1	CRIMINAL CODE DEFINITION AMENDMENT
2	2002 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Sponsor: Gerry A. Adair
5	This act modifies the Criminal Code provisions regarding commercial terrorism by
6	amending a definition in response to a federal court ruling.
7	This act affects sections of Utah Code Annotated 1953 as follows:
8	AMENDS:
9	76-10-2401, as enacted by Chapter 225, Laws of Utah 2001
10	76-10-2402, as enacted by Chapter 225, Laws of Utah 2001
11	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
12	Section 1. Section <b>76-10-2401</b> is amended to read:
13	76-10-2401. Definitions.
14	As used in this part:
15	(1) "Building", in addition to its commonly accepted meaning, means any watercraft,
16	aircraft, trailer, sleeping car, or other structure or vehicle adapted for overnight accommodations
17	of persons or for carrying on business and includes:
18	(a) each separately secured or occupied portion of the building or vehicle; and
19	(b) each structure appurtenant or connected to the building or vehicle.
20	(2) "Business" means a retail business dealing in tangible personal property.
21	(3) "Enter" means:
22	(a) an intrusion of any part of the body; or
23	(b) the intrusion of any physical object[, sound wave, light ray, electronic signal, or other
24	means of intrusion] under the control of the actor.
25	Section 2. Section <b>76-10-2402</b> is amended to read:
26	76-10-2402. Commercial terrorism Penalties.
27	(1) A person is guilty of <u>misdemeanor</u> commercial terrorism if he enters or remains



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unlawfully on the premises <u>of</u> or in a building of any business with the intent to interfere with the employees, customers, personnel, or operations of a business through any conduct that does not constitute an offense listed under Subsection (2). A violation of this Subsection (1) is a class A misdemeanor.

- (2) A person is guilty of <u>felony</u> commercial terrorism if he enters or remains unlawfully on the premises or in a building of any business with the intent to interfere with the employees, customers, personnel, or operations of a business and also with the intent to:
- (a) obtain unauthorized control over any merchandise, property, records, data, or proprietary information of the business;
- (b) alter, eradicate, or remove any merchandise, records, data, or proprietary information of the business;
  - (c) damage, deface, or destroy any property on the premises of the business;
  - (d) commit an assault on any person; or
- 41 (e) commit any other felony.

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- (3) A person who violates any provision in Subsection (2) is guilty of a felony of the second degree.
  - (4) This section does not apply to action protected by the National Labor Relations Act, 29 U.S.C. Section 151 et seq., or the Federal Railway Labor Act, 45 U.S.C. Section 151 et seq.
  - (5) [It is the intent of the Legislature that this] This section does not [prohibit or interfere with] apply to a person's exercise of the rights under the First Amendment to the Constitution of the United States or under Article I, Sec. 15 of the Utah Constitution.

## Legislative Review Note as of 11-29-01 1:14 PM

A limited legal review of this legislation raises no obvious constitutional or statutory concerns.

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

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