## **CONCEALED WEAPON PERMIT HOLDER**

### AMENDMENTS

#### 2003 GENERAL SESSION

#### STATE OF UTAH

## **Sponsor: Curtis S. Bramble**

This act modifies provisions related to concealed weapons by removing the 60-day

restriction on the validity of concealed firearm permits issued by another state or county.

This act affects sections of Utah Code Annotated 1953 as follows:

AMENDS:

76-10-523, as last amended by Chapter 316, Laws of Utah 2001

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:

Section 1. Section 76-10-523 is amended to read:

#### 76-10-523. Persons exempt from weapons laws.

(1) This part and Title 53, Chapter 5, Part 7, Concealed Weapon Act, do not apply to any of the following:

- (a) a United States marshal;
- (b) a federal official required to carry a firearm;
- (c) a peace officer of this or any other jurisdiction;
- (d) a law enforcement official as defined and qualified under Section 53-5-711;
- (e) a judge as defined and qualified [in] <u>under</u> Section 53-5-711;
- (f) a common carrier while engaged in the regular and ordinary transport of firearms as merchandise; or
  - (g) a nonresident traveling in or through the state, provided that any firearm is:
  - (i) unloaded; and
  - (ii) securely encased as defined in Section 76-10-501.

(2) The provisions of Subsections 76-10-504(1)(a), (1)(b), and Section 76-10-505 do not apply to any person to whom a permit to carry a concealed firearm has been issued:

- (a) pursuant to Section 53-5-704; or
- (b) by another state or county.

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[(3) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (2) a concealed firearm permit issued by another state or county is only valid in this state for 60 consecutive days.]

[(b) In order to carry a concealed firearm, a person that remains in the state for longer than 60 consecutive days shall obtain a permit pursuant to Section 53-5-704.]

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