1	PROPERTY TAX - TRUTH IN TAXATION
2	AMENDMENTS
3	2001 GENERAL SESSION
4	STATE OF UTAH
5	Sponsor: Max W. Young
6	This act modifies the Property Tax Act by repealing the requirement that taxing entities
7	publish an advertisement and hold a public hearing before budgeting an increased amount
8	of property tax revenue, and making technical changes.
9	This act affects sections of Utah Code Annotated 1953 as follows:
10	AMENDS:
11	17-34-3, as last amended by Chapter 199, Laws of Utah 2000
12	17A-1-412, as last amended by Chapter 145, Laws of Utah 1997
13	53A-19-105, as last amended by Chapter 309, Laws of Utah 1997
14	59-2-906.1, as last amended by Chapters 19 and 322, Laws of Utah 1998
15	59-2-906.3, as last amended by Chapter 292, Laws of Utah 1997
16	59-2-911 , as last amended by Chapter 292, Laws of Utah 1997
17	59-2-918, as last amended by Chapter 127, Laws of Utah 1999
18	59-2-918.5, as last amended by Chapter 61, Laws of Utah 2000
19	59-2-919 , as last amended by Chapter 127, Laws of Utah 1999
20	59-2-921, as last amended by Chapter 2, Laws of Utah 1997, Second Special Session
21	59-2-924, as last amended by Chapters 22, 61, 141 and 199, Laws of Utah 2000
22	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
23	Section 1. Section 17-34-3 is amended to read:
24	17-34-3. Taxes or service charges.
25	(1) (a) If a county furnishes the municipal-type services and functions described in Section
26	17-34-1 to areas of the county outside the limits of incorporated cities or towns, the entire cost of
27	the services or functions so furnished shall be defrayed from funds that the county has derived



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from [either]:

- (i) taxes [which] that the county may lawfully levy or impose outside the limits of incorporated towns or cities;
- (ii) service charges or fees the county may impose upon the persons benefited in any way by the services or functions; or
 - (iii) a combination of these sources.
- (b) As the taxes or service charges or fees are levied and collected, they shall be placed in a special revenue fund of the county and shall be disbursed only for the rendering of the services or functions established in Section 17-34-1 within the unincorporated areas of the county.
- (2) For the purpose of levying taxes, service charges, or fees provided in this section, the county legislative body may establish a district or districts in the unincorporated areas of the county.
- (3) Nothing contained in this chapter may be construed to authorize counties to impose or levy taxes not otherwise allowed by law.
- (4) (a) A county required under Subsection 17-34-1(3) to provide advanced life support and paramedic services to the unincorporated area of the county and that previously paid for those services through a countywide levy may increase its levy under Subsection (1)(a)(i) to generate in the unincorporated area of the county the same amount of revenue as the county loses from that area due to the required decrease in the countywide certified tax rate under Subsection 59-2-924(2)(h)(i).
- (b) An increase in tax rate under Subsection (4)(a) is exempt from the notice and hearing requirements of [Sections 59-2-918 and] Section 59-2-919.
 - Section 2. Section 17A-1-412 is amended to read:

17A-1-412. Hearing to consider adoption.

- (1) At the meeting at which the tentative budget is adopted, the governing body shall establish the time and place of a public hearing to consider its adoption and shall order that notice of the hearing be published at least seven days prior to the hearing in at least one issue of a newspaper of general circulation published in the county or counties in which the district is located. If no newspaper is published, the notice required by this section may be posted in three public places within the district.
 - (2) If the budget hearing is held in conjunction with a tax increase hearing, the notice shall

be published in accordance with [Sections 59-2-918 and] Section 59-2-919.

Section 3. Section **53A-19-105** is amended to read:

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53A-19-105. School district interfund transfers.

- (1) A school district shall spend revenues only within the fund for which they were originally authorized, levied, collected, or appropriated.
- (2) Except as otherwise provided in this section, school district interfund transfers of residual equity are prohibited.
- (3) The State Board of Education may authorize school district interfund transfers of residual equity when a district states its intent to create a new fund or expand, contract, or liquidate an existing fund.
- (4) The State Board of Education may also authorize school district interfund transfers of residual equity for a financially distressed district if the board determines the following:
- (a) the district has a significant deficit in its maintenance and operations fund caused by circumstances not subject to the administrative decisions of the district;
 - (b) the deficit cannot be reasonably reduced under Section 53A-19-104; and
- (c) without the transfer, the school district will not be capable of meeting statewide educational standards adopted by the State Board of Education.
- (5) The board shall develop standards for defining and aiding financially distressed school districts under this section in accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
- (6) (a) All debt service levies not subject to certified tax rate hearings shall be recorded and reported in the debt service fund.
- (b) Debt service levies under Subsection 59-2-924(2)(a)(iv)(C) that are not subject to the certified tax rate hearing requirements of [Sections 59-2-918 and] Section 59-2-919 may not be used for any purpose other than retiring general obligation debt.
- (c) Amounts from these levies remaining in the debt service fund at the end of a fiscal year shall be used in subsequent years for general obligation debt retirement.
- (d) Any amounts left in the debt service fund after all general obligation debt has been retired may be transferred to the capital projects fund upon completion of the budgetary hearing process required under Section 53A-19-102.
 - Section 4. Section **59-2-906.1** is amended to read:

59-2-906.1. Property Tax Valuation Agency Fund -- Creation -- Statewide levy -- Additional county levy permitted.

