1	NONKESIDENT TUTTION FOR HIGHER
2	EDUCATION AMENDMENTS
3	2003 GENERAL SESSION
4	STATE OF UTAH
5	Sponsor: Loraine T. Pace
6	This act modifies the State System of Higher Education Code by amending the definition
7	of a resident student for tuition purposes. This act has an immediate effective date.
8	This act affects sections of Utah Code Annotated 1953 as follows:
9	AMENDS:
10	53B-8-102 , as last amended by Chapter 271, Laws of Utah 2002
11	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
12	Section 1. Section 53B-8-102 is amended to read:
13	53B-8-102. Definition of resident student.
14	(1) The meaning of "resident student" is determined by reference to the general law on
15	the subject of domicile, except as provided in this section.
16	(2) A person who has come to Utah and established residency for the purpose of
17	attending an institution of higher education shall, prior to registration as a resident student:
18	(a) if the student is an undergraduate student, maintain continuous Utah residency
19	status <u>:</u>
20	(i) while completing [60] at least 45 semester credit hours at a regionally accredited
21	Utah higher education institution or an equivalent number of applicable contact hours at the
22	Utah College of Applied Technology; [and] or
23	(ii) for 24 months prior to the beginning of the academic period for which registration
24	as a resident student is sought; or
25	(b) if the student is a graduate student, maintain continuous Utah residency status:
26	(i) while completing at least 30 semester credit hours at a regionally accredited Utah
27	higher education institution; or



28 (ii) for 24 months prior to the beginning of the academic period for which registration 29 as a resident student is sought; and 30 [(b)] (c) demonstrate by additional objective evidence, including Utah voter 31 registration, Utah drivers license, Utah vehicle registration, employment in Utah, payment of 32 Utah resident income taxes, and Utah banking connections, the establishment of a domicile in 33 Utah and that the student does not maintain a residence elsewhere. 34 (3) Personnel of the United States Armed Forces assigned to active duty in Utah, and 35 the immediate members of their families residing with them in this state are entitled to resident 36 status for tuition purposes. Upon the termination of active duty status, the military personnel 37 and their family members are governed by the standards applicable to nonmilitary persons. 38 (4) (a) Aliens who are present in the United States on visitor, student, or other visas 39 which authorize only temporary presence in this country, do not have the capacity to intend to 40 reside in Utah for an indefinite period and therefore are classified as nonresidents. 41 (b) Aliens who have been granted immigrant or permanent resident status in the United 42 States are classified for purposes of resident status according to the same criteria applicable to 43 citizens. 44 (5) The board, after consultation with the institutions, shall make rules not inconsistent 45 with this section: 46 (a) concerning the definition of resident and nonresident students; 47 (b) establishing procedures for classifying and reclassifying students; 48 (c) establishing criteria for determining qualifying credit hours and judging claims of 49 residency or domicile; 50 (d) establishing appeals procedures; and 51 (e) other matters related to this section. 52 (6) Any American Indian who is enrolled on the tribal rolls of a tribe whose reservation 53 or trust lands lie partly or wholly within Utah or whose border is at any point contiguous with 54 the border of Utah, and any American Indian who is a member of a federally recognized or 55 known Utah tribe and who has graduated from a high school in Utah, is entitled to resident 56 student status.

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(7) Other institutions within the system shall honor a determination by an institution

that a person is a resident student unless the determination was obtained by false pretenses or

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the facts which existed at the time of the determination have materially changed.
Section 2. Effective date.
If approved by two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, this act takes effect
upon approval by the governor, or the day following the constitutional time limit of Utah
Constitution Article VII, Section 8, without the governor's signature, or in the case of a veto,

Legislative Review Note as of 12-30-02 7:02 AM

01-13-03 10:52 AM

the date of veto override.

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A limited legal review of this legislation raises no obvious constitutional or statutory concerns.

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

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