Representative J. Morgan Philpot proposes the following substitute bill:

1	POLL WATCHER AND PRESERVATION OF
2	ELECTION DATE AMENDMENTS
3	2003 GENERAL SESSION
4	STATE OF UTAH
5	Sponsor: J. Morgan Philpot
6	This act modifies the Election Code. This act provides that representatives acting as poll
7	watchers during specified elections may be present in the counting room or other rooms
8	associated with the processing of the votes for counting. This act prohibits poll watchers
9	from touching, causing damage to a ballot, or obstructing the counting process. This act
10	provides that the election officers shall create read-only electronic copies of all electronic
11	information and that those electronic copies be archived for possible historical or
12	analytical purposes.
13	This act affects sections of Utah Code Annotated 1953 as follows:
14	AMENDS:
15	20A-3-201, as last amended by Chapter 22, Laws of Utah 1999
16	20A-4-101, as last amended by Chapter 177, Laws of Utah 2002
17	20A-4-104, as last amended by Chapter 177, Laws of Utah 2002
18	20A-4-202, as last amended by Chapter 228, Laws of Utah 1993
19	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
20	Section 1. Section 20A-3-201 is amended to read:
21	20A-3-201. Watchers.
22	(1) (a) (i) (A) For each regular general election or statewide special election, and for
23	each regular primary and Western States Presidential Primary, each registered political party
24	and any person interested in a ballot proposition appearing on the ballot may appoint [one
25	person] a representative to act as a voting poll watcher to observe the casting of ballots,



- [another person] a representative to act as a counting poll watcher to observe the counting of ballots, and [another person] a representative to act as an inspecting poll watcher to inspect the condition and observe the securing of ballot packages.
- (B) These representatives may be different people, or the same person, as determined by the party or person being represented.
- (ii) Each party poll watcher shall be designated, and his selection made known to the election judges, by an affidavit made by the county chair of each of the parties.
- (iii) Each issue poll watcher shall be designated, and his selection made known to the election judges, by an affidavit made by the individual appointing him.
- (b) (i) (A) For each municipal general election, municipal primary, local special election, or bond election that uses paper ballots, each candidate and any person interested in an issue appearing on the ballot may appoint [one person] a representative to act as a voting poll watcher to observe the casting of ballots, [another person] a representative to act as a counting poll watcher to observe the counting of ballots, and [another person] a representative to act as an inspecting poll watcher to inspect the condition and observe the securing of ballot packages.
- (B) These representatives may be different people, or the same person, as determined by the candidate or person being represented.
- (ii) (A) For each municipal general election, municipal primary, local special election, or bond election that uses ballot cards, each candidate and any person interested in an issue appearing on the ballot may appoint [one person] a representative to act as a voting poll watcher to observe the casting of ballots, [another person] a representative to act as a counting poll watcher to observe the counting of ballots, and [another person] a representative to act as an inspecting poll watcher to inspect the condition and observe the securing of ballot packages.
- (B) These representatives may be different people, or the same person, as determined by the candidate or person being represented.
- (iii) Each candidate poll watcher shall be designated, and his selection made known to the election judges, by an affidavit made by the candidate appointing him.
- (iv) Each issue poll watcher shall be designated, and his selection made known to the election judges, by an affidavit made by the individual appointing him.
 - (2) If an appointed poll watcher is temporarily absent for meals, or is sick or otherwise

57	absent, that poll watcher may substitute some other watcher of similar political beliefs by
58	informing the election judges of the substitution by affidavit.
59	(3) Voting poll watchers may watch and observe the voting process, and may make a
60	written memorandum, but they may not interfere in any way with the process of voting except
61	to challenge a voter as provided in this part.
62	(4) [The] (a) Each counting poll watcher shall [remain in]:
63	(i) have unrestricted access to the counting room[, except in the case of necessity, until
64	the close of the polls and may not divulge the progress of the count until the count is
65	completed.] and any other rooms associated with the processing of the votes for counting; and
66	(ii) remain in these rooms, except in the case of necessity, until the close of the polls.
67	(b) The election officer shall allow a counting poll watcher to stand close enough to the
68	counting process to verify that the ballots are being counted correctly.
69	(c) A counting poll watcher may not:
70	(i) touch any ballot;
71	(ii) cause any ballot to be damaged; or
72	(iii) obstruct the counting process.
73	(5) (a) It is unlawful for a counting poll watcher to communicate in any manner,
74	directly or indirectly, by word or sign, the progress of the count, the result so far, or any other
75	information about the count <u>until the count is completed</u> .
76	(b) Any person who violates this subsection is guilty of a third degree felony.
77	(6) The inspecting poll watcher may be present in the office of the clerk or recorder to
78	whom ballots are delivered after elections to:
79	(a) inspect the condition of the packages containing the ballots upon their arrival; and
80	(b) observe the placement of these packages in a safe and secure place.
81	(7) (a) If a voting, counting, or inspecting poll watcher observes actions or processes
82	that could adversely affect the integrity of the vote counting process, the poll watcher shall
83	report those observations to the election officer.
84	(b) The election officer shall include all information reported by poll watchers in the
85	report to the county canvassers.
86	Section 2. Section 20A-4-101 is amended to read:

20A-4-101. Counting paper ballots during election day.

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88	(1) Each county legislative body or municipal legislative body that has voting precincts
89	that use paper ballots and each election judge in those voting precincts shall comply with the
90	requirements of this section.
91	(2) (a) Each county legislative body or municipal legislative body shall provide:
92	(i) two sets of ballot boxes for all voting precincts where both receiving and counting
93	judges have been appointed; and
94	(ii) a counting room for the use of the election judges counting the ballots during the
95	day.
96	(b) At any election in any voting precinct in which both receiving and counting judges
97	have been appointed, when at least 20 votes have been cast, the receiving judges shall:
98	(i) close the first ballot box and deliver it to the counting judges; and
99	(ii) prepare and use another ballot box to receive voted ballots.
100	(c) Upon receipt of the ballot box, the counting judges shall:
101	(i) take the ballot box to the counting room;
102	(ii) count the votes on the regular ballots in the ballot box;
103	(iii) place the provisional ballot envelopes in the envelope or container provided for
104	them for return to the election officer; and
105	(iv) when they have finished counting the votes in the ballot box, return the emptied
106	box to the receiving judges.
107	(d) (i) During the course of election day, whenever there are at least 20 ballots
108	contained in a ballot box, the receiving judges shall deliver that ballot box to the counting
109	judges for counting; and
110	(ii) the counting judges shall immediately count the regular ballots and segregate the
111	provisional ballots contained in that box.
112	(e) The counting judges shall continue to exchange the ballot boxes and count ballots
113	until the polls close.
114	(3) (a) Counting poll watchers appointed as provided in Section 20A-3-201 may
115	observe the count.
116	(b) The election officer shall allow a counting poll watcher to stand close enough to the
117	counting process to verify that the ballots are being counted correctly.

(c) Counting poll watchers may not:

119	(i) touch any ballot;
120	(ii) cause any ballot to be damaged; or
121	(iii) obstruct the counting process.
122	(4) The counting judges shall apply the standards and requirements of Section
123	20A-4-104 to resolve any questions that arise as they count the ballots.
124	Section 3. Section 20A-4-104 is amended to read:
125	20A-4-104. Counting ballots electronically.
126	(1) (a) Before beginning to count ballot cards using automatic tabulating equipment,
127	the election officer shall test the automatic tabulating equipment to ensure that it will
128	accurately count the votes cast for all offices and all measures.
129	(b) The election officer shall publish public notice of the time and place of the test at
130	least 48 hours before the test in one or more daily or weekly newspapers of general circulation
131	published in the county, municipality, or jurisdiction where the equipment is used.
132	(c) The election officer shall conduct the test by processing a preaudited group of ballot
133	cards.
134	(d) The election officer shall ensure that:
135	(i) a predetermined number of valid votes for each candidate and measure are recorded
136	on the ballot cards;
137	(ii) for each office, one or more ballot cards have votes in excess of the number
138	allowed by law in order to test the ability of the automatic tabulating equipment to reject those
139	votes; and
140	(iii) a different number of valid votes are assigned to each candidate for an office, and
141	for and against each measure.
142	(e) If any error is detected, the election officer shall determine the cause of the error
143	and correct it.
144	(f) The election officer shall ensure that:
145	(i) the automatic tabulating equipment produces an errorless count before beginning
146	the actual counting; and
147	(ii) the automatic tabulating equipment passes the same test at the end of the count
148	before the election returns are approved as official.
149	(2) (a) The election officer or his designee shall supervise and direct all proceedings at

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150	the counting center.
151	(b) (i) Proceedings at the counting center are public and may be observed by interested
152	persons.
153	(ii) Only those persons authorized to participate in the count may touch any ballot,
154	ballot card, or return.
155	(c) The election officer shall deputize and administer an oath or affirmation to all
156	persons who are engaged in processing and counting the ballots that they will faithfully
157	perform their assigned duties.
158	(d) (i) (A) Counting poll watchers appointed as provided in Section 20A-3-201 may
159	observe the testing of equipment and actual counting of the ballot cards.
160	(B) The election officer shall allow a counting poll watcher to stand close enough to
161	the counting process to verify that the ballots are being counted correctly.
162	(C) A counting poll watcher may not:
163	(I) touch any ballot;
164	(II) cause any ballot to be damaged; or
165	(III) obstruct the counting process.
166	(ii) Those counting poll watchers may make independent tests of the equipment before
167	or after the vote count as long as the testing does not interfere in any way with the official
168	tabulation of the ballot cards.
169	(3) If any ballot card is damaged or defective so that it cannot properly be counted by
170	the automatic tabulating equipment, the election officer shall:
171	(a) cause a true duplicate copy of the ballot card to be made with an identifying serial
172	number;
173	(b) substitute the duplicate for the damaged ballot card;
174	(c) label the duplicate ballot card "duplicate"; and
175	(d) record the duplicate ballot card's serial number on the damaged or defective ballot
176	card.
177	(4) The election officer may:
178	(a) conduct an unofficial count before conducting the official count in order to provide
179	early unofficial returns to the public;

(b) release unofficial returns from time to time after the polls close; and

181	(c) report the progress of the count for each candidate during the actual counting of
182	ballots.
183	(5) The election officer shall review and evaluate the provisional ballot envelopes and
184	prepare any valid provisional ballots for counting as provided in Section 20A-4-107.
185	(6) (a) The election officer or his designee shall:
186	(i) separate, count, and tabulate any ballots containing valid write-in votes; and
187	(ii) complete the standard form provided by the clerk for recording valid write-in votes
188	(b) In counting the write-in votes, if, by casting a valid write-in vote, a voter has cast
189	more votes for an office than that voter is entitled to vote for that office, the judges shall count
190	the valid write-in vote as being the obvious intent of the voter.
191	(7) (a) The election officer shall certify the return printed by the automatic tabulating
192	equipment, to which have been added write-in and absentee votes, as the official return of each
193	voting precinct.
194	(b) Upon completion of the count, the election officer shall make official returns open
195	to the public.
196	(8) If for any reason it becomes impracticable to count all or a part of the ballot cards
197	with tabulating equipment, the election officer may direct that they be counted manually
198	according to the procedures and requirements of this part.
199	(9) After the count is completed, the election officer shall seal and retain the programs,
200	test materials, and ballots as provided in Section 20A-4-202.
201	Section 4. Section 20A-4-202 is amended to read:
202	20A-4-202. Election officers Disposition of ballots.
203	(1) (a) Upon receipt of the election returns from an election judge, the election officer
204	shall:
205	(i) ensure that the election judge has provided all of the ballots and election returns;
206	(ii) inspect the ballots and election returns to ensure that they are sealed; and
207	(iii) (A) for paper ballots, deposit and lock the ballots and election returns in a safe and
208	secure place; or
209	(B) for punch card ballots, count the ballots and deposit and lock the ballots and
210	election returns in a safe and secure place.
211	(b) Inspecting poll watchers appointed as provided in Section 20A-3-201 may be

212	present and observe the election officer's receipt, inspection, and deposit of the banots and
213	election returns.
214	(c) The election officer shall allow an inspecting poll watcher to stand close enough to
215	the election officer to observe the receipt, inspection, and deposit of ballots and election
216	returns.
217	(d) Inspecting poll watchers may not:
218	(i) touch any ballot;
219	(ii) cause any ballot to be damaged; or
220	(iii) obstruct the receipt, inspection, and deposit of ballots and election returns process
221	(2) Each election officer shall:
222	(a) preserve ballots for 22 months after the election or until the time has expired during
223	which the ballots could be used in an election contest;
224	(b) package and seal a true copy of the ballot label used in each voting precinct;
225	(c) except for the electronic copies required in Subsection (2)(d), preserve all other
226	official election returns for at least 22 months after an election; [and]
227	(d) create read-only electronic copies of all electronic information pertaining to the
228	election; and
229	[(d)] (e) (i) after [that time] 22 months, destroy [them] the nonelectronic information
230	without opening or examining [them.] the nonelectronic information; and
231	(ii) archive the electronic information for possible future historical or analytical
232	<u>purposes.</u>
233	(3) (a) The election officer shall package and retain all tabulating cards and other
234	materials used in the programming of the automatic tabulating equipment;
235	(b) The election officer:
236	(i) may access these tabulating cards and other materials;
237	(ii) may make copies of these materials and make changes to the copies;
238	(iii) may not alter or make changes to the materials themselves; and
239	(iv) within 22 months after the election in which they were used, may dispose of those
240	materials or retain them.
241	(4) (a) If an election contest is begun within 12 months, the election officer shall:
242	(i) keep the ballots and election returns unopened and unaltered until the contest is

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243	complete; or
244	(ii) surrender the ballots and election returns to the custody of the court having
245	jurisdiction of the contest when ordered or subpoenaed to do so by that court.
246	(b) When all election contests arising from an election are complete, the election
247	officer shall either:
248	(i) retain the ballots and election returns until the time for preserving them under this
249	section has run; or
250	(ii) destroy the ballots and election returns remaining in his custody without opening or
251	examining them if the time for preserving them under this section has run.