1	ELECTION LAW COMMISSION
2	2002 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Sponsor: Judy Ann Buffmire
5	This act modifies the Election Code creating a State Elections Commission. This act defines
6	the State Elections Commission's membership, powers, and duties. The act changes the
7	following responsibilities from the Lieutenant Governor to the State Elections Commission:
8	preparing voter information pamphlets; issuing and revoking lobbyist licenses; certifying
9	new political parties; reviewing and adjudicating complaints and disputes in the election
10	process; certifying the names of individuals who have filed a declaration of candidacy;
11	governing the state initiative and referendum process; preparing a summary of the financial
12	reports submitted by political action committees, political issues committees, and
13	corporations; canvassing the return of statewide or multicounty ballots and publishing the
14	results of primaries; transmitting certificates of election; canvassing petitions for delegates
15	to a convention regarding an amendment to the U.S. Constitution; complying with the
16	provisions regulating open and public meetings; and preparing and submitting a written
17	annual report to the Government Operations Interim Committee.
18	This act affects sections of Utah Code Annotated 1953 as follows:
19	AMENDS:
20	10-2-117 , as enacted by Chapter 389, Laws of Utah 1997
21	17-2-2, as last amended by Chapter 68, Laws of Utah 1984
22	17-2-3, as last amended by Chapter 68, Laws of Utah 1984
23	17-2-7, as last amended by Chapter 263, Laws of Utah 1996
24	17-2-8, as last amended by Chapter 14, Laws of Utah 2000
25	17-3-2, as last amended by Chapter 68, Laws of Utah 1984
26	17-16-6.5, as last amended by Chapter 258, Laws of Utah 1996
27	17-20-5, as last amended by Chapter 3, Laws of Utah 2000



28	20A-1-102 , as last amended by Chapter 241, Laws of Utah 2001
29	20A-1-305, as enacted by Chapter 1, Laws of Utah 1993
30	20A-1-703, as last amended by Chapter 296, Laws of Utah 1997
31	20A-1-704, as enacted by Chapter 1, Laws of Utah 1993
32	20A-1-706 , as enacted by Chapter 1, Laws of Utah 1993
33	20A-2-104, as last amended by Chapters 75 and 328, Laws of Utah 2000
34	20A-2-108, as last amended by Chapter 75, Laws of Utah 2000
35	20A-2-109 , as last amended by Chapter 266, Laws of Utah 1998
36	20A-2-204, as last amended by Chapters 10, 24 and 183, Laws of Utah 1997
37	20A-2-205, as last amended by Chapter 3, Laws of Utah 1996, Second Special Session
38	20A-2-300.6, as enacted by Chapter 311, Laws of Utah 1994
39	20A-2-308, as enacted by Chapter 311, Laws of Utah 1994
40	20A-3-406, as enacted by Chapter 1, Laws of Utah 1993
41	20A-4-304, as last amended by Chapter 22, Laws of Utah 1999
42	20A-4-306, as last amended by Chapter 22, Laws of Utah 1999
43	20A-5-101 , as last amended by Chapters 40 and 362, Laws of Utah 1998
44	20A-5-405, as last amended by Chapter 340, Laws of Utah 1995
45	20A-5-409 , as enacted by Chapter 183, Laws of Utah 1997
46	20A-6-104 , as enacted by Chapter 313, Laws of Utah 2001
47	20A-6-203, as enacted by Chapter 328, Laws of Utah 2000
48	20A-6-301, as last amended by Chapter 57, Laws of Utah 2001
49	20A-6-302, as last amended by Chapter 241, Laws of Utah 2001
50	20A-7-103, as last amended by Chapter 57, Laws of Utah 2001
51	20A-7-201, as last amended by Chapter 115, Laws of Utah 1999
52	20A-7-202, as last amended by Chapter 45, Laws of Utah 1999
53	20A-7-203, as last amended by Chapters 3 and 75, Laws of Utah 2000
54	20A-7-204, as last amended by Chapter 153, Laws of Utah 1995
55	20A-7-205, as last amended by Chapter 3, Laws of Utah 2000
56	20A-7-205.5 , as enacted by Chapter 109, Laws of Utah 1999
57	20A-7-206, as last amended by Chapter 3, Laws of Utah 2000
58	20A-7-206 5 as enacted by Chapter 109 Laws of Utah 1999

59 **20A-7-207**, as last amended by Chapters 153 and 165, Laws of Utah 1995 60 **20A-7-208**, as last amended by Chapter 115, Laws of Utah 1999 **20A-7-209**, as last amended by Chapters 57, 65 and 169, Laws of Utah 2001 61 **20A-7-210**, as enacted by Chapter 1, Laws of Utah 1994 62 20A-7-211, as enacted by Chapter 1, Laws of Utah 1994 63 64 **20A-7-301**, as last amended by Chapter 153, Laws of Utah 1995 20A-7-302, as last amended by Chapter 153, Laws of Utah 1995 65 **20A-7-303**, as last amended by Chapter 3, Laws of Utah 2000 66 67 20A-7-304, as last amended by Chapter 153, Laws of Utah 1995 **20A-7-305**, as last amended by Chapter 3, Laws of Utah 2000 68 **20A-7-306**, as last amended by Chapter 3, Laws of Utah 2000 69 70 **20A-7-307**, as last amended by Chapters 153 and 165, Laws of Utah 1995 71 **20A-7-308**, as last amended by Chapters 57, 65 and 169, Laws of Utah 2001 **20A-7-309**, as enacted by Chapter 1, Laws of Utah 1994 72 73 20A-7-310, as enacted by Chapter 1, Laws of Utah 1994 74 **20A-7-701**, as last amended by Chapter 215, Laws of Utah 1997 75 **20A-7-702**, as last amended by Chapters 65 and 166, Laws of Utah 2001 76 **20A-7-703**, as enacted by Chapter 1 and last amended by Chapter 153, Laws of Utah 1995 20A-7-704, as last amended by Chapter 65, Laws of Utah 2001 77 78 20A-7-705, as last amended by Chapter 116, Laws of Utah 1999 **20A-7-706**, as last amended by Chapter 65, Laws of Utah 2001 79 80 20A-8-103, as last amended by Chapter 45, Laws of Utah 1999 81 **20A-8-106**, as last amended by Chapter 213, Laws of Utah 1996 82 **20A-8-401**, as last amended by Chapter 78, Laws of Utah 2001 83 **20A-8-402**, as last amended by Chapter 49, Laws of Utah 1999 84 **20A-8-403**, as enacted by Chapter 182, Laws of Utah 1997 85 **20A-9-101**, as last amended by Chapter 24, Laws of Utah 1997 86 **20A-9-201**, as last amended by Chapter 75, Laws of Utah 2000 20A-9-202, as last amended by Chapter 45, Laws of Utah 1999 87 88 **20A-9-202.5**, as enacted by Chapter 22, Laws of Utah 1999 89 **20A-9-203**, as last amended by Chapters 3 and 75, Laws of Utah 2000

90	20A-9-402 , as last amended by Chapter 3, Laws of Utah 1996, Second Special Session
91	20A-9-403, as last amended by Chapters 75 and 328, Laws of Utah 2000
92	20A-9-503, as last amended by Chapter 45, Laws of Utah 1999
93	20A-9-601 , as last amended by Chapter 81, Laws of Utah 2000
94	20A-9-701, as enacted by Chapter 183, Laws of Utah 1997
95	20A-9-802 , as enacted by Chapter 22, Laws of Utah 1999
96	20A-9-803 , as enacted by Chapter 22, Laws of Utah 1999
97	20A-9-805, as enacted by Chapter 22, Laws of Utah 1999
98	20A-9-806 , as enacted by Chapter 22, Laws of Utah 1999
99	20A-9-809 , as enacted by Chapter 22, Laws of Utah 1999
100	20A-10-201, as enacted by Chapter 264, Laws of Utah 1994
101	20A-10-301, as enacted by Chapter 264, Laws of Utah 1994
102	20A-11-101, as last amended by Chapters 45 and 93, Laws of Utah 1999
103	20A-11-103, as last amended by Chapter 166, Laws of Utah 2001
104	20A-11-201, as last amended by Chapter 355, Laws of Utah 1997
105	20A-11-202, as last amended by Chapter 355, Laws of Utah 1997
106	20A-11-204, as last amended by Chapter 93, Laws of Utah 1999
107	20A-11-205, as last amended by Chapter 355, Laws of Utah 1997
108	20A-11-206, as last amended by Chapter 93, Laws of Utah 1999
109	20A-11-301, as last amended by Chapter 355, Laws of Utah 1997
110	20A-11-303, as last amended by Chapter 93, Laws of Utah 1999
111	20A-11-304, as last amended by Chapter 355, Laws of Utah 1997
112	20A-11-305, as last amended by Chapter 93, Laws of Utah 1999
113	20A-11-402, as last amended by Chapter 355, Laws of Utah 1997
114	20A-11-403, as repealed and reenacted by Chapter 355, Laws of Utah 1997
115	20A-11-507, as last amended by Chapter 355, Laws of Utah 1997
116	20A-11-508, as repealed and reenacted by Chapter 355, Laws of Utah 1997
117	20A-11-601 , as enacted by Chapter 1, Laws of Utah 1995
118	20A-11-602, as last amended by Chapters 45 and 86, Laws of Utah 1999
119	20A-11-603, as enacted by Chapter 355, Laws of Utah 1997
120	20A-11-701, as last amended by Chapter 40, Laws of Utah 1998

121	20A-11-702, as last amended by Chapter 355, Laws of Utah 1997
122	20A-11-703, as enacted by Chapter 355, Laws of Utah 1997
123	20A-11-801, as last amended by Chapter 355, Laws of Utah 1997
124	20A-11-802, as last amended by Chapters 45 and 109, Laws of Utah 1999
125	20A-11-803, as enacted by Chapter 355, Laws of Utah 1997
126	20A-11-1004, as enacted by Chapter 1, Laws of Utah 1995
127	20A-11-1301, as enacted by Chapter 355, Laws of Utah 1997
128	20A-11-1303, as enacted by Chapter 355, Laws of Utah 1997
129	20A-11-1304, as enacted by Chapter 355, Laws of Utah 1997
130	20A-11-1305, as enacted by Chapter 355, Laws of Utah 1997
131	20A-12-201, as last amended by Chapter 308, Laws of Utah 2001
132	20A-12-302, as enacted by Chapter 166, Laws of Utah 2001
133	20A-12-304, as enacted by Chapter 166, Laws of Utah 2001
134	20A-12-305, as enacted by Chapter 166, Laws of Utah 2001
135	20A-12-306, as enacted by Chapter 166, Laws of Utah 2001
136	20A-13-102, as repealed and reenacted by Chapter 6, Laws of Utah 2001, Second Special
137	Session
138	20A-13-301, as last amended by Chapter 78, Laws of Utah 2001
139	20A-13-302, as last amended by Chapter 78, Laws of Utah 2001
140	20A-13-304, as enacted by Chapter 1, Laws of Utah 1995
141	20A-14-102, as repealed and reenacted by Chapter 2, Laws of Utah 2001, Second Special
142	Session
143	20A-14-104, as last amended by Chapter 184, Laws of Utah 1997
144	20A-14-105, as enacted by Chapter 1, Laws of Utah 1995
145	20A-15-103, as enacted by Chapter 1, Laws of Utah 1995
146	20A-15-201, as enacted by Chapter 1, Laws of Utah 1995
147	20A-15-202, as enacted by Chapter 1, Laws of Utah 1995
148	36-1-103, as enacted by Chapter 5, Laws of Utah 2001, Second Special Session
149	36-1-105, as enacted by Chapter 5, Laws of Utah 2001, Second Special Session
150	36-1-202, as enacted by Chapter 1, Laws of Utah 2001, Second Special Session
151	36-1-203, as enacted by Chapter 1, Laws of Utah 2001, Second Special Session

152	36-1-204, as enacted by Chapter 1, Laws of Utah 2001, Second Special Session
153	36-11-103 , as last amended by Chapter 338, Laws of Utah 2000
154	36-11-106 , as last amended by Chapter 338, Laws of Utah 2000
155	36-11-201 , as last amended by Chapter 338, Laws of Utah 2000
156	36-11-401 , as last amended by Chapter 338, Laws of Utah 2000
157	36-11-404 , as enacted by Chapter 280, Laws of Utah 1991
158	67-1a-2, as enacted by Chapter 68, Laws of Utah 1984
159	78-3-21, as last amended by Chapter 221, Laws of Utah 2000
160	ENACTS:
161	20A-1a-101 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
162	20A-1a-102 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
163	20A-1a-201 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
164	20A-1a-202 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
165	20A-1a-203 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
166	20A-1a-204 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
167	20A-1a-301 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
168	20A-1a-302 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
169	REPEALS:
170	67-1a-9, as enacted by Chapter 68, Laws of Utah 1984
171	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
172	Section 1. Section 10-2-117 is amended to read:
173	10-2-117. Notification to State Elections Commission of election of city officers.
174	Within ten days of the canvass of the final election of city officers under Section 10-2-116,
175	the county clerk shall send written notice to the [Hieutenant governor] State Elections Commission
176	of the name and position of each officer elected and the term for which each has been elected.
177	Section 2. Section 17-2-2 is amended to read:
178	17-2-2. Election returns transmitted to State Elections Commission.
179	As soon as the returns of the vote upon such proposition have been canvassed by the county
180	boards of canvassers each county clerk must make a certified abstract thereof, seal up such
181	abstract, endorse it "election returns," and without delay transmit it by registered mail to the
182	[lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission.

183	Section 3. Section 17-2-3 is amended to read:
184	17-2-3. Certification of election result to governor.
185	The certified abstract of such returns must be filed [in the office of the lieutenant governor]
186	with the State Elections Commission, and, if it appears therefrom that a majority of the voters in
187	each of the counties have voted in favor of such annexation, the [lieutenant governor] State
188	Elections Commission must certify the result of such vote to the governor.
189	Section 4. Section 17-2-7 is amended to read:
190	17-2-7. Election returns transmitted to State Elections Commission.
191	As soon as the returns of the vote upon the proposition under either Subsection 17-2-6(1)
192	or 17-2-6(2) have been canvassed by the county boards of canvassers, each county clerk must make
193	a certified abstract thereof, endorse it "election returns," and without delay transmit it by registered
194	mail to the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission.
195	Section 5. Section 17-2-8 is amended to read:
196	17-2-8. Certification of election result to governor.
197	(1) The certified abstract of such returns shall be filed [in the office of the lieutenant
198	governor] with the State Elections Commission.
199	(2) (a) In an election held under Subsection 17-2-6(1), if it appears from the certified
200	abstract that a majority of those voting in each county have voted in favor of such annexation, the
201	[lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall certify the result of such vote to the
202	governor.
203	(b) In an election held under Subsection 17-2-6(2), the [lieutenant governor] State
204	Elections Commission shall certify the result of that vote to the governor if it appears from the
205	certified abstract that:
206	(i) a majority of voters living in the area proposed for annexation have voted in favor of
207	annexation; and
208	(ii) a majority of voters living in the county to which the area is proposed to be annexed
209	have voted in favor of annexation.
210	Section 6. Section 17-3-2 is amended to read:
211	17-3-2. Election returns transmitted to State Elections Commission.
212	As soon as the returns of the vote upon such proposition have been canvassed by the county
213	hoard of canvassers the county clerk must make a certified abstract thereof seal up such abstract

214	endorse it "election returns," and without delay transmit it, together with a certified copy of the	
215	petition provided for in Section 17-3-1 by registered mail to the [lieutenant governor] State	
216	Elections Commission.	
217	Section 7. Section 17-16-6.5 is amended to read:	
218	17-16-6.5. Campaign financial disclosure in county elections.	
219	(1) (a) By January 1, 1996, each county shall adopt an ordinance establishing campaign	
220	finance disclosure requirements for candidates for county office.	
221	(b) The ordinance shall include:	
222	(i) a requirement that each candidate for county office report his itemized and total	
223	campaign contributions and expenditures at least once within the two weeks before the election	
224	and at least once within two months after the election;	
225	(ii) a definition of "contribution" and "expenditure" that requires reporting of nonmonetary	
226	contributions such as in-kind contributions and contributions of tangible things; and	
227	(iii) a requirement that the financial reports identify:	
228	(A) for each contribution of more than \$50, the name of the donor of the contribution and	
229	the amount of the contribution; and	
230	(B) for each expenditure, the name of the recipient and the amount of the expenditure.	
231	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), if any county fails to adopt a campaign	
232	finance disclosure ordinance by January 1, 1996, candidates for county office shall comply with	
233	the financial reporting requirements contained in Subsections (3) through (6).	
234	(b) If, after August 1, 1995, any county adopts a campaign finance ordinance meeting the	
235	requirements of Subsection (1), that county need not comply with the requirements of Subsections	
236	(3) through (6).	
237	(3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), and if there is no county ordinance meeting	
238	the requirements of this section, each candidate for elective office in any county who is not	
239	required to submit a campaign financial statement to the [lieutenant governor] State Elections	
240	Commission shall file a signed campaign financial statement with the county clerk:	
241	(i) seven days before the date of the regular general election, reporting each contribution	
242	of more than \$50 and each expenditure as of ten days before the date of the regular general	
243	election; and	
244	(ii) no later than 30 days after the date of the regular general election.	

245	(b) Candidates for community council offices are exempt from the requirements of this
246	section.
247	(4) (a) The statement filed seven days before the regular general election shall include:
248	(i) a list of each contribution of more than \$50 received by the candidate, and the name of
249	the donor;
250	(ii) an aggregate total of all contributions of \$50 or less received by the candidate; and
251	(iii) a list of each expenditure for political purposes made during the campaign period, and
252	the recipient of each expenditure.
253	(b) The statement filed 30 days after the regular general election shall include:
254	(i) a list of each contribution of more than \$50 received after the cutoff date for the
255	statement filed seven days before the election, and the name of the donor;
256	(ii) an aggregate total of all contributions of \$50 or less received by the candidate after the
257	cutoff date for the statement filed seven days before the election; and
258	(iii) a list of all expenditures for political purposes made by the candidate after the cutoff
259	date for the statement filed seven days before the election, and the recipient of each expenditure.
260	(5) Candidates for elective office in any county who are eliminated at a primary election
261	shall file a signed campaign financial statement containing the information required by this section
262	not later than 30 days after the primary election.
263	(6) Any person who fails to comply with this section is guilty of an infraction.
264	(7) Counties may, by ordinance, enact requirements that:
265	(a) require greater disclosure of campaign contributions and expenditures; and
266	(b) impose additional penalties.
267	Section 8. Section 17-20-5 is amended to read:
268	17-20-5. Report of election and appointment of officers.
269	Within ten days after a county clerk issues a certificate of election or a certificate of
270	appointment made to fill vacancies in elective county offices, the county clerk shall prepare and
271	forward to the [Hieutenant governor] State Elections Commission a certified report showing:
272	(1) the name of the county;
273	(2) the name of the county office to which the person was elected or appointed;
274	(3) the date of the election or appointment of the person;
275	(4) the date of the expiration of the term for which the person was elected or appointed;

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276	(5) the date of the certificate of election or appointment; and
277	(6) the date of the qualification of the person elected or appointed.
278	Section 9. Section 20A-1-102 is amended to read:
279	20A-1-102. Definitions.
280	As used in this title:
281	(1) "Active voter" means a registered voter who has not been classified as an inactive voter
282	by the county clerk.
283	(2) "Automatic tabulating equipment" means apparatus that automatically examines and
284	counts votes recorded on paper ballots or ballot cards and tabulates the results.
285	(3) "Ballot" means the cardboard, paper, or other material upon which a voter records his
286	votes and includes ballot cards, paper ballots, and secrecy envelopes.
287	(4) "Ballot card" means a ballot that can be counted using automatic tabulating equipment.
288	(5) "Ballot label" means the cards, papers, booklet, pages, or other materials that contain
289	the names of offices and candidates and statements of ballot propositions to be voted on and which
290	are used in conjunction with ballot cards.
291	(6) "Ballot proposition" means opinion questions specifically authorized by the
292	Legislature, constitutional amendments, initiatives, referenda, and judicial retention questions that
293	are submitted to the voters for their approval or rejection.
294	(7) "Board of canvassers" means the entities established by Sections 20A-4-301 and
295	20A-4-306 to canvass election returns.
296	(8) "Bond election" means an election held for the sole purpose of approving or rejecting
297	the proposed issuance of bonds by a government entity.
298	(9) "Book voter registration form" means voter registration forms contained in a bound
299	book that are used by election officers and registration agents to register persons to vote.
300	(10) "By-mail voter registration form" means a voter registration form designed to be
301	completed by the voter and mailed to the election officer.
302	(11) "Canvass" means the review of election returns and the official declaration of election
303	results by the board of canvassers.
304	(12) "Canvassing judge" means an election judge designated to assist in counting ballots

(13) "Convention" means the political party convention at which party officers and

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at the canvass.

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307	delegates	are	selected.

- (14) "Counting center" means one or more locations selected by the election officer in charge of the election for the automatic counting of ballots.
 - (15) "Counting judge" means a judge designated to count the ballots during election day.
- (16) "Counting poll watcher" means a person selected as provided in Section 20A-3-201 to witness the counting of ballots.
- (17) "Counting room" means a suitable and convenient private place or room, immediately adjoining the place where the election is being held, for use by the counting judges to count ballots during election day.
 - (18) "County executive" has the meaning as provided in Subsection 68-3-12(2).
 - (19) "County legislative body" has the meaning as provided in Subsection 68-3-12(2).
 - (20) "County officers" means those county officers that are required by law to be elected.
- (21) "Election" means a regular general election, a municipal general election, a statewide special election, a local special election, a regular primary election, a municipal primary election, and a special district election.
- (22) "Election cycle" means the period beginning on the first day persons are eligible to file declarations of candidacy and ending when the canvass is completed.
 - (23) "Election judge" means each canvassing judge, counting judge, and receiving judge.
- (24) "Election officer" means:
 - (a) the [Heutenant governor] executive director of the State Elections Commission, for all statewide ballots;
 - (b) the county clerk or clerks for all county ballots and for certain special district and school district ballots as provided in Section 20A-5-400.5;
 - (c) the municipal clerk for all municipal ballots and for certain special district and school district ballots as provided in Section 20A-5-400.5; and
 - (d) the special district clerk or chief executive officer for all special district ballots that are not part of a statewide, county, or municipal ballot.
 - (25) "Election official" means any election officer, election judge, or satellite registrar.
 - (26) "Election returns" includes the pollbook, all affidavits of registration, the military and overseas absentee voter registration and voting certificates, one of the tally sheets, any unprocessed absentee ballots, all counted ballots, all excess ballots, all unused ballots, all spoiled ballots, the

338	ballot disposition form, and the total votes cast form.
339	(27) "Electronic voting system" means a system in which a voting device is used in
340	conjunction with ballots so that votes recorded by the voter are counted and tabulated by automatic
341	tabulating equipment.
342	(28) "Inactive voter" means a registered voter who has been sent the notice required by
343	Section 20A-2-306 and who has failed to respond to that notice.
344	(29) "Inspecting poll watcher" means a person selected as provided in this title to witness
345	the receipt and safe deposit of voted and counted ballots.
346	(30) "Judicial office" means the office filled by any judicial officer.
347	(31) "Judicial officer" means any justice or judge of a court of record or any county court
348	judge.
349	(32) "Local election" means a regular municipal election, a local special election, a special
350	district election, and a bond election.
351	(33) "Local political subdivision" means a county, a municipality, a special district, or a
352	local school district.
353	(34) "Local special election" means a special election called by the governing body of a
354	local political subdivision in which all registered voters of the local political subdivision may vote.
355	(35) "Municipal executive" means:
356	(a) the city commission, city council, or town council in the traditional management
357	arrangement established by Title 10, Chapter 3, Part 1, Governing Body;
358	(b) the mayor in the council-mayor optional form of government defined in Section
359	10-3-1209; and
360	(c) the manager in the council-manager optional form of government defined in Section
361	10-3-1209.
362	(36) "Municipal general election" means the election held in municipalities and special
363	districts on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November of each odd-numbered year for
364	the purposes established in Section 20A-1-202.
365	(37) "Municipal legislative body" means:
366	(a) the city commission, city council, or town council in the traditional management

arrangement established by Title 10, Chapter 3, Part 1, Governing Body;

(b) the municipal council in the council-mayor optional form of government defined in

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369	Section 10-3-1209; and
370	(c) the municipal council in the council-manager optional form of government defined in
371	Section 10-3-1209.
372	(38) "Municipal officers" means those municipal officers that are required by law to be
373	elected.
374	(39) "Municipal primary election" means an election held to nominate candidates for
375	municipal office.
376	(40) "Official ballot" means the ballots distributed by the election officer to the election
377	judges to be given to voters to record their votes.
378	(41) "Official endorsement" means:
379	(a) the information on the ballot that identifies:
380	(i) the ballot as an official ballot;
381	(ii) the date of the election; and
382	(iii) the facsimile signature of the election officer; and
383	(b) the information on the ballot stub that identifies:
384	(i) the election judge's initials; and
385	(ii) the ballot number.
386	(42) "Official register" means the book furnished election officials by the election officer
387	that contains the information required by Section 20A-5-401.
388	(43) "Paper ballot" means a paper that contains:
389	(a) the names of offices and candidates and statements of ballot propositions to be voted
390	on; and
391	(b) spaces for the voter to record his vote for each office and for or against each ballot
392	proposition.
393	(44) "Political party" means an organization of registered voters that has qualified to
394	participate in an election by meeting the requirements of Title 20A, Chapter 8, Political Party
395	Formation and Procedures.
396	(45) "Polling place" means the building where residents of a voting precinct vote.
397	(46) "Position" means a square, circle, rectangle, or other geometric shape on a ballot in
398	which the voter marks his choice.

(47) "Posting list" means a list of registered voters within a voting precinct.

(48) "Primary convention" means the political party conventions at which nominees for the regular primary election are selected.

- (49) "Protective counter" means a separate counter, which cannot be reset, that is built into a voting machine and records the total number of movements of the operating lever.
- (50) "Qualify" or "qualified" means to take the oath of office and begin performing the duties of the position for which the person was elected.
- (51) "Receiving judge" means the election judge that checks the voter's name in the official register, provides the voter with a ballot, and removes the ballot stub from the ballot after the voter has voted.
- (52) "Registration days" means the days designated in Section 20A-2-203 when a voter may register to vote with a satellite registrar.
- (53) "Registration form" means a book voter registration form and a by-mail voter registration form.
- (54) "Regular general election" means the election held throughout the state on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November of each even-numbered year for the purposes established in Section 20A-1-201.
- (55) "Regular primary election" means the election on the fourth Tuesday of June of each even-numbered year, at which candidates of political parties and nonpolitical groups are voted for nomination.
 - (56) "Resident" means a person who resides within a specific voting precinct in Utah.
- (57) "Sample ballot" means a mock ballot similar in form to the official ballot printed and distributed as provided in Section 20A-5-405.
- (58) "Satellite registrar" means a person appointed under Section 20A-5-201 to register voters and perform other duties.
- (59) "Scratch vote" means to mark or punch the straight party ticket and then mark or punch the ballot for one or more candidates who are members of different political parties.
- (60) "Secrecy envelope" means the envelope given to a voter along with the ballot into which the voter places the ballot after he has voted it in order to preserve the secrecy of the voter's vote.
- 429 (61) "Special district" means those local government entities created under the authority 430 of Title 17A.

431	(62) "Special district officers" means those special district officers that are required by law						
432	to be elected.						
433	(63) "Special election" means an election held as authorized by Section 20A-1-204.						
434	(64) "Spoiled ballot" means each ballot that:						
435	(a) is spoiled by the voter;						
436	(b) is unable to be voted because it was spoiled by the printer or the election judge; or						
437	(c) lacks the official endorsement.						
438	(65) "Statewide special election" means a special election called by the governor or the						
439	Legislature in which all registered voters in Utah may vote.						
440	(66) "Stub" means the detachable part of each ballot.						
441	(67) "Substitute ballots" means replacement ballots provided by an election officer to the						
442	election judges when the official ballots are lost or stolen.						
443	(68) "Ticket" means each list of candidates for each political party or for each group of						
444	petitioners.						
445	(69) "Transfer case" means the sealed box used to transport voted ballots to the counting						
446	center.						
447	(70) "Vacancy" means the absence of a person to serve in any position created by statute,						
448	whether that absence occurs because of death, disability, disqualification, resignation, or other						
449	cause.						
450	(71) "Valid write-in candidate" means a candidate who has qualified as a write-in						
451	candidate by following the procedures and requirements of this title.						
452	(72) "Voter" means a person who meets the requirements for voting in an election, meets						
453	the requirements of election registration, is registered to vote, and is listed in the official register						
454	book.						
455	(73) "Voting area" means the area within six feet of the voting booths, voting machines,						
456	and ballot box.						
457	(74) "Voting booth" means the space or compartment within a polling place that is						
458	provided for the preparation of ballots and includes the voting machine enclosure or curtain.						
459	(75) "Voting device" means:						
460	(a) an apparatus in which ballot cards are used in connection with a punch device for						

461

piercing the ballots by the voter;

462	(b) a device for marking the ballots with ink or another substance; or					
463	(c) any other method for recording votes on ballots so that the ballot may be tabulated by					
464	means of automatic tabulating equipment.					
465	(76) "Voting machine" means a machine designed for the sole purpose of recording and					
466	tabulating votes cast by voters at an election.					
467	(77) "Voting poll watcher" means a person appointed as provided in this title to witness					
468	the distribution of ballots and the voting process.					
469	(78) "Voting precinct" means the smallest voting unit established as provided by law					
470	within which qualified voters vote at one polling place.					
471	(79) "Watcher" means a voting poll watcher, a counting poll watcher, and an inspecting					
472	poll watcher.					
473	(80) "Western States Presidential Primary" means the election established in Title 20A,					
474	Chapter 9, Part 8.					
475	(81) "Write-in ballot" means a ballot containing any write-in votes.					
476	(82) "Write-in vote" means a vote cast for a person whose name is not printed on the ballot					
477	according to the procedures established in this title.					
478	Section 10. Section 20A-1-305 is amended to read:					
479	20A-1-305. Publication and distribution of election laws.					
480	(1) The [Hieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall:					
481	(a) publish a sufficient number of copies of Title 20A, Election Code, and any other					
482	provisions of law that govern elections; and					
483	(b) transmit copies to each county clerk.					
484	(2) Each county clerk shall:					
485	(a) inform the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission of the number of copies					
486	needed; and					
487	(b) furnish each election officer in the county with one copy.					
488	Section 11. Section 20A-1-703 is amended to read:					
489	20A-1-703. Proceedings by registered voter.					
490	(1) Any registered voter who has information that any provisions of this title have been					
491	violated by any candidate for whom the registered voter had the right to vote, by any personal					
492	campaign committee of that candidate, by any member of that committee, or by any election					

official, may file a verified petition with the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission.

- (2) (a) The [Hieutenant governor] <u>State Elections Commission</u> shall gather information and determine if a special investigation is necessary.
- (b) If the [Heutenant governor] <u>State Elections Commission</u> determines that a special investigation is necessary, the [Heutenant governor] <u>State Elections Commission</u> shall refer the information to the attorney general, who shall:
- (i) bring a special proceeding to investigate and determine whether or not there has been a violation; and
 - (ii) appoint special counsel to conduct that proceeding on behalf of the state.
- (3) If it appears from the petition or otherwise that sufficient evidence is obtainable to show that there is probable cause to believe that a violation has occurred, the attorney general shall:
 - (a) grant leave to bring the proceeding; and

- (b) appoint special counsel to conduct the proceeding.
- (4) (a) If leave is granted, the registered voter may, by a special proceeding brought in the district court in the name of the state upon the relation of the registered voter, investigate and determine whether or not the candidate, candidate's personal campaign committee, any member of the candidate's personal campaign committee, or any election officer has violated any provision of this title.
 - (b) (i) In the proceeding, the complaint shall:
 - (A) be served with the summons; and
- (B) set forth the name of the person or persons who have allegedly violated this title and the grounds of those violations in detail.
 - (ii) The complaint may not be amended except by leave of the court.
- (iii) The summons and complaint in the proceeding shall be filed with the court no later than five days after they are served.
- (c) (i) The answer to the complaint shall be served and filed within ten days after the service of the summons and complaint.
- (ii) Any allegation of new matters in the answer shall be considered controverted by the adverse party without reply, and the proceeding shall be considered at issue and stand ready for trial upon five days' notice of trial.

524	(d) (i) All proceedings initiated under this section have precedence over any other civil						
525	actions.						
526	(ii) The court shall always be considered open for the trial of the issues raised in this						
527	proceeding.						
528	(iii) The proceeding shall be tried and determined as a civil action without a jury, with the						
529	court determining all issues of fact and issues of law.						
530	(iv) If more than one proceeding is pending or the election of more than one person is						
531	investigated and contested, the court may:						
532	(A) order the proceedings consolidated and heard together; and						
533	(B) equitably apportion costs and disbursements.						
534	(e) (i) Either party may request a change of venue as provided by law in civil actions, but						
535	application for a change of venue must be made within five days after service of summons and						
536	complaint.						
537	(ii) The judge shall decide the request for a change of venue and issue any necessary orders						
538	within three days after the application is made.						
539	(iii) If a party fails to request a change of venue within five days of service, he has waived						
540	his right to a change of venue.						
541	(f) (i) If judgment is in favor of the plaintiff, the relator may petition the judge to recover						
542	his taxable costs and disbursements against the person whose right to the office is contested.						
543	(ii) The judge may not award costs to the defendant unless it appears that the proceeding						
544	was brought in bad faith.						
545	(iii) Subject to the limitations contained in Subsection (4)(f), the judge may decide whether						
546	or not to award costs and disbursements.						
547	(5) Nothing in this section may be construed to prohibit any other civil or criminal actions						
548	or remedies against alleged violators.						
549	(6) In the event a witness asserts a privilege against self-incrimination, testimony and						
550	evidence from the witness may be compelled pursuant to Title 77, Chapter 22b, Grants of						
551	Immunity.						
552	Section 12. Section 20A-1-704 is amended to read:						
553	20A-1-704. Judgment and findings Appeal Criminal prosecution not affected						
554	by judgment.						

555	(1) (a) If the court finds that the candidate whose right to any office is being investigated,						
556	or that the candidate, the candidate's personal campaign committee or any member of the						
557	candidate's personal campaign committee has violated any provision of this title in the conduct of						
558	the campaign for nomination or election, and if the candidate is not one mentioned in Subsection						
559	(2), the judge shall enter an order:						
560	(i) declaring void the election of the candidate to that office;						
561	(ii) ousting and excluding the candidate from office; and						
562	(iii) declaring the office vacant.						
563	(b) The vacancy created by that order shall be filled as provided in this chapter.						
564	(2) (a) If a proceeding has been brought to investigate the right of a candidate for either						
565	house of the Legislature, and the court finds that the candidate, the candidate's personal campaign						
566	committee, or any member of the candidate's personal campaign committee has violated any						
567	provision of this title in the conduct of the campaign for nomination or election, the court shall:						
568	(i) prepare and sign written findings of fact and conclusions of law relating to the						
569	violation; and						
570	(ii) without issuing an order, transmit those findings and conclusions to the [lieutenant						
571	governor] State Elections Commission.						
572	(b) The [Hieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall transmit the judge's						
573	findings and conclusions to the house of the Legislature for which the person is a candidate.						
574	(3) (a) A party may appeal the determination of the court in the same manner as appeals						
575	may be taken in civil actions.						
576	(b) A judge may not issue an injunction suspending or staying the proceeding unless:						
577	(i) application is made to the court or to the presiding judge of the court;						
578	(ii) all parties receive notice of the application and the time for the hearing; and						
579	(iii) the judge conducts a hearing.						
580	(4) Any judgment or findings and conclusions issued as provided in this section may not						
581	be construed to bar or affect in any way any criminal prosecution of any candidate or other person						
582	Section 13. Section 20A-1-706 is amended to read:						
583	20A-1-706. Special counsel on appeal.						
584	(1) If either party appeals the judgment of the trial court, the district judge, the attorney						
585	general, or the governor who appointed special counsel for the trial court shall authorize that						

000	counsel, or some other person, to appear as special counsel in the appenate court in the matter.
587	(2) (a) The special counsel authorized by this chapter shall receive a reasonable
588	compensation for his services.
589	(b) The compensation shall be audited by the [lieutenant governor] State Elections
590	Commission and paid out of the state treasury upon a voucher and upon the written statement of
591	the officer appointing the counsel that:
592	(i) the appointment has been made;
593	(ii) the person appointed has faithfully performed the duties imposed upon him; and
594	(iii) that the special counsel's bill is accurate and correct.
595	(c) Compensation for special counsel shall be audited and paid in the same manner as other
596	claims against the state are audited and paid.
597	Section 14. Section 20A-1a-101 is enacted to read:
598	CHAPTER 1a. STATE ELECTIONS COMMISSION
599	Part 1. General Provision
500	20A-1a-101. Title.
501	This chapter shall be known as "State Elections Commission."
502	Section 15. Section 20A-1a-102 is enacted to read:
503	20A-1a-102. Definitions.
504	As used in this section:
505	(1) "Candidate for public office" means a person who has filed a declaration of candidacy
506	for an office to be filled at a regular general election or municipal general election.
507	(2) "Party official" means the executive director of a registered political party, and each
508	state and county chair, vice chair, secretary, and treasurer.
509	(3) "Public official" means each person serving in an elected office and each person
510	appointed by a person serving in an elected office.
511	(4) "Total constitutional officer vote" means the total number of votes cast statewide in
512	the last gubernatorial election for governor, attorney general, state auditor, and state treasurer.
513	Section 16. Section 20A-1a-201 is enacted to read:
514	Part 2. Creation of State Elections Commission
515	20A-1a-201. Creation.
516	(1) There is created a State Elections Commission.

617	(2) The governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, shall appoint members to the						
618	State Elections Commission as provided in this section.						
619	(3) (a) The state central committee of each political party that received at least 15% of the						
620	total constitutional officer vote shall submit a list of five nominees to the governor.						
621	(b) The state central committee may not nominate a candidate for public office, a public						
622	official, or a party official for service on the State Elections Commission.						
623	(c) (i) The governor shall select two commission members from each list of nominees						
624	submitted to the governor by a central committee under this Subsection (3).						
625	(ii) The governor may not appoint a candidate for public office, a public official, or a party						
626	official to serve on the State Elections Commission.						
627	(4) (a) (i) At the first commission meeting, the commission shall select one additional						
628	commission member by a majority vote.						
629	(ii) The commission may not appoint a candidate for public office, a public official, or a						
630	party official to serve on the State Elections Commission.						
631	(b) If the commission is unable to select an additional member within 30 days after the first						
632	commission meeting, the governor shall replace each member of the commission in accordance						
633	with the procedures established by this chapter.						
634	(c) This process shall continue until an additional commission member is selected.						
635	(5) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b), the governor shall appoint commission						
636	members to serve four-year terms.						
637	(b) (i) When selecting the initial commission members, the governor shall select one						
638	member from each political party to serve a two-year term and the remaining members to serve						
639	four-year terms.						
640	(ii) The commission member selected by the commission at the first commission meeting						
641	shall serve a four-year term.						
642	(c) (i) Commission members may serve a four-year term unless their position becomes						
643	vacant as provided in Section 20A-1a-202 or unless they were appointed to a two-year term under						
644	Subsection (5)(b).						
645	(ii) Commission members may not serve more than two four-year terms.						
646	(6) (a) The commission shall elect a chair and vice chair from the commission to serve for						
647	two years.						

648	(b) The chair and vice chair may not be members of the same political party.						
649	(c) The chair may not be a member of the same political party as the preceding chair.						
650	(7) A simple majority of the commission is a quorum for the transaction of business.						
651	(8) (a) The commission shall meet at least once per quarter.						
652	(b) Additional meetings may be called by:						
653	(i) the chair of the commission;						
654	(ii) the executive director of the commission; or						
655	(iii) a simple majority of the commission members communicating their request for a						
656	meeting in writing to the chair.						
657	(9) (a) For each meeting that a commission member attends, the commission member may						
658	receive a per diem rate that is established by the Division of Finance under Sections 63A-3-106						
659	and 63A-3-107.						
660	(b) A commission member may decline to receive per diem and expenses for the						
661	commission member's service.						
662	(10) (a) The commission shall hire an executive director and additional support staff as						
663	needed.						
664	(b) The commission shall hire independent legal counsel.						
665	(c) In conjunction with the Department of Human Resource Management, the commission						
666	shall establish job classifications, job descriptions, and salary ranges for the executive director and						
667	each staff member.						
668	(d) The executive director may be removed from office for any reason at any time by a						
669	simple majority vote of the members of the commission.						
670	(11) Each member of the commission is exempt from the requirements of Title 67, Chapter						
671	16, Utah Public Officers' and Employees' Ethics Act.						
672	Section 17. Section 20A-1a-202 is enacted to read:						
673	20A-1a-202. Commission vacancies.						
674	(1) A vacancy occurs on the commission when:						
675	(a) the political party of a commission member does not receive at least 15% of the total						
676	constitutional officer vote in the last gubernatorial election;						
677	(b) a commission member resigns from the commission or is otherwise unable to complete						
678	the commission member's term; or						

679	(c) a commission member completes the commission member's term.						
680	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), the governor, within 30 days after a						
681	vacancy has occurred, shall appoint a member of the same political party to fill the vacancy in						
682	accordance with the procedures established in this chapter.						
683	(b) (i) When the political party of a commission member does not receive more than 15%						
684	of the total constitutional officer vote in the preceding gubernatorial election, the terms of the						
685	commission members of that political party have expired, and those persons are no longer						
686	members of the commission.						
687	(ii) The governor may not replace any vacant positions that occur under Subsection (2)(b).						
688	(iii) When the position of the commission member selected by other commission members						
689	becomes vacant, the commission members appointed by the governor shall select a person to fill						
690	the vacancy for the unexpired term.						
691	Section 18. Section 20A-1a-203 is enacted to read:						
692	20A-1a-203. Adding members to the commission.						
693	The governor shall, within 30 days after each gubernatorial election, select two additional						
694	nominees to serve on the commission from a list of ten nominees submitted by the central						
695	committee of a political party if the political party:						
696	(1) received at least 15% of the votes for governor in the last gubernatorial election; and						
697	(2) does not already have a representative on the commission who was appointed by the						
698	governor.						
699	Section 19. Section 20A-1a-204 is enacted to read:						
700	20A-1a-204. Transfer of personnel, equipment, and property.						
701	(1) To the extent practicable, the State Elections Commission shall use the personnel and						
702	equipment transferred from the lieutenant governor's office under this section.						
703	(2) (a) The lieutenant governor's office shall transfer to the State Elections Commission						
704	each person employed by the lieutenant governor who, as of the effective date of this chapter,						
705	spends more than 60% of the employee's time performing functions related to the lieutenant						
706	governor's functions as the chief election officer of the state.						
707	(b) The transfer of personnel shall be completed by July 1, 2002.						
708	(c) Effective July 1, 2002, the Division of Finance shall transfer from the lieutenant						
709	governor's office to the commission, all monies that have been appropriated to the lieutenant						

710	governor to manage and operate the election process, including monies that would have been used					
711	to compensate any transferred personnel for the remainder of the 2001-02 fiscal year, including					
712	retirement, leave, and all other benefits.					
713	(3) The lieutenant governor's office shall inventory and transfer to the State Elections					
714	Commission all equipment and other tangible property in its possession that is primarily used by					
715	persons transferred to the State Elections Commission under this section.					
716	Section 20. Section 20A-1a-301 is enacted to read:					
717	Part 3. Duties and Responsibilities					
718	20A-1a-301. Duties of the State Elections Commission.					
719	The State Elections Commission shall:					
720	(1) select an additional committee member, within 30 days after each gubernatorial					
721	election, to serve on the committee for a four-year term according to Subsection 20A-1a-201(5)(a)					
722	(2) prepare voter information pamphlets in accordance with Title 20A, Chapter 7, Issues					
723	Submitted to the Voters;					
724	(3) issue and revoke lobbyist licenses in accordance with Title 36, Chapter 11, Lobbyist					
725	Disclosure and Regulation Act;					
726	(4) certify new political parties in accordance with Title 20A, Chapter 8, Political Party					
727	Formation and Procedures;					
728	(5) review and adjudicate complaints and disputes that arise in the election process by					
729	following the procedures and requirements of Title 63, Chapter 46b, Administrative Procedures					
730	Act;					
731	(6) certify to the state central committee of each political party the names of individuals					
732	of that political party who have filed a declaration of candidacy with the commission;					
733	(7) govern the initiative and referendum process in accordance with Title 20A, Chapter					
734	7, Issues Submitted to the Voters;					
735	(8) prepare a summary of the financial reports submitted by political action committees,					
736	political issues committees, and corporations in accordance with Title 20A, Chapter 11, Campaign					
737	and Financial Reporting Requirements;					
738	(9) canvass the return of ballots and publish the results of primaries in accordance with					
739	Title 20A, Chapter 4, Election Returns and Election Contests;					
740	(10) canyass the return of hallots of general and special elections in accordance with Title					

741	20A, Chapter 4, Election Returns and Election Contests;						
742	(11) transmit certificates of election in accordance with Title 20A, Chapter 4, Election						
743	Returns and Election Contests;						
744	(12) canvass petitions for delegates to a convention regarding an amendment to the U.S.						
745	Constitution in accordance with Title 20A, Chapter 15, Convention to Ratify Amendments to the						
746	Constitution of the United States;						
747	(13) comply with the provisions of Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings;						
748	(14) prepare a written annual report that contains:						
749	(a) a list of the registered political parties in Utah;						
750	(b) a list of all lobbyists licensed in Utah;						
751	(c) a summary of political contributions to and political expenditures of political action						
752	committees, political issues committees, and corporations;						
753	(d) a summary detailing the total political contributions to and political expenditures of						
754	each candidate for:						
755	(i) governor;						
756	(ii) attorney general;						
757	(iii) state auditor;						
758	(iv) state treasurer; and						
759	(v) state school board;						
760	(e) a summary detailing the total political contributions to and political expenditures of all						
761	candidates for:						
762	(i) the Utah House of Representatives; and						
763	(ii) the Utah Senate;						
764	(f) a list detailing each initiative and referendum that is being circulated for signature;						
765	(g) a brief description of any significant regulatory, adjudicative, enforcement, or legal						
766	action that the commission undertook or was involved in:						
767	(h) a brief description of any rules enacted by the commission since the date of the last						
768	report; and						
769	(i) any proposed legislation that the commission believes should be considered by the						
770	Legislature; and						
771	(15) submit the annual report to the governor and the staffing members of the Government						

772	Operations Interim Committee of the Legislature by February 1 of each year.					
773	Section 21. Section 20A-1a-302 is enacted to read:					
774	20A-1a-302. Duties of the executive director.					
775	The executive director shall:					
776	(1) provide election information to the public;					
777	(2) publish, in pamphlet form, copies of the election laws and distribute copies to each					
778	county clerk in accordance with Title 20A, Chapter 1, General Provisions;					
779	(3) publish and distribute voter information pamphlets to each county clerk in accordance					
780	with Title 20A, Chapter 5, Election Administration;					
781	(4) serve as the filing officer for candidates for the following positions:					
782	(a) President, U.S. Senator, and U.S. Representative;					
783	(b) governor, lieutenant governor, attorney general, state auditor, and state treasurer;					
784	(c) state school board; and					
785	(d) state senator and state representative, when that official represents constituents in more					
786	than one county;					
787	(5) license lobbyists and maintain lobby registration lists in accordance with Title 36,					
788	Chapter 11, Lobbyist Disclosure and Regulation Act:					
789	(6) maintain election returns and statistics as required by Title 20A, Elections;					
790	(7) maintain expenditure records of lobbyists, principals, and government officers on					
791	public officials or members of their immediate family in accordance with Title 36, Chapter 11,					
792	Lobbyist Disclosure and Regulation Act;					
793	(8) register and maintain expenditure records of political action committees, political issue					
794	committees, and corporations in accordance with Title 20A, Chapter 11, Campaign and Financial					
795	Reporting Requirements:					
796	(9) maintain records on candidates and candidate's personal campaign committees in					
797	accordance with Title 20A, Chapter 11, Campaign and Financial Reporting Requirements;					
798	(10) maintain the official districting maps in accordance with Title 20A, Chapter 13,					
799	Elections to Federal Offices; and					
800	(11) maintain argument papers concerning the adoption of a referendum in accordance					
801	with Title 20A, Chapter 7, Issues Submitted to the Voters.					
802	Section 22. Section 20A-2-104 is amended to read:					

20A-2-104. Voter registration form Registered voter lists Fees for copies.							
(1) (a) Every person applying to be registered shall complete a registration form printed							
in substantially the following							
	TAH ELECTION I						
Name of Voter				·			
	First	Middle	L	ast			
Driver License or Ider	ntification Card Nu	mber (optional)					
Date of Birth							
Street Address of Prin	cipal Place of Resi	dence					
City	County		State	Zip Code			
Telephone Number (o	ptional)						
Last four digits of Social Security Number (optional)							
Place of Birth							
Last former address at	Last former address at which I was registered to vote (if known)						
,							
City	County		State	Zip Code			
Voting Prec	inct (if known)						
Political Party							
□American □Democ	rat □Green □Inde	ependent America	n □Libertari	an □Natural Law			
□Reform □Populist □Repu	blican □Socialist \	Workers □Unaffi	liated (no pol	litical party			
preference)							
Other (Please specify)			_				
I do swear (or affirm),	subject to penalty	of law for false sta	atements, tha	t the information			
contained in this form is true,	contained in this form is true, and that I am a citizen of the United States and a resident of the state						
of Utah, residing at the above	address. I will be	at least 18 years of	ld and will ha	ave resided in Utah			
•	for 30 days immediately before the next election. I am not a convicted felon currently incarcerated						
for commission of a felony.							
Signed and sw	orn						

834	
835	Voter's Signature
836	(month/day/year).
837	NOTICE: IN ORDER TO VOTE, YOUR NAME MUST APPEAR IN THE OFFICIAL
838	REGISTER.
839	FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY
840	Voting Precinct
841	Voting I.D. Number
842	
843	(b) The [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission, after consulting with the county
844	clerks, may direct additional changes to the voter registration form when necessary to provide
845	information to persons registering to vote or to facilitate election administration.
846	(2) The county clerk shall retain a copy in a permanent countywide alphabetical file, which
847	may be electronic or some other recognized system.
848	(3) (a) Each county clerk shall retain lists of currently registered voters.
849	(b) The [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall maintain a list of
850	registered voters in electronic form.
851	(c) If there are any discrepancies between the two lists, the county clerk's list is the official
852	list.
853	(d) The [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission and the county clerks may
854	charge the fees established under the authority of Subsection 63-2-203(10) to individuals who wish
855	to obtain a copy of the list of registered voters.
856	(4) When political parties not listed on the voter registration form qualify as registered
857	political parties under Title 20A, Chapter 8, Political Party Formation and Procedures, the
858	[Heutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall inform the county clerks about the name
859	of the new political party and direct the county clerks to ensure that the voter registration form is
860	modified to include that political party.
861	Section 23. Section 20A-2-108 is amended to read:
862	20A-2-108. Driver license registration form Transmittal of information.
863	(1) The [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission and the Driver License Division
864	shall design the driver license application and renewal forms to include the question "if you are

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865	not registered to vote where you live now, would you like to register to vote today?"
866	(2) (a) The [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission and the Driver License
867	Division shall design a motor voter registration form to be used in conjunction with driver license
868	application and renewal forms.
869	(b) Each driver license application and renewal form shall contain:
870	(i) a place for the applicant to decline to register to vote;
871	(ii) an eligibility statement in substantially the following form:
872	"I do swear (or affirm), subject to penalty of law for false statements, that the information
873	contained in this form is true, and that I am a citizen of the United States and a resident of the state
874	of Utah, residing at the above address. I will be at least 18 years old and will have resided in Utah
875	for 30 days immediately before the next election.
876	Signed and sworn
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878	Voter's Signature
879	(month\day\year)";
880	(iii) a statement that if an applicant declines to register to vote, the fact that the applicant
881	has declined to register will remain confidential and will be used only for voter registration
882	purposes; and
883	(iv) a statement that if an applicant does register to vote, the office at which the applicant
884	submits a voter registration application will remain confidential and will be used only for voter
885	registration purposes.
886	Section 24. Section 20A-2-109 is amended to read:
887	20A-2-109. Statewide voter registration data base State Elections Commission to
888	create Counties to provide information List of incarcerated felons.
889	(1) (a) The [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall develop a statewide
890	voter registration data base.
891	(b) Each county clerk shall provide the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission
892	with the county's voter registration and other data requested by the [lieutenant governor] State
893	Elections Commission in the form required by the [lieutenant governor] State Elections
894	Commission.
895	(2) (a) The [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall maintain a current list

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of all incarcerated felons in Utah.

- (b) (i) The Department of Corrections shall provide the [Hieutenant governor's office] State Elections Commission with a list of the name and last-known address of each person who:
 - (A) was convicted of a felony in a Utah state court; and
 - (B) is currently incarcerated for commission of a felony.
- (ii) The [lieutenant governor] <u>State Elections Commission</u> shall establish the frequency of receipt of the information and the method of transmitting the information after consultation with the Department of Corrections.
- (c) (i) The Department of Corrections shall provide the [Hieutenant governor's office] State Elections Commission with a list of the name of each convicted felon who is no longer subject to the jurisdiction of the department because the person has been released from incarceration.
- (ii) The [lieutenant governor] <u>State Elections Commission</u> shall establish the frequency of receipt of the information and the method of transmitting the information after consultation with the Department of Corrections.
- Section 25. Section **20A-2-204** is amended to read:
- 911 **20A-2-204.** Registering to vote when applying for or renewing a driver license.
 - (1) As used in this section, "voter registration form" means the driver license application/voter registration form and the driver license renewal/voter registration form required by Section 20A-2-108.
 - (2) Any citizen who is qualified to vote may register to vote by completing the voter registration form.
 - (3) The Driver License Division shall:
 - (a) assist applicants in completing the voter registration form unless the applicant refuses assistance;
 - (b) accept completed forms for transmittal to the appropriate election official;
 - (c) transmit a copy of each voter registration form to the appropriate election official within five days after it is received by the division;
 - (d) transmit each address change within five days after it is received by the division; and
- 924 (e) transmit electronically to the [Hieutenant governor's] State Elections Commission's 925 office the name, address, birth date, and driver license number of each person who answers "yes" 926 to the question on the driver license form about registering to vote.

927	(4) Upon receipt of a correctly completed voter registration form, the county clerk shall:
928	(a) enter the applicant's name on the list of registered voters for the voting precinct in
929	which the applicant resides; and
930	(b) notify the applicant of registration.
931	(5) (a) If the county clerk receives a correctly completed voter registration form that is
932	dated less than 20 days before an election, the county clerk shall:
933	(i) register the applicant after the next election; and
934	(ii) if possible, promptly phone or mail a notice to the applicant before the election,
935	informing the applicant that his registration will not be effective until after the election.
936	(b) When the county clerk receives any voter registration forms at least seven days before
937	an election that are dated at least 20 days before the election, the county clerk shall:
938	(i) process the voter registration forms; and
939	(ii) record the new voters in the official register and posting list.
940	(6) If the county clerk determines that a voter registration form received from the Driver
941	License Division is incorrect because of an error or because it is incomplete, the county clerk shall
942	mail notice to the person attempting to register, informing him that he has not been registered
943	because of an error or because the form is incomplete.
944	Section 26. Section 20A-2-205 is amended to read:
945	20A-2-205. Registration at voter registration agencies.
946	(1) As used in this section:
947	(a) "Discretionary voter registration agency" means each office designated by the county
948	clerk under Part 3 to provide by-mail voter registration forms to the public.
949	(b) "Public assistance agency" means each office in Utah that provides:
950	(i) public assistance; or
951	(ii) state funded programs primarily engaged in providing services to people with
952	disabilities.
953	(2) Any person may obtain and complete a by-mail registration form at a public assistance
954	agency or discretionary voter registration agency.
955	(3) Each public assistance agency and discretionary voter registration agency shall provide,
956	either as part of existing forms or on a separate form, the following information in substantially
957	the following form:

If you are not registered to vote where you live now, would you like to apply to register to vote here today? (Applying to register to vote or declining to register to vote will not affect the amount of assistance that you will be provided by this agency.) Yes_____ No____ IF YOU DO NOT CHECK EITHER BOX, YOU WILL BE CONSIDERED TO HAVE DECIDED NOT TO REGISTER TO VOTE AT THIS TIME. If you would like help in filling out the voter registration application form, we will help you. The decision about whether or not to seek or accept help is yours. You may fill out the application form in private. If you believe that someone has interfered with your right to register or to decline to register to vote, your right to privacy in deciding whether or not to register, or in applying to register to vote, or your right to choose your own political party or other political preference, you may file a complaint with the [Office of the Lieutenant Governor, State Capitol Building, Salt Lake City, Utah 84114. (801) 538-1040] State Elections

Commission."

- (4) Unless a person applying for service or assistance from a public assistance agency or discretionary voter registration agency declines, in writing, to register to vote, each public assistance agency and discretionary voter registration agency shall:
- (a) distribute a by-mail voter registration form with each application for service or assistance provided by the agency or office;
- (b) assist applicants in completing the voter registration form unless the applicant refuses assistance;
 - (c) accept completed forms for transmittal to the appropriate election official; and
- (d) transmit a copy of each voter registration form to the appropriate election official within five days after it is received by the division.
- (5) A person in a public assistance agency or a discretionary voter registration agency that helps a person complete the voter registration form may not:
 - (a) seek to influence an applicant's political preference or party registration;
 - (b) display any political preference or party allegiance;
- (c) make any statement to an applicant or take any action that has the purpose or effect of discouraging the applicant from registering to vote; or
- (d) make any statement to an applicant or take any action that has the purpose or effect of leading the applicant to believe that a decision to register or not to register has any bearing upon

989 the availability of services or benefits. 990 (6) Upon receipt of a correctly completed voter registration form, the county clerk shall: 991 (a) enter the applicant's name on the list of registered voters for the voting precinct in 992 which the applicant resides; and 993 (b) notify the applicant of registration. 994 (7) (a) If the county clerk receives a correctly completed voter registration form that is 995 dated less than 20 days before an election, the county clerk shall: 996 (i) register the applicant after the next election; and 997 (ii) if possible, promptly phone or mail a notice to the applicant before the election, 998 informing the applicant that his registration will not be effective until after the election. 999 (b) When the county clerk receives any voter registration forms at least seven days before 1000 an election that are dated at least 20 days before the election, the county clerk shall: 1001 (i) process the voter registration forms; and 1002 (ii) record the new voters in the official register and posting list. 1003 (8) If the county clerk determines that a voter registration form received from a public 1004 assistance agency or discretionary voter registration agency is incorrect because of an error or because it is incomplete, the county clerk shall mail notice to the person attempting to register, 1005 1006 informing him that he has not been registered because of an error or because the form is 1007 incomplete. 1008 Section 27. Section **20A-2-300.6** is amended to read: 1009 20A-2-300.6. Chief elections officer. (1) The [lieutenant governor] executive director of the State Elections Commission is 1010 1011 Utah's chief elections officer. 1012 (2) The [lieutenant governor] executive director of the State Elections Commission shall: 1013 (a) oversee all of Utah's: 1014 (i) voter registration activities; and 1015 (ii) other responsibilities established by Public Law 103-31, the National Voter 1016 Registration Act of 1993; and 1017 (b) coordinate with local, state, and federal officials to ensure compliance with state and

(3) The [lieutenant governor] executive director of the State Elections Commission, in

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federal election laws.

1020	cooperation with the county clerks, shall develop a general program to obtain change of address
1021	information in order to remove the names of ineligible voters from the official register.
1022	Section 28. Section 20A-2-308 is amended to read:
1023	20A-2-308. State Elections Commission and county clerks to preserve records.
1024	(1) As used in this section:
1025	(a) "Voter registration records" means all records concerning the implementation of
1026	programs and activities conducted for the purpose of ensuring that the official register is accurate
1027	and current.
1028	(b) "Voter registration records" does not mean records that:
1029	(i) relate to a person's decision to decline to register to vote; and
1030	(ii) identify the particular public assistance agency, discretionary voter registration agency,
1031	or Driver License Division through which a particular voter registered to vote.
1032	(2) The [Hieutenant governor] State Elections Commission and each county clerk shall:
1033	(a) preserve for at least two years all records relating to voter registration, including:
1034	(i) the official register; and
1035	(ii) the names and addresses of all persons to whom the notice required by Section
1036	20A-2-306 was sent and a notation as to whether or not the person responded to the notice;
1037	(b) make the records available for public inspection; and
1038	(c) allow the records to be photocopied for a reasonable cost.
1039	Section 29. Section 20A-3-406 is amended to read:
1040	20A-3-406. Absentee ballots for military personnel and citizens living overseas
1041	Federal postcard applications for ballot.
1042	(1) (a) Applications for absentee ballots for military voters shall be filed in the county
1043	clerk's office no later than the Friday immediately before the day of election.
1044	(b) Military personnel voting an absentee ballot at the office of the clerk shall apply and
1045	cast their ballot no later than the day before the election.
1046	(2) (a) Military voters stationed overseas and overseas citizen voters shall file an
1047	application for a ballot with the county clerk no later than 20 days before the day of election.
1048	(b) Upon receipt of a properly completed written application for an absentee ballot signed
1049	by any military voter or overseas citizen voter, the county clerk shall mail an appropriate ballot to
1050	the military voter or overseas citizen voter.

1051 (c) The county clerk, at the time he furnishes the ballot, shall record, in a record book 1052 provided for that purpose, the name and home address of the military voter or overseas citizen 1053 voter to whom the ballot is mailed, the address mailed to, and the date of mailing the ballot. 1054 (d) If the military voter or overseas citizen voter sends his application to the [lieutenant 1055 governor | State Elections Commission, the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall 1056 forward the application to the county clerk of the county where the military voter or overseas 1057 citizen voter is entitled to vote. (3) Any military voter or overseas citizen voter who is physically disabled so as to be 1058 1059 unable to see or write may apply for a ballot by having a commissioned, noncommissioned, or 1060 petty officer not below the rank of sergeant, or other person authorized to administer oaths to apply 1061 for a ballot on the voter's behalf. 1062 (4) (a) A federal postcard application issued under the authority of any Act of Congress or federal regulation is acceptable, when properly executed, as an application for a ballot under this 1063 1064 chapter. 1065 (b) The county clerk shall accept the completed postcard application as an application for ballots for every election held in even-numbered years and shall send the applicant a ballot for each 1066 1067 election as required by Section 20A-3-407. 1068 (5) The county clerk shall retain the application for use at the time the ballot is received 1069 from the military voter or overseas citizen voter. 1070 Section 30. Section **20A-4-304** is amended to read: 1071 20A-4-304. Declaration of results -- Canvassers' report. 1072 (1) Each board of canvassers shall: 1073 (a) declare "elected" or "nominated" those persons who: 1074 (i) had the highest number of votes; and 1075 (ii) sought election or nomination to an office completely within the board's jurisdiction;

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(b) declare:

(i) "approved" those ballot propositions that:

(ii) "rejected" those ballot propositions that:

(A) had more "yes" votes than "no" votes; and

(B) were submitted only to the voters within the board's jurisdiction;

(A) had more "no" votes than "yes" votes or an equal number of "no" votes and "yes"

1082	votes; and
1083	(B) were submitted only to the voters within the board's jurisdiction;
1084	(c) certify the vote totals for persons and for and against ballot propositions that were
1085	submitted to voters within and beyond the board's jurisdiction and transmit those vote totals to the
1086	[lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission; and
1087	(d) if applicable, certify the results of each special district election to the special district
1088	clerk.
1089	(2) (a) As soon as the result is declared, the election officer shall prepare a report of the
1090	result, which shall contain:
1091	(i) the total number of votes cast in the board's jurisdiction;
1092	(ii) the names of each candidate whose name appeared on the ballot;
1093	(iii) the title of each ballot proposition that appeared on the ballot;
1094	(iv) each office that appeared on the ballot;
1095	(v) from each voting precinct:
1096	(A) the number of votes for each candidate; and
1097	(B) the number of votes for and against each ballot proposition;
1098	(vi) the total number of votes given in the board's jurisdiction to each candidate, and for
1099	and against each ballot proposition; and
1100	(vii) a statement certifying that the information contained in the report is accurate.
1101	(b) The election officer and the board of canvassers shall:
1102	(i) review the report to ensure that it is correct; and
1103	(ii) sign the report.
1104	(c) The election officer shall:
1105	(i) record or file the certified report in a book kept for that purpose;
1106	(ii) prepare and transmit a certificate of nomination or election under the officer's seal to
1107	each nominated or elected candidate;
1108	(iii) publish a copy of the certified report in a newspaper with general circulation in the
1109	board's jurisdiction and post it in a conspicuous place within the jurisdiction; and
1110	(iv) file a copy of the certified report with the [Heutenant governor] State Elections
1111	Commission.
1112	(3) When there has been a regular general or a statewide special election for statewide

1113	officers, for officers that appear on the ballot in more than one county, or for a statewide or two
1114	or more county ballot proposition, each board of canvassers shall:
1115	(a) prepare a separate report detailing the number of votes for each candidate and the
1116	number of votes for and against each ballot proposition; and
1117	(b) transmit it by registered mail to the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission.
1118	(4) In each county election, municipal election, school election, special district election,
1119	and local special election, the election officer shall transmit the reports to the [lieutenant governor]
1120	State Elections Commission within 14 days of the canvass.
1121	(5) In regular primary elections and in the Western States Presidential Primary, the board
1122	shall transmit to the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission:
1123	(a) the county totals for multi-county races, to be telephoned or faxed to the [lieutenant
1124	governor] State Elections Commission:
1125	(i) not later than the Tuesday after the primary election for the regular primary election;
1126	and
1127	(ii) not later than the Friday after the election for the Western States Presidential Primary;
1128	and
1129	(b) a complete tabulation showing voting totals for all primary races, precinct by precinct,
1130	to be mailed to the [Hieutenant governor] State Elections Commission on or before the second
1131	Friday following the primary election.
1132	Section 31. Section 20A-4-306 is amended to read:
1133	20A-4-306. Statewide canvass.
1134	(1) (a) The state board of canvassers shall convene:
1135	(i) on the fourth Monday of November, at noon; or
1136	(ii) at noon on the day following the receipt by the [Hieutenant governor] State Elections
1137	Commission of the last of the returns of a statewide special election.
1138	(b) The state auditor, the state treasurer, and the attorney general are the state board of
1139	canvassers.
1140	(2) (a) The state board of canvassers shall:
1141	(i) meet in the [lieutenant governor's] office of the State Elections Commission; and
1142	(ii) compute and determine the vote for officers and for and against any ballot propositions
1143	voted upon by the voters of the entire state or of two or more counties.

1144	(b) The [lieutenant governor, as secretary of the board] State Elections Commission shall
1145	[file] prepare a report [in his office] that details:
1146	(i) for each statewide officer and ballot proposition:
1147	(A) the name of the statewide office or ballot proposition that appeared on the ballot;
1148	(B) the candidates for each statewide office whose names appeared on the ballot, plus any
1149	recorded write-in candidates;
1150	(C) the number of votes from each county cast for each candidate and for and against each
1151	ballot proposition;
1152	(D) the total number of votes cast statewide for each candidate and for and against each
1153	ballot proposition; and
1154	(E) the total number of votes cast statewide; and
1155	(ii) for each officer or ballot proposition voted on in two or more counties:
1156	(A) the name of each of those offices and ballot propositions that appeared on the ballot;
1157	(B) the candidates for those offices, plus any recorded write-in candidates;
1158	(C) the number of votes from each county cast for each candidate and for and against each
1159	ballot proposition; and
1160	(D) the total number of votes cast for each candidate and for and against each ballot
1161	proposition.
1162	(c) The [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall:
1163	(i) prepare certificates of election for:
1164	(A) each successful candidate; and
1165	(B) each of the presidential electors of the candidate for president who received a majority
1166	of the votes;
1167	(ii) authenticate each certificate with his seal; and
1168	(iii) deliver a certificate of election to:
1169	(A) each candidate who had the highest number of votes for each office; and
1170	(B) each of the presidential electors of the candidate for president who received a majority
1171	of the votes.
1172	(3) If the [Hieutenant governor] State Elections Commission has not received election
1173	returns from all counties on the fifth day before the day designated for the meeting of the state
1174	board of canvassers, the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall:

1175	(a) send a messenger to the clerk of the board of county canvassers of the delinquent
1176	county;
1177	(b) instruct the messenger to demand a certified copy of the board of canvasser's report
1178	required by Section 20A-4-304 from the clerk; and
1179	(c) pay the messenger the per diem provided by law as compensation.
1180	(4) The state board of canvassers may not withhold the declaration of the result or any
1181	certificate of election because of any defect or informality in the returns of any election if the board
1182	can determine from the returns, with reasonable certainty, what office is intended and who is
1183	elected to it.
1184	(5) (a) At noon on the third Monday after the regular primary election, the [lieutenant
1185	governor] State Elections Commission shall:
1186	(i) canvass the returns for all multicounty candidates required to file with the office of the
1187	[Hieutenant governor] State Elections Commission; and
1188	(ii) publish and file the results of the canvass in the [lieutenant governor's] office of the
1189	State Elections Commission.
1190	(b) The [Heutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall certify the results of the
1191	primary canvass to the county clerks not later than the August 1 after the primary election.
1192	(6) (a) At noon on the third Thursday after the Western States Presidential Primary
1193	election, the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall:
1194	(i) canvass the returns; and
1195	(ii) publish and file the results of the canvass in the [Hieutenant governor's] State Elections
1196	Commission's office.
1197	(b) The [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall certify the results of the
1198	Western States Presidential Primary canvass to each registered political party that participated in
1199	the primary not later than the April 15 after the primary election.
1200	Section 32. Section 20A-5-101 is amended to read:
1201	20A-5-101. Notice of election.
1202	(1) On or before February 1 in each regular general election year, the [lieutenant governor]
1203	State Elections Commission shall prepare and transmit a written notice to each county clerk that:
1204	(a) designates the offices to be filled at the regular general election;
1205	(b) identifies the dates for filing a declaration of candidacy for those offices; and

1206	(c) contains a description of any ballot propositions to be decided by the voters that have
1207	qualified for the ballot as of that date.
1208	(2) (a) No later than February 10, each county clerk shall:
1209	(i) publish a notice once in a newspaper published in that county; and
1210	(ii) (A) cause a copy of the notice to be posted in a conspicuous place most likely to give
1211	notice of the election to the voters in each voting precinct within the county; and
1212	(B) prepare an affidavit of that posting, showing a copy of the notice and the places where
1213	the notice was posted.
1214	(b) The notice required by Subsection (2)(a) shall:
1215	(i) designate the offices to be voted on in that election in that county, other than special
1216	district offices; and
1217	(ii) identify the dates for filing a declaration of candidacy for those offices.
1218	(3) Before each election, the election officer shall give written or printed notice of:
1219	(a) the date and place of election;
1220	(b) the hours during which the polls will be open;
1221	(c) the polling places for each voting precinct; and
1222	(d) the qualifications for persons to vote in the election.
1223	(4) To provide the notice required by Subsection (3), the election officer shall publish the
1224	notice at least two days before the election in a newspaper of general circulation common to the
1225	area or in which the election is being held.
1226	Section 33. Section 20A-5-405 is amended to read:
1227	20A-5-405. Election officer to provide ballots.
1228	(1) In jurisdictions using paper ballots, each election officer shall:
1229	(a) provide printed official paper ballots and absentee ballots for every election of public
1230	officers in which the voters, or any of the voters, within the election officer's jurisdiction
1231	participate;
1232	(b) cause the name of every candidate whose nomination has been certified to or filed with
1233	the election officer in the manner provided by law to be printed on each official paper ballot and
1234	absentee ballot;
1235	(c) cause any ballot proposition that has qualified for the ballot as provided by law to be
1236	printed on each official paper ballot and absentee ballot;

1237	(d) ensure that the official paper ballots are printed and in the possession of the election
1238	officer at least four days before election day;
1239	(e) ensure that the absentee ballots are printed and in the possession of the election officer
1240	at least 15 days before election day;
1241	(f) cause any ballot proposition that has qualified for the ballot as provided by law to be
1242	printed on each official paper ballot and absentee ballot;
1243	(g) allow candidates and their agents and the sponsors of ballot propositions that have
1244	qualified for the official ballot to inspect the official paper ballots and absentee ballots;
1245	(h) cause sample ballots to be printed that are in the same form as official paper ballots and
1246	that contain the same information as official paper ballots but that are printed on different colored
1247	paper than official paper ballots;
1248	(i) ensure that the sample ballots are printed and in the possession of the election officer
1249	at least seven days before election day;
1250	(j) make the sample ballots available for public inspection by:
1251	(i) posting a copy of the sample ballot in his office at least seven days before the election;
1252	(ii) mailing a copy of the sample ballot to:
1253	(A) each candidate listed on the ballot; and
1254	(B) the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission; and
1255	(iii) publishing a copy of the sample ballot immediately before the election in at least one
1256	newspaper of general circulation in the jurisdiction holding the election;
1257	(k) deliver at least five copies of the sample ballot to election judges in each voting
1258	precinct and direct them to post the sample ballots at each voting precinct as required by Section
1259	20A-5-102; and
1260	(l) print and deliver, at the expense of the jurisdiction conducting the election, enough
1261	official paper ballots, absentee ballots, sample ballots, and instruction cards to meet the voting
1262	demands of the qualified voters in each voting precinct.
1263	(2) In jurisdictions using ballot cards, each election officer shall:
1264	(a) provide official ballot cards, absentee ballot cards, and printed official ballot labels for
1265	every election of public officers in which the voters, or any of the voters, within the election
1266	officer's jurisdiction participate;

(b) cause the name of every candidate who filed with the election officer in the manner

provided by law or whose nomination has been certified to the election officer to be printed on each official ballot label;

(c) cause each ballot proposition that has qualified for the ballot as provided by law to

- (c) cause each ballot proposition that has qualified for the ballot as provided by law to be printed on each official ballot label;
- (d) ensure that the official ballot labels are printed and in the possession of the election officer at least four days before election day;
- (e) ensure that the absentee ballots are printed and in the possession of the election officer at least 15 days before election day;
- (f) cause any ballot proposition that has qualified for the ballot as provided by law to be printed on each official ballot label and absentee ballot;
- (g) allow candidates and their agents and the sponsors of ballot propositions that have qualified for the official sample ballot to inspect the official sample ballot;
- (h) cause sample ballots to be printed that contain the same information as official ballot labels but that are distinguishable from official ballot labels;
- (i) ensure that the sample ballots are printed and in the possession of the election officer at least seven days before election day;
 - (j) make the sample ballots available for public inspection by:
 - (i) posting a copy of the sample ballot in his office at least seven days before the election;
 - (ii) mailing a copy of the sample ballot to:

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- (A) each candidate listed on the ballot; and
 - (B) the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission; and
- 1289 (iii) publishing a copy of the sample ballot immediately before the election in at least one 1290 newspaper of general circulation in the jurisdiction holding the election;
 - (k) deliver at least five copies of the sample ballot to election judges in each voting precinct and direct them to post the sample ballots at each voting precinct as required by Section 20A-5-102; and
 - (l) print and deliver official ballot cards, official ballot labels, sample ballots, and instruction cards at the expense of the jurisdiction conducting the election.
- 1296 (3) (a) Each election officer shall, without delay, correct any error discovered in any 1297 official paper ballot, ballot label, or sample ballot, if the correction can be made without interfering 1298 with the timely distribution of paper ballots and ballot labels.

1299	(b) If the election officer discovers errors or omissions in the paper ballots or ballot labels
1300	and it is not possible to correct the errors or omissions by reprinting the paper ballots or ballot
1301	labels, the election officer shall direct the election judges to make the necessary corrections on the
1302	official paper ballots or ballot labels before they are distributed at the polls.
1303	(c) (i) If the election officer refuses or fails to correct an error or omission in the paper
1304	ballots or ballot labels, a candidate or his agent may file a verified petition with the district court
1305	asserting that:
1306	(A) an error or omission has occurred in the publication of the name or description of a
1307	candidate or in the printing of sample or official paper ballots or ballot labels; and
1308	(B) the election officer has failed to correct or provide for the correction of the error or
1309	omission.
1310	(ii) The district court shall issue an order requiring correction of any error in a paper ballot
1311	or ballot label, or an order to show cause why the error should not be corrected if it appears to the
1312	court that the error or omission has occurred and the election officer has failed to correct it or
1313	failed to provide for its correction.
1314	(iii) A party aggrieved by the district court's decision may appeal the matter to the Utah
1315	Supreme Court within five days after the decision of the district court.
1316	Section 34. Section 20A-5-409 is amended to read:
1317	20A-5-409. Certification of candidates to county clerks.
1318	By September 1 of each regular general election year, the [lieutenant governor] State
1319	Elections Commission shall certify to each county clerk the name of each candidate qualified to
1320	be printed on the regular general election ballot for that county clerk's county.
1321	Section 35. Section 20A-6-104 is amended to read:
1322	20A-6-104. Electronic ballots and electronic voting.
1323	Under the direction of the [lieutenant governor as chief election officer] executive director
1324	of the State Elections Commission, a county may develop and implement a voting system meeting
1325	the requirements of the Utah Constitution that allows a voter to cast the voter's vote electronically.
1326	Section 36. Section 20A-6-203 is amended to read:
1327	20A-6-203. Ballots for regular primary elections.

(1) The [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission, together with county clerks,

suppliers of election materials, and representatives of registered political parties, shall:

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1330	(a) develop paper ballots, ballot labels, and ballot cards to be used in Utah's regular
1331	primary election;
1332	(b) ensure that the paper ballots, ballot labels, and ballot cards comply generally, where
1333	applicable, with the requirements of Title 20A, Chapter 6, Part 1, General Requirements for All
1334	Ballots, and this section; and
1335	(c) provide voting booths, election records and supplies, and ballot boxes for each voting
1336	precinct as required by Section 20A-5-403.
1337	(2) (a) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsections (1)(b) and (c), Title 20A, Chapter
1338	6, Part 1, General Requirements for All Ballots, and Sections 20A-5-403, 20A-6-401, and
1339	20A-6-401.1, the [Hieutenant governor] State Elections Commission, together with county clerks,
1340	suppliers of election materials, and representatives of registered political parties shall ensure that
1341	the paper ballots, ballot labels, ballot cards, and voting booths, election records and supplies, and
1342	ballot boxes:
1343	(i) facilitate the distribution, voting, and tallying of ballots in a primary where not all
1344	voters are authorized to vote for a party's candidate;
1345	(ii) simplify the task of election judges, particularly in determining a voter's party
1346	affiliation;
1347	(iii) minimize the possibility of spoiled ballots due to voter confusion; and
1348	(iv) protect against fraud.
1349	(b) To accomplish the requirements of this Subsection (2), the [Heutenant governor] State
1350	Elections Commission, county clerks, suppliers of election materials, and representatives of
1351	registered political parties shall:
1352	(i) mark, prepunch, or otherwise identify ballot cards as being for a particular registered
1353	political party; and
1354	(ii) instruct persons counting the ballots to count only those votes for candidates from the
1355	registered political party whose ballot the voter received.
1356	Section 37. Section 20A-6-301 is amended to read:
1357	20A-6-301. Paper ballots Regular general election.
1358	(1) Each election officer shall ensure that:
1359	(a) all ballots furnished for use at the regular general election contain no captions or other
1360	endorsements except as provided in this section;

1361 (b) (i) the ballot contains a ballot stub at least one inch wide, placed across the top of the 1362 ballot, and divided from the rest of ballot by a perforated line; (ii) the ballot number and the words "Judge's Initial" are printed on the stub; and 1363 1364 (iii) ballot stubs are numbered consecutively; (c) immediately below the perforated ballot stub, the following endorsements are printed 1365 1366 in 18-point bold type: (i) "Official Ballot for ____ County, Utah"; 1367 1368 (ii) the date of the election; and 1369 (iii) a facsimile of the signature of the county clerk and the words "county clerk"; 1370 (d) each ticket is placed in a separate column on the ballot in the order determined by the 1371 election officer with the party emblem, followed by the party name, at the head of the column; 1372 (e) the party name or title is printed in capital letters not less than 1/4 of an inch high; 1373 (f) a circle 1/2 inch in diameter is printed immediately below the party name or title, and 1374 the top of the circle is placed not less than two inches below the perforated line; 1375 (g) unaffiliated candidates and candidates not affiliated with a registered political party are 1376 listed in one column, without a party circle, with the following instructions printed at the head of the column: "All candidates not affiliated with a political party are listed below. They are to be 1377 1378 considered with all offices and candidates listed to the left. Only one vote is allowed for each 1379 office."; 1380 (h) the columns containing the lists of candidates, including the party name and device, 1381 are separated by heavy parallel lines; 1382 (i) the offices to be filled are plainly printed immediately above the names of the 1383 candidates for those offices; 1384 (j) the names of candidates are printed in capital letters, not less than 1/8 nor more than 1385 1/4 of an inch high in heavy-faced type not smaller than ten-point, between lines or rules 3/8 of 1386 an inch apart; 1387 (k) a square with sides measuring not less than 1/4 of an inch in length is printed at the right of the name of each candidate; 1388 1389 (1) for the offices of president and vice president and governor and lieutenant governor, 1390 one square with sides measuring not less than 1/4 of an inch in length is printed opposite a double 1391 bracket enclosing the right side of the names of the two candidates;

1392	(m) immediately to the right of the unaffiliated ticket on the ballot, the ballot contains a
1393	write-in column long enough to contain as many written names of candidates as there are persons
1394	to be elected with:
1395	(i) the offices to be filled printed above the blank spaces on the ticket; and
1396	(ii) the words "Write-In Voting Column" printed at the head of the column without a 1/2
1397	inch circle;
1398	(n) when required, the ballot includes a nonpartisan ticket placed immediately to the right
1399	of the write-in ticket with the word "NONPARTISAN" in reverse type in an 18-point solid rule
1400	running vertically the full length of the nonpartisan ballot copy; and
1401	(o) constitutional amendments or other questions submitted to the vote of the people, are
1402	printed on the ballot after the list of candidates.
1403	(2) Each election officer shall ensure that:
1404	(a) each person nominated by any political party or group of petitioners is placed on the
1405	ballot:
1406	(i) under the party name and emblem, if any; or
1407	(ii) under the title of the party or group as designated by them in their certificates of
1408	nomination or petition, or, if none is designated, then under some suitable title;
1409	(b) the names of all unaffiliated candidates that qualify as required in Title 20A, Chapter
1410	9, Part 5, Candidates not Affiliated with a Party, are placed on the ballot;
1411	(c) the names of the candidates for president and vice president are used on the ballot
1412	instead of the names of the presidential electors; and
1413	(d) the ballots contain no other names.
1414	(3) When the ballot contains a nonpartisan section, the election officer shall ensure that:
1415	(a) the designation of the office to be filled in the election and the number of candidates
1416	to be elected are printed in type not smaller than eight-point;
1417	(b) the words designating the office are printed flush with the left-hand margin;
1418	(c) the words, "Vote for one" or "Vote for two or more" extend to the extreme right of the
1419	column;
1420	(d) the nonpartisan candidates are grouped according to the office for which they are
1421	candidates;

(e) the names in each group are placed in alphabetical order with the surnames last, except

for candidates for the State Board of Education and local school boards;

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- (f) the names of candidates for the State Board of Education are placed on the ballot as certified by the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission under Section 20A-14-105;
- (g) if candidates for membership on a local board of education were selected in a primary election, the name of the candidate who received the most votes in the primary election is listed first on the ballot;
- (h) if candidates for membership on a local board of education were not selected in the primary election, the names of the candidates are listed on the ballot in the order determined by a lottery conducted by the county clerk; and
- (i) each group is preceded by the designation of the office for which the candidates seek election, and the words, "Vote for one" or "Vote for two or more," according to the number to be elected.
 - (4) Each election officer shall ensure that:
- (a) proposed amendments to the Utah Constitution are listed on the ballot under the heading "Constitutional Amendment Number ___" with the number of the constitutional amendment as assigned under Section 20A-7-103 placed in the blank;
- (b) propositions submitted to the voters by the Utah Legislature are listed on the ballot under the heading "State Proposition Number ___" with the number of the state proposition as assigned under Section 20A-7-103 placed in the blank;
- (c) propositions submitted to the voters by a county are listed on the ballot under the heading "County Proposition Number ___" with the number of the county proposition as assigned by the county legislative body placed in the blank;
- (d) propositions submitted to the voters by a school district are listed on the ballot under the heading "School District Proposition Number ___" with the number of the school district proposition as assigned by the county legislative body placed in the blank;
- (e) state initiatives that have qualified for the ballot are listed on the ballot under the heading "Citizen's State Initiative Number __" with the number of the state initiative as assigned by Section 20A-7-209 placed in the blank;
- (f) county initiatives that have qualified for the ballot are listed on the ballot under the heading "Citizen's County Initiative Number __" with the number of the county initiative as assigned under Section 20A-7-508 placed in the blank;

1454	(g) state referenda that have qualified for the ballot are listed on the ballot under the
1455	heading "Citizen's State Referendum Number" with the number of the state referendum as
1456	assigned under Sections 20A-7-209 and 20A-7-308 placed in the blank; and
1457	(h) county referenda that have qualified for the ballot are listed on the ballot under the
1458	heading "Citizen's County Referendum Number" with the number of the county referendum as
1459	assigned under Section 20A-7-608 placed in the blank.
1460	Section 38. Section 20A-6-302 is amended to read:
1461	20A-6-302. Placement of candidates' names on paper ballots.
1462	(1) Each election officer shall ensure, for paper ballots in regular general elections, that:
1463	(a) except for candidates for state school board and local school boards:
1464	(i) each candidate is listed by party; and
1465	(ii) candidates' surnames are listed in alphabetical order on the ballots when two or more
1466	candidates' names are required to be listed on a ticket under the title of an office;
1467	(b) the names of candidates for the State Board of Education are placed on the ballot as
1468	certified by the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission under Section 20A-14-105;
1469	(c) if candidates for membership on a local board of education were selected in a regular
1470	primary election, the name of the candidate who received the most votes in the regular primary
1471	election is listed first on the ballot; and
1472	(d) if candidates for membership on a local board of education were not selected in the
1473	regular primary election, the names of the candidates are listed on the ballot in the order
1474	determined by a lottery conducted by the county clerk.
1475	(2) (a) The election officer may not allow the name of a candidate who dies or withdraws
1476	before election day to be printed upon the ballots.
1477	(b) If the ballots have already been printed, the election officer:
1478	(i) shall, if possible, cancel the name of the dead or withdrawn candidate by drawing a line
1479	through the candidate's name before the ballots are delivered to voters; and
1480	(ii) may not count any votes for that dead or withdrawn candidate.
1481	(3) (a) When there is only one candidate for county attorney at the regular general election
1482	in counties that have three or fewer registered voters of the county who are licensed active
1483	members in good standing of the Utah State Bar, the county clerk shall cause that candidate's name
1484	and party affiliation, if any, to be placed on a separate section of the ballot with the following

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1485 question: "Shall (name of candidate) be elected to the office of county attorney? Yes No 1486 1487 (b) If the number of "Yes" votes exceeds the number of "No" votes, the candidate is 1488 elected to the office of county attorney. 1489 (c) If the number of "No" votes exceeds the number of "Yes" votes, the candidate is not 1490 elected and may not take office, nor may he continue in the office past the end of the term resulting 1491 from any prior election or appointment. 1492 (d) When the name of only one candidate for county attorney is printed on the ballot under 1493 authority of Subsection (3), the county clerk may not count any write-in votes received for the 1494 office of county attorney. 1495 (e) If no qualified person files for the office of county attorney or if the candidate is not 1496 elected by the voters, the county legislative body shall appoint the county attorney as provided in 1497 Section 20A-1-509.2. 1498 (f) If the candidate whose name would, except for this Subsection (3)(f), be placed on the 1499 ballot under Subsection (3)(a) has been elected on a ballot under Subsection (3)(a) to the two 1500 consecutive terms immediately preceding the term for which the candidate is seeking election, 1501 Subsection (3)(a) shall not apply and that candidate shall be considered to be an unopposed 1502 candidate the same as any other unopposed candidate for another office, unless a petition is filed 1503 with the county clerk before the date of that year's primary election that: 1504 (i) requests the procedure set forth in Subsection (3)(a) to be followed; and (ii) contains the signatures of registered voters in the county representing in number at 1505 1506 least 25% of all votes cast in the county for all candidates for governor at the last election at which 1507 a governor was elected. 1508 (4) (a) When there is only one candidate for district attorney at the regular general election 1509 in a prosecution district that has three or fewer registered voters of the district who are licensed 1510 active members in good standing of the Utah State Bar, the county clerk shall cause that 1511 candidate's name and party affiliation, if any, to be placed on a separate section of the ballot with 1512 the following question: "Shall (name of candidate) be elected to the office of district attorney? Yes 1513 ____ No ___."

(b) If the number of "Yes" votes exceeds the number of "No" votes, the candidate is elected to the office of district attorney.

1516 (c) If the number of "No" votes exceeds the number of "Yes" votes, the candidate is not 1517 elected and may not take office, nor may he continue in the office past the end of the term resulting from any prior election or appointment. 1518 1519 (d) When the name of only one candidate for district attorney is printed on the ballot under 1520 authority of this Subsection (4), the county clerk may not count any write-in votes received for the 1521 office of district attorney. 1522 (e) If no qualified person files for the office of district attorney, or if the only candidate is 1523 not elected by the voters under this subsection, the county legislative body shall appoint a new 1524 district attorney for a four-year term as provided in Section 20A-1-509.2. 1525 (f) If the candidate whose name would, except for this Subsection (4)(f), be placed on the 1526 ballot under Subsection (4)(a) has been elected on a ballot under Subsection (4)(a) to the two 1527 consecutive terms immediately preceding the term for which the candidate is seeking election, 1528 Subsection (4)(a) shall not apply and that candidate shall be considered to be an unopposed 1529 candidate the same as any other unopposed candidate for another office, unless a petition is filed 1530 with the county clerk before the date of that year's primary election that: 1531 (i) requests the procedure set forth in Subsection (4)(a) to be followed; and (ii) contains the signatures of registered voters in the county representing in number at 1532 1533 least 25% of all votes cast in the county for all candidates for governor at the last election at which 1534 a governor was elected. 1535 Section 39. Section **20A-7-103** is amended to read: 1536 20A-7-103. Constitutional amendments and other questions -- Procedures for 1537 submission to popular vote. (1) The procedures contained in this section govern when: 1538 1539 (a) the Legislature submits a proposed constitutional amendment or other question to the 1540 voters; and 1541 (b) an act of the Legislature is referred to the voters by referendum petition. 1542 (2) The [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall, not later than 60 days before the regular general election, publish the full text of the amendment, question, or statute in 1543 1544 at least one newspaper in every county of the state where a newspaper is published.

(a) entitle each proposed constitutional amendment "Constitutional Amendment Number

(3) The legislative general counsel shall:

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1547	" and give it a number;
1548	(b) entitle each proposed question "State Proposition Number" and give it a number;
1549	(c) entitle each state referendum that has qualified for the ballot "Citizen's State
1550	Referendum Number" and give it a number;
1551	(d) draft and designate a ballot title that summarizes the subject matter of the amendment
1552	or question; and
1553	(e) deliver them to the [Hieutenant governor] State Elections Commission.
1554	(4) The [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall certify the number and
1555	ballot title of each amendment or question to the county clerk of each county no later than the
1556	second Friday after the primary election.
1557	(5) The county clerk of each county shall:
1558	(a) ensure that both the number and title of the amendment, question, or referendum is
1559	printed on the sample ballots and official ballots; and
1560	(b) publish them as provided by law.
1561	Section 40. Section 20A-7-201 is amended to read:
1562	20A-7-201. Statewide initiatives Signature requirements Submission to the
1563	Legislature or to a vote of the people.
1564	(1) (a) A person seeking to have an initiative submitted to the Legislature for approval or
1565	rejection shall obtain:
1566	(i) legal signatures equal to 5% of the cumulative total of all votes cast for all candidates
1567	for governor at the last regular general election at which a governor was elected; and
1568	(ii) from each of at least 20 counties, legal signatures equal to 5% of the total of all votes
1569	cast in that county for all candidates for governor at the last regular general election at which a
1570	governor was elected.
1571	(b) If, at any time not less than ten days before the beginning of an annual general session
1572	of the Legislature, the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission declares sufficient any
1573	initiative petition that is signed by enough voters to meet the requirements of this Subsection (1),
1574	the [Heutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall deliver a copy of the petition and the
1575	cover sheet required by Subsection (1)(c) to the president of the Senate, the speaker of the House
1576	and the director of the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel.
1577	(c) In delivering a copy of the petition, the [lieutenant governor] State Elections

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1578	Commission shall include a cover sheet that contains:
1579	(i) the cumulative total of all votes cast for all candidates for governor at the last regular
1580	general election at which a governor was elected;
1581	(ii) the total of all votes cast in each county for all candidates for governor at the last
1582	regular general election at which a governor was elected;
1583	(iii) the total number of certified signatures received for the submitted initiative; and
1584	(iv) the total number of certified signatures received from each county for the submitted
1585	initiative.
1586	(2) (a) A person seeking to have an initiative submitted to a vote of the people for approval
1587	or rejection shall obtain:
1588	(i) legal signatures equal to 10% of the cumulative total of all votes cast for all candidates
1589	for governor at the last regular general election at which a governor was elected; and
1590	(ii) from each of at least 20 counties, legal signatures equal to 10% of the total of all votes
1591	cast in that county for all candidates for governor at the last regular general election at which a
1592	governor was elected.
1593	(b) If, at any time not less than four months before any regular general election, the
1594	[Hieutenant governor] State Elections Commission declares sufficient any initiative petition that
1595	is signed by enough legal voters to meet the requirements of this Subsection (2)(b), the [lieutenant
1596	governor] State Elections Commission shall submit the proposed law to a vote of the people at the
1597	next regular general election.
1598	(3) The [Hieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall provide the following
1599	information from the official canvass of the last regular general election at which a governor was
1600	elected to any interested person:
1601	(a) the cumulative total of all votes cast for all candidates for governor; and
1602	(b) for each county, the total of all votes cast in that county for all candidates for governor.
1603	Section 41. Section 20A-7-202 is amended to read:
1604	20A-7-202. Statewide initiative process Application procedures Time to gather
1605	signatures Grounds for rejection.
1606	(1) Persons wishing to circulate an initiative petition shall file an application with the
1607	[lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission.

(2) The application shall contain:

1609	(a) the name and residence address of at least five sponsors of the initiative petition;
1610	(b) a statement indicating that each of the sponsors:
1611	(i) is a resident of Utah; and
1612	(ii) has voted in a regular general election in Utah within the last three years;
1613	(c) the signature of each of the sponsors, attested to by a notary public; and
1614	(d) a copy of the proposed law.
1615	(3) The application and its contents are public when filed with the [lieutenant governor]
1616	State Elections Commission.
1617	(4) (a) The sponsors shall qualify the petition for the regular general election ballot no later
1618	than the second regular general election after the application is filed.
1619	(b) If the sponsors fail to qualify the petition for that ballot, the sponsors must:
1620	(i) submit a new application;
1621	(ii) obtain new signature sheets; and
1622	(iii) collect signatures again.
1623	(5) The [Hieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall reject the application and
1624	not issue circulation sheets if:
1625	(a) the law proposed by the initiative is patently unconstitutional;
1626	(b) the law proposed by the initiative is nonsensical; or
1627	(c) the proposed law could not become law if passed.
1628	Section 42. Section 20A-7-203 is amended to read:
1629	20A-7-203. Form of initiative petition and signature sheets.
1630	(1) (a) Each proposed initiative petition shall be printed in substantially the following
1631	form:
1632	"INITIATIVE PETITION To the [Honorable, Lieutenant Governor] State Elections
1633	Commission:
1634	We, the undersigned citizens of Utah, respectfully demand that the following proposed law
1635	be submitted to the legal voters/Legislature of Utah for their/its approval or rejection at the regular
1636	general election/session to be held/ beginning on(month\day\year);
1637	Each signer says:
1638	I have personally signed this petition;
1639	I am registered to vote in Utah or intend to become registered to vote in Utah before the

1640	certification of the petition names by the county clerk; and	
1641	My residence and post office address are written correctly after my name."	
1642	(b) The sponsors of an initiative shall attach a copy of the proposed law to each initiative	
1643	petition.	
1644	(2) Each signature sheet shall:	
1645	(a) be printed on sheets of paper 8-1/2 inches long and 11 inches wide;	
1646	(b) be ruled with a horizontal line 3/4 inch from the top, with the space above that line	
1647	blank for the purpose of binding;	
1648	(c) contain the title of the initiative printed below the horizontal line;	
1649	(d) contain the word "Warning" printed or typed at the top of each signature sheet under	
1650	the title of the initiative;	
1651	(e) contain, to the right of the word "Warning," the following statement printed or typed	
1652	in not less than eight-point, single leaded type:	
1653	"It is a class A misdemeanor for anyone to sign any initiative petition with any other name	
1654	than his own, or knowingly to sign his name more than once for the same measure, or to sign an	
1655	initiative petition when he knows he is not a registered voter and knows that he does not intend	
1656	to become registered to vote before the certification of the petition names by the county clerk.";	
1657	(f) contain horizontally ruled lines, 3/8 inch apart under the "Warning" statement required	
1658	by this section; and	
1659	(g) be vertically divided into columns as follows:	
1660	(i) the first column shall appear at the extreme left of the sheet, be 5/8 inch wide, be	
1661	headed with "For Office Use Only," and be subdivided with a light vertical line down the middle	
1662	with the left subdivision entitled "Registered" and the right subdivision left untitled;	
1663	(ii) the next column shall be three inches wide, headed "Registered Voter's Printed Name	
1664	(must be legible to be counted)";	
1665	(iii) the next column shall be three inches wide, headed "Signature of Registered Voter";	
1666	and	
1667	(iv) the final column shall be 4-3/8 inches wide, headed "Street Address, City, Zip Code".	
1668	(3) The final page of each initiative packet shall contain the following printed or typed	
1669	statement:	

"Verification

10/1	State of Otan, County of
1672	I,, of, hereby state that:
1673	I am a resident of Utah and am at least 18 years old;
1674	All the names that appear in this packet were signed by persons who professed to be the
1675	persons whose names appear in it, and each of them signed his name on it in my presence;
1676	I believe that each has printed and signed his name and written his post office address and
1677	residence correctly, and that each signer is registered to vote in Utah or intends to become
1678	registered to vote before the certification of the petition names by the county clerk.
1679	
1680	(Name) (Residence Address) (Date)"
681	(4) The forms prescribed in this section are not mandatory, and, if substantially followed,
682	the initiative petitions are sufficient, notwithstanding clerical and merely technical errors.
683	Section 43. Section 20A-7-204 is amended to read:
684	20A-7-204. Circulation requirements State Elections Commission to provide
685	sponsors with materials.
1686	(1) In order to obtain the necessary number of signatures required by this part, the sponsors
1687	shall circulate initiative packets that meet the form requirements of this part.
1688	(2) The [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall furnish to the sponsors:
1689	(a) a copy of the initiative petition; and
1690	(b) one signature sheet.
1691	(3) The sponsors of the petition shall:
1692	(a) arrange and pay for the printing of all additional copies of the petition and signature
1693	sheets; and
1694	(b) ensure that the copies of the petition and signature sheets meet the form requirements
1695	of this section.
1696	(4) (a) The sponsors may prepare the initiative for circulation by creating multiple
1697	initiative packets.
1698	(b) The sponsors shall create those packets by binding a copy of the initiative petition, a
1699	copy of the proposed law, and no more than 50 signature sheets together at the top in such a way
1700	that the packets may be conveniently opened for signing.
1701	(c) The sponsors need not attach a uniform number of signature sheets to each initiative

1702	packet.	
1703	(5) (a) After the sponsors have prepared sufficient initiative packets, they shall return them	
1704	to the [Hieutenant governor] State Elections Commission.	
1705	(b) The [Hieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall:	
1706	(i) number each of the initiative packets and return them to the sponsors within five	
1707	working days; and	
1708	(ii) keep a record of the numbers assigned to each packet.	
1709	Section 44. Section 20A-7-205 is amended to read:	
1710	20A-7-205. Obtaining signatures Verification Removal of signature.	
1711	(1) Any Utah voter may sign an initiative petition if the voter is a legal voter.	
1712	(2) The sponsors shall ensure that the person in whose presence each signature sheet was	
1713	signed:	
1714	(a) is at least 18 years old and meets the residency requirements of Section 20A-2-105; and	
1715	(b) verifies each signature sheet by completing the verification printed on the last page of	
1716	each initiative packet.	
1717	(3) (a) (i) Any voter who has signed an initiative petition may have his signature removed	
1718	from the petition by submitting a notarized statement to that effect to the county clerk.	
1719	(ii) In order for the signature to be removed, the statement must be received by the county	
1720	clerk before he delivers the petition to the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission.	
1721	(b) Upon receipt of the statement, the county clerk shall remove the signature of the person	
1722	submitting the statement from the initiative petition.	
1723	(c) No one may remove signatures from an initiative petition after the petition is submitted	
1724	to the [Hieutenant governor] State Elections Commission.	
1725	Section 45. Section 20A-7-205.5 is amended to read:	
1726	20A-7-205.5. Monthly reports.	
1727	(1) When petitions are being circulated by paid circulators, the sponsors of the initiative	
1728	shall file a report with the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission on the last Tuesday	
1729	in April and on the Tuesday before the regular general election.	
1730	(2) The report shall contain:	
1731	(a) the names of the sponsors; and	
1732	(b) the name of the proposed measure for which petitions are being circulated by paid	

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or not the signer is a registered voter;

1733	circulators.
1734	Section 46. Section 20A-7-206 is amended to read:
1735	20A-7-206. Submitting the initiative petition Certification of signatures by the
1736	county clerks Transfer to State Elections Commission.
1737	(1) In order to qualify an initiative petition for placement on the regular general election
1738	ballot, the sponsors shall deliver each signed and verified initiative packet to the county clerk of
1739	the county in which the packet was circulated by the June 1 before the regular general election.
1740	(2) No later than June 15 before the regular general election, the county clerk shall:
1741	(a) check the names of all persons completing the verification for the initiative packet to
1742	determine whether or not those persons are residents of Utah and are at least 18 years old; and
1743	(b) submit the name of each of those persons who is not a Utah resident or who is not at
1744	least 18 years old to the attorney general and county attorney.
1745	(3) No later than July 1 before the regular general election, the county clerk shall:
1746	(a) check all the names of the signers against the official registers to determine whether
1747	or not the signer is a registered voter;
1748	(b) certify on the petition whether or not each name is that of a registered voter; and
1749	(c) deliver all of the packets to the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission.
1750	(4) In order to qualify an initiative petition for submission to the Legislature, the sponsors
1751	shall deliver each signed and verified initiative packet to the county clerk of the county in which
1752	the packet was circulated by the November 15 before the annual general session of the Legislature.
1753	(5) No later than December 1 before the annual general session of the Legislature, the
1754	county clerk shall:
1755	(a) check the names of all persons completing the verification for the initiative packet to
1756	determine whether or not those persons are Utah residents and are at least 18 years old; and
1757	(b) submit the name of each of those persons who is not a Utah resident or who is not at
1758	least 18 years old to the attorney general and county attorney.
1759	(6) No later than December 15 before the annual general session of the Legislature, the
1760	county clerk shall:
1761	(a) check all the names of the signers against the official registers to determine whether

(b) certify on the petition whether or not each name is that of a registered voter; and

1764	(c) deliver all of the packets to the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission.
1765	(7) Initiative packets are public once they are delivered to the county clerks.
1766	(8) The sponsor or their representatives may not retrieve initiative packets from the county
1767	clerks once they have submitted them.
1768	Section 47. Section 20A-7-206.5 is amended to read:
1769	20A-7-206.5. Financial disclosure Paid circulators.
1770	(1) When the proponents of a proposed initiative have paid persons to circulate the
1771	petition, the proponents shall, at the time the last initiative packet is filed with the county clerk,
1772	file a form with the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission detailing the amount of
1773	money paid per signature.
1774	(2) The [Hieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall develop a form to disclose
1775	the information required by this section.
1776	Section 48. Section 20A-7-207 is amended to read:
1777	20A-7-207. Evaluation by the State Elections Commission.
1778	(1) When each initiative packet is received from a county clerk, the [lieutenant governor]
1779	State Elections Commission shall check off from [his] its record the number of each initiative
1780	packet filed.
1781	(2) (a) After all of the initiative packets have been received by the [lieutenant governor]
1782	State Elections Commission, the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall:
1783	(i) count the number of the names certified by the county clerks that appear on each
1784	verified signature sheet; and
1785	(ii) declare the petition to be sufficient or insufficient by July 6 before the regular general
1786	election.
1787	(b) If the total number of certified names from each verified signature sheet equals or
1788	exceeds the number of names required by Section 20A-7-201, the [lieutenant governor] State
1789	Elections Commission shall mark upon the front of the petition the word "sufficient."
1790	(c) If the total number of certified names from each verified signature sheet does not equal
1791	or exceed the number of names required by Section 20A-7-201, the [lieutenant governor] State
1792	Elections Commission shall mark upon the front of the petition the word "insufficient."
1793	(d) The [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall immediately notify any

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one of the sponsors of $[\underline{\text{his}}]$ $\underline{\text{its}}$ finding.

1795	(3) (a) Once a natition is declared insufficient the appropriate may not submit additional
	(3) (a) Once a petition is declared insufficient, the sponsors may not submit additional
1796	signatures to qualify the petition for the pending regular general election.
1797	(b) The petition sponsors may submit additional signatures to qualify the petition for the
1798	regular general election following the pending regular general election if:
1799	(i) the petition is declared insufficient; and
1800	(ii) the pending general election is the first regular general election after the application
1801	was filed.
1802	(4) (a) If the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission refuses to accept and file
1803	any initiative petition that a sponsor believes is legally sufficient, any voter may, by July 20, apply
1804	to the supreme court for an extraordinary writ to compel the [Heutenant governor] State Elections
1805	Commission to do so.
1806	(b) The supreme court shall:
1807	(i) determine whether or not the initiative petition is legally sufficient; and
1808	(ii) certify its findings to the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission by July 30.
1809	(c) If the supreme court certifies that the initiative petition is legally sufficient, the
1810	[lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall file it, with a verified copy of the judgment
1811	attached to it, as of the date on which it was originally offered for filing in [his] its office.
1812	(d) If the supreme court determines that any petition filed is not legally sufficient, the
1813	supreme court may enjoin the [Hieutenant governor] State Elections Commission and all other
1814	officers from certifying or printing the ballot title and numbers of that measure on the official
1815	ballot for the next election.
1816	Section 49. Section 20A-7-208 is amended to read:
1817	20A-7-208. Disposition of initiative petitions by the Legislature.
1818	(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), when the [lieutenant governor] State
1819	Elections Commission delivers an initiative petition to the Legislature, the law proposed by that
1820	initiative petition shall be either enacted or rejected without change or amendment by the
1821	Legislature.
1822	(b) The speaker of the House and the president of the Senate may direct legislative staff
1823	to:
1824	(i) make technical corrections authorized by Section 36-12-12; and
1825	(ii) prepare a legislative review note and a legislative fiscal note on the law proposed by

1826	the initiative petition.
1827	(c) If any law proposed by an initiative petition is enacted by the Legislature, it is subject
1828	to referendum the same as other laws.
1829	(2) If any law proposed by a petition is not enacted by the Legislature, that proposed law
1830	shall be submitted to a vote of the people at the next regular general election if:
1831	(a) sufficient additional signatures to the petition are first obtained to bring the total
1832	number of signatures up to the number required by Subsection 20A-7-201(2); and
1833	(b) those additional signatures are verified, certified by the county clerks, and declared
1834	sufficient by the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission as provided in this part.
1835	Section 50. Section 20A-7-209 is amended to read:
1836	20A-7-209. Ballot title Duties of State Elections Commission and Office of
1837	Legislative Research and General Counsel.
1838	(1) By July 6 before the regular general election, the [lieutenant governor] State Elections
1839	Commission shall deliver a copy of all of the proposed laws that have qualified for the ballot to
1840	the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel.
1841	(2) (a) The Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel shall:
1842	(i) entitle each state initiative that has qualified for the ballot "Citizen's State Initiative
1843	Number" and give it a number;
1844	(ii) prepare an impartial ballot title for each initiative summarizing the contents of the
1845	measure; and
1846	(iii) return each petition and ballot title to the [lieutenant governor] State Elections
1847	Commission by July 20.
1848	(b) The ballot title may be distinct from the title of the proposed law attached to the
1849	initiative petition, and shall be not more than 100 words.
1850	(c) The ballot title and the number of the measure as determined by the Office of
1851	Legislative Research and General Counsel shall be printed on the official ballot.
1852	(3) By July 21, the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall mail a copy of
1853	the ballot title to any sponsor of the petition.
1854	(4) (a) (i) At least three of the sponsors of the petition may, by July 30, challenge the
1855	wording of the ballot title prepared by the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel to
1856	the Supreme Court.

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1857	(ii) After receipt of the appeal, the Supreme Court shall direct the [Hieutenant governor]
1858	State Elections Commission to send notice of the appeal to:
1859	(A) any person or group that has filed an argument for or against the measure that is the
1860	subject of the challenge; or
1861	(B) any political issues committee established under Section 20A-11-801 that has filed
1862	written or electronic notice with the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission that
1863	identifies the name, mailing or email address, and telephone number of the person designated to
1864	receive notice about any issues relating to the initiative.
1865	(b) (i) There is a presumption that the ballot title prepared by the Office of Legislative
1866	Research and General Counsel is an impartial summary of the contents of the initiative.
1867	(ii) The Supreme Court may not revise the wording of the ballot title unless the plaintiffs
1868	rebut the presumption by clearly and convincingly establishing that the ballot title is patently false
1869	or biased.
1870	(c) The Supreme Court shall:
1871	(i) examine the ballot title;
1872	(ii) hear arguments; and
1873	(iii) by August 10, certify to the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission a ballot
1874	title for the measure that meets the requirements of this section.
1875	(d) By September 1, the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall certify
1876	the title verified by the Supreme Court to the county clerks to be printed on the official ballot.
1877	Section 51. Section 20A-7-210 is amended to read:
1878	20A-7-210. Form of ballot Manner of voting.
1879	(1) The county clerks shall ensure that the number and ballot title verified to them by the
1880	[lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission are printed upon the official ballot with,
1881	immediately to the right of them, the words "For" and "Against," each word followed by a square
1882	in which the elector may indicate his vote.
1883	(2) Electors desiring to vote in favor of enacting the law proposed by the initiative petition
1884	shall mark the square following the word "For," and those desiring to vote against enacting the law

Section 52. Section **20A-7-211** is amended to read:

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20A-7-211. Return and canvass -- Conflicting measures -- Law effective on

proposed by the initiative petition shall mark the square following the word "Against."

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- (1) The votes on the law proposed by the initiative petition shall be counted, canvassed, and delivered as provided in Title 20A, Chapter 4, Part 3, Canvassing Returns.
- (2) After the state board of canvassers completes its canvass, the [lieutenant governor] 1892 State Elections Commission shall certify to the governor the vote for and against the law proposed 1893 by the initiative petition.
 - (3) (a) The governor shall immediately issue a proclamation that:
 - (i) gives the total number of votes cast in the state for and against each law proposed by an initiative petition; and
 - (ii) declares those laws proposed by an initiative petition that were approved by majority vote to be in full force and effect as the law of [the state of] Utah.
 - (b) When the governor believes that two proposed laws, or that parts of two proposed laws approved by the people at the same election are entirely in conflict, he shall proclaim that measure to be law that has received the greatest number of affirmative votes, regardless of the difference in the majorities which those measures have received.
 - (c) (i) Within ten days after the governor's proclamation, any qualified voter who signed the initiative petition proposing the law that is declared by the governor to be superseded by another measure approved at the same election may apply to the Supreme Court to review the governor's decision.
 - (ii) The court shall:
 - (A) immediately consider the matter and decide whether or not the proposed laws are in conflict; and
 - (B) within ten days after the matter is submitted to it for decision, certify its decision to the governor.
 - (4) Within 30 days after his previous proclamation, the governor shall:
 - (a) proclaim all those measures approved by the people as law that the Supreme Court has determined are not in conflict; and
 - (b) of all those measures approved by the people as law that the Supreme Court has determined to be in conflict, proclaim as law the one that received the greatest number of affirmative votes, regardless of difference in majorities.
- 1918 Section 53. Section **20A-7-301** is amended to read:

(i) is a voter; and

1919	20A-7-301. Referendum Signature requirements Submission to voters.
1920	(1) (a) A person seeking to have a law passed by the Legislature submitted to a vote of the
1921	people shall obtain:
1922	(i) legal signatures equal to 10% of the cumulative total of all votes cast for all candidates
1923	for governor at the last regular general election at which a governor was elected; and
1924	(ii) from each of at least 15 counties, legal signatures equal to 10% of the total of all votes
1925	cast in that county for all candidates for governor at the last regular general election at which a
1926	governor was elected.
1927	(b) When the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission declares a referendum
1928	petition sufficient under this part, the governor shall issue an executive order that:
1929	(i) directs that the referendum be submitted to the voters at the next regular general
1930	election; or
1931	(ii) calls a special election according to the requirements of Section 20A-1-203 and directs
1932	that the referendum be submitted to the voters at that special election.
1933	(2) When a referendum petition has been declared sufficient, the law that is the subject of
1934	the petition does not take effect unless and until it is approved by a vote of the people at a regular
1935	general election or a statewide special election.
1936	(3) The [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall provide to any interested
1937	person from the official canvass of the last regular general election at which a governor was
1938	elected:
1939	(a) the cumulative total of all votes cast for all candidates for governor; and
1940	(b) for each county, the total of all votes cast in that county for all candidates for governor.
1941	Section 54. Section 20A-7-302 is amended to read:
1942	20A-7-302. Referendum process Application procedures.
1943	(1) Persons wishing to circulate a referendum petition shall file an application with the
1944	[lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission within five calendar days after the end of the
1945	legislative session at which the law passed.
1946	(2) The application shall contain:
1947	(a) the name and residence address of at least five sponsors of the referendum petition;
1948	(b) a certification indicating that each of the sponsors:

1950	(ii) has voted in a regular general election in Utah within the last three years;
1951	(c) the signature of each of the sponsors, attested to by a notary public; and
1952	(d) a copy of the law.
1953	Section 55. Section 20A-7-303 is amended to read:
1954	20A-7-303. Form of referendum petition and signature sheets.
1955	(1) (a) Each proposed referendum petition shall be printed in substantially the following
1956	form:
1957	"REFERENDUM PETITION To the [Honorable, Lieutenant Governor] State
1958	Elections Commission:
1959	We, the undersigned citizens of Utah, respectfully order that Senate (or House) Bill No.
1960	, entitled (title of act, and, if the petition is against less than the whole act, set forth here the
1961	part or parts on which the referendum is sought), passed by the Session of the Legislature of
1962	the state of Utah, be referred to the people of Utah for their approval or rejection at a regular
1963	general election or a statewide special election;
1964	Each signer says:
1965	I have personally signed this petition;
1966	I am registered to vote in Utah or intend to become registered to vote in Utah before the
1967	certification of the petition names by the county clerk; and
1968	My residence and post office address are written correctly after my name."
1969	(b) The sponsors of a referendum shall attach a copy of the law that is the subject of the
1970	referendum to each referendum petition.
1971	(2) Each signature sheet shall:
1972	(a) be printed on sheets of paper 8-1/2 inches long and 11 inches wide;
1973	(b) be ruled with a horizontal line 3/4 inch from the top, with the space above that line
1974	blank for the purpose of binding;
1975	(c) contain the title of the referendum printed below the horizontal line;
1976	(d) contain the word "Warning" printed or typed at the top of each signature sheet under
1977	the title of the referendum;
1978	(e) contain, to the right of the word "Warning," the following statement printed or typed
1979	in not less than eight-point, single leaded type:
1980	"It is a class A misdemeanor for anyone to sign any referendum petition with any other

1981	name than his own, or knowingly to sign his name more than once for the same measure, or to sign	
1982	a referendum petition when he knows he is not a registered voter and knows that he does not inten-	
1983	to become registered to vote before the certification of the petition names by the county clerk.";	
1984	(f) contain horizontally ruled lines, 3/8 inch apart under the "Warning" statement required	
1985	by this section; and	
1986	(g) be vertically divided into columns as follows:	
1987	(i) the first column shall appear at the extreme left of the sheet, be 5/8 inch wide, be	
1988	headed with "For Office Use Only," and be subdivided with a light vertical line down the middle;	
1989	(ii) the next column shall be three inches wide, headed "Registered Voter's Printed Name	
1990	(must be legible to be counted)";	
1991	(iii) the next column shall be three inches wide, headed "Signature of Registered Voter";	
1992	and	
1993	(iv) the final column shall be 4-3/8 inches wide, headed "Street Address, City, Zip Code".	
1994	(3) The final page of each referendum packet shall contain the following printed or typed	
1995	statement:	
1996	"Verification	
1997	State of Utah, County of	
1998	I,, of, hereby state that:	
1999	I am a Utah resident and am at least 18 years old;	
2000	All the names that appear in this packet were signed by persons who professed to be the	
2001	persons whose names appear in it, and each of them signed his name on it in my presence;	
2002	I believe that each has printed and signed his name and written his post office address and	
2003	residence correctly, and that each signer is registered to vote in Utah or intends to become	
2004	registered to vote before the certification of the petition names by the county clerk.	
2005		
2006	(Name) (Residence Address) (Date)"	
2007	(4) The forms prescribed in this section are not mandatory, and, if substantially followed,	
2008	the referendum petitions are sufficient, notwithstanding clerical and merely technical errors.	
2009	Section 56. Section 20A-7-304 is amended to read:	
2010	20A-7-304. Circulation requirements State Elections Commission to provide	
2011	snonsors with materials	

2012 (1) In order to obtain the necessary number of signatures required by this part, the sponsors 2013 shall circulate referendum packets that meet the form requirements of this part. 2014 (2) The [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall furnish to the sponsors: 2015 (a) a copy of the referendum petition; and 2016 (b) a signature sheet. 2017 (3) The sponsors of the petition shall: (a) arrange and pay for the printing of all additional copies of the petition and signature 2018 2019 sheets: and 2020 (b) ensure that the copies of the petition and signature sheets meet the form requirements 2021 of this section. 2022 (4) (a) The sponsors may prepare the referendum for circulation by creating multiple 2023 referendum packets. 2024 (b) The sponsors shall create those packets by binding a copy of the referendum petition, 2025 a copy of the law that is the subject of the referendum, and no more than 50 signature sheets 2026 together at the top in such a way that the packets may be conveniently opened for signing. 2027 (c) The sponsors need not attach a uniform number of signature sheets to each referendum packet. 2028 2029 (5) (a) After the sponsors have prepared sufficient referendum packets, they shall return 2030 them to the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission. 2031 (b) The [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall: 2032 (i) number each of the referendum packets and return them to the sponsors within five 2033 working days; and 2034 (ii) keep a record of the numbers assigned to each packet. 2035 Section 57. Section **20A-7-305** is amended to read: 2036 20A-7-305. Obtaining signatures -- Verification -- Removal of signature. 2037 (1) Any Utah voter may sign a referendum petition if the voter is a legal voter. (2) The sponsors shall ensure that the person in whose presence each signature sheet was 2038 2039 signed: 2040 (a) is at least 18 years old and meets the residency requirements of Section 20A-2-105; and 2041 (b) verifies each signature sheet by completing the verification printed on the last page of 2042 each signature sheet.

2043	(3) (a) (i) Any voter who has signed a referendum petition may have his signature removed
2044	from the petition by submitting a notarized statement to that effect to the county clerk.
2045	(ii) In order for the signature to be removed, the statement must be received by the county
2046	clerk before he delivers the petition to the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission.
2047	(b) Upon receipt of the statement, the county clerk shall remove the signature of the person
2048	submitting the statement from the referendum petition.
2049	(c) No one may remove signatures from a referendum petition after the petition is
2050	submitted to the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission.
2051	Section 58. Section 20A-7-306 is amended to read:
2052	20A-7-306. Submitting the referendum petition Certification of signatures by the
2053	county clerks Transfer to State Elections Commission.
2054	(1) No later than 40 days after the end of the legislative session at which the law passed,
2055	the sponsors shall deliver each signed and verified referendum packet to the county clerk of the
2056	county in which the packet was circulated.
2057	(2) No later than 55 days after the end of the legislative session at which the law passed,
2058	the county clerk shall:
2059	(a) check the names of all persons completing the verification on the back of each
2060	signature sheet to determine whether or not those persons are Utah residents and are at least 18
2061	years old; and
2062	(b) submit the name of each of those persons who is not a Utah resident or who is not at
2063	least 18 years old to the attorney general and county attorney.
2064	(3) No later than 55 days after the end of the legislative session at which the law passed,
2065	the county clerk shall:
2066	(a) check all the names of the signers against the official registers to determine whether
2067	or not the signer is a voter;
2068	(b) certify on the referendum petition whether or not each name is that of a voter; and
2069	(c) deliver all of the referendum packets to the [lieutenant governor] State Elections
2070	Commission.
2071	Section 59. Section 20A-7-307 is amended to read:
2072	20A-7-307. Evaluation by the State Elections Commission.
2073	(1) When each referendum packet is received from a county clerk, the [Hieutenant

2074	governor] State Elections Commission shall check off from [his] its record the number of each
2075	referendum packet filed.

- (2) (a) After all of the referendum packets have been received by the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission, the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall:
- (i) count the number of the names certified by the county clerks that appear on each verified signature sheet; and
- (ii) declare the petition to be sufficient or insufficient no later than 60 days after the end of the legislative session at which the law passed.
- (b) If the total number of certified names from each verified signature sheet equals or exceeds the number of names required by Section 20A-7-301, the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall mark upon the front of the petition the word "sufficient."
- (c) If the total number of certified names from each verified signature sheet does not equal or exceed the number of names required by Section 20A-7-301, the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall mark upon the front of the petition the word "insufficient."
- (d) The [lieutenant governor] <u>State Elections Commission</u> shall immediately notify any one of the sponsors of [his] its finding.
- (3) (a) If the [lieutenant governor] <u>State Elections Commission</u> refuses to accept and file any referendum petition, any voter may apply to the supreme court for an extraordinary writ to compel [him] it to do so within ten days after the refusal.
- (b) If the supreme court determines that the referendum petition is legally sufficient, the [hieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall file it, with a verified copy of the judgment attached to it, as of the date on which it was originally offered for filing in [his] its office.
- (c) If the supreme court determines that any petition filed is not legally sufficient, the supreme court may enjoin the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission and all other officers from certifying or printing the ballot title and numbers of that measure on the official ballot for the next election.
 - Section 60. Section **20A-7-308** is amended to read:
- 20A-7-308. Ballot title -- Duties of State Elections Commission and Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel.
- (1) Whenever a referendum petition is declared sufficient for submission to a vote of the people, the [Heutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall deliver a copy of the petition

2105 and the proposed law to the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel. 2106 (2) (a) The Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel shall: 2107 (i) entitle each state referendum that has qualified for the ballot "Citizen's State Referendum Number ___ and give it a number; 2108 2109 (ii) prepare an impartial ballot title for the referendum summarizing the contents of the 2110 measure; and 2111 (iii) return the petition and the ballot title to the [lieutenant governor] State Elections 2112 Commission within 15 days after its receipt. 2113 (b) The ballot title may be distinct from the title of the law that is the subject of the 2114 petition, and shall be not more than 100 words. 2115 (c) The ballot title and the number of the measure as determined by the Office of 2116 Legislative Research and General Counsel shall be printed on the official ballot. 2117 (3) Immediately after the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel files a copy of the ballot title with the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission, the [lieutenant 2118 governor | State Elections Commission shall mail a copy of the ballot title to any of the sponsors 2119 2120 of the petition. (4) (a) (i) At least three of the sponsors of the petition may, within 15 days of the date the 2121 2122 [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission mails the ballot title, challenge the wording of 2123 the ballot title prepared by the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel to the Supreme 2124 Court. 2125 (ii) After receipt of the appeal, the Supreme Court shall direct the [Heutenant governor] 2126 State Elections Commission to send notice of the appeal to: 2127 (A) any person or group that has filed an argument for or against the measure that is the 2128 subject of the challenge; or 2129 (B) any political issues committee established under Section 20A-11-801 that has filed 2130 written or electronic notice with the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission that 2131 identifies the name, mailing or email address, and telephone number of the person designated to 2132 receive notice about any issues relating to the initiative.

(b) (i) There is a presumption that the ballot title prepared by the Office of Legislative

(ii) The Supreme Court may not revise the wording of the ballot title unless the plaintiffs

Research and General Counsel is an impartial summary of the contents of the referendum.

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2136	rebut the presumption by clearly and convincingly establishing that the ballot title is patently false
2137	or biased.
2138	(c) The Supreme Court shall:
2139	(i) examine the ballot title;
2140	(ii) hear arguments; and
2141	(iii) within five days of its decision, certify to the [lieutenant governor] State Elections
2142	Commission a ballot title for the measure that meets the requirements of this section.
2143	(d) The [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall certify the title verified
2144	by the Supreme Court to the county clerks to be printed on the official ballot.
2145	Section 61. Section 20A-7-309 is amended to read:
2146	20A-7-309. Form of ballot Manner of voting.
2147	(1) The county clerks shall ensure that the number and ballot title verified to them by the
2148	[lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission are printed upon the official ballot with,
2149	immediately to the right of them, the words "For" and "Against," each word followed by a square
2150	in which the elector may indicate his vote.
2151	(2) Voters desiring to vote in favor of enacting the law proposed by the referendum
2152	petition shall mark the square following the word "For," and those desiring to vote against enacting
2153	the law proposed by the referendum petition shall mark the square following the word "Against."
2154	Section 62. Section 20A-7-310 is amended to read:
2155	20A-7-310. Return and canvass Conflicting measures Law effective on
2156	proclamation.
2157	(1) The votes on the law proposed by the referendum petition shall be counted, canvassed,
2158	and delivered as provided in Title 20A, Chapter 4, Part 3, Canvassing Returns.
2159	(2) After the state board of canvassers completes its canvass, the [lieutenant governor]
2160	State Elections Commission shall certify to the governor the vote for and against the law proposed
2161	by the referendum petition.
2162	(3) (a) The governor shall immediately issue a proclamation that:
2163	(i) gives the total number of votes cast in the state for and against each law proposed by
2164	a referendum petition; and
2165	(ii) declares those laws proposed by a referendum petition that were approved by majority
2166	vote to be in full force and effect as the law of Utah.

2167 (b) When the governor believes that two proposed laws, or that parts of two proposed laws 2168 approved by the people at the same election are entirely in conflict, he shall proclaim that measure 2169 to be law that has received the greatest number of affirmative votes, regardless of the difference 2170 in the majorities which those measures have received. 2171 (4) (a) Within ten days after the governor's proclamation, any qualified voter who signed 2172 the referendum petition proposing the law that is declared by the governor to be superseded by 2173 another measure approved at the same election may apply to the Supreme Court to review the 2174 governor's decision. 2175 (b) The Supreme Court shall: 2176 (i) immediately consider the matter and decide whether or not the proposed laws are in 2177 conflict; and 2178 (ii) within ten days after the matter is submitted to it for decision, certify its decision to the 2179 governor. 2180 (5) Within 30 days after his previous proclamation, the governor shall: 2181 (a) proclaim all those measures approved by the people as law that the Supreme Court has 2182 determined are not in conflict; and (b) of all those measures approved by the people as law that the Supreme Court has 2183 determined to be in conflict, proclaim as law the one that received the greatest number of 2184 2185 affirmative votes, regardless of difference in majorities. 2186 Section 63. Section **20A-7-701** is amended to read: 2187 20A-7-701. Voter information pamphlet to be prepared. (1) The [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall cause to be printed a voter 2188 2189 information pamphlet designed to inform the voters of the state of the content, effect, operation, 2190 fiscal impact, and the supporting and opposing arguments of any measure submitted to the voters 2191 by the Legislature or by initiative or referendum petition. 2192 (2) The pamphlet shall also include a separate section prepared, analyzed, and submitted 2193

- by the Judicial Council describing the judicial selection and retention process.
- (3) The [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall cause to be printed as many voter information pamphlets as needed to comply with the provisions of this chapter.
 - Section 64. Section **20A-7-702** is amended to read:

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20A-7-702. Voter information pamphlet -- Form -- Contents -- Distribution. 2197

2198	(1) The [Hieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall ensure that all information
2199	submitted for publication in the voter information pamphlet is:
2200	(a) printed and bound in a single pamphlet;
2201	(b) printed in clear readable type, no less than ten-point, except that the text of any
2202	measure may be set forth in eight-point type; and
2203	(c) printed on a quality and weight of paper that best serves the voters.
2204	(2) The voter information pamphlet shall contain the following items in this order:
2205	(a) a cover title page;
2206	(b) an introduction to the pamphlet by the [lieutenant governor] State Elections
2207	Commission;
2208	(c) a table of contents;
2209	(d) a list of all candidates for constitutional offices;
2210	(e) a list of candidates for each legislative district;
2211	(f) a 100-word statement of qualifications for each candidate for the office of governor,
2212	lieutenant governor, attorney general, state auditor, or state treasurer, if submitted by the candidate
2213	to the [Hieutenant governor's] State Elections Commission's office before July 15 at 5 p.m.;
2214	(g) information pertaining to all measures to be submitted to the voters, beginning a new
2215	page for each measure and containing, in the following order for each measure:
2216	(i) a copy of the number and ballot title of the measure;
2217	(ii) the final vote cast by the Legislature on the measure if it is a measure submitted by the
2218	Legislature or by referendum;
2219	(iii) the impartial analysis of the measure prepared by the Office of Legislative Research
2220	and General Counsel;
2221	(iv) the arguments in favor of the measure, the rebuttal to the arguments in favor of the
2222	measure, the arguments against the measure, and the rebuttal to the arguments against the measure,
2223	with the name and title of the authors at the end of each argument or rebuttal;
2224	(v) for each constitutional amendment, a complete copy of the text of the constitutional
2225	amendment, with all new language underlined, and all deleted language placed within brackets;
2226	and
2227	(vi) for each initiative qualified for the ballot, a copy of the measure as certified by the
2228	[Hieutenant governor] State Elections Commission:

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2229	(h) a description provided by the Judicial Council of the selection and retention process
2230	for judges, including, in the following order:
2231	(i) a description of the judicial selection process;
2232	(ii) a description of the judicial performance evaluation process;
2233	(iii) a description of the judicial retention election process;
2234	(iv) a list of the criteria and minimum standards of judicial performance evaluation;
2235	(v) the names of the judges standing for retention election; and
2236	(vi) for each judge:
2237	(A) the counties in which the judge is subject to retention election;
2238	(B) a short biography of professional qualifications and a recent photograph;
2239	(C) for each standard of performance, a statement identifying whether or not the judge met
2240	the standard and, if not, the manner in which the judge failed to meet the standard;
2241	(D) a statement identifying the cumulative number of public orders issued by the Utah
2242	Supreme Court under Utah Constitution Article VIII, Section 13 during the judge's current term
2243	and the immediately preceding term, and a statement of the basis for each order that the judge has
2244	received; and
2245	(E) a statement identifying whether or not the judge was certified by the Judicial Council;
2246	(vii) (A) except as provided in Subsection (2)(h)(vii)(B), for each judge, in graphic format,
2247	the responses for each attorney, jury, and other survey question used by the Judicial Council for
2248	certification of judges, displayed in 1% increments;
2249	(B) notwithstanding Subsection (2)(h)(vii)(A), if the sample size for the survey for a
2250	particular judge is too small to provide statistically reliable information in 1% increments, the
2251	survey results for that judge shall be reported as being above or below 70% and a statement by the
2252	surveyor explaining why the survey is statistically unreliable shall also be included;
2253	(i) an explanation of ballot marking procedures prepared by the [lieutenant governor] State
2254	Elections Commission, indicating the ballot marking procedure used by each county and
2255	explaining how to mark the ballot for each procedure;
2256	(j) voter registration information, including information on how to obtain an absentee
2257	ballot;
2258	(k) a list of all county clerks' offices and phone numbers; and
2259	(l) on the back cover page, a printed copy of the following statement signed by the

2260	[Hieutenant governor] chair of the State Elections Commission:
2261	"I, (print name), [Lieutenant Governor of Utah] chair of the State
2262	Elections Commission, certify that the measures contained in this pamphlet will be submitted to
2263	the voters of Utah at the election to be held throughout the state on (date of election), and that
2264	this pamphlet is complete and correct according to law. [SEAL]
2265	[Witness my hand and the Great Seal of the State, at Salt Lake City, Utah this] Dated:
2266	day of (month), (year)
2267	(signed)
2268	[Lieutenant Governor] Chair, State Elections Commission
2269	(3) The [Hieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall:
2270	(a) ensure that one copy of the voter information pamphlet is placed in one issue of every
2271	newspaper of general circulation in the state not more than 40 nor less than 15 days before the day
2272	fixed by law for the election;
2273	(b) ensure that a sufficient number of printed voter information pamphlets are available
2274	for distribution as required by this section;
2275	(c) provide voter information pamphlets to each county clerk for free distribution upon
2276	request and for placement at polling places; and
2277	(d) ensure that the distribution of the voter information pamphlets is completed 15 days
2278	before the election.
2279	Section 65. Section 20A-7-703 is amended to read:
2280	20A-7-703. Impartial analysis of measure Determination of fiscal effects.
2281	(1) The director of the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel, after the
2282	approval of the legislative general counsel as to legal sufficiency, shall:
2283	(a) prepare an impartial analysis of each measure submitted to the voters by the
2284	Legislature or by initiative or referendum petition; and
2285	(b) submit the impartial analysis to the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission
2286	no later than August 20 of the year in which the measure will appear on the ballot.
2287	(2) The director shall ensure that the impartial analysis:
2288	(a) is not more than 1,000 words long;
2289	(b) is prepared in clear and concise language that will easily be understood by the average
2290	voter;

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2291	(c) avoids the use of technical terms as much as possible;
2292	(d) shows the effect of the measure on existing law;
2293	(e) identifies any potential conflicts with the United States or Utah Constitutions raised
2294	by the measure;
2295	(f) fairly describes the operation of the measure;
2296	(g) identifies the measure's fiscal effects for the first full year of implementation and the
2297	first year when the last provisions to be implemented are fully effective; and
2298	(h) identifies the amount of any increase or decrease in revenue or cost to state or local
2299	government.
2300	(3) The director shall analyze the measure as it is proposed to be adopted without
2301	considering any implementing legislation, unless the implementing legislation has been enacted
2302	and will become effective upon the adoption of the measure by the voters.
2303	(4) (a) In determining the fiscal effects of a measure, the director shall confer with the
2304	legislative fiscal analyst.
2305	(b) The director shall consider any measure that requires implementing legislation in order
2306	to take effect to have no financial effect, unless implementing legislation has been enacted that will
2307	become effective upon adoption of the measure by the voters.
2308	(5) If the director requests the assistance of any state department, agency, or official in
2309	preparing his analysis, that department, agency, or official shall assist the director.
2310	Section 66. Section 20A-7-704 is amended to read:
2311	20A-7-704. Initiative measures Arguments for and against Voters' requests for
2312	argument Ballot arguments.
2313	(1) (a) (i) (A) By August 10 of the regular general election year, the sponsors of any
2314	initiative petition that has been declared sufficient by the [lieutenant governor] State Elections
2315	Commission may deliver to the [Heutenant governor] State Elections Commission an argument
2316	for the adoption of the measure.
2317	(B) If two or more sponsors wish to submit arguments for the measure, the [lieutenant
2318	governor] State Elections Commission shall designate one of them to submit the argument for his
2319	side of the measure.
2320	(ii) (A) Any member of the Legislature may request permission to submit an argument

against the adoption of the measure.

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2322	(B) If two or more legislators wish to submit an argument against the measure, the
2323	presiding officers of the Senate and House of Representatives shall jointly designate one of them
2324	to submit the argument to the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission.
2325	(b) The sponsors and the legislators submitting arguments shall ensure that each argument:
2326	(i) does not exceed 500 words in length; and
2327	(ii) is delivered by August 10.
2328	(2) (a) (i) If an argument for or against a measure to be submitted to the voters by initiative
2329	petition has not been filed within the time required by Subsection (1), any voter may request the
2330	[Hieutenant governor] State Elections Commission for permission to prepare an argument for the
2331	side on which no argument has been prepared.
2332	(ii) If two or more voters request permission to submit arguments on the same side of a
2333	measure, the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall designate one of the voters
2334	to write the argument.
2335	(b) Any argument prepared under this subsection shall be submitted to the [lieutenant
2336	governor] State Elections Commission by August 20.
2337	(3) The [Hieutenant governor] State Elections Commission may not accept a ballot
2338	argument submitted under this section unless it is accompanied by:
2339	(a) the name and address of the person submitting it, if it is submitted by an individual
2340	voter; or
2341	(b) the name and address of the organization and the names and addresses of at least two
2342	of its principal officers, if it is submitted on behalf of an organization.
2343	(4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(c), the authors may not amend or change the
2344	arguments after they are submitted to the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission.
2345	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(c), the [lieutenant governor] State Elections
2346	Commission may not alter the arguments in any way.
2347	(c) The [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission and the authors of an argument
2348	may jointly modify an argument after it is submitted if:
2349	(i) they jointly agree that changes to the argument must be made to correct spelling or
2350	grammatical errors; and
2351	(ii) the argument has not yet been submitted for typesetting.
2352	Section 67. Section 20A-7-705 is amended to read:

20A-7-705. Measures to be submitted to voters and referendum measures -- 2354 Preparation of argument of adoption.

- (1) (a) Whenever the Legislature submits any measure to the voters or whenever an act of the Legislature is referred to the voters by referendum petition, the presiding officer of the house of origin of the measure shall appoint the sponsor of the measure or act and one member of either house who voted with the majority to pass the act or submit the measure to draft an argument for the adoption of the measure.
 - (b) (i) The argument may not exceed 500 words in length.

- (ii) If the sponsor of the measure or act desires separate arguments to be written in favor by each person appointed, separate arguments may be written but the combined length of the two arguments may not exceed 500 words.
- (2) (a) If a measure or act submitted to the voters by the Legislature or by referendum petition was not adopted unanimously by the Legislature, the presiding officer of each house shall, at the same time as appointments to an argument in its favor are made, appoint one member who voted against the measure or act from their house to write an argument against the measure or act.
 - (b) (i) The argument may not exceed 500 words.
- (ii) If those members appointed to write an argument against the measure or act desire separate arguments to be written in opposition to the measure or act by each person appointed, separate arguments may be written, but the combined length of the two arguments may not exceed 500 words.
- (3) (a) The legislators appointed by the presiding officer of the Senate or House of Representatives to submit arguments shall submit them to the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission not later than June 1.
- (b) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(d), the authors may not amend or change the arguments after they are submitted to the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission.
- (c) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(d), the [Hieutenant governor] State Elections Commission may not alter the arguments in any way.
- (d) The [Heutenant governor] State Elections Commission and the authors of an argument may jointly modify an argument after it is submitted if:
- 2382 (i) they jointly agree that changes to the argument must be made to correct spelling or grammatical errors; and

2384	(ii) the argument has not yet been submitted for typesetting.
2385	(4) (a) If an argument for or an argument against a measure submitted to the voters by the
2386	Legislature or by referendum petition has not been filed by a member of the Legislature within the
2387	time required by this section, any voter may request the presiding officer of the house in which the
2388	measure originated for permission to prepare and file an argument for the side on which no
2389	argument has been prepared by a member of the Legislature.
2390	(b) (i) The presiding officer of the house of origin shall grant permission unless two or
2391	more voters request permission to submit arguments on the same side of a measure.
2392	(ii) If two or more voters request permission to submit arguments on the same side of a
2393	measure, the presiding officer shall designate one of the voters to write the argument.
2394	(c) Any argument prepared under this Subsection $(4)(c)$ shall be submitted to the
2395	[lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission not later than June 15.
2396	(d) The [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission may not accept a ballot
2397	argument submitted under this section unless it is accompanied by:
2398	(i) the name and address of the person submitting it, if it is submitted by an individual
2399	voter; or
2400	(ii) the name and address of the organization and the names and addresses of at least two
2401	of its principal officers, if it is submitted on behalf of an organization.
2402	(e) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(g), the authors may not amend or change the
2403	arguments after they are submitted to the [Heutenant governor] State Elections Commission.
2404	(f) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(g), the [lieutenant governor] State Elections
2405	Commission may not alter the arguments in any way.
2406	(g) The [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission and the authors of an argument
2407	may jointly modify an argument after it is submitted if:
2408	(i) they jointly agree that changes to the argument must be made to correct spelling or
2409	grammatical errors; and
2410	(ii) the argument has not yet been submitted for typesetting.
2411	Section 68. Section 20A-7-706 is amended to read:
2412	20A-7-706. Copies of arguments to be sent to opposing authors Rebuttal
2413	arguments.

(1) When the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission has received the

2416	Elections Commission shall immediately send copies of the arguments in favor of the measure to
2417	the authors of the arguments against and copies of the arguments against to the authors of the
2418	arguments in favor.
2419	(2) The authors may prepare and submit rebuttal arguments not exceeding 250 words.
2420	(3) (a) The rebuttal arguments must be filed with the [Hieutenant governor] State Elections
2421	Commission:
2422	(i) for constitutional amendments and referendum petitions, not later than June 30; and
2423	(ii) for initiatives, not later than August 30.
2424	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(d), the authors may not amend or change the
2425	rebuttal arguments after they are submitted to the [Hieutenant governor] State Elections
2426	Commission.
2427	(c) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(d), the [lieutenant governor] State Elections
2428	Commission may not alter the arguments in any way.
2429	(d) The [Hieutenant governor] State Elections Commission and the authors of a rebuttal
2430	argument may jointly modify a rebuttal argument after it is submitted if:
2431	(i) they jointly agree that changes to the rebuttal argument must be made to correct spelling
2432	or grammatical errors; and
2433	(ii) the rebuttal argument has not yet been submitted for typesetting.
2434	(4) The [Heutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall ensure that:
2435	(a) rebuttal arguments are printed in the same manner as the direct arguments; and
2436	(b) each rebuttal argument follows immediately after the direct argument which it seeks
2437	to rebut.
2438	Section 69. Section 20A-8-103 is amended to read:
2439	20A-8-103. Petition procedures.
2440	(1) As used in this section, the proposed name or emblem of a registered political party
2441	is "distinguishable" if a reasonable person of average intelligence will be able to perceive a
2442	difference between the proposed name or emblem and any name or emblem currently being used
2443	by another registered political party.
2444	(2) To become a registered political party, an organization of registered voters that is not
2445	a continuing political party shall:

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2446	(a) circulate a petition seeking registered political party status beginning no earlier than
2447	the date of the statewide canvass held after the last regular general election and ending no later
2448	than the February 15 of the year in which the next regular general election will be held; and
2449	(b) file a petition with the [Hieutenant governor] State Elections Commission that is signed
2450	by at least 2,000 registered voters on or before February 15 of the year in which a regular general
2451	election will be held.
2452	(3) The petition shall:
2453	(a) state that the signers are or desire to become members of the designated party or group;
2454	(b) state the name, which may not exceed four words, and identify the emblem of the party
2455	or group;
2456	(c) state the process that the organization will follow to organize and adopt a constitution
2457	and bylaws; and
2458	(d) be signed by a filing officer, who agrees to receive communications on behalf of the
2459	organization.
2460	(4) The [Hieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall:
2461	(a) determine whether or not the required number of voters appears on the petition;
2462	(b) review the proposed name and emblem to determine if they are "distinguishable" from
2463	the names and emblems of other registered political parties; and
2464	(c) certify [his] its findings to the filing officer of the group within 30 days of the filing
2465	of the petition.
2466	(5) (a) If the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission determines that the petition
2467	meets the requirements of this section, and that the proposed name and emblem are
2468	distinguishable, [he] \underline{it} shall authorize the filing officer to organize the prospective political party.
2469	(b) If the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission finds that the name, emblem,
2470	or both are not distinguishable from the names and emblems of other registered political parties,
2471	the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall notify the filing officer that he has
2472	seven days to submit a new name or emblem to the [Hieutenant governor] State Elections
2473	Commission.
2474	(6) A registered political party may not change its name or emblem during the regular
2475	general election cycle.
2476	Section 70. Section 20A-8-106 is amended to read:

20A-8-106. Organization as a political party -- Certification procedures.

- (1) On or before March 1 of the regular general election year, the prospective political party's officers or governing board shall file the names of the party officers or governing board with the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission.
- (2) After reviewing the information and determining that all proper procedures have been completed, the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall:
- (a) issue a certificate naming the organization as a registered political party in Utah and designating its official name; and
 - (b) inform each county clerk that the organization is a registered political party in Utah.
- (3) All election officers and state officials shall consider the organization to be and shall treat the organization as a registered political party.
- (4) The newly registered political party shall comply with all the provisions of Utah law governing political parties.
- (5) (a) If the newly registered political party does not hold a national party convention, the governing board of the political party may designate the names of the party's candidates for the offices of President and Vice President of the United States and the names of the party's presidential electors to the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission by August 15.
 - (b) If the party chooses to designate names, the governing board shall certify those names.

Section 71. Section **20A-8-401** is amended to read:

20A-8-401. Registered political parties -- Bylaws.

- (1) (a) Each registered state political party shall file a copy of its constitution and bylaws with the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission by January 1, 1995.
- (b) Each new or unregistered state political party that seeks to become a registered political party under the authority of this chapter shall file a copy of its proposed constitution and bylaws at the time it files its registration information.
- (c) Each registered state political party shall file revised copies of its constitution or bylaws with the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission within 15 days after the constitution or bylaws are adopted or amended.
- (2) Each state political party, each new political party seeking registration, and each unregistered political party seeking registration shall ensure that its constitution or bylaws contain:
- (a) provisions establishing party organization, structure, membership, and governance that

2508	include:
2509	(i) a description of the position, selection process, qualifications, duties, and terms of each
2510	party officer and committees defined by constitution and bylaws;
2511	(ii) a provision requiring a designated party officer to serve as liaison with the [lieutenant
2512	governor] State Elections Commission on all matters relating to the political party's relationship
2513	with the state;
2514	(iii) a description of the requirements for participation in party processes;
2515	(iv) the dates, times, and quorum of any regularly scheduled party meetings, conventions,
2516	or other conclaves; and
2517	(v) a mechanism for making the names of delegates, candidates, and elected party officers
2518	available to the public shortly after they are selected;
2519	(b) a procedure for selecting party officers that allows active participation by party
2520	members;
2521	(c) a procedure for selecting party candidates at the federal, state, and county levels that
2522	allows active participation by party members;
2523	(d) (i) a procedure for selecting electors who are pledged to cast their votes in the electoral
2524	college for the party's candidates for president and vice president of the United States; and
2525	(ii) a procedure for filling vacancies in the office of presidential elector because of death,
2526	refusal to act, failure to attend, ineligibility, or any other cause;
2527	(e) a provision requiring the governor and lieutenant governor to run as a joint ticket;
2528	(f) a procedure for replacing party candidates who die, become disabled, or are disqualified
2529	before a primary or regular general election;
2530	(g) provisions governing the deposit and expenditure of party funds, and governing the
2531	accounting for, reporting, and audit of party financial transactions;
2532	(h) provisions governing access to party records;
2533	(i) a procedure for amending the constitution or bylaws that allows active participation by
2534	party members or their representatives; and
2535	(j) a process for resolving grievances against the political party.
2536	Section 72. Section 20A-8-402 is amended to read:
2537	20A-8-402. Political party officers Submission of names of officers to the State

Elections Commission.

2539	(1) Each state political party shall:
2540	(a) designate a party officer to act as liaison with the [lieutenant governor's] State Elections
2541	Commission's office; and
2542	(b) within seven days of any change in the party liaison, submit the name of the new
2543	liaison to the [Hieutenant governor] State Elections Commission.
2544	(2) Each state political party and each county political party shall:
2545	(a) submit the names of its officers to the [lieutenant governor] State Elections
2546	Commission within seven days after the officers are selected; and
2547	(b) within seven days of any change in party officers, submit the names of the new officers
2548	to the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission.
2549	Section 73. Section 20A-8-403 is amended to read:
2550	20A-8-403. Political parties Certification.
2551	When this title requires that a registered political party certify information to the [lieutenant
2552	governor] State Elections Commission, the registered political party has met that requirement if
2553	the information is signed by the registered political party's designated liaison or the registered
2554	political party's chair.
2555	Section 74. Section 20A-9-101 is amended to read:
2556	20A-9-101. Definitions.
2557	As used in this chapter:
2558	(1) (a) "Candidates for elective office" means persons selected by a registered political
2559	party as party candidates to run in a regular general election.
2560	(b) "Candidates for elective office" does not mean candidates for:
2561	(i) justice or judge of court of record or not of record;
2562	(ii) presidential elector;
2563	(iii) any political party offices; and
2564	(iv) municipal or special district offices.
2565	(2) "Constitutional office" means the state offices of governor, lieutenant governor,
2566	attorney general, state auditor, and state treasurer.
2567	(3) (a) "County office" means an elective office where the office holder is selected by
2568	voters entirely within one county.
2569	(b) "County office" does not mean:

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2570	(i) the office of justice or judge of any court of record or not of record;
2571	(ii) the office of presidential elector;
2572	(iii) any political party offices;
2573	(iv) any municipal or special district offices; and
2574	(v) the office of United States Senator and United States Representative.
2575	(4) "Federal office" means an elective office for United States Senator and United States
2576	Representative.
2577	(5) "Filing officer" means:
2578	(a) the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission, for:
2579	(i) offices whose political division contains territory in two or more counties;
2580	(ii) the office of United States Senator and United States Representative; and
2581	(iii) all constitutional offices;
2582	(b) the county clerk, for county offices and local school district offices;
2583	(c) the city or town clerk, for municipal offices; and
2584	(d) the special district clerk, for special district offices.
2585	(6) "Local government office" includes county offices, municipal offices, and special
2586	district offices and other elective offices selected by the voters from a political division entirely
2587	within one county.
2588	(7) (a) "Multicounty office" means an elective office where the office holder is selected
2589	by the voters from more than one county.
2590	(b) "Multicounty office" does not mean:
2591	(i) a county office;
2592	(ii) a federal office;
2593	(iii) the office of justice or judge of any court of record or not of record;
2594	(iv) the office of presidential elector;
2595	(v) any political party offices; and
2596	(vi) any municipal or special district offices.
2597	(8) "Municipal office" means an elective office in a municipality.
2598	(9) (a) "Political division" means a geographic unit from which an office holder is elected
2599	and that an office holder represents.
2600	(b) "Political division" includes a county, a city, a town, a special district, a school district,

2601	a legislative district, and a county prosecution district.
2602	(10) "Special district office" means an elected office in a special district.
2603	Section 75. Section 20A-9-201 is amended to read:
2604	20A-9-201. Declarations of candidacy Candidacy for more than one office or of
2605	more than one political party prohibited with exceptions General filing and form
2606	requirements.
2607	(1) Before filing a declaration of candidacy for election to any office, a person shall:
2608	(a) be a United States citizen; and
2609	(b) meet the legal requirements of that office.
2610	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), a person may not:
2611	(i) file a declaration of candidacy for, or be a candidate for, more than one office in Utah
2612	during any election year; or
2613	(ii) appear on the ballot as the candidate of more than one political party.
2614	(b) A person may file a declaration of candidacy for, or be a candidate for, President or
2615	Vice President of the United States and another office, if the person resigns the person's candidacy
2616	for the other office after the person is officially nominated for President or Vice President of the
2617	United States.
2618	(3) If the final date established for filing a declaration of candidacy is a Saturday or
2619	Sunday, the filing time shall be extended until 5 p.m. on the following Monday.
2620	(4) (a) (i) Except for presidential candidates, before the filing officer may accept any
2621	declaration of candidacy, the filing officer shall:
2622	(A) read to the prospective candidate the constitutional and statutory qualification
2623	requirements for the office that the candidate is seeking; and
2624	(B) require the candidate to state whether or not the candidate meets those requirements.
2625	(ii) Before accepting a declaration of candidacy for the office of county attorney, the
2626	county clerk shall ensure that the person filing that declaration of candidacy is:
2627	(A) a United States citizen;
2628	(B) an attorney licensed to practice law in Utah who is an active member in good standing
2629	of the Utah State Bar;
2630	(C) a registered voter in the county in which he is seeking office; and
2631	(D) a current resident of the county in which he is seeking office and either has been a

2632 resident of that county for at least one year or was appointed and is currently serving as county 2633 attorney and became a resident of the county within 30 days after appointment to the office. 2634 (iii) Before accepting a declaration of candidacy for the office of district attorney, the 2635 county clerk shall ensure that, as of the date of the election, the person filing that declaration of 2636 candidacy is: 2637 (A) a United States citizen; (B) an attorney licensed to practice law in Utah who is an active member in good standing 2638 2639 of the Utah State Bar; 2640 (C) a registered voter in the prosecution district in which he is seeking office; and 2641 (D) a current resident of the prosecution district in which he is seeking office and either will have been a resident of that prosecution district for at least one year as of the date of the 2642 election or was appointed and is currently serving as district attorney and became a resident of the 2643 prosecution district within 30 days after receiving appointment to the office. 2644 2645 (b) If the prospective candidate states that he does not meet the qualification requirements 2646 for the office, the filing officer may not accept the prospective candidate's declaration of candidacy. (c) If the candidate states that he meets the requirements of candidacy, the filing officer 2647 2648 shall: (i) accept the candidate's declaration of candidacy; and 2649 2650 (ii) if the candidate has filed for a partisan office, provide a certified copy of the 2651 declaration of candidacy to the chair of the county or state political party of which the candidate 2652 is a member. 2653 (5) Except for presidential candidates, the form of the declaration of candidacy shall be 2654 substantially as follows: 2655 "State of Utah, County of _____ I, _____, declare my intention of becoming a candidate for the office of _____ 2656 as a candidate for the ____ party. I do solemnly swear that: I can qualify to hold that office, both 2657 legally and constitutionally, if selected; I reside at ______ in the City or Town of _____, 2658 Utah, Zip Code Phone No. ; I will not knowingly violate any law governing campaigns 2659 2660 and elections; and I will qualify for the office if elected to it. The mailing address that I designate for receiving official election notices is ______. 2661 2662

2663	Subscribed and sworn before me this(month\day\year).
2664	
2665	Notary Public (or other officer qualified to administer oath.)"
2666	(6) (a) Except for presidential candidates, the fee for filing a declaration of candidacy is:
2667	(i) \$25 for candidates for the local school district board; and
2668	(ii) 1/8 of 1% of the total salary for the full term of office legally paid to the person holding
2669	the office, but not less than \$5, for all other federal, state, and county offices.
2670	(b) Except for presidential candidates, the filing officer shall refund the filing fee to any
2671	candidate:
2672	(i) who is disqualified; or
2673	(ii) who the filing officer determines has filed improperly.
2674	(c) (i) The county clerk shall immediately pay to the county treasurer all fees received from
2675	candidates.
2676	(ii) The [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall:
2677	(A) apportion to and pay to the county treasurers of the various counties all fees received
2678	for filing of nomination certificates or acceptances; and
2679	(B) ensure that each county receives that proportion of the total amount paid to the
2680	[Hieutenant governor] State Elections Commission from the congressional district that the total vote
2681	of that county for all candidates for representative in Congress bears to the total vote of all counties
2682	within the congressional district for all candidates for representative in Congress.
2683	(d) (i) Each person who is unable to pay the filing fee may file a declaration of candidacy
2684	without payment upon a prima facie showing of impecuniosity as evidenced by an affidavit of
2685	impecuniosity filed with the filing officer.
2686	(ii) The filing officer shall ensure that the affidavit of impecuniosity is printed in
2687	substantially the following form:
2688	"Affidavit of Impecuniosity
2689	Individual NameAddress
2690	Phone Number
2691	I,(name), do solemnly [swear] [affirm] that, owing to my poverty,
2692	I am unable to pay the filing fee required by law.
2693	DateSignature

2694	Affiant
2695	Subscribed and sworn to before me on (month\day\year)
2696	
2697	(signature)
2698	Name and Title of Officer Authorized to Administer Oath
2699	(7) Any person who fails to file a declaration of candidacy or certificate of nomination
2700	within the time provided in this chapter is ineligible for nomination to office.
2701	Section 76. Section 20A-9-202 is amended to read:
2702	20A-9-202. Declarations of candidacy for regular general elections Requirements
2703	for candidates.
2704	(1) (a) Each person seeking to become a candidate for elective office for any county office
2705	that is to be filled at the next regular general election shall:
2706	(i) file a declaration of candidacy in person with the county clerk between the March 7 and
2707	before 5 p.m. on the March 17 before the next regular general election; and
2708	(ii) pay the filing fee.
2709	(b) Each person intending to become a candidate for any legislative office or multicounty
2710	office that is to be filled at the next regular general election shall:
2711	(i) file a declaration of candidacy in person with either the [Heutenant governor] State
2712	Elections Commission or the county clerk in the candidate's county of residence between the
2713	March 7 and before 5 p.m. on the March 17 before the next regular general election; and
2714	(ii) pay the filing fee.
2715	(c) (i) Each county clerk who receives a declaration of candidacy from a candidate for
2716	multicounty office shall transmit the filing fee and a copy of the candidate's declaration of
2717	candidacy to the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission within one working day after
2718	it is filed.
2719	(ii) Each day during the filing period, each county clerk shall notify the [Heutenant
2720	governor] State Elections Commission electronically or by telephone of legislative candidates who
2721	have filed in their office.
2722	(d) Each person seeking to become a candidate for elective office for any federal office or
2723	constitutional office that is to be filled at the next regular general election shall:
2724	(i) file a declaration of candidacy in person with the [lieutenant governor] State Elections

2725 Commission between the March 7 and before 5 p.m. on the March 17 before the next regular 2726 general election; and 2727 (ii) pay the filing fee. 2728 (e) Each person seeking the office of lieutenant governor, the office of district attorney, 2729 or the office of President or Vice President of the United States shall comply with the specific 2730 declaration of candidacy requirements established by this section. (2) (a) Each person intending to become a candidate for the office of district attorney 2731 2732 within a multicounty prosecution district that is to be filled at the next regular general election 2733 shall: 2734 (i) file a declaration of candidacy with the clerk designated in the interlocal agreement 2735 creating the prosecution district between the March 7 and before 5 p.m. on the March 17 before 2736 the next regular general election; and 2737 (ii) pay the filing fee. 2738 (b) The designated clerk shall provide to the county clerk of each county in the prosecution 2739 district a certified copy of each declaration of candidacy filed for the office of district attorney. 2740 (3) (a) Within five working days of nomination, each lieutenant governor candidate shall: (i) file a declaration of candidacy with the [Hieutenant governor] State Elections 2741 2742 Commission; and 2743 (ii) pay the filing fee. 2744 (b) (i) Any candidate for lieutenant governor who fails to file within five working days is 2745 disqualified. 2746 (ii) If a lieutenant governor is disqualified, another candidate shall be nominated to replace 2747 the disqualified candidate. 2748 (4) Each registered political party shall: 2749 (a) certify the names of its candidates for President and Vice President of the United States 2750 to the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission by August 30; or 2751 (b) provide written authorization for the [Heutenant governor] State Elections Commission 2752 to accept the certification of candidates for President and Vice President of the United States from

(5) (a) A declaration of candidacy filed under this section is valid unless a written

objection is filed with the clerk or [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission within five

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- 2757 (b) If an objection is made, the clerk or [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission 2758 shall:
- 2759 (i) mail or personally deliver notice of the objection to the affected candidate immediately; 2760 and
 - (ii) decide any objection within 48 hours after it is filed.
 - (c) If the clerk or [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission sustains the objection, the candidate may cure the problem by amending the declaration or petition within three days after the objection is sustained or by filing a new declaration within three days after the objection is sustained.
 - (d) (i) The clerk's or [lieutenant governor's] State Elections Commission's decision upon objections to form is final.
 - (ii) The clerk's or [lieutenant governor's] State Elections Commission's decision upon substantive matters is reviewable by a district court if prompt application is made to the court.
 - (iii) The decision of the district court is final unless the Supreme Court, in the exercise of its discretion, agrees to review the lower court decision.
 - (6) Any person who filed a declaration of candidacy may withdraw as a candidate by filing a written affidavit with the clerk.
- Section 77. Section **20A-9-202.5** is amended to read:
- 2775 **20A-9-202.5.** Declaration of candidacy -- Western States Presidential Primary.
- 2776 (1) As used in this section:
- 2777 (a) "Presidential candidate" means a person seeking nomination for President of the United 2778 States from a Utah registered political party.
 - (b) "Utah registered political party" means a political party that has complied with the requirements of Title 20A, Chapter 8, Political Party Formation and Procedures, to become a political party officially recognized by the state.
 - (2) Each presidential candidate, or the candidate's designated agent, shall file a declaration of candidacy with the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission as provided in Section 20A-9-803.
- Section 78. Section **20A-9-203** is amended to read:
- 2786 **20A-9-203.** Declarations of candidacy -- Municipal general elections.

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2787 (1) (a) A person may become a candidate for any municipal office if the person is a registered voter and:

- (i) the person has resided within the municipality in which that person seeks to hold elective office for the 12 consecutive months immediately before the date of the election; or
- (ii) if the territory in which the person resides was annexed into the municipality, the person has resided within the annexed territory or the municipality for 12 months.
- (b) In addition to the requirements of Subsection (1)(a), candidates for a municipal council position under the council-mayor or council-manager alternative forms of municipal government shall, if elected from districts, be residents of the council district from which they are elected.
- (2) (a) Each person seeking to become a candidate for a municipal office shall file a declaration of candidacy in person with the city recorder or town clerk during office hours and not later than 5 p.m. between July 15 and August 15 of any odd-numbered year and pay the filing fee, if one is required by municipal ordinance.
- (b) Any resident of a municipality may nominate a candidate for a municipal office by filing a nomination petition with the city recorder or town clerk during office hours but not later than 5 p.m. between July 15 and August 15 of any odd-numbered year and pay the filing fee, if one is required by municipal ordinance.
- (c) When August 15 is a Saturday or Sunday, the filing time shall be extended until 5 p.m. on the following Monday.
- (3) (a) Before the filing officer may accept any declaration of candidacy or nomination petition, the filing officer shall:
- (i) read to the prospective candidate or person filing the petition the constitutional and statutory qualification requirements for the office that the candidate is seeking; and
- (ii) require the candidate or person filing the petition to state whether or not the candidate meets those requirements.
- (b) If the prospective candidate does not meet the qualification requirements for the office, the filing officer may not accept the declaration of candidacy or nomination petition.
- (c) If it appears that the prospective candidate meets the requirements of candidacy, the filing officer shall accept the declaration of candidacy or nomination petition.
 - (4) The declaration of candidacy shall substantially comply with the following form:
 "I, (print name) , being first sworn, say that I reside at Street, City of ,

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2010	County of, state of Otan, Zip Code, Telephone Number (If any); that I am a
2819	registered voter; and that I am a candidate for the office of (stating the term). I request that
2820	my name be printed upon the applicable official ballots. (Signed)
2821	Subscribed and sworn to (or affirmed) before me by on this
2822	(month\day\year).
2823	(Signed) (Clerk or other officer qualified to administer oath)"
2824	(5) (a) Any registered voter may be nominated for municipal office by submitting a
2825	petition signed by:
2826	(i) 25 residents of the municipality who are at least 18 years old; or
2827	(ii) 20% of the residents of the municipality who are at least 18 years old.
2828	(b) (i) The petition shall substantially conform to the following form:
2829	"NOMINATION PETITION
2830	The undersigned residents of (name of municipality) being 18 years old or older nominate
2831	(name of nominee) to the office of for the (two or four-year term, whichever is applicable)."
2832	(ii) The remainder of the petition shall contain lines and columns for the signatures of
2833	persons signing the petition and their addresses and telephone numbers.
2834	(c) If the declaration of candidacy or nomination petition fails to state whether the
2835	nomination is for the two or four-year term, the clerk shall consider the nomination to be for the
2836	four-year term.
2837	(d) (i) The clerk shall verify with the county clerk that all candidates are registered voters
2838	(ii) Any candidate who is not registered to vote is disqualified and the clerk may not print
2839	the candidate's name on the ballot.
2840	(6) Immediately after expiration of the period for filing a declaration of candidacy, the
2841	clerk shall:
2842	(a) cause the names of the candidates as they will appear on the ballot to be published in
2843	at least two successive publications of a newspaper with general circulation in the municipality;
2844	and
2845	(b) notify the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission of the names of the
2846	candidates as they will appear on the ballot.
2847	(7) (a) A declaration of candidacy or nomination petition filed under this section is valid
2848	unless a written objection is filed with the clerk within five days after the last day for filing.

2849	(b) If an objection is made, the clerk shall:
2850	(i) mail or personally deliver notice of the objection to the affected candidate immediately;
2851	and
2852	(ii) decide any objection within 48 hours after it is filed.
2853	(c) If the clerk sustains the objection, the candidate may correct the problem by amending
2854	the declaration or petition within three days after the objection is sustained or by filing a new
2855	declaration within three days after the objection is sustained.
2856	(d) (i) The clerk's decision upon objections to form is final.
2857	(ii) The clerk's decision upon substantive matters is reviewable by a district court if prompt
2858	application is made to the district court.
2859	(iii) The decision of the district court is final unless the Supreme Court, in the exercise of
2860	its discretion, agrees to review the lower court decision.
2861	(8) Any person who filed a declaration of candidacy and was nominated, and any person
2862	who was nominated by a nomination petition, may, any time up to 23 days before the election,
2863	withdraw the nomination by filing a written affidavit with the clerk.
2864	Section 79. Section 20A-9-402 is amended to read:
2865	20A-9-402. General requirements for all primary elections.
2866	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), the [lieutenant governor] State Elections
2867	Commission, county clerks, and election judges shall follow the procedures and requirements of
2868	this title in administering primary elections.
2869	(2) If there is any conflict between any provision of this part and any other sections in Title
2870	20A, this part takes precedence.
2871	Section 80. Section 20A-9-403 is amended to read:
2872	20A-9-403. Regular primary elections.
2873	(1) (a) The fourth Tuesday of June of each even-numbered year is designated as regular
2874	primary election day.
2875	(b) Each registered political party that chooses to use the primary election process to
2876	nominate some or all of its candidates shall comply with the requirements of this section.
2877	(2) (a) As a condition for using the state's election system, each registered political party
2878	that wishes to participate in the primary election shall:
2879	(i) declare their intent to participate in the primary election;

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(ii) identify one or more registered political parties whose members may vote for the registered political party's candidates and whether or not persons identified as unaffiliated with a political party may vote for the registered political party's candidates; and

- (iii) certify that information to the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission no later than 5 p.m. on March 1 of each even-numbered year.
- (b) As a condition for using the state's election system, each registered political party that wishes to participate in the primary election shall:
- (i) certify the name and office of all of the registered political party's candidates to the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission no later than 5 p.m. on May 13 of each even-numbered year; and
- (ii) certify the name and office of each of its county candidates to the county clerks by 5 p.m. on May 13 of each even-numbered year.
- (c) By 5 p.m. on May 16 of each even-numbered year, the [Hieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall send the county clerks a certified list of the names of all statewide or multicounty candidates that must be printed on the primary ballot.
- (d) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(d)(ii), if a registered political party does not wish to participate in the primary election, it shall submit the names of its county candidates to the county clerks and the names of all of its candidates to the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission by 5 p.m. on May 30 of each even-numbered year.
- (ii) A registered political party's candidates for President and Vice-President of the United States shall be certified to the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission as provided in Subsection 20A-9-202(4).
- (e) Each political party shall certify the names of its presidential and vice-presidential candidates and presidential electors to the [lieutenant governor's] office of the State Elections Commission by August 30 of each presidential election year.
 - (3) The county clerk shall:

- (a) review the declarations of candidacy filed by candidates for local boards of education to determine if more than two candidates have filed for the same seat;
- (b) place the names of all candidates who have filed a declaration of candidacy for a local board of education seat on the nonpartisan section of the ballot if more than two candidates have filed for the same seat; and

2911	(c) conduct a lottery to determine the order of the candidates' names on the ballot.
2912	(4) After the county clerk receives the certified list from a registered political party, the
2913	county clerk shall post or publish a primary election notice in substantially the following form:
2914	"Notice is given that a primary election will be held Tuesday, June,(year),
2915	to nominate party candidates for the parties and nonpartisan offices listed on the primary ballot.
2916	The polling place for voting precinct is The polls will open at 7 a.m. and continue
2917	open until 8 p.m. of the same day. Attest: county clerk".
2918	(5) (a) Candidates receiving the highest number of votes cast for each office at the regular
2919	primary election are nominated by their party or nonpartisan group for that office.
2920	(b) If two or more candidates are to be elected to the office at the regular general election,
2921	those party candidates equal in number to positions to be filled who receive the highest number
2922	of votes at the regular primary election are the nominees of their party for those positions.
2923	(6) (a) When a tie vote occurs in any primary election for any national, state, or other office
2924	that represents more than one county, the governor, lieutenant governor, and attorney general shall,
2925	at a public meeting called by the governor and in the presence of the candidates involved, select
2926	the nominee by lot cast in whatever manner the governor determines.
2927	(b) When a tie vote occurs in any primary election for any county office, the district court
2928	judges of the district in which the county is located shall, at a public meeting called by the judges
2929	and in the presence of the candidates involved, select the nominee by lot cast in whatever manner
2930	the judges determine.
2931	(7) The expense of providing all ballots, blanks, or other supplies to be used at any primary
2932	election provided for by this section, and all expenses necessarily incurred in the preparation for
2933	or the conduct of that primary election shall be paid out of the treasury of the county or state, in
2934	the same manner as for the regular general elections.
2935	Section 81. Section 20A-9-503 is amended to read:
2936	20A-9-503. Certificate of nomination Filing Fees.
2937	(1) After the certificate of nomination has been certified, executed, and acknowledged by
2938	the county clerk, the candidate shall:
2939	(a) between March 7 and March 17 of the year in which the regular general election will
2940	be held, file the petition in person with:

(i) the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission, if the office the candidate seeks

2942	is a constitutional office or a federal office; or
2943	(ii) the county clerk, if the office the candidate seeks is a county office; and
2944	(iii) pay the filing fee; or
2945	(b) not later than the sixth Tuesday before the primary election date, file the petition in
2946	person with:
2947	(i) the municipal clerk, if the candidate seeks an office in a city or town;
2948	(ii) the special district clerk, if the candidate seeks an office in a special district; and
2949	(iii) pay the filing fee.
2950	(2) (a) At the time of filing, and before accepting the petition, the filing officer shall read
2951	the constitutional and statutory requirements for candidacy to the candidate.
2952	(b) If the candidate states that he does not meet the requirements, the filing officer may not
2953	accept the petition.
2954	(3) Persons filing a certificate of nomination for President of the United States under this
2955	section shall pay a filing fee of \$500.
2956	Section 82. Section 20A-9-601 is amended to read:
2957	20A-9-601. Qualifying as a write-in candidate.
2958	(1) (a) Each person wishing to become a valid write-in candidate shall file a declaration of
2959	candidacy with the appropriate filing officer not later than 14 days before the regular general
2960	election or municipal general election in which the person intends to be a write-in candidate.
2961	(b) (i) The filing officer shall:
2962	(A) read to the candidate the constitutional and statutory requirements for the office; and
2963	(B) ask the candidate whether or not the candidate meets the requirements.
2964	(ii) If the candidate cannot meet the requirements of office, the filing officer may not
2965	accept the write-in candidate's declaration of candidacy.
2966	(2) A write-in candidate in towns need not prequalify with the filing officer.
2967	(3) By November 1 of each regular general election year, the [lieutenant governor] State
2968	Elections Commission shall certify to each county clerk the names of all write-in candidates who
2969	filed their declaration of candidacy with the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission.
2970	Section 83. Section 20A-9-701 is amended to read:
2971	20A-9-701. Certification of party candidates to county clerks.
2972	By September 1 of each regular general election year, the [lieutenant governor] State

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2973	Elections Commission shall certify to each county clerk the names of each candidate, including
2974	candidates for president and vice president, certified by each registered political party as that
2975	party's nominees for offices to be voted upon at the regular general election in that county clerk's
2976	county.
2977	Section 84. Section 20A-9-802 is amended to read:
2978	20A-9-802. Western States Presidential Primary established Other ballot issues
2979	prohibited.
2980	(1) (a) There is established a Western States Presidential Primary election to be held the
2981	first Friday after the first Monday in March in the year in which a presidential election will be held.
2982	(b) Except as otherwise specifically provided in this chapter, county clerks shall administer
2983	the Western States Presidential Primary according to the provisions of Title 20A, Election Code,
2984	including:
2985	(i) Title 20A, Chapter 1, General Provisions;
2986	(ii) Title 20A, Chapter 2, Voter Registration;
2987	(iii) Title 20A, Chapter 3, Voting;
2988	(iv) Title 20A, Chapter 4, Election Returns and Election Contests;
2989	(v) Title 20A, Chapter 5, Election Administration; and
2990	(vi) Title 20A, Chapter 6, Ballot Form.
2991	(c) (i) The county clerks shall ensure that the ballot voted by the voters at the Western
2992	States Presidential Primary contains only the names of candidates for President of the United
2993	States who have qualified as provided in this part.
2994	(ii) The county clerks may not present any other items to the voters to be voted upon at this
2995	election.
2996	(2) Registered political parties, and candidates for President of the United States who are
2997	affiliated with a registered political party, may participate in the Western States Presidential
2998	Primary established by this part.
2999	(3) As a condition for using the state's election system, each registered political party
3000	wishing to participate in Utah's Western States Presidential Primary shall:
3001	(a) declare their intent to participate in the Western States Presidential Primary;
3002	(b) identify one or more registered political parties whose members may vote for the

registered political party's candidates and whether or not persons identified as unaffiliated with a

3004 political party may vote for the registered political party's candidates; and 3005 (c) certify that information to the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission no 3006 later than 5 p.m. on the June 30 of the year before the year in which the presidential primary will 3007 be held. 3008 Section 85. Section **20A-9-803** is amended to read: 3009 20A-9-803. Declaration of candidacy -- Filing fee -- Form. 3010 (1) (a) Candidates for President of the United States who are affiliated with a registered 3011 political party in Utah that has elected to participate in Utah's Western States Presidential Primary 3012 and who wish to participate in the primary shall: 3013 (i) except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), file a declaration of candidacy, in person or 3014 via a designated agent, with the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission between July 3015 1 of the year before the primary election will be held and 5 p.m. on January 15 of the year in 3016 which the primary election will be held; 3017 (ii) identify the registered political party whose nomination the candidate is seeking; 3018 (iii) provide a letter from the registered political party certifying that the candidate may participate as a candidate for that party in that party's presidential primary election; and 3019 (iv) pay the filing fee of \$500. 3020 3021 (b) If January 15 is a Saturday or Sunday, the filing time shall be extended until 5 p.m. 3022 on the following Monday. (2) The [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall develop a declaration of 3023 3024 candidacy form for presidential candidates participating in the primary. 3025 Section 86. Section **20A-9-805** is amended to read: 20A-9-805. Closed primary -- Determining party affiliation -- Changing party 3026 3027 affiliation. (1) If a registered political party has restricted voting for its presidential candidates as 3028 3029 authorized by Subsection 20A-9-802(3)(b), the [Heutenant governor] State Elections Commission 3030 shall direct the county clerks and other election officials to allow only those voters meeting the 3031 registered political party's criteria to vote for that party's presidential candidates. 3032 (2) (a) For each person who registers to vote on or after May 3, 1999, the county clerk shall: 3033

(i) record the party affiliation designated by the voter on the voter registration form as the

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political party; and

3035	voter's party affiliation; or
3036	(ii) if no political party affiliation is designated by the voter on the voter registration form,
3037	record the voter's party affiliation as "unaffiliated."
3038	(b) Any registered voter may designate or change the voter's political party affiliation by
3039	complying with the procedures and requirements of Section 20A-2-107 or Section 20A-9-808.
3040	Section 87. Section 20A-9-806 is amended to read:
3041	20A-9-806. Ballots.
3042	(1) The [Hieutenant governor] State Elections Commission, together with county clerks,
3043	suppliers of election materials, and representatives of registered political parties, shall:
3044	(a) develop paper ballots, ballot labels, and ballot cards to be used in Utah's Western States
3045	Presidential Primary;
3046	(b) ensure that the paper ballots, ballot labels, and ballot cards comply generally with the
3047	requirements of Title 20A, Chapter 6, Part 1, General Requirements for All Ballots; and
3048	(c) provide voting booths, election records and supplies, and ballot boxes for each voting
3049	precinct as required by Section 20A-5-403.
3050	(2) (a) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsections (1)(b) and (c), Title 20A, Chapter
3051	6, Part 1, General Requirements for All Ballots, and Section 20A-5-403, the [Hieutenant governor]
3052	State Elections Commission, together with county clerks, suppliers of election materials, and
3053	representatives of registered political parties shall ensure that the paper ballots, ballot labels, ballot
3054	cards, and voting booths, election records and supplies, and ballot boxes:
3055	(i) facilitate the distribution, voting, and tallying of ballots in a closed primary;
3056	(ii) simplify the task of election judges, particularly in determining a voter's party
3057	affiliation;
3058	(iii) minimize the possibility of spoiled ballots due to voter confusion; and
3059	(iv) protect against fraud.
3060	(b) To accomplish the requirements of this Subsection (2), the [Heutenant governor] State
3061	Elections Commission, county clerks, suppliers of election materials, and representatives of
3062	registered political parties shall:
3063	(i) mark, prepunch, or otherwise identify ballot cards as being for a particular registered

(ii) instruct persons counting the ballots to count only those votes for candidates from the

registered political party whose ballot the voter received.

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- (c) To accomplish the requirements of this Subsection (2), the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission, county clerks, suppliers of election materials, and representatives of registered political parties may:
- (i) notwithstanding the requirements of Sections 20A-6-101 and 20A-6-102, use different colored ballot cards for each registered political party;
- (ii) place ballot labels for each registered political party in different voting booths and direct voters to the particular voting booth for the political party whose ballot they are voting; or
 - (iii) consider other means of accomplishing the objectives outlined in Subsection (2)(a).
- Section 88. Section **20A-9-809** is amended to read:

20A-9-809. Counting votes -- Canvass -- Certification of results.

- (1) Votes shall be counted, results tabulated, returns transmitted, ballots reviewed and retained, returns canvassed, and recounts and election contests conducted as provided in Title 20A, Chapter 4, Election Returns and Election Contests.
- (2) After the canvass is complete and the report prepared, the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall transmit a copy of the report to each registered political party that participated in Utah's Western States Presidential Primary.
 - Section 89. Section **20A-10-201** is amended to read:

20A-10-201. Term limits -- State officers.

- (1) (a) A state executive officer may not seek reelection or be elected to an office if, by the end of the state officer's current term, the state officer will have served, or but for resignation would have served, 12 or more consecutive years.
- (b) The [Heutenant governor] State Elections Commission may not certify the name of any state officer for placement on the ballot if, by the end of the state officer's current term, the state officer will have served, or but for resignation would have served, 12 or more consecutive years.
- (c) A county clerk may not allow the name of any state officer to be printed on a ballot if, by the end of the state officer's current term, the state officer will have served, or but for resignation would have served, 12 or more consecutive years.
- 3094 (d) The state board of canvassers may not declare any state officer "elected" if, by the end 3095 of the state officer's current term, the state officer will have served, or but for resignation would 3096 have served, 12 or more consecutive years.

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(2) (a) A state representative may not seek reelection or be elected to an office if, by the end of the state representative's current term, the state representative will have served, or but for resignation would have served, 12 or more consecutive years.

- (b) The [Heutenant governor] State Elections Commission may not certify the name of any state representative for placement on the ballot if, by the end of the state representative's current term, the state representative will have served, or but for resignation would have served, 12 or more consecutive years.
- (c) A county clerk may not allow the name of any state representative to be printed on a ballot if, by the end of the state representative's current term, the state representative will have served, or but for resignation would have served, 12 or more consecutive years.
- (d) The state board of canvassers may not declare any state representative "elected" if, by the end of the state representative's current term, the state representative will have served, or but for resignation would have served, 12 or more consecutive years.
- (3) (a) A state senator may not seek reelection or be elected to an office if, by the end of the state senator's current term, the state senator will have served, or but for resignation would have served, 12 or more consecutive years.
- (b) The [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission may not certify the name of any state senator for placement on the ballot if, by the end of the state senator's current term, the state senator will have served, or but for resignation would have served, 12 or more consecutive years.
- (c) A county clerk may not allow the name of any state senator to be printed on a ballot if, by the end of the state senator's current term, the state senator will have served, or but for resignation would have served, 12 or more consecutive years.
- (d) The state board of canvassers may not declare any state senator "elected" if, by the end of the state senator's current term, the state senator will have served, or but for resignation would have served, 12 or more consecutive years.
- (4) For purposes of calculating the term limits established by this section, no person may count the time a state officer, state representative, or state senator served in a particular office before January 1, 1995.
- Section 90. Section **20A-10-301** is amended to read:
- **20A-10-301.** Term limits -- Federal officers.

3127 (1) (a) A congressional representative may not seek reelection or be elected to an office

if, by the end of the congressional representative's current term, the congressional representative will have served, or but for resignation would have served, 12 or more consecutive years.

- (b) The [Heutenant governor] State Elections Commission may not certify the name of any congressional representative for placement on the ballot if, by the end of the congressional representative's current term, the congressional representative will have served, or but for resignation would have served, 12 or more consecutive years.
- (c) A county clerk may not allow the name of any congressional representative to be printed on a ballot if, by the end of the congressional representative's current term, the congressional representative will have served, or but for resignation would have served, 12 or more consecutive years.
- (d) The state board of canvassers may not declare any congressional representative "elected" if, by the end of the congressional representative's current term, the congressional representative will have served, or but for resignation would have served, 12 or more consecutive years.
- (2) (a) A United States senator may not seek reelection or be elected to an office if, by the end of the United States senator's current term, the United States senator will have served, or but for resignation would have served, 12 or more consecutive years.
- (b) The [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission may not certify the name of any United States senator for placement on the ballot if, by the end of the United States senator's current term, the United States senator will have served, or but for resignation would have served, 12 or more consecutive years.
- (c) A county clerk may not allow the name of any United States senator to be printed on a ballot if, by the end of the United States senator's current term, the United States senator will have served, or but for resignation would have served, 12 or more consecutive years.
- (d) The state board of canvassers may not declare any United States senator "elected" if, by the end of the United States senator's current term, the United States senator will have served, or but for resignation would have served, 12 or more consecutive years.
- (3) For purposes of calculating the term limits established by this section, no person may count the time a congressional representative or United States senator served in a particular office before January 1, 1995.
 - Section 91. Section **20A-11-101** is amended to read:

3159	20A-11-101. Definitions.
3160	As used in this chapter:
3161	(1) "Address" means the number and street where an individual resides or where a
3162	reporting entity has its principal office.
3163	(2) "Ballot proposition" includes initiatives, referenda, proposed constitutional
3164	amendments, and any other ballot propositions submitted to the voters that are authorized by the
3165	Utah Code Annotated 1953.
3166	(3) "Candidate" means any person who:
3167	(a) files a declaration of candidacy for a public office; or
3168	(b) receives contributions, makes expenditures, or gives consent for any other person to
3169	receive contributions or make expenditures to bring about the person's nomination or election to
3170	a public office.
3171	(4) "Chief election officer" means:
3172	(a) the [Hieutenant governor] executive director of the State Elections Commission for state
3173	office candidates, legislative office candidates, officeholders, political parties, political action
3174	committees, corporations, political issues committees, and state school board candidates; and
3175	(b) the county clerk for local school board candidates.
3176	(5) "Continuing political party" means an organization of voters that participated in the las
3177	regular general election and polled a total vote equal to 2% or more of the total votes cast for all
3178	candidates for the United States House of Representatives.
3179	(6) (a) "Contribution" means any of the following when done for political purposes:
3180	(i) a gift, subscription, donation, loan, advance, or deposit of money or anything of value
3181	given to the filing entity;
3182	(ii) an express, legally enforceable contract, promise, or agreement to make a gift,
3183	subscription, donation, unpaid or partially unpaid loan, advance, or deposit of money or anything
3184	of value to the filing entity;
3185	(iii) any transfer of funds from another reporting entity or a corporation to the filing entity;
3186	(iv) compensation paid by any person or reporting entity other than the filing entity for
3187	personal services provided without charge to the filing entity;
3188	(v) remuneration from any organization or its directly affiliated organization that has a

registered lobbyist to compensate a legislator for a loss of salary or income while the Legislature

3190	is in session;
3191	(vi) salaries or other remuneration paid to a legislator by any agency or subdivision of the
3192	state, including school districts, for the period the Legislature is in session; and
3193	(vii) goods or services provided to or for the benefit of the filing entity at less than fair
3194	market value.
3195	(b) "Contribution" does not include:
3196	(i) services provided without compensation by individuals volunteering a portion or all of
3197	their time on behalf of the filing entity; or
3198	(ii) money lent to the filing entity by a financial institution in the ordinary course of
3199	business.
3200	(7) (a) "Corporation" means a domestic or foreign, profit or nonprofit, business
3201	organization that is registered as a corporation or is authorized to do business in a state and makes
3202	any expenditure from corporate funds for:
3203	(i) political purposes; or
3204	(ii) the purpose of influencing the approval or the defeat of any ballot proposition.
3205	(b) "Corporation" does not mean:
3206	(i) a business organization's political action committee or political issues committee; or
3207	(ii) a business entity organized as a partnership or a sole proprietorship.
3208	(8) "Detailed listing" means:
3209	(a) for each contribution or public service assistance:
3210	(i) the name and address of the individual or source making the contribution or public
3211	service assistance;
3212	(ii) the amount or value of the contribution or public service assistance; and
3213	(iii) the date the contribution or public service assistance was made; and
3214	(b) for each expenditure:
3215	(i) the amount of the expenditure;
3216	(ii) the person or entity to whom it was disbursed;
3217	(iii) the specific purpose, item, or service acquired by the expenditure; and
3218	(iv) the date the expenditure was made.
3219	(9) "Election" means each:
3220	(a) regular general election;

3221	(b) regular primary election; and
3222	(c) special election at which candidates are eliminated and selected.
3223	(10) (a) "Expenditure" means:
3224	(i) any disbursement from contributions, receipts, or from the separate bank account
3225	required by this chapter;
3226	(ii) a purchase, payment, donation, distribution, loan, advance, deposit, gift of money, or
3227	anything of value made for political purposes;
3228	(iii) an express, legally enforceable contract, promise, or agreement to make any purchase,
3229	payment, donation, distribution, loan, advance, deposit, gift of money, or anything of value for
3230	political purposes;
3231	(iv) compensation paid by a corporation or filing entity for personal services rendered by
3232	a person without charge to a reporting entity;
3233	(v) a transfer of funds between the filing entity and a candidate's personal campaign
3234	committee; or
3235	(vi) goods or services provided by the filing entity to or for the benefit of another reporting
3236	entity for political purposes at less than fair market value.
3237	(b) "Expenditure" does not include:
3238	(i) services provided without compensation by individuals volunteering a portion or all of
3239	their time on behalf of a reporting entity;
3240	(ii) money lent to a reporting entity by a financial institution in the ordinary course of
3241	business; or
3242	(iii) anything listed in Subsection (5)(a) that is given by a corporation or reporting entity
3243	to candidates for office or officeholders in states other than Utah.
3244	(11) "Filing entity" means the reporting entity that is filing a report required by this
3245	chapter.
3246	(12) "Financial statement" includes any summary report, interim report, or other statement
3247	disclosing contributions, expenditures, receipts, donations, or disbursements that is required by this
3248	chapter.
3249	(13) "Governing board" means the individual or group of individuals that determine the
3250	candidates and committees that will receive expenditures from a political action committee.

(14) "Incorporation" means the process established by Title 10, Chapter 2, Part 1,

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3252	Incorporation, by which a geographical area becomes legally recognized as a city or town.
3253	(15) "Incorporation election" means the election authorized by Section 10-2-111.
3254	(16) "Incorporation petition" means a petition authorized by Section 10-2-109.
3255	(17) "Individual" means a natural person.
3256	(18) "Interim report" means a report identifying the contributions received and
3257	expenditures made since the last report.
3258	(19) "Legislative office" means the office of state senator, state representative, speaker of
3259	the House of Representatives, president of the Senate, and the leader, whip, and assistant whip of
3260	any party caucus in either house of the Legislature.
3261	(20) "Legislative office candidate" means a person who:
3262	(a) files a declaration of candidacy for the office of state senator or state representative;
3263	(b) declares himself to be a candidate for, or actively campaigns for, the position of
3264	speaker of the House of Representatives, president of the Senate, or the leader, whip, and assistant
3265	whip of any party caucus in either house of the Legislature; and
3266	(c) receives contributions, makes expenditures, or gives consent for any other person to
3267	receive contributions or make expenditures to bring about the person's nomination or election to
3268	a legislative office.
3269	(21) "Newly registered political party" means an organization of voters that has complied
3270	with the petition and organizing procedures of this chapter to become a registered political party.
3271	(22) "Officeholder" means a person who holds a public office.
3272	(23) "Party committee" means any committee organized by or authorized by the governing
3273	board of a registered political party.
3274	(24) "Person" means both natural and legal persons, including individuals, business
3275	organizations, personal campaign committees, party committees, political action committees,
3276	political issues committees, labor unions, and labor organizations.
3277	(25) "Personal campaign committee" means the committee appointed by a candidate to act
3278	for the candidate as provided in this chapter.
3279	(26) (a) "Political action committee" means an entity, or any group of individuals or

entities within or outside this state, that solicits or receives contributions from any other person,

group, or entity or makes expenditures for political purposes. A group or entity may not divide or

separate into units, sections, or smaller groups for the purpose of avoiding the financial reporting

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3283 requirements of this chapter, and substance shall prevail over form in determining the scope or size 3284 of a political action committee. 3285 (b) "Political action committee" includes groups affiliated with a registered political party but not authorized or organized by the governing board of the registered political party that receive 3286 3287 contributions or makes expenditures for political purposes. 3288 (c) "Political action committee" does not mean: 3289 (i) a party committee; 3290 (ii) any entity that provides goods or services to a candidate or committee in the regular 3291 course of its business at the same price that would be provided to the general public; 3292 (iii) an individual; 3293 (iv) individuals who are related and who make contributions from a joint checking 3294 account; 3295 (v) a corporation; or 3296 (vi) a personal campaign committee. 3297 (27) "Political convention" means a county or state political convention held by a 3298 registered political party to select candidates. (28) (a) "Political issues committee" means an entity, or any group of individuals or 3299 3300 entities within or outside this state, that solicits or receives donations from any other person, group, 3301 or entity or makes disbursements to influence, or to intend to influence, directly or indirectly, any 3302 person to: 3303 (i) assist in placing a statewide ballot proposition on the ballot, assist in keeping a 3304 statewide ballot proposition off the ballot, or refrain from voting or vote for or vote against any 3305 statewide ballot proposition; or 3306 (ii) sign or refuse to sign an incorporation petition or refrain from voting, vote for, or vote 3307 against any proposed incorporation in an incorporation election. 3308 (b) "Political issues committee" does not mean: 3309 (i) a registered political party or a party committee; 3310 (ii) any entity that provides goods or services to an individual or committee in the regular 3311 course of its business at the same price that would be provided to the general public;

(iv) individuals who are related and who make contributions from a joint checking

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(iii) an individual;

3314	account; or
3315	(v) a corporation, except a corporation whose apparent purpose is to act as a political
3316	issues committee.
3317	(29) (a) "Political issues contribution" means any of the following:
3318	(i) a gift, subscription, unpaid or partially unpaid loan, advance, or deposit of money or
3319	anything of value given to a political issues committee;
3320	(ii) an express, legally enforceable contract, promise, or agreement to make a political
3321	issues donation to influence the approval or defeat of any ballot proposition;
3322	(iii) any transfer of funds received by a political issues committee from a reporting entity;
3323	(iv) compensation paid by another reporting entity for personal services rendered without
3324	charge to a political issues committee; and
3325	(v) goods or services provided to or for the benefit of a political issues committee at less
3326	than fair market value.
3327	(b) "Political issues contribution" does not include:
3328	(i) services provided without compensation by individuals volunteering a portion or all of
3329	their time on behalf of a political issues committee; or
3330	(ii) money lent to a political issues committee by a financial institution in the ordinary
3331	course of business.
3332	(30) (a) "Political issues expenditure" means any of the following:
3333	(i) any payment from political issues contributions made for the purpose of influencing the
3334	approval or the defeat of a statewide ballot proposition;
3335	(ii) a purchase, payment, distribution, loan, advance, deposit, or gift of money made for
3336	the purpose of influencing the approval or the defeat of a statewide ballot proposition;
3337	(iii) an express, legally enforceable contract, promise, or agreement to make any political
3338	issues expenditure;
3339	(iv) compensation paid by a reporting entity for personal services rendered by a person
3340	without charge to a political issues committee; or
3341	(v) goods or services provided to or for the benefit of another reporting entity at less than
3342	fair market value.
3343	(b) "Political issues expenditure" does not include:
3344	(i) services provided without compensation by individuals volunteering a portion or all of

their time on behalf of a political issues committee; or

- (ii) money lent to a political issues committee by a financial institution in the ordinary course of business.
- (31) "Political purposes" means an act done with the intent or in a way to influence or tend to influence, directly or indirectly, any person to refrain from voting or to vote for or against any candidate for public office at any caucus, political convention, primary, or election.
 - (32) "Primary election" means any regular primary election held under the election laws.
- (33) "Public office" means the office of governor, lieutenant governor, state auditor, state treasurer, attorney general, state or local school board member, state senator, state representative, speaker of the House of Representatives, president of the Senate, and the leader, whip, and assistant whip of any party caucus in either house of the Legislature.
- (34) (a) "Public service assistance" means the following when given or provided to an officeholder to defray the costs of functioning in a public office or aid the officeholder to communicate with the officeholder's constituents:
- (i) a gift, subscription, donation, unpaid or partially unpaid loan, advance, or deposit of money or anything of value to an officeholder; or
- (ii) goods or services provided at less than fair market value to or for the benefit of the officeholder.
 - (b) "Public service assistance" does not include:
 - (i) anything provided by the state;
- (ii) services provided without compensation by individuals volunteering a portion or all of their time on behalf of an officeholder;
- (iii) money lent to an officeholder by a financial institution in the ordinary course of business;
 - (iv) news coverage or any publication by the news media; or
- (v) any article, story, or other coverage as part of any regular publication of any organization unless substantially all the publication is devoted to information about the officeholder.
- (35) "Publicly identified class of individuals" means a group of 50 or more individuals sharing a common occupation, interest, or association that contribute to a political action committee or political issues committee and whose names can be obtained by contacting the

3376 political action committee or political issues committee upon whose financial report they are listed. 3377 (36) "Receipts" means contributions and public service assistance. (37) "Registered lobbyist" means a person registered under Title 36, Chapter 11, Lobbyist 3378 3379 Disclosure and Regulation Act. 3380 (38) "Registered political action committee" means any political action committee that is 3381 required by this chapter to file a statement of organization with the [Heutenant governor's] State 3382 Elections Commission's office. 3383 (39) "Registered political issues committee" means any political issues committee that is 3384 required by this chapter to file a statement of organization with the [lieutenant governor's] State 3385 Elections Commission's office. 3386 (40) "Registered political party" means an organization of voters that: 3387 (a) participated in the last regular general election and polled a total vote equal to 2% or more of the total votes cast for all candidates for the United States House of Representatives for 3388 3389 any of its candidates for any office; or (b) has complied with the petition and organizing procedures of this chapter. 3390 3391 (41) "Report" means a verified financial statement. 3392 (42) "Reporting entity" means a candidate, a candidate's personal campaign committee, 3393 an officeholder, and a party committee, a political action committee, and a political issues 3394 committee. 3395 (43) "School board office" means the office of state school board or local school board. (44) (a) "Source" means the person or entity that is the legal owner of the tangible or 3396 3397 intangible asset that comprises the contribution. (b) "Source" means, for political action committees and corporations, the political action 3398 3399 committee and the corporation as entities, not the contributors to the political action committee or 3400 the owners or shareholders of the corporation. 3401 (45) "State office" means the offices of governor, lieutenant governor, attorney general. 3402 state auditor, and state treasurer. (46) "State office candidate" means a person who: 3403 3404 (a) files a declaration of candidacy for a state office; or

(b) receives contributions, makes expenditures, or gives consent for any other person to

receive contributions or make expenditures to bring about the person's nomination or election to

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3407	a state office.
3408	(47) "Summary report" means the year end report containing the summary of a reporting
3409	entity's contributions and expenditures.
3410	(48) "Supervisory board" means the individual or group of individuals that allocate
3411	expenditures from a political issues committee.
3412	Section 92. Section 20A-11-103 is amended to read:
3413	20A-11-103. Reports Form of submission.
3414	(1) (a) (i) Ten days before a report from a state office candidate, legislative office
3415	candidate, state school board candidate, political party, political action committee, political issues
3416	committee, or judge is due under this chapter, the [lieutenant governor] State Elections
3417	Commission shall inform those candidates, judges, and entities by postal mail or, if requested by
3418	the candidate, judge, party, or committee, by electronic mail:
3419	(A) that the report is due; and
3420	(B) the date that the report is due.
3421	(ii) In addition to the information required by Subsection (1)(a)(i) and in the same mailing,
3422	ten days before the interim reports for candidates or judges are due, the [lieutenant governor] State
3423	Elections Commission shall inform the candidate or judge that if the report is not received in the
3424	[lieutenant governor's] State Elections Commission's office by 5 p.m. on the date that it is due,
3425	voters will be informed that the candidate or judge has been disqualified and any votes cast for the
3426	candidate or judge will not be counted.
3427	(iii) In addition to the information required by Subsection (1)(a)(i) and in the same
3428	mailing, ten days before the interim reports or verified financial statements for entities that are due
3429	September 15 and before the regular general election are due, and ten days before summary reports
3430	or January 5 financial statements are due, the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission
3431	shall inform the entity, candidate, judge, or officeholder that if the report is not received in the

(b) Ten days before a report from a local school board candidate is due under this chapter, the county clerk shall inform the candidate by postal mail or, if requested, by electronic mail:

[Heutenant governor's] State Elections Commission's office by the date that it is due, the entity, candidate, judge, or officeholder may be guilty of a class B misdemeanor for failing to file the

(i) that the report is due;

report or statement.

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3438	(ii) the date that the report is due; and
3439	(iii) if the report is not received in the county clerk's office by 5 p.m. on the date that it is
3440	due, voters will be informed that the candidate has been disqualified and any votes cast for the
3441	candidate will not be counted.
3442	(2) Persons or entities submitting reports required by this chapter may submit them:
3443	(a) on paper, printed, typed, or legibly handwritten or hand printed;
3444	(b) on a computer disk according to specifications established by the chief election officer
3445	that protect against fraudulent filings and secure the accuracy of the information contained on the
3446	computer disk;
3447	(c) via fax; or
3448	(d) via electronic mail according to specifications established by the chief election officer.
3449	(3) A report is considered filed if:
3450	(a) it is received in the chief election officer's office no later than $[5:00]$ 5 p.m. on the date
3451	that it is due;
3452	(b) it is received in the chief election officer's office with a postmark three days or more
3453	before the date that the report was due; or
3454	(c) the candidate, judge, or entity has proof that the report was mailed, with appropriate
3455	postage and addressing, three days before the report was due.
3456	Section 93. Section 20A-11-201 is amended to read:
3457	20A-11-201. State office candidate Separate bank account for campaign funds.
3458	(1) (a) Each state office candidate or the candidate's personal campaign committee shall
3459	deposit each contribution and public service assistance received in one or more separate campaign
3460	accounts in a financial institution.
3461	(b) The state office candidate or the candidate's personal campaign committee may use the
3462	monies in those accounts only for political purposes.
3463	(2) A state office candidate or the candidate's personal campaign committee may not
3464	deposit or mingle any contributions received into a personal or business account.
3465	(3) If a person who is no longer a state office candidate chooses not to expend the monies
3466	remaining in his campaign account, the person shall continue to file the year-end summary report
3467	required by Section 20A-11-203 until the statement of dissolution and final summary report
3468	required by Section 20A-11-205 are filed with the [Heutenant governor] State Elections

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3469	Commission.
3470	Section 94. Section 20A-11-202 is amended to read:
3471	20A-11-202. State office candidate Personal campaign committee required.
3472	(1) (a) (i) Each state office candidate shall select no more than one personal campaign
3473	committee, consisting of one or more persons, to receive contributions, make expenditures, and
3474	file reports connected with the candidate's campaign.
3475	(ii) A state office candidate may serve as his own campaign committee.
3476	(b) Except for expenses made by a registered political party to benefit a party's candidates
3477	generally, a state office candidate or other person acting in concert with or with the knowledge of
3478	the state office candidate may not receive any contributions or make any expenditures on behalf
3479	of a state office candidate other than through a personal campaign committee established under
3480	this section.
3481	(2) (a) The state office candidate shall file a written statement signed by the candidate or
3482	authorized member of the candidate's personal campaign committee with the [lieutenant governor]
3483	State Elections Commission that:
3484	(i) informs the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission that the state office
3485	candidate's personal campaign committee has been selected; and
3486	(ii) provides the name and address of each member and the secretary of the committee.
3487	(b) A state office candidate or the candidate's personal campaign committee may not make
3488	any expenditures on behalf of the candidate until the statement has been filed.
3489	(c) A state office candidate may revoke the selection of any member of the campaign
3490	committee by:
3491	(i) revoking that person's appointment or election in writing;
3492	(ii) personally serving the written revocation on the member whose selection is revoked;
3493	and
3494	(iii) filing a copy of the written revocation with the [lieutenant governor] State Elections
3495	Commission.
3496	(d) (i) The state office candidate may select a replacement to fill any vacancy on the
3497	campaign committee.

(ii) The state office candidate shall file that replacement's name and address with the

[lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission.

3500	(3) A member of a state office candidate's personal campaign committee may not make
3501	an expenditure of more than \$1,000 unless the state office candidate or the secretary of the
3502	personal campaign committee authorizes the expenditure in writing.
3503	(4) A state office candidate or the candidate's personal campaign committee may not make
3504	any expenditures prohibited by law.
3505	Section 95. Section 20A-11-204 is amended to read:
3506	20A-11-204. State office candidate Financial reporting requirements Interim
3507	reports.
3508	(1) Each state office candidate shall file an interim report at the following times in any year
3509	in which the candidate has filed a declaration of candidacy for a public office:
3510	(a) seven days before any political convention if more than one individual in the
3511	candidate's same party has filed a declaration of candidacy for the particular public office that the
3512	candidate seeks;
3513	(b) seven days before the regular primary election date;
3514	(c) September 15; and
3515	(d) seven days before the regular general election date.
3516	(2) Each interim report shall include the following information:
3517	(a) the net balance of the last summary report, if any;
3518	(b) a single figure equal to the total amount of receipts reported on all prior interim reports,
3519	if any, during the calendar year in which the interim report is due;
3520	(c) a single figure equal to the total amount of expenditures reported on all prior interim
3521	reports, if any, filed during the calendar year in which the interim report is due;
3522	(d) a detailed listing of each contribution and public service assistance received since the
3523	last summary report that has not been reported in detail on a prior interim report;
3524	(e) for each nonmonetary contribution, the fair market value of the contribution;
3525	(f) a detailed listing of each expenditure made since the last summary report that has not
3526	been reported in detail on a prior interim report;
3527	(g) for each nonmonetary expenditure, the fair market value of the expenditure;
3528	(h) a net balance for the year consisting of the net balance from the last summary report,
3529	if any, plus all receipts since the last summary report minus all expenditures since the last summary
3530	report; and

3531	(i) a summary page in the form required by the [lieutenant governor] State Elections
3532	Commission that identifies:
3533	(i) beginning balance;
3534	(ii) total contributions during the period since the last statement;
3535	(iii) total contributions to date;
3536	(iv) total expenditures during the period since the last statement; and
3537	(v) total expenditures to date.
3538	(3) (a) For all individual contributions or public service assistance of \$50 or less, a single
3539	aggregate figure may be reported without separate detailed listings.
3540	(b) Two or more contributions from the same source that have an aggregate total of more
3541	than \$50 may not be reported in the aggregate, but shall be reported separately.
3542	(4) In preparing each interim report, all receipts and expenditures shall be reported as of
3543	five days before the required filing date of the report.
3544	(5) State office candidates reporting under this section need only report contributions
3545	received and expenditures made after April 29, 1991.
3546	Section 96. Section 20A-11-205 is amended to read:
3547	20A-11-205. State office candidate Financial reporting requirements
3548	Termination of duty to report.
3549	(1) Each state office candidate and the candidate's personal campaign committee is active
3550	and subject to interim reporting requirements until the candidate withdraws or is eliminated in a
3551	convention or primary.
3552	(2) Each state office candidate and the candidate's personal campaign committee is active
3553	and subject to year-end summary reporting requirements until the candidate has filed a statement
3554	of dissolution with the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission stating that:
3555	(a) the state office candidate or the personal campaign committee is no longer receiving
3556	contributions and is no longer making expenditures;
3557	(b) the ending balance on the last summary report filed is zero and the balance in the
3558	separate bank account required in Section 20A-11-201 is zero; and
3559	(c) a final summary report in the form required by Section 20A-11-203 showing a zero
3560	balance is attached to the statement of dissolution.
3561	(3) A statement of dissolution and a final summary report may be filed at any time.

3562	(4) Each state office candidate and the candidate's personal campaign committee shall
3563	continue to file the year-end summary report required by Section 20A-11-203 until the statement
3564	of dissolution and final summary report required by this section are filed with the [lieutenant
3565	governor] State Elections Commission.
3566	Section 97. Section 20A-11-206 is amended to read:
3567	20A-11-206. State office candidate Failure to file reports Penalties.
3568	(1) (a) If a state office candidate fails to file an interim report due before the regular
3569	primary election, September 15, or before the regular general election, the [lieutenant governor]
3570	State Elections Commission shall, after making a reasonable attempt to discover if the report was
3571	timely mailed, inform the county clerk and other appropriate election officials who:
3572	(i) shall, if practicable, remove the name of the candidate by blacking out the candidate's
3573	name before the ballots are delivered to voters; or
3574	(ii) shall, if removing the candidate's name from the ballot is not practicable, inform the
3575	voters by any practicable method that the candidate has been disqualified and that votes cast for
3576	the candidate will not be counted; and
3577	(iii) may not count any votes for that candidate.
3578	(b) Any state office candidate who fails to file timely a financial statement required by this
3579	part is disqualified and the vacancy on the ballot may be filled as provided in Section 20A-1-501.
3580	(c) Notwithstanding Subsections (1)(a) and (1)(b), a state office candidate is not
3581	disqualified if:
3582	(i) the candidate files the reports required by this section;
3583	(ii) those reports are completed, detailing accurately and completely the information
3584	required by this part except for inadvertent omissions or insignificant errors or inaccuracies; and
3585	(iii) those omissions, errors, or inaccuracies are corrected in an amended report or in the
3586	next scheduled report.
3587	(2) (a) Within 30 days after a deadline for the filing of a summary report, the [lieutenant
3588	governor] State Elections Commission shall review each filed summary report to ensure that:
3589	(i) each state office candidate that is required to file a summary report has filed one; and
3590	(ii) each summary report contains the information required by this part.
3591	(b) If it appears that any state office candidate has failed to file the summary report

required by law, if it appears that a filed summary report does not conform to the law, or if the

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3593	[lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission has received a written complaint alleging a
3594	violation of the law or the falsity of any summary report, the [lieutenant governor] State Elections
3595	Commission shall, within five days of discovery of a violation or receipt of a written complaint,
3596	notify the state office candidate of the violation or written complaint and direct the state office
3597	candidate to file a summary report correcting the problem.
3598	(c) (i) It is unlawful for any state office candidate to fail to file or amend a summary report
3599	within 14 days after receiving notice from the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission
3600	under this section.
3601	(ii) Each state office candidate who violates Subsection (2)(c)(i) is guilty of a class B
3602	misdemeanor.
3603	(iii) The [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall report all violations of
3604	Subsection (2)(c)(i) to the attorney general.
3605	Section 98. Section 20A-11-301 is amended to read:
3606	20A-11-301. Legislative office candidate Campaign requirements.
3607	(1) Each legislative office candidate shall deposit each contribution and public service
3608	assistance received in one or more separate accounts in a financial institution that are dedicated
3609	only to that purpose.
3610	(2) A legislative office candidate may not deposit or mingle any contributions or public
3611	service assistance received into a personal or business account.
3612	(3) A legislative office candidate may not make any political expenditures prohibited by
3613	law.
3614	(4) If a person who is no longer a legislative candidate chooses not to expend the monies
3615	remaining in his campaign account, the person shall continue to file the year-end summary report
3616	required by Section 20A-11-302 until the statement of dissolution and final summary report
3617	required by Section 20A-11-304 are filed with the [Hieutenant governor] State Elections
3618	Commission.
3619	Section 99. Section 20A-11-303 is amended to read:
3620	20A-11-303. Legislative office candidate Financial reporting requirements
3621	Interim reports.

(1) Each legislative office candidate shall file an interim report at the following times in any year in which the candidate has filed a declaration of candidacy for a public office:

3624	(a) seven days before any political convention if more than one individual in the
3625	candidate's same party has filed a declaration of candidacy for the particular public office that the
3626	candidate seeks;
3627	(b) seven days before the regular primary election date, if the candidate is on the ballot in
3628	the primary election;
3629	(c) September 15, unless the candidate is unopposed; and
3630	(d) seven days before the regular general election date.
3631	(2) Each interim report shall include the following information:
3632	(a) the net balance of the last summary report, if any;
3633	(b) a single figure equal to the total amount of receipts reported on all prior interim reports,
3634	if any, during the calendar year in which the interim report is due;
3635	(c) a single figure equal to the total amount of expenditures reported on all prior interim
3636	reports, if any, filed during the calendar year in which the interim report is due;
3637	(d) a detailed listing of each contribution and public service assistance received since the
3638	last summary report that has not been reported in detail on a prior interim report;
3639	(e) for each nonmonetary contribution, the fair market value of the contribution;
3640	(f) a detailed listing of each expenditure made since the last summary report that has not
3641	been reported in detail on a prior interim report;
3642	(g) for each nonmonetary expenditure, the fair market value of the expenditure;
3643	(h) a net balance for the year consisting of the net balance from the last summary report,
3644	if any, plus all receipts since the last summary report minus all expenditures since the last summary
3645	report; and
3646	(i) a summary page in the form required by the [lieutenant governor] State Elections
3647	Commission that identifies:
3648	(i) beginning balance;
3649	(ii) total contributions during the period since the last statement;
3650	(iii) total contributions to date;
3651	(iv) total expenditures during the period since the last statement; and
3652	(v) total expenditures to date.
3653	(3) (a) For all individual contributions or public service assistance of \$50 or less, a single
3654	aggregate figure may be reported without separate detailed listings.

3655	(b) Two or more contributions from the same source that have an aggregate total of more
3656	than \$50 may not be reported in the aggregate, but shall be reported separately.
3657	(4) In preparing each interim report, all receipts and expenditures shall be reported as of
3658	five days before the required filing date of the report.
3659	(5) Legislative office candidates reporting under this section need only report contributions
3660	received and expenditures made after April 29, 1991.
3661	Section 100. Section 20A-11-304 is amended to read:
3662	20A-11-304. Legislative office candidate Financial reporting requirements
3663	Termination of duty to report.
3664	(1) Each legislative candidate is subject to interim reporting requirements until the
3665	candidate withdraws or is eliminated in a convention or primary.
3666	(2) Each legislative office candidate is subject to year-end summary reporting requirements
3667	until the candidate has filed a statement of dissolution with the [lieutenant governor] State
3668	Elections Commission stating that:
3669	(a) the legislative office candidate is no longer receiving contributions and is no longer
3670	making expenditures;
3671	(b) the ending balance on the last summary report filed is zero and the balance in the
3672	separate bank account required in Section 20A-11-301 is zero; and
3673	(c) a final summary report in the form required by Section 20A-11-302 showing a zero
3674	balance is attached to the statement of dissolution.
3675	(3) A statement of dissolution and a final summary report may be filed at any time.
3676	(4) Each legislative office candidate shall continue to file the year-end summary report
3677	required by Section 20A-11-302 until the statement of dissolution and final summary report
3678	required by this section are filed with the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission.
3679	Section 101. Section 20A-11-305 is amended to read:
3680	20A-11-305. Legislative office candidate Failure to file report Name not printed
3681	on ballot Filling vacancy.
3682	(1) (a) If a legislative office candidate fails to file an interim report due before the regular
3683	primary election, September 15, or before the regular general election, the [Hieutenant governor]
3684	State Elections Commission shall, after making a reasonable attempt to discover if the report was
3685	timely mailed, inform the county clerk and other appropriate election officials who:

(i) shall, if practicable, remove the name of the candidate by blacking out the candidate's name before the ballots are delivered to voters; or

- (ii) shall, if removing the candidate's name from the ballot is not practicable, inform the voters by any practicable method that the candidate has been disqualified and that votes cast for the candidate will not be counted; and
 - (iii) may not count any votes for that candidate.

- (b) Any legislative office candidate who fails to file timely a financial statement required by this part is disqualified and the vacancy on the ballot may be filled as provided in Section 20A-1-501.
- (c) Notwithstanding Subsections (1)(a) and (1)(b), a legislative office candidate is not disqualified if:
 - (i) the candidate files the reports required by this section;
- (ii) those reports are completed, detailing accurately and completely the information required by this part except for inadvertent omissions or insignificant errors or inaccuracies; and
- (iii) those omissions, errors, or inaccuracies are corrected in an amended report or in the next scheduled report.
- (2) (a) Within 30 days after a deadline for the filing of a summary report, the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall review each filed summary report to ensure that:
- (i) each legislative office candidate that is required to file a summary report has filed one; and
 - (ii) each summary report contains the information required by this part.
- (b) If it appears that any legislative office candidate has failed to file the summary report required by law, if it appears that a filed summary report does not conform to the law, or if the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission has received a written complaint alleging a violation of the law or the falsity of any summary report, the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall, within five days of discovery of a violation or receipt of a written complaint, notify the legislative office candidate of the violation or written complaint and direct the legislative office candidate to file a summary report correcting the problem.
- 3714 (c) (i) It is unlawful for any legislative office candidate to fail to file or amend a summary 3715 report within 14 days after receiving notice from the [Hieutenant governor] State Elections 3716 Commission under this section.

3717	(ii) Each legislative office candidate who violates Subsection (2)(c)(i) is guilty of a class
3718	B misdemeanor.
3719	(iii) The [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall report all violations of
3720	Subsection (2)(c)(i) to the attorney general.
3721	Section 102. Section 20A-11-402 is amended to read:
3722	20A-11-402. Officeholder financial reporting requirements Termination of duty
3723	to report.
3724	(1) An officeholder is active and subject to reporting requirements until the officeholder
3725	has filed a statement of dissolution with the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission
3726	stating that:
3727	(a) the officeholder is no longer receiving contributions or public service assistance and
3728	is no longer making expenditures;
3729	(b) the ending balance on the last summary report filed is zero and the balance in the
3730	separate bank account required by Sections 20A-11-201 and 20A-11-301 is zero; and
3731	(c) a final summary report in the form required by Section 20A-11-401 showing a zero
3732	balance is attached to the statement of dissolution.
3733	(2) A statement of dissolution and a final summary report may be filed at any time.
3734	(3) Each officeholder shall continue to file the year-end summary report required by
3735	Section 20A-11-401 until the statement of dissolution and final summary report required by this
3736	section are filed with the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission.
3737	Section 103. Section 20A-11-403 is amended to read:
3738	20A-11-403. Failure to file Penalties.
3739	(1) Within 30 days after a deadline for the filing of a summary report, the [lieutenant
3740	governor] State Elections Commission shall review each filed summary report to ensure that:
3741	(a) each officeholder that is required to file a summary report has filed one; and
3742	(b) each summary report contains the information required by this part.
3743	(2) If it appears that any officeholder has failed to file the summary report required by law,
3744	if it appears that a filed summary report does not conform to the law, or if the [lieutenant governor]
3745	State Elections Commission has received a written complaint alleging a violation of the law or the
3746	falsity of any summary report, the [Heutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall, within
3747	five days of discovery of a violation or receipt of a written complaint, notify the officeholder of

3748	the violation or written complaint and direct the officeholder to file a summary report correcting
3749	the problem.
3750	(3) (a) It is unlawful for any officeholder to fail to file or amend a summary report within
3751	14 days after receiving notice from the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission under
3752	this section.
3753	(b) Each officeholder who violates Subsection (3)(a) is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.
3754	(c) The [Hieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall report all violations of
3755	Subsection (3)(a) to the attorney general.
3756	Section 104. Section 20A-11-507 is amended to read:
3757	20A-11-507. Political party financial reporting requirements Interim reports.
3758	(1) Each party committee shall file an interim report at the following times in any year in
3759	which there is a regular general election:
3760	(a) September 15; and
3761	(b) seven days before the general election.
3762	(2) Each interim report shall include the following information:
3763	(a) the net balance of the last summary report, if any;
3764	(b) a single figure equal to the total amount of receipts reported on all prior interim reports,
3765	if any, during the calendar year in which the interim report is due;
3766	(c) a single figure equal to the total amount of expenditures reported on all prior interim
3767	reports, if any, filed during the calendar year in which the interim report is due;
3768	(d) a detailed listing of each contribution and public service assistance received since the
3769	last summary report that has not been reported in detail on a prior interim report;
3770	(e) for each nonmonetary contribution, the fair market value of the contribution;
3771	(f) a detailed listing of each expenditure made since the last summary report that has not
3772	been reported in detail on a prior interim report;
3773	(g) for each nonmonetary expenditure, the fair market value of the expenditure;
3774	(h) a net balance for the year consisting of the net balance from the last summary report,
3775	if any, plus all receipts since the last summary report minus all expenditures since the last summary
3776	report; and
3777	(i) a summary page in the form required by the [lieutenant governor] State Elections
3778	<u>Commission</u> that identifies:

3779	(i) beginning balance;
3780	(ii) total contributions during the period since the last statement;
3781	(iii) total contributions to date;
3782	(iv) total expenditures during the period since the last statement; and
3783	(v) total expenditures to date.
3784	(3) (a) For all individual contributions or public service assistance of \$50 or less, a single
3785	aggregate figure may be reported without separate detailed listings.
3786	(b) Two or more contributions from the same source that have an aggregate total of more
3787	than \$50 may not be reported in the aggregate, but shall be reported separately.
3788	(4) In preparing each interim report, all receipts and expenditures shall be reported as of
3789	three days before the required filing date of the report.
3790	Section 105. Section 20A-11-508 is amended to read:
3791	20A-11-508. Political party reporting requirements Criminal penalties.
3792	(1) (a) Each registered political party that fails to file the interim reports due September
3793	15 or before the regular general session is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.
3794	(b) The [Hieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall report all violations of
3795	Subsection (1)(a) to the attorney general.
3796	(2) Within 30 days after a deadline for the filing of a summary report required by this part,
3797	the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall review each filed report to ensure that:
3798	(a) each political party that is required to file a report has filed one; and
3799	(b) each report contains the information required by this part.
3800	(3) If it appears that any political party has failed to file a report required by law, if it
3801	appears that a filed report does not conform to the law, or if the [lieutenant governor] State
3802	Elections Commission has received a written complaint alleging a violation of the law or the
3803	falsity of any report, the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall, within five days
3804	of discovery of a violation or receipt of a written complaint, notify the political party of the
3805	violation or written complaint and direct the political party to file a summary report correcting the
3806	problem.
3807	(4) (a) It is unlawful for any political party to fail to file or amend a summary report within
3808	14 days after receiving notice from the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission under
3809	this section.

3810	(b) Each political party who violates Subsection (4)(a) is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.
3811	(c) The [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall report all violations of
3812	Subsection (4)(a) to the attorney general.
3813	Section 106. Section 20A-11-601 is amended to read:
3814	20A-11-601. Political action committees Registration.
3815	(1) Each political action committee shall file a statement of organization with the
3816	[lieutenant governor's] State Elections Commission's office no later than seven days after:
3817	(a) receiving contributions totaling at least \$750 in any calendar year; or
3818	(b) distributing expenditures for political purposes totaling at least \$750 in any calendar
3819	year.
3820	(2) The statement of organization shall include:
3821	(a) the name and address of the political action committee;
3822	(b) the name, address, occupation, and title of each officer;
3823	(c) the name and address of the organization, individual corporation, association, unit of
3824	government, or union that the political action committee represents, if any;
3825	(d) the name and address of all affiliated or connected organizations and their relationships
3826	to the political action committee;
3827	(e) the name, address, business address, occupation, and phone number of the committee's
3828	treasurer or chief financial officer; and
3829	(f) the name, address, and occupation of each member of the governing board, if any.
3830	(3) (a) Any registered political action committee that intends to permanently cease
3831	operations shall file a notice of dissolution with the [Hieutenant governor's] State Elections
3832	<u>Commission's</u> office.
3833	(b) Any notice of dissolution filed by a political action committee does not exempt that
3834	political action committee from complying with the financial reporting requirements of this
3835	chapter.
3836	Section 107. Section 20A-11-602 is amended to read:
3837	20A-11-602. Political action committees Financial reporting.
3838	(1) (a) Each registered political action committee that has received contributions or made
3839	expenditures that total at least \$750 during a calendar year shall file a verified financial statement
3840	with the [lieutenant governor's] State Elections Commission's office on:

3841	(i) January 5, reporting contributions and expenditures as of December 31 of the previous
3842	year;
3843	(ii) September 15; and
3844	(iii) seven days before the regular general election.
3845	(b) The registered political action committee shall report:
3846	(i) a detailed listing of all contributions received and expenditures made since the last
3847	statement; and
3848	(ii) for financial statements filed on September 15 and before the general election, all
3849	contributions and expenditures as of three days before the required filing date of the financial
3850	statement.
3851	(c) The registered political action committee need not file a statement under this section
3852	if it received no contributions and made no expenditures during the reporting period.
3853	(2) (a) The verified financial statement shall include:
3854	(i) the name, address, and occupation of any individual that makes a contribution to the
3855	reporting political action committee, and the amount of the contribution;
3856	(ii) the identification of any publicly identified class of individuals that makes a
3857	contribution to the reporting political action committee, and the amount of the contribution;
3858	(iii) the name and address of any political action committee, group, or entity that makes
3859	a contribution to the reporting political action committee, and the amount of the contribution;
3860	(iv) for each nonmonetary contribution, the fair market value of the contribution;
3861	(v) the name and address of each reporting entity that received an expenditure from the
3862	reporting political action committee, and the amount of each expenditure;
3863	(vi) for each nonmonetary expenditure, the fair market value of the expenditure;
3864	(vii) the total amount of contributions received and expenditures disbursed by the reporting
3865	political action committee;
3866	(viii) a paragraph signed by the political action committee's treasurer or chief financial
3867	officer verifying that, to the best of the signer's knowledge, the financial report is accurate; and
3868	(ix) a summary page in the form required by the [Hieutenant governor] State Elections
3869	Commission that identifies:
3870	(A) beginning balance;
3871	(B) total contributions during the period since the last statement;

3872	(C) total contributions to date;
3873	(D) total expenditures during the period since the last statement; and
3874	(E) total expenditures to date.
3875	(b) (i) Contributions received by a political action committee that have a value of \$50 or
3876	less need not be reported individually, but shall be listed on the report as an aggregate total.
3877	(ii) Two or more contributions from the same source that have an aggregate total of more
3878	than \$50 may not be reported in the aggregate, but shall be reported separately.
3879	Section 108. Section 20A-11-603 is amended to read:
3880	20A-11-603. Criminal penalties.
3881	(1) (a) Each political action committee that fails to file the statement due September 15
3882	or before the regular general session is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.
3883	(b) The [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall report all violations of
3884	Subsection (1)(a) to the attorney general.
3885	(2) Within 30 days after a deadline for the filing of the January 5 statement required by this
3886	part, the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall review each filed statement to
3887	ensure that:
3888	(a) each political action committee that is required to file a statement has filed one; and
3889	(b) each statement contains the information required by this part.
3890	(3) If it appears that any political action committee has failed to file the January 5
3891	statement, if it appears that a filed statement does not conform to the law, or if the [lieutenant
3892	governor] State Elections Commission has received a written complaint alleging a violation of the
3893	law or the falsity of any statement, the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall,
3894	within five days of discovery of a violation or receipt of a written complaint, notify the political
3895	action committee of the violation or written complaint and direct the political action committee
3896	to file a statement correcting the problem.
3897	(4) (a) It is unlawful for any political action committee to fail to file or amend a statement
3898	within 14 days after receiving notice from the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission
3899	under this section.
3900	(b) Each political action committee who violates Subsection (4)(a) is guilty of a class B

(c) The [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall report all violations of

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misdemeanor.

3903	Subsection (4)(a) to the attorney general.
3904	Section 109. Section 20A-11-701 is amended to read:
3905	20A-11-701. Campaign financial reporting of candidate campaign contributions by
3906	corporations Filing requirements Statement contents.
3907	(1) (a) Each corporation that has made expenditures for political purposes that total at least
3908	\$750 during a calendar year shall file a verified financial statement with the [lieutenant governor's]
3909	State Elections Commission's office on:
3910	(i) January 5, reporting expenditures as of December 31 of the previous year;
3911	(ii) September 15; and
3912	(iii) seven days before the regular general election.
3913	(b) The corporation shall report:
3914	(i) a detailed listing of all expenditures made since the last statement; and
3915	(ii) for financial statements filed on September 15 and before the general election, all
3916	expenditures as of three days before the required filing date of the financial statement.
3917	(c) The corporation need not file a statement under this section if it made no expenditures
3918	during the reporting period.
3919	(2) That statement shall include:
3920	(a) the name and address of each reporting entity that received an expenditure from the
3921	corporation, and the amount of each expenditure;
3922	(b) the total amount of expenditures disbursed by the corporation; and
3923	(c) a paragraph signed by the corporation's or the political action committee's treasurer or
3924	chief financial officer verifying the accuracy of the financial report.
3925	Section 110. Section 20A-11-702 is amended to read:
3926	20A-11-702. Campaign financial reporting of political issues expenditures by
3927	corporations Financial reporting.
3928	(1) (a) Each corporation that has made political issues expenditures on current or proposed
3929	ballot issues that total at least \$750 during a calendar year shall file a verified financial statement
3930	with the [Hieutenant governor's] State Elections Commission's office on:
3931	(i) January 5, reporting expenditures as of December 31 of the previous year;
3932	(ii) September 15; and
3933	(iii) seven days before the regular general election.

3934	(b) The corporation shall report:
3935	(i) a detailed listing of all expenditures made since the last statement; and
3936	(ii) for financial statements filed on September 15 and before the primary and general
3937	elections, expenditures as of three days before the required filing date of the financial statement.
3938	(c) The corporation need not file a statement under this section if it made no expenditures
3939	during the reporting period.
3940	(2) That statement shall include:
3941	(a) the name and address of each individual, entity, or group of individuals or entities that
3942	received a political issues expenditure of more than \$50 from the corporation, and the amount of
3943	each political issues expenditure;
3944	(b) the total amount of political issues expenditures disbursed by the corporation; and
3945	(c) a paragraph signed by the corporation's treasurer or chief financial officer verifying the
3946	accuracy of the verified financial statement.
3947	Section 111. Section 20A-11-703 is amended to read:
3948	20A-11-703. Criminal penalties.
3949	(1) Within 30 days after a deadline for the filing of any statement required by this part, the
3950	[lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall review each filed statement to ensure that:
3951	(a) each corporation that is required to file a statement has filed one; and
3952	(b) each statement contains the information required by this part.
3953	(2) If it appears that any corporation has failed to file any statement, if it appears that a
3954	filed statement does not conform to the law, or if the [Heutenant governor] State Elections
3955	Commission has received a written complaint alleging a violation of the law or the falsity of any
3956	statement, the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall, within five days of
3957	discovery of a violation or receipt of a written complaint, notify the corporation of the violation
3958	or written complaint and direct the corporation to file a statement correcting the problem.
3959	(3) (a) It is unlawful for any corporation to fail to file or amend a statement within 14 days
3960	after receiving notice from the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission under this
3961	section.
3962	(b) Each corporation who violates Subsection (3)(a) is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.
3963	(c) The [Hieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall report all violations of this
3964	Subsection (3)(a) to the attorney general.

3965	Section 112. Section 20A-11-801 is amended to read:
3966	20A-11-801. Political issues committees Registration.
3967	(1) Each political issues committee shall file a statement of organization with the
3968	[lieutenant governor's] State Elections Commission's office no later than seven days after receiving
3969	political issues contributions totaling at least \$750 or disbursing political issues expenditures
3970	totaling at least \$50 in any calendar year.
3971	(2) The statement of organization shall include:
3972	(a) the name and address of the political issues committee;
3973	(b) the name, address, occupation, and title of each officer;
3974	(c) the name and address of the organization, individual, corporation, association, unit of
3975	government, or union that the political issues committee represents, if any;
3976	(d) the name and address of all affiliated or connected organizations and their relationships
3977	to the political issues committee;
3978	(e) the name, address, business address, occupation, and phone number of the committee's
3979	treasurer or chief financial officer;
3980	(f) the name, address, and occupation of each member of the supervisory board, if any; and
3981	(g) the ballot proposition whose outcome they wish to affect, and whether they support or
3982	oppose it.
3983	(3) (a) Any registered political issues committee that intends to permanently cease
3984	operations during a calendar year shall file a notice of dissolution with the [lieutenant governor's]
3985	State Elections Commission's office.
3986	(b) Any notice of dissolution filed by a political issues committee does not exempt that
3987	political issues committee from complying with the financial reporting requirements of this
3988	chapter.
3989	Section 113. Section 20A-11-802 is amended to read:
3990	20A-11-802. Political issues committees Financial reporting.
3991	(1) (a) Each registered political issues committee that has received political issues
3992	contributions totaling at least \$750, or disbursed political issues expenditures totaling at least \$50
3993	during a calendar year on current or proposed statewide ballot propositions, to influence an

incorporation petition or an incorporation election, or on initiative petitions to be submitted to the

Legislature, shall file a verified financial statement with the [lieutenant governor's] State Elections

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3996	Commission's office:
3997	(i) on January 5, reporting contributions and expenditures as of December 31 of the
3998	previous year;
3999	(ii) seven days before the date of an incorporation election, if the political issues
4000	committee has received donations or made disbursements to affect an incorporation;
4001	(iii) on September 15; and
4002	(iv) seven days before the regular general election.
4003	(b) The political issues committee shall report:
4004	(i) a detailed listing of all contributions received and expenditures made since the last
4005	statement; and
4006	(ii) for financial statements filed on September 15 and before the general election, all
4007	contributions and expenditures as of three days before the required filing date of the financial
4008	statement.
4009	(c) The political issues committee need not file a statement under this section if it received
4010	no contributions and made no expenditures during the reporting period.
4011	(2) (a) That statement shall include:
4012	(i) the name, address, and occupation of any individual that makes a political issues
4013	contribution to the reporting political issues committee, and the amount of the political issues
4014	contribution;
4015	(ii) the identification of any publicly identified class of individuals that makes a political
4016	issues contribution to the reporting political issues committee, and the amount of the political
4017	issues contribution;
4018	(iii) the name and address of any political issues committee, group, or entity that makes
4019	a political issues contribution to the reporting political issues committee, and the amount of the
4020	political issues contribution;
4021	(iv) the name and address of each reporting entity that makes a political issues contribution
4022	to the reporting political issues committee, and the amount of the political issues contribution;
4023	(v) for each nonmonetary contribution, the fair market value of the contribution;
4024	(vi) the name and address of each individual, entity, or group of individuals or entities that
4025	received a political issues expenditure of more than \$50 from the reporting political issues

committee, and the amount of each political issues expenditure;

4027	(vii) for each nonmonetary expenditure, the fair market value of the expenditure;
4028	(viii) the total amount of political issues contributions received and political issues
4029	expenditures disbursed by the reporting political issues committee;
4030	(ix) a paragraph signed by the political issues committee's treasurer or chief financial
4031	officer verifying that, to the best of the signer's knowledge, the financial statement is accurate; and
4032	(x) a summary page in the form required by the [Hieutenant governor] State Elections
4033	Commission that identifies:
4034	(A) beginning balance;
4035	(B) total contributions during the period since the last statement;
4036	(C) total contributions to date;
4037	(D) total expenditures during the period since the last statement; and
4038	(E) total expenditures to date.
4039	(b) (i) Political issues contributions received by a political issues committee that have a
4040	value of \$50 or less need not be reported individually, but shall be listed on the report as an
4041	aggregate total.
4042	(ii) Two or more political issues contributions from the same source that have an aggregate
4043	total of more than \$50 may not be reported in the aggregate, but shall be reported separately.
4044	Section 114. Section 20A-11-803 is amended to read:
4045	20A-11-803. Criminal penalties.
4046	(1) (a) Each political issues committee that fails to file the statement due September 15
4047	or before the regular general session is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.
4048	(b) The [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall report all violations of
4049	Subsection (1) to the attorney general.
4050	(2) Within 30 days after a deadline for the filing of the January 5 statement, the [lieutenant
4051	governor] State Elections Commission shall review each filed statement to ensure that:
4052	(a) each political issues committee that is required to file a statement has filed one; and
4053	(b) each statement contains the information required by this part.
4054	(3) If it appears that any political issues committee has failed to file the January 5
4055	statement, if it appears that a filed statement does not conform to the law, or if the [lieutenant
4056	governor] State Elections Commission has received a written complaint alleging a violation of the
4057	law or the falsity of any statement, the [Heutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall,

4058 within five days of discovery of a violation or receipt of a written complaint, notify the political 4059 issues committee of the violation or written complaint and direct the political issues committee to 4060 file a statement correcting the problem. 4061 (4) (a) It is unlawful for any political issues committee to fail to file or amend a statement 4062 within 14 days after receiving notice from the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission 4063 under this section. 4064 (b) Each political issues committee who violates Subsection (4)(a) is guilty of a class B 4065 misdemeanor. 4066 (c) The [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall report all violations of 4067 Subsection (4)(a) to the attorney general. 4068 Section 115. Section 20A-11-1004 is amended to read: 4069 20A-11-1004. Summary of financial reports of political action committees and 4070 corporations. 4071 (1) The [lieutenant governor's] State Elections Commission's office shall prepare a summary of each financial report submitted by each corporation, political action committee, and 4072 4073 political issues committee. 4074 (2) Each summary shall include the following information: 4075 (a) for each candidate: (i) the name of each political action committee and corporation that made expenditures to 4076 4077 the candidate: and 4078 (ii) the aggregate total of expenditures made by each political action committee and 4079 corporation to the candidate; 4080 (b) for each political action committee: 4081 (i) the name of each individual or organization listed on the financial report that made 4082 contributions to the political action committee and the aggregate total of contributions made by 4083 each individual or organization listed on the financial report to the political action committee; and 4084 (ii) the name of each candidate, personal campaign committee, and political action committee that received expenditures from a political action committee and the aggregate total of 4085 4086 expenditures made to each candidate, personal campaign committee, and political action 4087 committee;

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(c) for each corporation:

4089 (i) the name of each candidate, personal campaign committee, and political action 4090 committee that received expenditures from the corporation, and the aggregate total of expenditures 4091 made by the corporation to each candidate, personal campaign committee, and political action 4092 committee; and 4093 (ii) the name of each individual, entity, or group of individuals or entities that received 4094 disbursements from the corporation, and the aggregate total of disbursements made by the 4095 corporation to each individual, entity, or group of individuals or entities; 4096 (d) for each political issues committee: 4097 (i) the name of each individual or organization listed on the financial report that made political issues contributions to the political issues committee and the aggregate total of political 4098 4099 issues contributions made by each individual or organization listed on the financial report to the 4100 political issues committee; and 4101 (ii) the name of each individual, entity, or group of individuals or entities that received 4102 political issues expenditures from a political issues committee and the aggregate total of political 4103 issues expenditures made to each individual, entity, or group of individuals or entities. 4104 Section 116. Section **20A-11-1301** is amended to read: 4105 20A-11-1301. School board office candidate -- Campaign requirements. 4106 (1) Each school board office candidate shall deposit each contribution and public service 4107 assistance received in one or more separate accounts in a financial institution that are dedicated 4108 only to that purpose. 4109 (2) A school board office candidate may not deposit or mingle any contributions or public 4110 service assistance received into a personal or business account. 4111 (3) A school board office candidate may not make any political expenditures prohibited 4112 by law. 4113 (4) If a person who is no longer a school board candidate chooses not to expend the monies 4114 remaining in his campaign account, the person shall continue to file the year-end summary report

required by Section 20A-11-1302 until the statement of dissolution and final summary report

(b) the county clerk, in the case of a local school board candidate.

(a) the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission, in the case of a state school

required by Section 20A-11-1304 are filed with:

board candidate; and

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4120	Section 117. Section 20A-11-1303 is amended to read:
4121	20A-11-1303. School board office candidate Financial reporting requirements
4122	Interim reports.
4123	(1) Each school board office candidate shall file an interim report at the following times
4124	in any year in which the candidate has filed a declaration of candidacy for a public office:
4125	(a) seven days before the regular primary election date, if the candidate is on the ballot in
4126	the primary election;
4127	(b) September 15, unless the candidate is unopposed; and
4128	(c) seven days before the regular general election date.
4129	(2) Each interim report shall include the following information:
4130	(a) the net balance of the last summary report, if any;
4131	(b) a single figure equal to the total amount of receipts reported on all prior interim reports,
4132	if any, during the calendar year in which the interim report is due;
4133	(c) a single figure equal to the total amount of expenditures reported on all prior interim
4134	reports, if any, filed during the calendar year in which the interim report is due;
4135	(d) a detailed listing of each contribution and public service assistance received since the
4136	last summary report that has not been reported in detail on a prior interim report;
4137	(e) for each nonmonetary contribution, the fair market value of the contribution;
4138	(f) a detailed listing of each expenditure made since the last summary report that has not
4139	been reported in detail on a prior interim report;
4140	(g) for each nonmonetary expenditure, the fair market value of the expenditure;
4141	(h) a net balance for the year consisting of the net balance from the last summary report,
4142	if any, plus all receipts since the last summary report minus all expenditures since the last summary
4143	report; and
4144	(i) a summary page in the form required by the [lieutenant governor] State Elections
4145	Commission that identifies:
4146	(i) beginning balance;
4147	(ii) total contributions during the period since the last statement;
4148	(iii) total contributions to date;
4149	(iv) total expenditures during the period since the last statement; and
4150	(v) total expenditures to date.

4151	(3) (a) For all individual contributions or public service assistance of \$50 or less, a single
4152	aggregate figure may be reported without separate detailed listings.
4153	(b) Two or more contributions from the same source that have an aggregate total of more
4154	than \$50 may not be reported in the aggregate, but shall be reported separately.
4155	(4) In preparing each interim report, all receipts and expenditures shall be reported as of
4156	three days before the required filing date of the report.
4157	(5) School board office candidates reporting under this section need only report
4158	contributions received and expenditures made after May 5, 1997.
4159	Section 118. Section 20A-11-1304 is amended to read:
4160	20A-11-1304. School board office candidate Financial reporting requirements
4161	Termination of duty to report.
4162	(1) Each school board candidate is subject to interim reporting requirements until the
4163	candidate withdraws or is eliminated in a primary.
4164	(2) Each school board office candidate is subject to year-end summary reporting
4165	requirements until the candidate has filed a statement of dissolution with the [lieutenant governor]
4166	State Elections Commission stating that:
4167	(a) the school board office candidate is no longer receiving contributions and is no longer
4168	making expenditures;
4169	(b) the ending balance on the last summary report filed is zero and the balance in the
4170	separate bank account required in Section 20A-11-1301 is zero; and
4171	(c) a final summary report in the form required by Section 20A-11-1302 showing a zero
4172	balance is attached to the statement of dissolution.
4173	(3) A statement of dissolution and a final summary report may be filed at any time.
4174	(4) Each school board office candidate shall continue to file the year-end summary report
4175	required by Section 20A-11-1302 until the statement of dissolution and final summary report
4176	required by this section are filed.
4177	Section 119. Section 20A-11-1305 is amended to read:
4178	20A-11-1305. School board office candidate Failure to file statement Name not
4179	printed on ballot Filling vacancy.
4180	(1) (a) If a school board office candidate fails to file an interim report due before the
4181	regular primary election, September 15, and before the regular general election, the chief election

officer shall, after making a reasonable attempt to discover if the report was timely mailed, inform the county clerk and other appropriate election officials who:

- (i) shall, if practicable, remove the name of the candidate by blacking out the candidate's name before the ballots are delivered to voters; or
- (ii) shall, if removing the candidate's name from the ballot is not practicable, inform the voters by any practicable method that the candidate has been disqualified and that votes cast for candidate will not be counted; and
 - (iii) may not count any votes for that candidate.

- (b) Any school board office candidate who fails to file timely a financial statement required by this part is disqualified and the vacancy on the ballot may be filled as provided in Section 20A-1-501.
- (c) Notwithstanding [Subsections (1)(a) and (1)(b), a school board office candidate is not disqualified if the candidate, in good faith:
- (i) files the reports required by this section on time even if an error or inaccuracy in the report requires the school board office candidate to file an amended report after the deadline; and
 - (ii) the error is corrected in an amended report or in the next scheduled report.
- (2) (a) Within 30 days after a deadline for the filing of a summary report by a candidate for state school board, the [Heutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall review each filed summary report to ensure that:
- (i) each state school board candidate that is required to file a summary report has filed one; and
 - (ii) each summary report contains the information required by this part.
- (b) If it appears that any state school board candidate has failed to file the summary report required by law, if it appears that a filed summary report does not conform to the law, or if the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission has received a written complaint alleging a violation of the law or the falsity of any summary report, the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall, within five days of discovery of a violation or receipt of a written complaint, notify the state school board candidate of the violation or written complaint and direct the state school board candidate to file a summary report correcting the problem.
- (c) (i) It is unlawful for any state school board candidate to fail to file or amend a summary report within 14 days after receiving notice from the [lieutenant governor] State Elections

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4213	Commission under this section.
4214	(ii) Each state school board candidate who violates Subsection (2)(c)(i) is guilty of a class
4215	B misdemeanor.
4216	(iii) The [Hieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall report all violations of
4217	Subsection (2)(c)(i) to the attorney general.
4218	(3) (a) Within 30 days after a deadline for the filing of a summary report, the county clerk
4219	shall review each filed summary report to ensure that:
4220	(i) each local school board candidate that is required to file a summary report has filed one;
4221	and
4222	(ii) each summary report contains the information required by this part.
4223	(b) If it appears that any local school board candidate has failed to file the summary report
4224	required by law, if it appears that a filed summary report does not conform to the law, or if the
4225	county clerk has received a written complaint alleging a violation of the law or the falsity of any
4226	summary report, the county clerk shall, within five days of discovery of a violation or receipt of
4227	a written complaint, notify the local school board candidate of the violation or written complaint
4228	and direct the local school board candidate to file a summary report correcting the problem.
4229	(c) (i) It is unlawful for any local school board candidate to fail to file or amend a summary
4230	report within 14 days after receiving notice from the county clerk under this section.
4231	(ii) Each local school board candidate who violates Subsection (3)(c)(i) is guilty of a class
4232	B misdemeanor.
4233	(iii) The county clerk shall report all violations of Subsection (3)(c)(i) to the district or
4234	county attorney.
4235	Section 120. Section 20A-12-201 is amended to read:
4236	20A-12-201. Judicial appointees Retention elections.
4237	(1) (a) Each appointee to a court of record is subject to an unopposed retention election
4238	at the first general election held more than three years after the judge or justice was appointed.
4239	(b) After the first retention election:
4240	(i) each Supreme Court justice shall be on the regular general election ballot for an
4241	unopposed retention election every tenth year; and

(ii) each judge of other courts of record shall be on the regular general election ballot for

an unopposed retention election every sixth year.

4244	(2) (a) Each justice or judge of a court of record who wishes to retain office shall, in the
4245	year the justice or judge is subject to a retention election:
4246	(i) file a declaration of candidacy as if a candidate for multi-county office in accordance
4247	with Section 20A-9-202; and
4248	(ii) pay a filing fee of \$50.
4249	(b) Each county justice judge who wishes to retain office shall, in the year the justice or
4250	judge is subject to a retention election:
4251	(i) file a declaration of candidacy as if a candidate for county office in accordance with
4252	Section 20A-9-202; and
4253	(ii) pay a filing fee of \$25.
4254	(3) (a) The [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall, by September 1 of
4255	each regular general election year:
4256	(i) transmit a certified list containing the names of the justices of the Supreme Court and
4257	judges of the Court of Appeals declaring their candidacy to the county clerk of each county; and
4258	(ii) transmit a certified list containing the names of judges of other courts declaring their
4259	candidacy to the county clerk of each county in the geographic division in which the judge filing
4260	the declaration holds office.
4261	(b) Each county clerk shall place the names of justices and judges standing for retention
4262	election in the nonpartisan section of the ballot.
4263	(4) At the general election, the ballots shall contain, as to each justice or judge of any court
4264	to be voted on in the county, the following question:
4265	"Shall(name of justice or judge) be retained in the
4266	office of?" (name of office, such as "Justice of the Supreme
4267	Court of Utah"; "Judge of the Court of Appeals of Utah"; "Judge of the District Court of the Third
4268	Judicial District;" "Judge of the Juvenile Court of the Fourth Juvenile Court District"; "County
4269	Justice Court Judge of (name of county) County")
4270	Yes ()
4271	No ()."
4272	(5) (a) If the justice or judge receives more yes votes than no votes, the justice or judge is
4273	retained for the term of office provided by law.
4274	(b) If the justice or judge does not receive more ves votes than no votes, the justice or

judge is not retained, and a vacancy exists in the office on the first Monday in January after the regular general election.

- (6) A justice or judge not retained is ineligible for appointment to the office for which the justice or judge was defeated until after the expiration of that term of office.
 - Section 121. Section **20A-12-302** is amended to read:

20A-12-302. Campaign committee required.

- (1) (a) When permitted to do so by the Code of Judicial Conduct promulgated by the Utah Supreme Court, and if the judge chooses to solicit contributions or make expenditures to promote his retention, the judge may establish no more than one retention election personal campaign committee, consisting of one or more persons, to receive contributions, make expenditures, and shall file reports connected with the judge's retention election campaign.
- (b) A judge or person acting in concert with or with the knowledge of the judge may not receive any contributions or make any expenditures other than through the personal campaign committee established under this section.
- (2) (a) The judge shall file with the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission a signed written statement containing the name and address of each member and the secretary of the judge's personal campaign committee.
- (b) The judge may change the membership of the personal campaign committee at any time by filing with the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission a signed statement containing the name and address of any additional members and identifying any members that have been removed from the committee.
- (c) The judge or the judge's personal campaign committee may not make any expenditures on behalf of the judge until the statement has been filed.
- (3) (a) The judge's personal campaign committee may not make an expenditure of more than \$1,000 unless the judge or the secretary of the personal campaign committee authorizes the expenditure in writing.
- (b) A judge or the judge's personal campaign committee may not make any expenditures prohibited by law.
- (4) A judge's personal campaign committee is dissolved on the date that the summary report required by Section 20A-12-304 is filed.
- 4305 Section 122. Section **20A-12-304** is amended to read:

1306	20A-12-304. Judicial retention election candidates Financial reporting
4307	requirements Year-end summary report.
1308	(1) The judge's personal campaign committee shall file a summary report with the
1309	[lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission by January 5 of the year after the regular general
4310	election year.
4311	(2) (a) Each summary report shall include the following information as of December 31
4312	of the last regular general election year:
4313	(i) a single figure equal to the total amount of contributions reported on the interim report;
4314	(ii) a single figure equal to the total amount of expenditures reported on the interim report;
4315	(iii) a detailed listing of each contribution received since the last summary report that has
4316	not been reported in detail on the interim report;
4317	(iv) for each nonmonetary contribution, the fair market value of the contribution;
4318	(v) a detailed listing of each expenditure made since the last summary report that has not
4319	been reported in detail on the interim report;
4320	(vi) for each nonmonetary expenditure, the fair market value of the expenditure; and
4321	(vii) the net balance for the year, consisting of all contributions minus all expenditures.
1322	(b) (i) For all single contributions of \$50 or less, an aggregate figure may be reported
1323	without a separate detailed listing.
1324	(ii) Two or more contributions from the same source for a total of more than \$50 may not
4325	be reported in the aggregate, but shall be reported in the detailed listing.
1326	(3) The summary report shall contain a statement signed by the judge certifying that, to
4327	the best of the judge's knowledge, all contributions and all expenditures have been reported as of
4328	December 31 of the last regular general election year and that there are no financial obligations
1329	outstanding except as set forth in the report.
4330	Section 123. Section 20A-12-305 is amended to read:
4331	20A-12-305. Judicial retention election candidates Financial reporting
4332	requirements Interim report.
4333	(1) The judge's personal campaign committee shall file an interim report with the
1334	[Heutenant governor] State Elections Commission no later than 5 p.m. on the date seven days
4335	before the regular general election date.
4336	(2) Each interim report shall include the following information:

4337	(a) a detailed listing of each contribution received since the last summary report;
4338	(b) for each nonmonetary contribution, the fair market value of the contribution;
4339	(c) a detailed listing of each expenditure made since the last summary report;
4340	(d) for each nonmonetary expenditure, the fair market value of the expenditure; and
4341	(e) a net balance for the year consisting of all contributions since the last summary report
4342	minus all expenditures since the last summary report.
4343	(3) (a) For all individual contributions of \$50 or less, a single aggregate figure may be
4344	reported without separate detailed listings.
4345	(b) Two or more contributions from the same source that have an aggregate total of more
4346	than \$50 may not be reported in the aggregate, but shall be reported separately.
4347	(4) In preparing each interim report, all contributions and expenditures shall be reported
4348	as of five days before the required filing date of the report.
4349	Section 124. Section 20A-12-306 is amended to read:
4350	20A-12-306. Judges Failure to file reports Penalties.
4351	(1) (a) If a judge's personal campaign committee fails to file the interim report due before
4352	the regular general election, the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall, after
4353	making a reasonable attempt to discover if the report was timely mailed, inform the county clerk
4354	and other appropriate election officials who:
4355	(i) shall, if practicable, remove the name of the judge by blacking out the judge's name
4356	before the ballots are delivered to voters; or
4357	(ii) shall, if removing the judge's name from the ballot is not practicable, inform the voters
4358	by any practicable method that the judge has been disqualified and that votes cast for the judge will
4359	not be counted; and
4360	(iii) may not count any votes for that judge.
4361	(b) Any judge who fails to file timely a financial statement required by this part is
4362	disqualified.
4363	(c) Notwithstanding Subsections (1)(a) and (1)(b), a judge is not disqualified if:
4364	(i) the candidate files the reports required by this section;
4365	(ii) those reports are completed, detailing accurately and completely the information
4366	required by this part except for inadvertent omissions or insignificant errors or inaccuracies; and
4367	(iii) those omissions, errors, or inaccuracies are corrected in an amended report or in the

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next scheduled report.

- (2) (a) Within 30 days after a deadline for the filing of a summary report, the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall review each filed summary report to ensure that:
 - (i) each judge that is required to file a summary report has filed one; and
 - (ii) each summary report contains the information required by this part.
- (b) If it appears that any judge has failed to file the summary report required by law, if it appears that a filed summary report does not conform to the law, or if the [lieutenant governor]

 State Elections Commission has received a written complaint alleging a violation of the law or the falsity of any summary report, the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall, within five days of discovery of a violation or receipt of a written complaint, notify the judge of the violation or written complaint and direct the judge to file a summary report correcting the problem.
- (c) (i) It is unlawful for any judge to fail to file or amend a summary report within 14 days after receiving notice from the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission under this section.
 - (ii) Each judge who violates Subsection (2)(c)(i) is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.
- (iii) The [lieutenant governor] <u>State Elections Commission</u> shall report all violations of Subsection (2)(c)(i) to the attorney general.
 - Section 125. Section **20A-13-102** is amended to read:
 - 20A-13-102. Official maps of Congressional districts.
- (1) (a) The Legislature shall file copies of the official maps enacted by the Legislature, and any other relevant materials, with the [lieutenant governor's] State Elections Commission's office.
- (b) The legal boundaries of Utah's Congressional districts are contained in the official maps on file with the [lieutenant governor's] State Elections Commission's office.
- (2) When questions of interpretation of Congressional district boundaries arise, the official maps on file in the [lieutenant governor's] State Elections Commission's office shall serve as the indication of the legislative intent in drawing the Congressional district boundaries.
- (3) (a) Each county clerk shall obtain copies of the official maps for the clerk's county from the [lieutenant governor's] State Elections Commission's office.
- (b) Each county clerk shall establish voting precincts and polling places within each Congressional district according to the procedures and requirements of Section 20A-5-303.
- (4) Maps identifying the boundaries for Congressional districts may be viewed on the

1399	Internet at the [lieutenant governor's] State Elections Commission's website.
1400	Section 126. Section 20A-13-301 is amended to read:
4401	20A-13-301. Presidential elections Effect of vote.
1402	(1) (a) Each registered political party shall choose persons to act as presidential electors
1403	and to fill vacancies in the office of presidential electors for their party's candidates for President
1404	and Vice President according to the procedures established in their bylaws.
1405	(b) The person designated as liaison with the [lieutenant governor's] State Elections
1406	Commission's office shall transmit to the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission the
1407	names and addresses of the persons selected by the political party as the party's presidential
1408	electors.
1409	(2) The highest number of votes cast for a political party's president and vice president
4410	candidates elects the presidential electors selected by that political party.
4411	Section 127. Section 20A-13-302 is amended to read:
1412	20A-13-302. Certificate of election.
1413	(1) The [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall transmit certificates of
1414	election to each of the electors selected by the political party whose candidates for president and
1415	vice president received the highest number of votes in Utah.
1416	(2) Presidential electors may not receive compensation for their services.
1417	Section 128. Section 20A-13-304 is amended to read:
4418	20A-13-304. Meeting to ballot Casting ballot for person not nominated by elector's
1419	party.
1420	(1) The electors shall meet at the office of the [lieutenant governor at the state capitol]
1421	State Elections Commission at noon of the first Wednesday of the January after their election, or
1422	at noon of any other day designated by the Congress of the United States of America.
1423	(2) After convening, the electors shall perform their duties in conformity with the United
1424	States Constitution and laws.
1425	(3) Any elector who casts an electoral ballot for a person not nominated by the party of
1426	which he is an elector, except in the cases of death or felony conviction of a candidate, is
1427	considered to have resigned from the office of elector, his vote may not be recorded, and the
1428	remaining electors shall appoint another person to fill the vacancy.
1429	Section 129. Section 20A-14-102 is amended to read:

4430	20A-14-102. Official maps of state board districts.
4431	(1) (a) The Legislature shall file copies of the official maps enacted by the Legislature with
4432	the [lieutenant governor's] State Elections Commission's office.
4433	(b) The legal boundaries of State Board of Education districts are contained in the official
4434	maps on file with the [lieutenant governor's] State Elections Commission's office.
4435	(2) When questions of interpretation of state board district boundaries arise, the official
4436	maps on file in the [lieutenant governor's] State Elections Commission's office shall serve as the
4437	indication of the legislative intent in drawing the state board district boundaries.
4438	(3) (a) Each county clerk shall obtain copies of the official maps for the clerk's county
4439	from the [lieutenant governor's] State Elections Commission's office.
4440	(b) Each county clerk shall establish voting precincts and polling places within each state
4441	board district according to the procedures and requirements of Section 20A-5-303.
4442	(4) Maps identifying the boundaries for state board districts may be viewed on the Internet
4443	at the [lieutenant governor's] State Elections Commission's website.
4444	Section 130. Section 20A-14-104 is amended to read:
4445	20A-14-104. Becoming a candidate for membership on the State Board of Education
4446	Nominating committees Membership Procedure Duties.
4447	(1) (a) Persons interested in becoming a candidate for the State Board of Education shall
4448	file a declaration of candidacy according to the procedures and requirements of Sections
4449	20A-9-201 and 20A-9-202.
4450	(b) By June 1 of the year in which a State Board of Education member's term expires, the
4451	[Hieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall submit the name of each person who has
4452	filed a declaration of candidacy for the State Board of Education to the nominating committee for
4453	the State Board of Education district in which that candidate resides.
4454	(2) By May 1 of the year in which a State Board of Education member's term expires, the
4455	governor shall:
4456	(a) appoint a nominating committee consisting of seven members, each to serve a one-year
4457	term, for the state board district that member represents;
4458	(b) ensure that each member of the nominating committee resides within the state board
4459	district; and
4460	(c) ensure that:

4461	(i) one member of the nominating committee serves on a local school board within the
4462	state board district;
4463	(ii) one member of the nominating committee is employed as a school district or public
4464	school administrator;
4465	(iii) one member of the nominating committee is employed as a public school teacher;
4466	(iv) one member of the nominating committee belongs to a parent association that provides
4467	direct and ongoing support to public schools within the district; and
4468	(v) three members of the nominating committee represent economic interests and the
4469	public at large; and
4470	(d) designate one member to serve as chair for the committee.
4471	(3) (a) The chair, or another member of the committee designated by the chair, shall
4472	schedule and convene all committee meetings.
4473	(b) Any formal action by the committee requires the approval of at least four committee
4474	members.
4475	(c) Members of the nominating committee shall serve without compensation, but they may
4476	be reimbursed for expenses incurred in the performance of their official duties as established by
4477	the Division of Finance.
4478	(4) Each nominating committee shall:
4479	(a) prepare a list of candidates for membership on the State Board of Education from its
4480	district;
4481	(b) submit a list of up to five but no fewer than three candidates for the state board position
4482	to the governor by August 1; and
4483	(c) ensure that the list includes appropriate background information on each candidate.
4484	Section 131. Section 20A-14-105 is amended to read:
4485	20A-14-105. Becoming a candidate for membership on the State Board of Education
4486	Selection of candidates by the governor Ballot placement.
4487	(1) By September 1 of each regular general election year, the governor shall:
4488	(a) for each state board district subject to election in that year, select two candidates for
4489	the State Board of Education from the lists submitted by the state board district nominating
4490	committees; and
4491	(b) certify the names of the two candidates from each school board district to the

4492	[lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission.
4493	(2) If the governor fails to select two candidates for a state board district by September 1,
4494	the nominating committee from that district shall:
4495	(a) select the two candidates; and
4496	(b) notify the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission of its selections by
4497	September 15.
4498	(3) The [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall:
4499	(a) conduct a lottery to determine the order of the candidates' names on the ballot; and
4500	(b) certify the names and order of the names to the county clerks for placement on the
4501	nonpartisan section of the ballot.
4502	Section 132. Section 20A-15-103 is amended to read:
4503	20A-15-103. Delegates Candidacy Qualifications Nominating procedures.
4504	(1) Candidates for the office of delegate to the ratification convention shall be citizens,
4505	residents of Utah, and at least 21 years old.
4506	(2) Persons wishing to be delegates to the ratification convention shall:
4507	(a) circulate a nominating petition meeting the requirements of this section; and
4508	(b) obtain the signature of at least 100 registered voters.
4509	(3) (a) A single nominating petition may nominate any number of candidates up to 21, the
4510	total number of delegates to be elected.
4511	(b) Nominating petitions may not contain anything identifying a candidate's party or
4512	political affiliation.
4513	(c) Each nominating petition shall contain a written statement signed by each nominee,
4514	indicating either that the candidate will:
4515	(i) vote for ratification of the proposed amendment; or
4516	(ii) vote against ratification of the proposed amendment.
4517	(d) A nominating petition containing the names of more than one nominee may not contain
4518	the name of any nominee whose stated position in the nominating petition is inconsistent with that
4519	of any other nominee listed in the petition.
4520	(4) (a) Candidates shall file their nominating petitions with the [lieutenant governor] State
4521	Elections Commission at least 40 days before the proclaimed date of the election.
4522	(b) Within ten days after the last day for filing the petitions, the [lieutenant governor] State

4523	Elections Commission shall:
4524	(i) declare nominated the 21 nominees in favor of ratification and the 21 nominees against
4525	ratification whose nominating petitions have been signed by the largest number of registered
4526	voters;
4527	(ii) decide any ties by lot drawn by the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission;
4528	and
4529	(iii) certify the nominated candidates of each group to the county clerk of each county
4530	within the state.
4531	Section 133. Section 20A-15-201 is amended to read:
4532	20A-15-201. Convening Vacancies Election of officers Journal of proceedings.
4533	(1) The delegates to the convention shall convene at the state capitol at noon on the 28th
4534	day after their election to pass upon the question of whether or not the proposed amendment shall
4535	be ratified.
4536	(2) (a) If, at the time the convention convenes, there is a vacancy in the convention, the
4537	delegates from the group from which the delegate creating the vacancy was elected shall, by
4538	majority vote, appoint a person to fill the vacancy.
4539	(b) If the convention contains no other delegates from the group from which the delegate
4540	creating the vacancy was elected, the governor shall appoint a person to fill the vacancy.
4541	(3) The convention may:
4542	(a) elect a president, secretary, and other officers; and
4543	(b) adopt its own rules.
4544	(4) The convention shall:
4545	(a) keep a journal of its proceedings;
4546	(b) record in the journal the vote of each delegate on the question of ratification of the
4547	proposed amendment; and
4548	(c) file the journal with the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission after the
4549	convention adjourns.
4550	(5) (a) Delegates to the ratification convention shall:
4551	(i) serve without pay;
4552	(ii) receive a per diem of \$4 per day while the convention is in session; and
4553	(iii) receive mileage at the rate of ten cents per mile for the distance necessarily traveled

4554	in going to and returning from the place of meeting by the most usual route.
4555	(b) The [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall pay the per diem and
4556	mileage, together with the necessary expenses of the convention for printing and stenographic
4557	services, from the state treasury.
4558	Section 134. Section 20A-15-202 is amended to read:
4559	20A-15-202. Certificate of ratification.
4560	(1) If the convention agrees, by vote of a majority of the total number of delegates, to ratify
4561	the proposed amendment, the president and secretary of the convention shall:
4562	(a) prepare and sign a certificate to that effect; and
4563	(b) transmit it to the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission.
4564	(2) Upon receipt of a ratification certificate, the [lieutenant governor] State Elections
4565	Commission shall transmit the certificate [under the great seal of the state] to the Secretary of State
4566	of the United States.
4567	Section 135. Section 36-1-103 is amended to read:
4568	36-1-103. Official maps of Senate districts.
4569	(1) (a) The Legislature shall file copies of the official maps enacted by the Legislature, and
4570	any other relevant data, with the [lieutenant governor's] State Elections Commission's office.
4571	(b) The legal boundaries of Senate districts are contained in the official maps on file with
4572	the [lieutenant governor's] State Elections Commission's office.
4573	(2) When questions of interpretation of Senate district boundaries arise, the official maps
4574	on file in the [lieutenant governor's] State Elections Commission's office shall serve as the
4575	indication of the legislative intent in drawing the Senate district boundaries.
4576	(3) (a) Each county clerk shall obtain copies of the official maps for the clerk's county
4577	from the [lieutenant governor's] State Elections Commission's office.
4578	(b) Each county clerk shall establish voting precincts and polling places within each Senate
4579	district according to the procedures and requirements of Section 20A-5-303.
4580	(4) Maps identifying the boundaries for Senate districts may be viewed on the Internet at
4581	the [lieutenant governor's] State Elections Commission's website.
4582	Section 136. Section 36-1-105 is amended to read:
4583	36-1-105. Uncertain boundaries How resolved.
4584	(1) As used in this section, "affected party" means:

4585	(a) a senator whose Utah State Senate district boundary is uncertain because the identifying
4586	feature used to establish the district boundary has been removed, modified, or is unable to be
4587	identified or who is uncertain about whether or not he or another person resides in a particular
4588	Senate district;
4589	(b) a candidate for senator whose Senate district boundary is uncertain because the
4590	identifying feature used to establish the district boundary has been removed, modified, or is unable
4591	to be identified or who is uncertain about whether or not he or another person resides in a
4592	particular Senate district; or
4593	(c) a person who is uncertain about which Senate district contains the person's residence
4594	because the identifying feature used to establish the district boundary has been removed, modified,
4595	or is unable to be identified.
4596	(2) (a) An affected party may file a written request petitioning the [lieutenant governor]
4597	State Elections Commission to determine:
4598	(i) the precise location of the Senate district boundary;
4599	(ii) the number of the Senate district in which a person resides; or
4600	(iii) both Subsections (2)(a)(i) and (ii).
4601	(b) In order to make the determination required by Subsection (2)(a), the [lieutenant
4602	governor] State Elections Commission shall review the official maps and obtain and review other
4603	relevant data such as census block and tract descriptions, aerial photographs, aerial maps, or other
4604	data about the area.
4605	(c) Within five days of receipt of the request, the [lieutenant governor] State Elections
4606	Commission shall review the maps, obtain and review any relevant data, and make a
4607	determination.
4608	(d) When the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission determines the location
4609	of the Senate district boundary, the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall:
4610	(i) prepare a certification identifying the appropriate boundary and attaching a map, if
4611	necessary; and
4612	(ii) send a copy of the certification to the affected party and the county clerk of the affected
4613	county.
4614	(e) If the [Hieutenant governor] State Elections Commission determines the number of the
4615	Senate district in which a particular person resides, the [lieutenant governor] State Elections

4616	Commission shall send a letter identifying that district by number to:
4617	(i) the person;
4618	(ii) the affected party who filed the petition, if different than the person whose Senate
4619	district number was identified; and
4620	(iii) the county clerk of the affected county.
4621	Section 137. Section 36-1-202 is amended to read:
4622	36-1-202. Official maps of House districts.
4623	(1) (a) The Legislature shall file copies of the official maps enacted by the Legislature, and
4624	any other relevant materials, with the [lieutenant governor's] State Elections Commission's office.
4625	(b) The legal boundaries of House districts are contained in the official maps on file with
4626	the [lieutenant governor's] State Elections Commission's office.
4627	(2) When questions of interpretation of House district boundaries arise, the official maps
4628	on file in the [lieutenant governor's] State Elections Commission's office shall serve as the
4629	indication of the legislative intent in drawing the House district boundaries.
4630	(3) (a) Each county clerk shall obtain copies of the official maps for the clerk's county
4631	from the [lieutenant governor's] State Elections Commission's office.
4632	(b) Each county clerk shall establish voting precincts and polling places within each House
4633	district according to the procedures and requirements of Section 20A-5-303.
4634	(4) Maps identifying the boundaries for House districts may be viewed on the Internet at
4635	the [Hieutenant governor's] State Elections Commission's website.
4636	Section 138. Section 36-1-203 is amended to read:
4637	36-1-203. Omissions from maps How resolved.
4638	(1) If any area of the state is omitted from a Utah House of Representatives district in the
4639	maps enacted by the Legislature, the county clerk of the affected county, upon discovery of the
4640	omission, shall attach the area to the appropriate House district according to the requirements of
4641	Subsections (2) and (3).
4642	(2) If the area is surrounded by a House district, the area shall be attached to that district.
4643	(3) If the area is contiguous to two districts, the area shall be attached to the district that
4644	has the least population, as determined by the official census population figures and maps of the
4645	Bureau of the Census of the United States Department of Commerce developed in connection with
4646	the taking of the 2000 national decennial census.

4647	(4) Any attachment made under Subsection (1) shall be certified in writing and filed with
4648	the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission.
4649	Section 139. Section 36-1-204 is amended to read:
4650	36-1-204. Uncertain boundaries How resolved.
4651	(1) As used in this section, "affected party" means:
4652	(a) a representative whose Utah House of Representatives district boundary is uncertain
4653	because the identifying feature used to establish the district boundary has been removed, modified,
4654	or is unable to be identified or who is uncertain about whether or not he or another person resides
4655	in a particular House district;
4656	(b) a candidate for representative whose House district boundary is uncertain because the
4657	identifying feature used to establish the district boundary has been removed, modified, or is unable
4658	to be identified or who is uncertain about whether or not he or another person resides in a
4659	particular House district; or
4660	(c) a person who is uncertain about which House district contains the person's residence
4661	because the identifying feature used to establish the district boundary has been removed, modified
4662	or is unable to be identified.
4663	(2) (a) An affected party may file a written request petitioning the [lieutenant governor]
4664	State Elections Commission to determine:
4665	(i) the precise location of the House district boundary;
4666	(ii) the number of the House district in which a person resides; or
4667	(iii) both Subsections (2)(a)(i) and (ii).
4668	(b) In order to make the determination required by Subsection (2)(a), the [lieutenant
4669	governor] State Elections Commission shall review the official maps and obtain and review other
4670	relevant data such as census block and tract descriptions, aerial photographs, aerial maps, or other
4671	data about the area.
4672	(c) Within five days of receipt of the request, the [lieutenant governor] State Elections
4673	Commission shall review the maps, obtain and review any relevant data, and make a
4674	determination.
4675	(d) When the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission determines the location
4676	of the House district boundary, the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall:
4677	(i) prepare a certification identifying the appropriate boundary and attaching a map, if

4678	necessary; and
4679	(ii) send a copy of the certification to the affected party and the county clerk of the affected
4680	county.
4681	(e) If the [Hieutenant governor] State Elections Commission determines the number of the
4682	House district in which a particular person resides, the [lieutenant governor] State Elections
4683	Commission shall send a letter identifying that district by number to:
4684	(i) the person;
4685	(ii) the affected party who filed the petition, if different than the person whose House
4686	district number was identified; and
4687	(iii) the county clerk of the affected county.
4688	Section 140. Section 36-11-103 is amended to read:
4689	36-11-103. Licensing requirements.
4690	(1) (a) Before engaging in any lobbying, a lobbyist shall obtain a license from the
4691	[Hieutenant governor] State Elections Commission by completing the form required by this section.
4692	(b) The [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall issue licenses to qualified
4693	lobbyists.
4694	(c) The [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall prepare a Lobbyist License
4695	Application Form that includes:
4696	(i) a place for the lobbyist's name and business address;
4697	(ii) a place for the name and business address of each principal for whom the lobbyist
4698	works or is hired as an independent contractor;
4699	(iii) a place for the name and address of the person who paid or will pay the lobbyist's
4700	registration fee, if the fee is not paid by the lobbyist;
4701	(iv) a place for the lobbyist to disclose any elected or appointed position that the lobbyist
4702	holds in state or local government, if any;
4703	(v) a place for the lobbyist to disclose the types of expenditures for which the lobbyist will
4704	be reimbursed; and
4705	(vi) a certification to be signed by the lobbyist that certifies that the information provided
4706	in the form is true, accurate, and complete to the best of the lobbyist's knowledge and belief.
4707	(2) Each lobbyist who obtains a license under this section shall update the licensure
4708	information when the lobbyist accepts employment for lobbying by a new client.

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4709	(3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4), the [lieutenant governor] State Elections
4710	Commission shall grant a lobbying license to an applicant who:
4711	(i) files an application with the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission that
4712	contains the information required by this section; and
4713	(ii) pays a \$25 filing fee.
4714	(b) A license entitles a person to serve as a lobbyist on behalf of one or more principals
4715	and expires on December 31 of each even-numbered year.
4716	(4) (a) The [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission may disapprove an
4717	application for a lobbying license:
4718	(i) if the applicant has been convicted of violating Section 76-8-103, 76-8-107, 76-8-108,
4719	or 76-8-303 within five years before the date of the lobbying license application;
4720	(ii) if the applicant has been convicted of violating Section 76-8-104 or 76-8-304 within
4721	one year before the date of the lobbying license application;
4722	(iii) for the term of any suspension imposed under Section 36-11-401; or
4723	(iv) if, within one year before the date of the lobbying license application, the applicant
4724	has been found to have willingly and knowingly:
4725	(A) violated Section 36-11-103, 36-11-201, 36-11-301, 36-11-302, 36-11-303, 36-11-304,
4726	36-11-305, or 36-11-403; or
4727	(B) filed a document required by this chapter that the lobbyist knew contained materially
4728	false information or omitted material information.
4729	(b) An applicant may appeal the disapproval in accordance with the procedures established
4730	by the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission under this chapter and Title 63, Chapter
4731	46b, Administrative Procedures Act.
4732	(5) The [Hieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall deposit license fees in the
4733	General Fund.
4734	(6) A principal need not obtain a license under this section, but if the principal makes
4735	expenditures to benefit a public official without using a lobbyist as an agent to confer those
4736	benefits, the principal shall disclose those expenditures as required by Sections 36-11-201.
4737	(7) Government officers need not obtain a license under this section, but shall disclose any
4738	expenditures made to benefit public officials as required by Sections 36-11-201.

Section 141. Section **36-11-106** is amended to read:

4740	36-11-106. Reports are public documents.
4741	Any person may:
4742	(1) without charge, inspect a license application or financial report filed with the
4743	[lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission in accordance with this chapter; and
4744	(2) make a copy of a report after paying for the actual costs of the copy.
4745	Section 142. Section 36-11-201 is amended to read:
4746	36-11-201. Lobbyist, principal, and government officer financial reporting
4747	requirements Prohibition for related person to make expenditures.
4748	(1) (a) (i) Each lobbyist, principal, and government officer shall file an annual financial
4749	report with the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission on January 10 of each year or
4750	on the next succeeding business day if January 10 falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday.
4751	The report shall be considered timely filed if postmarked on its due date.
4752	(ii) The report shall disclose expenditures made to benefit public officials or members of
4753	their immediate families as provided in this section.
4754	(iii) If the lobbyist made no expenditures since the last expenditure reported on the last
4755	report filed, the lobbyist shall file a financial report listing the amount of expenditures as "none."
4756	(b) The January 10 report shall contain:
4757	(i) the total amount of expenditures made to benefit public officials during the last calendar
4758	year;
4759	(ii) (A) the total travel expenditures that the lobbyist, principal, or government officer
4760	made to benefit public officials and their immediate families during the last calendar year; and
4761	(B) a travel expenditure statement that:
4762	(I) describes the destination of each trip and its purpose;
4763	(II) identifies the total amount of expenditures made to benefit each public official and
4764	members of the public official's immediate family for each trip;
4765	(III) names all individuals that took each trip;
4766	(IV) provides the name and address of the organization that sponsored each trip; and
4767	(V) identifies specific expenditures for food, lodging, gifts, and sidetrips;
4768	(iii) for aggregate daily expenditures made to benefit public officials or members of their
4769	immediate families that are not reportable under Subsection (1)(b):
4770	(A) when the amount does not exceed \$50 per person:

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4771	(I) the date of the expenditure;
4772	(II) the purpose of the expenditure; and
4773	(III) the total monetary worth of the benefit conferred on the public officials or members
4774	of their immediate families;
4775	(B) when the amount exceeds \$50 per person:
4776	(I) the date, location, and purpose of the event, activity, or expenditure;
4777	(II) the name of the public official or member of the public official's immediate family who
4778	attended the event or activity or received the benefit of the expenditure; and
4779	(III) the total monetary worth of the benefit conferred on the public official or member of
4780	the public official's immediate family;
4781	(iv) a list of each public official who was employed by the lobbyist, principal, or
4782	government officer or who performed work as an independent contractor for the lobbyist,
4783	principal, or government officer during the last year that details the nature of the employment or
4784	contract;
4785	(v) each bill or resolution by number and short title on behalf of which the lobbyist,
4786	principal, or government officer made an expenditure to a public official for which a report is
4787	required by this section, if any;
4788	(vi) a description of each executive action on behalf of which the lobbyist, principal, or
4789	government officer made an expenditure to a public official for which a report is required by this
4790	section, if any; and
4791	(vii) the general purposes, interests, and nature of the organization or organizations that
4792	the lobbyist, principal, or government officer filing the report represents.
4793	(2) A related person may not, while assisting a lobbyist, principal, or government officer
4794	in lobbying, make an expenditure that benefits a public official or member of the public official's
4795	immediate family under circumstances which would otherwise fall within the disclosure
4796	requirements of this chapter if the expenditure was made by the lobbyist, principal, or government
4797	officer.
4798	(3) (a) Each lobbyist, principal, and government officer who makes expenditures totaling
4799	\$50 or more to benefit public officials or members of their immediate families since the date of

the last financial report filed shall file a financial report with the [$\frac{1}{1}$

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Elections Commission on:

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4802	(i) the date ten days after the last day of each annual general session;
4803	(ii) the date seven days before a regular general election; and
4804	(iii) the date seven days after the end of a special session or veto override session.
4805	(b) (i) If any date specified in this Subsection (3) falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal
4806	holiday, the report is due on the next business day or on the next succeeding business day, if the
4807	due date falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday.
4808	(ii) The report shall be considered timely filed if it is postmarked on its due date.
4809	(c) Each report shall contain a listing of all expenditures made since the last expenditure
4810	reported on the last report filed in the form specified in Subsection (1)(b).
4811	(4) Each financial report filed by a lobbyist shall contain a certification that the
4812	information provided in the report is true, accurate, and complete to the lobbyist's best knowledge
4813	and belief.
4814	(5) The [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall:
4815	(a) develop preprinted suggested forms for all statements required by this section; and
4816	(b) make copies of the forms available to each person who requests them.
4817	Section 143. Section 36-11-401 is amended to read:
4818	36-11-401. Penalties.
4819	(1) Any person who willfully and knowingly violates Section 36-11-103, 36-11-201,
4820	36-11-301, 36-11-302, 36-11-303, 36-11-304, 36-11-305, or 36-11-403, is subject to the following
4821	penalties:
4822	(a) an administrative penalty of up to \$1,000 for each violation; and
4823	(b) for each subsequent violation of that same section within 24 months, either:
4824	(i) an administrative penalty of up to \$5,000; or
4825	(ii) suspension of the violator's lobbying license for up to one year, if the person is a
4826	lobbyist.
4827	(2) Any person who willfully and knowingly fails to file a financial report required by this
4828	chapter, omits material information from a license application form or financial report, or files
4829	false information on a license application form or financial report, is subject to the following
4830	penalties:
4831	(a) an administrative penalty of up to \$1,000 for each violation; or
4832	(b) suspension of the violator's lobbying license for up to one year, if the person is a

4833	lobbyist.
4834	(3) Any person who willfully and knowingly fails to file a financial report required by this
4835	chapter on the date that it is due shall, in addition to the penalties, if any, imposed under
4836	Subsection (1) or (2), pay a penalty of up to \$50 per day for each day that the report is late.
4837	(4) (a) When a lobbyist is convicted of violating Section 76-8-103, 76-8-107, 76-8-108,
4838	or 76-8-303, the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall suspend the lobbyist's
4839	license for up to five years from the date of the conviction.
4840	(b) When a lobbyist is convicted of violating Section 76-8-104 or 76-8-304, the [lieutenant
4841	governor] State Elections Commission shall suspend a lobbyist's license for up to one year from
4842	the date of conviction.
4843	(5) (a) Any person who willfully and knowingly violates Section 36-11-301, 36-11-302,
4844	or 36-11-303 is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.
4845	(b) The [Hieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall suspend the lobbyist
4846	license of any person convicted under any of these sections for up to one year.
4847	(c) The suspension shall be in addition to any administrative penalties imposed by the
4848	[Hieutenant governor] State Elections Commission under this section.
4849	(d) Any person with evidence of a possible violation of this chapter may submit that
4850	evidence to the [lieutenant governor] State Elections Commission for investigation and resolution.
4851	(6) Nothing in this chapter creates a third-party cause of action or appeal rights.
4852	Section 144. Section 36-11-404 is amended to read:
4853	36-11-404. State Elections Commission procedures.
4854	(1) The [Hieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall make rules that provide:
4855	(a) for the appointment of an administrative law judge to adjudicate alleged violations of
4856	this section and to impose penalties under this section; and
4857	(b) procedures for license applications, disapprovals, suspensions, revocations, and
4858	reinstatements that comply with the procedures and requirements of Title 63, Chapter 46b,
4859	Administrative Procedures Act.
4860	(2) The [Hieutenant governor] State Elections Commission shall develop forms needed for
4861	the registration and disclosure provisions of this chapter.

Section 145. Section **67-1a-2** is amended to read:

67-1a-2. Duties enumerated.

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4864 The duties of the lieutenant governor are: 4865 (1) to perform such duties as may be delegated by the governor, including but not limited 4866 to assignments to serve in any or all of the following capacities: 4867 (a) as the head of any one department, if so qualified, with the advice and consent of the Senate, and upon such an appointment, the lieutenant governor shall serve at the pleasure of the 4868 4869 governor and without additional compensation; 4870 (b) as the chairperson of any cabinet group organized by the governor or authorized by law 4871 for the purpose of advising the governor or coordinating intergovernmental or interdepartmental 4872 policies or programs; 4873 (c) as liaison between the governor and the state Legislature to coordinate and facilitate 4874 the governor's programs and budget requests; 4875 (d) as liaison between the governor and other officials of local, state, federal, and 4876 international governments or any other political entities to coordinate, facilitate, and protect the 4877 interests of the state [of Utah]; (e) as personal advisor to the governor, including advice on policies, programs, 4878 4879 administrative and personnel matters, and fiscal or budgetary matters; or 4880 (f) as chairperson or member of any temporary or permanent boards, councils, 4881 commissions, committees, task forces, or other group appointed by the governor; 4882 (2) to serve on all boards and commissions in lieu of the governor, whenever so designated 4883 by the governor; 4884 (3) to serve as the chief election officer of the state. As the chief election officer, the 4885 lieutenant governor shall not assume the responsibilities assigned to the county clerks, city 4886 recorders, town clerks, or other local election officials by the Legislature, nor become involved 4887 with the procurement of ballots. The county clerks, city recorders, town clerks, or other election 4888 officials shall determine the listing of the political parties on their local ballots. The lieutenant 4889 governor shall perform the following duties: 4890 (a) assist county clerks in unifying the election ballot; 4891 (b) prepare election information for the public and make such information available to 4892 the news media;

(c) receive and answer election questions and maintain an election file on opinions

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received from the attorney general;

4895	[(d) maintain election returns and statistics;]
4896	[(e) certify to the governor the names of those persons who have received in any election
4897	the highest number of votes for any office, the incumbent of which is commissioned by the
4898	governor;]
4899	[(f) perform any other election duties formerly assigned to the secretary of state;]
4900	[(4)] (3) to keep custody of the Great Seal of [the state of] Utah; to keep a register of, and
4901	attest, the official acts of the governor; and to affix the Great Seal, with an attestation, to all official
4902	documents and instruments to which the official signature of the governor is required; and
4903	[(5)] (4) to furnish on request, to any person paying the established fees [therefor], a
4904	certified copy of all or any part of any law, record, or other instrument filed, deposited, or recorded
4905	in the Office of the Lieutenant Governor.
4906	Section 146. Section 78-3-21 is amended to read:
4907	78-3-21. Judicial Council Creation Members Terms and election
4908	Responsibilities Reports.
4909	(1) The Judicial Council, established by Article VIII, Section 12, Utah Constitution, shall
4910	be composed of:
4911	(a) the chief justice of the Supreme Court;
4912	(b) one member elected by the justices of the Supreme Court;
4913	(c) one member elected by the judges of the Court of Appeals;
4914	(d) five members elected by the judges of the district courts;
4915	(e) two members elected by the judges of the juvenile courts;
4916	(f) three members elected by the justice court judges; and
4917	(g) a member or ex officio member of the Board of Commissioners of the Utah State Bar
4918	who is an active member of the Bar in good standing elected by the Board of Commissioners.
4919	(2) (a) The chief justice of the Supreme Court shall act as presiding officer of the council
4920	and chief administrative officer for the courts. The chief justice shall vote only in the case of a tie.
4921	(b) All members of the council shall serve for three-year terms. If a council member
4922	should die, resign, retire, or otherwise fail to complete a term of office, the appropriate constituent
4923	group shall elect a member to complete the term of office. In courts having more than one
4924	member, the members shall be elected to staggered terms. The person elected to the Judicial
4925	Council by the Board of Commissioners shall be a member or ex officio member of the Board of

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4926 Commissioners and an active member of the Bar in good standing at the time the person is elected. 4927 The person may complete a three-year term of office on the Judicial Council even though the 4928 person ceases to be a member or ex officio member of the Board of Commissioners. The person shall be an active member of the Bar in good standing for the entire term of the Judicial Council. 4929 4930 (c) Elections shall be held under rules made by the Judicial Council. 4931 (3) The council is responsible for the development of uniform administrative policy for 4932 the courts throughout the state. The presiding officer of the Judicial Council is responsible for the 4933 implementation of the policies developed by the council and for the general management of the 4934 courts, with the aid of the administrator. The council has authority and responsibility to: 4935 (a) establish and assure compliance with policies for the operation of the courts, including 4936 uniform rules and forms; and 4937 (b) publish and submit to the governor, the chief justice of the Supreme Court, and the Legislature an annual report of the operations of the courts, which shall include financial and 4938 4939 statistical data and may include suggestions and recommendations for legislation. (4) (a) The Judicial Council shall make rules establishing: 4940 4941 (i) standards for judicial competence; and 4942 (ii) a formal program for the evaluation of judicial performance containing the elements of and meeting the requirements of this Subsection (4). 4943 4944 (b) The Judicial Council shall ensure that the formal judicial performance evaluation 4945 program has improvement in the performance of individual judges, court commissioners, and the 4946 judiciary as its goal. 4947 (c) The Judicial Council shall ensure that the formal judicial performance evaluation 4948 program includes at least all of the following elements: 4949 (i) a requirement that judges complete a certain number of hours of approved judicial 4950 education each year; 4951 (ii) a requirement that each judge certify that he is: 4952 (A) physically and mentally competent to serve; and 4953 (B) in compliance with the Codes of Judicial Conduct and Judicial Administration; and

(iii) a requirement that the judge receive a satisfactory score on questions identified by the

Judicial Council as relating to judicial certification on a survey of members of the Bar developed

by the Judicial Council in conjunction with the American Bar Association.

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4957 (d) The Judicial Council shall ensure that the formal judicial performance evaluation 4958 program considers at least the following criteria: 4959 (i) integrity; 4960 (ii) knowledge; (iii) understanding of the law; 4961 4962 (iv) ability to communicate; 4963 (v) punctuality; 4964 (vi) preparation; 4965 (vii) attentiveness; 4966 (viii) dignity; 4967 (ix) control over proceedings; and 4968 (x) skills as a manager. (e) (i) The Judicial Council shall provide the judicial performance evaluation information 4969 4970 and the disciplinary data required by Subsection 20A-7-702(2) to the [Lieutenant Governor] State 4971 Elections Commission for publication in the voter information pamphlet. 4972 (ii) Not later than August 1 of the year before the expiration of the term of office of a municipal court judge, the Judicial Council shall provide the judicial performance evaluation 4973 4974 information required by Subsection 20A-7-702(2) to the appointing authority of a municipal justice 4975 court judge. 4976 (5) The council shall establish standards for the operation of the courts of the state 4977 including, but not limited to, facilities, court security, support services, and staff levels for judicial 4978 and support personnel. 4979 (6) The council shall by rule establish the time and manner for destroying court records. 4980 including computer records, and shall establish retention periods for these records. 4981 (7) (a) Consistent with the requirements of judicial office and security policies, the council shall establish procedures to govern the assignment of state vehicles to public officers of the 4982 4983 judicial branch. 4984 (b) The vehicles shall be marked in a manner consistent with Section 41-1a-407 and may be assigned for unlimited use, within the state only. 4985

(8) (a) The council shall advise judicial officers and employees concerning ethical issues

and shall establish procedures for issuing informal and formal advisory opinions on these issues.

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4988 (b) Compliance with an informal opinion is evidence of good faith compliance with the 4989 Code of Judicial Conduct. 4990 (c) A formal opinion constitutes a binding interpretation of the Code of Judicial Conduct. 4991 (9) (a) The council shall establish written procedures authorizing the presiding officer of 4992 the council to appoint judges of courts of record by special or general assignment to serve 4993 temporarily in another level of court in a specific court or generally within that level. The 4994 appointment shall be for a specific period and shall be reported to the council. 4995 (b) These procedures shall be developed in accordance with Subsection 78-3-24(10) regarding temporary appointment of judges. 4996 4997 (10) The Judicial Council may by rule designate municipalities in addition to those 4998 designated by statute as a location of a trial court of record. There shall be at least one court clerk's 4999 office open during regular court hours in each county. Any trial court of record may hold court in 5000 any municipality designated as a location of a court of record. Designations by the Judicial 5001 Council may not be made between July 1, 1997, and July 1, 1998. (11) The Judicial Council shall by rule determine whether the administration of a court 5002 5003 shall be the obligation of the administrative office of the courts or whether the administrative office of the courts should contract with local government for court support services. 5004 5005 (12) The Judicial Council may by rule direct that a district court location be administered 5006 from another court location within the county. 5007 (13) The Judicial Council shall establish and supervise the Office of Guardian Ad Litem Director, in accordance with the provisions of Sections 78-3a-911 and 78-3a-912, and assure 5008 5009 compliance of the guardian ad litem program with state and federal law, regulation, and policy, and 5010 court rules. 5011 (14) The Judicial Council shall establish and maintain, in cooperation with the Office of 5012 Recovery Services within the Department of Human Services, the part of the state case registry that

contains records of each support order established or modified in the state on or after October 1,

1998, as is necessary to comply with the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 654a.

Section 67-1a-9, County officers -- Report forms -- Records.

Section 147. Repealer.

This act repeals:

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Legislative Review Note as of 1-28-02 11:13 AM

A limited legal review of this legislation raises no obvious constitutional or statutory concerns.

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel