Senator Scott K. Jenkins proposes the following substitute bill:

1	VENTURE CAPITAL ENHANCEMENT ACT
2	2003 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Sponsor: Peggy Wallace
5	This act enacts the Utah Venture Capital Enhancement Act. The act provides economic
6	stimulus measures for businesses by creating the Utah Capital Investment Board. The
7	act authorizes the organization of the Utah Capital Investment Corporation and a Utah
8	fund of funds. The act provides for the issuance of contingent tax credits to investors in
9	the Utah fund of funds. The act takes effect on July 1, 2003.
10	This act affects sections of Utah Code Annotated 1953 as follows:
11	AMENDS:
12	9-2-1205, as last amended by Chapter 242, Laws of Utah 2000
13	63-55-209, as last amended by Chapter 159, Laws of Utah 2002
14	63E-1-102, as last amended by Chapters 159 and 250, Laws of Utah 2002
15	63E-1-302, as enacted by Chapter 201, Laws of Utah 2001
16	63E-1-303, as enacted by Chapter 201, Laws of Utah 2001
17	ENACTS:
18	9-2-1901 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
19	9-2-1902 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
20	9-2-1903 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
21	9-2-1904 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
22	9-2-1905 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
23	9-2-1906 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
24	9-2-1907 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
25	9-2-1908 , Utah Code Annotated 1953



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26	9-2-1909 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
27	9-2-1910 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
28	9-2-1911 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
29	9-2-1912 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
30	9-2-1913 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
31	9-2-1914 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
32	9-2-1915 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
33	9-2-1916 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
34	9-2-1917 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
35	9-2-1918 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
36	9-2-1919 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
37	9-2-1920 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
38	9-2-1921 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
39	9-2-1922 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
40	9-2-1923 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
41	9-2-1924 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
42	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
43	Section 1. Section 9-2-1205 is amended to read:
44	9-2-1205. Qualification for assistance.
45	(1) Except as provided in Section 9-2-1205.5, the administrator shall determine which
46	industries, companies, and individuals qualify to receive monies from the fund. Except as
47	provided by Subsection (2), to qualify for financial assistance from the fund, an applicant shall:
48	(a) demonstrate to the satisfaction of the administrator that the applicant will expend
49	funds in Utah with vendors and subcontractors or other businesses in an amount proportional
50	with monies provided from the fund at a minimum ratio of 5.7 to 1 per year for a minimum
51	period of five years beginning with the date the loan was approved;
52	(b) demonstrate to the satisfaction of the administrator that the applicant will expend at
53	least \$10,000,000 annually in Utah over the base level of an applicant's prior year's
54	expenditures in the state;
55	(c) demonstrate to the satisfaction of the administrator the applicant's ability to sustain
56	economic activity in the state sufficient to repay, by means of cash or appropriate credits, the

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57	assistance provided by the fund; and
58	(d) satisfy other criteria the administrator considers appropriate.
59	(2) (a) The administrator may exempt an applicant from either the requirements of
60	Subsection (1)(a) or (1)(b), or both, if:
61	(i) the financial assistance is provided to an applicant for the purpose of locating all or
62	any portion of its operations to an economically disadvantaged rural area;
63	(ii) the applicant is solely owned by or is a cooperative consisting solely of persons
64	who reside in an economically disadvantaged rural area; [or]
65	(iii) the applicant is part of a targeted industry[-]: or
66	(iv) the applicant is a quasi-public corporation organized under Title 16, Chapter 6a,
67	Utah Revised Nonprofit Corporation Act, or Title 63E, Chapter 2, Independent Corporations
68	Act, and its operations, as demonstrated to the satisfaction of the administrator, will provide
69	significant economic stimulus to the growth of commerce and industry in the state.
70	(b) The administrator may not exempt the applicant from the requirement under
71	Subsection 9-2-1204(2) that the loan or financial assistance be structured so that the repayment
72	or return to the state equals at least the amount of the assistance together with an annual
73	interest rate of 10%.
74	(3) The administrator shall:
75	(a) for applicants not described in Subsection (2)(a)(ii):
76	(i) make findings as to whether or not each applicant has satisfied each of the
77	conditions set forth in Subsection (1); and
78	(ii) monitor the continued compliance by each applicant with each of the conditions set
79	forth in Subsection (1);
80	(b) for applicants described in Subsection (2)(a)(ii) who are cooperatives, make
81	findings as to whether the economic activities of each applicant has resulted in a reduction in
82	the federal poverty rate in the economically disadvantaged rural area in which the applicant is
83	located;
84	(c) for applicants described in Subsection (2)(a)(ii) who are not cooperatives, make
85	findings as to whether the economic activities of each applicant has resulted in the creation of
86	new jobs on a per capita basis, instead of a set standard, in the economically disadvantaged
87	rural area in which the applicant is located;

88	(d) monitor the compliance by each applicant with the provisions of any contract or
89	agreement entered into between the applicant and the state as provided in Section 9-2-1206;
90	and
91	(e) make funding decisions based upon appropriate findings and compliance.
92	Section 2. Section 9-2-1901 is enacted to read:
93	Part 19. Utah Venture Capital Enhancement Act
94	9-2-1901. Title.
95	This part is known as the "Utah Venture Capital Enhancement Act."
96	Section 3. Section 9-2-1902 is enacted to read:
97	<u>9-2-1902.</u> Findings Purpose.
98	(1) The Legislature finds that:
99	(a) fundamental changes have occurred in national and international financial markets
100	and in the state's financial markets;
101	(b) a critical shortage of seed and venture capital resources exists in the state, and that
102	shortage is impairing the growth of commerce in the state;
103	(c) a need exists to increase the availability of venture equity capital for emerging,
104	expanding, and restructuring enterprises in Utah, including enterprises in the life sciences,
105	advanced manufacturing, and information technology; and
106	(d) increased venture equity capital investments in emerging, expanding, and
107	restructuring enterprises in Utah will:
108	(i) create new jobs in the state; and
109	(ii) help to diversify the state's economic base.
110	(2) This part is enacted to:
111	(a) mobilize private investment in a broad variety of venture capital partnerships in
112	diversified industries and locales;
113	(b) retain the private-sector culture of focusing on rate of return in the investing
114	process;
115	(c) secure the services of the best managers in the venture capital industry, regardless
116	of location;
117	(d) facilitate the organization of the Utah fund of funds to seek private investments and
118	to create interest in those investments by offering state incentives for private persons to make

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119	investments in the Utah fund of funds;
120	(e) enhance the venture capital culture and infrastructure in the state so as to increase
121	venture capital investment within the state and to promote venture capital investing within the
122	state; and
123	(f) accomplish the purposes referred to in Subsections (2)(a) through (e) in a manner
124	that would maximize the direct economic impact for the state while minimizing any
125	appropriations by the state.
126	Section 4. Section 9-2-1903 is enacted to read:
127	<u>9-2-1903.</u> Definitions.
128	As used in this part:
129	(1) "Board" means the Utah Capital Investment Board.
130	(2) "Certificate" means a contract between the board and a designated investor under
131	which a contingent tax credit is available and issued to the designated investor.
132	(3) "Commitment" means a written commitment by a designated purchaser to purchase
133	from the board certificates presented to the board for redemption by a designated investor.
134	Each commitment shall state the dollar amount of contingent tax credits that the designated
135	purchaser has committed to purchase from the board.
136	(4) "Contingent tax credit" means a contingent tax credit issued under this part that is
137	available against tax liabilities imposed by Title 59, Chapter 7, Corporate Franchise and
138	Income Taxes, and Chapter 10, Individual Income Tax Act, if there are insufficient funds in the
139	redemption reserve and the board has not exercised other options for redemption under
140	Subsection 9-2-1920(3)(b).
141	(5) "Corporation" means the Utah Capital Investment Corporation created under
142	Section 9-2-1907.
143	(6) "Designated investor" means:
144	(a) a person who purchases an equity interest in the Utah fund of funds; or
145	(b) a transferee of a certificate or contingent tax credit.
146	(7) "Designated purchaser" means:
147	(a) a person who enters into a written undertaking with the board to purchase a
148	commitment; or

(b) a transferee who assumes the obligations to make the purchase described in the

150	commitment.
151	(8) "Person" means an individual, partnership, limited liability company, corporation,
152	association, organization, business trust, estate, trust, or any other legal or commercial entity.
153	(9) "Redemption reserve" means the reserve established by the corporation to facilitate
154	the cash redemption of certificates.
155	(10) "Utah fund of funds" means a private, for-profit limited partnership or limited
156	liability company established under Section 9-2-1913 in which a designated investor purchases
157	an equity interest.
158	Section 5. Section 9-2-1904 is enacted to read:
159	9-2-1904. Utah Capital Investment Board.
160	(1) There is created within the department the Utah Capital Investment Board to
161	exercise the powers conferred by this part.
162	(2) The purpose of the board is to mobilize venture equity capital for investment in a
163	manner that will result in a significant potential to create jobs and to diversify and stabilize the
164	economy of the state.
165	(3) In the exercise of its powers and duties, the board is considered to be performing an
166	essential public purpose.
167	Section 6. Section 9-2-1905 is enacted to read:
168	9-2-1905. Board members Meetings Expenses.
169	(1) (a) The board shall consist of five members.
170	(b) Of the five members:
171	(i) one shall be the state treasurer;
172	(ii) one shall be the director; and
173	(iii) three shall be appointed by the governor and confirmed by the Senate.
174	(c) The three members appointed by the governor shall serve five-year staggered terms
175	with the initial terms of the first three members to be five years for one member, fours years for
176	one member, and three years for one member.
177	(2) When a vacancy occurs in the membership of the board for any reason, the vacancy
178	shall be:
179	(a) filled in the same manner as the appointment of the original member; and
180	(b) for the unexpired term of the board member being replaced.

181	(3) Appointed members of the board may not serve more than two full consecutive
182	terms except where the governor determines that an additional term is in the best interest of the
183	state.
184	(4) Three members of the board constitute a quorum for conducting business and
185	exercising board power.
186	(5) (a) Members of the board may not receive compensation or benefits for their
187	services, but may receive per diem and expenses incurred in the performance of the members'
188	official duties at rates established by the Division of Finance under Sections 63A-3-106 and
189	<u>63A-3-107.</u>
190	(b) Members of the board may decline to receive per diem and expenses for their
191	services.
192	(6) Members of the board shall be selected on the basis of demonstrated expertise and
193	competence in:
194	(a) the supervision of investment managers;
195	(b) the fiduciary management of investment funds; or
196	(c) the management and administration of tax credit allocation programs.
197	(7) The board and its members are considered to be a governmental entity with all of
198	the rights, privileges, and immunities of a governmental entity of the state, including all of the
199	rights and benefits conferred under Title 63, Chapter 30, Utah Government Immunity Act.
200	(8) Meetings of the board, except to the extent necessary to protect confidential
201	information with respect to investments in the Utah fund of funds, are subject to Title 52,
202	Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings.
203	Section 7. Section 9-2-1906 is enacted to read:
204	9-2-1906. Board duties and powers.
205	(1) The board shall:
206	(a) establish criteria and procedures for the allocation and issuance of contingent tax
207	credits to designated investors by means of certificates issued by the board;
208	(b) establish criteria and procedures for assessing the likelihood of future certificate
209	redemptions by designated investors, including:
210	(i) criteria and procedures for evaluating the value of investments made by the Utah
211	<u>fund of funds; and</u>

212	(ii) the returns from the Otan rund of runds;
213	(c) establish criteria and procedures for registering and redeeming contingent tax
214	credits by designated investors holding certificates issued by the board;
215	(d) establish a target rate of return or range of returns on venture capital investments of
216	the Utah fund of funds;
217	(e) establish criteria and procedures governing commitments obtained by the board
218	from designated purchasers including:
219	(i) entering into commitments with designated purchasers; and
220	(ii) drawing on commitments to redeem certificates from designated investors;
221	(f) have power to:
222	(i) expend funds;
223	(ii) invest funds;
224	(iii) enter into contracts;
225	(iv) insure against loss; and
226	(v) perform any other act necessary to carry out its purpose; and
227	(g) (i) make, amend, and revoke rules for the conduct of its affairs, consistent with this
228	part and in accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act;
229	(ii) all rules made by the board under Subsection (1)(g)(i) are subject to review by the
230	Legislative Management Committee:
231	(A) whenever made, modified, or revoked; and
232	(B) in each even-numbered year; and
233	(iii) Subsection (1)(g)(ii) does not preclude the Legislature's Administrative Rules
234	Committee from reviewing and taking appropriate action on any rule made, amended, or
235	revoked by the board.
236	(2) The criteria and procedures established by the board for the allocation and issuance
237	of contingent tax credits shall:
238	(a) include the contingencies that must be met for a certificate and its related tax credits
239	to be:
240	(i) issued by the board;
241	(ii) transferred by a designated investor; and
242	(iii) redeemed by a designated investor in order to receive a contingent tax credit; and

243	(b) tie the contingencies for redemption of certificates to the targeted rates of return
244	and scheduled redemptions of equity interests purchased by designated investors in the Utah
245	fund of funds.
246	(3) (a) The board may charge a placement fee to the Utah fund of funds for the
247	issuance of a certificate and related contingent tax credit to a designated investor.
248	(b) The fee shall:
249	(i) be charged only to pay for reasonable and necessary costs of the board; and
250	(ii) not exceed .5% of the equity investment of the designated investor.
251	(4) The board's criteria and procedures for redeeming certificates:
252	(a) shall give priority to the redemption amount from the available funds in the
253	redemption reserve; and
254	(b) to the extent there are insufficient funds in the redemption reserve to redeem
255	certificates, shall grant the board the option to redeem certificates:
256	(i) by certifying a contingent tax credit to the designated investor; or
257	(ii) by making demand on designated purchasers consistent with the requirements of
258	Section 9-2-1921.
259	(5) (a) The board shall, in consultation with the corporation, publish an annual report
260	of the activities conducted by the Utah fund of funds, and present the report to the governor and
261	the Legislature.
262	(b) The annual report shall:
263	(i) include a copy of the audit of the Utah fund of funds and a valuation of the assets of
264	the Utah fund of funds;
265	(ii) review the progress of the investment fund allocation manager in implementing its
266	investment plan; and
267	(iii) describe any redemption or transfer of a certificate issued under this part.
268	(c) The annual report may not identify any specific designated investor who has
269	redeemed or transferred a certificate.
270	(d) (i) Beginning July 1, 2008, and thereafter every five years, the board shall publish a
271	progress report which shall evaluate the progress of the state in accomplishing the purposes
272	stated in Section 9-2-1902.
273	(ii) The board shall give a copy of the report to the Legislature.

274	Section 8. Section 9-2-1907 is enacted to read:
275	9-2-1907. Utah Capital Investment Corporation Powers and purposes.
276	(1) (a) There is created an independent quasi-public nonprofit corporation known as the
277	Utah Capital Investment Corporation.
278	(b) The corporation:
279	(i) may exercise all powers conferred on independent corporations under Section
280	63E-2-106;
281	(ii) is subject to the prohibited participation provisions of Section 63E-2-107; and
282	(iii) is subject to the other provisions of Title 63E, Chapter 2, Independent
283	Corporations Act, except as otherwise provided in this part.
284	(c) The corporation shall file with the Division of Corporations and Commercial Code:
285	(i) articles of incorporation; and
286	(ii) any amendment to its articles of incorporation.
287	(d) In addition to the articles of incorporation, the corporation may adopt bylaws and
288	operational policies that are consistent with this chapter.
289	(e) Except as otherwise provided in this part, this part does not exempt the corporation
290	from the requirements under state law which apply to other corporations organized under Title
291	63E, Chapter 2, Independent Corporations Act.
292	(2) The purposes of the corporation are to:
293	(a) organize the Utah fund of funds;
294	(b) select a venture capital investment fund allocation manager to make venture capital
295	fund investments by the Utah fund of funds:
296	(c) negotiate the terms of a contract with the venture capital investment fund allocation
297	manager;
298	(d) execute the contract with the selected venture capital investment fund manager on
299	behalf of the Utah fund of funds;
300	(e) receive funds paid by designated investors for the issuance of certificates by the
301	board for investment in the Utah fund of funds;
302	(f) receive investment returns from the Utah fund of funds; and
303	(g) establish the redemption reserve to be used by the corporation to redeem
304	certificates.

305	(3) The corporation may not:
306	(a) exercise governmental functions;
307	(b) have members;
308	(c) pledge the credit or taxing power of the state or any political subdivision of the
309	state; or
310	(d) make its debts payable out of any moneys except those of the corporation.
311	(4) The obligations of the corporation are not obligations of the state or any political
312	subdivision of the state within the meaning of any constitutional or statutory debt limitations,
313	but are obligations of the corporation payable solely and only from the corporation's funds.
314	(5) The corporation may:
315	(a) engage consultants and legal counsel;
316	(b) expend funds;
317	(c) invest funds;
318	(d) enter into contracts;
319	(e) insure against loss;
320	(f) hire employees; and
321	(g) perform any other act necessary to carry out its purposes.
322	Section 9. Section 9-2-1908 is enacted to read:
323	9-2-1908. Incorporator Appointment committee.
324	(1) To facilitate the organization of the corporation, the director shall serve as the
325	incorporator as provided in Section 16-6a-201.
326	(2) To assist in the organization of the corporation, the Utah Board of Business and
327	Economic Development shall appoint three individuals to serve on an appointment committee.
328	(3) The appointment committee shall:
329	(a) elect the initial board of directors of the corporation;
330	(b) exercise due care to assure that persons elected to the initial board of directors have
331	the requisite financial experience necessary in order to carry out the duties of the corporation as
332	established in this part, including in areas related to:
333	(i) venture capital investment;
334	(ii) investment management; and
335	(iii) supervision of investment managers and investment funds; and

336	(c) terminate its existence upon the election of the initial board of directors of the
337	corporation.
338	(4) The division shall assist the incorporator and the appointment committee in any
339	manner determined necessary and appropriate by the incorporator and appointment committee
340	in order to administer this section.
341	Section 10. Section 9-2-1909 is enacted to read:
342	<u>9-2-1909.</u> Board of directors.
343	(1) The initial board of directors of the corporation shall consist of five members.
344	(2) The persons elected to the initial board of directors by the appointment committee
345	shall include persons who have an expertise, as considered appropriate by the appointment
346	committee, in the areas of:
347	(a) the selection and supervision of investment managers;
348	(b) fiduciary management of investment funds; and
349	(c) other areas of expertise as considered appropriate by the appointment committee.
350	(3) After the election of the initial board of directors, vacancies in the board of
351	directors of the corporation shall be filled by election by the remaining directors of the
352	corporation.
353	(4) (a) Board members shall serve three-year terms, except that of the five initial
354	members:
355	(i) two shall serve three-year terms;
356	(ii) two shall serve two-year terms; and
357	(iii) one shall serve a one-year term.
358	(b) Board members shall serve until their successors are elected and qualified and may
359	serve successive terms.
360	(c) A majority of the board members may remove a board member for cause.
361	(d) (i) The board shall select a chair by majority vote.
362	(ii) The chair's term is for one year.
363	(5) Three members of the board are a quorum for the transaction of business.
364	(6) Members of the board of directors:
365	(a) are subject to any restrictions on conflicts of interest specified in the organizational
366	documents of the corporation; and

36/	(b) may have no interest in any:
368	(i) venture capital investment fund allocation manager selected by the corporation
369	under this part; or
370	(ii) investments made by the Utah fund of funds.
371	(7) Directors of the corporation:
372	(a) shall be compensated for direct expenses and mileage; and
373	(b) may not receive a director's fee or salary for service as directors.
374	Section 11. Section 9-2-1910 is enacted to read:
375	9-2-1910. Investment manager.
376	(1) After incorporation, the corporation shall conduct a national solicitation for
377	investment plan proposals from qualified venture capital investment fund allocation managers
378	for the raising and investing of capital by the Utah fund of funds in accordance with the
379	requirements of this part.
380	(2) Any proposed investment plan shall address the applicant's:
381	(a) level of:
382	(i) experience; and
383	(ii) quality of management;
384	(b) investment philosophy and process;
385	(c) probability of success in fund-raising:
386	(d) prior investment fund results; and
387	(e) plan for achieving the purposes of this part.
388	(3) The selected venture capital investment fund allocation manager shall have
389	substantial, successful experience in the design, implementation, and management of seed and
390	venture capital investment programs and in capital formation.
391	(4) The corporation shall only select a venture capital investment fund allocation
392	manager:
393	(a) with demonstrated expertise in the management and fund allocation of investments
394	in venture capital funds; and
395	(b) considered best qualified to:
396	(i) invest the capital of the Utah fund of funds; and
397	(ii) generate the amount of capital required by this part.

398	Section 12. Section 9-2-1911 is enacted to read:
399	9-2-1911. Management fee Additional financial assistance.
400	(1) The corporation may charge a management fee on assets under management in the
401	<u>Utah fund of funds.</u>
402	(2) The fee shall:
403	(a) be in addition to any fee charged to the Utah fund of funds by the venture capital
404	investment fund allocation manager selected by the corporation; and
405	(b) be charged only to pay for reasonable and necessary costs of the corporation.
406	(3) The corporation may apply for and, when qualified, receive financial assistance
407	from the Industrial Assistance Fund under Title 9, Chapter 2, Part 12, Industrial Assistance
408	Fund, and under rules made by the Board of Business and Economic Development in
409	accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to help establish
410	the program authorized under this part.
411	Section 13. Section 9-2-1912 is enacted to read:
412	<u>9-2-1912.</u> Dissolution.
413	(1) Upon the dissolution of the Utah fund of funds, the corporation shall be liquidated
414	and dissolved.
415	(2) Upon dissolution or privatization of the corporation, any assets owned by the
416	corporation shall be distributed to the state as provided in Title 63E, Chapter 1, Independent
417	Entities Act.
418	Section 14. Section 9-2-1913 is enacted to read:
419	9-2-1913. Organization of Utah fund of funds.
420	(1) The corporation shall organize the Utah fund of funds.
421	(2) The Utah fund of funds shall make investments in private seed and venture capital
422	partnerships or entities in a manner and for the following purposes:
423	(a) to encourage the availability of a wide variety of venture capital in the state;
424	(b) to strengthen the economy of the state;
425	(c) to help business in the state gain access to sources of capital;
426	(d) to help build a significant, permanent source of capital available to serve the needs
427	of businesses in the state; and
428	(e) to accomplish all these benefits in a way that minimizes the use of contingent tax

129	<u>credits.</u>
430	(3) The Utah fund of funds shall be organized:
431	(a) as a private, for-profit, limited partnership or limited liability company under Utah
432	law having the corporation as the general partner or manager; and
133	(b) to provide for equity interests for designated investors which provide for a
134	designated scheduled rate of return and a scheduled redemption in accordance with rules made
435	by the board pursuant to Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
436	Section 15. Section 9-2-1914 is enacted to read:
137	9-2-1914. Compensation from the Utah fund of funds to the corporation
438	Redemption reserve.
139	(1) The corporation shall be compensated for its investment in the Utah fund of funds
140	through the payment of the management fee described in Section 9-2-1911.
441	(2) (a) Any returns in excess of those payable to designated investors shall be deposited
142	in the redemption reserve and held by the corporation as a first priority reserve for the
143	redemption of certificates.
144	(b) Any returns received by the corporation from investment of amounts held in the
145	redemption reserve shall be added to the redemption reserve until it has reached a total of
146	<u>\$100,000,000.</u>
147	(c) If at the end of any calendar year the redemption reserve exceeds the \$100,000,000
148	limitation referred to in Subsection (2)(b), the excess shall be deposited in the General Fund no
149	later than April 1, of the following year.
450	(3) Funds held by the corporation in the redemption reserve shall be invested in
451	accordance with Title 51, Chapter 7, State Money Management Act.
452	Section 16. Section 9-2-1915 is enacted to read:
453	9-2-1915. Investments by Utah fund of funds.
154	(1) The Utah fund of funds shall invest funds:
455	(a) principally in high-quality venture capital funds managed by investment managers
456	who have:
457	(i) made a commitment to equity investments in businesses located within the state;
458	<u>and</u>
159	(ii) have committed to maintain a physical presence within the state;

460	(b) in private venture capital funds and not in direct investments in individual
461	businesses; and
462	(c) in venture capital funds with experienced managers or management teams with
463	demonstrated expertise and a successful history in the investment of venture capital funds.
464	(2) (a) The Utah fund of funds shall give priority to investments in private seed and
465	venture capital partnerships and entities that have demonstrated a commitment to the state as
466	evidenced by:
467	(i) the investments they have made in Utah-based entities;
468	(ii) the correspondent relationships they have established with Utah-based venture
469	capital funds; or
470	(iii) the commitment they have made to expand the reach of expertise within the state
471	by adding additional investment areas of expertise.
472	(b) The manager of the Utah fund of funds may waive the priorities under Subsection
473	(2)(a) only if necessary to achieve the targeted investment returns required to attract designated
474	<u>investors.</u>
475	(3) The Utah fund of funds may invest funds in a newly created venture capital fund
476	only if the managers or management team of the fund have the experience, expertise, and a
477	successful history in the investment of venture capital funds as described in Subsection (1)(c).
478	(4) (a) An investment or investments by the fund of funds in any venture capital fund
479	may comprise no more than 20% of the total committed capital in the venture capital fund.
480	(b) (i) No more than 50% of the funds invested by the fund of funds may be made with
481	venture capital entities with offices in the state established prior to July 1, 2002.
482	(ii) The restriction under Subsection (4)(b)(i) shall remain in place until three
483	additional venture capital entities open new offices in the state.
484	Section 17. Section 9-2-1916 is enacted to read:
485	9-2-1916. Powers of Utah fund of funds.
486	(1) The Utah fund of funds may:
487	(a) engage consultants and legal counsel;
488	(b) expend funds;
489	(c) invest funds;
490	(d) enter into contracts;

491	(e) insure against loss;
492	(f) hire employees;
493	(g) issue equity interests to designated investors that have purchased certificates from
494	the board; and
495	(h) perform any other act necessary to carry out its purposes.
496	(2) (a) The Utah fund of funds shall engage a venture capital investment fund
497	allocation manager.
498	(b) The compensation paid to the fund manager shall be in addition to the management
499	fee paid to the corporation under Section 9-2-1911.
500	(3) The Utah fund of funds may:
501	(a) issue debt and borrow the funds needed to accomplish its goals;
502	(b) not secure its debt with contingent tax credits issued by the board;
503	(c) open and manage bank and short-term investment accounts as considered necessary
504	by the venture capital investment fund allocation manager; and
505	(d) expend moneys to secure investment ratings for investments by designated
506	investors in the Utah fund of funds.
507	Section 18. Section 9-2-1917 is enacted to read:
508	<u>9-2-1917.</u> Annual audits.
509	(1) Each calendar year, an audit of the activities of the Utah fund of funds shall be
510	made as described in this section.
511	(2) (a) The audit shall be conducted by:
512	(i) the state auditor; or
513	(ii) an independent auditor engaged by the state auditor.
514	(b) An independent auditor used under Subsection (2)(a)(ii) must have no business,
515	contractual, or other connection to:
516	(i) the corporation; or
517	(ii) the Utah fund of funds.
518	(3) The corporation shall pay the costs associated with the annual audit.
519	(4) The annual audit report shall:
520	(a) be delivered to:
521	(i) the corporation; and

522	(ii) the board; and
523	(b) include a valuation of the assets owned by the Utah fund of funds as of the end of
524	the reporting year.
525	Section 19. Section 9-2-1918 is enacted to read:
526	9-2-1918. Certificates and contingent tax credits.
527	(1) In accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
528	board, in consultation with the State Tax Commission, shall make rules governing the form,
529	issuance, and redemption of certificates.
530	(2) The board's issuance of certificates and related contingent tax credits to designated
531	investors shall be subject to the following:
532	(a) the aggregate outstanding certificates may not exceed a total of \$100,000,000 of
533	contingent tax credits;
534	(b) the certificates shall be issued contemporaneously with an investment in the Utah
535	fund of funds by a designated investor;
536	(c) contingent tax credits shall be issued in a manner that not more than \$20,000,000 of
537	contingent tax credits may be initially redeemable in any fiscal year; and
538	(d) the credits are certifiable if there are insufficient funds in the redemption reserve to
539	make a cash redemption and the board does not exercise its other options under Subsection
540	9-2-1920(3)(b).
541	(3) In determining the \$100,000,000 maximum limit in Subsection (2)(a) and the
542	\$20,000,000 limitation in Subsection (2)(c):
543	(a) the board shall use the cumulative amount of scheduled aggregate returns on
544	certificates issued by the board to designated investors;
545	(b) certificates and related contingent tax credits which have expired may not be
546	included; and
547	(c) certificates and related contingent tax credits which have been redeemed shall be
548	included only to the extent of tax credits actually allowed.
549	(4) Contingent tax credits are subject to the following:
550	(a) a contingent tax credit may not be redeemed except by a designated investor in
551	accordance with the terms of a certificate from the board;
552	(b) a contingent tax credit may not be redeemed prior to the time the Utah fund of

333	runds receives run payment from the designated investor for the certificate;
554	(c) a contingent tax credit shall be claimed for a tax year that begins during the
555	calendar year maturity date stated on the certificate;
556	(d) an investor who redeems a certificate and the related contingent tax credit shall
557	allocate the amount of the contingent tax credit to the taxpayers of the investor based on earlier
558	taxpayer's pro rata share of the investor's earnings; and
559	(e) any contingent tax credit in excess of the taxpayer's tax liability for the tax year may
560	be credited to the tax liability until the earlier of:
561	(i) the depletion of the contingent tax credit; or
562	(ii) a period not to exceed seven years.
563	(5) In calculating the amount of a contingent tax credit:
564	(a) a contingent tax credit shall be certified by the board only if the actual return to the
565	designated investor is less than the return that was targeted at the issuance of the certificate;
566	(b) the amount of the contingent tax credit may not exceed the difference between:
567	(i) the sum of:
568	(A) the initial equity investment of the designated investor in the Utah fund of funds;
569	<u>and</u>
570	(B) the scheduled aggregate return to the designated investor at rates of return
571	authorized by the board at the issuance of the certificate; and
572	(ii) the aggregate actual return received by the designated investor and any predecessor
573	in interest of the initial equity investment and interest on the initial equity investment; and
574	(c) the rates, whether fixed rates or variable rates, shall be determined by a formula
575	stipulated in the certificate.
576	(6) The board shall clearly indicate on the certificate:
577	(a) the targeted return on the invested capital;
578	(b) the amount of the initial equity investment;
579	(c) the calculation formula for determining the scheduled aggregate return on the initial
580	equity investment; and
581	(d) the calculation formula for determining the amount of the contingent tax credit that
582	may be claimed.
583	(7) Once moneys are invested by a designated investor, the certificate:

584	(a) shall be binding on the board; and
585	(b) may not be modified, terminated, or rescinded.
586	(8) Funds invested by a designated investor for a certificate shall be paid to the
587	corporation for placement in the Utah fund of funds.
588	(9) The State Tax Commission may, in accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah
589	Administrative Rulemaking Act, and in consultation with the board, make rules to help
590	implement this section.
591	Section 20. Section 9-2-1919 is enacted to read:
592	9-2-1919. Transfer and registration of certificates.
593	(1) A certificate and the related contingent tax credit may be transferred by the
594	designated investor.
595	(2) The board, in conjunction with the State Tax Commission, shall develop:
596	(a) a system for registration of any certificate and related contingent tax credit issued or
597	transferred under this part; and
598	(b) a system that permits verification that:
599	(i) any contingent tax credit claimed upon a tax return is valid; and
600	(ii) any transfers of the certificate and related contingent tax credit are made in
601	accordance with the requirements of this part.
602	(3) A certificate or contingent tax credit issued or transferred under this part may not be
603	considered a security under Title 61, Chapter 1, Utah Uniform Securities Act.
604	Section 21. Section 9-2-1920 is enacted to read:
605	9-2-1920. Redemption of certificates.
606	(1) If a designated investor elects to redeem a certificate, the certificate shall be
607	presented to the board for redemption no later than June 30 of the calendar year maturity date
608	stated on the certificate.
609	(2) Upon presentment to the board, it shall determine and certify the amount of the
610	contingent tax credit that may be claimed by the designated investor based on:
611	(a) the limitations in Section 9-2-1918; and
612	(b) rules made by the board in accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah
613	Administrative Rulemaking Act.
614	(3) (a) If there are sufficient funds in the redemption reserve, the board shall direct the

615	corporation to make a cash redemption of the certificate.
616	(b) If there are insufficient funds in the redemption reserve, the board may elect to
617	redeem the certificate:
618	(i) by certifying a contingent tax credit to the designated investor; or
619	(ii) by making demand on designated purchasers to purchase certificates in accordance
620	with Section 9-2-1921.
621	(4) The board shall certify to the State Tax Commission the contingent tax credit which
622	can be claimed by the designated investor with respect to the redemption of the certificate.
623	Section 22. Section 9-2-1921 is enacted to read:
624	9-2-1921. Use of commitments to redeem certificates.
625	(1) The board may elect to draw on a commitment to redeem a certificate from a
626	designated investor.
627	(2) If the board makes an election under Subsection (1), it shall:
628	(a) inform the designated purchaser of the amount of the contingent tax credit that must
629	be purchased from the board;
630	(b) specify the date on which the purchase must be consummated; and
631	(c) use the funds delivered to the board by the designated purchaser to redeem the
632	certificate from the designated investor.
633	(3) The board has discretion in determining which commitment or commitments and
634	what portion of those commitments to use to redeem certificates.
635	(4) The contingent tax credits acquired by a designated purchaser under this section are
636	subject to Section 9-2-1918.
637	Section 23. Section 9-2-1922 is enacted to read:
638	9-2-1922. Powers and effectiveness.
639	(1) This part may not be construed as a restriction or limitation upon any power which
640	the board might otherwise have under any other law of this state and the provisions of this part
641	are cumulative to those powers.
642	(2) This part shall be construed to provide a complete, additional, and alternative
643	method for performing the duties authorized and shall be regarded as supplemental and
644	additional powers to those conferred by any other laws.
645	(3) The provisions of any contract entered into by the board or the Utah fund of funds

646	may not be compromised, diminished, invalidated, or affected by the:
647	(a) level, timing, or degree of success of the Utah fund of funds or the investment funds
648	in which the Utah fund of funds invests; or
649	(b) extent to which the investment funds are:
650	(i) invested in Utah venture capital projects; or
651	(ii) successful in accomplishing any economic development objectives.
652	Section 24. Section 9-2-1923 is enacted to read:
653	9-2-1923. Permissible investments.
654	Investments by designated investors in the Utah fund of funds are permissible
655	investments under applicable laws of the state for:
656	(1) state-chartered banks;
657	(2) state-chartered savings and loan associations;
658	(3) state-chartered credit unions;
659	(4) state-chartered industrial loan corporations; and
660	(5) domestic insurance companies.
661	Section 25. Section 9-2-1924 is enacted to read:
662	9-2-1924. Exemption from certain statutes.
663	(1) Except as otherwise provided in this part, the corporation is exempt from statutes
664	governing state agencies, as provided in Section 63E-2-109.
665	(2) The corporation shall be subject to:
666	(a) Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act; and
667	(b) Title 63, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act.
668	Section 26. Section 63-55-209 is amended to read:
669	63-55-209. Repeal dates, Title 9.
670	(1) Title 9, Chapter 1, Part 8, Commission on National and Community Service Act, is
671	repealed July 1, 2004.
672	(2) Title 9, Chapter 2, Part 4, Enterprise Zone Act, is repealed July 1, 2008.
673	(3) (a) Title 9, Chapter 2, Part 16, Recycling Market Development Zone Act, is
674	repealed July 1, 2010.
675	(b) Sections 59-7-610 and 59-10-108.7, regarding tax credits for certain persons in
676	recycling market development zones, are repealed for taxable years beginning on or after

- 677 January 1, 2011.
- (c) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(b), a person may not claim a tax credit under
- 679 Section 59-7-610 or 59-10-108.7:
- (i) for the purchase price of machinery or equipment described in Section 59-7-610 or
- 59-10-108.7 if the machinery or equipment is purchased on or after July 1, 2010; or
- (ii) for an expenditure described in Subsection 59-7-610(1)(b) or 59-10-108.7(1)(b), if
- the expenditure is made on or after July 1, 2010.
- (d) Notwithstanding Subsections (3)(b) and (c), a person may carry forward a tax credit
- 685 in accordance with Section 59-7-610 or 59-10-108.7 if:
- (i) the person is entitled to a tax credit under Section 59-7-610 or 59-10-108.7; and
- (ii) (A) for the purchase price of machinery or equipment described in Section
- 59-7-610 or 59-10-108.7, the machinery or equipment is purchased on or before June 30, 2010;
- 689 or
- (B) for an expenditure described in Subsection 59-7-610(1)(b) or 59-10-108.7(1)(b),
- the expenditure is made on or before June 30, 2010.
- 692 (4) Title 9, Chapter 2, Part 19, Utah Venture Capital Enhancement Act, is repealed July
- 693 1, 2053.
- [(4)] (5) Title 9, Chapter 3, Part 3, Heber Valley Historic Railroad Authority, is
- 695 repealed July 1, 2009.
- [(5)] (6) Title 9, Chapter 4, Part 9, Utah Housing Corporation Act, is repealed July 1,
- 697 2006.
- 698 [(6)] (7) Title 9, Chapter 13, Utah Technology and Small Business Finance Act, is
- 699 repealed July 1, 2002.
- Section 27. Section **63E-1-102** is amended to read:
- 701 **63E-1-102. Definitions.**
- As used in this title:
- 703 (1) "Authorizing statute" means the statute creating an entity as an independent entity.
- 704 (2) "Committee" means the Legislative Independent Entities Committee created in
- 705 Section 63E-1-201.
- 706 (3) "Independent corporation" means a corporation incorporated in accordance with
- 707 Chapter 2, Independent Corporations Act.

708	(4) (a) "Independent entity" means an entity having a public purpose relating to the
709	state or its citizens that is individually created by the state or is given by the state the right to
710	exist and conduct its affairs as an:
711	(i) independent state agency; or
712	(ii) independent corporation.
713	(b) "Independent entity" includes the:
714	(i) Dairy Commission created in Title 4, Chapter 22, Dairy Promotion Act;
715	(ii) Utah Technology Finance Corporation created in Title 9, Chapter 13, Utah
716	Technology and Small Business Finance Act;
717	(iii) Heber Valley Railroad Authority created in Title 9, Chapter 3, Part 3, Heber
718	Valley Historic Railroad Authority;
719	(iv) Utah Science Center Authority created in Title 9, Chapter 3, Part 4, Utah Science
720	Center Authority;
721	(v) Utah Housing Corporation created in Title 9, Chapter 4, Part 9, Utah Housing
722	Corporation Act;
723	(vi) Utah State Fair Corporation created in Title 9, Chapter 4, Part 11, Utah State Fair
724	Corporation Act;
725	(vii) Workers' Compensation Fund created in Title 31A, Chapter 33, Workers'
726	Compensation Fund;
727	(viii) Utah State Retirement Office created in Title 49, Chapter 11, Utah State
728	Retirement Systems Administration;
729	(ix) School and Institutional Trust Lands Administration created in Title 53C, Chapter
730	1, Part 2, School and Institutional Trust Lands Administration; [and]
731	(x) Utah Communications Agency Network created in Title 63C, Chapter 7, Utah
732	Communications Agency Network Act[-]; and
733	(xi) Utah Capital Investment Corporation created in Title 9, Chapter 2, Part 19, Utah
734	Venture Capital Enhancement Act.
735	(c) Notwithstanding this Subsection (4), "independent entity" does not include:
736	(i) the Public Service Commission of Utah created in Section 54-1-1;
737	(ii) an institution within the state system of higher education;
738	(iii) a city, county, or town;

(iv) a local school district;

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740	(v) a special district created under the authority of Title 17A, Special Districts; or
741	(vi) a local district created under the authority of Title 17B, Limited Purpose Local
742	Government Entities.
743	(5) "Independent state agency" means an entity that is created by the state, but is
744	independent of the governor's direct supervisory control.
745	(6) "Monies held in trust" means monies maintained for the benefit of:
746	(a) one or more private individuals, including public employees;
747	(b) one or more public or private entities; or
748	(c) the owners of a quasi-public corporation.
749	(7) "Public corporation" means an artificial person, public in ownership, individually
750	created by the state as a body politic and corporate for the administration of a public purpose
751	relating to the state or its citizens.
752	(8) "Quasi-public corporation" means an artificial person, private in ownership,
753	individually created as a corporation by the state which has accepted from the state the grant of
754	a franchise or contract involving the performance of a public purpose relating to the state or its
755	citizens.
756	Section 28. Section 63E-1-302 is amended to read:
757	63E-1-302. Review by committee required for creating an independent entity.
758	(1) [H] Except as otherwise provided in Subsection (4), if a government requestor
759	proposes that the Legislature create an independent entity, that government requestor shall
760	request that the committee review the proposal.
761	(2) After receiving a request for review under Subsection (1), the chairs of the
762	committee:
763	(a) shall schedule a meeting of the committee to review the proposal; and
764	(b) may request information from executive and legislative branch entities and officers
765	concerning the proposal including:
766	(i) whether or not the proposed independent entity should be exempt from any state
767	statute;
768	(ii) the need for oversight of the proposed independent entity by an executive branch
769	agency;

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770	(iii) the need for and requirements of audits of the proposed independent entity;
771	(iv) the custody of the proposed independent entity's funds;
772	(v) the legal representation of the proposed independent entity;
773	(vi) whether or not the state should receive services from or provide services to the
774	proposed independent entity; and
775	(vii) the legal liability, if any, to the state if the proposed independent entity is created.
776	(3) In requesting information from executive and legislative branch entities or officers
777	under Subsection (2), the committee should specifically consider seeking information from:
778	(a) the state auditor;
779	(b) the state treasurer;
780	(c) the attorney general;
781	(d) the risk manager; and
782	(e) the executive director of the Department of Administrative Services.
783	(4) (a) On or before August 1, 2003, the committee shall review the Utah Capital
784	Investment Corporation, a quasi-public corporation created under Title 9, Chapter 2, Part 19,
785	Utah Venture Capital Enhancement Act, in the 2003 General Session of the Legislature.
786	(b) After this review, the committee shall make a report to the Legislature on any
787	recommended modifications to the statutes that created the corporation.
788	Section 29. Section 63E-1-303 is amended to read:
789	63E-1-303. Recommendations of the committee.
790	[After] Except for the Utah Capital Investment Corporations review under Subsection
791	63E-1-302(4), after the committee has reviewed a proposal to create an independent entity in
792	accordance with Section 63E-1-302, the committee shall make a report to the Legislature
793	stating whether the committee:
794	(1) recommends creation of the proposed independent entity;
795	(2) recommends that the proposed independent entity not be created; or
796	(3) makes no recommendation regarding the creation of the proposed independent
797	entity.
798	Section 30. Effective date.
799	This act takes effect on July 1, 2003.