- (1) (a) There is created the Property Tax Valuation Agency Fund, to be funded by a multicounty assessing and collecting levy not to exceed .0003 as provided in Subsection (2).
- (b) The multicounty assessing and collecting levy under Subsection (1)(a) shall be imposed annually by each county in the state.
- (c) The purpose of the multicounty assessing and collecting levy created under Subsection (1)(a) and the disbursement formulas established in Section 59-2-906.2 is to promote the accurate valuation of property, the establishment and maintenance of uniform assessment levels within and among counties, and the efficient administration of the property tax system, including the costs of assessment, collection, and distribution of property taxes.
- (d) Income derived from the investment of money in the fund created in this Subsection (1) shall be deposited in and become part of the fund.
- (2) (a) Except as authorized in Subsection (2)(b), beginning in fiscal year 1996-97 to fund the Property Tax Valuation Agency Fund the Legislature shall authorize the amount of the multicounty assessing and collecting levy, except that the multicounty assessing and collecting levy may not exceed the certified revenue levy as defined in Section 53A-17a-103.
- (b) If the Legislature authorizes a multicounty assessing and collecting levy that exceeds the certified revenue levy, it is subject to the notice requirements of Section 59-2-926.
- (c) For the calendar year beginning on January 1, 1998, and ending December 31, 1998, the certified revenue levy shall be increased by the amount necessary to offset the decrease in revenues from uniform fees on tangible personal property under Section 59-2-405 as a result of the decrease in uniform fees on tangible personal property under Section 59-2-405 enacted by the Legislature during the 1997 Annual General Session.
- (d) For the calendar year beginning on January 1, 1999, and ending on December 31, 1999, the certified revenue levy shall be adjusted by the amount necessary to offset the adjustment in revenues from uniform fees on tangible personal property under Section 59-2-405.1 as a result of the adjustment in uniform fees on tangible personal property under Section 59-2-405.1 enacted by the Legislature during the 1998 Annual General Session.
- (3) (a) The multicounty assessing and collecting levy authorized by the Legislature under Subsection (2) shall be separately stated on the tax notice as a multicounty assessing and collecting

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121	levy.
122	(b) The multicounty assessing and collecting levy authorized by the Legislature under
123	Subsection (2) is:
124	(i) exempt from the redevelopment provisions of Sections 17A-2-1247 and 17A-2-1247.5;
125	(ii) in addition to and exempt from the maximum levies allowable under Section 59-2-908;
126	and
127	(iii) exempt from the notice requirements of [Sections 59-2-918 and] Section 59-2-919.
128	(c) Each county shall transmit quarterly to the state treasurer the portion of the .0003
129	multicounty assessing and collecting levy which is above the amount to which that county is
130	entitled to under Section 59-2-906.2.
131	(i) The revenue shall be transmitted no later than the tenth day of the month following the
132	end of the quarter in which the revenue is collected.
133	(ii) If revenue is transmitted after the tenth day of the month following the end of the
134	quarter in which the revenue is collected, the county shall pay an interest penalty at the rate of 10%
135	each year until the revenue is transmitted.
136	(d) The state treasurer shall deposit the revenue from the multicounty assessing and
137	collecting levy, any interest accrued from that levy, and any penalties received under Subsection
138	(3)(c) in the Property Tax Valuation Agency Fund.
139	(4) Each county may levy an additional property tax up to .0002 per dollar of taxable value
140	of taxable property as reported by each county. This levy shall be stated on the tax notice as a
141	county assessing and collecting levy.
142	(a) The purpose of the levy established in this Subsection (4) is to promote the accurate
143	valuation of property, the establishment and maintenance of uniform assessment levels within and
144	among counties, and the efficient administration of the property tax system, including the costs of
145	assessment, collection, and distribution of property taxes.
146	(b) Any levy established in Subsection (4)(a) is:
147	(i) exempt from the redevelopment provisions of Sections 17A-2-1247 and 17A-2-1247.5;
148	(ii) in addition to and exempt from the maximum levies allowable under Section 59-2-908;
149	and

(iii) [is] subject to the notice requirements of [Sections 59-2-918 and] Section 59-2-919.

Section 5. Section **59-2-906.3** is amended to read:

59-2-906.3. Additional levies by counties.

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- (1) Beginning January 1, 1994, a county may levy an additional tax to fund state mandated actions to meet legislative mandates or judicial or administrative orders which relate to promoting the accurate valuation of property, the establishment and maintenance of uniform assessment levels within and among counties, and the administration of the property tax system. An additional rate levied under this Subsection (1):
- (a) shall be stated on the tax notice, and may be included on the tax notice with the county assessing and collecting levy authorized under Subsection 59-2-906.1(4);
- (b) may not be included in determining the maximum allowable levy for the county or other taxing entities; and
 - (c) is subject to the notice requirements of [Sections 59-2-918 and] Section 59-2-919.
- (2) Beginning January 1, 1994, a county may levy an additional tax for reappraisal programs that are formally adopted by the county commission and which conform to tax commission rules. An additional rate levied under this Subsection (2):
- (a) shall be stated on the tax notice, and may be included on the tax notice with the county assessing and collecting levy authorized under Subsection 59-2-906.1(4);
- (b) may not be included in determining the maximum allowable levy for the county or other taxing entities; and
 - (c) is subject to the notice requirements of [Sections 59-2-918 and] Section 59-2-919.
- 171 Section 6. Section **59-2-911** is amended to read:
- 59-2-911. Exceptions to maximum levy limitation.
 - (1) The maximum levies set forth in Section 59-2-908 do not apply to and do not include:
- (a) levies made to pay outstanding judgment debts;
- (b) levies made in any special improvement districts;
 - (c) levies made for extended services in any county service area;
- (d) levies made for county library services;
- (e) levies made to be used for storm water, flood, and water quality control;
- (f) levies made to share disaster recovery expenses for public facilities and structures as a condition of state assistance when a Presidential Declaration has been issued under the Disaster Relief Act of 1974, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 5121;
- (g) levies made to pay interest and provide for a sinking fund in connection with any

bonded or voter authorized indebtedness, including the bonded or voter authorized indebtedness
of county service areas, special service districts, and special improvement districts;

- (h) levies made to fund local health departments;
- (i) levies made to fund public transit districts;
- (j) levies made to establish, maintain, and replenish special improvement guaranty funds;
- (k) levies made in any special service district;

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- (l) levies made to fund municipal-type services to unincorporated areas of counties under Title 17, Chapter 34, Municipal-type Services to Unincorporated Areas;
- (m) levies made to fund the purchase of paramedic or ambulance facilities and equipment and to defray administration, personnel, and other costs of providing emergency medical and paramedic services, but this exception only applies to those counties in which a resolution setting forth the intention to make those levies has been duly adopted by the county legislative body and approved by a majority of the voters of the county voting at a special or general election;
- (n) levies made to pay for the costs of state legislative mandates or judicial or administrative orders under Section 59-2-906.3;
- (o) the multicounty and county assessing and collecting levies made to promote accurate property valuations, uniform assessment levels, and the efficient administration of the property tax system under Section 59-2-906.1; and
 - (p) all other exceptions to the maximum levy limitation pursuant to statute.
- (2) (a) Upon the retirement of bonds issued for the development of a convention complex described in Section 17-12-4, and notwithstanding Section 59-2-908, any county of the first class may continue to impose a property tax levy equivalent to the average property tax levy previously imposed to pay debt service on those retired bonds.
- (b) Notwithstanding that the imposition of the levy set forth in Subsection (2)(a) may not result in an increased amount of ad valorem tax revenue, it is subject to the notice requirements of [Sections 59-2-918 and] Section 59-2-919.
- (c) The revenues from this continued levy shall be used only for the funding of convention facilities as defined in Section 59-12-602.
- Section 7. Section **59-2-918** is amended to read:
- 59-2-918. Public hearing on budget for calendar year taxing entity -- Procedure.
- [(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), a taxing entity may not budget an

214	increased amount of ad valorem tax revenue exclusive of revenue from new growth as defined in
215	Subsection 59-2-924(2) unless it advertises its intention to do so at the same time that it advertises
216	its intention to fix its budget for the forthcoming fiscal year.]
217	[(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), a taxing entity is not required to meet the
218	advertisement requirements of this section if the taxing entity collected less than \$15,000 in ad
219	valorem tax revenues for the previous fiscal year.]
220	[(2) (a) For taxing entities operating under a July 1 through June 30 fiscal year, the
221	advertisement required by this section may be combined with the advertisement required by
222	Section 59-2-919.]
223	[(b) For taxing entities operating under a January 1 through December 31 fiscal year, the
224	advertisement shall meet the size, type, placement, and frequency requirements established under
225	Section 59-2-919.]
226	[(3) The form of the advertisement shall meet the size, type, placement, and frequency
227	requirements established under Section 59-2-919 and shall be substantially as follows:]
228	["NOTICE OF PROPOSED TAX INCREASE]
229	[The (name of the taxing entity) is proposing to increase its property tax revenue. As a
230	result of the proposed increase, the tax on a (insert the average value of a residence in the taxing
231	entity rounded to the nearest thousand dollars) residence will be \$, and the tax on a
232	business having the same value as the average value of a residence in the taxing entity will
233	be Without the proposed increase, the tax on a (insert the average value of a
234	residence in the taxing entity rounded to the nearest thousand dollars) residence would be
235	\$, and the tax on a business having the same value as the average value of a residence
236	in the taxing entity would be
237	[This would be an increase of%, which is \$ per year (\$ per month)
238	on a (insert the average value of a residence in the taxing entity rounded to the nearest thousand
239	dollars) residence or \$ per year on a business having the same value as the average value
240	of a residence in the taxing entity. With new growth, this property tax increase, and other factors,
241	(name of taxing entity) will increase its property tax revenue from \$ collected last year to
242	\$ collected this year which is a revenue increase of%.]
243	[All concerned citizens are invited to a public hearing on the tax increase to be held on
244	(date and time) at (meeting place)."]

245	[(4) If a final decision regarding the budgeting of an increased amount of ad valorem tax
246	revenue is not made at the public hearing, the taxing entity shall announce at the public hearing
247	the scheduled time and place for consideration and adoption of the proposed budget increase.]
248	[(5)] (1) (a) Each taxing entity operating under the January 1 through December 31 fiscal
249	year shall by March 1 notify the county of the date, time, and place of the public hearing at which
250	the budget for the following fiscal year will be considered.
251	(b) The county shall include the information described in Subsection [(5)] (1)(a) with the
252	tax notice.
253	[(6)] (2) A taxing entity shall hold a public hearing under this section beginning at or after
254	6 p.m.
255	Section 8. Section 59-2-918.5 is amended to read:
256	59-2-918.5. Hearings on judgment levies Advertisement.
257	(1) A taxing entity may not impose a judgment levy unless it first advertises its intention
258	to do so and holds a public hearing in accordance with the requirements of this section.
259	(2) (a) The advertisement required by this section may be combined with the advertisement
260	required by [either Section 59-2-918 or] Section 59-2-919.
261	(b) The advertisement shall be at least 1/8 of a page in size and shall meet the type,
262	placement, and frequency requirements established under Section 59-2-919.
263	(c) (i) For taxing entities operating under a July 1 through June 30 fiscal year the public
264	hearing shall be held at the same time as the hearing at which the annual budget is adopted.
265	(ii) For taxing entities operating under a January 1 through December 31 fiscal year:
266	(A) for eligible judgments issued from June 1 through December 15, the public hearing
267	shall be held at the same time as the hearing at which the annual budget is adopted; and
268	(B) for eligible judgments issued from December 16 through May 31, the public hearing
269	shall be held at the same time as the hearing at which property tax levies are set.
270	(3) The advertisement shall specify the date, time, and location of the public hearing at
271	which the levy will be considered and shall set forth the total amount of the eligible judgment and
272	the tax impact on an average residential and business property located within the taxing entity.
273	(4) If a final decision regarding the judgment levy is not made at the public hearing, the
274	taxing entity shall announce at the public hearing the scheduled time and place for consideration
275	and adoption of the judgment levy.

(5) The date, time, and place of public hearings required by Subsections [59-2-918.5]
$\underline{(2)}(c)(i)$ and $\underline{[59-2-918.5]}(\underline{2)}(c)(ii)(B)$ shall be included on the notice mailed to property owners
pursuant to Subsection 59-2-919(4).
Section 9. Section 59-2-919 is amended to read:

59-2-919. Resolution proposing tax increases -- Notice -- Contents of notice of proposed tax increase -- Personal mailed notice in addition to advertisement -- Contents of personal mailed notice -- Hearing -- Dates.

A tax rate in excess of the certified tax rate may not be levied until a resolution has been approved by the taxing entity in accordance with the following procedure:

- (1) (a) (i) The taxing entity shall advertise its intent to exceed the certified tax rate in a newspaper or combination of newspapers of general circulation in the taxing entity.
- (ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a)(i), a taxing entity is not required to meet the advertisement requirements of this section if the taxing entity collected less than \$15,000 in ad valorem tax revenues for the previous fiscal year.
- (b) The advertisement shall be no less than 1/4 page in size and the type used shall be no smaller than 18 point, and surrounded by a 1/4-inch border.
- (c) The advertisement may not be placed in that portion of the newspaper where legal notices and classified advertisements appear.
- (d) It is legislative intent that, whenever possible, the advertisement appear in a newspaper that is published at least one day per week.
- (e) It is further the intent of the Legislature that the newspaper or combination of newspapers selected be of general interest and readership in the taxing entity, and not of limited subject matter.
- (f) The advertisement shall be run once each week for the two weeks preceding the adoption of the final budget.
- (g) The advertisement shall state that the taxing entity will meet on a certain day, time, and place fixed in the advertisement, which shall be not less than seven days after the day the first advertisement is published, for the purpose of hearing comments regarding any proposed increase and to explain the reasons for the proposed increase.
- (h) The meeting on the proposed increase may coincide with the hearing on the proposed budget of the taxing entity.

307 (2) The form and content of the notice shall be substantially as follows: 308 "NOTICE OF PROPOSED TAX INCREASE 309 The (name of the taxing entity) is proposing to increase its property tax revenue. As a 310 result of the proposed increase, the tax on a (insert the average value of a residence in the taxing 311 entity rounded to the nearest thousand dollars) residence will be \$_____, and the tax on a 312 business having the same value as the average value of a residence in the taxing entity will be 313 \$_____. Without the proposed increase the tax on a (insert the average value of a residence in the taxing entity rounded to the nearest thousand dollars) residence would be \$, and 314 315 the tax on a business having the same value as the average value of a residence in the taxing entity 316 would be \$. The (insert year) proposed tax rate is _____. Without the proposed increase, the rate 317 318 would be _______. This would be an increase of ______%, which is \$_____ per year 319 (\$ per month) on a (insert the average value of a residence in the taxing entity rounded to the nearest thousand dollars) residence or \$_____ per year on a business having the same value 320 321 as the average value of a residence in the taxing entity. With new growth, this property tax 322 increase, and other factors, (name of taxing entity) will increase its property tax revenue from \$____ collected last year to \$____ collected this year which is a revenue increase of _____%. 323 All concerned citizens are invited to a public hearing on the tax increase to be held on (date 324 325 and time) at (meeting place)." 326 (3) The commission shall adopt rules governing the joint use of one advertisement under 327 this section [or Section 59-2-918] by two or more taxing entities and may, upon petition by any 328 taxing entity, authorize either: 329 (a) the use of weekly newspapers in counties having both daily and weekly newspapers 330 where the weekly newspaper would provide equal or greater notice to the taxpayer; or 331 (b) the use of a commission-approved direct notice to each taxpayer if the cost of the 332 advertisement would cause undue hardship and the direct notice is different and separate from that 333 provided for in Subsection (4). 334 (4) In addition to providing the notice required by Subsections (1) and (2), the county 335 auditor, on or before July 22 of each year, shall notify, by mail, each owner of real estate as defined 336 in Section 59-2-102 who is listed on the assessment roll. The notice shall: 337 (a) be sent to all owners of real property by mail not less than ten days before the day on

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338	which:
339	(i) the county board of equalization meets; and
340	(ii) the taxing entity holds a public hearing on the proposed increase in the certified tax
341	rate;
342	(b) the notice shall be printed on a form that is:
343	(i) approved by the commission; and
344	(ii) uniform in content in all counties in the state;
345	(c) contain for each property:
346	(i) the value of the property;
347	(ii) the date the county board of equalization will meet to hear complaints on the valuation;
348	(iii) itemized tax information for all taxing entities, including a separate statement for the
349	minimum school levy under Section 53A-17a-135 stating:
350	(A) the dollar amount the taxpayer would have paid based on last year's rate; and
351	(B) the amount of the taxpayer's liability under the current rate;
352	(iv) the tax impact on the property;
353	(v) the time and place of the required public hearing for each entity;
354	(vi) property tax information pertaining to taxpayer relief, options for payment of taxes,
355	and collection procedures;
356	(vii) other information specifically authorized to be included on the notice under Title 59,
357	Chapter 2, Property Tax Act; and
358	(viii) other property tax information approved by the commission.
359	(5) (a) The taxing entity, after holding a hearing as provided in this section, may adopt a
360	resolution levying a tax rate in excess of the certified tax rate.
361	(b) If a resolution adopting a tax rate is not adopted on the day of the public hearing, the
362	scheduled time and place for consideration and adoption of the resolution shall be announced at
363	the public hearing.
364	(c) If a resolution adopting a tax rate is to be considered at a day and time that is more than
365	two weeks after the public hearing described in Subsection (4)(c)(v), a taxing entity, other than a
366	taxing entity described in Subsection (1)(a)(ii), shall advertise the date of the proposed adoption
367	of the resolution in the same manner as provided under Subsections (1) and (2).
368	(6) (a) All hearings shall be open to the public.

369 (b) The governing body of a taxing entity conducting a hearing shall permit all interested 370 parties desiring to be heard an opportunity to present oral testimony within reasonable time limits. 371 (7) (a) Each taxing entity shall notify the county legislative body by March 1 of each year of the date, time, and place of its public hearing. 372 373 (b) A taxing entity may not schedule its hearing at the same time as another overlapping 374 taxing entity in the same county, but all taxing entities in which the power to set tax levies is 375 vested in the same governing board or authority may consolidate the required hearings into one 376 hearing. 377 (c) The county legislative body shall resolve any conflicts in hearing dates and times after 378 consultation with each affected taxing entity. 379 (8) A taxing entity shall hold a public hearing under this section beginning at or after 6 380 p.m. 381 Section 10. Section **59-2-921** is amended to read: 382 59-2-921. Changes in assessment roll -- Rate adjustments -- Notice. 383 (1) On or before September 15 the county board of equalization and, in cases involving 384 the original jurisdiction of the commission or an appeal from the county board of equalization, the 385 commission, shall annually notify each taxing entity of the following changes resulting from 386 actions by the commission or the county board of equalization: 387 (a) a change in the taxing entity's assessment roll; and 388 (b) a change in the taxing entity's adopted tax rate. 389 (2) A taxing entity is not required to comply with the public hearing and advertisement 390 requirements of [Sections 59-2-918 and] Section 59-2-919 if the commission, the county board of 391 equalization, or a court of competent jurisdiction: 392 (a) changes a taxing entity's adopted tax rate; or 393 (b) (i) makes a reduction in the taxing entity's assessment roll; and 394 (ii) the taxing entity adopts by resolution an increase in its tax rate above the certified tax 395 rate as a result of the reduction under Subsection (2)(b)(i). 396 (3) A rate adjustment under this section for: 397 (a) a taxing entity shall be: 398 (i) made by the county auditor;

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(ii) aggregated;

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400	(iii) reported by the county auditor to the commission; and
401	(iv) certified by the commission; and
402	(b) the state shall be made by the commission.
403	Section 11. Section 59-2-924 is amended to read:
404	59-2-924. Report of valuation of property to county auditor and commission
405	Transmittal by auditor to governing bodies Certified tax rate Adoption of tentative
406	budget.
407	(1) (a) Before June 1 of each year, the county assessor of each county shall deliver to the
408	county auditor and the commission the following statements:
409	(i) a statement containing the aggregate valuation of all taxable property in each taxing
410	entity; and
411	(ii) a statement containing the taxable value of any additional personal property estimated
412	by the county assessor to be subject to taxation in the current year.
413	(b) The county auditor shall, on or before June 8, transmit to the governing body of each
414	taxing entity:
415	(i) the statements described in Subsections (1)(a)(i) and (ii);
416	(ii) an estimate of the revenue from personal property;
417	(iii) the certified tax rate; and
418	(iv) all forms necessary to submit a tax levy request.
419	(2) (a) (i) The "certified tax rate" means a tax rate that will provide the same ad valorem
420	property tax revenues for a taxing entity as were collected by that taxing entity for the prior year.
421	(ii) For purposes of this Subsection (2), "ad valorem property tax revenues" do not include
422	(A) collections from redemptions;
423	(B) interest; and
424	(C) penalties.
425	(iii) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(a)(iv), the certified tax rate shall be calculated
426	by dividing the ad valorem property tax revenues collected for the prior year by the taxing entity
427	by the taxable value established in accordance with Section 59-2-913.
428	(iv) The certified tax rates for the taxing entities described in this Subsection (2)(a)(iv)
429	shall be calculated as follows:
430	(A) except as provided in Subsection (2)(a)(iv)(B), for new taxing entities the certified tax

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431	rate is zero;
432	(B) for each municipality incorporated on or after July 1, 1996, the certified tax rate is:
433	(I) in a county of the first, second, or third class, the levy imposed for municipal-type
434	services under Sections 17-34-1 and 17-36-9; and
435	(II) in a county of the fourth, fifth, or sixth class, the levy imposed for general county
436	purposes and such other levies imposed solely for the municipal-type services identified in Section
437	17-34-1 and Subsection 17-36-3(22);
438	(C) for debt service voted on by the public, the certified tax rate shall be the actual levy
439	imposed by that section, except that the certified tax rates for the following levies shall be
440	calculated in accordance with Section 59-2-913 and this section:
441	(I) school leeways provided for under Sections 11-2-7, 53A-16-110, 53A-17a-125,
442	53A-17a-127, 53A-17a-134, 53A-17a-143, 53A-17a-145, and 53A-21-103; and
443	(II) levies to pay for the costs of state legislative mandates or judicial or administrative
444	orders under Section 59-2-906.3.
445	(v) (A) A judgment levy imposed under Section 59-2-1328 or Section 59-2-1330 shall be
446	established at that rate which is sufficient to generate only the revenue required to satisfy one or
447	more eligible judgments, as defined in Section 59-2-102.
448	(B) The ad valorem property tax revenue generated by the judgment levy shall not be
449	considered in establishing the taxing entity's aggregate certified tax rate.
450	(b) (i) For the purpose of calculating the certified tax rate, the county auditor shall use the
451	taxable value of property on the assessment roll.
452	(ii) For purposes of Subsection (2)(b)(i), the taxable value of property on the assessment
453	roll does not include new growth as defined in Subsection (2)(b)(iii).
454	(iii) "New growth" means:
455	(A) the difference between the increase in taxable value of the taxing entity from the
456	previous calendar year to the current year; minus
457	(B) the amount of an increase in taxable value described in Subsection (2)(b)(iv).
458	(iv) Subsection (2)(b)(iii)(B) applies to the following increases in taxable value:
459	(A) the amount of increase to locally assessed real property taxable values resulting from

(B) the amount of an increase in the taxable value of property assessed by the commission

factoring, reappraisal, or any other adjustments; or

under Section 59-2-201 resulting from a change in the method of apportioning the taxable value prescribed by:

- (I) the Legislature;
- 465 (II) a court;

- (III) the commission in an administrative rule; or
- 467 (IV) the commission in an administrative order.
 - (c) Beginning January 1, 1997, if a taxing entity receives increased revenues from uniform fees on tangible personal property under Section 59-2-404, 59-2-405, or 59-2-405.1 as a result of any county imposing a sales and use tax under Chapter 12, Part 11, County Option Sales and Use Tax, the taxing entity shall decrease its certified tax rate to offset the increased revenues.
 - (d) (i) Beginning July 1, 1997, if a county has imposed a sales and use tax under Chapter 12, Part 11, County Option Sales and Use Tax, the county's certified tax rate shall be:
 - (A) decreased on a one-time basis by the amount of the estimated sales tax revenue to be distributed to the county under Subsection 59-12-1102(3); and
 - (B) increased by the amount necessary to offset the county's reduction in revenue from uniform fees on tangible personal property under Section 59-2-404, 59-2-405, or 59-2-405.1 as a result of the decrease in the certified tax rate under Subsection (2)(d)(i)(A).
 - (ii) The commission shall determine estimates of sales tax distributions for purposes of Subsection (2)(d)(i).
 - (e) Beginning January 1, 1998, if a municipality has imposed an additional resort communities sales tax under Section 59-12-402, the municipality's certified tax rate shall be decreased on a one-time basis by the amount necessary to offset the first 12 months of estimated revenue from the additional resort communities sales tax imposed under Section 59-12-402.
 - (f) For the calendar year beginning on January 1, 1999, and ending on December 31, 1999, a taxing entity's certified tax rate shall be adjusted by the amount necessary to offset the adjustment in revenues from uniform fees on tangible personal property under Section 59-2-405.1 as a result of the adjustment in uniform fees on tangible personal property under Section 59-2-405.1 enacted by the Legislature during the 1998 Annual General Session.
 - (g) For purposes of Subsections (2)(h) through (j):
 - (i) "1998 actual collections" means the amount of revenues a taxing entity actually collected for the calendar year beginning on January 1, 1998, under Section 59-2-405 for:

493	(A) motor vehicles required to be registered with the state that weigh 12,000 pounds or
494	less; and
495	(B) state-assessed commercial vehicles required to be registered with the state that weigh
496	12,000 pounds or less.
497	(ii) "1999 actual collections" means the amount of revenues a taxing entity actually
498	collected for the calendar year beginning on January 1, 1999, under Section 59-2-405.1.
499	(h) For the calendar year beginning on January 1, 2000, the commission shall make the
500	following adjustments:
501	(i) the commission shall make the adjustment described in Subsection (2)(i)(i) if, for the
502	calendar year beginning on January 1, 1999, a taxing entity's 1998 actual collections were greater
503	than the sum of:
504	(A) the taxing entity's 1999 actual collections; and
505	(B) any adjustments the commission made under Subsection (2)(f);
506	(ii) the commission shall make the adjustment described in Subsection (2)(i)(ii) if, for the
507	calendar year beginning on January 1, 1999, a taxing entity's 1998 actual collections were greater
508	than the taxing entity's 1999 actual collections, but the taxing entity's 1998 actual collections were
509	less than the sum of:
510	(A) the taxing entity's 1999 actual collections; and
511	(B) any adjustments the commission made under Subsection (2)(f); and
512	(iii) the commission shall make the adjustment described in Subsection (2)(i)(iii) if, for
513	the calendar year beginning on January 1, 1999, a taxing entity's 1998 actual collections were less
514	than the taxing entity's 1999 actual collections.
515	(i) (i) For purposes of Subsection (2)(h)(i), the commission shall increase a taxing entity's
516	certified tax rate under this section and a taxing entity's certified revenue levy under Section
517	59-2-906.1 by the amount necessary to offset the difference between:
518	(A) the taxing entity's 1998 actual collections; and
519	(B) the sum of:
520	(I) the taxing entity's 1999 actual collections; and
521	(II) any adjustments the commission made under Subsection (2)(f).
522	(ii) For purposes of Subsection (2)(h)(ii), the commission shall decrease a taxing entity's

certified tax rate under this section and a taxing entity's certified revenue levy under Section

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524	59-2-906.1 by the amount necessary to offset the difference between:
525	(A) the sum of:
526	(I) the taxing entity's 1999 actual collections; and
527	(II) any adjustments the commission made under Subsection (2)(f); and
528	(B) the taxing entity's 1998 actual collections.
529	(iii) For purposes of Subsection (2)(h)(iii), the commission shall decrease a taxing entity's
530	certified tax rate under this section and a taxing entity's certified revenue levy under Section
531	59-2-906.1 by the amount of any adjustments the commission made under Subsection (2)(f).
532	(j) In accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, for
533	purposes of Subsections (2)(f) through (i), the commission may make rules establishing the method
534	for determining a taxing entity's 1998 actual collections and 1999 actual collections.
535	(k) (i) (A) For fiscal year 2000, the certified tax rate of each county to which Subsection
536	17-34-3(4)(a) applies shall be decreased by the amount necessary to reduce revenues in that fiscal
537	year by an amount equal to the difference between the amount the county budgeted in its 2000
538	fiscal year budget for advanced life support and paramedic services countywide and the amount
539	the county spent during fiscal year 2000 for those services, excluding amounts spent from a
540	municipal services fund for those services.
541	(B) For fiscal year 2001, the certified tax rate of each county to which Subsection
542	17-34-3(4)(a) applies shall be decreased by the amount necessary to reduce revenues in that fiscal
543	year by the amount that the county spent during fiscal year 2000 for advanced life support and
544	paramedic services countywide, excluding amounts spent from a municipal services fund for those
545	services.
546	(ii) (A) For fiscal year 2001, a city or town located within a county of the first class to
547	which Subsection 17-34-3(4)(a) applies may increase its certified tax rate by the amount necessary
548	to generate within the city or town the same amount of revenues as the county would collect from
549	that city or town if the decrease under Subsection (2)(k)(i) did not occur.
550	(B) An increase under Subsection (2)(k)(ii)(A) is not subject to the notice and hearing
551	requirements of [Sections 59-2-918 and] Section 59-2-919.

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(3) (a) On or before June 22, each taxing entity shall annually adopt a tentative budget.

(b) If the taxing entity intends to exceed the certified tax rate, it shall notify the county

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auditor of:

555	(i) its intent to exceed the certified tax rate; and
556	(ii) the amount by which it proposes to exceed the certified tax rate.
557	(c) The county auditor shall notify all property owners of any intent to exceed the certified
558	tax rate in accordance with Subsection 59-2-919(2).
559	(4) (a) The taxable value for the base year under Subsection 17A-2-1247(2)(a) or
560	17A-2-1202(2), as the case may be, shall be reduced for any year to the extent necessary to provide
561	a redevelopment agency established under Title 17A, Chapter 2, Part 12, Utah Neighborhood
562	Development Act, with approximately the same amount of money the agency would have received
563	without a reduction in the county's certified tax rate if:
564	(i) in that year there is a decrease in the certified tax rate under Subsection (2)(c) or
565	(2)(d)(i);
566	(ii) the amount of the decrease is more than 20% of the county's certified tax rate of the
567	previous year; and
568	(iii) the decrease results in a reduction of the amount to be paid to the agency under
569	Section 17A-2-1247 or 17A-2-1247.5.
570	(b) The taxable value of the base year under Subsection 17A-2-1247(2)(a) or
571	17A-2-1202(2), as the case may be, shall be increased in any year to the extent necessary to
572	provide a redevelopment agency with approximately the same amount of money as the agency
573	would have received without an increase in the certified tax rate that year if:
574	(i) in that year the taxable value for the base year under Subsection 17A-2-1247(2) or
575	17A-2-1202(2) is reduced due to a decrease in the certified tax rate under Subsection (2)(c) or
576	(2)(d)(i); and
577	(ii) The certified tax rate of a city, school district, or special district increases independent
578	of the adjustment to the taxable value of the base year.
579	(c) Notwithstanding a decrease in the certified tax rate under Subsection (2)(c) or (2)(d)(i),
580	the amount of money allocated and, when collected, paid each year to a redevelopment agency
581	established under Title 17A, Chapter 2, Part 12, Utah Neighborhood Development Act, for the
582	payment of bonds or other contract indebtedness, but not for administrative costs, may not be less

than that amount would have been without a decrease in the certified tax rate under Subsection

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(2)(c) or (2)(d)(i).

Legislative Review Note as of 2-16-01 5:00 PM

A limited legal review of this legislation raises no obvious constitutional or statutory concerns.

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel