1	AMENDMENTS TO WORKERS' COMPENSATION
2	2003 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Sponsor: Curtis S. Bramble
5	This act modifies the Insurance Code by repealing the enabling provisions of the
6	Workers' Compensation Fund. This act authorizes the insurance commissioner to
7	designate and enter into a contract with a residual market carrier. This act creates the
8	Utah Residual Market Oversight Council and specifies the council's membership,
9	appointment process, term of office, chair, compensation, and duties. This act requires
10	certain reporting by the residual market carrier and the Utah Residual Market Oversight
11	Council. This act provides for the withdrawal of independent corporations from the state
12	retirement systems and provides for withdrawal procedures. This act provides a
13	repealer. This act makes technical corrections. This act provides an immediate effective
14	date.
15	This act affects sections of Utah Code Annotated 1953 as follows:
16	AMENDS:
17	11-8-3, as last amended by Chapter 222, Laws of Utah 2000
18	31A-1-105, as last amended by Chapter 222, Laws of Utah 2000
19	31A-19a-401 , as last amended by Chapter 222, Laws of Utah 2000
20	31A-21-101 , as last amended by Chapter 222, Laws of Utah 2000
21	31A-22-309 , as last amended by Chapter 59, Laws of Utah 2001
22	31A-26-103 , as last amended by Chapter 222, Laws of Utah 2000
23	31A-33-109, as renumbered and amended by Chapter 240, Laws of Utah 1996
24	34A-2-102 , as last amended by Chapter 222, Laws of Utah 2000
25	34A-2-107 , as last amended by Chapter 114, Laws of Utah 2001
26	34A-2-201 , as last amended by Chapter 222, Laws of Utah 2000
27	34A-2-203 , as last amended by Chapter 222, Laws of Utah 2000



28	34A-2-211 , as last amended by Chapter 222, Laws of Utah 2000
29	34A-2-406, as last amended by Chapter 222, Laws of Utah 2000
30	51-7-2, as last amended by Chapter 159, Laws of Utah 2002
31	51-7-4, as last amended by Chapters 159 and 250, Laws of Utah 2002
32	59-9-101 , as last amended by Chapter 71, Laws of Utah 2002
33	59-9-101.3, as last amended by Chapter 71, Laws of Utah 2002
34	63-5b-102, as last amended by Chapters 14 and 159, Laws of Utah 2002
35	63-38a-102, as last amended by Chapter 159, Laws of Utah 2002
36	63-55b-131, as last amended by Chapter 3, Laws of Utah 2001
37	63-95-102, as last amended by Chapters 159 and 250, Laws of Utah 2002
38	63-95-203, as last amended by Chapter 159, Laws of Utah 2002
39	63E-1-102 , as last amended by Chapters 159 and 250, Laws of Utah 2002
40	63E-1-203, as last amended by Chapter 159, Laws of Utah 2002
41	67-4-2, as last amended by Chapter 222, Laws of Utah 2000
42	ENACTS:
43	31A-33a-101 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
44	31A-33a-102 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
45	31A-33a-103 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
46	31A-33a-104 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
47	31A-33a-105 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
48	31A-33a-106 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
49	31A-33a-107 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
50	49-11-621 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
51	REPEALS:
52	31A-22-1001 , as last amended by Chapter 222, Laws of Utah 2000
53	31A-33-101 , as last amended by Chapter 222, Laws of Utah 2000
54	31A-33-102 , as last amended by Chapter 222, Laws of Utah 2000
55	31A-33-103 , as last amended by Chapter 222, Laws of Utah 2000
56	31A-33-103.5 , as last amended by Chapters 33 and 116, Laws of Utah 2001
57	31A-33-104, as last amended by Chapter 33, Laws of Utah 2001
58	31A-33-105, as last amended by Chapter 107, Laws of Utah 1998

59	31A-33-106 , as last amended by Chapters 176 and 186, Laws of Utah 2002
60	31A-33-107, as last amended by Chapter 130, Laws of Utah 1999
61	31A-33-108 , as last amended by Chapter 375, Laws of Utah 1997
62	31A-33-110, as last amended by Chapter 204, Laws of Utah 1997
63	31A-33-111 , as last amended by Chapter 130, Laws of Utah 1999
64	31A-33-112, as renumbered and amended by Chapter 240, Laws of Utah 1996
65	31A-33-113 , as last amended by Chapter 116, Laws of Utah 2001
66	31A-33-114, as renumbered and amended by Chapter 240, Laws of Utah 1996
67	31A-33-115, as renumbered and amended by Chapter 240, Laws of Utah 1996
68	31A-33-116, as renumbered and amended by Chapter 240, Laws of Utah 1996
69	31A-33-117 , as last amended by Chapter 375, Laws of Utah 1997
70	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
71	Section 1. Section 11-8-3 is amended to read:
72	11-8-3. Department of Environmental Quality to negotiate loans for sewage
73	facilities.
74	(1) The Department of Environmental Quality may negotiate loans from the Retirement
75	Systems Fund, State Land Principal Fund, [Workers' Compensation Fund,] or any state trust
76	and agency fund which has sums available for loaning, as these funds are defined in Title 51,
77	Chapter 5, Funds Consolidation Act, not to exceed \$1,000,000 in any fiscal year for the
78	purposes of providing the funding for the loans provided for in Section 11-8-2.
79	(2) The terms of any borrowing and repayment shall be negotiated between the
80	borrower and the lender consistent with the legal duties of the lender.
81	Section 2. Section 31A-1-105 is amended to read:
82	31A-1-105. Presumption of jurisdiction.
83	(1) Any insurer[, including the Workers' Compensation Fund created under Chapter
84	33,] that provides coverage of a resident of this state, property located in this state, or a
85	business activity conducted in this state, or that engages in any activity described in
86	Subsections 31A-15-102(2)(a) through (h), is:
87	(a) doing an insurance business in this state; and
88	(b) subject to the jurisdiction of the insurance commissioner and the courts of this state
89	under Sections 31A-2-309 and 31A-2-310 to the extent of that coverage or activity.

90 (2) Any person doing or purporting to do an insurance business in this state as defined 91 in Section 31A-1-301 is subject to the jurisdiction of the insurance commissioner and this title, 92 unless the insurer can establish that the exemptions of Section 31A-1-103 apply. 93 (3) This section does not limit the jurisdiction of the courts of this state under other 94 applicable law. 95 Section 3. Section 31A-19a-401 is amended to read: 96 31A-19a-401. Scope of part. 97 (1) This part applies to workers' compensation insurance and employers' liability 98 insurance written in connection with it. 99 (2) All insurers writing workers' compensation coverage[, including the Workers' 100 Compensation Fund created under Chapter 33, are subject to this part. 101 Section 4. Section **31A-21-101** is amended to read: 102 31A-21-101. Scope of Title 31A, Chapters 21 and 22. 103 (1) Except as provided in Subsections (2) through (6), this chapter and Chapter 22 104 apply to all insurance policies, applications, and certificates: 105 (a) delivered or issued for delivery in this state; 106 (b) on property ordinarily located in this state; 107 (c) on persons residing in this state when the policy is issued; and 108 (d) on business operations in this state. 109 (2) This chapter and Chapter 22 do not apply to: 110 (a) the exemptions provided in Section 31A-1-103; 111 (b) insurance policies procured under Sections 31A-15-103 and 31A-15-104; 112 (c) an insurance policy on business operations in this state if the contract is negotiated 113 primarily outside this state and if the operations in this state are incidental or subordinate to 114 operations outside this state, except that insurance required by a Utah statute must conform to 115 the statutory requirements; or 116 (d) other exemptions provided in this title. 117 (3) Sections 31A-21-102, 31A-21-103, 31A-21-104, Subsections 31A-21-107 (1) and 118 (3), and Sections 31A-21-306, 31A-21-308, 31A-21-312, and 31A-21-314 apply to ocean 119 marine and inland marine insurance. Section 31A-21-201 applies to inland marine insurance

that is written according to manual rules or rating plans.

121	(4) Group or blanket policies are subject to this chapter and Chapter 22, except:
122	(a) group or blanket policies outside the scope of this title under Subsection
123	31A-1-103(3)(h); and
124	(b) other exemptions provided under Subsection (5).
125	(5) The commissioner may by rule exempt any class of insurance contract or class of
126	insurer from any or all of the provisions of this chapter and Chapter 22 if the interests of the
127	Utah insureds, creditors, or the public would not be harmed by the exemption.
128	(6) Workers' compensation insurance[, including that written by the Workers'
129	Compensation Fund created under Chapter 33,] is subject to this chapter and Chapter 22.
130	(7) Unless clearly inapplicable, any provision of this chapter or Chapter 22 applicable
131	to either a policy or a contract is applicable to both.
132	Section 5. Section 31A-22-309 is amended to read:
133	31A-22-309. Limitations, exclusions, and conditions to personal injury
134	protection.
135	(1) (a) A person who has or is required to have direct benefit coverage under a policy
136	which includes personal injury protection may not maintain a cause of action for general
137	damages arising out of personal injuries alleged to have been caused by an automobile
138	accident, except where the person has sustained one or more of the following:
139	(i) death;
140	(ii) dismemberment;
141	(iii) permanent disability or permanent impairment based upon objective findings;
142	(iv) permanent disfigurement; or
143	(v) medical expenses to a person in excess of \$3,000.
144	(b) Subsection (1)(a) does not apply to a person making an uninsured motorist claim.
145	(2) (a) Any insurer issuing personal injury protection coverage under this part may only
146	exclude from this coverage benefits:
147	(i) for any injury sustained by the insured while occupying another motor vehicle
148	owned by or furnished for the regular use of the insured or a resident family member of the
149	insured and not insured under the policy;
150	(ii) for any injury sustained by any person while operating the insured motor vehicle
151	without the express or implied consent of the insured or while not in lawful possession of the

insured motor vehicle;

- (iii) to any injured person, if the person's conduct contributed to his injury:
- (A) by intentionally causing injury to himself; or
- (B) while committing a felony;
 - (iv) for any injury sustained by any person arising out of the use of any motor vehicle while located for use as a residence or premises;
 - (v) for any injury due to war, whether or not declared, civil war, insurrection, rebellion or revolution, or to any act or condition incident to any of the foregoing; or
 - (vi) for any injury resulting from the radioactive, toxic, explosive, or other hazardous properties of nuclear materials.
 - (b) The provisions of this subsection do not limit the exclusions which may be contained in other types of coverage.
 - (3) The benefits payable to any injured person under Section 31A-22-307 are reduced by:
 - (a) any benefits which that person receives or is entitled to receive as a result of an accident covered in this code under any workers' compensation or similar statutory plan; and
 - (b) any amounts which that person receives or is entitled to receive from the United States or any of its agencies because that person is on active duty in the military service.
 - (4) When a person injured is also an insured party under any other policy, including those policies complying with this part, primary coverage is given by the policy insuring the motor vehicle in use during the accident.
 - (5) (a) Payment of the benefits provided for in Section 31A-22-307 shall be made on a monthly basis as expenses are incurred.
 - (b) Benefits for any period are overdue if they are not paid within 30 days after the insurer receives reasonable proof of the fact and amount of expenses incurred during the period. If reasonable proof is not supplied as to the entire claim, the amount supported by reasonable proof is overdue if not paid within 30 days after that proof is received by the insurer. Any part or all of the remainder of the claim that is later supported by reasonable proof is also overdue if not paid within 30 days after the proof is received by the insurer.
 - (c) If the insurer fails to pay the expenses when due, these expenses shall bear interest at the rate of 1-1/2% per month after the due date.

(d) The person entitled to the benefits may bring an action in contract to recover the expenses plus the applicable interest. If the insurer is required by the action to pay any overdue benefits and interest, the insurer is also required to pay a reasonable attorney's fee to the claimant.

- (6) Every policy providing personal injury protection coverage is subject to the following:
- (a) that where the insured under the policy is or would be held legally liable for the personal injuries sustained by any person to whom benefits required under personal injury protection have been paid by another insurer, [including the Workers' Compensation Fund created under Chapter 33,] the insurer of the person who would be held legally liable shall reimburse the other insurer for the payment, but not in excess of the amount of damages recoverable; and
- (b) that the issue of liability for that reimbursement and its amount shall be decided by mandatory, binding arbitration between the insurers.
 - Section 6. Section 31A-26-103 is amended to read:

31A-26-103. Workers' compensation claims.

In addition to being subject to this and other chapters of this title, insurers writing workers' compensation insurance in this state[, including the Workers' Compensation Fund created under Chapter 33,] are subject to the Labor Commission with respect to claims for and payment of compensation and benefits.

Section 7. Section **31A-33-109** is amended to read:

31A-33-109. Liability limited.

- (1) No officer or employee of the Workers' Compensation Fund is liable in a private capacity for any act performed or obligation entered into when done in good faith, without intent to defraud, and in an official capacity in connection with the administration, management, or conduct of the Workers' Compensation Fund or affairs relating to it.
- (2) Subject to the director's fiduciary responsibility as established by Section 31A-33-106, no director of the Workers' Compensation Fund is liable in a private capacity for any act performed or obligation entered into when done in good faith, without intent to defraud, and in an official capacity in connection with the administration, management, or conduct of the Workers' Compensation Fund or affairs relating to it.

214	(3) The provisions of this section shall apply to acts made pursuant to Title 63E,
215	Chapter 1, Part 4, Privatization of Independent Entities, and other statutes, including decisions,
216	agreements, or payments which address the value of any interests the state holds in the
217	Workers' Compensation Fund and the state's compensation for those interests as part of
218	privatization.
219	Section 8. Section 31A-33a-101 is enacted to read:
220	CHAPTER 33a. UTAH WORKERS' COMPENSATION RESIDUAL MARKET ACT
221	31A-33a-101. Title.
222	This chapter is known as the "Utah Workers' Compensation Residual Market Act."
223	Section 9. Section 31A-33a-102 is enacted to read:
224	31A-33a-102. Definitions.
225	As used in this chapter:
226	(1) "Council" means the Utah Residual Market Oversight Council created in Section
227	31A-33a-104.
228	(2) "Member" means a member of the Utah Residual Market Oversight Council created
229	in Section 31A-33a-104.
230	(3) "Residual market carrier" means the Utah residual market carrier that is designated
231	in accordance with Section 31A-33a-103.
232	Section 10. Section 31A-33a-103 is enacted to read:
233	31A-33a-103. Residual market carrier Designation Obligation to write
234	workers' compensation insurance Limitations.
235	(1) The commissioner shall designate and enter into a contract with a residual market
236	carrier.
237	(2) The residual market carrier shall:
238	(a) be a licensed, Utah domiciled mutual insurance company;
239	(b) be subject to the jurisdiction of the commissioner and the courts of this state in
240	accordance with Section 31A-1-105;
241	(c) provide workers' compensation insurance at actuarially sound premium rates that
242	are in accordance with Title 31A, Chapter 19a, Part 4, Workers' Compensation Rates; and
243	(d) meet the qualifications of 26 U.S.C. Section 501(c)(27)(B).
244	(3) (a) The residual market carrier shall write all workers' compensation insurance for

245	which application is made to the residual market carrier.
246	(b) The requirement under Subsection (3)(a) does not apply to any other insurer.
247	(4) § [While designated the residual market carrier, and for five years after the contract
248	terminates in accordance with Section 31A-33a-107, the THE \$ residual market carrier may not
249	pursue:
250	(a) dissolution under Title 16, Chapter 6a, Part 14, Dissolution, or Section 31A-5-504;
251	<u>or</u>
252	(b) conversion of a domestic mutual into a stock corporation under Section 31A-5-506.
252a	Ş (5) WHILE DESIGNATED THE RESIDUAL MARKET CARRIER, AND FOR FIVE YEARS AFTER THE
252b	CONTRACT TERMINATES IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 31A-331-107, THE RESIDUAL MARKET
252c	CARRIER MAY NOT OFFER HEALTH CARE INSURANCE AS DEFINED IN SECTION 31A-1-301(55).
252d	(6) THE RESIDUAL MARKET CARRIER SHALL OPERATE ITS BUSINESS IN A MANNER
252e	CONSISTENT WITH MAINTAINING ITS FEDERAL INCOME TAX EXEMPTION UNDER 26 U.S.C.
252f	SECTION 501(c)(27)(B) AND SHALL WORK TO CURE ANY DEFECTS IN MAINTAINING ITS
252g	EXEMPTION.
252h	(7) MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE RESIDUAL MARKET CARRIER SHALL:
252i	(a) SERVE NO MORE THAN THREE FOUR-YEAR TERMS ON THE BOARD OF THE RESIDUAL
252j	MARKET CARRIER; AND
252k	(b) BE INVESTMENT TRUSTEES AND FIDUCIARIES OF THE RESIDUAL MARKET CARRIER'S
2521	POLICYHOLDERS.
252m	(8) COMPENSATION FOR THE OFFICERS, DIRECTORS, AND EMPLOYEES OF THE RESIDUAL
252n	MARKET CARRIER IS SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 31A-5-416. §
253	Section 11. Section 31A-33a-104 is enacted to read:
254	31A-33a-104. Utah Residual Market Oversight Council Membership Chair
255	Term of office Compensation.
256	(1) There is created the Utah Residual Market Oversight Council.
257	(2) The council shall consist of the following five members:
258	(a) the commissioner; and
259	(b) four members appointed by the governor, with the consent of the Senate.
260	(3) A person may not be a council member if that person:
261	(a) has a direct and substantial interest as a stockholder of an insurer that competes
262	with the residual market carrier;
263	(b) is an employee, officer, director, or attorney of an insurer that competes with the
264	residual market carrier; or
265	(c) is an employee, officer, director, or attorney of the residual market carrier.
266	(4) The commissioner shall be the chair of the council.

-9-

267	(5) (a) Except as required by Subsection (5)(b), the term of office of the members
268	appointed by the governor shall be four years, beginning July 1 of the year of appointment.
269	(b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (5)(a), the governor shall, at the
270	time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the terms of
271	members are staggered so that approximately half of the council is appointed every two years.
272	(6) Each member shall hold office until the member's successor is appointed and
273	qualified.
274	(7) When a vacancy occurs in the membership of the council for any reason, the
275	replacement shall be appointed for the unexpired term.

276	(8) (a) Members may not receive compensation or benefits for their services, but may
277	receive per diem and expenses incurred in the performance of the member's official duties at
278	the rates established by the Division of Finance under Sections 63A-3-106 and 63A-3-107.
279	(b) Members may decline to receive per diem and expenses for their service.
280	Section 12. Section 31A-33a-105 is enacted to read:
281	31A-33a-105. Utah Residual Market Oversight Council Duties Reports.
282	(1) Prior to July 1 of each year, the residual market carrier shall provide to the Utah
283	Residual Market Oversight Council:
284	(a) the residual market carrier's audited annual financial statement for the calendar year
285	most recently ended;
286	(b) copies of reports issued by the department in connection with any examination of
287	the residual market carrier;
288	(c) actuarial certification of the residual market carrier's loss reserves; and
289	(d) other data or information the council may reasonably require to determine if the
290	residual market carrier is fulfilling its purpose in accordance with this chapter.
291	(2) The council shall:
292	(a) review the items under Subsection (1);
293	(b) review the activities of the residual market carrier for the calendar year most
294	recently ended;
295	(c) determine if the residual market carrier is fulfilling its purpose in accordance with
296	this chapter; and
297	(d) submit a report to the department and the Legislature prior to October 15 of each
298	year that details the council's findings in accordance with this section, including any
299	recommendations.
300	Section 13. Section 31A-33a-106 is enacted to read:
301	31A-33a-106. Status of the residual market carrier in relationship to the state.
302	The requirement that the governor, with the consent of the Senate, appoint the members
303	of the Utah Residual Market Oversight Council under Section 31A-33a-104 does not:
304	(1) remove from the board of directors or policyholders of the residual market carrier,
305	nor give to the state, the managerial, financial, operational, or voting control of the residual
306	market carrier;

307	(2) cause the state to be liable for any obligation, expense, liability, or debt of the
308	residual market carrier; or
309	(3) alter the legal status of the residual market carrier as a mutual insurance company:
310	(a) regulated under this title; and
311	(b) domiciled in this state.
312	Section 14. Section 31A-33a-107 is enacted to read:
313	31A-33a-107. Termination of the residual market carrier.
314	(1) The commissioner may \$ WITH UNANIMOUS CONSENT OF THE UTAH RESIDUAL
314a	MARKET OVERSIGHT COUNCIL § terminate the contract entered into with the residual market
315	carrier, for any reason, by giving the residual market carrier between 180 and 365 days written
316	notice of the termination.
317	(2) Upon termination of the contract, the commissioner may require the company that
318	was the residual market carrier to continue under the requirement of Subsection
319	31A-33a-103(3)(a) for up to one year from the date the written notice of termination is given in
320	accordance with Subsection (1).
321	Section 15. Section 34A-2-102 is amended to read:
322	34A-2-102. Definition of terms.
323	As used in this chapter:
324	(1) "Average weekly wages" means the average weekly wages as determined under
325	Section 34A-2-409.
326	(2) "Award" means a final order of the commission as to the amount of compensation
327	due:
328	(a) any injured employee; or
329	(b) the dependents of any deceased employee.
330	(3) "Compensation" means the payments and benefits provided for in this chapter or
331	Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act.
332	(4) "Decision" means the ruling of an administrative law judge or, in accordance with
333	Section 34A-2-801, the commissioner or Appeals Board and may include:
334	(a) an award or denial of medical, disability, death, or other related benefits under this
335	chapter or Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act; or
336	(b) another adjudicative ruling in accordance with this chapter or Chapter 3, Utah
337	Occupational Disease Act.

338	(5) "Director" means the director of the division, unless the context requires otherwise.
339	(6) "Disability" means an administrative determination that may result in an
340	entitlement to compensation as a consequence of becoming medically impaired as to function.
341	Disability can be total or partial, temporary or permanent, industrial or nonindustrial.
342	(7) "Division" means the Division of Industrial Accidents.
343	(8) "Impairment" is a purely medical condition reflecting any anatomical or functional
344	abnormality or loss. Impairment may be either temporary or permanent, industrial or
345	nonindustrial.
346	(9) "Order" means an action of the commission that determines the legal rights, duties,
347	privileges, immunities, or other interests of one or more specific persons, but not a class of
348	persons.
349	(10) (a) "Personal injury by accident arising out of and in the course of employment"
350	includes any injury caused by the willful act of a third person directed against an employee
351	because of the employee's employment.
352	(b) "Personal injury by accident arising out of and in the course of employment" does
353	not include a disease, except as the disease results from the injury.
354	(11) "Safe" and "safety," as applied to any employment or place of employment, means
355	the freedom from danger to the life or health of employees reasonably permitted by the nature
356	of the employment.
357	[(12) "Workers' Compensation Fund" means the nonprofit, quasi-public corporation
358	created in Title 31A, Chapter 33, Workers' Compensation Fund.]
359	Section 16. Section 34A-2-107 is amended to read:
360	34A-2-107. Appointment of workers' compensation advisory council
361	Composition Terms of members Duties Compensation.
362	(1) The commissioner shall appoint a workers' compensation advisory council
363	composed of:
364	(a) the following voting members:
365	(i) five employer representatives; and
366	(ii) five employee representatives; and
367	(b) the following nonvoting members:
368	(i) a representative of the [Workers' Compensation Fund] residual market carrier

369	designated under Section 31A-33a-103;
370	(ii) a representative of a private insurance carrier;
371	(iii) a representative of health care providers;
372	(iv) the Utah insurance commissioner or the insurance commissioner's designee; and
373	(v) the commissioner or the commissioner's designee.
374	(2) Employers and employees shall consider nominating members of groups who
375	historically may have been excluded from the council, such as women, minorities, and
376	individuals with disabilities.
377	(3) (a) Except as required by Subsection (3)(b), as terms of current council members
378	expire, the commissioner shall appoint each new member or reappointed member to a two-year
379	term beginning July 1 and ending June 30.
380	(b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (3)(a), the commissioner shall, at
381	the time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the terms of
382	council members are staggered so that approximately half of the council is appointed every two
383	years.
384	(4) (a) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall
385	be appointed for the unexpired term.
386	(b) The commissioner shall terminate the term of any council member who ceases to be
387	representative as designated by the member's original appointment.
388	(5) The council shall confer at least quarterly for the purpose of advising the
389	commission, the division, and the Legislature on:
390	(a) the Utah workers' compensation and occupational disease laws;
391	(b) the administration of the laws described in Subsection (5)(a); and
392	(c) rules related to the laws described in Subsection (5)(a).
393	(6) Regarding workers' compensation, rehabilitation, and reemployment of employees
394	who are disabled because of an industrial injury or occupational disease the council shall:
395	(a) offer advice on issues requested by:
396	(i) the commission;
397	(ii) the division; and
398	(iii) the Legislature; and
399	(b) make recommendations to:

400	(i) the commission; and
401	(ii) the division.
402	(7) The commissioner or the commissioner's designee shall serve as the chair of the
403	council and call the necessary meetings.
404	(8) The commission shall provide staff support to the council.
405	(9) (a) (i) Members who are not government employees may not receive compensation
406	or benefits for their services, but may receive per diem and expenses incurred in the
407	performance of the member's official duties at the rates established by the Division of Finance
408	under Sections 63A-3-106 and 63A-3-107.
409	(ii) Members may decline to receive per diem and expenses for their service.
410	(b) (i) State government officer and employee members who do not receive salary, per
411	diem, or expenses from their agency for their service may receive per diem and expenses
412	incurred in the performance of their official duties from the council at the rates established by
413	the Division of Finance under Sections 63A-3-106 and 63A-3-107.
414	(ii) State government officer and employee members may decline to receive per diem
415	and expenses for their service.
416	Section 17. Section 34A-2-201 is amended to read:
417	34A-2-201. Employers to secure workers' compensation benefits for employees
418	Methods.
419	An employer shall secure the payment of workers' compensation benefits for its
420	employees by:
421	[(1) insuring, and keeping insured, the payment of this compensation with the Workers'
422	Compensation Fund;
423	[(2)] (1) insuring, and keeping insured, the payment of this compensation with any
424	stock corporation or mutual association authorized to transact the business of workers'
425	compensation insurance in this state, including the residual market carrier designated under
426	Section 31A-33a-103; or
427	[(3)] <u>(2)</u> obtaining approval from the division in accordance with Section 34A-2-201.5
428	to pay direct compensation as a self-insured employer in the amount, in the manner, and when
429	due as provided for in this chapter or Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act.
430	Section 18. Section 34A-2-203 is amended to read:

431	34A-2-203. Payment of premiums by state department, commission, board, or
432	other agency.
433	Each department, commission, board, or other agency of the state shall pay the
434	insurance premium on its employees direct to the [Workers' Compensation Fund] residual
435	market carrier designated under Section 31A-33a-103.
436	Section 19. Section 34A-2-211 is amended to read:
437	34A-2-211. Notice of noncompliance to employer Enforcement power of
438	division Penalty.
439	(1) (a) In addition to the remedies specified in Section 34A-2-210, if the division has
440	reason to believe that an employer is conducting business without securing the payment of
441	benefits in one of the three ways provided in Section 34A-2-201, the division may give that
442	employer written notice of the noncompliance by certified mail to the last-known address of the
443	employer.
444	(b) If the employer does not remedy the default within 15 days after delivery of the
445	notice, the division may issue an order requiring the employer to appear before the division and
446	show cause why the employer should not be ordered to comply with Section 34A-2-201.
447	(c) If it is found that the employer has failed to provide for the payment of benefits in
448	one of the three ways provided in Section 34A-2-201, the division may require any employer to
449	comply with Section 34A-2-201.
450	(2) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), the division may impose a penalty against the
451	employer under this Subsection (2):
452	(i) subject to the notice and other requirements of Title 63, Chapter 46b,
453	Administrative Procedures Act; and
454	(ii) if the division believes that an employer of one or more employees is conducting
455	business without securing the payment of benefits in one of the three ways provided in Section
456	34A-2-201.
457	(b) The penalty imposed under Subsection (2)(a) shall be the greater of:
458	(i) \$1,000; or
459	(ii) three times the amount of the premium the employer would have paid for workers'
460	compensation insurance based on the rate filing of the [Workers' Compensation Fund] residual
461	market carrier designated under Section 31A-33a-103, during the period of noncompliance.

(c) For purposes of Subsection (2)(b)(ii), the premium is calculated by applying rates and rate multipliers to the payroll basis under Subsection (2)(d), using the highest rated employee class code applicable to the employer's operations.

- (d) The payroll basis for the purpose of calculating the premium penalty shall be 150% of the state's average weekly wage multiplied by the highest number of workers employed by the employer during the period of the employer's noncompliance multiplied by the number of weeks of the employer's noncompliance up to a maximum of 156 weeks.
- (3) The penalty imposed under Subsection (2) shall be deposited in the Uninsured Employers' Fund created by Section 34A-2-704 and used for the purposes of that fund.
- (4) (a) An employer who disputes the determination, imposition, or amount of a penalty imposed under Subsection (2) shall request a hearing before an administrative law judge within 30 days of the date of issuance of the administrative action imposing the penalty or the administrative action becomes a final order of the commission.
- (b) The employer's request for a hearing under Subsection (4)(a) shall specify the facts and grounds that are the basis of the employer's objection to the determination, imposition, or amount of the penalty.
- (c) An administrative law judge's decision under this Subsection (4) may be reviewed pursuant to Part 8, Adjudication.
- (5) (a) After a penalty has been issued and becomes a final order of the commission the division on behalf of the commission may file an abstract for any uncollected penalty in the district court.
 - (b) The abstract filed under Subsection (5)(a) shall state:
 - (i) the amount of the uncollected penalty;
 - (ii) reasonable attorneys' fees;
- 486 (iii) costs of collection; and
- 487 (iv) court costs.

462

463

464

465

466

467

468

469

470

471

472

473

474

475

476

477

478

479

480

481

482

483

484

- 488 (c) The filed abstract shall have the effect of a judgment of that court.
- 489 (6) Any administrative action issued by the division under this section shall:
- 490 (a) be in writing;
- (b) be sent by certified mail to the last-known address of the employer;
- 492 (c) state the findings and administrative action of the division; and

493 (d) specify its effective date, which may be immediate or may be at a later date. 494 (7) The final order of the commission under this section, upon application by the division on behalf of the commission made on or after the effective date of the order to a court 495 496 of general jurisdiction in any county in this state, may be enforced by an order to comply 497 entered ex parte and without notice by the court. 498 Section 20. Section **34A-2-406** is amended to read: 499 34A-2-406. Exemptions from chapter for employees temporarily in state --500 **Conditions** -- Evidence of insurance. 501 (1) Any employee who has been hired in another state and the employee's employer are 502 exempt from this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act, while the employee is 503 temporarily within this state doing work for the employee's employer if: 504 (a) the employer has furnished workers' compensation insurance coverage under the 505 workers' compensation or similar laws of the other state; 506 (b) the coverage covers the employee's employment while in this state; and 507 (c) (i) the extraterritorial provisions of this chapter and Chapter 3 are recognized in the 508 other state and employers and employees who are covered in this state are likewise exempted 509 from the application of the workers' compensation or similar laws of the other state; or 510 (ii) the [Workers' Compensation Fund] residual market carrier designated under 511 Section 31A-33a-103: 512 (A) is an admitted insurance carrier in the other state; or 513 (B) has agreements with a carrier and is able to furnish workers' compensation 514 insurance or similar coverage to Utah employers and their subsidiaries or affiliates doing 515 business in the other state. 516 (2) The benefits under the workers' compensation or similar laws of the other state are 517 the exclusive remedy against an employer for any injury, whether resulting in death or not, 518 received by an employee while working for the employer in this state. 519 (3) A certificate from an authorized officer of the industrial commission or similar

department of the other state certifying that the employer is insured in the other state and has provided extraterritorial coverage insuring the employer's employees while working in this state is prima facie evidence that the employer carries compensation insurance.

Section 21. Section **49-11-621** is enacted to read:

520

521

522

524	49-11-621. Withdrawal of independent corporations.
525	(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, an independent corporation, as
526	defined in Section 63E-1-102, which participates in a system or plan prior to \$ [January] JULY \$ 1,
526a	<u>2003.</u>
527	may withdraw from participation with that system or plan as follows:
528	(a) the independent corporation shall comply with the provisions of Title 63E, Chapter
529	2, Independent Corporations Act:
530	(b) upon complying with the requirements of Title 63E, Chapter 2, Independent
531	Corporations Act, the independent corporation and the board shall agree upon a date on which
532	the independent entity shall make an election under Subsection (2);
533	(c) an employee hired after the date set under Subsection (1)(b) may not participate in a
534	system or plan; and
535	(d) the withdrawing independent corporation shall pay to the office any actuarial or
536	administrative cost, determined by the office, to have arisen out of the withdrawal.
537	(2) The independent corporation shall elect to:
538	(a) continue its participation for all current employees covered by a system or plan on
539	the date set under Subsection (1)(b); or
540	(b) withdraw from participation in all systems or plans for all employees as of the date
541	set under Subsection (1)(b).
542	(3) If an independent corporation elects to continue participation under Subsection
543	(2)(a), the independent corporation and its employees shall continue to be subject to the laws
544	and the rules governing the system or plan in which the employee participates, including the
545	accrual of service credit and payment of contributions.
546	(4) The independent corporation may create an alternative retirement program for its
547	employees not covered by a system or plan in accordance with its election under Subsection
548	<u>(2).</u>
549	Section 22. Section 51-7-2 is amended to read:
550	51-7-2. Exemptions from chapter.
551	The following funds are exempt from this chapter:
552	(1) funds invested in accordance with the participating employees' designation or
553	direction pursuant to a public employees' deferred compensation plan established and operated
554	in compliance with Section 457 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended;

555	[(2) funds of the Workers' Compensation Fund;]
556	[(3)] (2) funds of the Utah State Retirement Board;
557	[(4)] (3) funds of the Utah Technology Finance Corporation; and
558	[(5)] (4) funds of the Utah Housing Corporation.
559	Section 23. Section 51-7-4 is amended to read:
560	51-7-4. Transfer of functions, powers, and duties relating to public funds to state
561	treasurer Exceptions Deposit of income from investment of state money.
562	(1) Unless otherwise required by the Utah Constitution or applicable federal law, the
563	functions, powers, and duties vested by law in each and every state officer, board, commission,
564	institution, department, division, agency, and other similar instrumentalities relating to the
565	deposit, investment, or reinvestment of public funds, and the purchase, sale, or exchange of any
566	investments or securities of or for any funds or accounts under the control and management of
567	these instrumentalities, are transferred to and shall be exercised by the state treasurer, except:
568	(a) funds assigned to the Utah State Retirement Board for investment under Section
569	49-11-302;
570	(b) funds of member institutions of the state system of higher education:
571	(i) acquired by gift, devise, or bequest, or by federal or private contract or grant;
572	(ii) derived from student fees or from income from operations of auxiliary enterprises,
573	which fees and income are pledged or otherwise dedicated to the payment of interest and
574	principal of bonds issued by such institutions; and
575	(iii) any other funds which are not included in the institution's work program as
576	approved by the State Board of Regents;
577	(c) funds of the Utah Technology Finance Corporation;
578	(d) inmate funds as provided in Section 64-13-23 or in Title 64, Chapter 9b, Work
579	Programs for Prisoners;
580	(e) trust funds established by judicial order; <u>and</u>
581	[(f) funds of the Workers' Compensation Fund; and]
582	[(g)] <u>(f)</u> funds of the Utah Housing Corporation.
583	(2) All public funds held or administered by the state or any of its boards,
584	commissions, institutions, departments, divisions, agencies, or similar instrumentalities and not
585	transferred to the state treasurer as provided by this section shall be:

586 (a) deposited and invested by the custodian in accordance with this chapter, unless 587 otherwise required by statute or by applicable federal law; and 588 (b) reported to the state treasurer in a form prescribed by the state treasurer. 589 (3) Unless otherwise provided by the constitution or laws of this state or by contractual 590 obligation, the income derived from the investment of state money by the state treasurer shall 591 be deposited in and become part of the General Fund. 592 Section 24. Section **59-9-101** is amended to read: 593 59-9-101. Tax basis -- Rates -- Exemptions. 594 (1) (a) Except for annuity considerations, insurance premiums paid by institutions 595 within the state system of higher education as specified in Section 53B-1-102, and ocean 596 marine insurance, every admitted insurer shall pay to the commission on or before March 31 in 597 each year, a tax of 2-1/4% of the total premiums received by it during the preceding calendar 598 year from insurance covering property or risks located in this state. 599 (b) This Subsection (1) does not apply to: 600 (i) workers' compensation insurance, assessed under Subsection (2); and 601 (ii) title insurance premiums taxed under Subsection (3). 602 (c) The taxable premium under this Subsection (1) shall be reduced by: 603 (i) all premiums returned or credited to policyholders on direct business subject to tax 604 in this state; 605 (ii) all premiums received for reinsurance of property or risks located in this state; and 606 (iii) the dividends, including premium reduction benefits maturing within the year, paid 607 or credited to policyholders in this state or applied in abatement or reduction of premiums due 608 during the preceding calendar year. 609 (2) (a) Every admitted insurer writing workers' compensation insurance in this state, 610 [including the Workers' Compensation Fund created under Title 31A, Chapter 33, Workers' 611 Compensation Fund. shall pay to the tax commission, on or before March 31 in each year, a

(b) Total workers' compensation premium income means the net written premium as calculated before any premium reduction for any insured employer's deductible, retention, or

income received by the insurer from workers' compensation insurance in this state during the

premium assessment of between 1% and 8% of the total workers' compensation premium

612

613

614

615

616

preceding calendar year.

reimbursement amounts and also those amounts equivalent to premiums as provided in Section 34A-2-202.

- (c) The percentage of premium assessment applicable for a calendar year shall be determined by the Labor Commission under Subsection (2)(d). The total premium income shall be reduced in the same manner as provided in Subsections (1)(c)(i) and (1)(c)(ii), but not as provided in Subsection (1)(c)(iii). The tax commission shall promptly remit from the premium assessment collected under this Subsection (2):
- (i) an amount of up to 7.25% of the premium income to the state treasurer for credit to the Employers' Reinsurance Fund created under Subsection 34A-2-702(1);
- (ii) an amount equal to 0.25% of the premium income to the state treasurer for credit to the restricted account in the General Fund, created by Section 34A-2-701; and
- (iii) an amount of up to 0.50% and any remaining assessed percentage of the premium income to the state treasurer for credit to the Uninsured Employers' Fund created under Section 34A-2-704.
- (d) (i) The Labor Commission shall determine the amount of the premium assessment for each year on or before each October 15 of the preceding year. The Labor Commission shall make this determination following a public hearing. The determination shall be based upon the recommendations of a qualified actuary.
- (ii) The actuary shall recommend a premium assessment rate sufficient to provide payments of benefits and expenses from the Employers' Reinsurance Fund and to project a funded condition with assets greater than liabilities by no later than June 30, 2025.
- (iii) The actuary shall recommend a premium assessment rate sufficient to provide payments of benefits and expenses from the Uninsured Employers' Fund and to maintain it at a funded condition with assets equal to or greater than liabilities.
- (iv) At the end of each fiscal year the minimum approximate assets in the Employers' Reinsurance Fund shall be \$5,000,000 which amount shall be adjusted each year beginning in 1990 by multiplying by the ratio that the total workers' compensation premium income for the preceding calendar year bears to the total workers' compensation premium income for the calendar year 1988.
- (v) The requirements of Subsection (2)(d)(iv) cease when the future annual disbursements from the Employers' Reinsurance Fund are projected to be less than the

calculations of the corresponding future minimum required assets. The Labor Commission shall, after a public hearing, determine if the future annual disbursements are less than the corresponding future minimum required assets from projections provided by the actuary.

- (vi) At the end of each fiscal year the minimum approximate assets in the Uninsured Employers' Fund shall be \$2,000,000, which amount shall be adjusted each year beginning in 1990 by multiplying by the ratio that the total workers' compensation premium income for the preceding calendar year bears to the total workers' compensation premium income for the calendar year 1988.
- (e) A premium assessment that is to be transferred into the General Fund may be collected on premiums received from Utah public agencies.
- (3) Every admitted insurer writing title insurance in this state shall pay to the commission, on or before March 31 in each year, a tax of .45% of the total premium received by either the insurer or by its agents during the preceding calendar year from title insurance concerning property located in this state. In calculating this tax, "premium" includes the charges made to an insured under or to an applicant for a policy or contract of title insurance for:
- (a) the assumption by the title insurer of the risks assumed by the issuance of the policy or contract of title insurance; and
- (b) abstracting title, title searching, examining title, or determining the insurability of title, and every other activity, exclusive of escrow, settlement, or closing charges, whether denominated premium or otherwise, made by a title insurer, an agent of a title insurer, a title insurance agent, or any of them.
- (4) Beginning July 1, 1986, former county mutuals and former mutual benefit associations shall pay the premium tax or assessment due under this chapter. All premiums received after July 1, 1986, shall be considered in determining the tax or assessment.
- (5) The following insurers are not subject to the premium tax on health care insurance that would otherwise be applicable under Subsection (1):
- (a) insurers licensed under Title 31A, Chapter 5, Domestic Stock and Mutual Insurance Corporations;
- (b) insurers licensed under Title 31A, Chapter 7, Nonprofit Health Service InsuranceCorporations;

679	(c) insurers licensed under Title 31A, Chapter 8, Health Maintenance Organizations
680	and Limited Health Plans;
681	(d) insurers licensed under Title 31A, Chapter 9, Insurance Fraternals;
682	(e) insurers licensed under Title 31A, Chapter 11, Motor Clubs;
683	(f) insurers licensed under Title 31A, Chapter 13, Employee Welfare Funds and Plans;
684	and
685	(g) insurers licensed under Title 31A, Chapter 14, Foreign Insurers.
686	(6) An insurer issuing multiple policies to an insured may not artificially allocate the
687	premiums among the policies for purposes of reducing the aggregate premium tax or
688	assessment applicable to the policies.
689	(7) The retaliatory provisions of Title 31A, Chapter 3, Department Funding, Fees, and
690	Taxes, apply to the tax or assessment imposed under this chapter.
691	Section 25. Section 59-9-101.3 is amended to read:
692	59-9-101.3. Employers' Reinsurance Fund special assessment.
693	(1) For purposes of this section:
694	(a) "Calendar year" means a time period beginning January 1 and ending December 31
695	during which an assessment is imposed.
696	(b) "Public agency insurance mutual" is as defined in Section 31A-1-103.
697	(c) "Total workers' compensation premium income" has the same meaning as under
698	Subsection 59-9-101(2).
699	(d) "Self-insured employer" is as defined in Section 34A-2-201.5.
700	(2) (a) For calendar years beginning on January 1, 2002, through December 31, 2004,
701	the following shall pay to the commission, on or before March 31 of each year, an assessment
702	imposed by the Labor Commission under Subsection (3):
703	(i) an admitted insurer writing workers' compensation insurance in this state[, including
704	the Workers' Compensation Fund created under Title 31A, Chapter 33, Workers'
705	Compensation Fund];
706	(ii) a public agency insurance mutual that is authorized under Sections 34A-2-201 and
707	34A-2-201.5 to pay workers' compensation direct; and
708	(iii) an employer authorized under Sections 34A-2-201 and 34A-2-201.5 to pay
709	workers' compensation direct.

710	(b) The assessment imposed under Subsection (3) shall be in addition to:
711	(i) the premium assessment imposed under Subsection 59-9-101(2); and
712	(ii) the assessment imposed under Section 34A-2-202.
713	(3) (a) If the conditions described in Subsection (3)(b) are met, the Labor Commission
714	may impose an assessment in accordance with Subsections (3)(c) and (d) of up to 2% of:
715	(i) the total workers' compensation premium income received by the insurer from
716	workers' compensation insurance in this state during the preceding calendar year; or
717	(ii) if authorized under Sections 34A-2-201 and 34A-2-201.5 to pay workers'
718	compensation direct, the amount calculated under Section 34A-2-202 for a self-insured
719	employer that is equivalent to the total workers' compensation premium income.
720	(b) The Labor Commission may impose the assessment described in Subsection (3)(a)
721	if:
722	(i) the Labor Commission determines that:
723	(A) all admitted insurers writing workers' compensation insurance in this state shall
724	pay the maximum 7.25% of the premium income under Subsection 59-9-101(2)(c)(i); and
725	(B) all self-insured employers shall pay the maximum 7.25% assessment under Section
726	34A-2-202; and
727	(ii) the maximum 7.25% of the premium income is insufficient to:
728	(A) provide payment of benefits and expenses from the Employers' Reinsurance Fund
729	to project a funded condition of the Employers' Reinsurance Fund with assets greater than
730	liabilities by no later than June 30, 2025; or
731	(B) maintain the minimum approximate assets required in Subsection
732	59-9-101(2)(d)(iv).
733	(c) On or before each October 15 of the preceding year and following a public hearing,
734	the Labor Commission shall determine:
735	(i) whether an assessment will be imposed under this section for a calendar year; and
736	(ii) if the assessment will be imposed, the percentage of the assessment applicable for
737	the calendar year.
738	(d) The Labor Commission shall:
739	(i) base its determination on the recommendations of the qualified actuary required in

740

Subsection 59-9-101(2)(d)(i); and

741 (ii) take into consideration the recommended premium assessment rate recommended 742 by the actuary under Subsection 59-9-101(2)(d)(ii). 743 (4) An employer shall aggregate all assessments imposed under this section and

- (4) An employer shall aggregate all assessments imposed under this section and Section 34A-2-202 or 59-9-101 to determine whether the total assessment obligation shall be paid in quarterly installments in accordance with Sections 34A-2-202 and 59-9-104.
- (5) The commission shall promptly remit the assessment collected under Subsection
 (2) to the state treasurer for credit to the Employers' Reinsurance Fund created under Section
 34A-2-702.
- Section 26. Section **63-5b-102** is amended to read:
- 750 **63-5b-102. Definitions.**

744

745

756

- 751 (1) (a) "Absent" means:
- 752 (i) not physically present or not able to be communicated with for 48 hours; or
- 753 (ii) for local government officers, as defined by local ordinances.
- 754 (b) "Absent" does not include a person who can be communicated with via telephone, 755 radio, or telecommunications.
 - (2) "Attack" means a nuclear, conventional, biological, or chemical warfare action against the United States of America or this state.
- 758 (3) "Department" means the Department of Administrative Services, the Department of Agriculture and Food, the Alcoholic Beverage Control Commission, the Department of
- 760 Commerce, the Department of Community and Economic Development, the Department of
- 761 Corrections, the Department of Environmental Quality, the Department of Financial
- Institutions, the Department of Health, the Department of Human Resource Management, the
- Department of Workforce Services, the Labor Commission, the National Guard, the
- Department of Insurance, the Department of Natural Resources, the Department of Public
- Safety, the Public Service Commission, the Department of Human Services, the State Tax
- 766 Commission, the Department of Transportation, any other major administrative subdivisions of
- state government, the State Board of Education, the State Board of Regents, the Utah Housing
- 768 Corporation, the Utah Technology Finance Corporation, [the Workers' Compensation Fund,]
- the State Retirement Board, and each institution of higher education within the system of
- 770 higher education.
- 771 (4) "Disaster" means a situation causing, or threatening to cause, widespread damage,

social disruption, or injury or loss of life or property resulting from attack, internal disturbance, natural phenomenon, or technological hazard.

- (5) "Division" means the Division of Emergency Services and Homeland Security established in Title 53, Chapter 2, Emergency [Services and Homeland Security Act] Management.
- (6) "Emergency interim successor" means a person designated by this chapter to exercise the powers and discharge the duties of an office when the person legally exercising the powers and duties of the office is unavailable.
- (7) "Executive director" means the person with ultimate responsibility for managing and overseeing the operations of each department, however denominated.
 - (8) "Internal disturbance" means a riot, prison break, disruptive terrorism, or strike.
- (9) "Natural phenomenon" means any earthquake, tornado, storm, flood, landslide, avalanche, forest or range fire, drought, epidemic, or other catastrophic event.
- (10) (a) "Office" includes all state and local offices, the powers and duties of which are defined by constitution, statutes, charters, optional plans, ordinances, articles, or by-laws.
 - (b) "Office" does not include the office of governor or the legislative or judicial offices.
- (11) "Place of governance" means the physical location where the powers of an office are being exercised.
- (12) "Political subdivision" includes counties, cities, towns, townships, districts, authorities, and other public corporations and entities whether organized and existing under charter or general law.
- (13) "Political subdivision officer" means a person holding an office in a political subdivision.
- (14) "State officer" means the attorney general, the state treasurer, the state auditor, and the executive director of each department.
- (15) "Technological hazard" means any hazardous materials accident, mine accident, train derailment, air crash, radiation incident, pollution, structural fire, or explosion.
 - (16) "Unavailable" means:

(a) absent from the place of governance during a disaster that seriously disrupts normal governmental operations, whether or not that absence or inability would give rise to a vacancy under existing constitutional or statutory provisions; or

803	(b) as otherwise defined by local ordinance.
804	Section 27. Section 63-38a-102 is amended to read:
805	63-38a-102. Definitions.
806	As used in this chapter:
807	(1) (a) "Agency" means each department, commission, board, council, agency,
808	institution, officer, corporation, fund, division, office, committee, authority, laboratory, library,
809	unit, bureau, panel, or other administrative unit of the state.
810	(b) "Agency" does not include the legislative branch, the board of regents, the Utah
811	Higher Education Assistance Authority, the board of trustees of each higher education
812	institution, each higher education institution and its associated branches, centers, divisions,
813	institutes, foundations, hospitals, colleges, schools, or departments, a public education entity,
814	or an independent agency.
815	(2) (a) "Dedicated credits revenues" means revenues from collections by an agency that
816	are deposited directly into an account for expenditure on a separate line item and program.
817	(b) "Dedicated credits" does not mean:
818	(i) federal revenues and the related pass through or the related state match paid by one
819	agency to another;
820	(ii) revenues that are not deposited in governmental funds;
821	(iii) revenues from any contracts; and
822	(iv) revenues received by the Attorney General's Office from billings for professional
823	services.
824	(3) "Fees" means revenue collected by an agency for performing a service or providing
825	a function that the agency deposits or accounts for as dedicated credits or fixed collections.
826	(4) (a) "Fixed collections revenues" means revenue from collections:
827	(i) fixed by law or by the appropriation act at a specific amount; and
828	(ii) required by law to be deposited into a separate line item and program.
829	(b) "Fixed collections" does not mean:
830	(i) federal revenues and the related pass through or the related state match paid by one
831	agency to another;
832	(ii) revenues that are not deposited in governmental funds;
833	(iii) revenues from any contracts; and

834	(iv) revenues received by the Attorney General's Office from billings for professional
835	services.
836	(5) (a) "Governmental fund" means funds used to account for the acquisition, use, and
837	balances of expendable financial resources and related liabilities using a measurement focus
838	that emphasizes the flow of financial resources.
839	(b) "Governmental fund" does not include internal service funds, enterprise funds,
840	capital projects funds, debt service funds, or trust and agency funds as established in Section
841	51-5-4.
842	(6) "Independent agency" means the Utah State Retirement Office, the Utah Housing
843	Corporation, and the Utah Technology Finance Corporation[, and the Workers' Compensation
844	Fund].
845	(7) "Program" means the function or service provided by an agency for which the
846	agency collects fees.
847	(8) "Revenue types" means the categories established by the Division of Finance under
848	the authority of this chapter that classify revenue according to the purpose for which it is
849	collected.
850	Section 28. Section 63-55b-131 is amended to read:
851	63-55b-131. Repeal dates, Title 31A.
852	(1) Section 31A-22-626 is repealed July 1, 2004.
853	(2) Section 31A-23-315 is repealed July 1, 2006.
854	(3) Section 31A-33-109 is repealed July 1, 2011.
855	Section 29. Section 63-95-102 is amended to read:
856	63-95-102. Definitions.
857	For purposes of this chapter:
858	(1) "Asset" means property of all kind, real and personal, tangible and intangible, and
859	includes:
860	(a) cash, except reasonable compensation or salary for services rendered;
861	(b) stock or other investments;
862	(c) goodwill;
863	(d) real property;
864	(e) an ownership interest:

865	(f) a license;
866	(g) a cause of action; and
867	(h) any similar property.
868	(2) "Authorizing statutes" means the statutes creating an entity as a quasi-governmental
869	entity.
870	(3) "Business interest" means:
871	(a) holding the position of trustee, director, officer, or other similar position with a
872	business entity; or
873	(b) the ownership, either legally or equitably, of at least 10% of the outstanding shares
874	of a corporation or 10% interest in any other business entity, being held by:
875	(i) an individual;
876	(ii) the individual's spouse;
877	(iii) a minor child of the individual; or
878	(iv) any combination of Subsections (3)(b)(i) through (iii).
879	(4) "Committee" means the Legislative Quasi-Governmental Entities Committee
880	created in Section 63-95-201.
881	(5) "Government requestor" means:
882	(a) the governor;
883	(b) an executive branch officer other than the governor;
884	(c) an executive branch agency;
885	(d) a legislator, including a legislative sponsor of legislation creating a
886	quasi-governmental entity; or
887	(e) a legislative committee.
888	(6) "Interested party" means a person that held or holds the position of trustee, director,
889	officer, or other similar position with a quasi-governmental entity within:
890	(a) five years prior to the date of an action described in Subsection (8); or
891	(b) during the privatization of a quasi-governmental entity.
892	(7) "Lobbyist" is a person that provided or provides services as a lobbyist, as defined in
893	Section 36-11-102, within:
894	(a) five years prior to the date of an action described in Subsection (8); or
895	(b) during the privatization of a quasi-governmental entity.

896	(8) (a) "Privatized" means an action described in Subsection (8)(b) taken under
897	circumstances in which the operations of the quasi-governmental entity are continued by a
898	successor entity that:
899	(i) is privately owned;
900	(ii) is unaffiliated to the state; and
901	(iii) receives any asset of the quasi-governmental entity.
902	(b) An action referred to in Subsection (8)(a) includes:
903	(i) the repeal of the authorizing statute of a quasi-governmental entity and the revision
904	to state laws to terminate the relationship between the state and the quasi-governmental entity;
905	(ii) the dissolution of the quasi-governmental entity;
906	(iii) the merger or consolidation of the quasi-governmental entity with another entity;
907	or
908	(iv) the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the quasi-governmental entity.
909	(9) (a) "Quasi-governmental entity" means an entity that:
910	(i) is created by the state or is given by the state the right to exist and conduct its affairs
911	as a quasi-governmental entity:
912	(A) to serve a public purpose; and
913	(B) to meet a need that cannot be met through a private business; and
914	(ii) is designated by the state as:
915	(A) an independent state agency;
916	(B) an independent public corporation;
917	(C) a quasi-public corporation; or
918	(D) a term similar to that described in Subsections (9)(a)(ii)(A) through (C).
919	(b) "Quasi-governmental entity" includes the:
920	(i) Dairy Commission created in Title 4, Chapter 22, Dairy Promotion Act;
921	(ii) Utah Technology Finance Corporation created in Title 9, Chapter 13, Utah
922	Technology and Small Business Finance Act;
923	(iii) Heber Valley Railroad Authority created in Title 9, Chapter 3, Part 3, Heber
924	Valley Historic Railroad Authority;
925	(iv) Utah Science Center Authority created in Title 9, Chapter 3, Part 4, Utah Science
926	Center Authority;

927	(v) Utah Housing Corporation created in Title 9, Chapter 4, Part 9, Utah Housing
928	Corporation Act;
929	(vi) Utah State Fair Corporation created in Title 9, Chapter 4, Part 11, Utah State Fair
930	Corporation Act;
931	[(vii) Workers' Compensation Fund created in Title 31A, Chapter 33, Workers'
932	Compensation Fund;
933	[(viii)] (vii) Utah State Retirement Office created in Title 49, Chapter 11, Utah State
934	Retirement Systems Administration;
935	[(ix)] (viii) School and Institutional Trust Lands Administration created in Title 53C,
936	Chapter 1, Part 2, School and Institutional Trust Lands Administration; and
937	[(x)] (ix) Utah Communications Agency Network created in Title 63C, Chapter 7, Utah
938	Communications Agency Network Act.
939	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (9)(a), "quasi-governmental entity" does not include:
940	(i) the Public Service Commission of Utah created in Section 54-1-1;
941	(ii) an institution within the state system of higher education;
942	(iii) a city, county, or town;
943	(iv) a local school district;
944	(v) a special district created under the authority of Title 17A, Special Districts; or
945	(vi) a local district created under the authority of Title 17B, Limited Purpose Local
946	Government Entities.
947	Section 30. Section 63-95-203 is amended to read:
948	63-95-203. Exemption from committee activities.
949	Notwithstanding the other provisions of this Part 2 and Subsection 63-95-102(9), the
950	[following quasi-governmental entities are] <u>Utah Housing Corporation created in Title 9</u> ,
951	Chapter 4, Part 9, Utah Housing Corporation Act, is exempt from the study by the committee
952	under Section 63-95-202[:].
953	[(1) the Utah Housing Corporation created in Title 9, Chapter 4, Part 9, Utah Housing
954	Corporation Act; and]
955	[(2) the Workers' Compensation Fund created in Title 31A, Chapter 33, Workers'
956	Compensation Fund.]
957	Section 31. Section 63E-1-102 is amended to read:

958	63E-1-102. Definitions.
959	As used in this title:
960	(1) "Authorizing statute" means the statute creating an entity as an independent entity.
961	(2) "Committee" means the Legislative Independent Entities Committee created in
962	Section 63E-1-201.
963	(3) "Independent corporation" means a corporation incorporated in accordance with
964	Chapter 2, Independent Corporations Act.
965	(4) (a) "Independent entity" means an entity having a public purpose relating to the
966	state or its citizens that is individually created by the state or is given by the state the right to
967	exist and conduct its affairs as an:
968	(i) independent state agency; or
969	(ii) independent corporation.
970	(b) "Independent entity" includes the:
971	(i) Dairy Commission created in Title 4, Chapter 22, Dairy Promotion Act;
972	(ii) Utah Technology Finance Corporation created in Title 9, Chapter 13, Utah
973	Technology and Small Business Finance Act;
974	(iii) Heber Valley Railroad Authority created in Title 9, Chapter 3, Part 3, Heber
975	Valley Historic Railroad Authority;
976	(iv) Utah Science Center Authority created in Title 9, Chapter 3, Part 4, Utah Science
977	Center Authority;
978	(v) Utah Housing Corporation created in Title 9, Chapter 4, Part 9, Utah Housing
979	Corporation Act;
980	(vi) Utah State Fair Corporation created in Title 9, Chapter 4, Part 11, Utah State Fair
981	Corporation Act;
982	[(vii) Workers' Compensation Fund created in Title 31A, Chapter 33, Workers'
983	Compensation Fund;]
984	[(viii)] (vii) Utah State Retirement Office created in Title 49, Chapter 11, Utah State
985	Retirement Systems Administration;
986	[(ix)] (viii) School and Institutional Trust Lands Administration created in Title 53C,
987	Chapter 1, Part 2, School and Institutional Trust Lands Administration; and
988	[(x)] (ix) Utah Communications Agency Network created in Title 63C, Chapter 7, Utah

909	Communications Agency Network Act.
990	(c) Notwithstanding this Subsection (4), "independent entity" does not include:
991	(i) the Public Service Commission of Utah created in Section 54-1-1;
992	(ii) an institution within the state system of higher education;
993	(iii) a city, county, or town;
994	(iv) a local school district;
995	(v) a special district created under the authority of Title 17A, Special Districts; or
996	(vi) a local district created under the authority of Title 17B, Limited Purpose Local
997	Government Entities.
998	(5) "Independent state agency" means an entity that is created by the state, but is
999	independent of the governor's direct supervisory control.
1000	(6) "Monies held in trust" means monies maintained for the benefit of:
1001	(a) one or more private individuals, including public employees;
1002	(b) one or more public or private entities; or
1003	(c) the owners of a quasi-public corporation.
1004	(7) "Public corporation" means an artificial person, public in ownership, individually
1005	created by the state as a body politic and corporate for the administration of a public purpose
1006	relating to the state or its citizens.
1007	(8) "Quasi-public corporation" means an artificial person, private in ownership,
1008	individually created as a corporation by the state which has accepted from the state the grant of
1009	a franchise or contract involving the performance of a public purpose relating to the state or its
1010	citizens.
1011	Section 32. Section 63E-1-203 is amended to read:
1012	63E-1-203. Exemption from committee activities.
1013	Notwithstanding the other provisions of this Part 2 and Subsection 63E-1-102(4), the
1014	[following independent entities are] Utah Housing Corporation created in Title 9, Chapter 4,
1015	Part 9, Utah Housing Corporation Act, is exempt from the study by the committee under
1016	Section 63E-1-202[:].
1017	[(1) the Utah Housing Corporation created in Title 9, Chapter 4, Part 9, Utah Housing
1018	Corporation Act; and]
1019	(2) the Workers' Compensation Fund created in Title 31A, Chapter 33, Workers'

1020	Compensation Fund.]
1021	Section 33. Section 67-4-2 is amended to read:
1022	67-4-2. Definitions.
1023	As used in this chapter:
1024	(1) "Federal funds" means cash received from the United States government or from
1025	other individuals or entities for or on behalf of the United States and deposited with the state
1026	treasurer or any agency of the state.
1027	(2) "General Fund" means monies received into the treasury and not specially
1028	appropriated to any other fund.
1029	(3) "Maintain custody" means to direct the safekeeping and investment of state funds.
1030	(4) (a) "State entity" means each department, commission, board, council, agency,
1031	institution, officer, corporation, fund, division, office, committee, authority, laboratory, library,
1032	unit, bureau, panel, or other administrative unit of the state.
1033	(b) "State entity" includes independent state agencies and public corporations.
1034	(5) (a) "State funds" means funds that are owned, held, or administered by a state
1035	entity, regardless of the source of the funds.
1036	(b) "State funds" includes funds of independent state agencies or public corporations,
1037	regardless of the source of funds.
1038	(c) "State funds" does not include funds held by the Utah State Retirement Board [or
1039	the Workers' Compensation Fund].
1040	(6) "Warrant" means an order in a specific amount drawn upon the treasurer by the
1041	Division of Finance or another state agency.
1042	Section 34. Repealer.
1043	This act repeals:
1044	Section 31A-22-1001, Obligation to write workers' compensation insurance.
1045	Section 31A-33-101, Definitions.
1046	Section 31A-33-102, Establishment of the Workers' Compensation Fund and the
1047	Injury Fund.
1048	Section 31A-33-103, Legal nature of Workers' Compensation Fund.
1049	Section 31A-33-103.5, Powers of Fund Limitations.
1050	Section 31A-33-104, Workers' Compensation Fund exempted.

S.B. 170 02-17-03 9:33 AM 1051 Section 31A-33-105, Price of insurance -- Liability of state. 1052 Section 31A-33-106, Board of directors -- Status of the fund in relationship to the 1053 state. 1054 Section 31A-33-107, Duties of board -- Creation of subsidiaries -- Entering into 1055 joint enterprises. Section 31A-33-108, Powers and duties of chief executive officer. 1056 1057 Section 31A-33-110, Audits and examinations required. Section 31A-33-111, Adoption of rates. 1058 1059 Section 31A-33-112, Withdrawal of policyholders. Section 31A-33-113, Cancellation of policies. 1060 Section 31A-33-114, Premium assessment. 1061 1062 Section 31A-33-115, Interest and costs of collecting delinquent premium. 1063 Section 31A-33-116, Dividends. Section 31A-33-117, Availability of employers' reports. 1064 1065 Section 35. Effective date. 1066 If approved by two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, this act takes effect upon approval by the governor, or the day following the constitutional time limit of Utah 1067

Legislative Review Note as of 2-14-03 1:53 PM

the date of veto override.

1068

1069

A limited legal review of this legislation raises no obvious constitutional or statutory concerns.

Constitution Article VII, Section 8, without the governor's signature, or in the case of a veto,

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel