Section 53A-20-108, a school district shall coordinate the siting of a new
64	school with the municipality in which the school is to be located, to avoid or mitigate existing and
65	potential traffic hazards to maximize school safety.]
66	Section 3. Section 17-27-104 is amended to read:
67	17-27-104. Stricter requirements.
68	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), counties may enact ordinances imposing stricter
69	requirements or higher standards than are required by this chapter.
70	(2) A county may not impose stricter requirements or higher standards than are required
71	by:
72	[(a) Section 17-27-105;]
73	[(b)] <u>(a)</u> Section 17-27-105.5;
74	[(c)] (b) Part 5, Residential Facilities for Elderly Persons; and
75	[(d)] (c) Part 6, Residential Facilities for Handicapped Persons.
76	Section 4. Section 17-27-105 is amended to read:
77	17-27-105. Property owned by other government units Compliance with county
78	land use ordinances required.
79	(1) [(a) Each] If installing, constructing, operating, developing, or otherwise using any
80	area, land, or building situated within the unincorporated area of a county, the state and each
81	department, agency, board, commission, and division of the state, however denominated, including
82	each state educational institution, and each county, municipality, school district, special district,
83	and other political subdivision of Utah shall [conform to] comply with the land use and
84	development ordinances of [any] the county [when installing, constructing, operating, or otherwise
85	using any area, land, or building situated within that county only in a manner or for a purpose that
86	conforms to that county's ordinances].
87	[(b)] (2) In addition to any other remedies provided by law, when a county's land use and
88	development ordinances are being violated or about to be violated by the state or by another

89 political subdivision, that county may institute injunction, mandamus, abatement, or other

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90	appropriate action or proceeding to prevent, enjoin, abate, or remove the improper installation,
91	improvement, or use.
92	[(2) A school district is subject to a county's land use regulations under this chapter, except
93	that a county may not:]
94	[(a) impose requirements for landscaping, fencing, aesthetic considerations, construction
95	methods or materials, building codes, building use for educational purposes, or the placement or
96	use of temporary classroom facilities on school property;]
97	[(b) require a school district to participate in the cost of any roadway or sidewalk not
98	reasonably necessary for the safety of school children and not located on or contiguous to school
99	property, unless the roadway or sidewalk is required to connect an otherwise isolated school site
100	to an existing roadway;]
101	[(c) require a district to pay fees not authorized by this section;]
102	[(d) provide for inspection of school construction or assess a fee or other charges for
103	inspection, unless the school district is unable to provide for inspection by an inspector, other than
104	the project architect or contractor, who is qualified under criteria established by the state
105	superintendent;]
106	[(e) require a school district to pay any impact fee for an improvement project that is not
107	reasonably related to the impact of the project upon the need that the improvement is to address;
108	or]
109	[(f) impose regulations upon the location of a project except as necessary to avoid
110	unreasonable risks to health or safety.]
111	[(3) Subject to Section 53A-20-108, a school district shall coordinate the siting of a new
112	school with the county in which the school is to be located, to avoid or mitigate existing and
113	potential traffic hazards to maximize school safety.]
114	Section 5. Section 53-7-103 is amended to read:
115	53-7-103. State Fire Marshal Division Creation State fire marshal
116	Appointment, qualifications, duties, and compensation.
117	(1) There is created within the department the State Fire Marshal Division.
118	(2) (a) The director of the division is the state fire marshal, who shall be appointed by the
119	commissioner upon the recommendation of the Utah Fire Prevention Board created in Section
120	53-7-203 and with the approval of the governor.

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121	(b) The state fire marshal is the executive and administrative head of the division, and shall
122	be qualified by experience and education to enforce rules made under this chapter and perform the
123	duties prescribed by the commissioner.
124	(3) The state fire marshal acts under the supervision and control of the commissioner and
125	may be removed from his position at the will of the commissioner.
126	(4) The state fire marshal shall:
127	(a) enforce rules made under this chapter as provided in accordance with Section 53-7-104;
128	(b) complete the duties assigned by the commissioner;
129	(c) examine plans and specifications for school buildings, as required by Section
130	53A-20-104;
131	(d) approve modifications or additions to plans and specifications for school building
132	construction adopted by the State Board of Education, as required by Section 53A-20-102; and
133	[(e) approve criteria established by the state superintendent for building inspectors, as
134	required by Sections 10-9-106 and 17-27-105; and]
135	[(f)] (e) perform all other duties provided in this chapter.
136	(5) The state fire marshal shall receive compensation as provided by Title 67, Chapter 19,
137	Utah State Personnel Management Act.
138	Section 6. Section 53A-20-102 is amended to read:
139	53A-20-102. Superintendent to approve school building project plans Conditions
140	for approval.
141	(1) If the total annual accumulative building project costs for any contract for construction
142	or alteration of a school building exceed \$100,000, the superintendent of public instruction or the
143	superintendent's designee must approve and endorse the plans and specifications prior to the
144	commencement of construction or alteration.
145	
143	(2) Approval must be given if it is determined that:
145 146	(2) Approval must be given if it is determined that:(a) the project is necessary to meet program requirements, ensure safety, contain costs,
146	(a) the project is necessary to meet program requirements, ensure safety, contain costs,
146 147	(a) the project is necessary to meet program requirements, ensure safety, contain costs, correct existing or reasonably anticipated overcrowding, or resolve some other substantial
146 147 148	 (a) the project is necessary to meet program requirements, ensure safety, contain costs, correct existing or reasonably anticipated overcrowding, or resolve some other substantial problem;

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152 modifications or additions adopted by the State Board of Education, with the approval of the state 153 fire marshal, and the State Building Board; 154 (d) the architect for the project has certified that the plans and specifications comply with 155 all standards and building code requirements imposed under this chapter; 156 (e) if the estimated building project cost exceeds \$300,000, the school district has made 157 value engineering reviews of the plans and specifications; and 158 (f) the district has complied with the requirements of [Section 10-9-106 or 17-27-105 and] 159 Section 53A-20-108. 160 (3) (a) A district may submit project plans and specifications for approval by the state 161 superintendent under this section even though the costs do not exceed the requirements of 162 Subsection (1). 163 (b) If a district chooses to proceed without state superintendent approval on a project 164 exempt from Subsection (1), the district superintendent shall ensure that the requirements of 165 Subsections (2)(c) and (f) are met.

Legislative Review Note as of 1-17-01 8:47 AM

A limited legal review of this legislation raises no obvious constitutional or statutory concerns.

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel