LEGISLATIVE GENERAL COUNSEL

S.B. 37

♣ Approved for Filing: SCA ♣
♣ 01-03-01 1:47 PM ♣

1	HATE CRIMES AMENDMENTS
2	2001 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Sponsor: Pete Suazo
5	This act modifies the Criminal Code to revise the procedures and criminal penalties for
6	commission of a crime motivated by actual bias or prejudice.
7	This act affects sections of Utah Code Annotated 1953 as follows:
8	REPEALS AND REENACTS:
9	76-3-203.3, as enacted by Chapter 102, Laws of Utah 1992
10	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
11	Section 1. Section 76-3-203.3 is repealed and reenacted to read:
12	76-3-203.3. Penalty for crimes motivated by § ACTUAL § bias or prejudice.
13	(1) A person who, in committing any offense, selects the victim primarily because of \S
13a	ACTUAL ș bias
14	or prejudice against a group §, AS DEMONSTRATED BY THE DEFENDANT'S ACTIONS AT THE TIME THE
14a	OFFENSE WAS COMMITTED , ş is subject to an enhanced penalty as provided under Subsection (3).
15	(2) (a) The prosecuting attorney, or grand jury if an indictment is returned, shall cause to
16	be subscribed upon the information or indictment notice that the defendant is subject to the
17	enhanced penalties provided under Subsection (3).
18	(b) The notice under Subsection (2)(a) shall be in a clause separate from and in addition
19	to the primary offense charged.
20	(3) If the trier of fact finds beyond a reasonable doubt that the defendant, in committing
21	an offense, selected the victim primarily because of § ACTUAL § bias or prejudice against a group,
21a	\$ AS DEMONSTRATED BY THE DEFENDANT'S ACTIONS AT THE TIME THE OFFENSE WAS
21b	COMMITTED , ş the enhanced
22	penalty for a:
23	(a) class B misdemeanor is a class A misdemeanor;
24	(b) class A misdemeanor is a third degree felony;
25	(c) third degree felony is a second degree felony;
26	(d) second degree felony is a first degree felony; or
27	(e) first degree felony remains the penalty for a first degree felony, except:

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28	(i) imposition or execution of the sentence may not be suspended unless the court finds
29	the interests of justice would be best served and states the specific circumstances justifying the
30	disposition on the record; and
31	(ii) the Board of Pardons and Parole shall consider the finding by the trier of fact that the
32	convicted person selected the victim primarily because of § ACTUAL § bias or prejudice against a
32a	group §, AS DEMONSTRATED BY THE DEFENDANT'S ACTIONS AT THE TIME THE OFFENSE WAS
32b	COMMITTED, ş as an
33	aggravating factor in determining the length of incarceration.

Legislative Review Note as of 8-25-00 8:46 AM

A limited legal review of this legislation raises no obvious constitutional or statutory concerns.

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel