1	INSURANCE PRODUCERS AMENDMENTS
2	2003 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Sponsor: James A. Dunnigan
5	This act modifies the Insurance Code. The act provides definitions and substitutes the
6	term producer for the terms agent and broker with respect to certain insurance licenses.
7	The act renumbers and modifies the chapter of the Insurance Code dealing with
8	insurance marketing and licensing. The act further modifies insurance licensing and
9	application procedures, licensing requirements, and license types. The act modifies
10	guidelines for termination, lapsing, probation, or surrender with respect to a license.
11	The act enacts guidelines for the appointment and listing of an individual or agency
12	producer or managing general agent. The act modifies certain continuing education and
13	training period requirements. The act modifies provisions relating to an agency license
14	and designation. The act designates certain failures to forward a premium to an insured
15	as insurance fraud. The act modifies guidelines for licensee compensation. The act
16	makes technical changes. This act provides an effective date. This act contains a
17	coordination clause.
18	This act affects sections of Utah Code Annotated 1953 as follows:
19	AMENDS:
20	7-1-901, as enacted by Chapter 393, Laws of Utah 1998
21	31A-1-104, as last amended by Chapter 131, Laws of Utah 1999
22	31A-1-301, as last amended by Chapters 71 and 308, Laws of Utah 2002
23	31A-2-205, as last amended by Chapter 2, Laws of Utah 1987
24	31A-2-214, as last amended by Chapter 71, Laws of Utah 2002
25	31A-2-308, as last amended by Chapters 130 and 131, Laws of Utah 1999
26	31A-2-309, as last amended by Chapter 91, Laws of Utah 1987
27	31A-3-303, as last amended by Chapter 230, Laws of Utah 1992

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28	31A-4-106, as last amended by Chapter 131, Laws of Utah 1999
29	31A-5-207, as last amended by Chapter 277, Laws of Utah 1992
30	31A-5-218, as last amended by Chapter 131, Laws of Utah 1999
31	31A-6a-103, as last amended by Chapter 130, Laws of Utah 1999
32	31A-6a-108, as enacted by Chapter 203, Laws of Utah 1992
33	31A-8-103, as last amended by Chapter 308, Laws of Utah 2002
34	31A-11-101, as last amended by Chapter 204, Laws of Utah 1986
35	31A-11-102, as last amended by Chapter 116, Laws of Utah 2001
36	31A-11-104, as last amended by Chapter 10, Laws of Utah 1997
37	31A-11-107, as last amended by Chapter 204, Laws of Utah 1986
38	31A-14-211, as last amended by Chapter 9, Laws of Utah 1996, Second Special Session
39	31A-15-102, as enacted by Chapter 242, Laws of Utah 1985
40	31A-15-103, as last amended by Chapter 185, Laws of Utah 2002
41	31A-15-104, as enacted by Chapter 242, Laws of Utah 1985
42	31A-15-111, as last amended by Chapter 185, Laws of Utah 1997
43	31A-15-204, as last amended by Chapter 305, Laws of Utah 1993
44	<b>31A-15-207</b> , as enacted by Chapter 258, Laws of Utah 1992
45	31A-15-210, as enacted by Chapter 258, Laws of Utah 1992
46	31A-15-212, as last amended by Chapter 305, Laws of Utah 1993
47	31A-17-608, as last amended by Chapter 116, Laws of Utah 2001
48	31A-19a-209, as last amended by Chapter 308, Laws of Utah 2002
49	31A-19a-216, as enacted by Chapter 130, Laws of Utah 1999
50	31A-20-110, as enacted by Chapter 242, Laws of Utah 1985
51	31A-21-302, as last amended by Chapter 204, Laws of Utah 1986
52	31A-21-305, as enacted by Chapter 242, Laws of Utah 1985
53	31A-21-404, as last amended by Chapter 116, Laws of Utah 2001
54	31A-26-201, as last amended by Chapter 20, Laws of Utah 1995
55	31A-27-103, as last amended by Chapter 308, Laws of Utah 2002
56	31A-27-316, as enacted by Chapter 242, Laws of Utah 1985
57	31A-27-324, as enacted by Chapter 242, Laws of Utah 1985
58	31A-30-104, as last amended by Chapter 308, Laws of Utah 2002

59		<b>31A-35-102</b> , as last amended by Chapter 259, Laws of Utah 2000
60		<b>31A-35-301</b> , as last amended by Chapter 259, Laws of Utah 2000
61		<b>31A-35-401</b> , as last amended by Chapter 259, Laws of Utah 2000
62		<b>31A-35-402</b> , as last amended by Chapter 259, Laws of Utah 2000
63		<b>31A-35-403</b> , as enacted by Chapter 293, Laws of Utah 1998
64		<b>31A-35-502</b> , as last amended by Chapter 259, Laws of Utah 2000
65		<b>31A-35-503</b> , as last amended by Chapter 259, Laws of Utah 2000
66		<b>31A-35-601</b> , as enacted by Chapter 293, Laws of Utah 1998
67		<b>31A-35-603</b> , as last amended by Chapter 259, Laws of Utah 2000
68		<b>31A-35-604</b> , as last amended by Chapter 259, Laws of Utah 2000
69		<b>31A-35-605</b> , as enacted by Chapter 293, Laws of Utah 1998
70		<b>31A-35-606</b> , as enacted by Chapter 293, Laws of Utah 1998
71		<b>31A-35-608</b> , as last amended by Chapter 9, Laws of Utah 2001
72		<b>31A-35-701</b> , as last amended by Chapter 259, Laws of Utah 2000
73		31A-35-702, as last amended by Chapter 259, Laws of Utah 2000
74		31A-35-703, as last amended by Chapter 259, Laws of Utah 2000
75		31A-35-704, as last amended by Chapter 259, Laws of Utah 2000
76		34A-2-104, as last amended by Chapter 171, Laws of Utah 2001
77		35A-4-205, as last amended by Chapter 21, Laws of Utah 1999
78		41-12a-303.2, as last amended by Chapter 345, Laws of Utah 2000
79		57-1-39, as last amended by Chapter 40, Laws of Utah 2002
80		59-9-101, as last amended by Chapter 71, Laws of Utah 2002
81		63-2-202, as last amended by Chapter 256, Laws of Utah 2001
82		63-2-302 (Effective 07/01/03), as last amended by Chapters 63 and 191, Laws of Utah
83	2002	
84		63-2-302 (Superseded 07/01/03), as last amended by Chapter 63, Laws of Utah 2002
85		63-55b-131, as last amended by Chapter 3, Laws of Utah 2001
86		73-1-10, as last amended by Chapter 241, Laws of Utah 2001
87		73-18c-304, as enacted by Chapter 348, Laws of Utah 1997
88		76-10-915, as last amended by Chapter 141, Laws of Utah 1999
89	ENAC	CTS:

90	<b>31A-1-110</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
91	<b>31A-23a-113</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
92	<b>31A-23a-115</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
93	<b>31A-23a-301</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
94	<b>31A-23a-411</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
95	RENUMBERS AND AMENDS:
96	31A-23a-101, (Renumbered from 31A-23-101, as last amended by Chapter 116, Laws
97	of Utah 2001)
98	31A-23a-102, (Renumbered from 31A-23-102, as last amended by Chapter 308, Laws
99	of Utah 2002)
100	31A-23a-103, (Renumbered from 31A-23-201, as last amended by Chapter 116, Laws
101	of Utah 2001)
102	31A-23a-104, (Renumbered from 31A-23-202, as last amended by Chapter 185, Laws
103	of Utah 2002)
104	31A-23a-105, (Renumbered from 31A-23-203, as last amended by Chapter 116, Laws
105	of Utah 2001)
106	31A-23a-106, (Renumbered from 31A-23-204, as last amended by Chapter 308, Laws
107	of Utah 2002)
108	31A-23a-107, (Renumbered from 31A-23-205, as last amended by Chapter 10, Laws of
109	Utah 1997)
110	31A-23a-108, (Renumbered from 31A-23-207, as last amended by Chapter 116, Laws
111	of Utah 2001)
112	31A-23a-109, (Renumbered from 31A-23-209, as last amended by Chapter 116, Laws
113	of Utah 2001)
114	31A-23a-110, (Renumbered from 31A-23-212, as last amended by Chapter 116, Laws
115	of Utah 2001)
116	31A-23a-111, (Renumbered from 31A-23-216, as last amended by Chapter 308, Laws
117	of Utah 2002)
118	31A-23a-112, (Renumbered from 31A-23-217, as last amended by Chapter 185, Laws
119	of Utah 1997)
120	31A-23a-114, (Renumbered from 31A-23-218, as last amended by Chapter 116, Laws

121	of Utah 2001)
122	31A-23a-116, (Renumbered from 31A-23-405, as last amended by Chapter 131, Laws
123	of Utah 1999)
124	31A-23a-201, (Renumbered from 31A-23-201.5, as enacted by Chapter 116, Laws of
125	Utah 2001)
126	31A-23a-202, (Renumbered from 31A-23-206, as last amended by Chapter 308, Laws
127	of Utah 2002)
128	31A-23a-203, (Renumbered from 31A-23-208, as last amended by Chapter 261, Laws
129	of Utah 1989)
130	31A-23a-204, (Renumbered from 31A-23-211, as last amended by Chapter 308, Laws
131	of Utah 2002)
132	31A-23a-205, (Renumbered from 31A-23-211.5, as enacted by Chapter 293, Laws of
133	Utah 1998)
134	31A-23a-206, (Renumbered from 31A-23-211.7, as last amended by Chapter 116, Laws
135	of Utah 2001)
136	31A-23a-207, (Renumbered from 31A-23-214, as enacted by Chapter 242, Laws of
137	Utah 1985)
138	31A-23a-302, (Renumbered from 31A-23-219, as last amended by Chapter 114, Laws
139	of Utah 2000)
140	31A-23a-401, (Renumbered from 31A-23-301, as last amended by Chapter 261, Laws
141	of Utah 1989)
142	31A-23a-402, (Renumbered from 31A-23-302, as last amended by Chapter 308, Laws
143	of Utah 2002)
144	31A-23a-403, (Renumbered from 31A-23-303, as last amended by Chapter 116, Laws
145	of Utah 2001)
146	31A-23a-404, (Renumbered from 31A-23-304, as enacted by Chapter 242, Laws of
147	Utah 1985)
148	31A-23a-405, (Renumbered from 31A-23-305, as last amended by Chapter 293, Laws
149	of Utah 1998)
150	31A-23a-406, (Renumbered from 31A-23-307, as last amended by Chapter 308, Laws
151	of Utah 2002)

152	31A-23a-407, (Renumbered from 31A-23-308, as last amended by Chapter 308, Laws
153	of Utah 2002)
154	31A-23a-408, (Renumbered from 31A-23-309, as last amended by Chapter 230, Laws
155	of Utah 1992)
156	<b>31A-23a-409</b> , (Renumbered from 31A-23-310, as last amended by Chapter 116, Laws
157	of Utah 2001)
158	31A-23a-410, (Renumbered from 31A-23-311, as last amended by Chapter 344, Laws
159	of Utah 1995)
160	<b>31A-23a-412</b> , (Renumbered from 31A-23-312, as last amended by Chapter 116, Laws
161	of Utah 2001)
162	31A-23a-413, (Renumbered from 31A-23-313, as enacted by Chapter 242, Laws of
163	Utah 1985)
164	31A-23a-414, (Renumbered from 31A-23-314, as enacted by Chapter 242, Laws of
165	Utah 1985)
166	31A-23a-415, (Renumbered from 31A-23-315, as last amended by Chapter 260, Laws
167	of Utah 2002)
168	31A-23a-416, (Renumbered from 31A-23-316, as enacted by Chapter 329, Laws of
169	Utah 1998)
170	31A-23a-417, (Renumbered from 31A-23-317, as enacted by Chapter 116, Laws of
171	Utah 2001)
172	<b>31A-23a-501</b> , (Renumbered from 31A-23-401, as last amended by Chapter 293, Laws
173	of Utah 1998)
174	<b>31A-23a-502</b> , (Renumbered from 31A-23-402, as last amended by Chapter 204, Laws
175	of Utah 1986)
176	31A-23a-503, (Renumbered from 31A-23-403, as last amended by Chapter 76, Laws of
177	Utah 1995)
178	<b>31A-23a-504</b> , (Renumbered from 31A-23-404, as last amended by Chapter 116, Laws
179	of Utah 2001)
180	31A-23a-505, (Renumbered from 31A-23-406, as enacted by Chapter 242, Laws of
181	Utah 1985)
182	31A-23a-601, (Renumbered from 31A-23-501, as last amended by Chapter 305, Laws

183	of Utah 1993)
184	31A-23a-602, (Renumbered from 31A-23-502, as enacted by Chapter 258, Laws of
185	Utah 1992)
186	31A-23a-603, (Renumbered from 31A-23-503, as last amended by Chapter 308, Laws
187	of Utah 2002)
188	31A-23a-604, (Renumbered from 31A-23-504, as enacted by Chapter 258, Laws of
189	Utah 1992)
190	31A-23a-605, (Renumbered from 31A-23-505, as enacted by Chapter 258, Laws of
191	Utah 1992)
192	<b>31A-23a-701</b> , (Renumbered from 31A-23-601, as last amended by Chapter 308, Laws
193	of Utah 2002)
194	<b>31A-23a-702</b> , (Renumbered from 31A-23-602, as last amended by Chapter 305, Laws
195	of Utah 1993)
196	31A-23a-703, (Renumbered from 31A-23-603, as enacted by Chapter 258, Laws of
197	Utah 1992)
198	31A-23a-704, (Renumbered from 31A-23-604, as enacted by Chapter 258, Laws of
199	Utah 1992)
200	31A-23a-801, (Renumbered from 31A-23-701, as enacted by Chapter 258, Laws of
201	Utah 1992)
202	<b>31A-23a-802</b> , (Renumbered from 31A-23-702, as last amended by Chapter 116, Laws
203	of Utah 2001)
204	31A-23a-803, (Renumbered from 31A-23-703, as enacted by Chapter 258, Laws of
205	Utah 1992)
206	31A-23a-804, (Renumbered from 31A-23-704, as enacted by Chapter 258, Laws of
207	Utah 1992)
208	<b>31A-23a-805</b> , (Renumbered from 31A-23-705, as last amended by Chapter 116, Laws
209	of Utah 2001)
210	31A-23a-806, (Renumbered from 31A-23-706, as enacted by Chapter 258, Laws of
211	Utah 1992)
212	31A-23a-807, (Renumbered from 31A-23-707, as enacted by Chapter 258, Laws of
213	Utah 1992)

214	31A-23a-808, (Renumbered from 31A-23-708, as enacted by Chapter 258, Laws of
215	Utah 1992)
216	31A-23a-809, (Renumbered from 31A-23-709, as enacted by Chapter 258, Laws of
217	Utah 1992)
218	REPEALS:
219	31A-23-103, as last amended by Chapter 261, Laws of Utah 1989
220	31A-23-215, as last amended by Chapter 131, Laws of Utah 1999
221	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
222	Section 1. Section <b>7-1-901</b> is amended to read:
223	7-1-901. Authorized insurance activities of depository institutions.
224	(1) A depository institution authorized to do business in this state under this title may
225	directly, or indirectly through a subsidiary or affiliate, engage in the following insurance
226	activities:
227	(a) engage in the insurance business as defined under Section 31A-1-301 except as may
228	be limited by federal law;
229	(b) act as an insurance [agent, broker,] producer or consultant as defined under Section
230	31A-1-301; or
231	(c) engage in insurance adjusting as defined in Section 31A-26-102.
232	(2) A depository institution, subsidiary, or affiliate, that engages in insurance activities
233	authorized under Subsection (1) shall be subject to Title 31A, Insurance Code.
234	Section 2. Section <b>31A-1-104</b> is amended to read:
235	<b>31A-1-104.</b> Authorization to do insurance business.
236	A person may not engage in the following without complying with this title:
237	(1) do an insurance business as defined under Section 31A-1-301;
238	(2) act as an insurance [agent, broker,] producer or consultant as defined under Section
239	31A-1-301; or
240	(3) engage in insurance adjusting as defined under Section 31A-26-102.
241	Section 3. Section <b>31A-1-110</b> is enacted to read:
242	<u>31A-1-110.</u> Scope of a license.
243	Unless a license is designated as limited, a license authorizes the person holding the
244	license to transact business for all products within a line of authority.

245	Section 4. Section <b>31A-1-301</b> is amended to read:
246	31A-1-301. Definitions.
247	As used in this title, unless otherwise specified:
248	(1) (a) "Accident and health insurance" means insurance to provide protection against
249	economic losses resulting from:
250	(i) a medical condition including:
251	(A) medical care expenses; or
252	(B) the risk of disability;
253	(ii) accident; or
254	(iii) sickness.
255	(b) "Accident and health insurance":
256	(i) includes a contract with disability contingencies including:
257	(A) an income replacement contract;
258	(B) a health care contract;
259	(C) an expense reimbursement contract;
260	(D) a credit accident and health contract;
261	(E) a continuing care contract; and
262	(F) long-term care contracts; and
263	(ii) may provide:
264	(A) hospital coverage;
265	(B) surgical coverage;
266	(C) medical coverage; or
267	(D) loss of income coverage.
268	(c) "Accident and health insurance" does not include workers' compensation insurance.
269	(2) "Actuary" is as defined by the commissioner by rule, made in accordance with Title
270	63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
271	$\left[\frac{(2)}{(3)}\right]$ "Administrator" is defined in Subsection $\left[\frac{(121)}{(121)}\right]$
272	[(3)] (4) "Adult" means a natural person who has attained the age of at least 18 years.
273	[(4)] (5) "Affiliate" means any person who controls, is controlled by, or is under
274	common control with, another person. A corporation is an affiliate of another corporation,
275	regardless of ownership, if substantially the same group of natural persons manages the

276	corporations.
277	(6) "Agency" means:
278	(a) a person other than an individual, including a sole proprietorship by which a natural
279	person does business under an assumed name; and
280	(b) an insurance organization licensed or required to be licensed under Section
281	<u>31A-23a-301.</u>
282	[(5)] (7) "Alien insurer" means an insurer domiciled outside the United States.
283	[(6)] (8) "Amendment" means an endorsement to an insurance policy or certificate.
284	[(7)] (9) "Annuity" means an agreement to make periodical payments for a period
285	certain or over the lifetime of one or more natural persons if the making or continuance of all
286	or some of the series of the payments, or the amount of the payment, is dependent upon the
287	continuance of human life.
288	[(8)] (10) "Application" means a document:
289	(a) completed by an applicant to provide information about the risk to be insured; and
290	(b) that contains information that is used by the insurer to:
291	(i) evaluate risk; and
292	(ii) decide whether to:
293	(A) insure the risk under:
294	(I) the coverages as originally offered; or
295	(II) a modification of the coverage as originally offered; or
296	(B) decline to insure the risk.
297	[(9)] (11) "Articles" or "articles of incorporation" means the original articles, special
298	laws, charters, amendments, restated articles, articles of merger or consolidation, trust
299	instruments, and other constitutive documents for trusts and other entities that are not
300	corporations, and amendments to any of these.
301	[(10)] (12) "Bail bond insurance" means a guarantee that a person will attend court
302	when required, or will obey the orders or judgment of the court, as a condition to the release of
303	that person from confinement.
304	[(11)] (13) "Binder" is defined in Section 31A-21-102.
305	[(12)] (14) "Board," "board of trustees," or "board of directors" means the group of
306	persons with responsibility over, or management of, a corporation, however designated.

307	(15) "Business entity" means a corporation, association, partnership, limited liability
308	company, limited liability partnership, or other legal entity.
309	[(13)] (16) "Business of insurance" is defined in Subsection $[(68)]$ (80).
310	[(14)] (17) "Business plan" means the information required to be supplied to the
311	commissioner under Subsections 31A-5-204(2)(i) and (j), including the information required
312	when these subsections are applicable by reference under:
313	(a) Section 31A-7-201;
314	(b) Section 31A-8-205; or
315	(c) Subsection 31A-9-205(2).
316	[(15)] (18) "Bylaws" means the rules adopted for the regulation or management of a
317	corporation's affairs, however designated and includes comparable rules for trusts and other
318	entities that are not corporations.
319	(19) "Captive insurance company" means:
320	(a) an insurance company:
321	(i) owned by another organization; and
322	(ii) whose exclusive purpose is to insure risks of the parent organization and affiliated
323	companies; or
324	(b) in the case of groups and associations, an insurance organization:
325	(i) owned by the insureds; and
326	(ii) whose exclusive purpose is to insure risks of:
327	(A) member organizations;
328	(B) group members; and
329	(C) affiliates of:
330	(I) member organizations; or
331	(II) group members.
332	[(16)] (20) "Casualty insurance" means liability insurance as defined in Subsection
333	[ <del>(75)</del> ] <u>(90)</u> .
334	[(17)] (21) "Certificate" means evidence of insurance given to:
335	(a) an insured under a group insurance policy; or
336	(b) a third party.
337	[(18)] (22) "Certificate of authority" is included within the term "license."

338	[(19)] (23) "Claim," unless the context otherwise requires, means a request or demand
339	on an insurer for payment of benefits according to the terms of an insurance policy.
340	[(20)] (24) "Claims-made coverage" means an insurance contract or provision limiting
341	coverage under a policy insuring against legal liability to claims that are first made against the
342	insured while the policy is in force.
343	[(21)] (25) (a) "Commissioner" or "commissioner of insurance" means Utah's
344	insurance commissioner.
345	(b) When appropriate, the terms listed in Subsection $[(21)]$ (25)(a) apply to the
346	equivalent supervisory official of another jurisdiction.
347	[(22)] (26) (a) "Continuing care insurance" means insurance that:
348	(i) provides board and lodging;
349	(ii) provides one or more of the following services:
350	(A) personal services;
351	(B) nursing services;
352	(C) medical services; or
353	(D) other health-related services; and
354	(iii) provides the coverage described in Subsection $[(22)]$ (26)(a)(i) under an agreement
355	effective:
356	(A) for the life of the insured; or
357	(B) for a period in excess of one year.
358	(b) Insurance is continuing care insurance regardless of whether or not the board and
359	lodging are provided at the same location as the services described in Subsection [(22)]
360	<u>(26)</u> (a)(ii).
361	[(23)] (27) (a) "Control," "controlling," "controlled," or "under common control"
362	means the direct or indirect possession of the power to direct or cause the direction of the
363	management and policies of a person. This control may be:
364	(i) by contract;
365	(ii) by common management;
366	(iii) through the ownership of voting securities; or
367	(iv) by a means other than those described in Subsections $[(23)]$ (27)(a)(i) through (iii).
368	(b) There is no presumption that an individual holding an official position with another

369	person controls that person solely by reason of the position.
370	(c) A person having a contract or arrangement giving control is considered to have
371	control despite the illegality or invalidity of the contract or arrangement.
372	(d) There is a rebuttable presumption of control in a person who directly or indirectly
373	owns, controls, holds with the power to vote, or holds proxies to vote 10% or more of the
374	voting securities of another person.
375	(28) "Controlled insurer" means a licensed insurer that is either directly or indirectly
376	controlled by a producer.
377	(29) "Controlling person" means any person, firm, association, or corporation that
378	directly or indirectly has the power to direct or cause to be directed, the management, control,
379	or activities of a reinsurance intermediary.
380	(30) "Controlling producer" means a producer who directly or indirectly controls an
381	insurer.
382	[(24)] (31) (a) "Corporation" means insurance corporation, except when referring to:
383	(i) a corporation doing business as an insurance [broker, consultant,] producer, limited
384	line producer, consultant, managing general agent, reinsurance intermediary, third party
385	administrator, or adjuster under:
386	(A) Chapter [23] 23a, Insurance Marketing - Licensing [Agents, Brokers] Producers,
387	Consultants, and Reinsurance Intermediaries; [and]
388	(B) Chapter 25, Third Party Administrators; and
389	[(B)] (C) Chapter 26, Insurance Adjusters; or
390	(ii) a noninsurer that is part of a holding company system under Chapter 16, Insurance
391	Holding Companies.
392	(b) "Stock corporation" means stock insurance corporation.
393	(c) "Mutual" or "mutual corporation" means a mutual insurance corporation.
394	[(25)] (32) "Credit accident and health insurance" means insurance on a debtor to
395	provide indemnity for payments coming due on a specific loan or other credit transaction while
396	the debtor is disabled.
397	[(26)] (33) (a) "Credit insurance" means [surety insurance under which mortgagees and
398	other creditors are indemnified against losses caused by the default of debtors.] insurance
399	offered in connection with an extension of credit that is limited to partially or wholly

400	extinguishing that credit obligation.
401	(b) "Credit insurance" includes:
402	(i) credit accident and health insurance;
403	(ii) credit life insurance;
404	(iii) credit property insurance;
405	(iv) credit unemployment insurance;
406	(v) guaranteed automobile protection insurance;
407	(vi) involuntary unemployment insurance;
408	(vii) mortgage accident and health insurance;
409	(viii) mortgage guaranty insurance; and
410	(ix) mortgage life insurance.
411	[(27)] (34) "Credit life insurance" means insurance on the life of a debtor in connection
412	with [a loan or other credit transaction.] an extension of credit that pays a person if the debtor
413	dies.
414	(35) "Credit property insurance" means insurance:
415	(a) offered in connection with an extension of credit; and
416	(b) that protects the property until the debt is paid.
417	(36) "Credit unemployment insurance" means insurance:
418	(a) offered in connection with an extension of credit; and
419	(b) that provides indemnity if the debtor is unemployed for payments coming due on a:
420	(i) specific loan; or
421	(ii) credit transaction.
422	(37) "Creditable coverage" is as defined in 45 CFR 146.113(a).
423	[(28)] (38) "Creditor" means a person, including an insured, having any claim,
424	whether:
425	(a) matured;
426	(b) unmatured;
427	(c) liquidated;
428	(d) unliquidated;
429	(e) secured;
430	(f) unsecured;

431	(g) absolute;
432	(h) fixed; or
433	(i) contingent.
434	[(29)] (39) (a) "Customer service representative" means a person that provides
435	insurance services and insurance product information:
436	(i) for [its agent, broker,] the customer service representative's producer or consultant
437	employer; and
438	(ii) to [its] the customer service representative's employer's customer, client, or
439	organization.
440	(b) A customer service representative may only operate within the scope of authority of
441	[its agent, broker,] the customer service representative's producer or consultant employer.
442	[(30)] (40) "Deadline" means the final date or time:
443	(a) imposed by:
444	(i) statute;
445	(ii) rule; or
446	(iii) order; and
447	(b) by which a required filing or payment must be received by the department.
448	[(31)] (41) "Deemer clause" means a provision under this title under which upon the
449	occurrence of a condition precedent, the commissioner is deemed to have taken a specific
450	action. If the statute so provides, the condition precedent may be the commissioner's failure to
451	take a specific action.
452	[(32)] (42) "Degree of relationship" means the number of steps between two persons
453	determined by counting the generations separating one person from a common ancestor and
454	then counting the generations to the other person.
455	[(33)] (43) "Department" means the Insurance Department.
456	[(34)] (44) "Director" means a member of the board of directors of a corporation.
457	[(35)] (45) "Disability" means a physiological or psychological condition that partially
458	or totally limits an individual's ability to:
459	(a) perform the duties of:
460	(i) that individual's occupation; or
461	(ii) any occupation for which the individual is reasonably suited by education, training,

462	or experience; or
463	(b) perform two or more of the following basic activities of daily living:
464	(i) eating;
465	(ii) toileting;
466	(iii) transferring;
467	(iv) bathing; or
468	(v) dressing.
469	(46) "Disability income insurance" is defined in Subsection (71).
470	[(36)] (47) "Domestic insurer" means an insurer organized under the laws of this state.
471	[(37)] (48) "Domiciliary state" means the state in which an insurer:
472	(a) is incorporated;
473	(b) is organized; or
474	(c) in the case of an alien insurer, enters into the United States.
475	[ <del>(38)</del> ] <u>(49)</u> (a) "Eligible employee" means:
476	(i) an employee who:
477	(A) works on a full-time basis; and
478	(B) has a normal work week of 30 or more hours; or
479	(ii) a person described in Subsection $[(38)]$ (49)(b).
480	(b) "Eligible employee" includes, if the individual is included under a health benefit
481	plan of a small employer:
482	(i) a sole proprietor;
483	(ii) a partner in a partnership; or
484	(iii) an independent contractor.
485	(c) "Eligible employee" does not include, unless eligible under Subsection [(38)]
486	<u>(49)(b):</u>
487	(i) an individual who works on a temporary or substitute basis for a small employer;
488	(ii) an employer's spouse; or
489	(iii) a dependent of an employer.
490	[(39)] (50) "Employee" means any individual employed by an employer.
491	[(40)] (51) "Employee benefits" means one or more benefits or services provided to:
492	(a) employees; or

493	(b) dependents of employees.
494	[(41)] (52) (a) "Employee welfare fund" means a fund:
495	(i) established or maintained, whether directly or through trustees, by:
496	(A) one or more employers;
497	(B) one or more labor organizations; or
498	(C) a combination of employers and labor organizations; and
499	(ii) that provides employee benefits paid or contracted to be paid, other than income
500	from investments of the fund, by or on behalf of an employer doing business in this state or for
501	the benefit of any person employed in this state.
502	(b) "Employee welfare fund" includes a plan funded or subsidized by user fees or tax
503	revenues.
504	[(42)] (53) "Endorsement" means a written agreement attached to a policy or certificate
505	to modify one or more of the provisions of the policy or certificate.
506	(54) (a) "Escrow" means:
507	(i) a real estate settlement or real estate closing conducted by a third party pursuant to
508	the requirements of a written agreement between the parties in a real estate transaction; or
509	(ii) a settlement or closing involving:
510	(A) a mobile home;
511	(B) a grazing right;
512	(C) a water right; or
513	(D) other personal property authorized by the commissioner.
514	(b) "Escrow" includes the act of conducting a:
515	(i) real estate settlement; or
516	(ii) real estate closing.
517	[(43)] (55) "Excludes" is not exhaustive and does not mean that other things are not
518	also excluded. The items listed are representative examples for use in interpretation of this
519	title.
520	[(44)] (56) "Expense reimbursement insurance" means insurance:
521	(a) written to provide payments for expenses relating to hospital confinements resulting
522	from illness or injury; and
523	(b) written:

(i) as a daily limit for a specific number of days in a hospital; and
(ii) to have a one or two day waiting period following a hospitalization.
[(45)] (57) "Fidelity insurance" means insurance guaranteeing the fidelity of persons
holding positions of public or private trust.
[(46)] (58) (a) "Filed" means that a filing is:
(i) submitted to the department <u>as required by and</u> in accordance with any applicable
statute, rule, or filing order;
(ii) received by the department within the time period provided in the applicable
statute, rule, or filing order; and
(iii) accompanied [with the applicable one or more filing fees required] by the
appropriate fee in accordance with:
(A) Section 31A-3-103; or
(B) rule.
(b) "Filed" does not include a filing that is rejected by the department because it is not
submitted in accordance with Subsection [ $(46)$ ] (58)(a).
[(47)] (59) "Filing," when used as a noun, means an item required to be filed with the
department including:
(a) a policy;
(b) a rate;
(c) a form;
(d) a document;
(e) a plan;
(f) a manual;
(g) an application;
(h) a report;
(i) a certificate;
(j) an endorsement;
(k) an actuarial certification;
(l) a licensee annual statement;
(m) a licensee renewal application; or
(n) an advertisement.

555	[(48)] (60) "First party insurance" means an insurance policy or contract in which the
556	insurer agrees to pay claims submitted to it by the insured for the insured's losses.
557	[(49)] (61) "Foreign insurer" means an insurer domiciled outside of this state, including
558	an alien insurer.
559	[(50)] (a) "Form" means one of the following prepared for general use:
560	(i) a policy;
561	(ii) a certificate;
562	(iii) an application; or
563	(iv) an outline of coverage.
564	(b) "Form" does not include a document specially prepared for use in an individual
565	case.
566	[(51)] (63) "Franchise insurance" means individual insurance policies provided through
567	a mass marketing arrangement involving a defined class of persons related in some way other
568	than through the purchase of insurance.
569	(64) "General lines of authority" include:
570	(a) the general lines of insurance in Subsection (65);
571	(b) title insurance under one of the following sublines of authority:
572	(i) search, including authority to act as a title marketing representative;
573	(ii) escrow, including authority to act as a title marketing representative:
574	(iii) search and escrow, including authority to act as a title marketing representative;
575	and
576	(iv) title marketing representative only;
577	(c) surplus lines;
578	(d) workers' compensation; and
579	(e) any other line of insurance that the commissioner considers necessary to recognize
580	in the public interest.
581	(65) "General lines of insurance" include:
582	(a) accident and health;
583	(b) casualty;
584	<u>(c) life;</u>
585	(d) personal lines;

586	(e) property; and
587	(f) variable contracts, including variable life and annuity.
588	[(52)] (66) "Group health plan" means an employee welfare benefit plan to the extent
589	that the plan provides medical care:
590	(a) (i) to employees; or
591	(ii) to a dependent of an employee; and
592	(b) (i) directly;
593	(ii) through insurance reimbursement; or
594	(iii) through any other method.
595	(67) "Guaranteed automobile protection insurance" means insurance offered in
596	connection with an extension of credit that pays the difference in amount between the
597	insurance settlement and the balance of the loan if the insured automobile is a total loss.
598	[(53)] (68) "Health benefit plan" means a policy or certificate for health care insurance,
599	except that health benefit plan does not include coverage:
600	(a) solely for:
601	(i) accident;
602	(ii) dental;
603	(iii) vision;
604	(iv) Medicare supplement;
605	(v) long-term care; or
606	(vi) income replacement; or
607	(b) that is:
608	(i) offered and marketed as supplemental health insurance;
609	(ii) not offered or marketed as a substitute for:
610	(A) hospital or medical expense insurance; or
611	(B) major medical expense insurance; and
612	(iii) solely for:
613	(A) a specified disease;
614	(B) hospital confinement indemnity; or
615	(C) limited benefit plan.
616	[(54)] (69) "Health care" means any of the following intended for use in the diagnosis,

- 617 treatment, mitigation, or prevention of a human ailment or impairment:
  618 (a) professional services;
  619 (b) personal services;
  620 (c) facilities;
- 621 (d) equipment;
- 622 (e) devices;
- 623 (f) supplies; or
- 624 (g) medicine.
- 625 [(55)] (70) (a) "Health care insurance" or "health insurance" means insurance
- 626 providing:
- 627 (i) health care benefits; or
- 628 (ii) payment of incurred health care expenses.
- 629 (b) "Health care insurance" or "health insurance" does not include accident and health
- 630 insurance providing benefits for:
- 631 (i) replacement of income;
- 632 (ii) short-term accident;
- 633 (iii) fixed indemnity;
- 634 (iv) credit accident and health;
- 635 (v) supplements to liability;
- 636 (vi) workers' compensation;
- 637 (vii) automobile medical payment;
- 638 (viii) no-fault automobile;
- 639 (ix) equivalent self-insurance; or
- 640 (x) any type of accident and health insurance coverage that is a part of or attached to641 another type of policy.
- 642 [(56)] (71) "Income replacement insurance" or "disability income insurance" means
  643 insurance written to provide payments to replace income lost from accident or sickness.
- 644 [(57)] (72) "Indemnity" means the payment of an amount to offset all or part of an
  645 insured loss.
- 646 [(58)] (73) "Independent adjuster" means an insurance adjuster required to be licensed
   647 under Section 31A-26-201 who engages in insurance adjusting as a representative of insurers.

648	[(59)] (74) "Independently procured insurance" means insurance procured under
649	Section 31A-15-104.
650	[ <del>(60)</del> ] <u>(75)</u> "Individual" means a natural person.
651	[(61)] (76) "Inland marine insurance" includes insurance covering:
652	(a) property in transit on or over land;
653	(b) property in transit over water by means other than boat or ship;
654	(c) bailee liability;
655	(d) fixed transportation property such as bridges, electric transmission systems, radio
656	and television transmission towers and tunnels; and
657	(e) personal and commercial property floaters.
658	$\left[\frac{(62)}{(77)}\right]$ "Insolvency" means that:
659	(a) an insurer is unable to pay its debts or meet its obligations as they mature;
660	(b) an insurer's total adjusted capital is less than the insurer's mandatory control level
661	RBC under Subsection 31A-17-601(8)(c); or
662	(c) an insurer is determined to be hazardous under this title.
663	[ <del>(63)</del> ] <u>(78)</u> (a) "Insurance" means:
664	(i) an arrangement, contract, or plan for the transfer of a risk or risks from one or more
665	persons to one or more other persons; or
666	(ii) an arrangement, contract, or plan for the distribution of a risk or risks among a
667	group of persons that includes the person seeking to distribute that person's risk.
668	(b) "Insurance" includes:
669	(i) risk distributing arrangements providing for compensation or replacement for
670	damages or loss through the provision of services or benefits in kind;
671	(ii) contracts of guaranty or suretyship entered into by the guarantor or surety as a
672	business and not as merely incidental to a business transaction; and
673	(iii) plans in which the risk does not rest upon the person who makes the arrangements,
674	but with a class of persons who have agreed to share it.
675	[(64)] (79) "Insurance adjuster" means a person who directs the investigation,
676	negotiation, or settlement of a claim under an insurance policy other than life insurance or an
677	annuity, on behalf of an insurer, policyholder, or a claimant under an insurance policy.
678	[(65) "Interinsurance exchange" is defined in Subsection (109).]

679	[(66) Except as provided in Subsection 31A-23-201.5(1), "insurance agent" or "agent"
680	means a person who represents insurers in soliciting, negotiating, or placing insurance.]
681	[(67) Except as provided in Subsection 31A-23-201.5(1), "insurance broker" or
682	"broker" means a person who:]
683	[(a) acts in procuring insurance on behalf of an applicant for insurance or an insured;
684	and]
685	[(b) does not act on behalf of the insurer except by collecting premiums or performing
686	other ministerial acts.]
687	[(68)] (80) "Insurance business" or "business of insurance" includes:
688	(a) providing health care insurance, as defined in Subsection $[(55)]$ (70), by
689	organizations that are or should be licensed under this title;
690	(b) providing benefits to employees in the event of contingencies not within the control
691	of the employees, in which the employees are entitled to the benefits as a right, which benefits
692	may be provided either:
693	(i) by single employers or by multiple employer groups; or
694	(ii) through trusts, associations, or other entities;
695	(c) providing annuities, including those issued in return for gifts, except those provided
696	by persons specified in Subsections 31A-22-1305(2) and (3);
697	(d) providing the characteristic services of motor clubs as outlined in Subsection [ $(82)$ ]
698	<u>(106);</u>
699	(e) providing other persons with insurance as defined in Subsection [ $(63)$ ] (78);
700	(f) making as insurer, guarantor, or surety, or proposing to make as insurer, guarantor,
701	or surety, any contract or policy of title insurance;
702	(g) transacting or proposing to transact any phase of title insurance, including
703	solicitation, negotiation preliminary to execution, execution of a contract of title insurance,
704	insuring, and transacting matters subsequent to the execution of the contract and arising out of
705	it, including reinsurance; and
706	(h) doing, or proposing to do, any business in substance equivalent to Subsections
707	[(68)] (80)(a) through (g) in a manner designed to evade the provisions of this title.
708	[(69)] (81) [Except as provided in Subsection 31A-23-201.5(1), "insurance] "Insurance
709	consultant" or "consultant" means a person who:

710	(a) advises other persons about insurance needs and coverages;
711	(b) is compensated by the person advised on a basis not directly related to the insurance
712	placed; and
713	(c) except as provided in Section 31A-23a-501, is not compensated directly or
714	indirectly by an insurer[ <del>, agent, or broker</del> ] or producer for advice given.
715	[(70)] (82) "Insurance holding company system" means a group of two or more
716	affiliated persons, at least one of whom is an insurer.
717	(83) (a) "Insurance producer" or "producer" means a person licensed or required to be
718	licensed under the laws of this state to sell, solicit, or negotiate insurance.
719	(b) With regards to the selling, soliciting, or negotiating of an insurance product to an
720	insurance customer or an insured:
721	(i) "producer for the insurer" means a producer who is compensated directly or
722	indirectly by an insurer for selling, soliciting, or negotiating any product of that insurer; and
723	(ii) "producer for the insured" means a producer who:
724	(A) is compensated directly and only by an insurance customer or an insured; and
725	(B) receives no compensation directly or indirectly from an insurer for selling,
726	soliciting, or negotiating any product of that insurer to an insurance customer or insured.
727	[(71)] (84) (a) "Insured" means a person to whom or for whose benefit an insurer
728	makes a promise in an insurance policy and includes:
729	(i) policyholders;
730	(ii) subscribers;
731	(iii) members; and
732	(iv) beneficiaries.
733	(b) The definition in Subsection $[(71)]$ (84)(a):
734	(i) applies only to this title; and
735	(ii) does not define the meaning of this word as used in insurance policies or
736	certificates.
737	[ <del>(72)</del> ] (85) (a) (i) "Insurer" means any person doing an insurance business as a
738	principal including:
739	(A) fraternal benefit societies;
740	(B) issuers of gift annuities other than those specified in Subsections 31A-22-1305(2)

741	and (3);
742	(C) motor clubs;
743	(D) employee welfare plans; and
744	(E) any person purporting or intending to do an insurance business as a principal on
745	that person's own account.
746	(ii) "Insurer" does not include a governmental entity, as defined in Section 63-30-2, to
747	the extent it is engaged in the activities described in Section 31A-12-107.
748	(b) "Admitted insurer" is defined in Subsection [(125)] (153)(b).
749	(c) "Alien insurer" is defined in Subsection [ $(5)$ ] (7).
750	(d) "Authorized insurer" is defined in Subsection [(125)] (153)(b).
751	(e) "Domestic insurer" is defined in Subsection [ $(36)$ ] (47).
752	(f) "Foreign insurer" is defined in Subsection [ $(49)$ ] (61).
753	(g) "Nonadmitted insurer" is defined in Subsection [(125)] (153)(a).
754	(h) "Unauthorized insurer" is defined in Subsection $[(125)]$ (153)(a).
755	(86) "Interinsurance exchange" is defined in Subsection (135).
756	(87) "Involuntary unemployment insurance" means insurance:
757	(a) offered in connection with an extension of credit;
758	(b) that provides indemnity if the debtor is involuntarily unemployed for payments
759	coming due on a:
760	(i) specific loan; or
761	(ii) credit transaction.
762	[(73)] (88) "Large employer," in connection with a health benefit plan, means an
763	employer who, with respect to a calendar year and to a plan year:
764	(a) employed an average of at least 51 eligible employees on each business day during
765	the preceding calendar year; and
766	(b) employs at least two employees on the first day of the plan year.
767	[ <del>(74)</del> ] (89) (a) Except for a retainer contract or legal assistance described in Section
768	31A-1-103, "legal expense insurance" means insurance written to indemnify or pay for
769	specified legal expenses.
770	(b) "Legal expense insurance" includes arrangements that create reasonable
771	expectations of enforceable rights.

772	(c) "Legal expense insurance" does not include the provision of, or reimbursement for,
773	legal services incidental to other insurance coverages.
774	[(75)] (90) (a) "Liability insurance" means insurance against liability:
775	(i) for death, injury, or disability of any human being, or for damage to property,
776	exclusive of the coverages under:
777	(A) Subsection [ $(79)$ ] (100) for medical malpractice insurance;
778	(B) Subsection [(102)] (127) for professional liability insurance; and
779	(C) Subsection [ $(128)$ ] $(157)$ for workers' compensation insurance;
780	(ii) for medical, hospital, surgical, and funeral benefits to persons other than the
781	insured who are injured, irrespective of legal liability of the insured, when issued with or
782	supplemental to insurance against legal liability for the death, injury, or disability of human
783	beings, exclusive of the coverages under:
784	(A) Subsection [ $(79)$ ] (100) for medical malpractice insurance;
785	(B) Subsection [(102)] (127) for professional liability insurance; and
786	(C) Subsection [ $(128)$ ] $(157)$ for workers' compensation insurance;
787	(iii) for loss or damage to property resulting from accidents to or explosions of boilers,
788	pipes, pressure containers, machinery, or apparatus;
789	(iv) for loss or damage to any property caused by the breakage or leakage of sprinklers,
790	water pipes and containers, or by water entering through leaks or openings in buildings; or
791	(v) for other loss or damage properly the subject of insurance not within any other kind
792	or kinds of insurance as defined in this chapter, if such insurance is not contrary to law or
793	public policy.
794	(b) "Liability insurance" includes:
795	(i) vehicle liability insurance as defined in Subsection [(126)] (155);
796	(ii) residential dwelling liability insurance as defined in Subsection [ $(111)$ ] (138); and
797	(iii) making inspection of, and issuing certificates of inspection upon, elevators,
798	boilers, machinery, and apparatus of any kind when done in connection with insurance on
799	them.
800	[(76)] (91) (a) "License" means the authorization issued by the [insurance]
801	commissioner [under this title] to engage in some activity that is part of or related to the
802	insurance business.

803	(b) "License" includes certificates of authority issued to insurers.
804	[(77)] (92) (a) "Life insurance" means insurance on human lives and insurances
805	pertaining to or connected with human life.
806	(b) The business of life insurance includes:
807	(i) granting death benefits;
808	(ii) granting annuity benefits;
809	(iii) granting endowment benefits;
810	(iv) granting additional benefits in the event of death by accident;
811	(v) granting additional benefits to safeguard the policy against lapse in the event of
812	disability; and
813	(vi) providing optional methods of settlement of proceeds.
814	(93) "Limited license" means a license that:
815	(a) is issued for a specific product of insurance; and
816	(b) limits an individual or agency to transact only for that product or insurance.
817	(94) "Limited line credit insurance" includes the following forms of insurance:
818	(a) credit life;
819	(b) credit accident and health:
820	(c) credit property:
821	(d) credit unemployment:
822	(e) involuntary unemployment;
823	(f) mortgage life;
824	(g) mortgage guaranty;
825	(h) mortgage accident and health;
826	(i) guaranteed automobile protection; and
827	(j) any other form of insurance offered in connection with an extension of credit that:
828	(i) is limited to partially or wholly extinguishing the credit obligation; and
829	(ii) the commissioner determines by rule should be designated as a form of limited line
830	credit insurance.
831	(95) "Limited line credit insurance producer" means a person who sells, solicits, or
832	negotiates one or more forms of limited line credit insurance coverage to individuals through a
833	master, corporate, group, or individual policy.

834	(96) "Limited line insurance" includes:
835	(a) bail bond;
836	(b) limited line credit insurance;
837	(c) legal expense insurance;
838	(d) motor club insurance;
839	(e) rental car-related insurance;
840	(f) travel insurance; and
841	(g) any other form of limited insurance that the commissioner determines by rule
842	should be designated a form of limited line insurance.
843	(97) "Limited lines authority" includes:
844	(a) the lines of insurance listed in Subsection (96); and
845	(b) a customer service representative.
846	(98) "Limited lines producer" means a person who sells, solicits, or negotiates limited
847	lines insurance.
848	[ <del>(78)</del> ] (99) (a) "Long-term care insurance" means an insurance policy or rider
849	advertised, marketed, offered, or designated to provide coverage:
850	(i) in a setting other than an acute care unit of a hospital;
851	(ii) for not less than 12 consecutive months for each covered person on the basis of:
852	(A) expenses incurred;
853	<ul><li>(B) indemnity;</li></ul>
854	(C) prepayment; or
855	(D) another method;
856	(iii) for one or more necessary or medically necessary services that are:
857	(A) diagnostic;
858	(B) preventative;
859	(C) therapeutic;
860	(D) rehabilitative;
861	(E) maintenance; or
862	(F) personal care; and
863	(iv) that may be issued by:
864	(A) an insurer;

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865	(B) a fraternal benefit society;
866	(C) (I) a nonprofit health hospital; and
867	(II) a medical service corporation;
868	(D) a prepaid health plan;
869	(E) a health maintenance organization; or
870	(F) an entity similar to the entities described in Subsections $[(78)]$ (99)(a)(iv)(A)
871	through (E) to the extent that the entity is otherwise authorized to issue life or health care
872	insurance.
873	(b) "Long-term care insurance" includes:
874	(i) any of the following that provide directly or supplement long-term care insurance:
875	(A) a group or individual annuity or rider; or
876	(B) a life insurance policy or rider;
877	(ii) a policy or rider that provides for payment of benefits based on:
878	(A) cognitive impairment; or
879	(B) functional capacity; or
880	(iii) a qualified long-term care insurance contract.
881	(c) "Long-term care insurance" does not include:
882	(i) a policy that is offered primarily to provide basic Medicare supplement coverage;
883	(ii) basic hospital expense coverage;
884	(iii) basic medical/surgical expense coverage;
885	(iv) hospital confinement indemnity coverage;
886	(v) major medical expense coverage;
887	(vi) income replacement or related asset-protection coverage;
888	(vii) accident only coverage;
889	(viii) coverage for a specified:
890	(A) disease; or
891	(B) accident;
892	(ix) limited benefit health coverage; or
893	(x) a life insurance policy that accelerates the death benefit to provide the option of a
894	lump sum payment:
895	(A) if the following are not conditioned on the receipt of long-term care:

896	(I) benefits; or
897	(II) eligibility; and
898	(B) the coverage is for one or more the following qualifying events:
899	(I) terminal illness;
900	(II) medical conditions requiring extraordinary medical intervention; or
901	(III) permanent institutional confinement.
902	[(79)] (100) "Medical malpractice insurance" means insurance against legal liability
903	incident to the practice and provision of medical services other than the practice and provision
904	of dental services.
905	[(80)] (101) "Member" means a person having membership rights in an insurance
906	corporation.
907	[(81)] (102) "Minimum capital" or "minimum required capital" means the capital that
908	must be constantly maintained by a stock insurance corporation as required by statute.
909	(103) "Mortgage accident and health insurance" means insurance offered in connection
910	with an extension of credit that provides indemnity for payments coming due on a mortgage
911	while the debtor is disabled.
912	(104) "Mortgage guaranty insurance" means surety insurance under which mortgagees
913	and other creditors are indemnified against losses caused by the default of debtors.
914	(105) "Mortgage life insurance" means insurance on the life of a debtor in connection
915	with an extension of credit that pays if the debtor dies.
916	[ <del>(82)</del> ] <u>(106)</u> "Motor club" means a person:
917	(a) licensed under:
918	(i) Chapter 5, Domestic Stock and Mutual Insurance Corporations;
919	(ii) Chapter 11, Motor Clubs; or
920	(iii) Chapter 14, Foreign Insurers; and
921	(b) that promises for an advance consideration to provide for a stated period of time:
922	(i) legal services under Subsection 31A-11-102(1)(b);
923	(ii) bail services under Subsection 31A-11-102(1)(c); or
924	(iii) trip reimbursement, towing services, emergency road services, stolen automobile
925	services, a combination of these services, or any other services given in Subsections
926	31A-11-102(1)(b) through (f).

927 [<del>(83)</del>] (107) "Mutual" means mutual insurance corporation. 928 [<del>(84)</del>] (108) "Network plan" means health care insurance: 929 (a) that is issued by an insurer; and 930 (b) under which the financing and delivery of medical care is provided, in whole or in 931 part, through a defined set of providers under contract with the insurer, including the financing 932 and delivery of items paid for as medical care. 933 [(85)] (109) "Nonparticipating" means a plan of insurance under which the insured is 934 not entitled to receive dividends representing shares of the surplus of the insurer. 935 [(86)] (110) "Ocean marine insurance" means insurance against loss of or damage to: 936 (a) ships or hulls of ships; 937 (b) goods, freight, cargoes, merchandise, effects, disbursements, profits, moneys, 938 securities, choses in action, evidences of debt, valuable papers, bottomry, respondentia 939 interests, or other cargoes in or awaiting transit over the oceans or inland waterways; 940 (c) earnings such as freight, passage money, commissions, or profits derived from 941 transporting goods or people upon or across the oceans or inland waterways; or 942 (d) a vessel owner or operator as a result of liability to employees, passengers, bailors, 943 owners of other vessels, owners of fixed objects, customs or other authorities, or other persons 944 in connection with maritime activity. 945 [(87)] (111) "Order" means an order of the commissioner. 946 [(88)] (112) "Outline of coverage" means a summary that explains an accident and 947 health insurance policy. 948 [(89)] (113) "Participating" means a plan of insurance under which the insured is 949 entitled to receive dividends representing shares of the surplus of the insurer. 950 [(90)] (114) "Participation," as used in a health benefit plan, means a requirement 951 relating to the minimum percentage of eligible employees that must be enrolled in relation to 952 the total number of eligible employees of an employer reduced by each eligible employee who 953 voluntarily declines coverage under the plan because the employee has other health care 954 insurance coverage. 955 [(91)] (115) "Person" includes an individual, partnership, corporation, incorporated or 956 unincorporated association, joint stock company, trust, reciprocal, syndicate, or any similar

957 entity or combination of entities acting in concert.

<ul> <li>959 <u>for primarily noncommercial purposes to:</u></li> <li>960 (a) individuals; and</li> </ul>	
960 (a) individuals: and	
Ver Andre An	
961 (b) families.	
962 [ <del>(92)</del> ] <u>(117)</u> "Plan sponsor" is as defined in 29 U.S.C. Sec. 1002(16)(B).	
963 [ <del>(93)</del> ] <u>(118)</u> "Plan year" means:	
964 (a) the year that is designated as the plan year in:	
965 (i) the plan document of a group health plan; or	
966 (ii) a summary plan description of a group health plan;	
967 (b) if the plan document or summary plan description does not designate a plan year	r or
968 there is no plan document or summary plan description:	
969 (i) the year used to determine deductibles or limits;	
970 (ii) the policy year, if the plan does not impose deductibles or limits on a yearly ba	sis;
971 or	
972 (iii) the employer's taxable year if:	
973 (A) the plan does not impose deductibles or limits on a yearly basis; and	
974 (B) (I) the plan is not insured; or	
975 (II) the insurance policy is not renewed on an annual basis; or	
976 (c) in a case not described in Subsection $[(93)]$ (118)(a) or (b), the calendar year.	
977 [(94)] (119) (a) (i) "Policy" means any document, including attached endorsements	and
978 riders, purporting to be an enforceable contract, which memorializes in writing some or all	of
979 the terms of an insurance contract.	
980 (ii) "Policy" includes a service contract issued by:	
981 (A) a motor club under Chapter 11, Motor Clubs;	
982 (B) a service contract provided under Chapter 6a, Service Contracts; and	
983 (C) a corporation licensed under:	
984 (I) Chapter 7, Nonprofit Health Service Insurance Corporations; or	
985 (II) Chapter 8, Health Maintenance Organizations and Limited Health Plans.	
986 (iii) "Policy" does not include:	
987 (A) a certificate under a group insurance contract; or	
988 (B) a document that does not purport to have legal effect.	

(b) (i) "Group insurance policy" means a policy covering a group of persons that is
issued to a policyholder on behalf of the group, for the benefit of group members who are
selected under procedures defined in the policy or in agreements which are collateral to the
policy.

(ii) A group insurance policy may include members of the policyholder's family ordependents.

995 (c) "Blanket insurance policy" means a group policy covering classes of persons
996 without individual underwriting, where the persons insured are determined by definition of the
997 class with or without designating the persons covered.

998 [(95)] (120) "Policyholder" means the person who controls a policy, binder, or oral
 999 contract by ownership, premium payment, or otherwise.

1000 [(96)] (121) "Policy illustration" means a presentation or depiction that includes 1001 nonguaranteed elements of a policy of life insurance over a period of years.

1002 [(97)] (122) "Policy summary" means a synopsis describing the elements of a life
 1003 insurance policy.

1004 [(98)] (123) "Preexisting condition," in connection with a health benefit plan, means:

(a) a condition for which medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was
recommended or received during the six months immediately preceding the earlier of:

1007 (i) the enrollment date; or

1008 (ii) the effective date of coverage; or

(b) for an individual insurance policy, a pregnancy existing on the effective date ofcoverage.

1011 [(99)] (124) (a) "Premium" means the monetary consideration for an insurance policy,
1012 and includes assessments, membership fees, required contributions, or monetary consideration,
1013 however designated.

(b) Consideration paid to third party administrators for their services is not "premium,"
though amounts paid by third party administrators to insurers for insurance on the risks
administered by the third party administrators are "premium."

1017 [(100)] (125) "Principal officers" of a corporation means the officers designated under
 1018 Subsection 31A-5-203(3).

1019 [(101)] (126) "Proceedings" includes actions and special statutory proceedings.

1020	[(102)] (127) "Professional liability insurance" means insurance against legal liability
1021	incident to the practice of a profession and provision of any professional services.
1022	[(103)] (128) "Property insurance" means insurance against loss or damage to real or
1023	personal property of every kind and any interest in that property, from all hazards or causes,
1024	and against loss consequential upon the loss or damage including vehicle comprehensive and
1025	vehicle physical damage coverages, but excluding inland marine insurance and ocean marine
1026	insurance as defined under Subsections [(61)] (76) and [(86)] (110).
1027	[(104)] (129) "Qualified long-term care insurance contract" or "federally tax qualified
1028	long-term care insurance contract" means:
1029	(a) an individual or group insurance contract that meets the requirements of Section
1030	7702B(b), Internal Revenue Code; or
1031	(b) the portion of a life insurance contract that provides long-term care insurance:
1032	(i) (A) by rider; or
1033	(B) as a part of the contract; and
1034	(ii) that satisfies the requirements of Section 7702B(b) and (e), Internal Revenue Code.
1035	(130) "Qualified United States financial institution" means an institution that:
1036	<u>(a) is:</u>
1037	(i) organized under the laws of the United States or any state; or
1038	(ii) in the case of a United States office of a foreign banking organization, licensed
1039	under the laws of the United States or any state;
1040	(b) is regulated, supervised, and examined by United States federal or state authorities
1041	having regulatory authority over banks and trust companies; and
1042	(c) meets the standards of financial condition and standing that are considered
1043	necessary and appropriate to regulate the quality of financial institutions whose letters of credit
1044	will be acceptable to the commissioner as determined by:
1045	(i) the commissioner by rule; or
1046	(ii) the Securities Valuation Office of the National Association of Insurance
1047	Commissioners.
1048	[(105)] (131) (a) "Rate" means:
1049	(i) the cost of a given unit of insurance; or
1050	(ii) for property-casualty insurance, that cost of insurance per exposure unit either

1051	expressed as:
1052	(A) a single number; or
1053	(B) a pure premium rate, adjusted before any application of individual risk variations
1054	based on loss or expense considerations to account for the treatment of:
1055	(I) expenses;
1056	(II) profit; and
1057	(III) individual insurer variation in loss experience.
1058	(b) "Rate" does not include a minimum premium.
1059	[(106)] (132) (a) Except as provided in Subsection $[(106)]$ (132)(b), "rate service
1060	organization" means any person who assists insurers in rate making or filing by:
1061	(i) collecting, compiling, and furnishing loss or expense statistics;
1062	(ii) recommending, making, or filing rates or supplementary rate information; or
1063	(iii) advising about rate questions, except as an attorney giving legal advice.
1064	(b) "Rate service organization" does not mean:
1065	(i) an employee of an insurer;
1066	(ii) a single insurer or group of insurers under common control;
1067	(iii) a joint underwriting group; or
1068	(iv) a natural person serving as an actuarial or legal consultant.
1069	[(107)] (133) "Rating manual" means any of the following used to determine initial and
1070	renewal policy premiums:
1071	(a) a manual of rates;
1072	(b) classifications;
1073	(c) rate-related underwriting rules; and
1074	(d) rating formulas that describe steps, policies, and procedures for determining initial
1075	and renewal policy premiums.
1076	[(108)] (134) "Received by the department" means:
1077	(a) except as provided in Subsection $[(108)]$ (134)(b), the date delivered to and
1078	stamped received by the department, whether delivered:
1079	(i) in person; <u>or</u>
1080	[ <del>(ii) by a delivery service; or</del> ]
1081	[(iii)] (ii) electronically; and

1082	(b) if [an item with a department imposed deadline is] delivered to the department by a			
1083	delivery service, the delivery service's postmark date or pick-up date unless otherwise stated in:			
1084	(i) statute;			
1085	(ii) rule; or			
1086	(iii) a specific filing order.			
1087	[(109)] (135) "Reciprocal" or "interinsurance exchange" means any unincorporated			
1088	association of persons:			
1089	(a) operating through an attorney-in-fact common to all of them; and			
1090	(b) exchanging insurance contracts with one another that provide insurance coverage			
1091	on each other.			
1092	[(110)] (136) "Reinsurance" means an insurance transaction where an insurer, for			
1093	consideration, transfers any portion of the risk it has assumed to another insurer. In referring to			
1094	reinsurance transactions, this title sometimes refers to:			
1095	(a) the insurer transferring the risk as the "ceding insurer"; and			
1096	(b) the insurer assuming the risk as the:			
1097	(i) "assuming insurer"; or			
1098	(ii) "assuming reinsurer."			
1099	(137) "Reinsurer" means any person, firm, association, or corporation licensed in this			
1100	state as an insurer with the authority to assume reinsurance.			
1101	[(111)] (138) "Residential dwelling liability insurance" means insurance against			
1102	liability resulting from or incident to the ownership, maintenance, or use of a residential			
1103	dwelling that is a detached single family residence or multifamily residence up to four units.			
1104	[(112)] (139) "Retrocession" means reinsurance with another insurer of a liability			
1105	assumed under a reinsurance contract. A reinsurer "retrocedes" when it reinsures with another			
1106	insurer part of a liability assumed under a reinsurance contract.			
1107	[(113)] (140) "Rider" means an endorsement to:			
1108	(a) an insurance policy; or			
1109	(b) an insurance certificate.			
1110	[ <del>(114)</del> ] <u>(141)</u> (a) "Security" means any:			
1111	(i) note;			
1112	(ii) stock;			
1112				
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1113	(iii) bond;			
1114	(iv) debenture;			
1115	(v) evidence of indebtedness;			
1116	(vi) certificate of interest or participation in any profit-sharing agreement;			
1117	(vii) collateral-trust certificate;			
1118	(viii) preorganization certificate or subscription;			
1119	(ix) transferable share;			
1120	(x) investment contract;			
1121	(xi) voting trust certificate;			
1122	(xii) certificate of deposit for a security;			
1123	(xiii) certificate of interest of participation in an oil, gas, or mining title or lease or in			
1124	payments out of production under such a title or lease;			
1125	(xiv) commodity contract or commodity option;			
1126	(xv) any certificate of interest or participation in, temporary or interim certificate for,			
1127	receipt for, guarantee of, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase any of the items listed			
1128	in Subsections [(114)] (141)(a)(i) through (xiv); or			
1129	(xvi) any other interest or instrument commonly known as a security.			
1130	(b) "Security" does not include:			
1131	(i) any insurance or endowment policy or annuity contract under which an insurance			
1132	company promises to pay money in a specific lump sum or periodically for life or some other			
1133	specified period; or			
1134	(ii) a burial certificate or burial contract.			
1135	[(115)] (142) "Self-insurance" means any arrangement under which a person provides			
1136	for spreading its own risks by a systematic plan.			
1137	(a) Except as provided in this Subsection [(115)] (142), self-insurance does not include			
1138	an arrangement under which a number of persons spread their risks among themselves.			
1139	(b) Self-insurance does include an arrangement by which a governmental entity, as			
1140	defined in Section 63-30-2, undertakes to indemnify its employees for liability arising out of			
1141	the employees' employment.			
1142	(c) Self-insurance does include an arrangement by which a person with a managed			
1143	program of self-insurance and risk management undertakes to indemnify its affiliates,			

1144 subsidiaries, directors, officers, or employees for liability or risk which is related to the 1145 relationship or employment. (d) Self-insurance does not include any arrangement with independent contractors. 1146 1147 (143) "Sell" means to exchange a contract of insurance: 1148 (a) by any means; 1149 (b) for money or its equivalent; and 1150 (c) on behalf of an insurance company. 1151 [(116)] (144) "Short-term care insurance" means any insurance policy or rider 1152 advertised, marketed, offered, or designed to provide coverage that is similar to long-term care 1153 insurance but that provides coverage for less than 12 consecutive months for each covered 1154 person. [(117)] (145) "Small employer," in connection with a health benefit plan, means an 1155 employer who, with respect to a calendar year and to a plan year: 1156 1157 (a) employed an average of at least two employees but not more than 50 eligible 1158 employees on each business day during the preceding calendar year; and 1159 (b) employs at least two employees on the first day of the plan year. [(118)] (146) (a) "Subsidiary" of a person means an affiliate controlled by that person 1160 1161 either directly or indirectly through one or more affiliates or intermediaries. 1162 (b) "Wholly owned subsidiary" of a person is a subsidiary of which all of the voting 1163 shares are owned by that person either alone or with its affiliates, except for the minimum 1164 number of shares the law of the subsidiary's domicile requires to be owned by directors or 1165 others. 1166 [(119)] (147) Subject to Subsection [(63)] (78)(b), "surety insurance" includes: 1167 (a) a guarantee against loss or damage resulting from failure of principals to pay or 1168 perform their obligations to a creditor or other obligee; 1169 (b) bail bond insurance; and 1170 (c) fidelity insurance. 1171 [(120)] (148) (a) "Surplus" means the excess of assets over the sum of paid-in capital 1172 and liabilities. 1173 (b) (i) "Permanent surplus" means the surplus of a mutual insurer that has been 1174 designated by the insurer as permanent.

1175	(ii) Sections 31A-5-211, 31A-7-201, 31A-8-209, 31A-9-209, and 31A-14-209 require			
1176	that mutuals doing business in this state maintain specified minimum levels of permanent			
1177	surplus.			
1178	(iii) Except for assessable mutuals, the minimum permanent surplus requirement is			
1179	essentially the same as the minimum required capital requirement that applies to stock insurers.			
1180	(c) "Excess surplus" means:			
1181	(i) for life or accident and health insurers, health organizations, and property and			
1182	casualty insurers as defined in Section 31A-17-601, the lesser of:			
1183	(A) that amount of an insurer's or health organization's total adjusted capital, as defined			
1184	in Subsection $[(123)]$ (151), that exceeds the product of:			
1185	(I) 2.5; and			
1186	(II) the sum of the insurer's or health organization's minimum capital or permanent			
1187	surplus required under Section 31A-5-211, 31A-9-209, or 31A-14-205; or			
1188	(B) that amount of an insurer's or health organization's total adjusted capital, as defined			
1189	in Subsection $[(123)]$ (151), that exceeds the product of:			
1190	(I) 3.0; and			
1191	(II) the authorized control level RBC as defined in Subsection 31A-17-601(8)(a); and			
1192	(ii) for monoline mortgage guaranty insurers, financial guaranty insurers, and title			
1193	insurers, that amount of an insurer's paid-in-capital and surplus that exceeds the product of:			
1194	(A) 1.5; and			
1195	(B) the insurer's total adjusted capital required by Subsection 31A-17-609(1).			
1196	[(121)] (149) "Third party administrator" or "administrator" means any person who			
1197	collects charges or premiums from, or who, for consideration, adjusts or settles claims of			
1198	residents of the state in connection with insurance coverage, annuities, or service insurance			
1199	coverage, except:			
1200	(a) a union on behalf of its members;			
1201	(b) a person administering any:			
1202	(i) pension plan subject to the federal Employee Retirement Income Security Act of			
1203	1974;			
1204	(ii) governmental plan as defined in Section 414(d), Internal Revenue Code; or			
1205	(iii) nonelecting church plan as described in Section 410(d), Internal Revenue Code;			

1206	(c) an employer on behalf of the employer's employees or the employees of one or			
1207	more of the subsidiary or affiliated corporations of the employer;			
1208	(d) an insurer licensed under Chapter 5, 7, 8, 9, or 14, but only for a line of insurance			
1209	for which the insurer holds a license in this state; or			
1210	(e) a person licensed or exempt from licensing under Chapter [23] 23a, Insurance			
1211	Marketing - Licensing Producers, Consultants, and Reinsurance Intermediaries, or Chapter 26,			
1212	Insurance Adjusters, whose activities are limited to those authorized under the license the			
1213	person holds or for which the person is exempt.			
1214	[(122)] (150) "Title insurance" means the insuring, guaranteeing, or indemnifying of			
1215	owners of real or personal property or the holders of liens or encumbrances on that property, or			
1216	others interested in the property against loss or damage suffered by reason of liens or			
1217	encumbrances upon, defects in, or the unmarketability of the title to the property, or invalidity			
1218	or unenforceability of any liens or encumbrances on the property.			
1219	[(123)] (151) "Total adjusted capital" means the sum of an insurer's or health			
1220	organization's statutory capital and surplus as determined in accordance with:			
1221	(a) the statutory accounting applicable to the annual financial statements required to be			
1222	filed under Section 31A-4-113; and			
1223	(b) any other items provided by the RBC instructions, as RBC instructions is defined in			
1224	Section 31A-17-601.			
1225	[(124)] (152) (a) "Trustee" means "director" when referring to the board of directors of			
1226	a corporation.			
1227	(b) "Trustee," when used in reference to an employee welfare fund, means an			
1228	individual, firm, association, organization, joint stock company, or corporation, whether acting			
1229	individually or jointly and whether designated by that name or any other, that is charged with			
1230	or has the overall management of an employee welfare fund.			
1231	[(125)] (153) (a) "Unauthorized insurer," "unadmitted insurer," or "nonadmitted			
1232	insurer" means an insurer:			
1233	(i) not holding a valid certificate of authority to do an insurance business in this state;			
1234	or			
1235	(ii) transacting business not authorized by a valid certificate.			
1236	(b) "Admitted insurer" or "authorized insurer" means an insurer:			

1237	(i) holding a valid certificate of authority to do an insurance business in this state; and				
1238	(ii) transacting business as authorized by a valid certificate.				
1239	(154) "Underwrite" means the authority to accept or reject risk on behalf of the insurer.				
1240	[(126)] (155) "Vehicle liability insurance" means insurance against liability resulting				
1241	from or incident to ownership, maintenance, or use of any land vehicle or aircraft, exclusive of				
1242	vehicle comprehensive and vehicle physical damage coverages under Subsection [(103)] (128).				
1243	[(127)] (156) "Voting security" means a security with voting rights, and includes any				
1244	security convertible into a security with a voting right associated with it.				
1245	[(128)] (157) "Workers' compensation insurance" means:				
1246	(a) insurance for indemnification of employers against liability for compensation based				
1247	on:				
1248	(i) compensable accidental injuries; and				
1249	(ii) occupational disease disability;				
1250	(b) employer's liability insurance incidental to workers' compensation insurance and				
1251	written in connection with it; and				
1252	(c) insurance assuring to the persons entitled to workers' compensation benefits the				
1253	compensation provided by law.				
1254	Section 5. Section <b>31A-2-205</b> is amended to read:				
1255	31A-2-205. Examination costs.				
1256	(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3), examinees that are insurers, rate service				
1257	organizations, or the subsidiaries of either shall reimburse the Insurance Department for the				
1258	reasonable costs of examinations made under Sections 31A-2-203 and 31A-2-204. The				
1259	following costs shall be reimbursed:				
1260	(i) actual travel expenses[ <del>,</del> ]:				
1261	(ii) reasonable living expense allowance[ <del>,</del> ];				
1262	(iii) compensation at reasonable rates for all professionals reasonably employed for the				
1263	examination under Subsection (4)[ <del>,</del> ]:				
1264	(iv) the administration and supervisory expense of the Insurance Department and the				
1265	attorney general's office[ <del>,</del> ]; and				
1266	(v) an amount necessary to cover fringe benefits authorized by the commissioner or				
1267	provided by law. In determining rates, the commissioner shall consider the rates recommended				

by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners and outlined in the examinationmanual sponsored by the association.

(b) Subsection (1) applies to surplus lines [brokers] producers to the extent that the
examinations are of their surplus lines business.

(2) An insurer requesting the examination of one of its [agents] producers shall pay the
cost of the examination. Otherwise, the department shall pay the cost of examining licensees
other than those specified under Subsection (1).

(3) On the examinee's request or at the commissioner's discretion, the Insurance
Department may pay all or part of the costs of an examination whenever the commissioner
finds that because of the frequency of examinations or the financial condition of the examinee,
imposition of the costs would place an unreasonable burden on the examinee. The
commissioner shall include in his annual report information about any instance in which the
commissioner has applied this Subsection (3).

1281 (4) Technical experts employed under Subsection 31A-2-203(3) shall present to the 1282 commissioner a statement of all expenses incurred by them in conjunction with an 1283 examination. The examined insurer shall, at the commissioner's direction, pay to the technical 1284 experts or specialists the actual travel expenses, reasonable living expenses, and compensation 1285 at customary rates for expenses necessarily incurred as approved by the commissioner. The 1286 examined insurer shall reimburse department examiners for their actual travel expenses and 1287 reasonable living expenses and shall reimburse the department for the compensation of 1288 department examiners involved in the examination. The examined insurer shall certify the 1289 consolidated account of all charges and expenses for the examination. One copy shall be 1290 retained by the insurer and the other shall be filed with the department as a public record. An annual report of examination charges paid by examined insurers directly to persons employed 1291 1292 under Subsection 31A-2-203(3) or to department examiners shall be included with the 1293 department's budget request, but amounts paid directly by examined insurers to persons 1294 employed under Subsection 31A-2-203(3) or to department examiners may not be deducted 1295 from the department's appropriation.

(5) The amount payable under Subsection (1) is due ten days after the examinee has
been served with a detailed account of the costs. Payments received by the department under
this Subsection (5) shall be handled as provided by Subsection 31A-3-101.

1299	(6) The commissioner may require an examinee under Subsection (1), or an insurer
1300	requesting an examination under Subsection (2), either before or during an examination, to
1301	make deposits with the state treasurer to pay the costs of examination. Any deposit made under
1302	this Subsection (6) shall be held in trust by the state treasurer until applied to pay the Insurance
1303	Department the costs payable under this section. If a deposit exceeds examination costs, the
1304	state treasurer shall refund the surplus.
1305	(7) Domestic insurers may offset the examination expenses paid under this section
1306	against premium taxes under Subsection 59-9-102(2).
1307	Section 6. Section <b>31A-2-214</b> is amended to read:
1308	31A-2-214. Market assistance programs Joint underwriting associations.
1309	(1) (a) The commissioner may by rule implement a market assistance program whereby
1310	all licensed insurers and [agents] producers may pool their information as to the available
1311	markets if the commissioner finds that in any part of this state:
1312	(i) a line of insurance:
1313	(A) is not generally available in the marketplace; or
1314	(B) is priced in such a manner as to severely limit its availability; and
1315	(ii) the public interest requires availability of the line of insurance described in
1316	Subsection (1)(a)(i).
1317	(b) Insurers doing business in this state may, at their own instance or at the request of
1318	the commissioner, prepare and submit to the commissioner, for the commissioner's approval
1319	and adoption, voluntary plans providing any line of insurance coverage for all or any part of
1320	this state in which:
1321	(i) the line of insurance:
1322	(A) is not generally available in the voluntary market; or
1323	(B) is priced in such a manner as to severely limit its availability; and
1324	(ii) the public interest requires the availability of the coverage described in Subsection
1325	(1)(b)(i).
1326	(2) (a) If the commissioner finds after notice and hearing that a market assistance
1327	program formed under Subsection (1)(a) or (b) has not met the needs it was intended to
1328	address, the commissioner may by rule form a joint underwriting association to make available
1329	the insurance to applicants who are in good faith entitled to but unable to procure this insurance

1330	through ordinary methods.
1331	(b) The commissioner shall allow any market assistance program formed under
1332	Subsection (1)(a) or (b) a minimum of 30 days operation before the commissioner forms a joint
1333	underwriting association.
1334	(c) The commissioner may not adopt a rule forming a joint underwriting association
1335	under Subsection (2)(a) unless the commissioner finds as a result of the hearing that:
1336	(i) a certain coverage is not available or that the price for that coverage is no longer
1337	commensurate with the risk in this state; and
1338	(ii) the coverage is:
1339	(A) vital to the economic health of this state;
1340	(B) vital to the quality of life in this state;
1341	(C) vital in maintaining competition in insurance in this state; or
1342	(D) the number of people affected is significant enough to justify its creation.
1343	(d) The commissioner may not adopt a rule forming a joint underwriting association
1344	under Subsection (2)(a) on the basis that:
1345	(i) applicants for particular lines of insurance are unable to pay a premium that is
1346	commensurate with the risk involved; or
1347	(ii) the number of applicants or people affected is too small to justify its creation.
1348	(e) Each joint underwriting association formed under Subsection (2)(a) shall require
1349	participation by all insurers licensed and engaged in writing that line of insurance or any
1350	component of that line of insurance within this state.
1351	(f) Each association formed under Subsection (2)(a) shall:
1352	(i) give consideration to:
1353	(A) the need for adequate and readily accessible coverage;
1354	(B) alternative methods of improving the market affected;
1355	(C) the preference of the insurers and [agents] producers;
1356	(D) the inherent limitations of the insurance mechanism;
1357	(E) the need for reasonable underwriting standards; and
1358	(F) the requirement of reasonable loss prevention measures;
1359	(ii) establish procedures that will create minimum interference with the voluntary
1360	market;

1361	(iii) allocate the burden imposed by the association equitably and efficiently among the			
1362	insurers doing business in this state;			
1363	(iv) establish procedures for applicants and participants to have grievances reviewed by			
1364	an impartial body;			
1365	(v) provide for the method of classifying risks and making and filing applicable rates;			
1366	and			
1367	(vi) specify:			
1368	(A) the basis of participation of insurers and [agents] producers in the association;			
1369	(B) the conditions under which risks must be accepted; and			
1370	(C) the commission rates to be paid for insurance business placed with the association.			
1371	(g) Any deficit in an association in any year shall be recouped by rate increases for the			
1372	association, applicable prospectively.			
1373	(h) Any surplus in excess of the loss reserves of the association in any year shall be			
1374	distributed either by rate decreases or by distribution to the members of the association on a			
1375	pro-rata basis.			
1376	(3) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the commissioner may not create a joint			
1377	underwriting association under Subsection (2) for:			
1378	(a) life insurance;			
1379	(b) annuities;			
1380	(c) accident and health insurance;			
1381	(d) ocean marine insurance;			
1382	(e) medical malpractice insurance;			
1383	(f) earthquake insurance;			
1384	(g) workers' compensation insurance; or			
1385	(h) private passenger automobile liability insurance.			
1386	(4) Every insurer and [agent] producer participating in a joint underwriting association			
1387	adopted by the commissioner under Subsection (2) shall provide the services prescribed by the			
1388	association to any person seeking coverage of the kind available in the plan, including full			
1389	information about the requirements and procedures for obtaining coverage with the association.			
1390	(5) If the commissioner finds that the lack of cooperating insurers or [agents] producers			
1391	in an area makes the functioning of the association difficult, the commissioner may order the			

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1392	association to:
1393	(a) establish branch service offices;
1394	(b) make special contracts for provision of the service; or
1395	(c) take other appropriate steps to ensure that service is available.
1396	(6) (a) The association may issue policies for a period of one year.
1397	(b) If, at the end of any one year period, the commissioner determines that the market
1398	conditions justify the continued existence of the association, the commissioner may reauthorize
1399	its existence.
1400	(c) In reauthorizing the association in accordance with this Subsection (6), the
1401	commissioner shall follow the procedure set forth in Subsection (2).
1402	Section 7. Section <b>31A-2-308</b> is amended to read:
1403	31A-2-308. Enforcement penalties and procedures.
1404	(1) (a) A person who violates any insurance statute or rule or any order issued under
1405	Subsection 31A-2-201(4) shall forfeit to the state twice the amount of any profit gained from
1406	the violation, in addition to any other forfeiture or penalty imposed.
1407	(b) (i) The commissioner may order an individual [agent, broker] producer, limited line
1408	producer, customer service representative, managing general agent, reinsurance intermediary,
1409	adjuster, or insurance consultant who violates an insurance statute or rule to forfeit to the state
1410	not more than \$2,500 for each violation.
1411	(ii) The commissioner may order any other person who violates an insurance statute or
1412	rule to forfeit to the state not more than \$5,000 for each violation.
1413	(c) (i) The commissioner may order an individual [agent, broker] producer, limited line
1414	producer, customer service representative, managing general agent, reinsurance intermediary,
1415	adjuster, or insurance consultant who violates an order issued under Subsection 31A-2-201(4)
1416	to forfeit to the state not more than \$2,500 for each violation. Each day the violation continues
1417	is a separate violation.
1418	(ii) The commissioner may order any other person who violates an order issued under
1419	Subsection 31A-2-201(4) to forfeit to the state not more than \$5,000 for each violation. Each
1420	day the violation continues is a separate violation.
1421	(d) The commissioner may accept or compromise any forfeiture under this Subsection

1422 (1) until after a complaint is filed under Subsection (2). After the filing of the complaint, only

1423 the attorney general may compromise the forfeiture. (2) When a person fails to comply with an order issued under Subsection 31A-2-201(4), 1424 1425 including a forfeiture order, the commissioner may file an action in any court of competent 1426 jurisdiction or obtain a court order or judgment: 1427 (a) enforcing the commissioner's order; 1428 (b) (i) directing compliance with the commissioner's order and restraining further 1429 violation of the order; and 1430 (ii) subjecting the person ordered to the procedures and sanctions available to the court 1431 for punishing contempt if the failure to comply continues; or 1432 (c) imposing a forfeiture in an amount the court considers just, up to \$10,000 for each 1433 day the failure to comply continues after the filing of the complaint until judgment is rendered. 1434 (3) The Utah Rules of Civil Procedure govern actions brought under Subsection (2), except that the commissioner may file a complaint seeking a court-ordered forfeiture under 1435 1436 Subsection (2)(c) no sooner than two weeks after giving written notice of the commissioner's 1437 intention to proceed under Subsection (2)(c). The commissioner's order issued under 1438 Subsection 31A-2-201(4) may contain a notice of intention to seek a court-ordered forfeiture if 1439 the commissioner's order is disobeyed. 1440 (4) If, after a court order is issued under Subsection (2), the person fails to comply with 1441 the commissioner's order or judgment: 1442 (a) the commissioner may certify the fact of the failure to the court by affidavit; and (b) the court may, after a hearing following at least five days written notice to the 1443 1444 parties subject to the order or judgment, amend the order or judgment to add the forfeiture or 1445 forfeitures, as prescribed in Subsection (2)(c), until the person complies. 1446 (5) (a) The proceeds of all forfeitures under this section, including collection expenses, 1447 shall be paid into the General Fund. 1448 (b) The expenses of collection shall be credited to the Insurance Department's budget. 1449 (c) The attorney general's budget shall be credited to the extent the Insurance 1450 Department reimburses the attorney general's office for its collection expenses under this 1451 section. 1452 (6) (a) Forfeitures and judgments under this section bear interest at the rate charged by 1453 the United States Internal Revenue Service for past due taxes on the:

1454	(i) date of entry of the commissioner's order under Subsection (1); or
1455	(ii) date of judgment under Subsection (2).
1456	(b) Interest accrues from the later of the dates described in Subsection (6)(a) until the
1457	forfeiture and accrued interest are fully paid.
1458	(7) A forfeiture may not be imposed under Subsection (2)(c) if:
1459	(a) at the time the forfeiture action is commenced, the person was in compliance with
1460	the commissioner's order; or
1461	(b) the violation of the order occurred during the order's suspension.
1462	(8) The commissioner may seek an injunction as an alternative to issuing an order
1463	under Subsection 31A-2-201(4).
1464	(9) (a) A person is guilty of a class B misdemeanor if that person:
1465	(i) intentionally violates:
1466	(A) an insurance statute or rule of this state; or
1467	(B) an order issued under Subsection 31A-2-201(4);
1468	(ii) intentionally permits a person over whom that person has authority to violate:
1469	(A) an insurance statute or rule of this state; or
1470	(B) an order issued under Subsection 31A-2-201(4); or
1471	(iii) intentionally aids any person in violating:
1472	(A) an insurance statute or rule of this state; or
1473	(B) an order issued under Subsection 31A-2-201(4).
1474	(b) Unless a specific criminal penalty is provided elsewhere in this title, the person may
1475	be fined not more than:
1476	(i) \$10,000 if a corporation; or
1477	(ii) \$5,000 if a person other than a corporation.
1478	(c) If the person is an individual, the person may, in addition, be imprisoned for up to
1479	one year.
1480	(d) As used in this Subsection (9), "intentionally" has the same meaning as under
1481	Subsection 76-2-103(1).
1482	(10)(a) After a hearing, the commissioner may, in whole or in part, revoke, suspend,
1483	place on probation, limit, or refuse to renew the licensee's license or certificate of authority:
1484	(i) when a licensee of the department, other than a domestic insurer:

1485	(A) persistently or substantially violates the insurance law; or
1486	(B) violates an order of the commissioner under Subsection 31A-2-201(4);
1487	(ii) if there are grounds for delinquency proceedings against the licensee under Section
1488	31A-27-301 or Section 31A-27-307; or
1489	(iii) if the licensee's methods and practices in the conduct of the licensee's business
1490	endanger, or the licensee's financial resources are inadequate to safeguard, the legitimate
1491	interests of the licensee's customers and the public.
1492	(b) Additional license termination or probation provisions for licensees other than
1493	insurers are set forth in Sections 31A-19a-303, 31A-19a-304, [31A-23-216] 31A-23a-111,
1494	[ <del>31A-23-217</del> ] <u>31A-23a-112</u> , 31A-25-208, 31A-25-209, 31A-26-213, 31A-26-214,
1495	31A-35-501, and 31A-35-503.
1496	(11) The enforcement penalties and procedures set forth in this section are not
1497	exclusive, but are cumulative of other rights and remedies the commissioner has pursuant to
1498	applicable law.
1499	Section 8. Section <b>31A-2-309</b> is amended to read:
1500	31A-2-309. Service of process through state officer.
1501	(1) The commissioner, or the lieutenant governor when the subject proceeding is
1502	brought by the state, is the agent for receipt of service of any summons, notice, order, pleading,
1503	or any other legal process relating to a Utah court or administrative agency upon the following:
1504	(a) all insurers authorized to do business in this state, while authorized to do business
1505	in this state, and thereafter in any proceeding arising from or related to any transaction having a
1506	connection with this state;
1507	(b) all surplus lines insurers for any proceeding arising out of a contract of insurance
1508	that is subject to the surplus lines law, or out of a certificate, cover note, or other confirmation
1509	of that type of insurance;
1510	(c) all unauthorized insurers or other persons assisting unauthorized insurers under
1511	Subsection 31A-15-102(1) by doing an act specified in Subsection 31A-15-102(2), for a
1512	proceeding arising out of the transaction that is subject to the unauthorized insurance law;
1513	(d) any nonresident [agent, broker] producer, consultant, adjuster, and third party
1514	administrator, while authorized to do business in this state, and thereafter in any proceeding
1515	arising from or related to any transaction having a connection with this state; and

- 1516 (e) any reinsurer submitting to the commissioner's jurisdiction under Subsection 1517 31A-17-404(7). 1518 (2) Each licensed insurer by applying for and receiving a certificate of authority, each 1519 surplus lines insurer by entering into a contract subject to the surplus lines law, each 1520 unauthorized insurer by doing in this state any of the acts prohibited by Section 31A-15-101, 1521 and each nonresident [agent, broker] producer, consultant, adjuster, and third party 1522 administrator is considered to have irrevocably appointed the commissioner and lieutenant 1523 governor as his agents in accordance with Subsection (1). 1524 (3) The commissioner and lieutenant governor are also agents for the executors, 1525 administrators or personal representatives, receivers, trustees, or other successors in interest of 1526 the persons specified under Subsection (1). 1527 (4) Litigants serving process on the commissioner or lieutenant governor under this 1528 section shall pay the fee applicable under Section 31A-3-103. 1529 (5) The right to substituted service under this section does not limit the right to serve a 1530 summons, notice, order, pleading, demand, or other process upon a person in any other manner 1531 provided by law. 1532 Section 9. Section 31A-3-303 is amended to read: 1533 31A-3-303. Payment of tax. 1534 (1) The insurer, all [brokers] producers involved in the transaction, and the 1535 policyholder are jointly and severally liable for the payment of the taxes required under Section 31A-3-301. The policyholder's liability for payment of the premium tax under Section 1536 31A-3-301 ends when the policyholder pays the tax to the [broker] producer or insurer. The 1537 insurer and all [brokers] producers involved in the transaction are jointly and severally liable 1538 1539 for the payment of the additional tax required under Section 31A-3-302. Except for the tax 1540 under Section 31A-3-302, the taxes under this part shall be paid by the policyholder who shall 1541 be billed specifically for the tax when billed for the premium. Except for the tax imposed 1542 under Section 31A-3-302, absorption of the tax by the [agent, broker,] producer or insurer is an 1543 unfair method of competition under Section [31A-23-302] 31A-23a-402. 1544 (2) The commissioner shall by rule prescribe accounting and reporting forms and
- 1544 (2) The commissioner shall by rule prescribe accounting and reporting forms and 1545 procedures for insurers, [brokers] producers, and policyholders to use in determining the 1546 amount of taxes owed under this part, and the manner and time of payment. If a tax is not paid

within the time prescribed under the commissioner's rule, a penalty shall be imposed of 25% ofthe tax due, plus 1-1/2% per month from the time of default until full payment of the tax.

(3) Upon making a record of its actions, and upon reasonable cause shown, the Tax
Commissioner may waive, reduce, or compromise any of the penalties or interest imposed
under this part.

(4) If a policy covers risks that are only partially located in this state, for computation of tax under this part the premium shall be reasonably allocated among the states on the basis of risk locations. However, all premiums with respect to surplus lines insurance received in this state by a surplus lines [broker] producer or charged on policies written or negotiated in or from this state are taxable in full under this part, subject to a credit for any tax actually paid in another state to the extent of a reasonable allocation on the basis of risk locations.

(5) All premium taxes collected under this part by a [broker] producer or by an insurer
are the property of this state.

(6) If the property of any [broker] producer is seized under any process in a court in
this state, or if his business is suspended by the action of creditors or put into the hands of an
assignee, receiver, or trustee, all taxes and penalties due this state under this part are preferred
claims and the state is to that extent a preferred creditor.

1564 Section 10. Section **31A-4-106** is amended to read:

1565

#### **31A-4-106.** Provision of health care.

(1) As used in this section, "health care provider" has the same definition as in Section78-14-3.

(2) Except under Subsection (3) or (4), a person may not directly or indirectly provide
health care, or arrange for, manage, or administer the provision or arrangement of, collect
advance payments for, or compensate providers of health care unless authorized to do so or
employed by someone authorized to do so under Chapter 5, 7, 8, 9, or 14.

1572 (3) Subsect

(3) Subsection (2) does not apply to:

(a) a natural person or professional corporation that alone or with others professionallyassociated with the natural person or professional corporation, and without receiving

1575 consideration for services in advance of the need for a particular service, provides the service

- 1576 personally with the aid of nonprofessional assistants;
- 1577

(b) a health care facility as defined in Section 26-21-2 which:

1578	(i) is licensed or exempt from licensing under Title 26, Chapter 21; and
1579	(ii) does not engage in health care insurance as defined under Section 31A-1-301;
1580	(c) a person who files with the commissioner under Section 31A-1-105 a certificate
1581	from the United States Department of Labor, or other evidence satisfactory to the
1582	commissioner, showing that the laws of Utah are preempted under Section 514 of the
1583	Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 or other federal law;
1584	(d) a person licensed under Chapter [23] 23a, Insurance Marketing - Licensing
1585	Producers, Consultants, and Reinsurance Intermediaries, who:
1586	(i) has arranged for the insurance of all services under:
1587	(A) Subsection (2) by an insurer authorized to do business in Utah;
1588	(B) Section 31A-15-103; or
1589	(C) works for an uninsured employer that complies with Chapter 13; or
1590	(e) an employer that self-funds its obligations to provide health care services or
1591	indemnity for its employees if the employer complies with Chapter 13.
1592	(4) A person may not provide administrative or management services for any other
1593	person subject to Subsection (2) and not exempt under Subsection (3) unless the person is an
1594	authorized insurer under Chapter 5, 7, 8, 9, or 14, or complies with Chapter 25.
1595	(5) It is unlawful for any insurer or person providing, administering, or managing
1596	health care insurance under Chapter 5, 7, 8, 9, or 14 to enter into a contract that limits a health
1597	care provider's ability to advise the health care provider's patients or clients fully about
1598	treatment options or other issues that affect the health care of the health care provider's patients
1599	or clients.
1600	Section 11. Section <b>31A-5-207</b> is amended to read:
1601	31A-5-207. Powers under organization permit.
1602	(1) While its organization permit is in effect a stock corporation may:
1603	(a) register stock under Section 31A-5-302, solicit subscriptions subject to Section
1604	16-10a-620, accept payment for the subscriptions in cash or, with the approval of the
1605	commissioner, in other property constituting a permitted investment under Chapter 18, and
1606	issue receipts for payments made at values approved by the commissioner, but no certificates
1607	for shares may be issued until a certificate of authority has been issued; and
1608	(b) transact all other business necessary and appropriate in the organization of the

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1609 planned insurance enterprise.

1610 (2) While its organization permit is in effect a mutual may:

(a) register mutual bonds under Section 31A-5-302, solicit applications for qualifying
insurance policies under Subsection 31A-5-211(5), solicit subscriptions for mutual bonds and
contribution notes and accept payment for the subscriptions in cash or, with the approval of the
commissioner, in property constituting a permitted investment under Chapter 18, and issue
receipts for payments made at values approved by the commissioner, but no policies or bonds
are effective or may be issued until a certificate of authority has been issued; and

(b) transact all other business necessary and appropriate in the organization of theplanned insurance enterprise.

1619 (3) (a) The existence of the organization permit may not be used as an inducement in1620 any solicitation.

(b) No person may knowingly, with intent to deceive, exhibit any false document or
account regarding the affairs of any organization under Section 31A-5-204 or make any
misrepresentation about its affairs.

(4) Solicitations under this section may be made for stock or bond subscriptions only
by persons registered under Title 61, Chapter 1, as broker-dealers or agents. Solicitations
under this section may be made for qualifying insurance policies only by persons licensed
under Chapter [23] 23a, Insurance Marketing - Licensing Producers, Consultants, and
Reinsurance Intermediaries, as insurance [agents] producers. Before any solicitation, the
solicitor shall obtain from the commissioner a license to solicit, after paying the fee applicable
under Section 31A-3-103.

1631 (5) This section does not apply to stock or mutual insurance corporations already in1632 existence on July 1, 1986.

1633 Section 12. Section **31A-5-218** is amended to read:

1634 **31**A

31A-5-218. Subsidiaries.

1635 (1) Subject to the limitations under Subsection 31A-18-106(1)(k), an insurance
1636 corporation may form or acquire subsidiaries to do any lawful insurance business.

1637 (2) An insurance corporation may form or acquire subsidiaries to hold or manage any1638 assets that it might hold or manage directly.

1639 (3) (a) An insurance corporation may form or acquire subsidiaries to perform functions

1640 or provide services that are ancillary to its insurance operations. 1641 (b) A subsidiary is an ancillary subsidiary if it is engaged principally in one or more of 1642 the following: 1643 (i) acting as an insurance [agent or broker] producer; 1644 (ii) investing, reinvesting, or trading in securities, or acting as a securities broker, 1645 dealer, or marketing representative; 1646 (iii) managing investment companies registered under the federal Investment Company 1647 Act of 1940, as amended, including related sales and services: 1648 (iv) providing investment advice and services; 1649 (v) acting as administrative agent for a government instrumentality performing an 1650 insurance, public assistance, or related function; 1651 (vi) providing services related to insurance operations, including accounting, actuarial, pension administration, appraisal, auditing, claims adjusting, collection, data processing, 1652 1653 communications, loss prevention, premium financing, safety engineering, and underwriting 1654 services: 1655 (vii) holding or managing property used by the corporation, alone or with its affiliates for the convenient transaction of its business; 1656 1657 (viii) engaging in the motor club business under Chapter 11, Motor Clubs; 1658 (ix) engaging in the business of any institution subject to the jurisdiction of the 1659 Department of Financial Institutions under Title 7, Financial Institutions; (x) providing similar services or performing similar activities which the commissioner 1660 1661 declares ancillary by rule; and (xi) owning corporations that would be authorized as subsidiaries under Subsections 1662 1663 (3)(b)(i) through (3)(b)(ix) and under Subsections (1) and (2). 1664 (4) An insurance corporation may form or acquire subsidiaries other than those under 1665 Subsections (1) through (3), but only to the extent the insurer has excess surplus as defined under Section 31A-1-301. 1666 (5) (a) An insurance corporation shall notify the commissioner immediately following 1667 1668 the formation or acquisition of a subsidiary under this section. 1669 (b) Chapter 16 provides additional requirements that are applicable to the acquisition 1670 of certain subsidiaries.

1671	Section 13. Section <b>31A-6a-103</b> is amended to read:
1672	31A-6a-103. Requirements for doing business.
1673	(1) Service contracts may not be issued, sold, or offered for sale in this state unless the
1674	service contract is insured under a service contract reimbursement insurance policy issued by
1675	an insurer authorized to do business in this state, or a recognized surplus lines carrier.
1676	(2) (a) Service contracts may not be issued, sold, or offered for sale unless a true and
1677	correct copy of the service contract and the provider's reimbursement insurance policy have
1678	been filed with the commissioner. Copies of contracts and policies must be filed no less than
1679	30 days prior to the issuance, sale offering for sale, or use of the service contract or
1680	reimbursement insurance policy in this state.
1681	(b) Each modification of the terms of any service contract or reimbursement insurance
1682	policy must also be filed 30 days prior to its use in this state. Each filing must be accompanied
1683	by a filing fee as required under Subsection 31A-3-103, or the filing shall be rejected.
1684	(c) Persons complying with this chapter are not required to comply with:
1685	(i) Subsections 31A-21-201(1) and [ <del>31A-23-302</del> ] <u>31A-23a-402(3);</u> or
1686	(ii) Chapter 19a, Utah Rate Regulation Act.
1687	(3) (a) Premiums collected on service contracts are not subject to premium taxes.
688	(b) Premiums collected by issuers of reimbursement insurance policies are subject to
1689	premium taxes.
1690	(4) Persons marketing, selling, or offering to sell service contracts for service contract
1691	providers that comply with this chapter are exempt from the licensing requirements of this title.
1692	(5) Service contract providers complying with this chapter are not required to comply
1693	with:
1694	(a) Chapter 5, Domestic Stock and Mutual Insurance Corporations;
1695	(b) Chapter 7, Nonprofit Health Service Insurance Corporations;
1696	(c) Chapter 8, Health Maintenance Organizations and Limited Health Plans;
1697	(d) Chapter 9, Insurance Fraternals;
1698	(e) Chapter 10, Annuities;
1699	(f) Chapter 11, Motor Clubs;
1700	(g) Chapter 12, State Risk Management Fund;
1701	(h) Chapter 13, Employee Welfare Funds and Plans;

1702	(i) Chapter 14, Foreign Insurers;
1703	(j) Chapter 19a, Utah Rate Regulation Act;
1704	(k) Chapter 25, Third Party Administrators; and
1705	(1) Chapter 28, Guaranty Associations.
1706	Section 14. Section <b>31A-6a-108</b> is amended to read:
1707	31A-6a-108. Obligation of reimbursement insurance issuers.
1708	Providers under this chapter are considered to be the agent of the issuer of the
1709	reimbursement insurance for purposes of Section [31A-23-311] 31A-23a-410. In cases where a
1710	provider is acting as an administrator and enlists other providers, the provider acting as the
1711	administrator shall notify the issuer of the reimbursement insurance of the other providers.
1712	Section 15. Section <b>31A-8-103</b> is amended to read:
1713	31A-8-103. Applicability to other provisions of law.
1714	(1) (a) Except for exemptions specifically granted under this title, an organization is
1715	subject to regulation under all of the provisions of this title.
1716	(b) Notwithstanding any provision of this title, an organization licensed under this
1717	chapter:
1718	(i) is wholly exempt from:
1719	(A) Chapter 7, Nonprofit Health Service Insurance Corporations;
1720	(B) Chapter 9, Insurance Fraternals;
1721	(C) Chapter 10, Annuities;
1722	(D) Chapter 11, Motor Clubs;
1723	(E) Chapter 12, State Risk Management Fund;
1724	(F) Chapter 13, Employee Welfare Funds and Plans;
1725	(G) Chapter 19a, Utah Rate Regulation Act; and
1726	(H) Chapter 28, Guaranty Associations; and
1727	(ii) not subject to:
1728	(A) Chapter 3, Department Funding, Fees, and Taxes, except for Part I;
1729	(B) Section 31A-4-107;
1730	(C) Chapter 5, Domestic Stock and Mutual Insurance Corporations, except for
1731	provisions specifically made applicable by this chapter;
1732	(D) Chapter 14, Foreign Insurers, except for provisions specifically made applicable by

1733	this chapter;
1734	(E) Chapter 17, Determination of Financial Condition, except:
1735	(I) Parts II and VI; or
1736	(II) as made applicable by the commissioner by rule consistent with this chapter;
1737	(F) Chapter 18, Investments, except as made applicable by the commissioner by rule
1738	consistent with this chapter; and
1739	(G) Chapter 22, Contracts in Specific Lines, except for Parts VI, VII, and XII.
1740	(2) The commissioner may by rule waive other specific provisions of this title that the
1741	commissioner considers inapplicable to health maintenance organizations or limited health
1742	plans, upon a finding that the waiver will not endanger the interests of:
1743	(a) enrollees;
1744	(b) investors; or
1745	(c) the public.
1746	(3) Title 16, Chapter 6a, Utah Revised Nonprofit Corporation Act, and Title 16,
1747	Chapter 10a, Utah Revised Business Corporation Act, do not apply to an organization except as
1748	specifically made applicable by:
1749	(a) this chapter;
1750	(b) a provision referenced under this chapter; or
1751	(c) a rule adopted by the commissioner to deal with corporate law issues of health
1752	maintenance organizations that are not settled under this chapter.
1753	(4) (a) Whenever in this chapter, Chapter 5, or Chapter 14 is made applicable to an
1754	organization, the application is:
1755	(i) of those provisions that apply to a mutual corporation if the organization is
1756	nonprofit; and
1757	(ii) of those that apply to a stock corporation if the organization is for profit.
1758	(b) When Chapter 5 or 14 is made applicable to an organization under this chapter,
1759	"mutual" means nonprofit organization.
1760	(5) Solicitation of enrollees by an organization is not a violation of any provision of
1761	law relating to solicitation or advertising by health professionals if that solicitation is made in
1762	accordance with:
1763	(a) this chapter; and

1764	(b) Chapter [23] 23a, Insurance Marketing - Licensing [Agents, Brokers] Producers,
1765	Consultants, and Reinsurance Intermediaries.
1766	(6) This title does not prohibit any health maintenance organization from meeting the
1767	requirements of any federal law that enables the health maintenance organization to:
1768	(a) receive federal funds; or
1769	(b) obtain or maintain federal qualification status.
1770	(7) Except as provided in Section 31A-8-501, an organization is exempt from statutes
1771	in this title or department rules that restrict or limit the organization's freedom of choice in
1772	contracting with or selecting health care providers, including Section 31A-22-618.
1773	(8) An organization is exempt from the assessment or payment of premium taxes
1774	imposed by Sections 59-9-101 through 59-9-104.
1775	Section 16. Section <b>31A-11-101</b> is amended to read:
1776	31A-11-101. Prohibition of unauthorized motor clubs.
1777	(1) No person may act as a motor club, except:
1778	(a) a corporation authorized under Chapter 5 or 14 which actually engages in the
1779	insurance of automobiles against liability, physical damage, or both; or
1780	(b) a corporation or division of a corporation authorized under this chapter.
1781	(2) No person is acting as a motor club merely by offering travel-related services that
1782	do not constitute insurance, or by arranging, through [agents] producers qualified under
1783	Chapter [23,] 23a, Insurance Marketing - Licensing Producers, Consultants, and Reinsurance
1784	Intermediaries, for insurance coverages underwritten by insurers authorized to do business in
1785	this state.
1786	Section 17. Section <b>31A-11-102</b> is amended to read:
1787	31A-11-102. Activities of motor clubs.
1788	(1) Motor clubs authorized under this chapter may provide or arrange for the following
1789	services:
1790	(a) service as [agent or broker] producer in obtaining insurance coverage from
1791	authorized insurers, subject to Chapter [23] 23a, Insurance Marketing - Licensing Producers,
1792	Consultants, and Reinsurance Intermediaries;
1793	(b) provision of, or payment for, legal services and costs in the defense of traffic
1794	offenses or other legal problems connected with the ownership or use of a motor vehicle,

provided the maximum amount payable for any one incident is not more than 100 times theannual charge for the motor club contract;

(c) guaranteed arrest bond certificates and cash bond guarantees as specified underSection 31A-11-112;

(d) payment of specified expenses resulting from an automobile accident, other than
expenses for personal injury or for damage to an automobile, provided the maximum amount
payable for any one accident is not more than 100 times the annual charge for the motor club
contract;

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(e) towing and emergency road services and theft services; and

(f) any services relating to travel not involving the transfer and distribution of risk.

(2) Unless they are also insurers under Chapter 5 or 14, motor clubs may not provide
any liability or physical damage insurance or insurance of life or accident and health, whether
or not related to motor vehicles.

(3) If a motor club is a separate division of a corporation, the activities of the other
divisions of the corporation are not limited by this section, if the motor club division complies
with Subsection 31A-11-106(3).

1811 Section 18. Section **31A-11-104** is amended to read:

#### 1812 **31A-11-104.** Applicability of other portions of the Insurance Code.

1813 In addition to this chapter, motor clubs are subject to the applicable sections of

1814 Chapters 1, 2, 4, 16, 21, 22, 26, and 27, Part I of Chapter 3, Parts I, [H]  $\underline{IV}$ , and  $\underline{IV}$  of

1815 Chapter [23] 23a, Insurance Marketing - Licensing Producers, Consultants, and Reinsurance

1816 Intermediaries, and Section [31A-23-214] <u>31A-23a-207</u>. Sections 31A-14-204 and

1817 31A-14-216 apply to nondomestic motor clubs. Section 31A-5-401 applies to domestic motor

1818 clubs. Sections 31A-5-105, 31A-5-106, and 31A-5-216 apply to both domestic and

1819 nondomestic motor clubs. Both domestic and nondomestic motor clubs are subject to the

1820 Insurance Department fees under Section 31A-3-103. Other provisions of the Insurance Code

apply to motor clubs only as specifically provided in this chapter.

1822 Section 19. Section **31A-11-107** is amended to read:

#### 1823 **31A-11-107.** Issuance of certificate of authority -- Reinsurance of excess services.

1824 (1) The commissioner shall issue a certificate applied for under Section 31A-11-106 if1825 he finds that:

1826	(a) the corporation is able to negotiate, execute, and carry out the motor club business
1827	in a sound, reliable, and ongoing manner;
1828	(b) the reinsurance requirements of Subsection (2) are satisfied; and
1829	(c) all other applicable requirements of law are satisfied.
1830	(2) If a motor club provides legal expense service other than that authorized in
1831	Subsection 31A-11-102(1)(b), or other trip reimbursement service than that authorized in
1832	Subsection 31A-11-102(1)(d), or bail service other than that authorized under Section
1833	31A-11-112, it must fully reinsure the excess service with an insurer authorized under Chapter
1834	5 or 14. That insurer must assume direct liability to the insured, and must fully comply with
1835	Chapter [23] 23a, Insurance Marketing - Licensing Producers, Consultants, and Reinsurance
1836	Intermediaries.
1837	Section 20. Section <b>31A-14-211</b> is amended to read:
1838	<b>31A-14-211.</b> Restrictions on foreign title insurers.
1839	(1) An authorized foreign title insurer may not insure property in this state except:
1840	(a) through a title insurance [agent] producer who is a resident in Utah;
1841	(b) through a bona fide branch office in Utah under the direction and control of the title
1842	insurer that pays all the expenses of the branch office including compensation of all employees;
1843	or
1844	(c) through a subsidiary title insurer authorized to do business in Utah.
1845	(2) This section does not apply to reinsurance.
1846	Section 21. Section <b>31A-15-102</b> is amended to read:
1847	31A-15-102. Assisting unauthorized insurers.
1848	(1) No person may do any act enumerated under Subsection (2) who knows or should
1849	know that the act may assist in the illegal placement of insurance with an unauthorized insurer
1850	or the subsequent servicing of an insurance policy illegally placed with an unauthorized
1851	insurer.
1852	(2) An act performed by mail is performed both at the place of mailing and at the place
1853	of delivery. Any of the following acts, whether performed by mail or otherwise, fall within the
1854	prohibition of Subsection (1):
1855	(a) soliciting, making, or proposing to make an insurance contract;
1856	(b) taking, receiving, or forwarding an application for insurance;

1857	(c) collecting or receiving, in full or in part, an insurance premium;
1858	(d) issuing or delivering an insurance policy or other evidence of an insurance contract
1859	except as a messenger not employed by the insurer, or an insurance [agent, or a broker]
1860	producer;
1861	(e) doing any of the following in connection with the solicitation, negotiation,
1862	procuring, or effectuation of insurance coverage for another: inspecting risks, setting rates,
1863	advertising, disseminating information, or advising on risk management;
1864	(f) publishing or disseminating any advertisement encouraging the placement or
1865	servicing of insurance that would violate Subsection (1); however this provision does not apply
1866	to publication or dissemination to an audience primarily outside Utah that also reaches persons
1867	in Utah unless the extension to persons inside Utah can be conveniently avoided without
1868	substantial expense other than loss of revenue; nor does it apply to regional or national network
1869	programs on radio or television unless they originate in Utah;
1870	(g) investigating, settling, adjusting, or litigating claims; or
1871	(h) representing or assisting any person to do an unauthorized insurance business or to
1872	procure insurance from an unauthorized insurer.
1873	(3) Subsection (1) does not prohibit:
1874	(a) an attorney acting for a client;
1875	(b) a full-time salaried employee of an insured acting in the capacity of an insurance
1876	buyer or manager; or
1877	(c) insurance activities described under Section 31A-15-103.
1878	(4) Any act performed in Utah which is prohibited under this section constitutes
1879	appointment of the commissioner or the lieutenant governor as agent for service of process
1880	under Sections 31A-2-309 and 31A-2-310.
1881	Section 22. Section <b>31A-15-103</b> is amended to read:
1882	31A-15-103. Surplus lines insurance Unauthorized insurers.
1883	(1) Notwithstanding Section 31A-15-102, a foreign insurer that has not obtained a
1884	certificate of authority to do business in this state under Section 31A-14-202 may negotiate for
1885	and make insurance contracts with persons in this state and on risks located in this state,
1886	subject to the limitations and requirements of this section.
1887	(2) For contracts made under this section, the insurer may, in this state, inspect the

1888	risks to be insured, collect premiums and adjust losses, and do all other acts reasonably
1889	incidental to the contract, through employees or through independent contractors.
1890	(3) (a) Subsections (1) and (2) do not permit any person to solicit business in this state
1891	on behalf of an insurer that has no certificate of authority.
1892	(b) Any insurance placed with a nonadmitted insurer shall be placed with a surplus
1893	lines [broker] producer licensed under Chapter [23] 23a, Insurance Marketing - Licensing
1894	Producers, Consultants, and Reinsurance Intermediaries.
1895	(c) The commissioner may by rule prescribe how a surplus lines [broker] producer
1896	may:
1897	(i) pay or permit the payment, commission, or other remuneration on insurance placed
1898	by the surplus lines [broker] producer under authority of the surplus lines [broker's] producer's
1899	license to one holding a license to act as an insurance [agent] producer; and
1900	(ii) advertise the availability of the surplus lines [broker's] producer's services in
1901	procuring, on behalf of persons seeking insurance, contracts with nonadmitted insurers.
1902	(4) For contracts made under this section, nonadmitted insurers are subject to Sections
1903	[ <del>31A-23-302</del> ] <u>31A-23a-402</u> and [ <del>31A-26-303</del> ] <u>31A-23a-403</u> and the rules adopted under those
1904	sections.
1905	(5) A nonadmitted insurer may not issue workers' compensation insurance coverage to
1906	employers located in this state, except for stop loss coverages issued to employers securing
1907	workers' compensation under Subsection 34A-2-201(3).
1908	(6) (a) The commissioner may by rule prohibit making contracts under Subsection (1)
1909	for a specified class of insurance if authorized insurers provide an established market for the
1910	class in this state that is adequate and reasonably competitive.
1911	(b) The commissioner may by rule place restrictions and limitations on and create
1912	special procedures for making contracts under Subsection (1) for a specified class of insurance
1913	if there have been abuses of placements in the class or if the policyholders in the class, because
1914	of limited financial resources, business experience, or knowledge, cannot protect their own
1915	interests adequately.
1916	(c) The commissioner may prohibit an individual insurer from making any contract
1917	under Subsection (1) and all insurance [agents and brokers] producers from dealing with the
1918	insurer if:

1919	(i) the insurer has willfully violated this section, Section 31A-4-102, [31A-23-302]
1920	31A-23a-402, or 31A-26-303, or any rule adopted under any of these sections;
1921	(ii) the insurer has failed to pay the fees and taxes specified under Section 31A-3-301;
1922	or
1923	(iii) the commissioner has reason to believe that the insurer is in an unsound condition
1924	or is operated in a fraudulent, dishonest, or incompetent manner or in violation of the law of its
1925	domicile.
1926	(d) (i) The commissioner may issue lists of unauthorized foreign insurers whose
1927	solidity the commissioner doubts, or whose practices the commissioner considers
1928	objectionable.
1929	(ii) The commissioner shall issue lists of unauthorized foreign insurers the
1930	commissioner considers to be reliable and solid.
1931	(iii) In addition to the lists described in Subsections (6)(d)(i) and (ii), the commissioner
1932	may issue other relevant evaluations of unauthorized insurers.
1933	(iv) An action may not lie against the commissioner or any employee of the department
1934	for any written or oral communication made in, or in connection with the issuance of, the lists
1935	or evaluations described in this Subsection (6)(d).
1936	(e) A foreign unauthorized insurer shall be listed on the commissioner's "reliable" list
1937	only if the unauthorized insurer:
1938	(i) has delivered a request to the commissioner to be on the list;
1939	(ii) has established satisfactory evidence of good reputation and financial integrity;
1940	(iii) has delivered to the commissioner a copy of its current annual statement certified
1941	by the insurer and continues each subsequent year to file its annual statements with the
1942	commissioner within 60 days of its filing with the insurance regulatory authority where it is
1943	domiciled;
1944	(iv) (A) is in substantial compliance with the solvency standards in Chapter 17, Part
1945	VI, Risk-Based Capital, or maintains capital and surplus of at least \$15,000,000, whichever is
1946	greater, and maintains in the United States an irrevocable trust fund in either a national bank or
1947	a member of the Federal Reserve System, or maintains a deposit meeting the statutory deposit
1948	requirements for insurers in the state where it is made, which trust fund or deposit:
1949	(I) shall be in an amount not less than \$2,500,000 for the protection of all of the

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1950 insurer's policyholders in the United States; 1951 (II) may consist of cash, securities, or investments of substantially the same character and quality as those which are "qualified assets" under Section 31A-17-201; and 1952 1953 (III) may include as part of the trust arrangement a letter of credit that qualifies as 1954 acceptable security under Subsection 31A-17-404(3)(c)(iii); or 1955 (B) in the case of any "Lloyd's" or other similar incorporated or unincorporated group 1956 of alien individual insurers, maintains a trust fund that: 1957 (I) shall be in an amount not less than \$50,000,000 as security to its full amount for all 1958 policyholders and creditors in the United States of each member of the group; 1959 (II) may consist of cash, securities, or investments of substantially the same character 1960 and quality as those which are "qualified assets" under Section 31A-17-201; and 1961 (III) may include as part of this trust arrangement a letter of credit that qualifies as acceptable security under Subsection 31A-17-404(3)(c)(iii); and 1962 1963 (v) for an alien insurer not domiciled in the United States or a territory of the United 1964 States, is listed on the Quarterly Listing of Alien Insurers maintained by the National 1965 Association of Insurance Commissioners International Insurers Department. (7) A surplus lines [broker] producer may not, either knowingly or without reasonable 1966 1967 investigation of the financial condition and general reputation of the insurer, place insurance 1968 under this section with financially unsound insurers or with insurers engaging in unfair 1969 practices, or with otherwise substandard insurers, unless the [broker] producer gives the 1970 applicant notice in writing of the known deficiencies of the insurer or the limitations on his 1971 investigation, and explains the need to place the business with that insurer. A copy of this 1972 notice shall be kept in the office of the [broker] producer for at least five years. To be 1973 financially sound, an insurer shall satisfy standards that are comparable to those applied under 1974 the laws of this state to authorized insurers. Insurers on the "doubtful or objectionable" list 1975 under Subsection (6)(d) and insurers not on the commissioner's "reliable" list under Subsection 1976 (6)(e) are presumed substandard. 1977 (8) A policy issued under this section shall include a description of the subject of the 1978 insurance and indicate the coverage, conditions, and term of the insurance, the premium 1979 charged and premium taxes to be collected from the policyholder, and the name and address of

1980 the policyholder and insurer. If the direct risk is assumed by more than one insurer, the policy

shall state the names and addresses of all insurers and the portion of the entire direct risk each
has assumed. All policies issued under the authority of this section shall have attached or
affixed to the policy the following statement: "The insurer issuing this policy does not hold a
certificate of authority to do business in this state and thus is not fully subject to regulation by
the Utah insurance commissioner. This policy receives no protection from any of the guaranty
associations created under Title 31A, Chapter 28."

(9) Upon placing a new or renewal coverage under this section, the [broker] surplus
 lines producer shall promptly deliver to the policyholder or his agent evidence of the insurance
 consisting either of the policy as issued by the insurer or, if the policy is not then available, a
 certificate, cover note, or other confirmation of insurance complying with Subsection (8).

(10) If the commissioner finds it necessary to protect the interests of insureds and the
public in this state, the commissioner may by rule subject policies issued under this section to
as much of the regulation provided by this title as is required for comparable policies written by
authorized foreign insurers.

(11) (a) Each surplus lines transaction in this state shall be examined to determinewhether it complies with:

(i) the surplus lines tax levied under Chapter 3;

(ii) the solicitation limitations of Subsection (3);

(iii) the requirement of Subsection (3) that placement be through a surplus lines[broker] producer;

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(iv) placement limitations imposed under Subsections (6)(a), (b), and (c); and

2002 (v) the policy form requirements of Subsections (8) and (10).

(b) The examination described in Subsection (11)(a) shall take place as soon as
 practicable after the transaction. The surplus lines [broker] producer shall submit to the
 examiner information necessary to conduct the examination within a period specified by rule.

(c) The examination described in Subsection (11)(a) may be conducted by the
commissioner or by an advisory organization created under Section 31A-15-111 and authorized
by the commissioner to conduct these examinations. The commissioner is not required to
authorize any additional advisory organizations to conduct examinations under this Subsection
(11)(c). The commissioner's authorization of one or more advisory organizations to act as

2011 examiners under this Subsection (11)(c) shall be by rule. In addition, the authorization shall be

2012 evidenced by a contract, on a form provided by the commissioner, between the authorized2013 advisory organization and the department.

2014 (d) The person conducting the examination described in Subsection (11)(a) shall 2015 collect a stamping fee of an amount not to exceed 1% of the policy premium payable in 2016 connection with the transaction. Stamping fees collected by the commissioner shall be 2017 deposited in the General Fund. The commissioner shall establish this fee by rule. Stamping fees collected by an advisory organization are the property of the advisory organization to be 2018 2019 used in paying the expenses of the advisory organization. Liability for paying the stamping fee 2020 is as required under Subsection 31A-3-303(1) for taxes imposed under Section 31A-3-301. 2021 The commissioner shall adopt a rule dealing with the payment of stamping fees. If stamping 2022 fees are not paid when due, the commissioner or advisory organization may impose a penalty 2023 of 25% of the fee due, plus 1-1/2% per month from the time of default until full payment of the fee. Fees relative to policies covering risks located partially in this state shall be allocated in 2024 2025 the same manner as under Subsection 31A-3-303(4).

(e) The commissioner, representatives of the department, advisory organizations,
representatives and members of advisory organizations, authorized insurers, and surplus lines
insurers are not liable for damages on account of statements, comments, or recommendations
made in good faith in connection with their duties under this Subsection (11)(e) or under
Section 31A-15-111.

(f) Examinations conducted under this Subsection (11) and the documents andmaterials related to the examinations are confidential.

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**31A-15-104.** Direct placement of insurance.

Section 23. Section 31A-15-104 is amended to read:

(1) Subject to this section, any person seeking insurance may obtain it from an
unauthorized insurer if no [agent or broker] producer resident doing business in Utah is
involved and if negotiations occur primarily outside Utah. Negotiations by mail occur within
Utah if a letter or other document containing insurance-related solicitations or negotiations is
sent from or to a Utah address. Negotiations by telephone take place within Utah if one of the
parties to the conversation is in Utah.

2041 (2) Each policyholder who procures or renews insurance otherwise subject to this code 2042 from any insurer not authorized to do business in Utah, other than insurance procured under

Section 31A-15-103 and the renewal of guaranteed renewable insurance lawfully issued
outside Utah, shall within 60 days after the insurance is procured or renewed, report to the
commissioner in the form required by the commissioner and pay the taxes specified by Section
31A-3-301.

(3) (a) Any insurance on personal property sold on the installment plan, under a
conditional sales contract, or an equivalent security agreement under the Uniform Commercial
Code which charges the buyer, as a part of the consideration in the agreement of sale for
insurance on the property, shall be placed with an insurer authorized to do business in Utah.

(b) Whenever the law of Utah requires a person to purchase insurance on risks in Utah,
it shall be obtained from an insurer authorized to do business in Utah, or under Section
31A-15-103.

2054 Section 24. Section **31A-15-111** is amended to read:

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31A-15-111. Surplus lines advisory organizations.

2056 (1) Advisory organizations of surplus lines [brokers] producers may be formed to:

(a) facilitate and encourage compliance by its members with the laws of this state andthe rules of the commissioner relative to surplus lines insurance;

(b) if authorized by the commissioner, perform and report to the commissioner on the
confidential examinations and assess and receive the stamping fees described in Subsection
31A-15-103(11);

2062 (c) make recommendations to the commissioner concerning classes of insurance for 2063 which a rule under Subsection 31A-15-103(6)(a) is appropriate;

(d) investigate "abuses of placements," as described in Subsection 31A-15-103(6)(b),
and provide recommendations to the commissioner concerning rules under Subsection
31A-15-103(6)(b);

(e) bring to the commissioner's attention the existence of grounds for issuing an order
under Subsection 31A-15-103(6)(c) concerning a particular unauthorized insurer;

(f) provide recommendations to the commissioner concerning unauthorized insurerswhich should be listed on a "doubtful or objectionable" list under Subsection

2071 31A-15-103(6)(d);

2072 (g) provide comments to the commissioner concerning whether an unauthorized
2073 insurer has a good reputation and financial integrity under Subsection 31A-15-103(6)(d)(ii);

2074 (h) provide recommendations to the commissioner concerning rules under Subsection
2075 31A-15-103(10) necessary to protect the interests of insureds and the public; and

2076 (i) receive and disseminate to its members information relative to surplus lines2077 coverages.

2078 (2) Every advisory organization formed under this section shall file with the 2079 commissioner:

2080 (a) a copy of its constitution, articles of agreement or association or articles of2081 incorporation, and any amendments to these documents;

(b) a copy of its bylaws and any other writing governing the organization's activitiesand any amendments to these documents;

(c) a list of the names and addresses of residents of this state upon whom notices or
orders of the commissioner or processes issued at his direction may be served, with changes in
this list to be filed within ten days of a change; and

(d) an agreement, on a form provided by the commissioner and executed by the
advisory organization, that the commissioner may examine the advisory organization in
accordance with the provisions of Sections 31A-2-203, 31A-2-204, and 31A-2-205.

(3) The commissioner may by rule or order require each person licensed as a surplus
 lines [broker] producer under Chapter [23] 23a, Insurance Marketing - Licensing Producers,
 <u>Consultants, and Reinsurance Intermediaries</u>, to be a member of one or more specified advisory
 organizations operating under this section. The commissioner may make compliance with the
 rule or order a condition to continued licensure as a surplus lines [broker] producer.

(4) The comments and recommendations given the commissioner under Subsection (1)
are merely advisory. The formation of an advisory organization under this section does not
alter the commissioner's authority under this chapter.

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Section 25. Section **31A-15-204** is amended to read:

31A-15-204. Risk retention groups not chartered in this state -- Designation of
 commissioner as agent -- Compliance with unfair claims settlement practices act - Deceptive, false, or fraudulent practices -- Examination regarding financial condition - Prohibitions -- Penalties -- Operation prior to enactment of this part.

(1) Risk retention groups chartered and licensed in other states and seeking to dobusiness as a risk retention group in this state shall comply with the following:

2105 (a) Before offering insurance in this state a risk retention group shall submit to the 2106 commissioner: 2107 (i) a statement identifying the states in which the group is chartered and licensed as a 2108 liability insurance company, its charter date, its principal place of business, and any other 2109 information, including information on its membership, the commissioner may require to verify 2110 that the group is a qualified risk retention group as defined in Subsection 31A-15-202(11); and 2111 (ii) a copy of its plan of operations or feasibility study and revisions of the plan or 2112 study submitted to the state in which the risk retention group is chartered and licensed, except a 2113 plan or study is not required for any line or classification of liability insurance that: 2114 (A) was defined in the Product Liability Risk Retention Act of 1981 before October 27, 2115 1986; and 2116 (B) was offered before that date by any risk retention group that had been chartered 2117 and operating for not less than three years before that date. 2118 (b) The risk retention group shall submit to the commissioner a copy of any revision to 2119 its plan or study required by Subsection 31A-15-203(2) at the same time it submits the revision 2120 of its chartering state. 2121 (c) The risk retention group shall submit, on a form approved by the commissioner, a 2122 statement of registration and a notice designating the commissioner as agent for the purpose of 2123 receiving service of legal documents or process. 2124 (d) The risk retention group shall pay annual license fees [in this state equal to the 2125 license fees required of an admitted liability insurer licensed to transact business in this state] required by Section 31A-3-103. 2126 2127 (2) Any risk retention group doing business in this state shall submit to the 2128 commissioner: 2129 (a) a copy of the group's financial statement submitted to the state in which the risk 2130 retention group is chartered and licensed, which shall be certified by an independent public 2131 accountant and shall contain a statement of opinion on loss and loss adjustment expense 2132 reserves made by a member of the American Academy of Actuaries or a loss reserve specialist 2133 qualified under criteria approved by the commissioner; 2134 (b) a copy of each examination of the risk retention group as certified by the 2135 commissioner or public official conducting the examination;

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2136 (c) if the commissioner requests, a copy of any information or document pertaining to 2137 any outside audit performed with respect to the risk retention group; and 2138 (d) any other information required to verify the group's continuing qualification as a 2139 risk retention group within the definition in Subsection 31A-15-202(11). 2140 (3) (a) Each risk retention group shall pay premium taxes and taxes on premiums of 2141 direct business for risks resident or located within this state, and shall report to the Utah State 2142 Tax Commission the net premiums written for risks resident or located within this state. Each 2143 risk retention group shall be subject to taxation, and any applicable fines and penalties related 2144 to taxation, on the same basis as a foreign admitted insurer. 2145 (b) To the extent licensed [agents or brokers] producers are utilized pursuant to Section 2146 31A-15-212, they shall report to the commissioner the premiums for direct business for all 2147 risks resident or located within this state that the [agents or brokers] producers have placed 2148 with, or on behalf of, a risk retention group not chartered in this state. 2149 (c) To the extent that insurance [agents or brokers] producers are utilized pursuant to 2150 Section 31A-15-212 they shall keep a complete and separate record of all policies procured 2151 from each risk retention group. The record shall be open to examination by the commissioner, as provided under Section [31A-23-312] 31A-23a-412. These records shall include the 2152 2153 following for each policy and each kind of insurance provided under each policy: 2154 (i) the limit of liability; 2155 (ii) the time period covered; (iii) the effective date; 2156 2157 (iv) the name of the risk retention group that issued the policy; (v) the gross premium charged; 2158 2159 (vi) the amount of any returned premiums; and 2160 (vii) additional information required by the insurance commissioner. 2161 (4) Each risk retention group and its agents and representatives shall comply with the Unfair Claims Settlement Practices Act, including Section 31A-15-207, Title 31A, Chapter 26, 2162 2163 Part 3, Claim Practices, and any other provision of law relating to claims settlement practices. 2164 (5) Each risk retention group shall comply with the laws of this state regarding 2165 deceptive, false, and fraudulent acts, practices regulated under Title 31A, Chapter [23] 23a, 2166 Part [3] 4, Marketing Practices, and any other provision of law relating to deceptive, false, or

2167	fraudulent practices. The commissioner may only obtain an injunction regarding the conduct
2168	described in this subsection from a court of competent jurisdiction.
2169	(6) If the commissioner of the jurisdiction in which the group is chartered and licensed
2170	has not initiated an examination or does not initiate an examination within 60 days after a
2171	request by the commissioner of this state, the risk retention group shall submit to an
2172	examination by the commissioner of this state to determine its financial condition. Any
2173	examination conducted under this subsection shall be coordinated to avoid unjustified
2174	repetition and shall be conducted in an expeditious manner and in accordance with the NAIC's
2175	Examiner Handbook.
2176	(7) Each application form for insurance from a risk retention group and each policy and
2177	certificate issued by a risk retention group shall contain the following notice in ten-point type
2178	on its front and declaration pages:
2179	"NOTICE
2180	This policy is issued by your risk retention group. Your risk retention group may not be
2181	subject to all of the insurance laws and regulations of your state. State insurance insolvency
2182	guaranty funds are not available for your risk retention group."
2183	(8) The following acts by a risk retention group are prohibited:
2184	(a) the solicitation or sale of insurance by a risk retention group to any person who is
2185	not eligible for membership in the group; and
2186	(b) the solicitation or sale of insurance by, or operation of, a risk retention group that is
2187	in hazardous financial condition or financially impaired.
2188	(9) A risk retention group may not do business in this state if an insurance company is
2189	directly or indirectly a member or owner of the risk retention group, unless all members of the
2190	group are insurance companies.
2191	(10) The terms of any insurance policy issued by a risk retention group may not
2192	provide, or be construed to provide, coverage prohibited generally by statute of this state or
2193	declared unlawful by the Utah Supreme Court.
2194	(11) A risk retention group not chartered in this state and doing business in this state
2195	shall comply with a lawful order issued in a voluntary dissolution proceeding or in a
2196	delinquency proceeding commenced by any state's insurance commissioner if there has been a
2197	finding of financial impairment after an examination under Subsection (6).

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(12) A risk retention group that violates any provision of this part is subject to fines
and penalties applicable to licensed insurers generally, including revocation of its right to do
business in this state.

(13) In addition to complying with the requirements of this section, each risk retention
group operating in this state before the effective date of this part shall comply with Subsection
(1)(a) within 30 days after the effective date of this part.

2204 Section 26. Section **31A-15-207** is amended to read:

### 2205 **31A-15-207.** Purchasing groups -- Exemption from certain laws.

- A purchasing group and its insurers are subject to all applicable laws of this state, except that a purchasing group and its insurers are exempt, in regard to liability insurance for the purchasing group, from any law that would:
- 2209

(1) prohibit the establishment of a purchasing group;

2210 (2) make it unlawful for an insurer to provide, or offer to provide, to a purchasing

group or its members insurance on a basis providing advantages based on their loss and
expense experience not afforded to other persons with respect to rates, policy forms, coverages,

2213 or other matters;

(3) prohibit a purchasing group or its members from purchasing insurance on a groupbasis described in Subsection (2);

(4) prohibit a purchasing group from obtaining insurance on a group basis because the
group has not been in existence for a minimum period of time or because any member has not
belonged to the group for a minimum period of time;

(5) require that a purchasing group must have a minimum number of members,common ownership or affiliation, or certain legal form;

(6) require that a certain percentage of a purchasing group must obtain insurance on agroup basis;

(7) otherwise discriminate against a purchasing group or any of its members; or

(8) require that any insurance policy issued to a purchasing group or any of its

2225 members be countersigned by an insurance [agent or broker] producer residing in this state.

- 2226 Section 27. Section **31A-15-210** is amended to read:
- 2227 **31A-15-210.** Purchasing group taxation.
- 2228 Premium taxes and taxes on premiums paid for coverage of risks resident or located in
this state by a purchasing group or any members of the purchasing groups are imposed andmust be paid as follows:

(1) If the insurer is an admitted insurer, taxes are imposed on the insurer at the same
rate and in the same manner and subject to the same procedures, interest, and penalties that
apply to premium taxes and other taxes imposed on other admitted liability insurers relative to
coverage of risks resident or located in this state.

(2) If the insurer is an approved, nonadmitted surplus lines insurer, taxes are imposed
on the licensed [broker] producer who effected coverage on risks resident or located in this
state at the same rate and in the same manner and subject to the same procedures, interest, and
penalties that apply to taxes imposed on other licensed [brokers] producers effecting coverage
with approved, nonadmitted surplus lines insurers on risks resident or located in this state.

2240

Section 28. Section **31A-15-212** is amended to read:

2241 **31A-15-212.** Duty of producers to obtain license -- Risk retention groups --

2242 **Purchasing groups.** 

(1) A person may do the following only if he is licensed as an insurance agent or
broker or is exempt from licensure under Title 31A, Chapter [23] 23a, Insurance Marketing Licensing [Agents, Brokers] Producers, Consultants, and Reinsurance Intermediaries:

(a) solicit, negotiate, or procure liability insurance in this state from a risk retentiongroup;

(b) solicit, negotiate, or procure liability insurance in this state for a purchasing groupfrom an authorized insurer or a risk retention group; and

(c) solicit, negotiate, or procure liability insurance coverage in this state for anymember of a purchasing group under a purchasing group's policy.

(2) A person may solicit, negotiate, or procure liability insurance from an insurer not
authorized to do business in this state on behalf of a purchasing group located in this state only
if he is licensed as a surplus lines [broker] producer or is exempt for licensure under Title 31A,
Chapter [23] 23a, Insurance Marketing - Licensing [Agents, Brokers] Producers, Consultants,
and Reinsurance Intermediaries.

(3) The requirement of residence in this state does not apply for purposes of acting as
[an agent or broker] <u>a producer</u> for a risk retention group or purchasing group under
Subsections (1) and (2).

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(4) On business placed with a risk retention group or written through a purchasing
group, each person licensed under this title shall provide to each prospective insured the notice
required by Subsection 31A-15-204(7) in the case of a risk retention group, and by Subsection
31A-15-209(1) in the case of a purchasing group.

(5) Solicitation for membership in a purchasing group is not of itself a solicitation forinsurance.

2266

Section 29. Section **31A-17-608** is amended to read:

31A-17-608. Confidentiality -- Prohibition on announcements -- Prohibition on
use in ratemaking.

(1) (a) The commissioner shall keep confidential to the extent that information in a report or plan is not required to be included in a publicly available annual statement schedule, any detail in an RBC report or RBC plan including the results or report of any examination or analysis of an insurer or health organization performed pursuant to this part, that is filed by a domestic or foreign insurer or health organization with the commissioner or any corrective order issued by the commissioner pursuant to examination or analysis.

(b) Information kept confidential under Subsection (1)(a) may not be made public or be
subject to subpoena, other than by the commissioner and then only for the purpose of
enforcement actions taken by the commissioner pursuant to this part or any other provision of
the insurance laws of this state.

2279 (2) (a) Except as otherwise required under this part, any insurer or health organization, 2280 [agent, broker] producer, or other person engaged in any manner in the insurance business may not publish, disseminate, circulate or place before the public, or cause, directly or indirectly, 2281 2282 the publishing, disseminating, circulating or placing before the public including, in a newspaper, magazine, other publication, a notice, circular, pamphlet, letter, or poster, or over 2283 2284 any radio or television station, an advertisement, announcement, or statement containing an 2285 assertion, representation, or statement with regard to the RBC levels of any insurer or health organization, or of any component derived in the calculation. 2286

(b) If any materially false statement with respect to the comparison regarding an
insurer's or health organization's total adjusted capital to its RBC levels, or an inappropriate
comparison of any other amount to the insurer's or health organization's RBC levels is
published in any written publication and the insurer or health organization is able to

demonstrate to the commissioner with substantial proof the falsity of the statement or the
inappropriateness, the insurer or health organization may publish an announcement in a written
publication if the sole purpose of the announcement is to rebut the materially false statement or
inappropriate comparison.

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(3) The commissioner may not use an RBC instruction, report, plan, or revised plan:

- (a) for ratemaking;
- (b) as evidence in any rate proceeding; or
- (c) to calculate or derive any element of an appropriate premium level or rate of return
  for any line of insurance or coverage that an insurer or health organization or any affiliate is
  authorized to write or cover.
- 2301 Section 30. Section **31A-19a-209** is amended to read:
- 2302 **31A-19a-209.** Special provisions for title insurance.
- (1) In addition to the considerations in determining compliance with rate standards and
   rating methods as set forth in Sections 31A-19a-201 and 31A-19a-202, the commissioner shall
   also consider the costs and expenses incurred by title insurance companies, agencies, and
   [agents] producers peculiar to the business of title insurance including:
- 2307 (a) the maintenance of title plants; and
- (b) the searching and examining of public records to determine insurability of title toreal redevelopment property.
- (2) (a) Every title insurance company, agency, and title insurance [agent] producer
  shall file with the commissioner a schedule of the escrow charges that it proposes to use in this
  state for services performed in connection with the issuance of policies of title insurance.
- (b) The filing required by Subsection (2)(a) shall state the effective date of thisschedule, which may not be less than 30 calendar days after the date of filing.
- (3) A title insurance company, agency, or [agent] producer may not file or use any rate
  or other charge relating to the business of title insurance, including rates or charges filed for
  escrow that would cause the title insurance company, agency, or [agent] producer to:
- 2318
- (a) operate at less than the cost of doing:
- (i) the insurance business; or
- (ii) the escrow business; or
- (b) fail to adequately underwrite a title insurance policy.

2322	(4) (a) All or any of the schedule of rates or schedule of charges, including the schedule
2323	of escrow charges, may be changed or amended at any time, subject to the limitations in this
2324	Subsection (4).
2325	(b) Each change or amendment shall:
2326	(i) be filed with the commissioner; and
2327	(ii) state the effective date of the change or amendment, which may not be less than 30
2328	calendar days after the date of filing.
2329	(c) Any change or amendment remains in force for a period of at least 90 calendar days
2330	from its effective date.
2331	(5) While the schedule of rates and schedule of charges are effective, a copy of each
2332	shall be:
2333	(a) retained in each of the offices of:
2334	(i) the insurance company in this state;
2335	(ii) its [agents] producers in this state; and
2336	(b) upon request, furnished to the public.
2337	(6) Except in accordance with the schedules of rates and charges filed with the
2338	commissioner, a title insurance company, agency, or [agent] producer may not make or impose
2339	any premium or other charge:
2340	(a) in connection with the issuance of a policy of title insurance; or
2341	(b) for escrow services performed in connection with the issuance of a policy of title
2342	insurance.
2343	Section 31. Section <b>31A-19a-216</b> is amended to read:
2344	31A-19a-216. Charging of rates.
2345	An authorized insurer, licensed insurance [agent] producer, employee, other
2346	representative of an authorized insurer[, or licensed insurance broker] may not knowingly:
2347	(1) charge or demand a rate or receive a premium that departs from the rates, rating
2348	plans, classifications, schedules, rules, and standards in effect on behalf of the insurer; or
2349	(2) issue or make any policy or contract involving a violation of Subsection (1).
2350	Section 32. Section <b>31A-20-110</b> is amended to read:
2351	<b>31A-20-110.</b> Underwriting rules for title insurance.
2352	(1) No title insurance policy may be written until the title insurer or its [agent]

2353 producer has conducted a reasonable search and examination of the title and has made a 2354 determination of insurability of title under sound underwriting principles. Evidence of this 2355 search and reasonable determination shall be retained in the files of the title insurer or its 2356 [agent] producer for not less than 15 years after the policy has been issued, either in its original 2357 form or as recorded by any process which can accurately and reliably reproduce the original. 2358 This section does not apply to a company assuming liability through a contract of reinsurance, 2359 or to a company acting as coinsurer, if another coinsuring company has complied with this 2360 section.

(2) No title insurance policy may be issued except by a title insurance company or by
 [an agent] <u>a producer</u> licensed under Section [<del>31A-23-203</del>] <u>31A-23a-105</u>.

(3) This section is enforceable only by the commissioner. It does not create, eliminate,or modify any private cause of action or remedy.

2365

# Section 33. Section **31A-21-302** is amended to read:

2366 **31A-21-302.** Premiums.

2367 (1) Subject to Section 31A-21-310 and Subsection 31A-21-106(1), the policy shall clearly state the amount of the total premium or shall explain in detail how it is calculated. 2368 2369 Any fee, charge, or other consideration that is not part of the premium shall be disclosed and 2370 explained in writing to the insured. The disclosure and explanation shall be clearly stated 2371 either on the policy, or on the insurer's billing to the insured. The premium need not be 2372 contained in a certificate issued under a group policy. This Subsection (1) does not preclude premium adjustments or changes upon the renewal or endorsement of an existing policy. 2373 2374 However, the renewal or endorsement notice shall contain or be accompanied by a statement of 2375 the renewal or endorsement premium or credit.

(2) Except as provided in Chapter [23] 23a, Insurance Marketing - Licensing
 Producers, Consultants, and Reinsurance Intermediaries, no person may charge or receive any
 consideration for the insurance policy which is not stated in Subsection (1).

(3) No person may knowingly collect any excessive amount as a premium or any
amount for insurance which is not in the course of processing. Any amount unknowingly
collected shall be returned immediately on learning of the mistake. Prepayment of premiums
pursuant to the policy is not an excessive collection. Insurance is in the course of processing if
an application has been made for it which is being considered by the insurer, even though it has

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2384 not yet been accepted or rejected.

2385 Section 34. Section **31A-21-305** is amended to read:

2386 **31A-21-305.** Cancellation upon request of a premium finance company.

2387 (1) As used in this section:

(a) "Insurance premium finance company" means a person engaged in the business ofentering into premium finance agreements.

(b) "Premium finance agreement" means an agreement by which an insured or
prospective insured promises to pay to an insurance premium finance company the amount
advanced or to be advanced under the agreement to an insurer or to an insurance [agent or
broker] producer in payment of premiums on an insurance policy, together with a service
charge, an interest charge, or both.

(2) When a premium finance agreement contains a power of attorney or other authority
enabling the insurance premium finance company to cancel any insurance policy listed in the
agreement, the following applies:

(a) Not less than ten days' written notice of the intent of the insurance premium finance
company to order cancellation of the insurance policy, unless the policyholder's default is cured
prior to the date stated in the notice, shall be delivered or mailed first-class to the policyholder.
The insurance [agent or insurance broker] producer indicated on the premium finance
agreement shall also be given the same notice.

2403 (b) Pursuant to the power of attorney or other authority, evidence of which is delivered 2404 to the insurer, the insurance premium finance company may order cancellation on behalf of the 2405 insured. This cancellation shall be effected by mailing to the insurer a written notice stating when the cancellation is effective. The insurance policy shall be cancelled as if the notice of 2406 2407 cancellation had been given by the insured, but without requiring the return of the insurance 2408 policy. The insurance premium finance company shall also send a copy of the same notice to 2409 the insured at his last known address and to the insurance [agent or insurance broker] producer 2410 indicated on the premium finance agreement.

(c) Where statutory, rule, or contractual restrictions provide that the insurance policy
may not be cancelled unless notice is given to a governmental agency, mortgagee, or other third
party, the insurer shall give the prescribed notice on behalf of itself or the insured to that
governmental agency, mortgagee, or other third party within a reasonable time after the day it

receives the notice of cancellation from the premium finance company. When any statutory, rule, or contractual restrictions require the continuation of insurance beyond the effective date of cancellation specified by the premium finance company, the insurance is limited to the coverage required by those restrictions and to the persons those restrictions are designed to protect.

(d) Whenever a financed insurance policy is cancelled, the insurer shall return any
unearned premiums due under the insurance policy to the insurance premium finance company
for the account of the insured, and this action by the insurer satisfies the insurer's obligations
under the insurance policy which relate to the return of unearned premiums. If the crediting of
return premiums to the account of the insured results in a surplus over the amount due from the
insured, the premium finance company shall refund that excess to the insured if it exceeds \$5.

(3) No filing of the premium finance agreement or recording of a premium finance
transaction is necessary to perfect the validity of the agreement as a secured transaction as
against creditors, subsequent purchasers, pledgees, encumbrancers, successors, or assigns.

2429

Section 35. Section **31A-21-404** is amended to read:

2430 **31A-21-404.** Out-of-state insurers.

Any insurer extending mass marketed life or accident and health insurance under a group or blanket policy issued outside of this state to residents of this state shall, with respect to the mass marketed life or accident and health insurance policy:

(1) comply with Sections [<del>31A-23-302 and 31A-23-303</del>] 31A-23a-402 and

2434

2435 31A-23a-403 and Part III of Chapter 26; and

(2) upon the commissioner's request, deliver to the commissioner a copy of any mass
marketed life or accident and health insurance policy, certificates issued under these policies,
and advertising material used in this state in connection with the policy.

2439 Section 36. Section **31A-23a-101**, which is renumbered from Section 31A-23-101 is 2440 renumbered and amended to read:

# 2441 CHAPTER 23a. INSURANCE MARKETING - LICENSING PRODUCERS, 2442 CONSULTANTS, AND REINSURANCE INTERMEDIARIES 2443 Part 1. General Provisions

2444 [<del>31A-23-101</del>]. <u>31A-23a-101.</u> Purposes.

2445 The purposes of this chapter include:

2446	(1) promoting the professional competence of insurance [agents, brokers, and]
2447	producers, limited line producers, customer service representatives, consultants, managing
2448	general agents, and reinsurance intermediaries;
2449	(2) providing maximum freedom of marketing methods for insurance, consistent with
2450	the interests of the Utah public;
2451	(3) preserving and encouraging competition at the consumer level;
2452	(4) regulating insurance marketing practices in conformity with the general purposes of
2453	this title; [and]
2454	(5) governing the qualifications and procedures for the licensing of insurance
2455	producers[-], limited line producers, customer service representatives, consultants, managing
2456	general agents, and reinsurance intermediaries; and
2457	(6) promoting uniform licensing requirements between the several states.
2458	Section 37. Section <b>31A-23a-102</b> , which is renumbered from Section 31A-23-102 is
2459	renumbered and amended to read:
2460	[ <del>31A-23-102</del> ]. <u>31A-23a-102.</u> Definitions.
2461	As used in this chapter:
2462	[(1) "Actuary" means a person who is a member in good standing of the American
2463	Academy of Actuaries.]
2464	[(2) "Agency" means a person other than an individual, and includes a sole
2465	proprietorship by which a natural person does business under an assumed name.]
2466	[(3) "Broker" means an insurance broker or any other person, firm, association, or
2467	corporation that for any compensation, commission, or other thing of value acts or aids in any
2468	manner in soliciting, negotiating, or procuring the making of any insurance contract on behalf
2469	of an insured other than itself.]
2470	[(4)] (1) "Bail bond [agent] producer" means [an individual] a person who:
2471	(a) is appointed by [an authorized bail bond]:
2472	(i) a surety insurer [or appointed by a licensed] that issues bail bonds; or
2473	(ii) a bail bond surety company licensed under Chapter 35;
2474	(b) is designated to execute or countersign undertakings of bail in connection with
2475	judicial proceedings; and
2476	[(b)] (c) [who] receives or is promised money or other things of value for [this service]

2477	engaging in an act described in Subsection (1)(b).
2478	[(5) "Captive insurer" means:]
2479	[(a) an insurance company owned by another organization whose exclusive purpose is
2480	to insure risks of the parent organization and affiliated companies; or]
2481	[(b) in the case of groups and associations, an insurance organization owned by the
2482	insureds whose exclusive purpose is to insure risks of member organizations, group members,
2483	and their affiliates.]
2484	[(6) "Controlled insurer" means a licensed insurer that is either directly or indirectly
2485	controlled by a broker.]
2486	[(7) "Controlling broker" means a broker who either directly or indirectly controls an
2487	insurer.]
2488	[(8) "Controlling person" means any person, firm, association, or corporation that
2489	directly or indirectly has the power to direct or cause to be directed, the management, control,
2490	or activities of a reinsurance intermediary.]
2491	[ <del>(9) (a) "Escrow" means:</del> ]
2492	[(i) a real estate settlement or real estate closing conducted by a third party pursuant to
2493	the requirements of a written agreement between the parties in a real estate transaction; or]
2494	[(ii) a settlement or closing involving:]
2495	[ <del>(A) a mobile home;</del> ]
2496	[ <del>(B) a grazing right;</del> ]
2497	[ <del>(C)</del> a water right; or]
2498	[(D) other personal property authorized by the commissioner.]
2499	[(b) "Escrow" includes the act of conducting a:]
2500	[(i) real estate settlement; or]
2501	[ <del>(ii) real estate closing.</del> ]
2502	(2) "Escrow" means a license subline of authority in conjunction with the title
2503	insurance line of authority that allows a person to conduct escrow as defined in Section
2504	<u>31A-1-301.</u>
2505	[(10)] (3) "Home state" means any state or territory of the United States or the District
2506	of Columbia in which an insurance producer:
2507	(a) maintains the insurance producer's principal:

2507 (a) maintains the insurance producer's principal:

2508	(i) place of residence; or
2509	(ii) place of business; and
2510	(b) is licensed to act as an insurance producer.
2511	[(11)] (4) "Insurer" is as defined in Section 31A-1-301, except the following persons or
2512	similar persons are not insurers for purposes of Part $\mathbf{\hat{h}}$ [6] $\mathbf{\underline{7}}$ $\mathbf{\hat{h}}$ , [Broker] Producer Controlled
2512a	Insurers:
2513	(a) all risk retention groups as defined in:
2514	(i) the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986, Pub. L. No. 99-499;
2515	(ii) the Risk Retention Act, 15 U.S.C. Sec. 3901 et seq.; and
2516	(iii) Chapter 15, Part II, Risk Retention Groups Act;
2517	(b) all residual market pools and joint underwriting authorities or associations; and
2518	(c) all captive insurers.
2519	[(12)] (5) "License" is defined in Section 31A-1-301.
2520	[(13) "Limited license" means a license that:]
2521	[(a) is issued for a specific product of insurance; and]
2522	[(b) limits an individual or agency to transact only for that product or insurance.]
2523	[(14) "Limited line insurance" includes:]
2524	[ <del>(a) bail bond;</del> ]
2525	[(b) limited line credit insurance;]
2526	[ <del>(c) legal expense insurance;</del> ]
2527	[ <del>(d) motor club insurance;</del> ]
2528	[(e) rental car-related insurance;]
2529	[(f) travel insurance; and]
2530	[(g) any other form of limited insurance that the commissioner determines by rule
2531	should be designated a form of limited line insurance.]
2532	[(15) "Limited line credit insurance" includes the following forms of insurance:]
2533	[ <del>(a) credit life;</del> ]
2534	[(b) credit accident and health;]
2535	[ <del>(c) credit property;</del> ]
2536	[ <del>(d) credit unemployment;</del> ]
2537	[(e) involuntary unemployment;]
2538	[ <del>(f) mortgage life;</del> ]

2539	[ <del>(g) mortgage guaranty;</del> ]
2540	[(h) mortgage accident and health;]
2541	[(i) guaranteed automobile protection; and]
2542	[(j) any other form of insurance offered in connection with an extension of credit that:]
2543	[(i) is limited to partially or wholly extinguishing that credit obligation; and]
2544	[(ii) the commissioner determines by rule should be designated as a form of limited
2545	line credit insurance.]
2546	[(16) "Limited line credit insurance producer" means a person who sells, solicits, or
2547	negotiates one or more forms of limited line credit insurance coverage to individuals through a
2548	master, corporate, group, or individual policy.]
2549	[(17) "Limited lines insurance" includes:]
2550	[(a) the lines of insurance listed in Subsection (14); or]
2551	[(b) any other line of insurance that the commissioner considers necessary to recognize
2552	in the public interest.]
2553	[(18) "Limited lines producer" means a person authorized to sell, solicit, or negotiate
2554	limited lines insurance.]
2555	[(19)] (6) (a) "Managing general agent" means any person, firm, association, or
2556	corporation that:
2557	(i) manages all or part of the insurance business of an insurer, including the
2558	management of a separate division, department, or underwriting office;
2559	(ii) acts as an agent for the insurer whether it is known as a managing general agent,
2560	manager, or other similar term;
2561	(iii) with or without the authority, either separately or together with affiliates, directly
2562	or indirectly produces and underwrites an amount of gross direct written premium equal to, or
2563	more than 5% of, the policyholder surplus as reported in the last annual statement of the insurer
2564	in any one quarter or year; and
2565	(iv) (A) adjusts or pays claims in excess of an amount determined by the
2566	commissioner; or
2567	(B) negotiates reinsurance on behalf of the insurer.
2568	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection $\mathbf{\hat{h}} [(19)] \mathbf{\hat{h}} (\mathbf{a})$ , the following persons may not be
2568a	considered
2569	as managing general agent for the purposes of this chapter:

2570	(i) an employee of the insurer;
2571	(ii) a United States manager of the United States branch of an alien insurer;
2572	(iii) an underwriting manager that, pursuant to contract:
2573	(A) manages all the insurance operations of the insurer;
2574	(B) is under common control with the insurer;
2575	(C) is subject to Chapter 16, Insurance Holding Companies; and
2576	(D) is not compensated based on the volume of premiums written; and
2577	(iv) the attorney-in-fact authorized by and acting for the subscribers of a reciprocal
2578	insurer or inter-insurance exchange under powers of attorney.
2579	[(20)] (7) "Negotiate" means the act of conferring directly with or offering advice
2580	directly to a purchaser or prospective purchaser of a particular contract of insurance concerning
2581	any of the substantive benefits, terms, or conditions of the contract if the person engaged in that
2582	act:
2583	(a) sells insurance; or
2584	(b) obtains insurance from insurers for purchasers.
2585	[(21) "Personal lines" means property and casualty insurance coverage sold to
2586	individuals and families for primarily noncommercial purposes.]
2587	[(22) "Producer" means a person required to be licensed under the laws of this state to
2588	sell, solicit, or negotiate insurance.]
2589	[(23) "Qualified United States financial institution" means an institution that:]
2590	[(a) is organized or, in the case of a United States office of a foreign banking
2591	organization licensed, under the laws of the United States or any state;]
2592	[(b) is regulated, supervised, and examined by United States federal or state authorities
2593	having regulatory authority over banks and trust companies; and]
2594	[(c) meets the standards of financial condition and standing that are considered
2595	necessary and appropriate to regulate the quality of financial institutions whose letters of credit
2596	will be acceptable to the commissioner as determined by:]
2597	[(i) the commissioner; or]
2598	[(ii) the Securities Valuation Office of the National Association of Insurance
2599	Commissioners.]
2600	[(24)] (8) "Reinsurance intermediary" means a reinsurance intermediary-broker or a

2601	reinsurance intermediary-manager as these terms are defined in Subsections [(25)] (9) and
2602	[ <del>(26)</del> ] <u>(10)</u> .
2603	[(25)] (9) "Reinsurance intermediary-broker" means a person other than an officer or
2604	employee of the ceding insurer, firm, association, or corporation who solicits, negotiates, or
2605	places reinsurance cessions or retrocessions on behalf of a ceding insurer without the authority
2606	or power to bind reinsurance on behalf of the insurer.
2607	[(26)] (10) (a) "Reinsurance intermediary-manager" means a person, firm, association,
2608	or corporation who:
2609	(i) has authority to bind or who manages all or part of the assumed reinsurance
2610	business of a reinsurer, including the management of a separate division, department, or
2611	underwriting office; and
2612	(ii) acts as an agent for the reinsurer whether the person, firm, association, or
2613	corporation is known as a reinsurance intermediary-manager, manager, or other similar term.
2614	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection [ $(26)$ ] $(10)$ (a), the following persons may not be
2615	considered reinsurance intermediary-managers for the purpose of this chapter with respect to
2616	the reinsurer:
2617	(i) an employee of the reinsurer;
2618	(ii) a United States manager of the United States branch of an alien reinsurer;
2619	(iii) an underwriting manager that, pursuant to contract:
2620	(A) manages all the reinsurance operations of the reinsurer;
2621	(B) is under common control with the reinsurer;
2622	(C) is subject to Chapter 16, Insurance Holding Companies; and
2623	(D) is not compensated based on the volume of premiums written; and
2624	(iv) the manager of a group, association, pool, or organization of insurers that:
2625	(A) engage in joint underwriting or joint reinsurance; and
2626	(B) are subject to examination by the insurance commissioner of the state in which the
2627	manager's principal business office is located.
2628	[(27) "Reinsurer" means any person, firm, association, or corporation duly licensed in
2629	this state as an insurer with the authority to assume reinsurance.]
2630	[(28)] (11) "Search" means a license [category] subline of authority in conjunction with
2631	the title insurance line of authority that allows a person to issue title insurance commitments or

2632	policies on behalf of a title insurer.
2633	[(29)] (12) "Sell" means to exchange a contract of insurance:
2634	(a) by any means;
2635	(b) for money or its equivalent; and
2636	(c) on behalf of an insurance company.
2637	[(30)] (13) "Solicit" means[: (a)] attempting to sell [insurance; or]:
2638	[(b) asking or urging a person to apply:]
2639	[ <del>(i) for</del> ] (a) a particular kind of insurance; and
2640	[(ii)] (b) from a particular insurance company.
2641	[(31) "Surplus lines broker" means a person licensed under Subsection 31A-23-204(5)
2642	to place insurance with unauthorized insurers in accordance with Section 31A-15-103.]
2643	[ <del>(32)</del> ] <u>(14)</u> "Terminate" means:
2644	(a) the cancellation of the relationship between:
2645	(i) an insurance producer; and
2646	(ii) a particular insurer; or
2647	(b) the termination of the producer's authority to transact insurance on behalf of a
2648	particular insurance company.
2649	[(33)] (15) "Title marketing representative" means a person who:
2650	(a) represents a title insurer in soliciting, requesting, or negotiating the placing of:
2651	(i) title insurance; or
2652	(ii) escrow services; and
2653	(b) does not have a search or escrow license as provided in Section [31A-23-204]
2654	<u>31A-23a-106</u> .
2655	[(34) "Underwrite" means the authority to accept or reject risk on behalf of the insurer.]
2656	[(35)] (16) "Uniform application" means the version of the National Association of
2657	Insurance Commissioner's uniform application for resident and nonresident producer licensing
2658	at the time the application is filed.
2659	[(36)] (17) "Uniform business entity application" means the version of the National
2660	Association of Insurance Commissioner's uniform business entity application for resident and
2661	nonresident business entities at the time the application is filed.
2662	Section 38. Section <b>31A-23a-103</b> , which is renumbered from Section 31A-23-201 is

2663	renumbered and amended to read:
2664	[ <del>31A-23-201</del> ]. <u>31A-23a-103.</u> Requirement of license.
2665	(1) (a) Unless exempted from the licensing requirement under Section $[31A-23-201.5]$
2666	31A-23a-201 or [31A-23-214] 31A-23a-207, a person may not perform, offer to perform, or
2667	advertise any service as [an agent, broker, or] a producer, limited line producer, customer
2668	service representative, consultant, managing general agent, or reinsurance intermediary in Utah,
2669	without a valid individual or agency license issued under [Section 31A-23-203] this chapter.
2670	(b) A valid license includes at least one license type and one line of authority
2671	pertaining to that license type.
2672	[(b)] (c) A person may not utilize the services of another as [an] a producer, limited
2673	line producer, customer service representative, consultant, managing general agent, [broker,] or
2674	[consultant] reinsurance intermediary if that person knows or should know that the other does
2675	not have a license as required by law.
2676	(2) This part may not be construed to require an insurer to obtain an insurance producer
2677	license.
2678	(3) An insurance contract is not invalid as a result of a violation of this section.
2679	Section 39. Section <b>31A-23a-104</b> , which is renumbered from Section 31A-23-202 is
2680	renumbered and amended to read:
2681	[ <del>31A-23-202</del> ]. <u>31A-23a-104.</u> Application for resident or nonresident
2682	individual license Application for resident or nonresident agency license.
2683	(1) (a) Subject to Subsection (2) [the] an application for [a resident] an individual
2684	license as [an agent, a broker, or a] a producer, limited line producer, customer service
2685	representative, consultant, managing general agent, or reinsurance intermediary shall be:
2686	(i) made to the commissioner on forms and in a manner the commissioner prescribes;
2687	and
2688	(ii) accompanied by [an applicable] a license fee that is not refunded if the application
2689	is denied[ <del>; and</del> ] or, if incomplete, is never completed by the applicant.
2690	[(b) the application for a nonresident license as an agent, a broker, or a consultant shall
2691	be:]
2692	[(i) made on the uniform application; and]
2693	[(ii) accompanied by an applicable fee that is not refunded if the application is denied.]

2694	(b) Nonresident individual producer applicants may use the National Association of
2695	Insurance Commissioners Uniform Application for Individual Nonresident License.
2696	(2) An application described in Subsection $(1)(\underline{a})$ shall provide:
2697	(a) information about the applicant's identity;
2698	(b) the applicant's[ <del>: (i)</del> ] Social Security number[ <del>; or</del> ];
2699	[(ii) federal employer identification number;]
2700	(c) the applicant's personal history, experience, education, and business record;
2701	(d) [if the applicant is a natural person,] whether the applicant is 18 years of age or
2702	older;
2703	(e) whether the applicant has committed an act that is a ground for denial, suspension,
2704	or revocation as set forth in Section [31A-23-216] 31A-23a-105 or 31A-23a-111; and
2705	(f) any other information the commissioner reasonably requires.
2706	(3) The commissioner may require any documents reasonably necessary to verify the
2707	information contained in an application.
2708	(4) The following [are private records under Subsection 63-2-302(1)(a)(vii), an
2709	applicant's] information contained in an application filed under this section is a private record
2710	under Title 63, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act:
2711	(a) <u>an applicant's</u> Social Security number; or
2712	(b) an applicant's federal employer identification number.
2713	(5) (a) Subject to Subsection (5)(c) an application for an agency license as a producer,
2714	limited line producer, customer service representative, consultant, managing general agent, or
2715	reinsurance intermediary shall be:
2716	(i) made to the commissioner on forms and in a manner the commissioner prescribes;
2717	and
2718	(ii) accompanied by a license fee that is not refunded if the application is denied, or, if
2719	incomplete, is never completed by the applicant.
2720	(b) Nonresident producer agency applicants may use the National Association of
2721	Insurance Commissioners Uniform Application for Business Entity Nonresident
2722	License/Registration.
2723	(c) An application described in Subsection (5)(a) shall provide:
2724	(i) information about the applicant's identity;

2725	(ii) the applicant's federal employer identification number;
2726	(iii) the designated responsible licensed producer;
2727	(iv) the identity of all owners, partners, officers, and directors;
2728	(v) whether the applicant has committed an act that is a ground for denial, suspension,
2729	or revocation as set forth in Section 31A-23a-105 or 31A-23a-111; and
2730	(vi) any other information the commissioner reasonably requires.
2731	(d) The commissioner may require any documents reasonably necessary to verify the
2732	information contained in an application.
2733	(e) An applicant's federal employer identification number is a private record under
2734	ĥ [Subsection 63-2-302(1)(a)(vii)] TITLE 63, CHAPTER 2, GOVERNMENT RECORDS ACCESS AND
2734a	MANAGEMENT ACT ĥ
2735	Section 40. Section <b>31A-23a-105</b> , which is renumbered from Section 31A-23-203 is
2736	renumbered and amended to read:
2737	[ <del>31A-23-203</del> ]. <u>31A-23a-105.</u> General requirements for individual and
2738	agency license issuance and renewal.
2739	(1) The commissioner shall issue or renew a license to act as $[an agent, broker, or] \underline{a}$
2740	producer, limited line producer, customer service representative, consultant, managing general
2741	agent, or reinsurance intermediary to any person who, as to the license type and line of
2742	authority classification applied for under Section [31A-23-204] 31A-23a-106:
2743	(a) has satisfied the character requirements under Section [31A-23-205] 31A-23a-107;
2744	(b) has satisfied any applicable continuing education requirements under Section
2745	[ <del>31A-23-206</del> ] <u>31A-23a-202;</u>
2746	(c) has satisfied any applicable examination requirements under Section [31A-23-207]
2747	<u>31A-23a-108;</u>
2748	(d) has satisfied any applicable training period requirements under Section
2749	[ <del>31A-23-208</del> ] <u>31A-23a-203;</u>
2750	(e) if a nonresident:
2751	(i) has complied with Section [ <del>31A-23-209</del> ] <u>31A-23a-109</u> ; and
2752	(ii) holds an active similar license in that person's state of residence;
2753	(f) [as to applicants] if an applicant for [licenses to act as] a title insurance [agents]
2754	producer license, has satisfied the requirements of [Section 31A-23-211] Sections
2755	31A-23a-203 and 31A-23a-204; and

2756	(g) has paid the applicable fees under Section 31A-3-103.
2757	(2) (a) This Subsection (2) applies to the following persons:
2758	(i) an applicant for a pending [producer's] individual or agency producer, limited line
2759	producer, customer service representative, consultant, managing general agent, or reinsurance
2760	intermediary license; or
2761	(ii) a licensed individual or agency producer, limited line producer, customer service
2762	representative, consultant, managing general agent, or reinsurance intermediary.
2763	(b) A person described in Subsection (2)(a) shall report to the commissioner:
2764	(i) any administrative action taken against the person:
2765	(A) in another jurisdiction; or
2766	(B) by another regulatory agency in this state; and
2767	(ii) any criminal prosecution taken against the person in any jurisdiction.
2768	(c) The report required by Subsection (2)(b) shall:
2769	(i) be filed:
2770	(A) at the time the person files the application for [a producer's] an individual or
2771	agency license; or
2772	(B) within 30 days of the initiation of an action or prosecution described in Subsection
2773	(2)(b); and
2774	(ii) include a copy of the complaint or other relevant legal documents related to the
2775	action or prosecution described in Subsection (2)(b).
2776	(3) (a) The department may request:
2777	(i) criminal background information maintained pursuant to Title 53, Chapter 10, Part
2778	2, from the Bureau of Criminal Identification; and
2779	(ii) complete Federal Bureau of Investigation criminal background checks through the
2780	national criminal history system.
2781	(b) Information obtained by the department from the review of criminal history records
2782	received under Subsection (3)(a) shall be used by the department for the purposes of:
2783	(i) determining if a person satisfies the character requirements under Section
2784	[ <del>31A-23-205</del> ] <u>31A-23a-107</u> for issuance or renewal of a license;
2785	(ii) determining if a person has failed to maintain the character requirements under
2786	Section [ <del>31A-23-205</del> ] <u>31A-23a-107;</u> and

2787	(iii) preventing persons who violate the federal Violent Crime Control and Law
2788	Enforcement Act of 1994, 18 U.S.C. Secs. 1033 and 1034, from engaging in the business of
2789	insurance in the state.
2790	(c) If the department requests the criminal background information, the department
2791	shall:
2792	(i) pay to the Department of Public Safety the costs incurred by the Department of
2793	Public Safety in providing the department criminal background information under Subsection
2794	(3)(a)(i);
2795	(ii) pay to the Federal Bureau of Investigation the costs incurred by the Federal Bureau
2796	of Investigation in providing the department criminal background information under
2797	Subsection (3)(a)(ii); and
2798	(iii) charge the person applying for a license or for renewal of a license a fee equal to
2799	the aggregate of Subsections (3)(c)(i) and (ii).
2800	(4) To become a resident licensee in accordance with Section 31A-23a-104 and this
2801	section, a person licensed as an insurance producer, limited line producer, customer service
2802	representative, consultant, managing general agent, or reinsurance intermediary in another state
2803	who moves to this state shall apply within 90 days of establishing legal residence in this state.
2804	Section 41. Section <b>31A-23a-106</b> , which is renumbered from Section 31A-23-204 is
2805	renumbered and amended to read:
2806	[ <del>31A-23-204</del> ]. <u>31A-23a-106.</u> License types.
2807	A resident or nonresident license issued under this chapter shall be issued under the
2808	[classifications] license types described under Subsections (1) through [(6)] (7). [These
2809	classifications] License types and lines of authority pertaining to each license type describe the
2810	type of licensee and the lines of business that licensee may sell, solicit, or negotiate. License
2811	types are intended to describe the matters to be considered under any education, examination,
2812	and training required of license applicants under Sections [31A-23-206 through 31A-23-208]
2813	31A-23a-108, 31A-23a-202, and 31A-23a-203.
2814	(1) [An agent and broker] A producer license [classification] type includes the
2815	following lines of authority:
2816	(a) life insurance, including nonvariable contracts;
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(b) variable contracts, including variable life and annuity, if the producer has the life

2818	insurance line of authority;
2819	(c) accident and health insurance, including contracts issued to policyholders under
2820	Chapter 7 or 8;
2821	(d) property[ <del>/liability</del> ] insurance[ <del>, which includes:]</del> ;
2822	[ <del>(i) property insurance;</del> ]
2823	[ <del>(ii) liability insurance;</del> ]
2824	[(iii)] (e) casualty insurance, including surety and other bonds; [and]
2825	[(iv) policies containing any combination of these coverages;]
2826	[(e)] (f) title insurance under one or more of the following categories:
2827	(i) search, including authority to act as a title marketing representative;
2828	(ii) escrow, including authority to act as a title marketing representative;
2829	(iii) search and escrow, including authority to act as a title marketing representative;
2830	and
2831	(iv) title marketing representative only;
2832	[(f)] (g) workers' compensation insurance; [and]
2833	[(g)] (h) personal lines insurance; and
2834	(i) surplus lines, if the producer has the property or casualty or both lines of authority.
2835	(2) A limited line producer license [classification] type includes the following limited
2836	lines of authority:
2837	(a) limited line credit insurance;
2838	(b) travel insurance;
2839	(c) motor club insurance;
2840	(d) car rental related insurance;
2841	(e) legal expense insurance; and
2842	(f) bail bond [agent; and] producer.
2843	[(g) customer service representative.]
2844	(3) A [consultant] customer service representative license [classification] type includes
2845	the following lines of authority, if held by the customer service representative's employer
2846	producer:
2847	(a) life insurance, including nonvariable contracts;
2848	[(b) variable contracts;]

2849	[(c)] (b) accident and health insurance, including contracts issued to policyholders
2850	under Chapter 7 or 8;
2851	[(d)] (c) property[/liability] insurance[, which includes:];
2852	(d) casualty insurance, including surety and other bonds;
2853	[ <del>(i) property insurance;</del> ]
2854	[ <del>(ii) liability insurance;</del> ]
2855	[(iii) surety and other bonds; and]
2856	[(iv) policies containing any combination of these coverages; and]
2857	(e) workers' compensation insurance[-]:
2858	(f) personal lines insurance; and
2859	(g) surplus lines, if the employer producer has the property or casualty or both lines of
2860	authority.
2861	(4) A consultant license type includes the following lines of authority:
2862	(a) life insurance, including nonvariable contracts;
2863	(b) variable contracts, including variable life and annuity, if the consultant has the life
2864	insurance line of authority;
2865	(c) accident and health insurance, including contracts issued to policyholders under
2866	Chapter 7 or 8;
2867	(d) property insurance;
2868	(e) casualty insurance, including surety and other bonds;
2869	(e) workers' compensation insurance; and
2870	(f) personal lines insurance.
2871	(5) A managing general agent license type includes the following lines of authority:
2872	(a) life insurance, including nonvariable contracts;
2873	(b) variable contracts, including variable life and annuity, if the managing general
2874	agent has the life insurance line of authority;
2875	(c) accident and health insurance, including contracts issued to policyholders under
2876	Chapter 7 or 8;
2877	(d) property insurance;
2878	(e) casualty insurance, including surety and other bonds;
2879	(f) workers' compensation insurance; and

2880	(g) personal lines insurance.
2881	(6) A reinsurance intermediary license type includes the following lines of authority:
2882	(a) life insurance, including nonvariable contracts;
2883	(b) variable contracts, including variable life and annuity, if the reinsurance
2884	intermediary has the life insurance line of authority;
2885	(c) accident and health insurance, including contracts issued to policyholders under
2886	Chapter 7 or 8;
2887	(d) property insurance;
2888	(e) casualty insurance, including surety and other bonds;
2889	(f) workers' compensation insurance; and
2890	(g) personal lines insurance.
2891	[(4)] (7) A holder of licenses under Subsections (1) $[(a)]$ , (4), (5), and $[(1)(c)]$ (6) has all
2892	qualifications necessary to act as a holder of a license under [Subsection] Subsections (2)[(a)]
2893	<u>and (3)</u> .
2894	[(5) (a) Upon satisfying the additional applicable requirements, a holder of a brokers
2895	license may obtain a license to act as a surplus lines broker.]
2896	[(b) A license to act as a surplus lines broker gives the holder the authority to arrange
2897	insurance contracts with unauthorized insurers under Section 31A-15-103, but only as to the
2898	types of insurance under Subsection (1) for which the broker holds a brokers license.]
2899	[(6)] (8) The commissioner may by rule recognize other [agent, broker,] producer.
2900	limited [license] line producer, [or] customer service representative, consultant [license
2901	classifications], managing general agent, or reinsurance intermediary lines of authority as to
2902	kinds of insurance not listed under Subsections (1)[ <del>, (2), and (3)</del> ] through (6).
2903	(9) The variable contracts, including variable life and annuity line of authority requires:
2904	(a) licensure as a registered agent or broker by the National Association of Securities
2905	Dealers (NASD); and
2906	(b) current registration with a securities broker/dealer.
2907	(10) A surplus lines producer is a producer who has a surplus lines line of authority.
2908	Section 42. Section <b>31A-23a-107</b> , which is renumbered from Section 31A-23-205 is
2909	renumbered and amended to read:
2910	[ <del>31A-23-205</del> ]. 31A-23a-107. Character requirements.

2910 [31A-23-205]. <u>31A-23a-107.</u> Character requirements.

2911 Each applicant for a license under this chapter shall show to the commissioner that: 2912 (1) the applicant has the intent in good faith, to engage in the type of business that the 2913 license applied for would permit: 2914 (2) if a natural person, the applicant is competent and trustworthy; or, if the applicant is 2915 an agency, all the partners, directors, or principal officers or persons having comparable powers 2916 are trustworthy, and that it will transact business in such a way that all acts that may only be performed by a licensed [agent] producer, limited line producer, customer service 2917 representative, consultant, managing general agent, [broker, surplus lines broker, or consultant] 2918 2919 or reinsurance intermediary are performed exclusively by natural persons who are licensed 2920 under this chapter to transact that type of business and [listed] designated on the agency's 2921 license [under Subsection 31A-23-212(1)(d)]; 2922 (3) the applicant intends to comply with Section [31A-23-402] 31A-23a-502; and 2923 (4) if a natural person, the applicant is at least 18 years of age. 2924 Section 43. Section **31A-23a-108**, which is renumbered from Section 31A-23-207 is 2925 renumbered and amended to read: 2926 [<del>31A-23-207</del>]. 31A-23a-108. Examination requirements. 2927 (1) (a) The commissioner may require applicants for any particular [class of] license 2928 type under Section [31A-23-204] 31A-23a-106 to pass [an] a line of authority examination as a 2929 requirement for a license, except that an examination may not be required of applicants for: 2930 (i) licenses under [Subsection 31A-23-204] Subsections 31A-23a-106(2) and (3); or (ii) other limited line license [classifications] lines of authority recognized by the 2931 2932 commissioner by rule as provided in Subsection  $\left[\frac{31A-23-204(6)}{31A-23a-106(8)}\right]$ 2933 (b) The examination described in Subsection (1)(a): 2934 (i) shall reasonably relate to the [specific classes] line of authority for which it is 2935 prescribed; and 2936 (ii) may be administered by the commissioner or as otherwise specified by rule. 2937 (2) The commissioner shall waive the requirement of an examination for a nonresident 2938 applicant who: 2939 (a) applies for an insurance producer license in this state; 2940 (b) has been licensed for the same line of authority in another state; and 2941 (c) (i) is licensed in the state described in Subsection (2)(b) at the time the applicant

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2942 applies for an insurance producer license in this state; or 2943 (ii) if the application is received within 90 days of the cancellation of the applicant's 2944 previous license: 2945 (A) the prior state certifies that at the time of cancellation, the applicant was in good 2946 standing in that state; or 2947 (B) the state's producer database records maintained by the National Association of 2948 Insurance Commissioners or the National Association of Insurance Commissioner's affiliates or 2949 subsidiaries, indicates that the producer is or was licensed in good standing for the line of 2950 authority requested. 2951 (3) [(a) To become a resident licensee in accordance with Sections 31A-23-202 and 2952 31A-23-203, a person licensed as an insurance producer in another state] A nonresident 2953 producer licensee who moves to this state [shall make application] and applies for a resident 2954 license within 90 days of establishing legal residence in this state shall be exempt from any line of authority examination that the producer was authorized on the producer's nonresident 2955 producer license, except where the commissioner determines otherwise by rule. 2956 2957 (b) A person who becomes a resident licensee under Subsection (3)(a) may not be required to meet prelicensing education or examination requirements to obtain any line of 2958 2959 authority previously held in the prior state unless: 2960 (i) the prior state would require a prior resident of this state to meet the prior state's 2961 prelicensing education or examination requirements to become a resident licensee; or] 2962 [(ii) the commissioner imposes the requirements by rule.] 2963 (4) This section's requirement may only be applied to applicants who are natural 2964 persons. 2965 Section 44. Section 31A-23a-109, which is renumbered from Section 31A-23-209 is 2966 renumbered and amended to read: 2967 [<del>31A-23-209</del>]. 31A-23a-109. Nonresident jurisdictional agreement. 2968 (1) (a) If a nonresident license applicant has a valid producer, limited line producer, 2969 customer service representative, consultant, managing general agent, or reinsurance 2970 intermediary license from the nonresident license applicant's home state and the conditions of 2971 Subsection (1)(b) are met, the commissioner shall: 2972 (i) waive [any] all license requirement for a license under this chapter; and

2973	(ii) issue the nonresident license applicant a nonresident [producer] license.
2974	(b) Subsection (1)(a) applies if:
2975	(i) the nonresident license applicant:
2976	(A) is licensed as a resident in the nonresident license applicant's home state at the time
2977	the nonresident license applicant applies for a nonresident producer, limited line producer,
2978	customer service representative, consultant, managing general agent, or reinsurance
2979	intermediary license;
2980	(B) has submitted the proper request for licensure;
2981	(C) has submitted to the commissioner:
2982	(I) the application for licensure that the nonresident license applicant submitted to the
2983	applicant's home state; or
2984	(II) a completed uniform application; and
2985	(D) has paid the applicable fees under Section 31A-3-103; and
2986	(ii) the nonresident license applicant's license in the applicant's home state is in good
2987	standing[ <del>; and</del> ].
2988	[(iii) the nonresident license applicant's home state awards nonresident producer
2989	licenses to residents of this state on the same basis as this state awards licenses to residents of
2990	that home state.]
2991	(2) A nonresident applicant <u>applying under Subsection (1)</u> shall <u>in addition to</u>
2992	complying with all license requirements for a license under this chapter execute, in a form
2993	acceptable to the commissioner, an agreement to be subject to the jurisdiction of the Utah
2994	commissioner and courts on any matter related to the applicant's insurance activities in this
2995	state, on the basis of:
2996	(a) service of process under Sections 31A-2-309 and 31A-2-310; or
2997	(b) service authorized:
2998	(i) in the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure; or
2999	(ii) under Section 78-27-25.
3000	(3) The commissioner may verify [the] $\underline{a}$ producer's licensing status through the
3001	producer database maintained by:
3002	(a) the National Association of Insurance Commissioners; or
3003	(b) an affiliate or subsidiary of the National Association of Insurance Commissioners.

3004	(4) The commissioner may not assess a greater fee for an insurance license or related
3005	service to a person not residing in this state solely on the fact that the person does not reside in
3006	this state.
3007	Section 45. Section <b>31A-23a-110</b> , which is renumbered from Section 31A-23-212 is
3008	renumbered and amended to read:
3009	[ <del>31A-23-212</del> ]. <u>31A-23a-110.</u> Form and contents of license.
3010	(1) Licenses issued under this chapter shall be in the form the commissioner prescribes
3011	and shall set forth:
3012	(a) the name, address, and telephone number of the licensee;
3013	(b) the license [classifications] types and lines of authority under Section [31A-23-204]
3014	<u>31A-23a-106;</u>
3015	(c) the date of license issuance; and
3016	(d) any other information the commissioner considers necessary.
3017	(2) [An insurance producer] A licensee under this chapter doing business under any
3018	other name than the [producer's] licensee's legal name shall notify the commissioner prior to
3019	using the assumed name in this state.
3020	[(3) (a) An agency shall be licensed as an agency if the agency acts as:]
3021	[ <del>(i) an agent;</del> ]
3022	[ <del>(ii) a broker;</del> ]
3023	[(iii) a surplus lines broker;]
3024	[(iv) a managing general agent; or]
3025	[ <del>(v)</del> a consultant.]
3026	[(b) The agency license issued under Subsection (3)(a) shall set forth the names of all
3027	natural persons licensed under this chapter who are authorized to act in those capacities for the
3028	agency in this state.]
3029	[(4) (a) So far as is practicable, the commissioner shall issue a single license to each
3030	agent, broker, or consultant for a single fee.]
3031	[(b) For purposes of the fee described in Subsection (4)(a), the less expensive license is
3032	included within the most expensive license.]
3033	Section 46. Section <b>31A-23a-111</b> , which is renumbered from Section 31A-23-216 is
3034	renumbered and amended to read:

3035	[ <del>31A-23-216</del> ]. <u>31A-23a-111.</u> Termination of license.
3036	(1) A license type issued under this chapter remains in force until:
3037	(a) revoked[ <del>,</del> ] or suspended[ <del>, or limited under Subsection (2);(b) lapsed</del> ] under
3038	Subsection $[(3)]$ (4);
3039	[(c)] (b) surrendered to and accepted by the commissioner in lieu of administrative
3040	action; [or]
3041	[(d)] (c) the licensee dies or is adjudicated incompetent as defined under:
3042	(i) Title 75, Chapter 5, Part 3, Guardians of Incapacitated Persons; or
3043	(ii) Title 75, Chapter 5, Part 4, Protection of Property of Persons Under Disability and
3044	Minors[-]:
3045	(d) lapsed under Section 31A-23a-113; or
3046	(e) voluntarily surrendered.
3047	(2) Lapsed or voluntarily surrendered licenses may be reinstated during the current
3048	license period.
3049	(3) A line of authority issued under this chapter remains in force until:
3050	(a) the qualifications pertaining to a line of authority are no longer met by the licensee;
3051	<u>or</u>
3052	(b) the supporting license type is revoked or suspended under Subsection (4) or
3053	voluntarily surrendered.
3054	[(2)] (4) (a) If the commissioner makes a finding under Subsection $[(2)]$ (4)(b), after an
3055	adjudicative proceeding under Title 63, Chapter 46b, Administrative Procedures Act, the
3056	commissioner may:
3057	(i) revoke a license [of an agent, broker, surplus lines broker, or consultant] line of
3058	authority;
3059	(ii) suspend for a specified period of 12 months or less a license [of an agent, broker,
3060	surplus lines broker, or consultant] or line of authority; or
3061	(iii) limit in whole or in part [the] <u>a</u> license [of any agent, broker, surplus lines broker,
3062	or consultant] or line of authority.
3063	(b) The commissioner may take an action described in Subsection $[(2)]$ (4)(a) if the
3064	commissioner finds that the licensee:
3065	(i) is unqualified for a license or line of authority under [Section 31A-23-203] Sections

3066	<u>31A-23a-104 and 31A-23a-105;</u>
3067	(ii) has violated:
3068	(A) an insurance statute;
3069	(B) a rule that is valid under Subsection 31A-2-201(3); or
3070	(C) an order that is valid under Subsection 31A-2-201(4);
3071	(iii) is insolvent or the subject of receivership, conservatorship, rehabilitation, or other
3072	delinquency proceedings in any state;
3073	(iv) fails to pay any final judgment rendered against the person in this state within 60
3074	days after the day the judgment became final;
3075	(v) fails to meet the same good faith obligations in claims settlement that is required of
3076	admitted insurers;
3077	(vi) is affiliated with and under the same general management or interlocking
3078	directorate or ownership as another insurance producer that transacts business in this state
3079	without a license;
3080	(vii) refuses to be examined or to produce its accounts, records, and files for
3081	examination;
3082	(viii) has an officer who refuses to:
3083	(A) give information with respect to the administrator's affairs; or
3084	(B) perform any other legal obligation as to an examination;
3085	(ix) provided information in the license application that is:
3086	(A) incorrect;
3087	(B) misleading;
3088	(C) incomplete; or
3089	(D) materially untrue;
3090	(x) has violated any insurance law, valid rule, or valid order of another state's insurance
3091	department;
3092	(xi) has obtained or attempted to obtain a license through misrepresentation or fraud;
3093	(xii) has improperly withheld, misappropriated, or converted any monies or properties
3094	received in the course of doing insurance business;
3095	(xiii) has intentionally misrepresented the terms of an actual or proposed:
3096	(A) insurance contract; or

3097	(B) application for insurance;
3098	(xiv) has been convicted of a felony;
3099	(xv) has admitted or been found to have committed any insurance unfair trade practice
3100	or fraud;
3101	(xvi) in the conduct of business in this state or elsewhere has:
3102	(A) used fraudulent, coercive, or dishonest practices; or
3103	(B) demonstrated incompetence, untrustworthiness, or financial irresponsibility;
3104	(xvii) has had an insurance license, or its equivalent, denied, suspended, or revoked in
3105	any other state, province, district, or territory;
3106	(xviii) has forged another's name to:
3107	(A) an application for insurance; or
3108	(B) any document related to an insurance transaction;
3109	(xix) has improperly used notes or any other reference material to complete an
3110	examination for an insurance license;
3111	(xx) has knowingly accepted insurance business from an individual who is not
3112	licensed;
3113	(xxi) has failed to comply with an administrative or court order imposing a child
3114	support obligation;
3115	(xxii) has failed to:
3116	(A) pay state income tax; or
3117	(B) comply with any administrative or court order directing payment of state income
3118	tax;
3119	(xxiii) has violated or permitted others to violate the federal Violent Crime Control and
3120	Law Enforcement Act of 1994, 18 U.S.C. Secs. 1033 and 1034; or
3121	(xxiv) has engaged in methods and practices in the conduct of business that endanger
3122	the legitimate interests of customers and the public.
3123	(c) For purposes of this section, if a license is held by an agency, both the agency itself
3124	and any natural person named on the license are considered to be the holders of the license.
3125	(d) If a natural person named on the agency license commits any act or fails to perform
3126	any duty that is a ground for suspending, revoking, or limiting the natural person's license, the
3127	commissioner may suspend, revoke, or limit the license of:

3128	(i) the natural person;
3129	(ii) the agency, if the agency:
3130	(A) is reckless or negligent in its supervision of the natural person; or
3131	(B) knowingly participated in the act or failure to act that is the ground for suspending.
3132	revoking, or limiting the license; or
3133	(iii) (A) the natural person; and
3134	(B) the agency if the agency meets the requirements of Subsection (4)(d)(ii).
3135	[(3) (a) Any license issued under this chapter shall lapse if the licensee fails:]
3136	[(i) to pay when due a fee under Section 31A-3-103;]
3137	[(ii) to complete continuing education requirements under Section 31A-23-206 before
3138	submitting the license renewal application;]
3139	[(iii) to submit a completed renewal application as required by Section 31A-23-202;
3140	or]
3141	[(iv) to submit additional documentation required to complete the licensing process as
3142	related to a specific license type.]
3143	[(b) A licensee whose license lapses due to military service or some other extenuating
3144	circumstances such as long-term medical disability may request:]
3145	[(i) reinstatement of the license; and]
3146	[(ii) waiver of any of the following imposed for failure to comply with renewal
3147	procedures:]
3148	[(A) an examination requirement;]
3149	[ <del>(B)</del> a fine; or]
3150	[(C) other sanction imposed for failure to comply with renewal procedures.]
3151	[(c) The commissioner shall by rule prescribe the license renewal and reinstatement
3152	procedures, in accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.]
3153	[ <del>(4)</del> ] (5) A licensee under this chapter whose license is <u>revoked</u> , suspended, [revoked,
3154	or] limited, surrendered in lieu of administrative action, lapsed, [but] or voluntarily
3155	surrendered, who continues to act as a licensee or violates the terms of the license limitation, is
3156	subject to the penalties for acting as a licensee without a license.
3157	[(5)] (6) [Any person licensed in this state] A licensee under this chapter shall
3158	immediately report to the commissioner:

3159	(a) a <u>revocation</u> , suspension, or [revocation] limitation of [that] the person's license in
3160	any other state, District of Columbia, or territory of the United States;
3161	(b) the imposition of a disciplinary sanction imposed on that person by any other state,
3162	District of Columbia, or territory of the United States; and
3163	(c) a judgment or injunction entered against that person on the basis of conduct
3164	involving fraud, deceit, misrepresentation, or violation of an insurance law or rule.
3165	[(6)] (7) (a) An order revoking a license under Subsection $[(2)]$ (4) may specify a time,
3166	not to exceed five years, within which the former licensee may not apply for a new license.
3167	(b) If no time is specified in an order revoking a license under Subsection $[(2)]$ (4), the
3168	former licensee may not apply for a new license for five years without express approval by the
3169	commissioner.
3170	[(7) (a) Any person whose license is suspended or revoked under Subsection (2) shall,
3171	when the suspension ends or a new license is issued, pay all fees that would have been payable
3172	if the license had not been suspended or revoked, unless the commissioner by order waives the
3173	payment of the interim fees.]
3174	[(b) If a new license is issued more than three years after the revocation of a similar
3175	license, this Subsection (7) applies only to the fees that would have accrued during the three
3176	years immediately following the revocation.]
3177	(8) The division shall promptly withhold, suspend, restrict, or reinstate the use of a
3178	license issued under this part if so ordered by a court.
3179	Section 47. Section <b>31A-23a-112</b> , which is renumbered from Section 31A-23-217 is
3180	renumbered and amended to read:
3181	[ <del>31A-23-217</del> ]. <u>31A-23a-112.</u> Probation.
3182	(1) The commissioner may place a licensee on probation for a period not to exceed 24
3183	months as follows:
3184	[(1) In] (a) After an adjudicative proceeding under Title 63, Chapter 46b,
3185	Administrative Procedures Act, for any circumstances that would justify a suspension under
3186	Section [ <del>31A-23-216, the</del> ] <u>31A-23a-111; or</u>
3187	(b) at the issuance of a new license:
3188	(i) with an admitted violation under 18 U.S.C. Sections 1033 and 1034; or
3189	(ii) with a response to background information questions on any new license

3190	application indicating that:
3191	(A) the person has been convicted of a crime $\hat{\mathbf{h}}$ , AS DEFINED BY RULE MADE IN
3191a	ACCORDANCE WITH TITLE 63, CHAPTER 46a, UTAH ADMINISTRATIVE RULEMAKING ACT ${ m \hat{h}}$ $ ;$
3192	(B) the person is currently charged with a crime $\hat{\mathbf{h}}$ , AS DEFINED BY RULE MADE IN
3192a	ACCORDANCE WITH TITLE 63, CHAPTER 46a, UTAH ADMINISTRATIVE RULEMAKING ACT ${ m \hat{h}}$ ,
3192b	regardless of whether adjudication
3193	was withheld;
3194	(C) the person has been involved in an administrative proceeding regarding any
3195	professional or occupational license; or
3196	(D) any business in which the person is or was an owner, partner, officer, or director
3197	has been involved in an administrative proceeding regarding any professional or occupational
3198	license.
3199	(2) The commissioner may [instead, after a formal adjudicative proceeding,] put [the] a
3200	new licensee on probation for a specified period no longer than [24] 12 months if the licensee
3201	has admitted to violations under 18 U.S.C. Sections 1033 and 1034.
3202	[(2)] (3) The probation order shall state the conditions for retention of the license,
3203	which shall be reasonable.
3204	[(3)] (4) Any violation of the probation is grounds for revocation pursuant to any
3205	proceeding authorized under Title 63, Chapter 46b, Administrative Procedures Act.
3206	Section 48. Section <b>31A-23a-113</b> is enacted to read:
3207	<b><u>31A-23a-113.</u></b> License lapse and voluntary surrender.
3208	(1) (a) A license issued under this chapter shall lapse if the licensee fails:
3209	(i) to pay when due a fee under Section 31A-3-103;
3210	(ii) to complete continuing education requirements under Section 31A-23a-202 before
3211	submitting the license renewal application;
3212	(iii) to submit a completed renewal application as required by Section 31A-23a-104 or
3213	ĥ [ <del>31A-23a-301</del> ] <u>31A-23a-302</u> ĥ <u>; or</u>
3214	(iv) to submit additional documentation required to complete the licensing process as
3215	related to a specific license type or line of authority.
3216	(b) A licensee whose license lapses due to military service or some other extenuating
3217	circumstances such as long-term medical disability may request:
3218	(i) reinstatement of the license; and
3219	(ii) waiver of any of the following imposed for failure to comply with renewal
3220	procedures:

3221	(A) an examination requirement;
3222	(B) reinstatement fees; or
3223	(C) other sanction imposed for failure to comply with renewal procedures.
3224	(2) If a license type or line of authority issued under this chapter is voluntarily
3225	surrendered, the license or line of authority may be reinstated during the current license period.
3226	(3) The commissioner shall by rule prescribe the license renewal and reinstatement
3227	procedures, in accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
3228	Section 49. Section <b>31A-23a-114</b> , which is renumbered from Section 31A-23-218 is
3229	renumbered and amended to read:
3230	[ <del>31A-23-218</del> ]. <u>31A-23a-114.</u> Temporary individual or agency license
3231	Trustee for terminated licensee's business.
3232	(1) (a) The commissioner may issue a temporary [insurance producer] individual or
3233	agency license:
3234	(i) to a person listed in Subsection (1)(b):
3235	(A) if the commissioner considers that the temporary license is necessary:
3236	(I) for the servicing of an insurance business in the public interest; and
3237	(II) to provide continued service to the insureds who procured insurance in a
3238	circumstance described in Subsection (1)(b);
3239	(B) for a period not to exceed 180 days; and
3240	(C) without requiring an examination; or
3241	(ii) in any other circumstance:
3242	(A) if the commissioner considers the public interest will best be served by issuing the
3243	temporary license;
3244	(B) for a period not to exceed 180 days; and
3245	(C) without requiring an examination.
3246	(b) The commissioner may issue a temporary [insurance producer] individual or
3247	<u>agency</u> license in accordance with Subsection (1)(a) to:
3248	(i) the surviving spouse or court-appointed personal representative of a [ <del>licensed</del>
3249	insurance producer] licensee who dies or becomes mentally or physically disabled to allow
3250	adequate time for:
3251	(A) the sale of the insurance business owned by the [producer] licensee;

3252	(B) recovery or return of the [producer] licensee to the business; or
3253	(C) the training and licensing of new personnel to operate the [producer's] licensee's
3254	business;
3255	(ii) to a member or employee of a business entity licensed as an [insurance producer]
3256	agency upon the death or disability of an individual designated in:
3257	(A) the business entity application; or
3258	(B) the license; or
3259	(iii) the designee of a licensed [insurance producer] agency entering active service in
3260	the armed forces of the United States of America.
3261	(2) If a person's license is terminated under Section [31A-23-216] 31A-23a-111 or
3262	31A-23a-113, the commissioner may appoint a trustee to provide in the public interest
3263	continuing service to the insureds who procured insurance through the person whose license is
3264	terminated:
3265	(a) at the request of the person whose license is terminated; or
3266	(b) upon the commissioner's own initiative.
3267	(3) This section does not apply if the deceased or disabled [agent or broker] licensee
3268	does not or did not own any ownership interest in the accounts and associated expiration lists
3269	that were previously serviced by the [agent or broker] licensee.
3270	(4) (a) A person issued a temporary license under Subsection (1) receives the license
3271	and shall perform the duties under the license subject to the commissioner's authority to:
3272	(i) require a temporary licensee to have a suitable sponsor who:
3273	(A) is a [ <del>licensed producer</del> ] <u>licensee</u> ; and
3274	(B) assumes responsibility for all acts of the temporary licensee; or
3275	(ii) impose other requirements that are:
3276	(A) designed to protect the insureds and the public; and
3277	(B) similar to the condition described in Subsection (4)(a)(i).
3278	(b) A trustee appointed under Subsection (2) shall be appointed and perform the
3279	trustee's duties subject to the terms and conditions described in Subsections (4)(b)(i) through
3280	(vi).
3281	(i) (A) A trustee appointed under Subsection (2) shall be licensed under this chapter to
3282	perform the services required by the trustor's clients.

3283	(B) When possible, the commissioner shall appoint a trustee who is no longer actively
3284	engaged on the trustee's own behalf in business as [an agent or broker] a licensee.
3285	(C) The commissioner shall only select a person to act as trustee who is trustworthy
3286	and competent to perform the necessary services.
3287	(ii) (A) If the deceased, disabled, or unlicensed person for whom the trustee is acting
3288	was [an agent] a producer, the insurers through which the former [agent's] producer's business
3289	was written shall cooperate with the trustee in allowing the trustee to service the policies
3290	written through the insurer.
3291	(B) The trustee shall abide by the terms of the agency agreement between the former
3292	[agent] producer and the issuing insurer, except that terms in those agreements terminating the
3293	agreement upon the death, disability, or license termination of the former [agent] producer do
3294	not bar the trustee from continuing to act under the agreement.
3295	(iii) (A) The commissioner shall set the trustee's compensation, which:
3296	(I) may be stated in terms of a percentage of commissions; and
3297	(II) shall be equitable.
3298	(B) The compensation shall be paid exclusively from:
3299	(I) the commissions generated by the former [agent or broker's] licensee's insurance
3300	accounts serviced by the trustee; and
3301	(II) other funds the former [agent or broker] licensee or the [agent's or broker's]
3302	licensee's successor in interest agree to pay.
3303	(C) The trustee has no special priority to commissions over the former [agent or
3304	broker's] licensee's creditors.
3305	(iv) (A) The commissioner or the state may not be held liable for errors or omissions
3306	of:
3307	(I) the former [agent or broker] licensee; or
3308	(II) the trustee.
3309	(B) The trustee may not be held liable for errors and omissions that were caused in any
3310	material way by the negligence of the former [agent or broker] licensee.
3311	(C) The trustee may be held liable for errors and omissions which arise solely from the
3312	trustee's negligence.
3313	(D) The trustee's compensation level shall be sufficient to allow the trustee to purchase

3314	errors and omissions coverage, if that coverage is not provided the trustee by:
3315	(I) the former [agent or broker] licensee; or
3316	(II) the [agent's or broker's] licensee's successor in interest.
3317	(v) (A) It is a breach of the trustee's fiduciary duty to capture the accounts of trustor's
3318	clients, either directly or indirectly.
3319	(B) The trustee may not purchase the accounts or expiration lists of the former [agent
3320	or broker] licensee, unless the commissioner expressly ratifies the terms of the sale.
3321	(C) The commissioner may adopt rules that:
3322	(I) further define the trustee's fiduciary duties; and
3323	(II) explain how the trustee is to carry out the trustee's responsibilities.
3324	(vi) (A) The trust may be terminated by:
3325	(I) the commissioner; or
3326	(II) the person that requested the trust be established.
3327	(B) The trust is terminated by written notice being delivered to:
3328	(I) the trustee; and
3329	(II) the commissioner.
3330	(5) (a) The commissioner may by order:
3331	(i) limit the authority of any temporary licensee or trustee in any way the commissioner
3332	considers necessary to protect insureds and the public; and
3333	(ii) revoke a temporary license or trustee's appointment if the commissioner finds that
3334	the insureds or the public are endangered.
3335	(b) A temporary license or trustee's appointment may not continue after the owner or
3336	personal representative disposes of the business.
3337	Section 50. Section <b>31A-23a-115</b> is enacted to read:
3338	<u>31A-23a-115.</u> Appointment and listing of individual and agency insurance
3339	producer, limited line producer, or managing general agent.
3340	(1) (a) An insurer shall appoint a natural person or agency that has an insurance
3341	producer, limited line producer, or managing general agent license to act as an insurance
3342	producer, limited line producer, or managing general agent on its behalf prior to any producer,
3343	limited line producer, or managing general agent doing business for the insurer in this state.
3344	(b) All insurers shall report to the commissioner, at intervals and in the form the
3345	commissioner establishes by rule, all new appointments and all terminations of appointments.
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3346	(c) All insurers shall submit to the commissioner on or before July 1 of each
3347	odd-numbered year a list of all appointments then in force in this state.
3348	(2) (a) An insurer shall report to the commissioner the cause of termination of an
3349	appointment. The information provided to the commissioner is a private record under Title 63,
3350	Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act.
3351	(b) An insurer is immune from civil action, civil penalty, or damages if the insurer
3352	complies in good faith with this Subsection (2) in reporting to the commissioner the cause of
3353	termination of an appointment.
3354	(c) Notwithstanding any other provision in this section, an insurer is not immune from
3355	any action or resulting penalty imposed on the reporting insurer as a result of proceedings
3356	brought by or on behalf of the department if the action is based on evidence other than the
3357	report submitted in compliance with this Subsection (2).
3358	(3) If an insurer appoints an agency, the insurer need not appoint, report, or pay
3359	appointment reporting fees for natural persons designated on the agency's license under Section
3360	<u>31A-23a-302.</u>
3361	(4) (a) Each insurer shall maintain with the department a list of natural persons with
3362	authority to appoint and remove the company's producers, limited line producers, or managing
3363	general agents in this state on forms:
3364	(i) supplied by the department; and
3365	(ii) signed by any officer of the insurer.
3366	(b) The insurer shall submit the list required under Subsection (4)(a) to the
3367	commissioner pursuant to Subsection (1).
3368	(5) If an insurer lists a licensee in reports submitted under Subsection (2), there is a
3369	rebuttable presumption that in placing a risk with the insurer the appointed licensee or any of
3370	the licensee's licensed employees acted on behalf of the insurer.
3371	Section 51. Section <b>31A-23a-116</b> , which is renumbered from Section 31A-23-405 is
3372	renumbered and amended to read:
3373	[ <del>31A-23-405</del> ]. <u>31A-23a-116.</u> Services performed for unauthorized insurers.
3374	(1) A person licensed under Chapter [23] 23a, Insurance Marketing - Licensing
3375	Producers, Consultants, and Reinsurance Intermediaries, may not perform any act that assists

3376	any person not authorized as an insurer to act as an insurer.
3377	(2) It is a violation of this section to assist any person purporting to be exempt from
3378	state insurance regulation under Section 514 of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act
3379	of 1974, unless that person has rebutted the presumption of jurisdiction under Section
3380	31A-1-105.
3381	(3) It is not a violation of this section:
3382	(a) to assist persons engaged in self insurance as defined under Section 31A-1-301; or
3383	(b) for a surplus lines [broker] producer to engage in the placement of insurance under
3384	Section 31A-15-103.
3385	Section 52. Section <b>31A-23a-201</b> , which is renumbered from Section 31A-23-201.5 is
3386	renumbered and amended to read:
3387	Part 2. Producers and Consultants
3388	[ <del>31A-23-201.5</del> ]. <u>31A-23a-201.</u> Exceptions to producer licensing.
3389	(1) The commissioner may not require a license as an insurance producer of:
3390	(a) an officer, director, or employee of an insurer or of an insurance producer if:
3391	(i) the officer, director, or employee does not receive any commission on a policy
3392	written or sold to insure risks residing, located, or to be performed in this state; and
3393	(ii) (A) the officer's, director's, or employee's activities are:
3394	(I) executive, administrative, managerial, clerical, or a combination of these activities;
3395	and
3396	(II) only indirectly related to the sale, solicitation, or negotiation of insurance;
3397	(B) the officer's, director's, or employee's function relates to:
3398	(I) underwriting;
3399	(II) loss control;
3400	(III) inspection; or
3401	(IV) the processing, adjusting, investigating or settling of a claim on a contract of
3402	insurance; or
3403	(C) (I) the officer, director, or employee is acting in the capacity of a special agent or
3404	agency supervisor assisting an insurance producer;
3405	(II) the officer's, director's, or employee's activities are limited to providing technical
3406	advice and assistance to a licensed insurance producer; and

3407	(III) the officer's, director's, or employee's activities do not include the sale, solicitation,
3408	or negotiation of insurance;
3409	(b) a person who:
3410	(i) is paid no commission for the services described in Subsection (1)(b)(ii); and
3411	(ii) secures and furnishes information for the purpose of:
3412	(A) group life insurance;
3413	(B) group property and casualty insurance;
3414	(C) group annuities;
3415	(D) group or blanket accident and health insurance;
3416	(E) enrolling individuals under plans;
3417	(F) issuing certificates under plans; or
3418	(G) otherwise assisting in administering plans;
3419	(c) a person who:
3420	(i) is paid no commission for the services described in Subsection $(1)(c)(ii)$ ; and
3421	(ii) performs administrative services related to mass marketed property and casualty
3422	insurance;
3423	(d) (i) any of the following if the conditions of Subsection (1)(d)(ii) are met:
3424	(A) an employer or association; or
3425	(B) an officer, director, employee, or trustee of an employee trust plan;
3426	(ii) a person listed in Subsection (1)(d)(i):
3427	(A) to the extent that the employer, officer, employee, director, or trustee is engaged in
3428	the administration or operation of a program of employee benefits for:
3429	(I) the employer's or association's own employees; or
3430	(II) the employees of a subsidiary or affiliate of an employer or association;
3431	(B) the program involves the use of insurance issued by an insurer; and
3432	(C) the employer, association, officer, director, employee, or trustee is not in any
3433	manner compensated, directly or indirectly, by the company issuing the contract;
3434	(e) an employee of an insurer or organization employed by an insurer who:
3435	(i) is engaging in:
3436	(A) the inspection, rating, or classification of risks; or
3437	(B) the supervision of the training of insurance producers; and

3438	(ii) is not individually engaged in the sale, solicitation, or negotiation of insurance;
3439	(f) a person whose activities in this state are limited to advertising:
3440	(i) without the intent to solicit insurance in this state;
3441	(ii) through communications in mass media including:
3442	(A) a printed publication; or
3443	(B) a form of electronic mass media;
3444	(iii) that is distributed to residents outside of the state; and
3445	(iv) if the person does not sell, solicit, or negotiate insurance that would insure risks
3446	residing, located, or to be performed in this state;
3447	(g) a person who:
3448	(i) is not a resident of this state;
3449	(ii) sells, solicits, or negotiates a contract of insurance:
3450	(A) for commercial property and casualty risks to an insured with risks located in more
3451	than one state insured under that contract; and
3452	(B) insures risks located in a state in which the person is licensed as provided in
3453	Subsection (1)(g)(iii); and
3454	(iii) is licensed as an insurance producer to sell, solicit, or negotiate that insurance in
3455	the state where the insured maintains its principal place of business; or
3456	(h) if the employee does not sell, solicit, or receive a commission for a contract of
3457	insurance, a salaried full-time employee who counsels or advises the employee's employer
3458	relating to the insurance interests of:
3459	(i) the employer; or
3460	(ii) a subsidiary or business affiliate of the employer.
3461	(2) The commissioner may by rule exempt a class of persons from the license
3462	requirement of Subsection [31A-23-201] 31A-23a-103(1) if:
3463	(a) the functions performed by the class of persons does not require:
3464	(i) special competence;
3465	(ii) special trustworthiness; or
3466	(iii) regulatory surveillance made possible by licensing; or
3467	(b) other existing safeguards make regulation unnecessary.
3468	Section 53. Section <b>31A-23a-202</b> , which is renumbered from Section 31A-23-206 is

3469	renumbered and amended to read:
3470	[ <del>31A-23-206</del> ]. <u>31A-23a-202.</u> Continuing education requirements
3471	Regulatory authority.
3472	(1) The commissioner shall by rule prescribe the continuing education requirements for
3473	[each class of agent's license under Subsection 31A-23-204(1), except that the commissioner
3474	may not impose a continuing education requirement on a holder of a license under:] a producer
3475	and a consultant.
3476	[ <del>(a) Subsection 31A-23-204(2); or</del> ]
3477	[(b) a license classification other than under Subsection 31A-23-204(2) that is
3478	recognized by the commissioner by rule as provided in Subsection 31A-23-204(6).]
3479	(2) (a) The commissioner may not state a continuing education requirement in terms of
3480	formal education.
3481	(b) The commissioner may state a continuing education requirement in terms of
3482	classroom hours, or their equivalent, of insurance-related instruction received.
3483	(c) Insurance-related formal education may be a substitute, in whole or in part, for
3484	classroom hours, or their equivalent, required under Subsection (2)(b).
3485	(3) (a) The commissioner shall impose continuing education requirements in
3486	accordance with a two-year licensing period in which the licensee meets the requirements of
3487	this Subsection (3).
3488	[(b) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(c), for a two-year licensing period described
3489	in Subsection (3)(a) the commissioner shall require that the licensee for each line of authority
3490	held by the licensee:]
3491	[(i) receive five hours of continuing education; or]
3492	[(ii) pass a line of authority continuing education examination.]
3493	[(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(b):]
3494	[(i) the commissioner may not require continuing education for more than four lines of
3495	authority held by the licensee;]
3496	[(ii) the commissioner shall require:]
3497	[ <del>(A) a minimum of:</del> ]
3498	[(I) 12 hours of continuing education;]
3499	[(II) passage of two line of authority continuing education examinations; or]

3500	[(III) a combination of Subsections (3)(c)(ii)(A)(I) and (II);]
3501	[(B) that the minimum continuing education requirement of Subsection (3)(c)(ii)(A)
3502	include:]
3503	[(I) at least five hours or one line of authority continuing education examination for
3504	each line of authority held by the licensee not to exceed four lines of authority held by the
3505	licensee; and]
3506	[(II) three hours of ethics training.]
3507	[(d) (i) If a licensee completes the licensee's continuing education requirement without
3508	taking a line of authority continuing education examination, the licensee shall complete at least
3509	1/2 of the required hours through classroom hours of insurance-related instruction.]
3510	[(ii) The hours not completed through classroom hours in accordance with Subsection
3511	(3)(d)(i) may be obtained through:]
3512	[ <del>(A) home study;</del> ]
3513	[ <del>(B) video tape;</del> ]
3514	[ <del>(C)</del> experience credit; or]
3515	[(D) other method provided by rule.]
3516	[(e) (i) A licensee may obtain continuing education hours at any time during the
3517	two-year licensing period.]
3518	[(ii) The licensee may not take a line of authority continuing education examination
3519	more than 90 calendar days before the date on which the licensee's license is renewed.]
3520	[(f) The commissioner shall make rules for the content and procedures for line of
3521	authority continuing education examinations.]
3522	[(g) (i) Beginning May 3, 1999, a licensee is exempt from continuing education
3523	requirements under this section if:]
3524	[(A) as of April 1, 1990, the licensee has completed 20 years of licensure in good
3525	standing;]
3526	[(B) the licensee requests an exemption from the department; and]
3527	[(C) the department approves the exemption.]
3528	[(ii) If the department approves the exemption under Subsection (3)(g)(i), the licensee
3529	is not required to apply again for the exemption.]
3530	[(h) A licensee with a variable contract line of authority is exempt from the

3531	requirement for continuing education for that line of authority so long as the:]
3532	[(i) National Association of Securities Dealers requires continuing education for
3533	licensees having a securities license; and]
3534	[(ii) licensee complies with the National Association of Securities Dealers' continuing
3535	education requirements for securities licensees.]
3536	[(i) The commissioner shall, by rule:]
3537	[(i) publish a list of insurance professional designations whose continuing education
3538	requirements can be used to meet the requirements for continuing education under Subsection
3539	<del>(3)(c); and</del> ]
3540	[(ii) authorize professional agent associations to:]
3541	[(A) offer qualified programs for all classes of licenses on a geographically accessible
3542	basis; and]
3543	[(B) collect reasonable fees for funding and administration of the continuing education
3544	program, subject to the review and approval of the commissioner.]
3545	[(j) (i) The fees permitted under Subsection (3)(i)(ii) that are charged to fund and
3546	administer the program shall reasonably relate to the costs of administering the program.]
3547	[(ii) Nothing in this section prohibits a provider of continuing education programs or
3548	courses from charging fees for attendance at courses offered for continuing education credit.]
3549	[(iii) The fees permitted under Subsection (3)(i)(ii) that are charged for attendance at a
3550	professional agent association program may be less for an association member, based on the
3551	member's affiliation expense, but shall preserve the right of a nonmember to attend without
3552	affiliation.]
3553	(b) The continuing education requirement shall require:
3554	(i) a minimum of 12 hours of continuing education;
3555	(ii) a maximum of 23 hours of continuing education;
3556	(iii) three hours of ethics continuing education; and
3557	(iv) for each line of authority authorized for a producer or consultant, not to exceed
3558	four lines of authority:
3559	(A) five hours of continuing education:
3560	(B) passing a line of authority examination; or
3561	(C) a combination of Subsections (3)(b)(iv)(A) and (B).

3562	(c) (i) If a licensee completes the licensee's continuing education requirement without
3563	taking a line of authority continuing education examination, the licensee shall complete at least
3564	half of the required hours through classroom hours of insurance-related instruction.
3565	(ii) The hours not completed through classroom hours in accordance with Subsection
3566	(2)(b) may be obtained through:
3567	(A) home study;
3568	(B) video recording;
3569	(C) experience credit; or
3570	(D) other methods provided by rule.
3571	(d) (i) A licensee may obtain continuing education hours at any time during the
3572	two-year licensing period.
3573	(ii) The licensee may not take a line of authority continuing education examination
3574	more than 90 calendar days before the date on which the licensee's license is renewed.
3575	(e) In accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
3576	commissioner shall adopt rules for the content and procedures for line of authority continuing
3577	education examinations.
3578	(f) (i) Beginning May 3, 1999, a licensee is exempt from continuing education
3579	requirements under this section if:
3580	(A) as of April 1, 1990, the licensee has completed 20 years of licensure in good
3581	standing;
3582	(B) the licensee requests an exemption from the department; and
3583	(C) the department approves the exemption.
3584	(ii) If the department approves the exemption under Subsection (3)(f)(i), the licensee is
3585	not required to apply again for the exemption.
3586	(g) A licensee with a variable contract line of authority is exempt from the requirement
3587	for continuing education for that line of authority so long as the:
3588	(i) National Association of Securities Dealers requires continuing education for
3589	licensees having a securities license; and
3590	(ii) licensee complies with the National Association of Securities Dealers' continuing
3591	education requirements for securities licensees.
3592	(h) In accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the

3593	commissioner shall, by rule:
3594	(i) publish a list of insurance professional designations whose continuing education
3595	requirements can be used to meet the requirements for continuing education under Subsection
3596	<u>(3)(b); and</u>
3597	(ii) authorize continuing education providers and professional producer or consultant
3598	associations to:
3599	(A) offer qualified programs for all license types and lines of authority on a
3600	geographically accessible basis; and
3601	(B) collect reasonable fees for funding and administration of the continuing education
3602	program, subject to the review and approval of the commissioner.
3603	(iii) The fees permitted under Subsection (3)(h)(ii)(B) that are charged for attendance
3604	at a professional producer or consultant association program may be less for an association
3605	member, based on the member's affiliation expense, but shall preserve the right of a
3606	nonmember to attend without affiliation.
3607	(4) The commissioner shall [designate courses, including those presented by insurers,]
3608	approve continuing education providers and continuing education courses which satisfy the
3609	requirements of this section.
3610	(5) In accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
3611	commissioner shall by rule set the processes and procedures for continuing education provider
3612	registration and course approval.
3613	[(5)] (6) The requirements of this section apply only to [applicants] producers or
3614	consultants who are natural persons.
3615	[(6)] (7) A nonresident producer or consultant is considered to have satisfied this state's
3616	continuing education requirements if [: (a)] the nonresident producer or consultant satisfies the
3617	nonresident producer's or consultant's home state's continuing education requirements for a
3618	licensed insurance producer[; and] or consultant.
3619	[(b) on the same basis as under this Subsection (6) the nonresident producer's home
3620	state considers satisfaction of Utah's continuing education requirements for a producer as
3621	satisfying the continuing education requirements of the home state.]
3622	Section 54. Section <b>31A-23a-203</b> , which is renumbered from Section 31A-23-208 is
3623	renumbered and amended to read:

3624	[ <del>31A-23-208</del> ]. <u>31A-23a-203.</u> Training period requirements.
3625	(1) A [person is eligible to become a broker only if he has been an insurance agent in
3626	this or another state in substantially the same license class for a period aggregating not less than
3627	two years during the three] producer is eligible to add the surplus lines of authority to the
3628	person's producer's license if the producer:
3629	(a) has passed the applicable examination;
3630	(b) has been a producer for at least three years during the four years immediately
3631	preceding the date of application[, or has been regularly employed for that period by an insurer
3632	in a capacity which would provide the person with comparable preparation to act as an
3633	insurance broker. For the surplus lines broker license class, the applicable period is three of the
3634	last four years.]; and
3635	(c) has paid the applicable fee under Section 31A-3-303.
3636	(2) A person is eligible to become a consultant only if [he] the person has acted in a
3637	capacity [which] that would provide the person with preparation to act as an insurance
3638	consultant for a period aggregating not less than three years during the four years immediately
3639	preceding the date of application.
3640	(3) A title producer is eligible to become a title agency only if the title producer has
3641	been licensed as a title producer in the search and escrow categories for at least three years
3642	during the four years immediately preceding the date of application.
3643	$\left[\frac{(3)}{(4)}\right]$ The training periods required under this section apply only to natural persons
3644	applying for licenses under this chapter.
3645	Section 55. Section <b>31A-23a-204</b> , which is renumbered from Section 31A-23-211 is
3646	renumbered and amended to read:
3647	[ <del>31A-23-211</del> ]. <u>31A-23a-204.</u> Special requirements for title insurance
3648	producers.
3649	Title insurance [agents] producers shall be licensed in accordance with this chapter,
3650	with the additional requirements listed in this section.
3651	(1) (a) Every title insurance agency or [agent] producer appointed by an insurer shall
3652	maintain:
3653	(i) a fidelity bond;
3654	(ii) a professional liability insurance policy; or

3655	(iii) a financial protection:
3656	(A) equivalent to that described in Subsection (1)(a)(i) or (ii); and
3657	(B) that the commissioner considers adequate.
3658	(b) The bond or insurance required by this Subsection (1):
3659	(i) shall be supplied under a contract approved by the commissioner to provide
3660	protection against the improper performance of any service in conjunction with the issuance of
3661	a contract or policy of title insurance; and
3662	(ii) be in a face amount no less than \$50,000.
3663	(c) The commissioner may by rule exempt title insurance [agents] producers from the
3664	requirements of this Subsection (1) upon a finding that, and only so long as, the required policy
3665	or bond is generally unavailable at reasonable rates.
3666	(2) (a) (i) Every title insurance agency or [agent] producer appointed by an insurer shall
3667	maintain a reserve fund.
3668	(ii) The reserve fund required by this Subsection (2) shall be:
3669	(A) (I) composed of assets approved by the commissioner;
3670	(II) maintained as a separate account; and
3671	(III) charged as a reserve liability of the title insurance [agent] producer in determining
3672	the [agent's] producer's financial condition; and
3673	(B) accumulated by segregating 1% of all gross income received from the title
3674	insurance business.
3675	(iii) The reserve fund shall contain the accumulated assets for the immediately
3676	preceding ten years as defined in Subsection (2)(a)(ii).
3677	[(iii) Assets accumulated within the reserve fund for more than ten full years shall be:]
3678	(iv) That portion of the assets held in the reserve fund over ten years may be:
3679	(A) withdrawn from the <u>reserve</u> fund; and
3680	(B) restored to the income of the [agent] title insurance producer.
3681	[(iv)] (v) The title insurance $[agent]$ producer may withdraw interest from the reserve
3682	fund related to the principal amount as it accrues.
3683	(b) (i) A disbursement may not be made from the reserve fund except as provided in
3684	Subsection (2)(a) unless the title insurance [agent] producer ceases doing business as a result
3685	of:

3686	(A) sale of assets;
3687	<ul> <li>(B) merger of the [agent] producer with another [agent] producer;</li> <li>(C) to a finite of the formula base of t</li></ul>
3688	(C) termination of the [agent's] producer's license;
3689	(D) insolvency; or
3690	(E) any cessation of business by the [agent] producer.
3691	(ii) Any disbursements from the reserve fund may be made only to settle claims arising
3692	from the improper performance of the title insurance [agent] producer in providing services
3693	defined in Section [ <del>31A-23-307</del> ] <u>31A-23a-406</u> .
3694	(iii) The commissioner shall be notified ten days before any disbursements from the
3695	reserve fund.
3696	(iv) The notice required by this Subsection (2)(b) shall contain:
3697	(A) the amount of claim;
3698	(B) the nature of the claim; and
3699	(C) the name of the payee.
3700	(c) (i) The reserve fund shall be maintained by the title insurance [agent] producer or
3701	the title insurance [agent's] producer's representative for a period of two years after the [agent]
3702	producer ceases doing business.
3703	(ii) Any assets remaining in the reserve fund at the end of the two years specified in
3704	Subsection (2)(c)(i) may be withdrawn and restored to the former [agent] producer.
3705	(3) Any examination for licensure shall include questions regarding the search and
3706	examination of title to real property.
3707	(4) A title insurance [agent] producer may not perform the functions of escrow unless
3708	the [agent] producer has been examined on the fiduciary duties and procedures involved in
3709	those functions.
3710	(5) The commissioner shall adopt rules outlining an examination that will satisfy this
3711	section.
3712	(6) A license may be issued to a title insurance [agent] producer who has qualified:
3713	(a) to perform only searches and examinations of title as specified in Subsection (3);
3714	(b) to handle only escrow arrangements as specified in Subsection (4); or
3715	(c) to act as a title marketing representative.
3716	(7) A person licensed to practice law in Utah is exempt from the requirements of

3717	Subsections (1) and (2) if that person issues 12 or [fewer] less policies in any 12-month period.
3718	(8) A person licensed to practice law in Utah, whether exempt under Subsection (7) or
3719	not, shall maintain a trust account separate from a law firm trust account for all title and real
3720	estate escrow transactions.
3721	Section 56. Section <b>31A-23a-205</b> , which is renumbered from Section 31A-23-211.5 is
3722	renumbered and amended to read:
3723	[ <del>31A-23-211.5</del> ]. <u>31A-23a-205.</u> Special requirements for bail bond producers
3724	and bail bond enforcement agents.
3725	(1) As used in this section, "bail bond [agent] producer" and "bail enforcement agent"
3726	have the same definitions as in Section 31A-35-102.
3727	(2) A bail bond [agent] producer may not operate in this state without an appointment
3728	from one or more authorized bail bond surety insurers or licensed bail bond surety companies.
3729	(3) A bail bond enforcement agent may not operate in this state without an appointment
3730	from one or more licensed bail bond [agents] producers.
3731	Section 57. Section <b>31A-23a-206</b> , which is renumbered from Section 31A-23-211.7 is
3732	renumbered and amended to read:
3733	[ <del>31A-23-211.7</del> ]. <u>31A-23a-206.</u> Special requirements for variable contracts
3734	line of authority.
3735	(1) Before applying for a variable contracts line of authority, [an agent, broker,] a
3736	producer or consultant shall be licensed under Section 61-1-3 as a:
3737	(a) broker-dealer; or
3738	(b) agent.
3739	(2) [An agent's, broker's,] A producer's or consultant's variable contracts line of
3740	authority is revoked on the day [on which an agent's, broker's,] the producer's or consultant's
3741	license under Section 61-1-3 is no longer valid.
3742	Section 58. Section <b>31A-23a-207</b> , which is renumbered from Section 31A-23-214 is
3743	renumbered and amended to read:
3744	[ <del>31A-23-214</del> ]. <u>31A-23a-207.</u> Registration of motor club agents.
3745	(1) Subsection [ $31A-23-201$ ] $31A-23a-103(1)$ does not apply to persons who sell no
3746	insurance products other than motor club service contracts, if those contracts provide only for
3747	those services described in Subsections 31A-11-102(1)(b) through (f), and personal accident

3748	insurance provided automatically with the purchase of the motor club contract.
3749	(2) Section 31A-11-110 applies to those persons in Subsection (1).
3750	(3) Subsection [31A-23-201] 31A-23a-103(1) applies to persons selling motor club
3751	contracts providing services in addition to those described under Subsections 31A-11-102(1)(b)
3752	through (1)(f).
3753	Section 59. Section <b>31A-23a-301</b> is enacted to read:
3754	Part 3. Agencies
3755	<u>31A-23a-301.</u> Agency license.
3756	An insurance organization shall be licensed as an agency if the insurance organization
3757	<u>acts as:</u>
3758	(1) a producer;
3759	(2) a limited line producer;
3760	(3) a consultant:
3761	(4) a managing general agent; or
3762	(5) a reinsurance intermediary.
3763	Section 60. Section <b>31A-23a-302</b> , which is renumbered from Section 31A-23-219 is
3764	renumbered and amended to read:
3765	[ <del>31A-23-219</del> ]. <u>31A-23a-302.</u> Agency designations.
3766	[(1) As used in this section, "insurer" includes a bail bond surety as defined in Section
3767	<del>31A-35-102.</del> ]
3768	[(2) (a)] (1) [An insurer shall appoint a natural person or agency that has an insurance
3769	agent or managing general agent] An agency shall designate a natural person that has a
3770	producer, limited line producer, customer service representative, consultant, managing general
3771	agent, or reinsurance intermediary license to act [as an insurance agent] on its behalf prior to
3772	[any agent] the licensee doing business for the [insurer in this state] agency.
3773	[(b)] (2) [All insurers] An agency shall report to the commissioner, at intervals and in
3774	the form the commissioner establishes by rule, all new [appointments] designations, all
3775	renewed designations, and all [terminations of appointments] terminated designations.
3776	[(c) All insurers shall submit to the commissioner on or before July 1 of each
3777	odd-numbered year a list of all agent appointments then in force in this state.]
3778	(3) (a) An [insurer] agency licensed under this chapter shall report to the commissioner

3779 the cause of termination of [an agent's appointment] a designation. 3780 (b) The information provided [to] the commissioner under Subsection (3)(a) shall 3781 remain confidential. 3782 [(b)] (c) An [insurer] agency is immune from civil action, civil penalty, or damages if 3783 the [insurer] agency complies in good faith with this Subsection (3) in reporting to the 3784 commissioner the cause of termination of [agents' appointments] a designation. 3785 [(c)] (d) Notwithstanding any other provision in this section, an [insurer] agency is not 3786 immune from any action or resulting penalty imposed on the reporting [insurer] agency as a 3787 result of proceedings brought by or on behalf of the department if the action is based on evidence other than the report submitted in compliance with this Subsection (3). 3788 3789 [(4) If an insurer appoints an agency as its agent, the insurer need not appoint, report, 3790 or pay appointment reporting fees for natural person agents designated on the agency's agent's 3791 license under Section 31A-23-212.] (4) An agency licensed under this chapter may act in the capacities for which it is 3792 licensed only through natural persons who are licensed under this chapter to act in the same 3793 3794 capacities. 3795  $\left[\frac{5}{6}\right]$  (a) Each insurer shall maintain with the department a list of natural persons with 3796 authority to appoint and remove the company's agents in this state on forms:] 3797 [(i) supplied by the department; and] 3798 [(ii) signed by any officer of the insurer.] 3799 (b) The insurer shall submit the list required under Subsection (5)(a) to the 3800 commissioner pursuant to Subsection (2).] 3801 (5) An agency licensed under this chapter shall report to the commissioner by rule the 3802 name of at least one natural person who has authority to act on behalf of the agency in all 3803 matters pertaining to compliance with this title and orders of the commissioner. 3804 (6) If an [insurer lists] agency designates a licensee [as its agent] in reports submitted 3805 under Subsection (2), there is a rebuttable presumption that [in placing a risk with the insurer 3806 the appointed licensee or any of the licensee's licensed employees acted as the insurer's agent 3807 and not as a broker] the designated licensee acted on behalf of the agency. 3808 Section 61. Section **31A-23a-401**, which is renumbered from Section 31A-23-301 is renumbered and amended to read: 3809

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38	1	1

#### Part 4. Marketing Practices

#### [<del>31A-23-301</del>]. <u>31A-23a-401.</u> Disclosure of conflicting interests.

3812 (1) (a) Except as provided under Subsection (1)(b), no licensee under this chapter may 3813 act in the same or any directly related transaction as a producer for the insured or consultant 3814 and [either agent or broker] producer for the insurer; nor may a producer for the insured or 3815 consultant recommend or encourage the purchase of insurance from or through an insurer. 3816 agent,] or [broker] other producer of which the producer for the insured or consultant or 3817 producer for the insured's or consultant's spouse is an owner, executive, or employee or to 3818 which he has the type of relation that a material benefit would accrue to the consultant or 3819 spouse as a result of the purchase.

3820

(b) Subsection (1)(a) does not apply if the following three conditions are met:

(i) Prior to performing the consulting services, the <u>producer for the insured or</u>
consultant discloses to the client, prominently, in writing, the <u>producer for the insured's or</u>
consultant's interest as [an agent or broker] a producer for the insurer, or the relationship to an
insurer[<del>, agent,</del>] or [broker] <u>other producer</u>, and that as a result of those interests the
consultant's recommendations should be given appropriate scrutiny.

(ii) The producer for the insured's or consultant's fee is agreed upon, in writing, after
the disclosure required under Subsection (1)(b)(i), but prior to performing the [consulting]
requested services.

3829 (iii) Any report resulting from [consulting] requested services contains a copy of the
3830 disclosure made under Subsection (1)(b)(i).

(2) No licensee under this chapter may act as to the same client as both [an agent] <u>a</u>
 producer for the insurer and [broker] <u>a producer for the insured</u> without the client's prior
 written consent based on full disclosure.

(3) Whenever a person applies for insurance coverage through a [broker] producer for
the insured, the [broker] producer for the insured shall disclose to the applicant, in writing, that
the [broker] producer for the insured is not the [agent] producer for the insurer of the potential
insurer. This disclosure shall also inform the applicant that the applicant likely does not have
the benefit of an insurer being financially responsible for the [broker's] producer for the
insured's conduct.

3840

Section 62. Section **31A-23a-402**, which is renumbered from Section 31A-23-302 is

3841	renumbered and amended to read:
3842	[ <del>31A-23-302</del> ]. <u>31A-23a-402.</u> Unfair marketing practices Communication
3843	Inducement Unfair Discrimination Coercion or intimidation Restriction on
3844	choice.
3845	(1) (a) (i) Any of the following may not make or cause to be made any communication
3846	that contains false or misleading information, relating to an insurance contract, any insurer, or
3847	other licensee under this title, including information that is false or misleading because it is
3848	incomplete:
3849	(A) a person who is or should be licensed under this title;
3850	(B) an employee or $[agent]$ producer of a person described in Subsection (1)(a)(i)(A);
3851	(C) a person whose primary interest is as a competitor of a person licensed under this
3852	title; and
3853	(D) a person on behalf of any of the persons listed in this Subsection $(1)(a)(i)$ .
3854	(ii) As used in this Subsection (1), "false or misleading information" includes:
3855	(A) assuring the nonobligatory payment of future dividends or refunds of unused
3856	premiums in any specific or approximate amounts, but reporting fully and accurately past
3857	experience is not false or misleading information; and
3858	(B) with intent to deceive a person examining it, filing a report, making a false entry in
3859	a record, or wilfully refraining from making a proper entry in a record.
3860	(iii) [An insurer or other] A licensee under this title may not:
3861	(A) use any business name, slogan, emblem, or related device that is misleading or
3862	likely to cause the insurer or other licensee to be mistaken for another insurer or other licensee
3863	already in business; or
3864	(B) use any advertisement or other insurance promotional material that would cause a
3865	reasonable person to mistakenly believe that a state or federal government agency:
3866	(I) is responsible for the insurance sales activities of the person;
3867	(II) stands behind the credit of the person;
3868	(III) guarantees any returns on insurance products of or sold by the person; or
3869	(IV) is a source of payment of any insurance obligation of or sold by the person.
3870	(iv) A person who is not an insurer may not assume or use any name that deceptively
3871	implies or suggests that it is an insurer.

3872 (v) A person other than persons licensed as health maintenance organizations under
3873 Chapter 8 may not use the term "Health Maintenance Organization" or "HMO" in referring to
3874 itself.

(b) If [an insurance agent or third party administrator] a licensee under this title
distributes cards or documents, exhibits a sign, or publishes an advertisement that violates
Subsection (1) (a), with reference to a particular insurer that the [agent] licensee represents, or
for whom the [third party administrator] licensee processes claims, and if the cards, documents,
signs, or advertisements are supplied or approved by that insurer, the [agent's or the third party
administrator's] licensee's violation creates a rebuttable presumption that the violation was also
committed by the insurer.

(2) (a) (i) [An insurer or] <u>A</u> licensee under this [chapter] title, or an officer or employee
of [either] <u>a licensee</u> may not induce any person to enter into or continue an insurance contract
or to terminate an existing insurance contract by offering benefits not specified in the policy to
be issued or continued, including premium or commission rebates.

3886 (ii) An insurer may not make or knowingly allow any agreement of insurance that is3887 not clearly expressed in the policy to be issued or renewed.

3888 (iii)

(iii) This Subsection (2)(a) does not preclude:

3889 (A) insurers from reducing premiums because of expense savings;

3890 (B) the usual kinds of social courtesies not related to particular transactions; or

3891 (C) an insurer from receiving premiums under an installment payment plan.

(b) [An agent, broker, or insurer] <u>A licensee under this title</u> may not absorb the tax
under Section 31A-3-301.

(c) (i) A title insurer or [agent] producer or any officer or employee of either may not
pay, allow, give, or offer to pay, allow, or give, directly or indirectly, as an inducement to
obtaining any title insurance business, any rebate, reduction, or abatement of any rate or charge
made incident to the issuance of the insurance, any special favor or advantage not generally
available to others, or any money or other consideration or material inducement.

(ii) "Charge made incident to the issuance of the insurance" includes escrow charges,and any other services that are prescribed by the commissioner.

(iii) An insured or any other person connected, directly or indirectly, with thetransaction, including a mortgage lender, real estate broker, builder, attorney, or any officer,

3903	employee, or agent of any of them, may not knowingly receive or accept, directly or indirectly,
3904	any benefit referred to in Subsection (2)(c)(i).
3905	(3) (a) An insurer may not unfairly discriminate among policyholders by charging
3906	different premiums or by offering different terms of coverage, except on the basis of
3907	classifications related to the nature and the degree of the risk covered or the expenses involved.
3908	(b) Rates are not unfairly discriminatory if they are averaged broadly among persons
3909	insured under a group, blanket, or franchise policy, and the terms of those policies are not
3910	unfairly discriminatory merely because they are more favorable than in similar individual
3911	policies.
3912	(4) $\mathbf{\hat{h}}$ [(a)] $\mathbf{\hat{h}}$ A person who is or should be licensed under this title, an employee [or agent] of
3913	that licensee or person who should be licensed, a person whose primary interest is as a
3914	competitor of a person licensed under this title, and one acting on behalf of any of these
3915	persons, may not commit or enter into any agreement to participate in any act of boycott,
3916	coercion, or intimidation that:
3917	$\mathbf{\hat{h}} \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{\hat{t}} \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{\hat{a}} \mathbf{\hat{h}}$ tends to produce:
3918	$\mathbf{\hat{h}}$ [(A)] (i) $\mathbf{\hat{h}}$ an unreasonable restraint of the business of insurance; or
3919	<b>ĥ</b> [ <del>(<b>B</b>)</del> ] (ii) <b>ĥ</b> a monopoly in that business[-]; or
3920	$\mathbf{\hat{h}}$ [(ii)] (b) $\mathbf{\hat{h}}$ results in an applicant purchasing or replacing an insurance contract.
3921	h [ <del>(b) A person found in violation of Subsection (4)(a) may be required to forfeit up to</del>
3922	three times the per violation forfeitures in Section 31A-2-308.] ĥ
3923	(5) (a) A person may not restrict in the choice of an insurer or [insurance agent or
3924	broker] licensee under this chapter, another person who is required to pay for insurance as a
3925	condition for the conclusion of a contract or other transaction or for the exercise of any right
3926	under a contract. The person requiring the coverage may, however, reserve the right to
3927	disapprove the insurer or the coverage selected on reasonable grounds.
2028	(b) The form of cornerate organization of an insurer sutherized to do husiness in this

3928 (b) The form of corporate organization of an insurer authorized to do business in this
3929 state is not a reasonable ground for disapproval, and the commissioner may by rule specify
additional grounds that are not reasonable. This Subsection (5) does not bar an insurer from
declining an application for insurance.

3932 (6) A person may not make any charge other than insurance premiums and premium3933 financing charges for the protection of property or of a security interest in property, as a

3934 condition for obtaining, renewing, or continuing the financing of a purchase of the property or3935 the lending of money on the security of an interest in the property.

3936 (7) (a) [An agent] <u>A licensee under this title</u> may not refuse or fail to return promptly
3937 all indicia of agency to the principal on demand.

3938 (b) A licensee whose license is suspended, limited, or revoked under Section
3939 31A-2-308, [<del>31A-23-216, or 31A-23-217</del>] <u>31A-23a-111, or 31A-23a-112</u> may not refuse or fail
3940 to return the license to the commissioner on demand.

(8) A person may not engage in any other unfair method of competition or any other
unfair or deceptive act or practice in the business of insurance, as defined by the commissioner
by rule, after a finding that they are misleading, deceptive, unfairly discriminatory, provide an
unfair inducement, or unreasonably restrain competition.

3945 Section 63. Section **31A-23a-403**, which is renumbered from Section 31A-23-303 is 3946 renumbered and amended to read:

3947

#### [<del>31A-23-303</del>]. <u>31A-23a-403.</u> Inherent unsuitability.

(1) If the commissioner finds after a hearing that a certain type of accident and health
insurance, life insurance, or annuity product is inherently unsuitable for persons of certain ages
or in certain conditions of health, the commissioner shall make a rule declaring the accident
and health insurance, life insurance, or annuity product as inherently unsuitable for persons of
certain ages or in certain conditions of health.

3953 (2) An accident and health insurance, life insurance, or annuity product that is subject
3954 to the rule may not be sold to a person for whom the product has been determined as inherently
3955 unsuitable unless that person purchasing the product signs a receipt acknowledging having
3956 received a statement that expresses that the product has been determined by the commissioner
3957 to be inherently unsuitable for persons of certain ages or in certain conditions of health.

3958 (3) Unless the insurer or its [agent] appointed licensee establishes that its sale of
3959 coverage is inconsistent with the rule made under Subsection (1) is due to excusable neglect,
3960 the purchaser may treat the sale as voidable, if acted upon by the insured within a two-year
3961 period from the date of sale.

3962 Section 64. Section **31A-23a-404**, which is renumbered from Section 31A-23-304 is 3963 renumbered and amended to read:

**3964** [**31A-23-304**]. **<u>31A-23a-404</u>. Extension of credit on premiums.** 

The extension of credit upon a premium by [an agent or broker] a licensee under this chapter to the insured, without interest for not exceeding 90 days from the effective date of the policy, or after that time with interest on the unpaid balance at not less than the legal rate under Section 15-1-1, is not a violation of Subsection [31A-23-302] 31A-23a-402(2). The installment or payroll deduction payment of premiums on policies issued under an insurer's mass marketing program is not an extension of credit.

3971 Section 65. Section **31A-23a-405**, which is renumbered from Section 31A-23-305 is 3972 renumbered and amended to read:

3973 [<del>31A-23-305</del>]. <u>31A-23a-405.</u> Insurer liability.

3974 (1) As used in this section, "insurer" includes bail bond surety companies as defined in3975 Section 31A-35-102.

3976 (2) There is a rebuttable presumption that every insurer is bound by any act of its 3977 [agent] appointed licensee performed in this state that is within the scope of the [agent's] 3978 appointed licensee's actual (express or implied) or apparent authority, until the insurer has 3979 canceled the [agent's] appointed licensee's appointment and has made reasonable efforts to recover from the [agent] appointed licensee its policy forms and other indicia of agency. 3980 3981 Reasonable efforts include a formal demand in writing for return of the indicia, and notice to 3982 the commissioner if the [agent] appointed licensee does not promptly comply with the demand. 3983 This Subsection (2) neither waives any common law defense available to insurers, nor 3984 precludes the insured from seeking redress against the agent appointed licensee individually 3985 or jointly against the insurer and [agent] licensee.

3986 (3) When a [property/liability insurance agent] licensee under this chapter with
authority to bind more than one insurer on a particular risk agrees to bind coverage on a
particular risk, but fails to outwardly indicate the insurer with which the risk is placed, and
before the risk is placed with a particular insurer a loss occurs, if there is no conclusive
admissible evidence indicating the insurer with which the [agent] licensee exercised his
binding authority, a court may equitably apportion the loss among all insurers with which the
[agent] licensee had binding authority as to the particular type of risk.

3993 Section 66. Section **31A-23a-406**, which is renumbered from Section 31A-23-307 is 3994 renumbered and amended to read:

3995 [<del>31A-23-307</del>]. <u>31A-23a-406.</u> Title insurance producer's business.

3996	(1) A title insurance [agent] producer may [engage in the] do escrow [business]
3997	involving real property transactions if all of the following exist:
3998	(a) the title insurance [agent] producer is [properly] licensed [under this chapter] with
3999	the title line of authority and the escrow subline of authority;
4000	(b) the title insurance [agent] producer is appointed by a title insurer authorized to do
4001	business in the state;
4002	(c) one or more of the following is to be issued as part of the transaction:
4003	(i) an owner's policy of title insurance; or
4004	(ii) a lender's policy of title insurance;
4005	(d) (i) all funds deposited with the [agent] producer in connection with any escrow:
4006	(A) are deposited:
4007	(I) in a federally insured financial institution; and
4008	(II) in a trust account that is separate from all other trust account funds that are not
4009	related to real estate transactions; and
4010	(B) are the property of the persons entitled to them under the provisions of the escrow;
4011	and
4012	(ii) are segregated escrow by escrow in the records of the [agent] producer;
4013	(e) earnings on funds held in escrow may be paid out of the escrow account to any
4014	person in accordance with the conditions of the escrow; and
4015	(f) the escrow does not require the [agent] producer to hold:
4016	(i) construction funds; or
4017	(ii) funds held for exchange under Section 1031, Internal Revenue Code.
4018	(2) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), a title insurance [agent] producer may engage in
4019	the escrow business if:
4020	(a) the escrow involves:
4021	(i) a mobile home;
4022	(ii) a grazing right;
4023	(iii) a water right; or
4024	(iv) other personal property authorized by the commissioner; and
4025	(b) the title insurance [agent] producer complies with all the requirements of this
4026	section except for the requirement of Subsection (1)(c).

4027	(3) Funds held in escrow:
4028	(a) are not subject to any debts of the [agent] producer;
4029	(b) may only be used to fulfill the terms of the individual escrow under which the funds
4030	were accepted; and
4031	(c) may not be used until all conditions of the escrow have been met.
4032	(4) Assets or property other than escrow funds received by [an agent] a producer in
4033	accordance with an escrow shall be maintained in a manner that will:
4034	(a) reasonably preserve and protect the asset or property from loss, theft, or damages;
4035	and
4036	(b) otherwise comply with all general duties and responsibilities of a fiduciary or
4037	bailee.
4038	(5) (a) A check may not be drawn, executed or dated, or funds otherwise disbursed
4039	unless the segregated escrow account from which funds are to be disbursed contains a
4040	sufficient credit balance consisting of collected or cleared funds at the time the check is drawn,
4041	executed or dated, or funds are otherwise disbursed.
4042	(b) As used in this Subsection (5), funds are considered to be "collected or cleared,"
4043	and may be disbursed as follows:
4044	(i) cash may be disbursed on the same day the cash is deposited;
4045	(ii) a wire transfer may be disbursed on the same day the wire transfer is deposited;
4046	(iii) the following may be disbursed on the day following the date of deposit:
4047	(A) a cashier's check;
4048	(B) a certified check;
4049	(C) a teller's check;
4050	(D) a U.S. Postal Service money order; and
4051	(E) a check drawn on a Federal Reserve Bank or Federal Home Loan Bank; and
4052	(iv) any other check or deposit may be disbursed:
4053	(A) within the time limits provided under the Expedited Funds Availability Act, 12
4054	U.S.C. Section 4001 et seq., as amended, and related regulations of the Federal Reserve
4055	System; or
4056	(B) upon written notification from the financial institution to which the funds have
4057	been deposited, that final settlement has occurred on the deposited item.

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4058 (6) The title insurance [agent] producer shall maintain records of all receipts and 4059 disbursements of escrow funds. (7) The title insurance [agent] producer shall comply with: 4060 4061 (a) Section [<del>31A-23-310</del>] <u>31A-23a-409;</u> and (b) any rules adopted by the commissioner in accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, 4062 Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, that govern escrows. 4063 Section 67. Section **31A-23a-407**, which is renumbered from Section 31A-23-308 is 4064 4065 renumbered and amended to read: 4066 [<del>31A-23-308</del>]. 31A-23a-407. Liability of title insurers for acts of title 4067 insurance producers. 4068 Any title company, represented by one or more title insurance [agents] producers, is 4069 directly and primarily liable to others dealing with the title insurance [agents] producers for the receipt and disbursement of funds deposited in escrows with the title insurance [agents] 4070 producers in all those transactions where a commitment or binder for or policy or contract of 4071 title insurance of that title insurance company has been ordered, or a preliminary report of the 4072 4073 title insurance company has been issued or distributed. This liability does not modify, mitigate, 4074 impair, or affect the contractual obligations between the title insurance [agents] producers and 4075 the title insurance company. 4076 Section 68. Section **31A-23a-408**, which is renumbered from Section 31A-23-309 is 4077 renumbered and amended to read: 4078 [<del>31A-23-309</del>]. 31A-23a-408. Representations of agency. 4079 No person may represent himself as [the agent] acting in behalf of an insurer unless a 4080 written agency contract is in effect giving the person authority from the insurer and the insurer 4081 has appointed that person [as its agent] to act in behalf of the insurer. 4082 Section 69. Section **31A-23a-409**, which is renumbered from Section 31A-23-310 is 4083 renumbered and amended to read: 4084 31A-23a-409. Trust obligation for funds collected. [<del>31A-23-310</del>]. 4085 (1) Every [agent or broker] licensee is a trustee for all funds received or collected [as an agent or broker for forwarding to insurers or to insureds. Except for amounts necessary to 4086 pay bank charges, and except for funds paid by insureds and belonging in part to the [agent or 4087 4088 broker] licensee as fees or commissions, [an agent or broker] a licensee may not commingle

4089 trust funds with the [agent or broker's] licensee's own funds or with funds held in any other 4090 capacity. Except as provided under Subsection (4), every [agent or broker] licensee owes to 4091 insureds and insurers the fiduciary duties of a trustee with respect to money to be forwarded to 4092 insurers or insureds through the [agent or broker] licensee. Unless the funds are sent to the 4093 appropriate payee by the close of the next business day after their receipt, the licensee shall 4094 deposit them in an account authorized under Subsection (2). Funds so deposited shall remain 4095 in an account authorized under Subsection (2) until sent to the appropriate payee. 4096 (2) Funds required to be deposited under Subsection (1) shall be deposited: 4097 (a) in a federally insured trust account with a financial institution located in this state; 4098 or 4099 (b) in some other account, approved by the commissioner by rule or order, providing 4100 safety comparable to federally insured trust accounts. 4101 (3) It is not a violation of Subsection (2)(a) if the amounts in the accounts exceed the 4102 amount of the federal insurance on the accounts. 4103 (4) A trust account into which funds are deposited may be interest bearing. The 4104 interest accrued on the account may be paid to the [agent or broker] licensee, so long as the 4105 [agent or broker] licensee otherwise complies with this section and with the contract with the 4106 insurer. 4107 (5) A financial institution or other organization holding trust funds under this section 4108 may not offset or impound trust account funds against debts and obligations incurred by the 4109 [agent or broker] licensee. 4110 (6) Any licensee who, not being lawfully entitled thereto, diverts or appropriates any portion of the funds held under Subsection (1) to the licensee's own use, is guilty of theft under 4111 4112 Title 76, Chapter 6, Part 4. Section 76-6-412 applies in determining the classification of the 4113 offense. Sanctions under Section 31A-2-308 also apply. 4114 Section 70. Section **31A-23a-410**, which is renumbered from Section 31A-23-311 is 4115 renumbered and amended to read: 31A-23a-410. Insurer's liability if insured pays premium to a 4116 [<del>31A-23-311</del>]. 4117 licensee or group policyholder. (1) Subject to Subsections (2) and (5), as between the insurer and the insured, the 4118 4119 insurer is considered to have received the premium and is liable to the insured for losses

4120 covered by the insurance and for any unearned premiums upon cancellation of the insurance if 4121 an insurer, including a surplus lines insurer: 4122 (a) has assumed a risk; and 4123 (b) the premium for that insurance has been received by: 4124 (i) [an agent or broker] a licensee who placed the insurance; 4125 (ii) a group policyholder; (iii) an employer who deducts part or all of the premium from an employee's wages or 4126 4127 salary; or 4128 (iv) an employer who pays all or part of the premium for an employee. (2) Subsection (1) does not apply if: 4129 4130 (a) the insured pays [an agent or broker] a licensee, knowing the [agent or broker] 4131 licensee does not intend to submit the premium to the insurer; or (b) the insured has premium withheld from the insured's wages or salary knowing the 4132 4133 employer does not intend to submit it to the insurer. 4134 (3) In the case of an employer who has received the premium by deducting all or part 4135 of it from the wages or salaries of the certificate holders, the insurer may terminate its liability 4136 by giving certificate holders reasonable notice of coverage termination. The liability of the 4137 insurer for the losses covered by the insurance terminates at the later of: 4138 (a) the last day of the coverage period for which premium has been withheld by the 4139 employer; or (b) 15 days after the date the insurer mails actual notice to the certificate holder that 4140 4141 coverage has terminated, but in the event the insurer fails to provide actual notice as required 4142 by this subsection, then the liability of the insurer for losses described in Subsection (1) shall 4143 terminate 45 days from the last date for which premium was received. While the insurer shall 4144 be liable for losses as herein provided, the provisions of this section apply only to apportion the 4145 liability for those losses described and do not operate to extend any insurance contract policy or 4146 coverage beyond its date of termination nor alter or amend provisions thereof. 4147 (4) Despite an employer's collection of premium under Subsection (1), the 4148 responsibility of an insurer to continue to cover the losses covered by the insurance to group 4149 policy certificate holders terminates upon the effective date of notice from the policyholder 4150 that:

4151	(a) coverage of a similar kind and quality has been obtained from another insurer; or
4152	(b) the policyholder is electing to voluntarily terminate the certificate holder's coverage
4153	and has given the employees notice of the termination.
4154	(5) If the insurer is obligated to pay any claims pursuant to the provisions of this
4155	section, the [agent, broker,] licensee or employer who received the premium and failed to
4156	forward it shall be obligated to the insurer for the entire unpaid premium due under the policy
4157	of insurance together with reasonable expenses of suit and reasonable attorney's fees.
4158	(6) If, under an employee health insurance plan, an employee builds up credit for future
4159	coverage because the employee has not used the policy protection, or in some other way, the
4160	insurer is obligated to the employee for that future coverage earned while the policy was in full
4161	effect.
4162	Section 71. Section <b>31A-23a-411</b> is enacted to read:
4163	31A-23a-411. Person's liability if premium received is not forwarded to the
4164	insurer.
4165	(1) A person that knowingly fails to forward to the insurer a premium received from an
4166	applicant, policyholder, or certificate holder has committed insurance fraud under Subsection
4167	<u>31A-31-103(1)(c).</u>
4168	(2) A person that knowingly fails to forward to the insurer a premium collected from or
4169	on behalf of an insured employee under an insured employee benefit plan has committed
4170	insurance fraud under Subsection 31A-31-103(1)(c).
4171	Section 72. Section <b>31A-23a-412</b> , which is renumbered from Section 31A-23-312 is
4172	renumbered and amended to read:
4173	[ <del>31A-23-312</del> ]. <u>31A-23a-412.</u> Place of business and residence address
4174	Records.
4175	(1) (a) All licensees under this chapter shall register with the commissioner the address
4176	and telephone numbers of their principal place of business.
4177	(b) If the licensee is an individual, in addition to complying with Subsection (1)(a) the
4178	individual shall provide to the commissioner the individual's residence address and telephone
4179	number.
4180	(c) A licensee shall notify the commissioner[ <del>, in writing,</del> ] within 30 days of any change
4181	of address or telephone number.

4182	(2) (a) Except as provided under Subsection (3), every licensee under this chapter shall
4183	keep at the principal place of business address registered under Subsection (1), separate and
4184	distinct books and records of all transactions consummated under the Utah license.
4185	(b) The books and records described in Subsection (2)(a) shall:
4186	<ul><li>(i) be in an organized form;</li></ul>
4187	(ii) be available to the commissioner for inspection upon reasonable notice; and
4188	(iii) include all of the following:
4189	(A) if the licensee is [an agent or broker] a producer, limited line producer, consultant,
4190	managing general agent, or reinsurance intermediary:
4191	(I) a record of each insurance contract procured by or issued through the licensee, with
4192	the names of insurers and insureds, the amount of premium and commissions or other
4193	compensation, and the subject of the insurance;
4194	(II) the names of any other producers, limited line producers, consultants, managing
4195	general agents, or [brokers] reinsurance intermediaries from whom business is accepted, and of
4196	persons to whom commissions or allowances of any kind are promised or paid; and
4197	(III) a record of all consumer complaints forwarded to the licensee by an insurance
4198	regulator;
4199	(B) if the licensee is a consultant, a record of each agreement outlining the work
4200	performed and the fee for the work; and
4201	(C) any additional information which:
4202	(I) is customary for a similar business; or
4203	(II) may reasonably be required by the commissioner by rule.
4204	(3) Subsection (2) is satisfied if the books and records specified in Subsection (2) can
4205	be obtained immediately from a central storage place or elsewhere by on-line computer
4206	terminals located at the registered address.
4207	(4) [An agent] A licensee who represents only a single insurer satisfies Subsection (2)
4208	if the insurer maintains the books and records pursuant to Subsection (2) at a place satisfying
4209	Subsections (1) and (5).
4210	(5) (a) The books and records maintained under Subsection (2) or Section
4211	[31A-23-313] 31A-23a-413 shall be available for the inspection of the commissioner during all
4212	business hours for a period of time after the date of the transaction as specified by the

4213	commissioner by rule, but in no case for less than the current calendar year plus three years.
4214	(b) Discarding books and records after the applicable record retention period has
4215	expired does not place the licensee in violation of a later-adopted longer record retention
4216	period.
4217	Section 73. Section <b>31A-23a-413</b> , which is renumbered from Section 31A-23-313 is
4218	renumbered and amended to read:
4219	[ <del>31A-23-313</del> ]. <u>31A-23a-413.</u> Title producer's annual report.
4220	Every title insurance [agent] producer shall annually file with the commissioner, by a
4221	date and in a form the commissioner specifies by rule, a verified statement of the [agent's]
4222	producer's financial condition, transactions, and affairs as of the end of the preceding calendar
4223	year.
4224	Section 74. Section <b>31A-23a-414</b> , which is renumbered from Section 31A-23-314 is
4225	renumbered and amended to read:
4226	[ <del>31A-23-314</del> ]. <u>31A-23a-414.</u> Consultant's duty to report illegal insurance.
4227	Section 31A-15-110 applies to a consultant's duty to report illegal insurance.
4228	Section 75. Section <b>31A-23a-415</b> , which is renumbered from Section 31A-23-315 is
4229	renumbered and amended to read:
4230	[ <del>31A-23-315</del> ]. <u>31A-23a-415.</u> Assessment on title insurance agencies or title
4231	insurers.
4232	(1) For purposes of this section:
4233	(a) "Premium" is as defined in Subsection 59-9-101(3).
4234	(b) "Title insurer" means a person:
4235	(i) making any contract or policy of title insurance as:
4236	(A) insurer;
4237	(B) guarantor; or
4238	(C) surety;
4239	(ii) proposing to make any contract or policy of title insurance as:
4240	(A) insurer;
4241	(B) guarantor; or
4242	(C) surety; or
4243	(iii) transacting or proposing to transact any phase of title insurance, including:

4244	(A) soliciting;
4245	(B) negotiating preliminary to execution;
4246	(C) executing of a contract of title insurance;
4247	(D) insuring; and
4248	(E) transacting matters subsequent to the execution of the contract and arising out of
4249	the contract.
4250	(c) "Utah risks" means insuring, guaranteeing, or indemnifying with regard to real or
4251	personal property located in Utah, an owner of real or personal property, the holders of liens or
4252	encumbrances on that property, or others interested in the property against loss or damage
4253	suffered by reason of:
4254	(i) liens or encumbrances upon, defects in, or the unmarketability of the title to the
4255	property; or
4256	(ii) invalidity or unenforceability of any liens or encumbrances on the property.
4257	(2) (a) Beginning on July 1, 1998, the insurance commissioner may assess each title
4258	insurer and each title insurance agency an annual assessment determined in accordance with
4259	this Subsection (2) to be used for the purposes described in Subsection (3).
4260	(b) A title insurance agency shall be assessed up to:
4261	(i) \$200 for the first office in each county in which the title insurance agency maintains
4262	an office; and
4263	(ii) \$100 for each additional office the title insurance agency maintains in the county
4264	described in Subsection (2)(b)(i).
4265	(c) A title insurer shall be assessed up to:
4266	(i) \$200 for the first office in each county in which the title insurer maintains an office;
4267	(ii) \$100 for each additional office the title insurer maintains in the county described in
4268	Subsection (2)(c)(i); and
4269	(iii) an amount calculated by:
4270	(A) aggregating the assessments imposed on:
4271	(I) title insurance agencies under Subsection (2)(b); and
4272	(II) title insurers under Subsections (2)(c)(i) and (2)(c)(ii);
4273	(B) subtracting the amount determined under Subsection (2)(c)(iii)(A) from the total
4274	costs and expenses determined under Subsection (2)(d); and

4275	(C) multiplying:
4276	(I) the amount calculated under Subsection (2)(c)(iii)(B); and
4277	(II) the percentage of total premiums for title insurance on Utah risk that are premiums
4278	of the title insurer.
4279	(d) Notwithstanding Section 31A-3-103 and in accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a,
4280	Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the department by rule shall establish the amount of
4281	costs and expenses described under Subsection (3) that will be covered by the assessment,
4282	except the costs or expenses to be covered by the assessment may not exceed \$75,000 annually.
4283	(3) All money received by the state under this section:
4284	(a) shall be deposited in the General Fund as a dedicated credit of the department; and
4285	(b) may be expended by the department only to pay for any cost or expense incurred by
4286	the department in the administration, investigation, and enforcement of Chapter [23] 23a, Parts
4287	[ <del>III and IV</del> ] <u>4 and 5</u> , related to:
4288	(i) the marketing of title insurance; and
4289	(ii) audits of agencies.
4290	(4) The assessment imposed by this section shall be in addition to any premium
4291	assessment imposed under Subsection 59-9-101(3).
4292	Section 76. Section <b>31A-23a-416</b> , which is renumbered from Section 31A-23-316 is
4293	renumbered and amended to read:
4294	[ <del>31A-23-316</del> ]. <u>31A-23a-416.</u> Solicitations to loan applicants.
4295	(1) (a) A person authorized to engage in insurance activities in this state shall
4296	prominently disclose in writing the information described in Subsection (1)(b) to a person
4297	seeking an extension of credit if:
4298	(i) the person authorized to engage in insurance activities also extends credit directly or
4299	through a subsidiary or an affiliate;
4300	(ii) the person requires a customer to obtain insurance in connection with an extension
4301	of credit; and
4302	(iii) the person offers to the person seeking an extension of credit the line of credit
4303	insurance required in connection with the extension of credit.
4304	(b) The disclosure required by Subsection (1)(a) shall be in a form substantially similar
4305	to the following. "You may obtain insurance required in connection with your extension of

H.B. 374 4306 credit from any insurance [agent, broker,] producer[,] or approved insurer that sells such 4307 insurance. Your choice of insurance provider will not affect our credit decision or your credit 4308 terms." 4309 (c) The person shall make the required disclosure under Subsection (1)(a): 4310 (i) at the time of written application for an extension of credit; or 4311 (ii) if there is no written application, before the closing of the extension of credit. (2) The disclosure required by Subsection (1)(c)(ii) may be in a verbal, electronic, or 4312 4313 other unwritten form if a printed disclosure is included with the first printed statement of terms and conditions of the extension of credit sent to the person seeking the extension of credit. 4314 4315 (3) This section does not apply when: 4316 (a) a person is contacting a person in the course of direct or mass marketing to a group 4317 of persons in a manner that bears no relation to the person's application for an extension of 4318 credit or credit decision: and 4319 (b) an agreement for the extension of credit is changed or extended, if the person who 4320 originally sought the extension of credit is not required to purchase new or additional 4321 insurance. 4322 (4) (a) For purposes of this section, "approved insurer" means an insurer that is 4323 approved to issue insurance related to the extension of credit by the person that extends the 4324 credit. 4325 (b) The commissioner shall make rules establishing standards that govern the approval 4326 under Subsection (4)(a) of an insurer by a person that extends credit. 4327 Section 77. Section **31A-23a-417**, which is renumbered from Section 31A-23-317 is 4328 renumbered and amended to read: 4329 [<del>31A-23-317</del>]. 31A-23a-417. Financial services insurance activities 4330 regulation. 4331 (1) It is the intent of the Legislature that the regulation of insurance activities of any person in this state be based on functional regulation principles established in the 4332

- 4333 Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act of 1999, Pub. L. No. 106-102.
- 4334 (2) The insurance activities of any person in this state shall be functionally regulated by the commissioner subject to Sections 104, 301-308, 501-507, and 509 of the 4335
- 4336 Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act of 1999, Pub. L. No. 106-102.

4337	(3) Under Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
4338	commissioner may adopt rules consistent with Section 104(d) of the Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act
4339	of 1999, Pub. L. No. 106-102, and the functional regulation of insurance activities of any
4340	person otherwise subject to the jurisdiction of the commissioner in this state described in
4341	Subsection (2).
4342	(4) The commissioner shall consult and coordinate with the commissioner of the
4343	Department of Financial Institutions and the director of the Division of Securities for the
4344	purpose of assuring, to the extent possible, that the rules prescribed by the department are
4345	consistent and comparable with federal regulations governing the insurance, banking, and
4346	securities industries.
4347	Section 78. Section <b>31A-23a-501</b> , which is renumbered from Section 31A-23-401 is
4348	renumbered and amended to read:
4349	Part 5. Compensation of Producers and Consultants
4350	[ <del>31A-23-401</del> ]. <u>31A-23a-501.</u> Licensee compensation.
4351	(1) As used in this section:
4352	(a) "Commission compensation" includes funds paid to or credited for the benefit of
4353	[an agent or broker] a licensee from:
4354	(i) <u>commission</u> amounts deducted from insurance premiums on insurance sold by or
4355	placed through the [agent or broker] licensee; or
4356	(ii) <u>commission</u> amounts received from an insurer[ <del>,</del> ] <u>or</u> another [ <del>agent, or a broker,</del>
4357	acting in their professional capacities,] licensee as a result of the sale or placement of
4358	insurance.
4359	(b) (i) "Noncommission compensation" includes all funds paid to or credited for the
4360	benefit of [an agent or broker] a licensee other than commission compensation.
4361	(ii) "Noncommission compensation" does not include charges for pass-through costs
4362	incurred by the licensee in connection with obtaining, placing, or servicing an insurance policy.
4363	(c) "Pass-through costs" include:
4364	(i) costs for copying documents to be submitted to the insurer; and
4365	(ii) bank costs for processing cash or credit card payments.
4366	(2) [(a) Except as provided in Subsection (3), no insurance agent or broker] A licensee
4367	may receive[, for acting as an agent or broker,] from an insured or from a person purchasing an

4368	insurance policy, [compensation other than commission] noncommission compensation if the
4369	noncommission compensation is stated on a separate, written disclosure.
4370	(a) The disclosure shall:
4371	(i) include the signature of the insured or prospective insured acknowledging the
4372	noncommission compensation;
4373	(ii) clearly specify the amount or extent of the noncommission compensation; and
4374	(iii) be provided to the insured or prospective insured before the performance of the
4375	service.
4376	(b) Noncommission compensation shall be:
4377	(i) limited to actual or reasonable expenses incurred for services; and
4378	(ii) uniformly applied to all insureds or prospective insureds in a class or classes of
4379	business or for a specific service or services.
4380	(c) A copy of the signed disclosure must be maintained by any licensee who collects or
4381	receives the noncommission compensation or any portion thereof.
4382	(d) All accounting records relating to noncommission compensation shall be
4383	maintained in a manner that facilitates an audit.
4384	[(b) As used in this section, "acting as an agent or broker" includes the negotiation or
4385	procurement of any insurance contract made or negotiated in this state, and thereafter providing
4386	any other services on account of that insurance contract, including the adjustment of claims
4387	arising from that insurance contract.]
4388	[(3) Subsection (2) does not apply to:]
4389	(3) (a) [a broker's receipt of] A licensee may receive noncommission compensation
4390	when acting as a producer for the insured in connection with the actual sale or placement of
4391	insurance[ <del>, but only if the broker</del> ] <u>if:</u>
4392	(i) the producer and the insured have agreed on the [broker's] producer's
4393	noncommission compensation[ <del>,</del> ]; and
4394	(ii) the [broker] producer has disclosed to the insured the existence and source of [the
4395	commission] any other compensation that accrues to the [broker] producer as a result of the
4396	transaction[, which agreement and].
4397	(b) The disclosure shall [be evidenced by]:
4398	(i) [a written memorandum, signed by the broker and] include the signature of the

4399	insured[, disclosing the existence and source of commission compensation and providing that
4400	the insured will, in addition, pay] or prospective insured acknowledging the noncommission
4401	compensation;

4402 (ii) [an application for insurance, signed by the insured, that specifies] clearly specify
4403 the amount <u>or extent</u> of the [broker's] noncommission compensation and [discloses] the
4404 existence and source of [the commission] any other compensation; [or] and

4405 [(iii) the insured's payment of an invoice from the broker for the noncommission
4406 compensation, which invoice discloses the existence and source of the commission
4407 compensation received by the broker with respect to the transaction;]

4408 (iii) be provided to the insured or prospective insured before the performance of the
4409 service.

4410 (c) The following additional noncommission compensation is authorized:

4411 [(b)] (i) compensation received by [an agent] <u>a producer</u> of a compensated corporate
4412 surety who under procedures approved by a rule or order of the commissioner is paid by surety
4413 bond principal debtors for extra services;

4414 [(c)] (ii) compensation received by an insurance [broker] producer who is also licensed
4415 as a public adjuster under Section 31A-26-203, for services performed for an insured in
4416 connection with a claim adjustment, so long as the [broker] producer does not receive or is not
4417 promised compensation for aiding in the claim adjustment prior to the occurrence of the claim;

4418 [<del>(d)</del>] <u>(iii)</u> compensation received by a consultant as a consulting fee, provided the 4419 consultant complies with the requirements of Section [<del>31A-23-301</del>] <u>31A-23a-401</u>; or

4420 [(e)] (iv) other compensation arrangements approved by the commissioner after a
4421 finding that they do not violate Section [<del>31A-23-301</del>] <u>31A-23a-401</u> and are not harmful to the
4422 public.

(4) This section does not alter the right of any [agent or broker] licensee to recover
from an insured the amount of any premium due for insurance effected by or through that
[agent or broker] licensee or to charge a reasonable rate of interest upon past-due accounts.

4426 (5) This section does not apply to bail bond [agents] producers or bail enforcement
4427 agents as defined in Section 31A-35-102.

4428 Section 79. Section **31A-23a-502**, which is renumbered from Section 31A-23-402 is 4429 renumbered and amended to read:

4430	[ <del>31A-23-402</del> ]. <u>31A-23a-502.</u> Controlled business, except as to title
4431	insurance.
4432	(1) As used in this section, "controlled business" means insurance procured by:
4433	(a) an insurance [agent or broker] producer who is a natural person upon the life,
4434	person, or property of himself, his relative within the second degree by blood or marriage, his
4435	employer, employees, or organization; or
4436	(b) an insurance [agent or broker] producer that is an organization upon its own
4437	property or upon the life, person, or property of its partners, shareholders, directors, or
4438	employees, or their relatives within the second degree by blood or marriage.
4439	(2) No [agent or broker] producer may receive any compensation from an insurer for
4440	effecting insurance upon controlled business unless during the preceding 12 months the [agent
4441	or broker] producer had effected other insurance with aggregate premiums exceeding the
4442	premiums on the controlled business.
4443	(3) This section does not apply to title insurance.
4444	Section 80. Section <b>31A-23a-503</b> , which is renumbered from Section 31A-23-403 is
4445	renumbered and amended to read:
4446	[ <del>31A-23-403</del> ]. <u>31A-23a-503.</u> Controlled business in title insurance.
4447	(1) As used in this section:
4448	(a) "Associate" means any:
4449	(i) business organized for profit in which a [producer of] person who refers title
4450	business is a director, officer, partner, or employee;
4451	(ii) spouse or relative within the second degree by blood or marriage of a [producer of]
4452	person who refers title business, who is a natural person;
4453	(iii) employee of a [producer of] person who refers title business; or
4454	(iv) person with whom a [producer of] person who refers title business or any associate
4455	of that producer has any agreement, arrangement, or understanding, or pursues any course of
4456	conduct, designed to avoid the provisions of this chapter.
4457	(b) "Controlled business" means that portion of the title insurance business of a title
4458	insurer or [agent] producer in this state that is referred to it by all those producers of title
4459	business who have a financial interest in the title insurer or [agent] producer and by all
4460	associates of those producers. Business is referred if there is influence over the selection of the
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- 4461 person with whom the business is placed.
- 4462 (c) "[Producer of] <u>A person who refers</u> title business" includes any person engaged in
  4463 this state in a business of:
- 4464 (i) buying or selling interests in real property;
- 4465 (ii) making loans secured by interests in real property; or

(iii) acting as a representative or employee of a person who buys or sells any interest in
real property or who lends or borrows money with interest as security, other than acting as a
licensed title insurer or [agent] producer doing the business of title insurance.

(d) "Financial interest" means any legal or beneficial interest that together with other
interests entitles the holder to more than 1% of the net profits or net worth of the business in
which the interest is held.

4472 (2) A title insurer or [agent] producer or person having a financial interest in a title 4473 insurer or [agent] producer may not knowingly be a party to or knowingly permit to continue in 4474 any arrangement in which the title insurer, [agent] producer, or person knows or has reason to 4475 believe that any [producer of] person who refers title business has or will have, directly or 4476 indirectly, a financial interest in the title insurer or [agent] producer, if it reasonably appears 4477 that a substantial factor in the [producer's] person who refers title business owning or acquiring 4478 the financial interest is the expected realization of financial profit or gain derived in whole or in 4479 part from controlled business.

4480 (3) A title insurer may not appoint or knowingly continue its authorization of any title
4481 insurance [agent] producer in which the company knows or has reason to believe that any
4482 [producer of] person who refers title business has or will have, directly or indirectly, a financial
4483 interest, if it reasonably appears that a substantial factor in the [producer's] person who refers
4484 title business owning or acquiring the financial interest is the [producer's] person's expected
4485 realization of financial profit or gain derived in whole or part from controlled business.

(4) If for any calendar quarter, the gross operating revenues of a title insurer or [agent]
producer derived from all sources of controlled business in this state amount to more than 1/3
of its gross operating revenues from all other sources of its business of title insurance in this
state, it is presumed that the expected realization of financial profit or gain derived in whole or
in part from controlled business was a substantial factor in the ownership of financial interest
in the title insurer or [agent by producers] producer. The title insurer or [agent] producer has

- the burden of overcoming this presumption. Subsection (4) does not authorize any controlledbusiness if a violation of the standards set forth in Subsection (2) or (3) exists.
- 4494 (5) No title insurance company or [agent] producer may accept any order for the
  4495 business of title insurance that it knows or has reason to believe constitutes controlled business,
  4496 unless it records and maintains in its permanent records on forms prescribed by the
  4497 commissioner the facts relating to the transactions.
- (6) An applicant for qualification as a title insurance company or [agent] producer may
  not be granted a license if it reasonably appears that the expected realization of financial profit
  or gain to be derived in whole or in part from controlled business is or will be a substantial
  factor in the applicant's plan of operation or in the ownership or acquisition of financial
  interests in the applicant by any [producers of] person who refers title business.
- 4503 (7) Each title insurer and [agent] producer shall maintain permanent records relating to
  4504 its controlled business on forms prescribed by the commissioner.
- 4505 (8) (a) Each title insurer and [agent] producer shall file annually with the
  4506 commissioner, on forms prescribed by the commissioner, reports setting forth:
- 4507 (i) the names and addresses of any persons owning a financial interest in the title
  4508 insurer or [agent] producer as of the last day of the calendar year, who are known or reasonably
  4509 believed by the title insurance company or [agent] producer to be [producers of] a person who
  4510 refers title business; and
- 4511 (ii) a summary compiled from the title insurer's or [agent's] producer's records of the
  4512 controlled business, sufficient to inform the commissioner as to the proportion of the title
  4513 insurer's or [agent's] producer's gross operating revenues attributable to controlled business
  4514 during the preceding calendar year.
- (b) The reports shall be filed with the reports required under Section [31A-23-313]
  31A-23a-413 and shall contain the certification of an officer of the title insurer or [agent]
  producer that the information contained in them is true to the best of the officer's knowledge,
  information, and belief. Upon filing, the reports are public records.
- 4519 (9) An attorney who is also a licensed title insurance [agent] producer and who issues
  4520 as [agent] producer a policy of title insurance to a client on behalf of whom the attorney is also
  4521 acting as an attorney and who, in so doing, acts consistently with the applicable ethical
  4522 standards of the Utah State Bar pertaining to the billing and receipt of legal fees and the receipt

4523 of a commission on a policy of title insurance is not, without more, considered to be engaged in4524 controlled business.

4525 Section 81. Section **31A-23a-504**, which is renumbered from Section 31A-23-404 is 4526 renumbered and amended to read:

4527

# [<del>31A-23-404</del>]. <u>31A-23a-504.</u> Sharing commissions.

(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection 31A-15-103(3), a licensee under this chapter
or an insurer may only pay consideration or reimburse out-of-pocket expenses to a person if the
licensee knows that the person is licensed under this chapter to act as [an agent or broker] a
producer, limited line producer, customer service representative, consultant, managing general
agent, or reinsurance intermediary in Utah as to the particular type of insurance.

(b) A person may only accept commission compensation or other compensation as [an]
a producer, limited line producer, customer service representative, consultant, managing
general agent, [broker, or consultant] or reinsurance intermediary that is directly or indirectly
the result of any insurance transaction if that person is licensed under this chapter to act as [an]
a producer, limited line producer, customer service representative, consultant, managing
a producer, limited line producer, customer service representative, consultant, managing
a producer, limited line producer, customer service representative, consultant, managing
general agent, or [broker] reinsurance intermediary as to the particular type of insurance.

4539 (2) (a) Except as provided in Section [31A-23-301] 31A-23a-501, a consultant may not
4540 pay or receive any commission or other compensation that is directly or indirectly the result of
4541 any insurance transaction.

(b) A consultant may share a consultant fee or other compensation received for
consulting services performed within Utah only with another consultant licensed under this
chapter, and only to the extent that the other consultant contributed to the services performed.

4545 (3) This section does not prohibit the payment of renewal commissions to former
4546 licensees under this chapter, former Title 31, Chapter 17, or their successors in interest under a
4547 deferred compensation or agency sales agreement.

4548 (4) This section does not prohibit compensation paid to or received by [an individual] <u>a</u>
4549 <u>person</u> for referral of a potential customer that seeks to purchase or obtain an opinion or advice
4550 on an insurance product if:

- 4551
- (a) the person is not licensed to sell insurance;
- 4552 (b) the person sells or provides opinions or advice on the product; and
- 4553 (c) the compensation does not depend on whether the referral results in a purchase or

4554	sale.
4555	(5) In selling any policy of title insurance, no sharing of commissions under Subsection
4556	(1) may occur if it will result in an unlawful rebate, or in compensation in connection with
4557	controlled business, or in payment of a forwarding fee or finder's fee. A person may share
4558	compensation for the issuance of a title insurance policy only to the extent that he contributed
4559	to the search and examination of the title or other services connected with it.
4560	(6) This section does not apply to bail bond [agents] producers or bail enforcement
4561	agents as defined in Section 31A-35-102.
4562	Section 82. Section <b>31A-23a-505</b> , which is renumbered from Section 31A-23-406 is
4563	renumbered and amended to read:
4564	[ <del>31A-23-406</del> ]. <u>31A-23a-505.</u> Benefit plans for producers.
4565	An authorized insurer may establish retirement, insurance, and other benefit plans for
4566	[agents] producers on a basis approved by the commissioner.
4567	Section 83. Section <b>31A-23a-601</b> , which is renumbered from Section 31A-23-501 is
4568	renumbered and amended to read:
4569	Part 6. Managing General Agents
4570	[ <del>31A-23-501</del> ]. <u>31A-23a-601.</u> Licensure.
4571	(1) A person, firm, association, or corporation may not act in the capacity of managing
4572	general agent with respect to risks located in this state for an insurer licensed in this state
4573	unless the person is a licensed producer in this state.
4574	(2) A person, firm, association, or corporation may not act in the capacity of a
4575	managing general agent representing an insurer domiciled in this state with respect to risks
4576	located outside this state unless the person is licensed as a producer in this state pursuant to this
4577	chapter. The license may be a nonresident license.
4578	(3) The commissioner may require a bond in an amount he finds acceptable for the
4579	protection of each insurer represented.
4580	(4) The commissioner may require the managing general agent to maintain an errors
4581	and omissions policy or other security acceptable to the commissioner.
4582	Section 84. Section <b>31A-23a-602</b> , which is renumbered from Section 31A-23-502 is
4583	renumbered and amended to read:
4584	[ <del>31A-23-502</del> ]. <u>31A-23a-602.</u> Required contract provisions.

4585 A person, firm, association, or corporation acting in the capacity of a managing general 4586 agent may not place business with an insurer unless there is in force a written contract between 4587 the parties which sets forth the responsibilities of each party, and where both parties share 4588 responsibility for a particular function, the contract specifies the division of shared 4589 responsibilities. The written contract shall contain the following minimum provisions:

- 4590 (1) The insurer may terminate the contract for cause upon written notice to the 4591 managing general agent. The insurer may suspend the underwriting authority of the managing 4592 general agent during the pendency of any dispute regarding the cause for termination.
- 4593 (2) The managing general agent will render accounts to the insurer detailing all 4594 transactions and remit all funds due under the contract to the insurer at least monthly.
- 4595 (3) All funds collected for the account of an insurer will be held by the managing 4596 general agent in a fiduciary capacity in a bank which is insured by the FDIC. This account shall be used for all payments on behalf of the insurer. The managing general agent may retain 4597 4598 no more than three months estimated claims payments and allocated loss adjustment expenses.
- 4599 (4) Separate records of business written by the managing general agent shall be 4600 maintained. The insurer shall have access and the right to copy all accounts and records related 4601 to its business and shall have access to all books, bank accounts, and records of the managing 4602 general agent. The records shall be retained according to Section [31A-23-312] 31A-23a-412 4603 and shall be kept in a form usable by the insurer and the commissioner.
- 4604

(5) The contract may not be assigned in whole or part by the managing general agent. (6) The insurer shall have the right to cancel or nonrenew any policy of insurance 4605 4606 subject to the applicable laws and rules. The contract shall contain appropriate underwriting 4607 guidelines including:

4608 (a) the maximum annual premium volume; 4609 (b) the basis of the rates to be charged; 4610 (c) the types of risks which may be written; 4611 (d) maximum limits of liability; (e) applicable exclusions; 4612 4613 (f) territorial limitations; 4614 (g) policy cancellation provisions; and (h) the maximum policy period. 4615

- 4616 (7) If the contract permits the managing general agent to settle claims on behalf of the 4617 insurer: (a) All claims must be reported to the company in a timely manner. 4618 4619 (b) A copy of the claim file shall be sent to the insurer at its request, or as soon as it 4620 becomes known that the claim: 4621 (i) has the potential to exceed the lesser of an amount determined by the commissioner 4622 or the limit set by the company: 4623 (ii) involves a coverage dispute; 4624 (iii) may exceed the managing general agent's claims settlement authority; 4625 (iv) is open for more than six months; or (v) is closed by payment the lesser of an amount set by the commissioner or an amount 4626 4627 set by the company. (c) All claim files will be the joint property of the insurer and managing general agent. 4628 4629 However, upon an order of liquidation of the insurer, the files become the sole property of the insurer or its estate. The managing general agent shall have reasonable access to and the right 4630 4631 to copy the files on a timely basis. 4632 (d) Any settlement authority granted to the managing general agent may be terminated 4633 for cause upon the insurer's written notice to the managing general agent or upon the 4634 termination of the contract. The insurer may suspend the settlement authority during the 4635 pendency of any dispute regarding the cause for termination. (8) Where electronic claims files are in existence, the contract must address the timely 4636 4637 transmission of the data. (9) If the contract provides for a sharing of interim profits by the managing general 4638 4639 agent, and the managing general agent has the authority to determine the amount of the interim 4640 profits by establishing loss reserves, controlling claim payments, or in any other manner, 4641 interim profits may not be paid to the managing general agent until one year after they are 4642 earned for property insurance business, and five years after they are earned on casualty 4643 business, but not until the profits have been verified by a review conducted pursuant to Section
- 4644 [<del>31A-23-503</del>] <u>31A-23a-603</u>.
- 4645
- (10) The managing general agent may not:

4646 (a) bind reinsurance or retrocessions on behalf of the insurer, except that the managing

4647 general agent may bind facultative reinsurance contracts pursuant to obligatory facultative 4648 agreements if the contract with the insurer contains reinsurance underwriting guidelines 4649 including, for both reinsurance assumed and ceded, a list of reinsurers with which the 4650 automatic agreements are in effect, the coverages and amounts or percentages that may be 4651 reinsured, and commission schedules; 4652 (b) commit the insurer to participate in insurance or reinsurance syndicates; (c) appoint any producer without assuring that the producer is lawfully licensed to 4653 4654 transact the type of insurance for which he is appointed: (d) without prior approval of the insurer, pay or commit the insurer to pay a claim over 4655 4656 a specified amount, net of reinsurance, which shall not exceed 1% of the insurer's 4657 policyholder's surplus as of December 31 of the last completed calendar year; (e) collect any payment from a reinsurer or commit the insurer to any claim settlement 4658 with a reinsurer without prior approval of the insurer; if prior approval is given, a report must 4659 4660 be promptly forwarded to the insurer; 4661 (f) permit its subproducer to serve on the insurer's board of directors; (g) jointly employ an individual who is employed with the insurer; or 4662 (h) appoint a submanaging general agent. 4663 Section 85. Section **31A-23a-603**, which is renumbered from Section 31A-23-503 is 4664 4665 renumbered and amended to read: 31A-23a-603. Duties of insurers. 4666 [<del>31A-23-503</del>]. (1) The insurer shall have on file an independent financial examination, in a form 4667 acceptable to the commissioner, of each managing general agent with which the insurer has 4668 4669 done business. 4670 (2) (a) If a managing general agent establishes loss reserves, the insurer shall annually 4671 obtain the opinion of an actuary attesting to the adequacy of loss reserves established for losses 4672 incurred and outstanding on business produced by the managing general agent. (b) The requirement of Subsection (2)(a) is in addition to any other required loss 4673 4674 reserve certification. 4675 (3) The insurer shall at least semiannually conduct an on-site review of the underwriting and claims processing operations of the managing general agent. 4676 4677 (4) Binding authority for all reinsurance contracts or participation in insurance or

4678	reinsurance syndicates shall rest with an officer of the insurer, who may not be affiliated with
4679	the managing general agent.
4680	(5) (a) Within 30 days after entering into or terminating a contract with a managing
4681	general agent, the insurer shall provide written notification of the appointment or termination to
4682	the commissioner.
4683	(b) A notice of appointment of a managing general agent shall include:
4684	(i) a statement of duties that the applicant is expected to perform on behalf of the
4685	insurer;
4686	(ii) the lines of insurance for which the applicant is to be authorized to act; and
4687	(iii) any other information the commissioner may request.
4688	(6) (a) An insurer shall review the insurer's books and records each quarter to
4689	determine if any producer, as defined in Section [31A-23-102] 31A-1-301, has become a
4690	managing general agent as defined in Section [31A-23-102] 31A-23a-102.
4691	(b) If the insurer determines that a producer has become a managing general agent:
4692	(i) the insurer shall promptly notify the producer and the commissioner of the
4693	determination; and
4694	(ii) the insurer and producer shall fully comply with the provisions of this chapter
4695	within 30 days.
4696	(7) (a) An insurer may not appoint officers, directors, employees, subproducers, or
4697	controlling shareholders of the insurer's managing general agents to the insurer's board of
4698	directors.
4699	(b) This Subsection (7) does not apply to relationships governed by:
4700	(i) Chapter 16, Insurance Holding Companies; or
4701	(ii) Chapter [23] 23a, Part [6, Broker] 7, Producer Controlled Insurers, if it applies.
4702	Section 86. Section <b>31A-23a-604</b> , which is renumbered from Section 31A-23-504 is
4703	renumbered and amended to read:
4704	[ <del>31A-23-504</del> ]. <u>31A-23a-604.</u> Examination authority.
4705	The acts of the managing general agent are considered to be the acts of the insurer on
4706	whose behalf it is acting. A managing general agent may be examined as if it were the insurer.
4707	Section 87. Section <b>31A-23a-605</b> , which is renumbered from Section 31A-23-505 is
4708	renumbered and amended to read:

4709	[ <del>31A-23-505</del> ]. <u>31A-23a-605.</u> Penalties and liabilities.
4710	(1) If the commissioner finds after a hearing that any person has violated any provision
4711	of this part, the commissioner may order:
4712	(a) for each separate violation, a penalty in an amount of \$5,000;
4713	(b) revocation or suspension of the producer's license; and
4714	(c) the managing general agent to reimburse the insurer, the rehabilitator, or liquidator
4715	of the insurer for any losses incurred by the insurer caused by the managing general agent's
4716	violation.
4717	(2) Nothing contained in this section affects the right of the commissioner to impose
4718	any other penalties provided for in this title.
4719	(3) Nothing contained in this part is intended to, or in any manner limits or restricts the
4720	rights of policyholders, claimants, and auditors.
4721	Section 88. Section <b>31A-23a-701</b> , which is renumbered from Section 31A-23-601 is
4722	renumbered and amended to read:
4723	Part 7. Producer Controlled Insurers
4724	[ <del>31A-23-601</del> ]. <u>31A-23a-701.</u> Applicability.
4725	(1) This part applies to licensed insurers, as defined in Section [31A-23-102]
4726	<u>31A-23a-102</u> , that are domiciled:
4727	(a) in this state; or
4728	(b) in a state that does not have a substantially similar law.
4729	(2) All provisions of Chapter 16, Insurance Holding Companies, to the extent they are
4730	not superseded by this part, continue to apply to all parties within holding company systems
4731	subject to this part.
4732	Section 89. Section <b>31A-23a-702</b> , which is renumbered from Section 31A-23-602 is
4733	renumbered and amended to read:
4734	[ <del>31A-23-602</del> ]. <u>31A-23a-702.</u> Minimum standards.
4735	(1) This section applies if, in any calendar year, the aggregate amount of gross written
4736	premium on business placed with a controlled insurer by a controlling [broker] producer is
4737	equal to or greater than 5% of the admitted assets of the controlled insurer, as reported in the
4738	controlled insurer's quarterly statement filed as of September 30 of the prior year.
4739	(2) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), this section does not apply if:

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(a) the controlling [broker] producer places insurance only with the controlled insurer,
or only with the controlled insurer and members of the controlled insurer's holding company
system, or with the controlled insurer's parent, affiliate, or subsidiary and receives no
compensation based upon the amount of premiums written in connection with the insurance
placed;

(b) the controlling [broker] producer accepts insurance placements only from
nonaffiliated [subbrokers] producers who are not controlling producers, and not directly from
insureds; and

4748 (c) the controlled insurer, except for insurance business written through a residual
4749 market facility, accepts insurance business only from a controlling [broker] producer, a
4750 [broker] producer controlled by the controlled insurer, or a [broker] producer that is a
4751 subsidiary of the controlled insurer.

4752 (3) A controlled insurer may not accept business from a controlling [broker] producer
4753 and a controlling [broker] producer may not place business with a controlled insurer unless
4754 there is a written contract between the controlling [broker] producer and the insurer that
4755 specifies the responsibilities of each party and that has been approved by the board of directors
4756 of the insurer. The contract shall contain the following minimum provisions:

(a) The controlled insurer may terminate the contract for cause, upon written notice to
the controlling [broker] producer. The controlled insurer shall suspend the authority of the
controlling [broker] producer to write business during the pendency of any dispute regarding
the cause for the termination.

4761 (b) The controlling [broker] producer shall render accounts to the controlled insurer
4762 detailing all material transactions, including information necessary to support all commissions,
4763 charges, and other fees received by, or owing to, the controlling [broker] producer.

(c) The controlling [broker] producer shall remit all funds due under the terms of the
contract to the controlled insurer at least monthly. The due date shall be fixed so that
premiums or premium installments collected shall be remitted no later than 90 days after the
effective date of any policy placed with the controlled insurer under the contract.

4768 (d) All funds collected for the controlled insurer's account shall be held by the
4769 controlling [broker] producer in a fiduciary capacity, in one or more appropriately identified
4770 bank accounts in banks that are members of the Federal Reserve System FDIC, in accordance

with applicable provisions of this title. However, funds of a controlling [broker] producer not
required to be licensed in this state shall be maintained in compliance with the requirements of
the controlling [broker's] producer's domiciliary jurisdiction.

4774 (e) The controlling [broker] producer shall maintain separately identifiable records of
4775 business written for the controlled insurer.

4776 (f) The contract may not be assigned in whole or in part by the controlling [broker]
4777 producer.

(g) The controlled insurer shall provide the controlling [broker] producer with its
underwriting standards, rules, procedures, and manuals setting forth the rates to be charged,
and the conditions for the acceptance or rejection of risks. The controlling [broker] producer
shall adhere to the standards, rules, procedures, rates, and conditions. The standards, rules,
procedures, rates, and conditions shall be the same as those applicable to comparable business
placed with the controlled insurer by a [broker] producer other than the controlling [broker]
producer.

4785 (h) The contract shall state the rates and terms of the controlling [broker's] producer's 4786 commissions, charges, or other fees and the purposes for those charges or fees. The rates of the 4787 commissions, charges, and other fees may not be greater than those applicable to comparable 4788 business and services placed with the controlled insurer by [brokers] producers other than 4789 controlling [brokers] producers. For purposes of [this] Subsections [and Subsection (g)] (3)(g)4790 and (h), examples of "comparable business and services" include the same lines of insurance, 4791 same kinds of insurance, same kinds of risks, similar policy limits, and similar quality of business. 4792

(i) If the contract provides that the controlling [broker] producer, on insurance business
placed with the insurer, is to be compensated contingent upon the insurer's profits on that
business, then the compensation may not be determined and paid until at least five years after
the premiums on liability insurance are earned, and at least one year after the premiums are
earned on any other insurance. In no event may the commissions be paid until the adequacy of
the controlled insurer's reserves on remaining claims has been independently verified pursuant
to Subsection [(3)] (5).

(j) The contract shall include a limit on the controlling [broker's] producer's writings in
relation to the controlled insurer's surplus and total writings. The insurer may establish a

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different limit to each line or subline of business. The controlled insurer shall notify the
controlling [broker] producer when the applicable limit is approached and shall not accept
business from the controlling [broker] producer if the limit is reached. The controlling [broker]
producer may not place business with the controlled insurer if it has been notified by the
controlled insurer that the limit has been reached.

(k) The controlling [broker] producer may negotiate but may not bind reinsurance on
behalf of the controlled insurer on business the controlling [broker] producer places with the
controlled insurer. However, the controlling [broker] producer may bind facultative
reinsurance contracts pursuant to obligatory facultative agreements if the contract with the
controlled insurer contains underwriting guidelines including, for both reinsurance assumed
and ceded, a list of reinsurers with which the automatic agreements are in effect, the coverages
and amounts or percentages that may be reinsured, and commission schedules.

4814 (4) Each controlled insurer shall have an audit committee of the board of directors.
4815 The audit committee shall annually meet to review the adequacy of the insurer's loss reserves.
4816 The committee shall meet with management, the insurer's independent certified public
4817 accountants, and an independent casualty actuary or any other independent loss reserve
4818 specialists acceptable to the commissioner.

(5) (a) In addition to any other required loss reserve certification, the controlled insurer shall file with the commissioner on April 1 of each year an opinion of an independent casualty actuary, or any other independent loss reserve specialist acceptable to the commissioner. The opinion shall report loss ratios for each line of business written and shall attest to the adequacy of loss reserves established for losses incurred and outstanding as of year-end on business placed by the producer including losses incurred but not reported.

(b) The controlled insurer shall annually report to the commissioner the amount of
commissions paid to the [broker] producer, the percentage that amount represents of the net
premiums written, and comparable amounts and percentage paid to noncontrolling [brokers]
producers for placements of the same kinds of insurance.

4829 Section 90. Section **31A-23a-703**, which is renumbered from Section 31A-23-603 is 4830 renumbered and amended to read:

4831

#### [<del>31A-23-603</del>]. <u>31A-23a-703.</u> Disclosure.

4832 The [broker] producer, prior to the effective date of the policy, shall deliver written

notice to the prospective insured disclosing the relationship between the [broker] producer and
the controlled insurer. However, if the business is placed through a [sub-broker] producer who
is not a controlling [broker] producer, the controlling [broker] producer shall retain in his
records a signed commitment from the [sub-broker] noncontrolling producer that the
[sub-broker] noncontrolling producer is aware of the relationship between the insurer and the
[broker] producer and that the [sub-broker] noncontrolling producer has, or will, notify the
insured.

4840 Section 91. Section **31A-23a-704**, which is renumbered from Section 31A-23-604 is 4841 renumbered and amended to read:

4842

#### [<del>31A-23-604</del>].

#### ]. <u>31A-23a-704.</u> Penalties.

(1) (a) If, after notice and opportunity to be heard, the commissioner finds that the
controlling [broker] producer or any other person has not materially complied with this part, or
any rule made or order issued under the part, the commissioner may order the controlling
[broker] producer to cease placing business with the controlled insurer.

(b) If the commissioner finds that because of the material noncompliance that the
controlled insurer or any policyholder of the controlled insurer has suffered any loss or damage,
the commissioner may maintain a civil action or may intervene in an action brought by or on
behalf of the insurer or policyholder for recovery of compensatory damages for the benefit of
the insurer or policyholder or he may seek other appropriate relief.

(2) If an order for liquidation or rehabilitation of the controlled insurer has been
entered pursuant to Title 31A, Chapter 27, Insurers Rehabilitation and Liquidation, and the
receiver appointed under that order believes that the controlling [broker] producer or any other
person has not materially complied with this part, or any rule made or order issued under this
part, and the insurer suffered any loss or damage as a result of the noncompliance, the receiver
may maintain a civil action for recovery of damages or other appropriate sanctions for the
benefit of the insurer.

4859 (3) Nothing in this section affects the right of the commissioner to impose any other4860 penalties provided for in this title.

4861 (4) Nothing contained in this section is intended to or shall in any manner alter or4862 affect the rights of policyholders, claimants, creditors, or other third parties.

4863 Section 92. Section **31A-23a-801**, which is renumbered from Section 31A-23-701 is

4864	renumbered and amended to read:
4865	Part 8. Reinsurance Intermediaries
4866	[ <del>31A-23-701</del> ]. <u>31A-23a-801.</u> Licensure.
4867	(1) A person, firm, association, or corporation may not act as a reinsurance
4868	intermediary-broker in this state if the reinsurance intermediary-broker maintains an office
4869	either directly or as a member or employee of a firm or association, or an officer, director, or
4870	employee of a corporation unless:
4871	(a) in this state, the reinsurance intermediary-broker is a licensed producer in this state;
4872	or
4873	(b) in another state, the reinsurance intermediary-broker is a licensed producer in this
4874	state or another state having a licensing law substantially similar to this part, or the reinsurance
4875	intermediary-broker is licensed in this state as a nonresident reinsurance intermediary.
4876	(2) A person, firm, association, or corporation may not act as a reinsurance
4877	intermediary-manager:
4878	(a) for a reinsurer domiciled in this state, unless the reinsurance intermediary-manager
4879	is a licensed producer in this state;
4880	(b) in this state, if the reinsurance intermediary-manager maintains an office either
4881	directly or as a member or employee of a firm or association, or as an officer, director, or
4882	employee of a corporation in this state, unless the reinsurance intermediary-manager is a
4883	licensed producer in this state; or
4884	(c) in another state for a nondomestic insurer, unless the reinsurance
4885	intermediary-manager is a licensed producer in this state or another state having a licensing law
4886	substantially similar to this chapter, or the person is licensed in this state as a nonresident
4887	reinsurance intermediary.
4888	(3) The commissioner may require a bond in an amount he finds acceptable for the
4889	protection of each reinsurer represented.
4890	(4) (a) The commissioner may issue a reinsurance intermediary license to any person,
4891	firm, association, or corporation which has complied with the requirements of this chapter.
4892	(i) Any license issued to a firm or association will authorize all the members of the
4893	firm or association, and any designated employees, to act as reinsurance intermediaries under
4894	the license. Each member, employee, or similar person shall be named in the application and

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4895 any supplements to the application.

(ii) Any license issued to a corporation shall authorize all of the officers, directors, and
any designated employees to act as reinsurance intermediaries on behalf of the corporation, and
all authorized persons shall be named in the application and any supplements to the
application.

4900 (b) If the applicant for a reinsurance intermediary license is a nonresident, the 4901 applicant, as a condition precedent to receiving or holding a license, shall designate the 4902 commissioner as agent for service of process in the manner, and with the same legal effect. 4903 provided for by this title for designation of service of process upon unauthorized insurers. The 4904 applicant also shall furnish the commissioner with the name and address of a resident of this 4905 state upon whom notices or orders of the commissioner or process affecting the nonresident 4906 reinsurance intermediary may be served. The licensee shall promptly notify the commissioner 4907 in writing of every change in its designated agent for service of process, and the change does 4908 not become effective until acknowledged by the commissioner.

4909 (5) The commissioner may refuse to issue a reinsurance intermediary license if he 4910 determines that the applicant, any one named on the application, or any member, principal, officer, or director of the applicant, is not trustworthy, or that any controlling person of the 4911 4912 applicant is not trustworthy to act as a reinsurance intermediary, or that any of the persons 4913 named has given cause for revocation or suspension of the license, or has failed to comply with 4914 any prerequisite for the issuance of the license. Upon written request the commissioner will 4915 furnish a summary of the basis for his refusal to issue a license. The summary document shall 4916 be confidential.

4917 (6) Licensed attorneys-at-law of this state when acting in their professional capacity as4918 attorneys are exempt from this section.

4919 Section 93. Section 31A-23a-802, which is renumbered from Section 31A-23-702 is
4920 renumbered and amended to read:

4921 [31A-23-702]. <u>31A-23a-802.</u> Required contract provisions -- Reinsurance
4922 intermediary-broker.

4923 Transactions between a reinsurance intermediary-broker and the insurer it represents in 4924 that capacity may only be entered into pursuant to a written authorization, which specifies the 4925 responsibilities of each party. The authorization shall, at a minimum, provide that the

4926	reinsurance intermediary-broker:
4927	(1) may have his authority terminated by the insurer at any time;
4928	(2) will render accounts to the insurer accurately detailing all material transactions,
4929	including information necessary to support all commissions, charges and other fees received
4930	by, or owing to the reinsurance intermediary-broker, and that he will remit all funds due to the
4931	insurer within 30 days of receipt;
4932	(3) shall hold, in a fiduciary capacity, all funds collected for the insurer's account in a
4933	[bank] financial institution, which is a qualified United States financial institution;
4934	(4) will comply with Section [ <del>31A-23-703</del> ] <u>31A-23a-803;</u>
4935	(5) will comply with the written standards established by the insurer for the cession or
4936	retrocession of all risks; and
4937	(6) will disclose to the insurer any relationship with any reinsurer to which business
4938	will be ceded or retroceded.
4939	Section 94. Section <b>31A-23a-803</b> , which is renumbered from Section 31A-23-703 is
4940	renumbered and amended to read:
4941	[ <del>31A-23-703</del> ]. <u>31A-23a-803.</u> Books and records Reinsurance
7771	
4942	intermediary-broker.
4942	intermediary-broker.
4942 4943	intermediary-broker. (1) For at least ten years after expiration of each contract of reinsurance transacted by
4942 4943 4944	intermediary-broker. (1) For at least ten years after expiration of each contract of reinsurance transacted by the reinsurance intermediary-broker, he will keep a complete record for each transaction
4942 4943 4944 4945	intermediary-broker. (1) For at least ten years after expiration of each contract of reinsurance transacted by the reinsurance intermediary-broker, he will keep a complete record for each transaction showing:
4942 4943 4944 4945 4946	<ul> <li>intermediary-broker.</li> <li>(1) For at least ten years after expiration of each contract of reinsurance transacted by the reinsurance intermediary-broker, he will keep a complete record for each transaction showing:</li> <li>(a) the type of contract, limits, underwriting restrictions, classes or risks, and territory;</li> </ul>
4942 4943 4944 4945 4946 4947	<ul> <li>intermediary-broker.</li> <li>(1) For at least ten years after expiration of each contract of reinsurance transacted by the reinsurance intermediary-broker, he will keep a complete record for each transaction showing:</li> <li>(a) the type of contract, limits, underwriting restrictions, classes or risks, and territory;</li> <li>(b) the period of coverage, including the effective and expiration dates, cancellation</li> </ul>
4942 4943 4944 4945 4946 4947 4948	<ul> <li>intermediary-broker.</li> <li>(1) For at least ten years after expiration of each contract of reinsurance transacted by the reinsurance intermediary-broker, he will keep a complete record for each transaction showing: <ul> <li>(a) the type of contract, limits, underwriting restrictions, classes or risks, and territory;</li> <li>(b) the period of coverage, including the effective and expiration dates, cancellation provisions, and notice required of cancellation;</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
4942 4943 4944 4945 4946 4947 4948 4949	<ul> <li>intermediary-broker.</li> <li>(1) For at least ten years after expiration of each contract of reinsurance transacted by the reinsurance intermediary-broker, he will keep a complete record for each transaction showing: <ul> <li>(a) the type of contract, limits, underwriting restrictions, classes or risks, and territory;</li> <li>(b) the period of coverage, including the effective and expiration dates, cancellation provisions, and notice required of cancellation;</li> <li>(c) reporting and settlement requirements of balances;</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
4942 4943 4944 4945 4946 4947 4948 4949 4950	<ul> <li>intermediary-broker.</li> <li>(1) For at least ten years after expiration of each contract of reinsurance transacted by the reinsurance intermediary-broker, he will keep a complete record for each transaction showing: <ul> <li>(a) the type of contract, limits, underwriting restrictions, classes or risks, and territory;</li> <li>(b) the period of coverage, including the effective and expiration dates, cancellation provisions, and notice required of cancellation;</li> <li>(c) reporting and settlement requirements of balances;</li> <li>(d) the rate used to compute the reinsurance premium;</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
4942 4943 4944 4945 4946 4947 4948 4949 4950 4951	<ul> <li>intermediary-broker.</li> <li>(1) For at least ten years after expiration of each contract of reinsurance transacted by the reinsurance intermediary-broker, he will keep a complete record for each transaction showing: <ul> <li>(a) the type of contract, limits, underwriting restrictions, classes or risks, and territory;</li> <li>(b) the period of coverage, including the effective and expiration dates, cancellation provisions, and notice required of cancellation;</li> <li>(c) reporting and settlement requirements of balances;</li> <li>(d) the rate used to compute the reinsurance premium;</li> <li>(e) the names and addresses of assuming reinsurers;</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
4942 4943 4944 4945 4946 4947 4948 4949 4950 4951 4952	<ul> <li>intermediary-broker.</li> <li>(1) For at least ten years after expiration of each contract of reinsurance transacted by the reinsurance intermediary-broker, he will keep a complete record for each transaction showing: <ul> <li>(a) the type of contract, limits, underwriting restrictions, classes or risks, and territory;</li> <li>(b) the period of coverage, including the effective and expiration dates, cancellation provisions, and notice required of cancellation;</li> <li>(c) reporting and settlement requirements of balances;</li> <li>(d) the rate used to compute the reinsurance premium;</li> <li>(e) the names and addresses of assuming reinsurers;</li> <li>(f) the rates of all reinsurance commissions, including the commissions on any</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
4942 4943 4944 4945 4946 4947 4948 4949 4950 4951 4952 4953	<ul> <li>intermediary-broker.</li> <li>(1) For at least ten years after expiration of each contract of reinsurance transacted by the reinsurance intermediary-broker, he will keep a complete record for each transaction showing: <ul> <li>(a) the type of contract, limits, underwriting restrictions, classes or risks, and territory;</li> <li>(b) the period of coverage, including the effective and expiration dates, cancellation provisions, and notice required of cancellation;</li> <li>(c) reporting and settlement requirements of balances;</li> <li>(d) the rate used to compute the reinsurance premium;</li> <li>(e) the names and addresses of assuming reinsurers;</li> <li>(f) the rates of all reinsurance commissions, including the commissions on any retrocessions handled by the reinsurance intermediary-broker;</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
4942 4943 4944 4945 4946 4947 4948 4949 4950 4951 4952 4953 4954	<ul> <li>intermediary-broker.</li> <li>(1) For at least ten years after expiration of each contract of reinsurance transacted by the reinsurance intermediary-broker, he will keep a complete record for each transaction showing: <ul> <li>(a) the type of contract, limits, underwriting restrictions, classes or risks, and territory;</li> <li>(b) the period of coverage, including the effective and expiration dates, cancellation provisions, and notice required of cancellation;</li> <li>(c) reporting and settlement requirements of balances;</li> <li>(d) the rate used to compute the reinsurance premium;</li> <li>(e) the names and addresses of assuming reinsurers;</li> <li>(f) the rates of all reinsurance commissions, including the commissions on any retrocessions handled by the reinsurance intermediary-broker;</li> <li>(g) related correspondence and memoranda;</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

4957	including the identity of retrocessionaires and percentage of each contract assumed or ceded;
4958	(j) financial records including premium and loss accounts; and
4959	(k) when the reinsurance intermediary-broker procures a reinsurance contract on behalf
4960	of a licensed ceding insurer:
4961	(i) directly from any assuming reinsurer, written evidence that the assuming reinsurer
4962	has agreed to assume the risk; or
4963	(ii) if placed through a representative of the assuming reinsurer, other than an
4964	employee, written evidence that the reinsurer has delegated binding authority to the
4965	representative.
4966	(2) The insurer will have access and the right to copy and audit all accounts and
4967	records maintained by the reinsurance intermediary-broker related to its business in a form
4968	usable by the insurer.
4969	Section 95. Section <b>31A-23a-804</b> , which is renumbered from Section 31A-23-704 is
4970	renumbered and amended to read:
4971	[ <del>31A-23-704</del> ]. <u>31A-23a-804.</u> Duties of insurers utilizing the services of a
4972	reinsurance intermediary-broker.
4973	(1) An insurer may not engage the services of any person, firm, association, or
4974	corporation to act as a reinsurance intermediary-broker on its behalf unless the person is
4975	licensed as required by Subsection [31A-23-701] 31A-23a-801(1).
4976	(2) An insurer may not employ an individual who is employed by a reinsurance
4977	intermediary-broker with which it transacts business, unless the reinsurance
4978	intermediary-broker is under common control with the insurer and subject to Title 31A,
4979	Chapter 16, Insurance Holding Companies.
4980	(3) The insurer shall annually obtain a copy of statements of the financial condition of
4981	each reinsurance intermediary-broker with which it transacts business.
4982	Section 96. Section <b>31A-23a-805</b> , which is renumbered from Section 31A-23-705 is
4983	renumbered and amended to read:
4984	[ <del>31A-23-705</del> ]. <u>31A-23a-805.</u> Required contract provisions Reinsurance
4985	intermediary-manager.
4986	Transactions between a reinsurance intermediary-manager and the reinsurer it
4987	represents in that capacity may only be entered into pursuant to a written contract, which

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specifies the responsibilities of each party, and which shall be approved by the reinsurer's board
of directors. At least 30 days before the reinsurer assumes or cedes business through the
producer, a true copy of the approved contract shall be filed with the commissioner for
approval. The contract shall, at a minimum, provide or require the following:

(1) The reinsurer may terminate the contract for cause upon written notice to the
reinsurance intermediary-manager. The reinsurer may immediately suspend the authority of
the reinsurance intermediary-manager to assume or cede business during the pendency of any
dispute regarding the cause for termination.

4996 (2) The reinsurance intermediary-manager will render accounts to the reinsurer
4997 accurately detailing all material transactions, including information necessary to support all
4998 commissions, charges, and other fees received by, or owing to the reinsurance
4999 intermediary-manager, and he shall remit all funds due under the contract to the reinsurer at
5000 least monthly.

(3) All funds collected for the reinsurer's account will be held by the reinsurance
intermediary-manager in a fiduciary capacity in a [bank] financial institution which is a
qualified United States financial institution. The reinsurance intermediary-manager may retain
no more than three months estimated claims payments and allocated loss adjustment expenses.
The reinsurance intermediary-manager shall maintain a separate [bank] account for each
reinsurer that it represents.

5007 (4) For at least ten years after expiration of each contract of reinsurance transacted by 5008 the reinsurance intermediary-manager, he shall keep a complete record for each transactions 5009 showing:

5010 (a) the type of contract, limits, underwriting restrictions, classes of risks, and territory;

5011 (b) period of coverage, including effective and expiration dates, cancellation provisions 5012 and notice required of cancellation, and disposition of outstanding reserves on covered risks;

5013

(c) reporting and settlement requirements of balances;

5014 (d) rates used to compute the reinsurance premium;

5015 (e) names and addresses of reinsurers;

5016 (f) rates of all reinsurance commissions, including the commissions on any

5017 retrocessions handled by the reinsurance intermediary-manager;

5018 (g) related correspondence and memoranda;

5019	(h) proof of placement;
5020	(i) details regarding retrocessions handled by the reinsurance intermediary-manager, as
5021	permitted by Subsection [31A-23-707] 31A-23a-807(4), including the identity of
5022	retrocessionaires and percentage of each contract assumed or ceded;
5023	(j) financial records, including premium and loss accounts; and
5024	(k) when the reinsurance intermediary-manager places a reinsurance contract on behalf
5025	of a ceding insurer:
5026	(i) directly from any assuming reinsurer, written evidence that the assuming reinsurer
5027	has agreed to assume the risk; or
5028	(ii) if placed through a representative of the assuming reinsurer, other than an
5029	employee, written evidence that the reinsurer has delegated binding authority to the
5030	representative.
5031	(5) The reinsurer will have access and the right to copy all accounts and records
5032	maintained by the reinsurance intermediary-manager which are related to its business, in a form
5033	usable by the reinsurer.
5034	(6) The contract cannot be assigned in whole or in part by the reinsurance
5035	intermediary-manager.
5036	(7) The reinsurance intermediary-manager will comply with the written underwriting
5037	and rating standards established by the insurer for the acceptance, rejection, or cession of all
5038	risks.
5039	(8) The contract shall set forth the rates, terms, and purposes of commissions, charges,
5040	and other fees which the reinsurance intermediary-manager may levy against the reinsurer.
5041	(9) If the contract permits the reinsurance intermediary-manager to settle claims on
5042	behalf of the reinsurer:
5043	(a) All claims will be reported to the reinsurer in a timely manner.
5044	(b) A copy of the claim file will be sent to the reinsurer at its request or as soon as it
5045	becomes known that the claim:
5046	(i) has the potential to exceed the lesser of an amount determined by the commissioner
5047	or the limit set by the reinsurer;
5048	(ii) involves a coverage dispute;
5049	(iii) may exceed the reinsurance intermediary-manager claims settlement authority;

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5050 (iv) is open for more than six months; or

5051 (v) is closed by payment of the lesser of an amount set by the commissioner or an 5052 amount set by the reinsurer.

(c) All claim files will be the joint property of the reinsurer and reinsurance
intermediary-manager. However, upon an order of liquidation of the reinsurer the files shall
become the sole property of the reinsurer or its estate. The reinsurance intermediary-manager
shall have reasonable access to and the right to copy the files on a timely basis.

(d) Any settlement authority granted to the reinsurance intermediary-manager may be
terminated for cause upon the reinsurer's written notice to the reinsurance
intermediary-manager, or upon the termination of the contract. The reinsurer may suspend the
settlement authority during the pendency of the dispute regarding the cause of termination.

(10) If the contract provides for a sharing of interim profits by the reinsurance
intermediary-manager, that the contract shall provide interim profits will not be paid until one
year after the end of each underwriting period for property business and five years after the end
of each underwriting period for casualty business, or a later time period set by the
commissioner for specified lines of insurance, and not until the adequacy of reserves on
remaining claims has been verified pursuant to Subsection [31A-23-707] 31A-23a-807(3).

5067 (11) The reinsurance intermediary-manager will annually provide the reinsurer with a 5068 statement of its financial condition prepared by an independent certified public accountant.

5069 (12) The reinsurer shall at least semi-annually conduct an on-site review of the 5070 underwriting and claims processing operations of the reinsurance intermediary-manager.

5071 (13) The reinsurance intermediary-manager will disclose to the reinsurer any
5072 relationship it has with any insurer prior to ceding or assuming any business with the insurer
5073 pursuant to this contract.

5074 (14) Within the scope of its actual or apparent authority the acts of the reinsurance 5075 intermediary-manager shall be considered to be the acts of the reinsurer on whose behalf it is 5076 acting.

5077 Section 97. Section **31A-23a-806**, which is renumbered from Section 31A-23-706 is 5078 renumbered and amended to read:

5079

[<del>31A-23-706</del>]. <u>31A-23a-806.</u> Prohibited acts.

5080

-700]. <u>-71A-25a-000.</u> 110mbittu atts.

(1) The reinsurance intermediary-manager may not cede retrocessions on behalf of the

reinsurer, except that the reinsurance intermediary-manager may cede facultative retrocessions pursuant to obligatory facultative agreements if the contract with the reinsurer contains reinsurance underwriting guidelines for facultative retrocessions. The guidelines shall include a list of reinsurers with which automatic agreements are in effect, and for each listed reinsurer, the coverages and amounts or percentages that may be reinsured, and commission schedules.

5086 (2) The reinsurance intermediary-manager may not commit the reinsurer to participate 5087 in reinsurance syndicates.

5088 (3) The reinsurance intermediary-manager may not appoint any producer without 5089 assuring that the producer is lawfully licensed to transact the type of reinsurance for which he 5090 is appointed.

(4) The reinsurance intermediary-manager may not, without prior approval of the
reinsurer, pay or commit the reinsurer to pay a claim, net of retrocessions, that exceeds the
lesser of an amount specified by the reinsurer or 1% of the reinsurer's policyholder's surplus as
of December 31 of the last complete calendar year.

5095 (5) The reinsurance intermediary-manager may not collect any payment from a
5096 retrocessionaire or commit the reinsurer to any claim settlement with a retrocessionaire,
5097 without prior approval of the reinsurer. If prior approval is given, a report must be promptly
5098 forwarded to the reinsurer.

(6) The reinsurance intermediary-manager may not jointly employ an individual who is
employed by the reinsurer unless the reinsurance intermediary-manager is under common
control with the reinsurer subject to Title 31A, Chapter 16, Insurance Holding Companies.

5102 (7) The reinsurance intermediary-manager may not appoint a subreinsurance5103 intermediary-manager.

5104 Section 98. Section **31A-23a-807**, which is renumbered from Section 31A-23-707 is 5105 renumbered and amended to read:

5106[31A-23-707].31A-23a-807.Duties of reinsurers utilizing the services of5107reinsurance.

(1) A reinsurer may not engage the services of any person, firm, association, or
corporation to act as a reinsurance intermediary-manager on its behalf unless the person is
licensed as required by Subsection [31A-23-701] 31A-23a-801(2).

5111 (2) The reinsurer shall annually obtain a copy of statements of the financial condition

5112 of each reinsurance intermediary-manager which the reinsurer has engaged, which shall be

- 5113 prepared by an independent certified public accountant in a form acceptable to the
- 5114 commissioner.

5115 (3) If a reinsurance intermediary-manager establishes loss reserves, the reinsurer shall 5116 annually obtain the opinion of an actuary attesting to the adequacy of loss reserves established 5117 for losses incurred and outstanding on business produced by the reinsurance 5118 intermediary-manager. The actuary's opinion shall be in addition to any other required loss

5119 reserve certification.

5120 (4) Binding authority for all retrocessional contracts or participation in reinsurance

5121 syndicates shall rest with an officer of the reinsurer, who may not be affiliated with the

5122 reinsurance intermediary-manager.

5123 (5) Within 30 days of termination of a contract with a reinsurance

5124 intermediary-manager, the reinsurer shall provide written notification of the termination to the 5125 commissioner.

5126 (6) A reinsurer may not appoint to its board of directors, any officer, director,

5127 employee, controlling shareholder, or subproducer of its reinsurance intermediary-manager.

This subsection does not apply to relationships governed by Title 31A, Chapter 16, Insurance 5128

5129 Holding Companies, or Chapter [23] 23a, Part [6, Broker] 7, Producer Controlled Insurers, if it 5130 applies.

5131 Section 99. Section **31A-23a-808**, which is renumbered from Section 31A-23-708 is 5132 renumbered and amended to read:

5133

#### [<del>31A-23-708</del>]. 31A-23a-808. Examination authority.

(1) A reinsurance intermediary shall be subject to examination by the commissioner. 5134 5135 The commissioner shall have access to all books, bank accounts, and records of the reinsurance

5136 intermediary, which shall be kept in a form usable to the commissioner.

5137 (2) A reinsurance intermediary-manager may be examined as if it were the reinsurer.

5138 Section 100. Section **31A-23a-809**, which is renumbered from Section 31A-23-709 is 5139 renumbered and amended to read:

5140

#### [<del>31A-23-709</del>]. 31A-23a-809. Penalties and liabilities.

(1) A reinsurance intermediary, insurer, or reinsurer found by the commissioner, after a 5141 hearing conducted in accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46b, Administrative Procedures Act, to 5142

5143 be in violation of any provisions of this title, shall: 5144 (a) for each separate violation, pay a civil penalty in an amount not exceeding \$5,000; 5145 (b) be subject to revocation or suspension of its license; and 5146 (c) if a violation was committed by the reinsurance intermediary, the reinsurance 5147 intermediary shall make restitution to the insurer, reinsurer, rehabilitator, or liquidator of the 5148 insurer or reinsurer for the net losses incurred by the insurer or reinsurer attributable to the 5149 violation. 5150 (2) Nothing contained in this section affects the right of the commissioner to impose 5151 any other penalties provided in this title. 5152 (3) Nothing contained in this part is intended to, or in any manner limits or restricts the 5153 rights of policyholders, claimants, creditors, or other third parties; nor does it confer any rights 5154 to such persons. 5155 Section 101. Section **31A-26-201** is amended to read: 5156 31A-26-201. Requirement of license. 5157 (1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), no person may perform, offer to perform, or 5158 solicit the opportunity to perform any act of insurance adjusting without a valid license under 5159 Section 31A-26-203; and no person may use the insurance adjusting services of another if the 5160 person knows or should know that the one providing these services does not have a license as 5161 required by law. 5162 (2) The following are exempt from the license requirement of Subsection (1), when 5163 acting in the indicated capacities: (a) a person engaged in insurance adjusting as a regular salaried employee of, and not 5164 5165 an independent contractor for, an insurer; 5166 (b) an arbitrator or an umpire selected by the claimant and insurer to decide, alone or 5167 with others, whether a claim should be paid and how much should be paid; 5168 (c) an attorney at law acting in an attorney-client relationship: 5169 (d) an insurance [agent] producer, but only as to the classes of insurance for which he 5170 is licensed under Section [31A-23-204] 31A-23a-106 and only as to claims adjusted on the 5171 request of an insurer for which he is [an agent] a producer; 5172 (e) a regular salaried employee of, and not an independent contractor for, a 5173 policyholder or claimant under an insurance policy;

5174	(f) an employee of a licensed insurance adjuster who provides only administrative or
5175	clerical assistance;
5176	(g) person who does not do insurance adjusting under Section 31A-26-102, but who is
5177	specially employed to obtain facts about a loss for or furnish technical assistance to a licensed
5178	adjuster or a company adjuster, including a photographer, estimator or appraiser, marine
5179	surveyor, private detective, engineer, and handwriting expert;
5180	(h) a holder of a group insurance policy, with respect to administrative activities in
5181	connection with that policy, who receives no compensation for his services beyond the actual
5182	expenses estimated on a reasonable basis;
5183	(i) a person engaged in insurance adjusting as a regular salaried employee of, and not
5184	an independent contractor for, an administrator licensed under Chapter 25; and
5185	(j) a person who gives advice or assistance without compensation or expectation of
5186	compensation, direct or indirect.
5187	(3) No claim settlement between an insurer and an insured or a claimant under an
5188	insurance contract is invalid as a result of a violation of this section.
5189	Section 102. Section <b>31A-27-103</b> is amended to read:
5190	31A-27-103. Jurisdiction and venue.
5191	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), a delinquency proceeding may not be
5192	commenced under this chapter by anyone other than the Utah commissioner.
5193	(2) (a) Three or more judgment creditors holding unrelated judgments against an
5194	insurer, which judgments aggregate more than \$5,000 in excess of any security held by those
5195	creditors may commence proceedings against the insurer under the conditions and in the
5196	manner prescribed in this Subsection (2), by serving notice upon the commissioner and the
5197	insurer of intention to file a petition for liquidation under Section 31A-27-307 or 31A-27-402.
5198	(b) Each of the judgments described in Subsection (2)(a):
5199	(i) shall have been rendered against the insurer by a Utah court having jurisdiction over
5200	the subject matter and the insurer;
5201	(ii) shall have been entered more than 60 days before the service of notice under
5202	Subsection (2)(a);
5203	(iii) may not have been satisfied in full;
5204	(iv) may not be the subject of a valid contract between the insurer and any judgment

5205	creditor for payment of the judgment, unless that contract has been breached by the insurer;
5206	(v) may not be a judgment assigned in order to institute proceedings under this
5207	Subsection (2); and
5208	(vi) may not be a judgment on which an appeal or review is pending or may yet be
5209	brought.
5210	(c) If any one of the judgments in favor of a petitioning creditor remains unpaid for 30
5211	days after service of the notice under Subsection (2)(a), and the commissioner has not then
5212	filed a petition for liquidation:
5213	(i) the creditor may file a verified petition for liquidation of the insurer:
5214	(A) in the manner prescribed by Section 31A-27-307 or 31A-27-402; and
5215	(B) alleging the conditions stated in this Subsection (2); and
5216	(ii) the commissioner shall be served and joined in the action.
5217	(3) Except in accordance with this chapter, a court of this state does not have
5218	jurisdiction to entertain, hear, or determine any complaint praying for:
5219	(a) the dissolution, liquidation, rehabilitation, sequestration, conservation, or
5220	receivership of any insurer; or
5221	(b) an injunction or restraining order or other relief preliminary to, incidental to, or
5222	relating to the type of proceedings described in Subsection (3)(a).
5223	(4) (a) Venue for proceedings arising under this chapter shall be laid initially as
5224	specified in the sections providing for those proceedings.
5225	(b) All other actions and proceedings initiated by the receiver may be commenced and
5226	tried where:
5227	(i) the delinquency proceedings are then pending; or
5228	(ii) venue would be laid by applicable Utah law.
5229	(c) All other actions and proceedings against the receiver shall be commenced and tried
5230	in the county where the delinquency proceedings are pending.
5231	(d) Upon motion of any party, venue may be changed by order of the court or the
5232	presiding judge of the court to any other district court in Utah, whenever the convenience of the
5233	parties and witnesses and the ends of justice require it.
5234	(e) This Subsection (4) relates only to venue and is not jurisdictional.
5235	(5) In addition to other grounds for jurisdiction provided by the law of Utah, a Utah

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5236 court having jurisdiction of the subject matter has jurisdiction over a person properly served in 5237 an action brought by the receiver of a domestic insurer or an alien insurer domiciled in Utah: 5238 (a) if the person served is obligated to the insurer in any way as an incident to any 5239 agency or brokerage arrangement that may exist or has existed between them, in any action on 5240 or incident to the obligation; 5241 (b) if the person served is a reinsurer who has at any time written a policy of reinsurance for an insurer against which a rehabilitation or liquidation order is in effect when 5242 5243 the action is commenced; 5244 (c) if the person served is [an agent of or broker] a producer for the reinsurer described 5245 in Subsection (5)(b), in any action on or incident to the reinsurance contract; or

(d) if the person served is or has been an officer, manager, trustee, organizer, promoter,
or person in a position of comparable authority or influence in an insurer against which a
rehabilitation or liquidation order is in effect when the action is commenced, in any action
resulting from the relationship with the insurer.

(6) (a) Subject to Sections 31A-27-305 and 31A-27-317, the court in which a
delinquency proceeding is pending has exclusive jurisdiction for:

(i) all actions and proceedings brought against the receiver of a rehabilitation orliquidation estate of the insurer; or

(ii) any action or proceeding in any way related to a rehabilitation or liquidation estateof an insurer.

(b) An action described in Subsection (6)(a) shall be commenced and tried in the courthaving exclusive jurisdiction.

5258 (7) If the court on the motion of any party finds that any action commenced under 5259 Subsection (5) should, as a matter of substantial justice, be tried in a forum outside Utah, the 5260 court may enter an order to stay further proceedings on the action in Utah.

5261 Section 103. Section **31A-27-316** is amended to read:

5262 **31A-27-316.** Duties of producers.

5263 Any [agent or broker] producer doing business with an insurer subject to a liquidation 5264 order shall, upon the liquidator's request, provide the liquidator with information in the [agent 5265 or broker's] producer's possession relative to the policyholders of the insurer who is subject to 5266 the liquidation order. The commissioner's request under this section shall impose a time limit

5267	within which the requested information shall be provided. This time limit may not be less than
5268	five working days.
5269	Section 104. Section <b>31A-27-324</b> is amended to read:
5270	31A-27-324. Recovery of premiums owed.
5271	(1) An insured is obligated to pay any unpaid earned premium due the insurer at the
5272	time of the termination of coverage under Subsection 31A-27-311(1).
5273	(2) Any person other than the insured who is responsible for the payment of a premium
5274	is obligated to pay any unpaid premium, including the amount representing the commission for
5275	the full policy term due the insurer at the time of the termination of coverage under Subsection
5276	31A-27-311(1), whether earned or unearned, as shown on the records of the insurer. Credits or
5277	setoffs may not be allowed to [an agent, broker] a producer, or premium finance company for
5278	any amounts advanced to the insurer by the [agent, broker,] producer or premium finance
5279	company on behalf of, but in the absence of a payment by, the insured.
5280	Section 105. Section <b>31A-30-104</b> is amended to read:
5281	<b>31A-30-104.</b> Applicability and scope.
5282	(1) This chapter applies to any:
5283	(a) health benefit plan that provides coverage to:
5284	(i) individuals;
5285	(ii) small employers; or
5286	(iii) both Subsections (1)(a)(i) and (ii); or
5287	(b) individual conversion policy for purposes of Sections 31A-30-106.5 and
5288	31A-30-107.5.
5289	(2) This chapter applies to a health benefit plan that provides coverage to small
5290	employers or individuals regardless of:
5291	(a) whether the contract is issued to:
5292	(i) an association;
5293	(ii) a trust;
5294	(iii) a discretionary group; or
5295	(iv) other similar grouping; or
5296	(b) the situs of delivery of the policy or contract.
5297	(3) This chapter does not apply to:

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5298 (a) a large employer health benefit plan; or 5299 (b) short-term limited duration health insurance. 5300 (4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), for the purposes of this chapter: 5301 (i) carriers that are affiliated companies or that are eligible to file a consolidated tax 5302 return shall be treated as one carrier; and 5303 (ii) any restrictions or limitations imposed by this chapter shall apply as if all health 5304 benefit plans delivered or issued for delivery to covered insureds in this state by the affiliated 5305 carriers were issued by one carrier. 5306 (b) Upon a finding of the commissioner, an affiliated carrier that is a health 5307 maintenance organization having a certificate of authority under this title may be considered to 5308 be a separate carrier for the purposes of this chapter. 5309 (c) Unless otherwise authorized by the commissioner, a covered carrier may not enter 5310 into one or more ceding arrangements with respect to health benefit plans delivered or issued 5311 for delivery to covered insureds in this state if the ceding arrangements would result in less 5312 than 50% of the insurance obligation or risk for the health benefit plans being retained by the 5313 ceding carrier. 5314 (d) Section 31A-22-1201 applies if a covered carrier cedes or assumes all of the 5315 insurance obligation or risk with respect to one or more health benefit plans delivered or issued 5316 for delivery to covered insureds in this state. 5317 (5) (a) A Taft Hartley trust created in accordance with Section 302(c)(5) of the Federal 5318 Labor Management Relations Act, or a carrier with the written authorization of such a trust, 5319 may make a written request to the commissioner for a waiver from the application of any of the 5320 provisions of Subsection 31A-30-106(1) with respect to a health benefit plan provided to the 5321 trust. 5322 (b) The commissioner may grant a trust or carrier described in Subsection (5)(a) a 5323 waiver if the commissioner finds that application with respect to the trust would: 5324 (i) have a substantial adverse effect on the participants and beneficiaries of the trust; 5325 and 5326 (ii) require significant modifications to one or more collective bargaining arrangements 5327 under which the trust is established or maintained. (c) A waiver granted under this Subsection (5) may not apply to an individual if the 5328

5329	person participates in a Taft Hartley trust as an associate member of any employee
5330	organization.
5331	(6) Sections 31A-30-106, 31A-30-106.5, 31A-30-106.7, 31A-30-107, 31A-30-108, and
5332	31A-30-111 apply to:
5333	(a) any insurer engaging in the business of insurance related to the risk of a small
5334	employer for medical, surgical, hospital, or ancillary health care expenses of the small
5335	employer's employees provided as an employee benefit; and
5336	(b) any contract of an insurer, other than a workers' compensation policy, related to the
5337	risk of a small employer for medical, surgical, hospital, or ancillary health care expenses of the
5338	small employer's employees provided as an employee benefit.
5339	(7) The commissioner may make rules requiring that the marketing practices be
5340	consistent with this chapter for:
5341	(a) a small employer carrier;
5342	(b) a small employer carrier's agent;
5343	(c) an insurance [broker] producer; and
5344	(d) an insurance consultant.
5345	Section 106. Section <b>31A-35-102</b> is amended to read:
5346	31A-35-102. Definitions.
5347	As used in this chapter:
5348	(1) "Bail bond" means a bond for a specified monetary amount that is:
5349	(a) executed by a bail bond [agent] producer licensed in accordance with Section
5350	31A-35-401; and
5351	(b) issued to a court, magistrate, or authorized officer as security for the subsequent
5352	court appearance of the defendant upon the defendant's release from actual custody pending the
5353	appearance.
5354	(2) "Bail bond [agent] producer" means an individual who:
5355	(a) is appointed by:
5356	(i) a surety insurer that issues bail bonds; or
5357	(ii) a bail bond surety company licensed under this chapter;
5358	(b) is appointed to execute or countersign undertakings of bail in connection with
5359	judicial proceedings; and

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5360	(c) receives or is promised money or other things of value for engaging in an act
5361	described in Subsection (2)(b).
5362	(3) "Bail bond surety" means a person that:
5363	(a) (i) is a bail bond surety company licensed under this chapter; or
5364	(ii) a surety insurer; and
5365	(b) issues bonds to secure:
5366	(i) the release of a person from incarceration; and
5367	(ii) the appearance of that person at court hearings.
5368	(4) "Bail bond surety company" means any sole proprietor or entity who:
5369	(a) (i) is the agent of a surety insurer that issues a bail bond in connection with judicial
5370	proceedings;
5371	(ii) pledges the assets of a letter of credit from a Utah depository institution for a bail
5372	bond in connection with judicial proceedings; or
5373	(iii) pledges personal or real property, or both, as security for a bail bond in connection
5374	with judicial proceedings; and
5375	(b) receives or is promised money or other things of value for a service described in
5376	Subsection (4)(a).
5377	(5) "Bail enforcement agent" means an individual who:
5378	(a) is employed or contracted with to:
5379	(i) enforce the terms and conditions of a defendant's release on bail in a civil or
5380	criminal proceeding;
5381	(ii) apprehend a defendant or surrender a defendant to custody; or
5382	(iii) both Subsections (5)(a)(i) and (ii); and
5383	(b) receives or is promised monies or other things of value for the services described in
5384	Subsection (5)(a).
5385	(6) "Board" means the Bail Bond Surety Oversight Board created in Section
5386	31A-35-201.
5387	(7) "Certificate" means a certificate of authority issued under this chapter to allow an
5388	insurer to operate as a surety insurer.
5389	(8) "Indemnitor" means an entity or natural person who enters into an agreement with a
5390	bail bond surety to hold the bail bond surety harmless from loss incurred as a result of

5391	executing a bail bond.
5392	(9) "Liquid assets" means financial holdings that can be converted into cash in a timely
5393	manner without the loss of principal.
5394	(10) "Principal" means an individual or corporation whose performance is guaranteed
5395	by bond.
5396	(11) "Surety insurer" means an insurer that:
5397	(a) is licensed under Chapter 4, 5, or 14;
5398	(b) receives a certificate under this title; and
5399	(c) issues bail bonds.
5400	(12) "Utah depository institution" is a depository institution, as defined in Section
5401	7-1-103, that:
5402	(a) has Utah as its home state; or
5403	(b) operates a branch in Utah.
5404	Section 107. Section <b>31A-35-301</b> is amended to read:
5405	31A-35-301. The commissioner's authority.
5406	(1) The commissioner shall:
5407	(a) make rules as necessary for the administration of this chapter;
5408	(b) with information as provided by the board, issue or deny licensure under this
5409	chapter;
5410	(c) take action regarding a license, including suspension or revocation; and
5411	(d) maintain and publish a current list of licensed bail bond surety companies and
5412	[agents] producers.
5413	(2) The commissioner may establish fees for the issuance, renewal, and reinstatement
5414	of a bail bond surety company license in accordance with Section 63-38-3.2.
5415	Section 108. Section <b>31A-35-401</b> is amended to read:
5416	31A-35-401. Requirement for license or certificate of authority Process Fees
5417	Limitations.
5418	(1) (a) A person may not engage in the bail bond surety insurance business unless that
5419	person:
5420	(i) is a bail bond surety company licensed under this chapter;
5421	(ii) is a surety insurer that is granted a certificate under this section in the same manner

5422	as other insurers doing business in this state are granted certificates of authority under this title;
5423	or
5424	(iii) is a bail bond [agent] producer licensed in accordance with this section.
5425	(b) A bail bond surety company shall be licensed under this chapter as an agency.
5426	(c) A bail bond [agent] producer shall be licensed under Chapter [23] 23a, Insurance
5427	Marketing - Licensing Producers, Consultants, and Reinsurance Intermediaries, as [an agent] a
5428	limited lines producer.
5429	(2) A person applying for a bail bond surety company license under this chapter shall
5430	submit to the commissioner:
5431	(a) a completed application form as prescribed by the commissioner;
5432	(b) a fee as determined by the commissioner in accordance with Section 63-38-3.2; and
5433	(c) any additional information required by rule.
5434	(3) Fees required under this section are not refundable.
5435	(4) Fees collected from a bail bond surety company shall be deposited in a restricted
5436	account created in Section 31A-35-407.
5437	(5) (a) A bail bond surety company shall be domiciled in Utah.
5438	(b) A bail bond [agent] producer shall be a resident of Utah.
5439	(c) A foreign surety insurer that is granted a certificate to issue bail bonds may only
5440	issue bail bonds through a bail bond surety company licensed under this chapter.
5441	Section 109. Section <b>31A-35-402</b> is amended to read:
5442	31A-35-402. Authority related to bail bonds.
5443	(1) A bail bond surety company may only issue bail bonds.
5444	(2) [A] In accordance with Section 31A-23a-205, a bail bond [agent] producer may not
5445	execute or issue a bail bond in this state without holding a current appointment from a bail
5446	bond surety or current designation from a bail bond company.
5447	(3) A bail bond surety may not allow any person who is not a bail bond [agent]
5448	producer to engage in the bail bond surety business on the bail bond surety's behalf, except for
5449	individuals:
5450	(a) employed solely for the performance of clerical, stenographic, investigative, or
5451	other administrative duties that do not require a license as:
5452	(i) a bail bond surety company; or

5453	(ii) a bail bond [agent] producer; and
5454	(b) whose compensation is not related to or contingent upon the number of bonds
5455	written.
5456	Section 110. Section <b>31A-35-403</b> is amended to read:
5457	31A-35-403. Exemptions to licensing requirements.
5458	This chapter does not affect the negotiation through a licensed [broker or agent]
5459	producer for, or the execution or delivery of, an undertaking of bail executed by an insurer for
5460	its insured under a policy of automobile insurance or of liability insurance upon the automobile
5461	of the insured.
5462	Section 111. Section <b>31A-35-502</b> is amended to read:
5463	31A-35-502. Notification of violation of chapter.
5464	If the commissioner has reason to believe a person licensed as a bail bond surety
5465	company or a bail bond [agent] producer has violated this chapter, written notice shall be sent
5466	to that person, advising the person of:
5467	(1) the alleged violation;
5468	(2) the commissioner's authority to take action against the person's license;
5469	(3) the person's right to an administrative hearing under Title 63, Chapter 46b,
5470	Administrative Procedures Act; and
5471	(4) the period of time within which the hearing described in Subsection (3) shall be
5472	requested if the person requests a hearing.
5473	Section 112. Section <b>31A-35-503</b> is amended to read:
5474	31A-35-503. Disciplinary action Hearing Appeal.
5475	(1) Based on information the commissioner receives during a hearing described in
5476	Section 31A-35-502 regarding a person licensed as a bail bond surety company or bail bond
5477	[agent] producer, the commissioner may:
5478	(a) dismiss the complaint if the commissioner finds it is without merit;
5479	(b) fix a period and terms of probation best adopted to educate the person;
5480	(c) place the license on suspension for a period of not more than 12 months; or
5481	(d) revoke the license.
5482	(2) The commissioner shall advise the person described in Subsection (1) in writing of:
5483	(a) the commissioner's findings based on the hearing; and

(b) the person's rights of appeal under this chapter.

- 5485 (3)(a) Unless the conditions of Subsection (3)(b) are met, if a bail bond surety company 5486 license is suspended or revoked under this chapter, a member, employee, officer, or director of 5487 that corporation may not:
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(i) be licensed as a bail bond surety company or bail bond [agent] producer; or

- (ii) be designated in any license to exercise authority under this chapter during theperiod of the suspension or revocation.
- 5491 (b) Subsection (3)(a) does not apply if the commissioner determines upon substantial 5492 evidence that the member, employee, officer, or director:
- 5493 (i) was not personally at fault; and
- 5494 (ii) did not acquiesce in the matter on account of which the license was suspended or 5495 revoked.

5496 Section 113. Section **31A-35-601** is amended to read:

5497 **31A-35-601.** Acts of agent.

5498 (1) As used in this section[;]:

- (a) "Bail recovery agent" means an individual employed by a bail enforcement agent toassist the bail enforcement agent regarding civil or criminal defendants released on bail by:
- (i) presenting a defendant for required court appearances;
- 5502 (ii) apprehending or surrendering a defendant to a court; or
- 5503 (iii) keeping the defendant under necessary surveillance.
- (b) "Bail recovery apprentice" means an individual who:
- (i) is employed by a bail enforcement agent; and
- (ii) works under the direct supervision of that bail enforcement agent or under the
  direct supervision of a bail recovery agent employed also by the bail enforcement agent, unless
  the bail recovery apprentice is conducting activities at the direction of the employing bail
  enforcement agent that do not require direct supervision.
- (2) The acts or conduct of any bail bond [agent] producer or bail enforcement agent,
  bail recovery agent, or bail recovery apprentice who acts within the scope of the authority
  delegated to him by the bail bond surety, are considered to be the acts or conduct of the bail
- 5513 bond surety for which the bail bond [agent] producer or bail bond enforcement agent, bail
- 5514 recovery agent, or bail recovery apprentice is acting as agent.

5515	(3) The acts or conduct of any bail bond [agent] producer or bail enforcement agent,
5516	bail recovery agent, or bail recovery apprentice who acts within the scope of the authority
5517	delegated to him by the bail bond [agent] producer are considered to be the acts or conduct of
5518	the bail bond [agent] producer for which the bail enforcement agent is acting as agent.
5519	Section 114. Section <b>31A-35-603</b> is amended to read:
5520	31A-35-603. Collateral security.
5521	(1) A bail bond [agent] producer may accept collateral security in connection with a
5522	bail transaction, if the collateral security is reasonable in relation to the face amount of the bail
5523	bond.
5524	(2) (a) The collateral security described in Subsection (1) shall be received by the bail
5525	bond [agent] producer in the bail bond [agent's] producer's fiduciary capacity.
5526	(b) Before any judgment of forfeiture of bail, the bail bond [agent] producer shall keep
5527	the collateral separate and apart from any other funds or assets of the licensee.
5528	(3) (a) Any collateral that is deposited with a bail bond [agent] producer or bail bond
5529	surety shall be returned to the person who deposited it within ten days after the return is
5530	requested by the person who deposited it if:
5531	(i) the bail bond has been exonerated; and
5532	(ii) all fees owed to the bail bond [agent] producer or bail bond surety have been paid.
5533	(b) A certified copy of the minute order from the court stating the bail or undertaking
5534	was ordered exonerated is prima facie evidence of exoneration or termination of liability.
5535	(4) (a) If a bail bond [agent] producer accepts collateral, the bail bond [agent] producer
5536	shall give a written receipt for the collateral.
5537	(b) The receipt required by Subsection (4)(a) shall include a fully detailed account of
5538	the collateral received.
5539	(5) Upon return of collateral to the person who posted it, if any amount has been
5540	deducted by the bail bond surety or bail bond [agent] producer as expense, the bail bond surety
5541	or bail bond [agent] producer shall:
5542	(a) include with the returned collateral an itemized statement of all expenses deducted
5543	from the collateral; and
5544	(b) maintain a copy of the statement required by Subsection (5)(a) in the records of the
5545	bail bond surety or bail bond [agent] producer.

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5546	(6) If the bail bond secured by the collateral is forfeited and the bail bond [agent]
5547	producer or bail bond surety retains possession of the collateral in payment of the forfeiture or
5548	otherwise disposes of the collateral, the person retaining possession or disposing of the
5549	property shall maintain a written record of the collateral, including any disposition.
5550	(7) (a) If a document that conveys title to real property is used as collateral in a bail
5551	bond transaction, the document shall state on its face that it is executed as part of a security
5552	transaction.
5553	(b) If the document described in Subsection (7)(a) is recorded, the bail bond [agent]
5554	producer or the bail bond surety shall:
5555	(i) execute a reconveyance of the property, executed so that the reconveyance can be
5556	recorded; and
5557	(ii) promptly deliver the reconveyance document to:
5558	(A) the person executing the original conveyance; or
5559	(B) the heirs, legal representative, or successor in interest of the person described in
5560	Subsection (7)(b)(ii)(A).
5561	Section 115. Section <b>31A-35-604</b> is amended to read:
5562	31A-35-604. Records.
5563	(1) A bail bond [agent] producer shall maintain at the bail bond [agent's] producer's
5564	place of business:
5565	(a) records of all bail bonds the bail bond [agent] producer executes or countersigns, so
5566	the public may obtain all necessary information concerning those bail bonds for at least one
5567	year after the liability of the bail bond surety has been terminated; and
5568	(b) any additional information the commissioner may reasonably require by rule.
5569	(2) Records required to be maintained under Subsection (1) shall be available for
5570	examination by the commissioner or the commissioner's representatives during regular
5571	business hours.
5572	(3) The bail bond surety company shall maintain for three years after receipt all records
5573	of any bail bond executed or countersigned by a bail bond [agent] producer appointed by the
5574	bail bond surety company.
5575	Section 116. Section <b>31A-35-605</b> is amended to read:
5576	31A-35-605. Guarantors Agreement and enforcement.
5577	(1) All agreements of persons to act as guarantor for a bail bond shall be in writing or
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5578	reduced to writing as soon as possible after completion.
5579	(2) When a person executes an agreement to act as a guarantor, the bail bond surety
5580	company or the bail bond [agent] producer shall deliver to that person a copy of the agreement
5581	promptly upon that person's execution of the agreement.
5582	(3) A bail bond [agent] producer may not enforce any guarantor agreement without
5583	disclosing to the guarantor all collateral held by the bail bond [agent] producer indemnifying
5584	the bond to which the agreement relates, and the identity of each other guarantor.
5585	Section 117. Section <b>31A-35-606</b> is amended to read:
5586	31A-35-606. Bail agreement prior to commission of offense prohibited.
5587	A bail bond surety or bail bond [agent] producer may not enter into an agreement or
5588	arrangement with any person, guaranteeing or assuring in advance of the commission of any
5589	offense that bail will be furnished to that person or any other party if arrested.
5590	Section 118. Section <b>31A-35-608</b> is amended to read:
5591	31A-35-608. Premiums and authorized charges.
5592	(1) A bail bond surety or bail bond [agent] producer may not, in any bail transaction or
5593	in connection with that transaction, directly or indirectly, charge or collect money or other
5594	valuable consideration from any person except to:
5595	(a) pay the premium on the bail at the rates established by the bail bond surety;
5596	(b) provide collateral;
5597	(c) reimburse himself for actual expenses, as described in Subsection (2), incurred in
5598	connection with the bail bond transaction; or
5599	(d) to reimburse himself, or to establish a right of action against the principal or any
5600	indemnitor, for actual expenses the bail bond surety or bail bond [agent] producer incurred:
5601	(i) in good faith; and
5602	(ii) which were by reason of breach by the defendant of any of the terms of the written
5603	agreement under which the undertaking of bail or bail bond was written.
5604	(2) (a) A bail bond surety may bring an action in a court of law to enforce its equitable
5605	rights against the principal and the principal's indemnitors in exoneration if:
5606	(i) a bail bond [agent] producer did not establish a written agreement; or
5607	(ii) there is only an incomplete writing.

5608	(b) Reimbursement claimed under this Subsection (2) may not exceed the sum of:
5609	(i) the principal sum of the bail bond or undertaking; and
5610	(ii) any reasonable expenses that:
5611	(A) are verified by receipt;
5612	(B) in total do not amount to more than the principal sum of the bail bond or
5613	undertaking; and
5614	(C) are incurred in good faith by the bail bond surety, its [agents] producers, and
5615	employees by reason of the principal's breach.
5616	(3) This section does not affect or impede the right of a bail bond [agent] producer to
5617	execute undertaking of bail on behalf of a nonresident [agent] producer of the bail bond surety
5618	the bail bond [agent] producer represents.
5619	Section 119. Section <b>31A-35-701</b> is amended to read:
5620	31A-35-701. Prohibited acts.
5621	(1) A bail bond [agent] producer or bail bond surety may not:
5622	(a) solicit business in or about:
5623	(i) any place where persons in the custody of the state or any local law enforcement or
5624	correctional agency are confined; or
5625	(ii) any court;
5626	(b) pay a fee or rebate or give or promise anything of value to any person in order to
5627	secure a settlement, compromise, remission, or reduction of the amount of any undertaking or
5628	bail bond;
5629	(c) pay a fee or rebate or give anything of value to an attorney in regard to any bail
5630	bond matter, except payment for legal services actually rendered for the bail bond [agent]
5631	producer or bail bond surety;
5632	(d) pay a fee or rebate or give or promise anything of value to the principal or anyone
5633	in the principal's behalf; or
5634	(e) engage in any other act prohibited by the commissioner by rule.
5635	(2) The following persons may not act as bail bond [agents] producers and may not,
5636	directly or indirectly, receive any benefits from the execution of any bail bond:
5637	(a) a person employed at any jail, correctional facility, or other facility used for the
5638	incarceration of persons;

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5639	(b) a peace officer;
5640	(c) a judge; and
5641	(d) a trustee or prisoner incarcerated in any jail, correctional facility, or other facility
5642	used for the incarceration of persons.
5643	(3) A bail bond [agent] producer may not:
5644	(a) sign or countersign in blank any bail bond; or
5645	(b) give the power of attorney to, or otherwise authorize anyone to, countersign in the
5646	bail bond [agent's] producer's name to a bail bond.
5647	(4) A bail bond [agent] producer may not advertise or hold himself out to be a bail
5648	bond surety.
5649	(5) The following persons or members of their immediate families may not solicit
5650	business on behalf of a bail bond surety or bail bond [agent] producer:
5651	(a) a person employed at any jail, correctional facility, or other facility used for the
5652	incarceration of persons;
5653	(b) a peace officer;
5654	(c) a judge; and
5655	(d) a trustee or prisoner incarcerated in any jail, correctional facility, or other facility
5656	used for the incarceration of persons.
5657	Section 120. Section <b>31A-35-702</b> is amended to read:
5658	31A-35-702. Early surrender without cause.
5659	(1) The bail or bail bond premium shall be returned in full if a bail bond [agent]
5660	producer without good cause surrenders a defendant to custody before:
5661	(a) the time specified in the undertaking of bail or the bail bond for the appearance of
5662	the defendant; or
5663	(b) any other occasion where the presence of the defendant in court is lawfully
5664	required.
5665	(2) As used in this section, "good cause" includes:
5666	(a) the defendant providing materially false information on the application for bail or a
5667	bail bond;
5668	(b) the court's increasing the amount of bail beyond sound underwriting criteria
5669	employed by:

5670	(i) the bail bond [agent] producer; or
5671	(ii) the bail bond surety;
5672	(c) a material and detrimental change in the collateral posted by:
5673	(i) the defendant; or
5674	(ii) a person acting on the defendant's behalf;
5675	(d) the defendant changing the defendant's address or telephone number without giving
5676	reasonable notice to:
5677	(i) the bail bond [agent] producer; or
5678	(ii) the bail bond surety;
5679	(e) the defendant commits another crime, other than a minor traffic violation, as
5680	defined by department rule, while on bail;
5681	(f) failure by the defendant to appear in court at the appointed time; or
5682	(g) a finding of guilt against the defendant by a court of competent jurisdiction.
5683	Section 121. Section <b>31A-35-703</b> is amended to read:
5684	31A-35-703. Disciplinary action.
5685	(1) A person found to be in violation of the statutes or rules governing the conduct of
5686	bail bond [agents] producers and bail bond sureties under this chapter is subject to:
5687	(a) disciplinary action by the commissioner against that person's:
5688	(i) license, if the person is a bail bond surety company or bail bond [agent] producer; or
5689	(ii) certificate, if the person is a surety insurer; and
5690	(b) imposition of civil penalties, as authorized under Title 31A, Chapter 2,
5691	Administration of the Insurance Laws.
5692	(2) Penalties collected under this section shall be deposited in the restricted account
5693	created in Section 31A-35-407.
5694	Section 122. Section <b>31A-35-704</b> is amended to read:
5695	31A-35-704. Submission of bail bond sureties and producers to jurisdiction of
5696	court.
5697	By applying for and receiving a license or certificate to engage in the bail bond surety
5698	insurance business in accordance with this chapter, a bail bond surety or bail bond [agent]
5699	producer:
5700	(1) submits to the jurisdiction of the court;

5701	(2) irrevocably appoints the clerk of the court as agent upon whom any papers affecting
5702	the bail bond surety's or bail bond [agent's] producer's liability on the undertaking may be
5703	served; and
5704	(3) acknowledges that liability may be enforced on motion and upon notice as the court
5705	may require, without the necessity of an independent action.
5706	Section 123. Section <b>34A-2-104</b> is amended to read:
5707	34A-2-104. "Employee," "worker," and "operative" defined Mining lessees
5708	and sublessees Corporate officers and directors Real estate agents and brokers
5709	Prison inmates Insurance producers Certain domestic workers.
5710	(1) As used in this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act, "employee,"
5711	"worker," and "operative" mean:
5712	(a) (i) each elective and appointive officer and any other person:
5713	(A) in the service of:
5714	(I) the state;
5715	(II) a county, city, or town within the state; or
5716	(III) a school district within the state;
5717	(B) serving the state, or any county, city, town, or school district under:
5718	(I) an election;
5719	(II) appointment; or
5720	(III) any contract of hire, express or implied, written or oral; and
5721	(ii) including:
5722	(A) an officer or employee of the state institutions of learning; and
5723	(B) a member of the National Guard while on state active duty; and
5724	(b) each person in the service of any employer, as defined in Section 34A-2-103, who
5725	employs one or more workers or operatives regularly in the same business, or in or about the
5726	same establishment:
5727	(i) under any contract of hire:
5728	(A) express or implied; and
5729	(B) oral or written;
5730	(ii) including aliens and minors, whether legally or illegally working for hire; and
5731	(iii) not including any person whose employment:

5732 (A) is casual; and

5733 (B) not in the usual course of the trade, business, or occupation of the employee's 5734 employer.

5735 (2) (a) Unless a lessee provides coverage as an employer under this chapter and 5736 Chapter 3, any lessee in mines or of mining property and each employee and sublessee of the 5737 lessee shall be:

5738 (i) covered for compensation by the lessor under this chapter and Chapter 3;

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(ii) subject to this chapter and Chapter 3; and

(iii) entitled to the benefits of this chapter and Chapter 3, to the same extent as if the
lessee, employee, or sublessee were employees of the lessor drawing the wages paid employees
for substantially similar work.

5743 (b) The lessor may deduct from the proceeds of ores mined by the lessees an amount 5744 equal to the insurance premium for that type of work.

(3) (a) A partnership or sole proprietorship may elect to include any partner of the
partnership or owner of the sole proprietorship as an employee of the partnership or sole
proprietorship under this chapter and Chapter 3.

(b) If a partnership or sole proprietorship makes an election under Subsection (3)(a),
the partnership or sole proprietorship shall serve written notice upon its insurance carrier
naming the persons to be covered.

(c) A partner of a partnership or owner of a sole proprietorship may not be considered
an employee of the partner's partnership or the owner's sole proprietorship under this chapter or
Chapter 3 until the notice described in Subsection (3)(b) is given.

(d) For premium rate making, the insurance carrier shall assume the salary or wage of
the partner or sole proprietor electing coverage under Subsection (3)(a) to be 100% of the
state's average weekly wage.

5757 (4) (a) A corporation may elect not to include any director or officer of the corporation5758 as an employee under this chapter and Chapter 3.

(b) If a corporation makes an election under Subsection (4)(a), the corporation shall
serve written notice upon its insurance carrier naming the persons to be excluded from
coverage.

5762 (c) A director or officer of a corporation is considered an employee under this chapter

receives the domestic work;

5763 and Chapter 3 until the notice described in Subsection (4)(b) is given. 5764 (5) As used in this chapter and Chapter 3, "employee," "worker," and "operative" do 5765 not include: 5766 (a) a real estate sales agent or real estate broker, as defined in Section 61-2-2, who performs services in that capacity for a real estate broker if: 5767 (i) substantially all of the real estate sales agent's or associated broker's income for 5768 5769 services is from real estate commissions; and 5770 (ii) the services of the real estate sales agent or associated broker are performed under a 5771 written contract that: (A) the real estate agent is an independent contractor; and 5772 5773 (B) the real estate sales agent or associated broker is not to be treated as an employee 5774 for federal income tax purposes; 5775 (b) an offender performing labor under Section 64-13-16 or 64-13-19, except as 5776 required by federal statute or regulation; 5777 (c) an individual who for an insurance [agent or broker] producer, as defined in Section 5778 31A-1-301, solicits, negotiates, places or procures insurance if: 5779 (i) substantially all of the individual's income from those services is from insurance 5780 commissions: and 5781 (ii) the services of the individual are performed under a written contract that states that 5782 the individual: 5783 (A) is an independent contractor; 5784 (B) is not to be treated as an employee for federal income tax purposes; and (C) can derive income from more than one insurance company; or 5785 5786 (d) notwithstanding Subsection 34A-2-103(4), an individual who provides domestic 5787 work for a person if: 5788 (i) the person for whom the domestic work is being provided receives or is eligible to 5789 receive the domestic work under a state or federal program designed to pay the costs of 5790 domestic work to prevent the person from being placed in: 5791 (A) an institution; or 5792 (B) a more restrictive placement than where that person resides at the time the person 5793

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5794	(ii) the individual is paid by a person designated by the Secretary of the Treasury in
5795	accordance with Section 3504, Internal Revenue Code, as a fiduciary, agent, or other person
5796	that has the control, receipt, custody, or disposal of, or pays the wages of the individual; and
5797	(iii) the domestic work is performed under a written contract that notifies the
5798	individual that the individual is not an employee under this chapter or Chapter 3.
5799	(6) An individual described in Subsection (5)(d) may become an employee under this
5800	chapter and Chapter 3 if the employer of the individual complies with:
5801	(a) this chapter and Chapter 3; and
5802	(b) commission rules.
5803	Section 124. Section <b>35A-4-205</b> is amended to read:
5804	35A-4-205. Exempt employment.
5805	(1) If the services are also exempted under the Federal Unemployment Tax Act, as
5806	amended, employment does not include:
5807	(a) service performed prior to January 1, 1973, in the employ of a state, except as
5808	provided in Subsection 35A-4-204(2)(d);
5809	(b) service performed in the employ of a political subdivision of a state, except as
5810	provided in Subsection 35A-4-204(2)(d);
5811	(c) service performed in the employ of the United States Government or an
5812	instrumentality of the United States immune under the United States Constitution from the
5813	contributions imposed by this chapter, except that, to the extent that the Congress of the United
5814	States shall permit, this chapter shall apply to those instrumentalities and to services performed
5815	for the instrumentalities to the same extent as to all other employers, employing units,
5816	individuals and services; provided, that if this state is not certified for any year by the Secretary
5817	of Labor under Section 3304 of the Federal Internal Revenue Code of 1954, 26 U.S.C. 3304,
5818	the payments required of the instrumentalities with respect to that year shall be refunded by the
5819	division from the fund in the same manner and within the same period as is provided in
5820	Subsection 35A-4-306(5) with respect to contributions erroneously collected;
5821	(d) service performed after June 30, 1939, as an employee representative as defined in
5822	the Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act, 45 U.S.C. 351 et seq., and service performed after
5823	June 30, 1939, for an employer as defined in that act except that if the division determines that
5824	any employing unit which is principally engaged in activities not included in those definitions

constitutes such an employer only to the extent of an identifiable and separable portion of its
activities, this exemption applies only to services performed for the identifiable and separable
portion of its activities;

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(e) agricultural labor as defined in Section 35A-4-206;

(f) domestic service in a private home, local college club, or local chapter of a college
fraternity or sorority, except as provided in Subsection 35A-4-204(2)(k);

(g) (i) service performed in the employ of a school, college, or university, if the serviceis performed:

5833 (A) by a student who is enrolled and is regularly attending classes at that school,5834 college, or university; or

(B) by the spouse of the student, if the spouse is advised, at the time the spouse
commences to perform that service, that the employment of that spouse to perform that service
is provided under a program to provide financial assistance to the student by the school,
college, or university, and that the employment will not be covered by any program of
unemployment insurance;

5840 (ii) service performed by an individual who is enrolled at a nonprofit or public 5841 educational institution, that normally maintains a regular faculty and curriculum and normally has a regularly organized body of students in attendance at the place where its educational 5842 5843 activities are carried on, as a student in a full-time program taken for credit at the institution, 5844 that combines academic instruction with work experience, if the service is an integral part of the program and the institution has so certified to the employer, but this Subsection (1) does 5845 5846 not apply to service performed in a program established for or on behalf of an employer or 5847 group of employers; or

5848 (iii) service performed in the employ of a hospital, if the service is performed by a 5849 patient of the hospital;

(h) service performed by an individual in the employ of the individual's son, daughter,
or spouse, and service performed by a child under the age of 21 in the employ of the child's
parent;

(i) for the purposes of Subsections 35A-4-204(2)(d) and (e), service performed:

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(i) in the employ of:

5855 (A) a church or convention or association of churches; or

(B) an organization that is operated primarily for religious purposes and that is
operated, supervised, controlled, or principally supported by a church or convention or
association of churches;

(ii) by a duly ordained, commissioned, or licensed minister of a church in the exercise
of the minister's ministry or by a member of a religious order in the exercise of duties required
by the order;

(iii) after December 31, 1977, in the employ of a governmental entity referred to in
Subsection 35A-4-204(2) if the service is performed by an individual in the exercise of the
individual's duties:

5865 (A) as an elected official;

5866 (B) as a member of a legislative body or the judiciary of the state or its political5867 subdivisions;

5868 (C) as a member of the National Guard or Air National Guard;

5869 (D) as an employee serving on a temporary basis in case of fire, storm, snow, 5870 earthquake, flood, or similar emergency; or

5871 (E) in an advisory position or a policymaking position the performance of the duties of 5872 which ordinarily does not require more than eight hours per week;

(iv) in a facility conducted for the purpose of carrying out a program of rehabilitation
for individuals whose earning capacity is impaired by age, physical or mental deficiency,
injury, or providing a remunerative work for individuals who, because of their impaired
physical or mental capacity, cannot be readily absorbed in the competitive labor market by an
individual receiving that rehabilitation or remunerative work;

(v) as part of an unemployment work-relief or work-training program, assisted or
financed in whole or in part by any federal agency or an agency of a state or political
subdivision of the state, by an individual receiving the work-relief or work-training; and

(vi) prior to January 1, 1978, for a hospital in a state prison or other state correctional
institution by an inmate of the prison or correctional institution and after December 31, 1977,
by an inmate of a custodial or penal institution;

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(j) casual labor not in the course of the employing unit's trade or business;

5885 (k) service performed in any calendar quarter in the employ of any organization exempt 5886 from income tax under Subsection 501(a), Internal Revenue Code, other than an organization

described in Subsection 401(a) or Section 521 Internal Revenue Code, if the remuneration forthe service is less than \$50;

5889 (1) service is performed in the employ of a foreign government, including service as a 5890 consular or other officer, other employee, or a nondiplomatic representative;

5891 (m) service performed in the employ of an instrumentality wholly owned by a foreign 5892 government:

(i) if the service is of a character similar to that performed in foreign countries byemployees of the United States government or its instrumentalities; and

(ii) if the division finds that the United States Secretary of State has certified to the
United States Secretary of the Treasury that the foreign government with respect to whose
instrumentality exemption is claimed grants an equivalent exemption with respect to similar
service performed in the foreign country by employees of the United States government and its
instrumentalities;

(n) service performed by an individual for a person as an insurance [agent] producer or
as an insurance solicitor, if all the service performed by the individual for that person is
performed for remuneration solely by way of commission;

(o) service performed by an individual in the delivery or distribution of newspapers or
shopping news, not including delivery or distribution to any point for subsequent delivery or
distribution;

(p) service covered by an arrangement between the division and the agency charged
with the administration of any other state or federal unemployment compensation law under
which all services performed by an individual for an employing unit during the period covered
by the employing unit's duly approved election, are considered to be performed entirely within
the agency's state or under the federal law;

(q) service performed by lessees engaged in metal mining under lease agreements,
unless the individual lease agreement, or the practice in actual operation under the agreement,
is such as would constitute the lessees' employees of the lessor at common law;

(r) service performed by an individual for a person as a licensed real estate agent or
salesman if all the service performed by the individual for that person is performed for
remuneration solely by way of commission;

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7 (s) service performed by an individual for a person as a licensed securities agent or

5918	salesman, registered representative, if the service performed by the individual for that person is
5919	performed for remuneration solely by way of commission;
5920	(t) services as an outside salesman paid solely by way of commission if the services
5921	were performed outside of all places of business of the enterprises for which the services are
5922	performed except:
5923	(i) as provided in Subsection 35A-4-204(2)(i); or
5924	(ii) if the services would constitute employment at common law;
5925	(u) service performed by an individual as a telephone survey conductor or pollster if:
5926	(i) the individual does not perform the service on the principal's premises; and
5927	(ii) the individual is paid for the service solely on a piece-rate or commission basis; or
5928	(v) service performed by a nurse licensed or registered under Title 58, Chapter 31b,
5929	Nurse Practice Act, if:
5930	(i) the service of the nurse is performed in the home of the patient;
5931	(ii) substantially all of the nurse's compensation for the service is from health insurance
5932	proceeds; and
5933	(iii) no compensation or fee for the service is paid to any agency or company as a
5934	business furnishing nursing services.
5935	(2) "Included and excluded service" means if the services performed during $1/2$ or
5936	more of any pay period by an individual for the person employing the individual constitute
5937	employment, all the services of the individual for the period are considered to be employment;
5938	but if the services performed during more than half of any such pay period by an individual for
5939	the person employing the individual do not constitute employment, then none of the services of
5940	the individual for the period are considered to be employment. As used in this Subsection (2),
5941	"pay period" means a period of not more than 31 consecutive days for which payment of
5942	remuneration is ordinarily made to the individual by the person employing the individual.
5943	Section 125. Section 41-12a-303.2 is amended to read:
5944	41-12a-303.2. Evidence of owner's or operator's security to be carried when
5945	operating motor vehicle Defense Penalties.
5946	(1) As used in this section:
5947	(a) "Division" means the Motor Vehicle Division of the State Tax Commission.
5948	(b) "Registration materials" means the evidences of motor vehicle registration,

5949	including all registration cards, license plates, temporary permits, and nonresident temporary
5950	permits.
5951	(2) (a) (i) A person operating a motor vehicle shall:
5952	(A) have in the person's immediate possession evidence of owner's or operator's
5953	security for the motor vehicle the person is operating; and
5954	(B) display it upon demand of a peace officer.
5955	(ii) A person is exempt from the requirements of Subsection (2)(a)(i) if the person is
5956	operating:
5957	(A) a government-owned or leased motor vehicle; or
5958	(B) an employer-owned or leased motor vehicle and is driving it with the employer's
5959	permission.
5960	(b) Evidence of owner's or operator's security includes any one of the following:
5961	(i) a copy of the operator's valid:
5962	(A) insurance policy;
5963	(B) insurance policy declaration page;
5964	(C) binder notice;
5965	(D) renewal notice; or
5966	(E) card issued by an insurance company as evidence of insurance;
5967	(ii) a certificate of insurance issued under Section 41-12a-402;
5968	(iii) a certified copy of a surety bond issued under Section 41-12a-405;
5969	(iv) a certificate of the state treasurer issued under Section 41-12a-406;
5970	(v) a certificate of self-funded coverage issued under Section 41-12a-407; or
5971	(vi) information that the vehicle or driver is insured from the Uninsured Motorist
5972	Identification Database Program created under Title 41, Chapter 12a, Part 8.
5973	(c) Evidence of owner's or operator's security from the Uninsured Motorist
5974	Identification Database Program described under Subsection (2)(b)(vi) supercedes any
5975	evidence of owner's or operator's security described under Subsection (2)(b)(i)(D) or (E).
5976	(3) It is an affirmative defense to a charge under this section that the person had
5977	owner's or operator's security in effect for the vehicle the person was operating at the time of
5978	the person's citation or arrest.
5979	(4) (a) Evidence of owner's or operator's security as defined under Subsection (2)(b)

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5980 except Subsections (2)(b)(i)(D) and (E) or a written statement from an insurance [agent] 5981 producer or company verifying that the person had the required motor vehicle insurance 5982 coverage on the date specified is considered proof of owner's or operator's security for purposes 5983 of Subsection (3) and Section 41-12a-804. 5984 (b) The court considering a citation issued under this section shall allow the evidence 5985 or a written statement under Subsection (4)(a) and a copy of the citation to be faxed or mailed 5986 to the clerk of the court to satisfy Subsection (3). 5987 (c) The notice under Section 41-12a-804 shall specify that the written statement under 5988 Subsection (4)(a) and a copy of the notice shall be faxed or mailed to the designated agent to 5989 satisfy the proof of owner's or operator's security required under Section 41-12a-804. 5990 (5) A violation of this section is a class B misdemeanor, and the fine shall be not less 5991 than: 5992 (a) \$400 for a first offense; and 5993 (b) \$1,000 for a second and subsequent offense within three years of a previous 5994 conviction or bail forfeiture. 5995 (6) Upon receiving notification from a court of a conviction for a violation of this 5996 section, the department: 5997 (a) shall suspend the person's driver license: and 5998 (b) may not renew the person's driver license or issue a driver license to the person 5999 until the person gives the department proof of owner's or operator's security. (i) This proof of owner's or operator's security shall be given by any of the ways 6000 required under Section 41-12a-401. 6001 6002 (ii) This proof of owner's or operator's security shall be maintained with the department 6003 for a three-year period. 6004 (iii) An insurer that provides a certificate of insurance as provided under Section 6005 41-12a-402 or 41-12a-403 may not terminate the insurance policy unless notice of termination 6006 is filed with the department no later than ten days after termination as required under Section 6007 41-12a-404. 6008 (iv) If a person who has canceled the certificate of insurance applies for a license 6009 within three years from the date proof of owner's or operator's security was originally required, 6010 the department shall refuse the application unless the person reestablishes proof of owner's or

6011 operator's security and maintains the proof for the remainder of the three-year period. 6012 Section 126. Section 57-1-39 is amended to read: 6013 57-1-39. Definitions. 6014 As used in Sections 57-1-40 and 57-1-44: 6015 (1) "Beneficiary" means the record owner of the beneficiary's interest under a trust deed, including successors in interest. 6016 6017 (2) "Deliver" or "delivered" means: 6018 (a) by overnight delivery by a reputable carrier; or 6019 (b) by United States certified mail or express mail. 6020 (3) "Mortgage" is as described in Section 57-1-14. (4) "Mortgagee" means the record owner of the mortgagee's interest under a mortgage, 6021 6022 including a successor in interest. 6023 (5) "Satisfactory evidence of the full payment of the obligation secured by a trust deed 6024 or mortgage" means written information adequate, in the opinion of a title insurer or title agent, 6025 to establish that the obligation secured by the trust deed or mortgage has been paid in full. (6) "Servicer" means a person or entity that collects loan payments on behalf of a 6026 6027 beneficiary or mortgagee. 6028 (7) "Title agent" means a title insurance [agent] producer licensed as an organization 6029 under Title 31A, Chapter [23, Part II, Licensing of Agents, Brokers] 23a, Part 2, Producers and 6030 Consultants. (8) "Title insurer" means a title insurer authorized to conduct business in the state 6031 under Title 31A, Chapter [23, Part II, Licensing of Agents, Brokers] 23a, Part 2, Producers and 6032 6033 Consultants. 6034 (9) "Trust deed" is as defined in Subsection 57-1-19(3). 6035 Section 127. Section **59-9-101** is amended to read: 6036 59-9-101. Tax basis -- Rates -- Exemptions. 6037 (1) (a) Except for annuity considerations, insurance premiums paid by institutions 6038 within the state system of higher education as specified in Section 53B-1-102, and ocean 6039 marine insurance, every admitted insurer shall pay to the commission on or before March 31 in each year, a tax of 2-1/4% of the total premiums received by it during the preceding calendar 6040 6041 year from insurance covering property or risks located in this state.

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6042 (b) This Subsection (1) does not apply to: (i) workers' compensation insurance, assessed under Subsection (2); and 6043 6044 (ii) title insurance premiums taxed under Subsection (3). 6045 (c) The taxable premium under this Subsection (1) shall be reduced by: (i) all premiums returned or credited to policyholders on direct business subject to tax 6046 6047 in this state; 6048 (ii) all premiums received for reinsurance of property or risks located in this state; and 6049 (iii) the dividends, including premium reduction benefits maturing within the year, paid 6050 or credited to policyholders in this state or applied in abatement or reduction of premiums due 6051 during the preceding calendar year. (2) (a) Every admitted insurer writing workers' compensation insurance in this state. 6052 including the Workers' Compensation Fund created under Title 31A, Chapter 33, Workers' 6053 6054 Compensation Fund, shall pay to the tax commission, on or before March 31 in each year, a

6054 Compensation Fund, shan pay to the tax commission, on or before twatch 51 in each year, a 6055 premium assessment of between 1% and 8% of the total workers' compensation premium 6056 income received by the insurer from workers' compensation insurance in this state during the 6057 preceding calendar year.

6058 (b) Total workers' compensation premium income means the net written premium as 6059 calculated before any premium reduction for any insured employer's deductible, retention, or 6060 reimbursement amounts and also those amounts equivalent to premiums as provided in Section 6061 34A-2-202.

6062 (c) The percentage of premium assessment applicable for a calendar year shall be 6063 determined by the Labor Commission under Subsection (2)(d). The total premium income 6064 shall be reduced in the same manner as provided in Subsections (1)(c)(i) and (1)(c)(ii), but not 6065 as provided in Subsection (1)(c)(iii). The tax commission shall promptly remit from the 6066 premium assessment collected under Subsection (2):

(i) an amount of up to 7.25% of the premium income to the state treasurer for credit tothe Employers' Reinsurance Fund created under Subsection 34A-2-702(1);

(ii) an amount equal to 0.25% of the premium income to the state treasurer for credit tothe restricted account in the General Fund, created by Section 34A-2-701; and

6071 (iii) an amount of up to 0.50% and any remaining assessed percentage of the premium6072 income to the state treasurer for credit to the Uninsured Employers' Fund created under Section

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6073 34A-2-704.

(d) (i) The Labor Commission shall determine the amount of the premium assessment
for each year on or before each October 15 of the preceding year. The Labor Commission shall
make this determination following a public hearing. The determination shall be based upon the
recommendations of a qualified actuary.

(ii) The actuary shall recommend a premium assessment rate sufficient to provide
payments of benefits and expenses from the Employers' Reinsurance Fund and to project a
funded condition with assets greater than liabilities by no later than June 30, 2025.

(iii) The actuary shall recommend a premium assessment rate sufficient to provide
payments of benefits and expenses from the Uninsured Employers' Fund and to maintain it at a
funded condition with assets equal to or greater than liabilities.

6084 (iv) At the end of each fiscal year the minimum approximate assets in the Employers' 6085 Reinsurance Fund shall be \$5,000,000 which amount shall be adjusted each year beginning in 6086 1990 by multiplying by the ratio that the total workers' compensation premium income for the 6087 preceding calendar year bears to the total workers' compensation premium income for the 6088 calendar year 1988.

(v) The requirements of Subsection (2)(d)(iv) cease when the future annual
disbursements from the Employers' Reinsurance Fund are projected to be less than the
calculations of the corresponding future minimum required assets. The Labor Commission
shall, after a public hearing, determine if the future annual disbursements are less than the
corresponding future minimum required assets from projections provided by the actuary.

6094 (vi) At the end of each fiscal year the minimum approximate assets in the Uninsured 6095 Employers' Fund shall be \$2,000,000, which amount shall be adjusted each year beginning in 6096 1990 by multiplying by the ratio that the total workers' compensation premium income for the 6097 preceding calendar year bears to the total workers' compensation premium income for the 6098 calendar year 1988.

6099 (e) A premium assessment that is to be transferred into the General Fund may be6100 collected on premiums received from Utah public agencies.

6101 (3) Every admitted insurer writing title insurance in this state shall pay to the
6102 commission, on or before March 31 in each year, a tax of .45% of the total premium received
6103 by either the insurer or by its agents during the preceding calendar year from title insurance

6104	concerning property located in this state. In calculating this tax, "premium" includes the
6105	charges made to an insured under or to an applicant for a policy or contract of title insurance
6106	for:
6107	(a) the assumption by the title insurer of the risks assumed by the issuance of the policy
6108	or contract of title insurance; and
6109	(b) abstracting title, title searching, examining title, or determining the insurability of
6110	title, and every other activity, exclusive of escrow, settlement, or closing charges, whether
6111	denominated premium or otherwise, made by a title insurer, an agent of a title insurer, a title
6112	insurance [agent] producer, or any of them.
6113	(4) Beginning July 1, 1986, former county mutuals and former mutual benefit
6114	associations shall pay the premium tax or assessment due under this chapter. All premiums
6115	received after July 1, 1986, shall be considered in determining the tax or assessment.
6116	(5) The following insurers are not subject to the premium tax on health care insurance
6117	that would otherwise be applicable under Subsection (1):
6118	(a) insurers licensed under Title 31A, Chapter 5, Domestic Stock and Mutual Insurance
6119	Corporations;
6120	(b) insurers licensed under Title 31A, Chapter 7, Nonprofit Health Service Insurance
6121	Corporations;
6122	(c) insurers licensed under Title 31A, Chapter 8, Health Maintenance Organizations
6123	and Limited Health Plans;
6124	(d) insurers licensed under Title 31A, Chapter 9, Insurance Fraternals;
6125	(e) insurers licensed under Title 31A, Chapter 11, Motor Clubs;
6126	(f) insurers licensed under Title 31A, Chapter 13, Employee Welfare Funds and Plans;
6127	and
6128	(g) insurers licensed under Title 31A, Chapter 14, Foreign Insurers.
6129	(6) An insurer issuing multiple policies to an insured may not artificially allocate the
6130	premiums among the policies for purposes of reducing the aggregate premium tax or
6131	assessment applicable to the policies.
6132	(7) The retaliatory provisions of Title 31A, Chapter 3, Department Funding, Fees, and
6133	Taxes, apply to the tax or assessment imposed under this chapter.
6134	Section 128. Section 63-2-202 is amended to read:

6135	63-2-202. Access to private, controlled, and protected documents.
6136	(1) Upon request, a governmental entity shall disclose a private record to:
6137	(a) the subject of the record;
6138	(b) the parent or legal guardian of an unemancipated minor who is the subject of the
6139	record;
6140	(c) the legal guardian of a legally incapacitated individual who is the subject of the
6141	record;
6142	(d) any other individual who:
6143	(i) has a power of attorney from the subject of the record;
6144	(ii) submits a notarized release from the subject of the record or his legal representative
6145	dated no more than 90 days before the date the request is made; or
6146	(iii) if the record is a medical record described in Subsection 63-2-302(1)(b), is a health
6147	care provider, as defined in Section 26-33a-102, if releasing the record or information in the
6148	record is consistent with normal professional practice and medical ethics; or
6149	(e) any person to whom the record must be provided pursuant to court order as
6150	provided in Subsection (7) or a legislative subpoena as provided in Title 36, Chapter 14.
6151	(2) (a) Upon request, a governmental entity shall disclose a controlled record to:
6152	(i) a physician, psychologist, certified social worker, insurance provider or [agent]
6153	producer, or a government public health agency upon submission of a release from the subject
6154	of the record that is dated no more than 90 days prior to the date the request is made and a
6155	signed acknowledgment of the terms of disclosure of controlled information as provided by
6156	Subsection (2)(b); and
6157	(ii) any person to whom the record must be disclosed pursuant to court order as
6158	provided in Subsection (7) or a legislative subpoena as provided in Title 36, Chapter 14.
6159	(b) A person who receives a record from a governmental entity in accordance with
6160	Subsection (2)(a)(i) may not disclose controlled information from that record to any person,
6161	including the subject of the record.
6162	(3) If there is more than one subject of a private or controlled record, the portion of the
6163	record that pertains to another subject shall be segregated from the portion that the requester is
6164	entitled to inspect.
6165	(4) Upon request, a governmental entity shall disclose a protected record to:

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6166 (a) the person who submitted the record; 6167 (b) any other individual who: 6168 (i) has a power of attorney from all persons, governmental entities, or political 6169 subdivisions whose interests were sought to be protected by the protected classification; or 6170 (ii) submits a notarized release from all persons, governmental entities, or political 6171 subdivisions whose interests were sought to be protected by the protected classification or from 6172 their legal representatives dated no more than 90 days prior to the date the request is made; 6173 (c) any person to whom the record must be provided pursuant to a court order as 6174 provided in Subsection (7) or a legislative subpoena as provided in Title 36, Chapter 14; or 6175 (d) the owner of a mobile home park, subject to the conditions of Subsection 6176 41-1a-116(5). 6177 (5) A governmental entity may disclose a private, controlled, or protected record to another governmental entity, political subdivision, another state, the United States, or a foreign 6178 6179 government only as provided by Section 63-2-206. 6180 (6) Before releasing a private, controlled, or protected record, the governmental entity 6181 shall obtain evidence of the requester's identity. (7) A governmental entity shall disclose a record pursuant to the terms of a court order 6182 6183 signed by a judge from a court of competent jurisdiction, provided that: 6184 (a) the record deals with a matter in controversy over which the court has jurisdiction; 6185 (b) the court has considered the merits of the request for access to the record; and (c) the court has considered and, where appropriate, limited the requester's use and 6186 6187 further disclosure of the record in order to protect privacy interests in the case of private or 6188 controlled records, business confidentiality interests in the case of records protected under 6189 Subsections 63-2-304(1) and (2), and privacy interests or the public interest in the case of other 6190 protected records; 6191 (d) to the extent the record is properly classified private, controlled, or protected, the 6192 interests favoring access, considering limitations thereon, outweigh the interests favoring 6193 restriction of access: and 6194 (e) where access is restricted by a rule, statute, or regulation referred to in Subsection 6195 63-2-201(3)(b), the court has authority independent of this chapter to order disclosure. 6196 (8) (a) A governmental entity may disclose or authorize disclosure of private or

6197 controlled records for research purposes if the governmental entity:

- (i) determines that the research purpose cannot reasonably be accomplished withoutuse or disclosure of the information to the researcher in individually identifiable form;
- (ii) determines that the proposed research is bona fide, and that the value of theresearch outweighs the infringement upon personal privacy;
- (iii) requires the researcher to assure the integrity, confidentiality, and security of the
  records and requires the removal or destruction of the individual identifiers associated with the
  records as soon as the purpose of the research project has been accomplished;
- (iv) prohibits the researcher from disclosing the record in individually identifiable
  form, except as provided in Subsection (8)(b), or from using the record for purposes other than
  the research approved by the governmental entity; and
- (v) secures from the researcher a written statement of his understanding of and
  agreement to the conditions of this Subsection (8) and his understanding that violation of the
  terms of this Subsection (8) may subject him to criminal prosecution under Section 63-2-801.
- (b) A researcher may disclose a record in individually identifiable form if the record is
  disclosed for the purpose of auditing or evaluating the research program and no subsequent use
  or disclosure of the record in individually identifiable form will be made by the auditor or
  evaluator except as provided by this section.
- 6215 (c) A governmental entity may require indemnification as a condition of permitting6216 research under this Subsection (8).
- (9) (a) Under Subsections 63-2-201(5)(b) and 63-2-401(6), a governmental entity may
  disclose records that are private under Section 63-2-302, or protected under Section 63-2-304
  to persons other than those specified in this section.
- (b) Under Subsection 63-2-403(11)(b), the Records Committee may require the
  disclosure of records that are private under Section 63-2-302, controlled under Section
  63-2-303, or protected under Section 63-2-304 to persons other than those specified in this
  section.
- (c) Under Subsection 63-2-404(8), the court may require the disclosure of records that
  are private under Section 63-2-302, controlled under Section 63-2-303, or protected under
  Section 63-2-304 to persons other than those specified in this section.
- 6227 Section 129. Section **63-2-302** (Effective **07/01/03**) is amended to read:

6228	63-2-302 (Effective 07/01/03). Private records.
6229	(1) The following records are private:
6230	(a) records concerning an individual's eligibility for unemployment insurance benefits,
6231	social services, welfare benefits, or the determination of benefit levels;
6232	(b) records containing data on individuals describing medical history, diagnosis,
6233	condition, treatment, evaluation, or similar medical data;
6234	(c) records of publicly funded libraries that when examined alone or with other records
6235	identify a patron;
6236	(d) records received or generated for a Senate or House Ethics Committee concerning
6237	any alleged violation of the rules on legislative ethics, prior to the meeting, and after the
6238	meeting, if the ethics committee meeting was closed to the public;
6239	(e) records received or generated for a Senate confirmation committee concerning
6240	character, professional competence, or physical or mental health of an individual:
6241	(i) if prior to the meeting, the chair of the committee determines release of the records:
6242	(A) reasonably could be expected to interfere with the investigation undertaken by the
6243	committee; or
6244	(B) would create a danger of depriving a person of a right to a fair proceeding or
6245	impartial hearing;
6246	(ii) after the meeting, if the meeting was closed to the public;
6247	(f) employment records concerning a current or former employee of, or applicant for
6248	employment with, a governmental entity that would disclose that individual's home address,
6249	home telephone number, Social Security number, insurance coverage, marital status, or payroll
6250	deductions;
6251	(g) records or parts of records under Section 63-2-302.5 that a current or former
6252	employee identifies as private according to the requirements of that section;
6253	(h) that part of a record indicating a person's Social Security number if provided under
6254	Section [ <del>31A-23-202</del> ] <u>31A-23a-104</u> , 31A-26-202, 58-1-301, 61-1-4, or 61-2-6;
6255	(i) that part of a voter registration record identifying a voter's driver license or
6256	identification card number, Social Security number, or last four digits of the Social Security
6257	number; [and]
6258	(j) a record that:

6259	(i) contains information about an individual;
6260	(ii) is voluntarily provided by the individual; and
6261	(iii) goes into an electronic database that:
6262	(A) is designated by and administered under the authority of the Chief Information
6263	Officer; and
6264	(B) acts as a repository of information about the individual that can be electronically
6265	retrieved and used to facilitate the individual's online interaction with a state agency[-]; and
6266	(k) information provided to the Commissioner of Insurance under Subsection
6267	<u>31A-23a-115(2)(a).</u>
6268	(2) The following records are private if properly classified by a governmental entity:
6269	(a) records concerning a current or former employee of, or applicant for employment
6270	with a governmental entity, including performance evaluations and personal status information
6271	such as race, religion, or disabilities, but not including records that are public under Subsection
6272	63-2-301(1)(b) or 63-2-301(2)(o), or private under Subsection 63-2-302(1)(b);
6273	(b) records describing an individual's finances, except that the following are public:
6274	(i) records described in Subsection 63-2-301(1);
6275	(ii) information provided to the governmental entity for the purpose of complying with
6276	a financial assurance requirement; or
6277	(iii) records that must be disclosed in accordance with another statute;
6278	(c) records of independent state agencies if the disclosure of those records would
6279	conflict with the fiduciary obligations of the agency;
6280	(d) other records containing data on individuals the disclosure of which constitutes a
6281	clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy; and
6282	(e) records provided by the United States or by a government entity outside the state
6283	that are given with the requirement that the records be managed as private records, if the
6284	providing entity states in writing that the record would not be subject to public disclosure if
6285	retained by it.
6286	(3) (a) As used in this Subsection (3), "medical records" means medical reports,
6287	records, statements, history, diagnosis, condition, treatment, and evaluation.
6288	(b) Medical records in the possession of the University of Utah Hospital, its clinics,
6289	doctors, or affiliated entities are not private records or controlled records under Section

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6290 63-2-303 when the records are sought: (i) in connection with any legal or administrative proceeding in which the patient's 6291 6292 physical, mental, or emotional condition is an element of any claim or defense; or 6293 (ii) after a patient's death, in any legal or administrative proceeding in which any party 6294 relies upon the condition as an element of the claim or defense. 6295 (c) Medical records are subject to production in a legal or administrative proceeding 6296 according to state or federal statutes or rules of procedure and evidence as if the medical 6297 records were in the possession of a nongovernmental medical care provider. 6298 Section 130. Section 63-2-302 (Superseded 07/01/03) is amended to read: 6299 63-2-302 (Superseded 07/01/03). Private records. 6300 (1) The following records are private: (a) records concerning an individual's eligibility for unemployment insurance benefits, 6301 6302 social services, welfare benefits, or the determination of benefit levels; 6303 (b) records containing data on individuals describing medical history, diagnosis, 6304 condition, treatment, evaluation, or similar medical data; 6305 (c) records of publicly funded libraries that when examined alone or with other records identify a patron; 6306 (d) records received or generated for a Senate or House Ethics Committee concerning 6307 6308 any alleged violation of the rules on legislative ethics, prior to the meeting, and after the 6309 meeting, if the ethics committee meeting was closed to the public; 6310 (e) records received or generated for a Senate confirmation committee concerning character, professional competence, or physical or mental health of an individual: 6311 6312 (i) if prior to the meeting, the chair of the committee determines release of the records: 6313 (A) reasonably could be expected to interfere with the investigation undertaken by the 6314 committee; or 6315 (B) would create a danger of depriving a person of a right to a fair proceeding or 6316 impartial hearing; 6317 (ii) after the meeting, if the meeting was closed to the public; 6318 (f) records concerning a current or former employee of, or applicant for employment 6319 with, a governmental entity that would disclose that individual's home address, home telephone 6320 number, social security number, insurance coverage, marital status, or payroll deductions;

6321	(g) that part of a record indicating a person's social security number if provided under
6322	Section [ <del>31A-23-202</del> ] <u>31A-23a-104</u> , 31A-26-202, 58-1-301, 61-1-4, or 61-2-6;
6323	(h) that part of a voter registration record identifying a voter's driver license or
6324	identification card number, Social Security number, or last four digits of the Social Security
6325	number; [and]
6326	(i) a record that:
6327	(i) contains information about an individual;
6328	(ii) is voluntarily provided by the individual; and
6329	(iii) goes into an electronic database that:
6330	(A) is designated by and administered under the authority of the Chief Information
6331	Officer; and
6332	(B) acts as a repository of information about the individual that can be electronically
6333	retrieved and used to facilitate the individual's online interaction with a state agency[-]; and
6334	(j) information provided to the Commissioner of Insurance under Subsection
6335	<u>31A-23a-115(2)(a).</u>
6336	(2) The following records are private if properly classified by a governmental entity:
6337	(a) records concerning a current or former employee of, or applicant for employment
6338	with a governmental entity, including performance evaluations and personal status information
6339	such as race, religion, or disabilities, but not including records that are public under Subsection
6340	63-2-301(1)(b) or 63-2-301(2)(o), or private under Subsection 63-2-302(1)(b);
6341	(b) records describing an individual's finances, except that the following are public:
6342	(i) records described in Subsection 63-2-301(1);
6343	(ii) information provided to the governmental entity for the purpose of complying with
6344	a financial assurance requirement; or
6345	(iii) records that must be disclosed in accordance with another statute;
6346	(c) records of independent state agencies if the disclosure of those records would
6347	conflict with the fiduciary obligations of the agency;
6348	(d) other records containing data on individuals the disclosure of which constitutes a
6349	clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy; and
6350	(e) records provided by the United States or by a government entity outside the state
6351	that are given with the requirement that the records be managed as private records, if the

6352	providing entity states in writing that the record would not be subject to public disclosure if
6353	retained by it.
6354	(3) (a) As used in this Subsection (3), "medical records" means medical reports,
6355	records, statements, history, diagnosis, condition, treatment, and evaluation.
6356	(b) Medical records in the possession of the University of Utah Hospital, its clinics,
6357	doctors, or affiliated entities are not private records or controlled records under Section
6358	63-2-303 when the records are sought:
6359	(i) in connection with any legal or administrative proceeding in which the patient's
6360	physical, mental, or emotional condition is an element of any claim or defense; or
6361	(ii) after a patient's death, in any legal or administrative proceeding in which any party
6362	relies upon the condition as an element of the claim or defense.
6363	(c) Medical records are subject to production in a legal or administrative proceeding
6364	according to state or federal statutes or rules of procedure and evidence as if the medical
6365	records were in the possession of a nongovernmental medical care provider.
6366	Section 131. Section 63-55b-131 is amended to read:
6367	63-55b-131. Repeal dates, Title 31A.
6368	(1) Section 31A-22-626 is repealed July 1, 2004.
6369	(2) Section [ <del>31A-23-315</del> ] <u>31A-23a-415</u> is repealed July 1, 2006.
6370	Section 132. Section <b>73-1-10</b> is amended to read:
6371	73-1-10. Conveyance of water rights Deed Exceptions Filing and recording
6372	of deed Report of water right conveyance.
6373	(1) (a) A water right, whether evidenced by a decree, a certificate of appropriation, a
6374	diligence claim to the use of surface or underground water, or a water user's claim filed in
6375	general determination proceedings, shall be transferred by deed in substantially the same
6376	manner as is real estate.
6377	(b) The deed must be recorded in the office of the recorder of the county where the
6378	point of diversion of the water is located and in the county where the water is used.
6379	(c) A recorded deed of a water right shall from the time of its recording in the office of
6380	the county recorder constitute notice of its contents to all persons.
6381	(2) The right to the use of water evidenced by shares of stock in a corporation shall be
6382	
	transferred in accordance with the procedures applicable to securities set forth in Title 70A,

6383	Chapter 8, Uniform Commercial Code - Investment Securities.
6384	(3) (a) To update water right ownership on the records of the state engineer, a water
6385	right owner shall submit a report of water right conveyance to the state engineer.
6386	(b) The report of water right conveyance shall be on forms provided by the state
6387	engineer.
6388	(c) The report shall be prepared by:
6389	(i) or prepared under the direction of and certified by, any of the following persons
6390	licensed in Utah:
6391	(A) an attorney;
6392	(B) a professional engineer;
6393	(C) a title insurance [agent] producer; or
6394	(D) a professional land surveyor; or
6395	(ii) the water right owner as authorized by rule of the state engineer.
6396	(d) The filing and processing of a report of water right conveyance with the state
6397	engineer is neither an adjudication of water right ownership nor an opinion as to title or validity
6398	of the water right.
6399	(e) The state engineer shall adopt rules that specify:
6400	(i) the information required in a report of water right conveyance; and
6401	(ii) the procedures for processing the reports.
6402	Section 133. Section 73-18c-304 is amended to read:
6403	73-18c-304. Evidence of owner's or operator's security to be carried when
6404	operating personal watercraft Defense Penalties.
6405	(1) (a) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(a)(ii), a person operating a personal
6406	watercraft shall:
6407	(A) have in the person's immediate possession evidence of owner's or operator's
6408	security for the personal watercraft the person is operating; and
6409	(B) display it upon demand of a peace officer.
6410	(ii) A person operating a government-owned or government-leased personal watercraft
6411	is exempt from the requirements of Subsection (1)(a)(i).
6412	(b) Evidence of owner's or operator's security includes any one of the following:
6413	(i) the operator's:

6414	(A) insurance policy;
6415	(B) binder notice;
6416	(C) renewal notice; or
6417	(D) card issued by an insurance company as evidence of insurance;
6418	(ii) a copy of a surety bond, certified by the surety, which conforms to Section
6419	73-18c-102;
6420	(iii) a certificate of the state treasurer issued under Section 73-18c-305; or
6421	(iv) a certificate of self-funded coverage issued under Section 73-18c-306.
6422	(2) It is an affirmative defense to a charge under this section that the person had
6423	owner's or operator's security in effect for the personal watercraft the person was operating at
6424	the time of the person's citation or arrest.
6425	(3) (a) A letter from an insurance [agent] producer or company verifying that the
6426	person had the required liability insurance coverage on the date specified is considered proof of
6427	owner's or operator's security for purposes of Subsection (2).
6428	(b) The court considering a citation issued under this section shall allow the letter
6429	under Subsection (3)(a) and a copy of the citation to be faxed or mailed to the clerk of the court
6430	to satisfy Subsection (2).
6431	(4) A violation of this section is a class B misdemeanor.
6432	(5) If a person is convicted of a violation of this section and if the person is the owner
6433	of a personal watercraft, the court shall:
6434	(a) require the person to surrender the person's registration materials to the court; and
6435	(b) forward the registration materials, together with a copy of the conviction, to the
6436	division.
6437	(6) (a) Upon receiving notification from a court of a conviction for a violation of this
6438	section, the division shall revoke the person's personal watercraft registration.
6439	(b) Any registration revoked may not be renewed for a period of one year following the
6440	date of revocation.
6441	Section 134. Section <b>76-10-915</b> is amended to read:
6442	76-10-915. Exempt activities.
6443	(1) No provision of this act shall be construed to prohibit:
6444	(a) the activities of any public utility to the extent that those activities are subject to

regulation by the public service commission, the state or federal department of transportation,
the federal energy regulatory commission, the federal communications commission, the
interstate commerce commission, or successor agencies;

(b) the activities of any insurer, insurance [agent, insurance broker] producer,
independent insurance adjuster or rating organization including, but not limited to, making or
participating in joint underwriting or reinsurance arrangements, to the extent that those
activities are subject to regulation by the commissioner of insurance;

6452 (c) the activities of securities dealers, issuers or agents, to the extent that those 6453 activities are subject to regulation under the laws of either this state or the United States;

(d) the activities of any state or national banking institution, to the extent that such
activities are regulated or supervised by state government officers or agencies under the
banking laws of this state or by federal government officers or agencies under the banking laws
of the United States;

(e) the activities of any state or federal savings and loan association to the extent that
those activities are regulated or supervised by state government officers or agencies under the
banking laws of this state or federal government officers or agencies under the banking laws of
the United States;

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(f) the activities of a municipality to the extent authorized or directed by state law; or

(g) the activities of an emergency medical service provider licensed under Title 26,
Chapter 8a, Utah Emergency Medical Service System Act, to the extent that those activities are
regulated by state government officers or agencies under that act.

(2) The labor of a human being is not a commodity or article of commerce. Nothing
contained in the antitrust laws shall be construed to forbid the existence and operation of labor,
agricultural or horticultural organizations, instituted for the purpose of mutual help and not
having capital stock or conducted for profit, or to forbid or restrain individual members of such
organizations from lawfully carrying out the legitimate object thereof; nor shall such
organizations or membership in them be held to be illegal combinations or conspiracies in
restraint of trade under the antitrust laws.

6473 Section 135. **Repealer.** 

6474 This act repeals:

6475 Section **31A-23-103**, **Transition provisions**.

6476	Section 31A-23-215, Agency licensees Reports Suspension, revocation, or
6477	limitation of license.
6478	Section 136. Effective date.
6479	This act takes effect May 5, 2003, except that the amendments to Section 63-2-302
6480	(Effective 07/01/03) take effect on July 1, 2003.
6481	Section 137. Coordination clause.
6482	(1) If this bill and H.B. 4, Viatical Settlements, both pass, it is the intent of the
6483	Legislature that the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel in preparing the Utah
6484	Code database for publication, shall:
6485	(a) replace the references in Subsection 31A-36-104(2) of H.B. 4 to "Sections
6486	31A-23-216 and 31A-23-217" with references to "Sections 31A-23a-111, 31A-23a-112, and
6487	<u>31A-23a-113</u> ";
6488	(b) renumber Section 31A-23-221, enacted in H.B. 4, as 31A-23a-117;
6489	(c) merge the language from H.B. 4, Subsection 31A-23-203(1)(g) into this bill as
6490	Subsection 31A-23a-105(1)(g), modify the language to read "(g) if an applicant for a license to
6491	act as a provider or producer of viatical settlements, has satisfied the requirements of Section
6492	31A-23a-117", and renumber remaining subsections accordingly; and
6493	(d) merge the language from H.B. 4, Subsection 31A-23-204(2)(h) into this bill as
6494	Subsection 31A-23a-106(2)(g).
6495	(2) If this bill and H.B. 373, Insurance Law Revisions, both pass, it is the intent of the
6496	Legislature that the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel in preparing the Utah
6497	Code database for publication, shall:
6498	(a) replace the phrase " <u>title insurance agent</u> " in Subsection 31A-19a-209(2)(a)(i) of
6499	H.B. 373 with the phrase "title insurance producer"; and
6500	(b) merge the language from H.B. 373, Subsection 31A-23-202(4) into this bill as
6501	Subsection 31A-23a-104(4).

### Legislative Review Note as of 2-20-03 12:40 PM

A limited legal review of this legislation raises no obvious constitutional or statutory concerns.

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

### **State Impact**

No fiscal impact.

### **Individual and Business Impact**

There are some small changes in continuing education requirements. Title insurers must have experience before opening their own agencies.

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst