S.B. 34 1st Sub. (Green)

Senator D. Chris Buttars	proposes	the following	substitute	bill:
--------------------------	----------	---------------	------------	-------

1	TUITION TAX CREDITS
2	2003 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Sponsor: D. Chris Buttars
5	Thomas V. Hatch
6	This act modifies Corporate Franchise and Income Taxes and the Individual Income Tax
7	Act to provide for nonrefundable tax credits for contributions made to a scholarship
8	granting organization to be used for tuition grants for a qualifying student to attend a
9	private school, or nonrefundable tax credits for amounts paid for tuition to a private
10	school on behalf of a qualifying student. The act provides definitions and establishes
11	procedures and requirements for administering the tax credits. The act establishes duties
12	of scholarship granting organizations and provides penalties. The act authorizes the
13	State Tax Commission to make rules. This act authorizes the Division of Consumer
14	Protection to enforce certain private school requirements. This act has retrospective
15	operation for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2003.
16	This act affects sections of Utah Code Annotated 1953 as follows:
17	AMENDS:
18	13-2-1, as last amended by Chapter 222, Laws of Utah 2002
19	ENACTS:
20	59-7-616 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
21	59-7-618 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
22	59-10-136 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
23	59-10-137 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
24	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
25	Section 1. Section 13-2-1 is amended to read:

26	13-2-1. Consumer protection division established Functions.
27	(1) There is established within the Department of Commerce the Division of Consumer
28	Protection.
29	(2) The division shall administer and enforce the following:
30	(a) Chapter 5, Unfair Practices Act;
31	(b) Chapter 10a, Music Licensing Practices Act;
32	(c) Chapter 11, Utah Consumer Sales Practices Act;
33	(d) Chapter 15, Business Opportunity Disclosure Act;
34	(e) Chapter 20, New Motor Vehicles Warranties Act;
35	(f) Chapter 21, Credit Services Organizations Act;
36	(g) Chapter 22, Charitable Solicitations Act;
37	(h) Chapter 23, Health Spa Services Protection Act;
38	(i) Chapter 25a, Telephone and Facsimile Solicitation Act;
39	(j) Chapter 26, Telephone Fraud Prevention Act;
40	(k) Chapter 28, Prize Notices Regulation Act;
41	(1) Chapter 30, Utah Personal Introduction Services Protection Act; [and]
42	(m) Chapter 34, Utah Postsecondary Proprietary School Act[-]; and
43	(n) Section 59-7-618, the requirements of private schools that issue school tuition
44	certificates.
45	Section 2. Section 59-7-616 is enacted to read:
46	59-7-616. Tax credit for contributions to scholarship granting organizations
47	Definitions Duties of scholarship granting organizations Penalties.
48	(1) As used in this section:
49	(a) (i) "Private school" means an elementary or secondary school within this state that:
50	(A) is not owned and controlled by a governmental entity;
51	(B) provides instruction for one or more grades kindergarten through 12; and
52	(C) at which the compulsory attendance requirements of Section 53A-11-101 may be
53	<u>met.</u>
54	(ii) "Private school" does not include a home school.
55	(b) (i) "Qualifying student" means, except as provided in Subsection (1)(b)(ii), an
56	individual:

57	(A) who is enrolled at a private school as a full-time student as determined by the
58	private school;
59	(B) for whom the private school has on file a release of information form;
60	(C) who will be under 21 years of age on the last day of the school year as determined
61	by the private school; and
62	(D) who meets one or more of the following criteria:
63	(I) the individual was not enrolled at a private school on January 1, 2003; or
64	(II) the individual is a member of a household as defined in 7 C.F.R. Sec. 245.2 whose
65	household income as determined under 7 C.F.R. Part 245, Determining Eligibility for Free and
66	Reduced Price Meals and Free Milk in Schools, is less than 100% of the reduced price meals
67	income eligibility guideline for the applicable household size as published by the U.S.
68	Department of Agriculture by notice in the Federal Register.
69	(ii) "Qualifying student" does not include a private school student while enrolled in
70	kindergarten during the 2003-04 school year.
71	(c) "Release of information form" means a form developed by a private school that:
72	(i) states that a parent of a qualifying student consents to the release of the information
73	contained in the school tuition certificate; and
74	(ii) is consistent with the requirements of 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1232g, Family Educational
75	Rights and Privacy Act of 1974.
76	(d) "Scholarship granting organization" means an organization that:
77	(i) is exempt from taxation under Section 501(c)(3), Internal Revenue Code; and
78	(ii) makes tuition grants to qualifying students to attend private schools in this state.
79	(e) "School tuition certificate" means a certificate developed by a private school that:
80	(i) is issued by the private school to the first taxpayer or scholarship granting
81	organization that during the calendar year:
82	(A) makes a:
83	(I) tuition grant to a qualifying student in accordance with this section or Section
84	<u>59-10-136; or</u>
85	(II) tuition payment on behalf of a qualifying student in accordance with Section
86	<u>59-10-137; and</u>
87	(B) requests the certificate from the private school; and

88	<u>(ii) lists:</u>
89	(A) the name of the qualifying student:
90	(I) receiving a tuition grant in accordance with this section or Section 59-10-136; or
91	(II) on behalf of whom a tuition payment is made in accordance with Section
92	<u>59-10-137;</u>
93	(B) the calendar year for which the school tuition certificate is issued; and
94	(C) the value of the weighted pupil unit on the first day of the calendar year described
95	in Subsection (1)(e)(ii)(B).
96	(f) "Value of the weighted pupil unit" means the amount specified in Section
97	53A-17a-103 that is multiplied by the number of weighted pupil units to yield the funding level
98	for the basic state-supported school program.
99	(2) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2003, a taxpayer may claim a
100	nonrefundable tax credit against the taxes imposed by this chapter as provided in this section
101	for monetary contributions:
102	(a) the taxpayer makes during a taxable year to a scholarship granting organization; and
103	(b) that will be used to make tuition grants, in accordance with Subsections (5) through
104	(7), to qualifying students to attend private school.
105	(3) The tax credit provided for in this section may not be carried forward or carried
106	back.
107	(4) A scholarship granting organization shall within 30 days after the day on which a
108	taxpayer seeking to claim a tax credit under this section or Section 59-10-136 makes a
109	contribution to the scholarship granting organization, provide to the taxpayer a written
110	statement:
111	(a) certifying that the contribution shall be used to make tuition grants, in accordance
112	with Subsections (5) through (7), to qualifying students to attend private schools; and
113	(b) listing the amount of the contribution.
114	(5) A scholarship granting organization shall make tuition payments for a qualifying
115	student receiving a tuition grant funded from a contribution for which the scholarship granting
116	organization issues a written statement in accordance with Subsection (4) to any private school
117	in this state that is not under an injunction from the Division of Consumer Protection in
118	accordance with Section 59-7-618, as selected by a parent of the qualifying student.

119	(6) (a) A scholarship granting organization may make a tuition grant during a calendar
120	year to a qualifying student from a contribution for which the scholarship granting organization
121	issues a written statement in accordance with Subsection (4), if the scholarship granting
122	organization during the calendar year:
123	(i) does not make tuition grants to that qualifying student from a contribution for which
124	the scholarship granting organization issues a written statement in accordance with Subsection
125	(4) the total amount of which exceeds the amount specified in Subsection (6)(b); and
126	(ii) obtains from the private school a school tuition certificate listing the name of that
127	qualifying student.
128	(b) For the purpose of Subsection (6)(a), a scholarship granting organization may make
129	tuition grants to:
130	(i) a qualifying student enrolled in private school for only kindergarten during the
131	calendar year in an amount not to exceed the greater of:
132	<u>(A) \$586; or</u>
133	(B) \$586 adjusted by the percentage increase in the value of the weighted pupil unit
134	from January 1, 2003 to the first day of the calendar year for which the private school issues the
135	school tuition certificate in accordance with this section;
136	(ii) a qualifying student enrolled in private school for both kindergarten and a higher
137	grade during the calendar year in an amount not to exceed the greater of:
138	<u>(A) \$1,652; or</u>
139	(B) \$1,652 adjusted by the percentage increase in the value of the weighted pupil unit
140	from January 1, 2003 to the first day of the calendar year for which the private school issues the
141	school tuition certificate in accordance with this section; and
142	(iii) a qualifying student enrolled in private school for only grades 1-12 during a
143	calendar year in an amount not to exceed the greater of:
144	<u>(A) \$2,132; or</u>
145	(B) the value of the weighted pupil unit on the first day of the calendar year for which
146	the private school issues the school tuition certificate in accordance with this section.
147	(c) A private school may not issue more than one school tuition certificate during a
148	calendar year that lists the name of a particular qualifying student.
149	(d) (i) A scholarship granting organization shall pay to the commission a penalty

150	calculated under Subsection (6)(d)(ii) if during a calendar year the scholarship granting
151	organization makes one or more tuition grants to a qualifying student:
152	(A) that exceed the total amount described in Subsections (6)(a) and (6)(b); or
153	(B) without obtaining from the private school a school tuition certificate listing the
154	name of that qualifying student.
155	(ii) (A) The penalty for making tuition grants to a qualifying student that exceed the
156	total amount described in Subsections (6)(a) and (6)(b) is an amount equal to the difference
157	between:
158	(I) the total amount described in Subsections (6)(a) and (6)(b); and
159	(II) the total amount of tuition grants the scholarship granting organization makes to
160	the qualifying student during a calendar year from a contribution for which the scholarship
161	granting organization issues a written statement in accordance with Subsection (4).
162	(B) The penalty for making tuition grants to a qualifying student without obtaining a
163	school tuition certificate for the student is an amount equal to the total amount of tuition grants
164	the scholarship granting organization makes to the qualifying student during a calendar year
165	from a contribution for which the scholarship granting organization issues a written statement
166	in accordance with Subsection (4).
167	(e) The commission shall deposit any penalties the commission collected under this
168	Subsection (6) into the Uniform School Fund.
169	(7) (a) A scholarship granting organization shall expend at least 98% of each
170	contribution for which the organization issues a written statement in accordance with
171	Subsection (4):
172	(i) for tuition grants to qualifying students to attend private schools in this state; and
173	(ii) within a 12-month period after the day on which the organization receives the
174	contribution.
175	(b) A scholarship granting organization may expend up to 2% of each contribution for
176	which the organization issues a written statement in accordance with Subsection (4) to
177	administer the tuition grant program.
178	(c) A scholarship granting organization that fails to comply with the requirements of
179	Subsection (7)(a) shall pay to the commission a penalty equal to the sum of:
180	(i) the amount that is not spent in accordance with Subsection (7)(a); and

181	(ii) the interest or earnings the scholarship granting organization receives on the
182	amount that is not spent in accordance with Subsection (7)(a).
183	(d) The commission shall deposit any penalties the commission collects under this
184	Subsection (7) into the Uniform School Fund.
185	(8) A scholarship granting organization that receives contributions from taxpayers
186	seeking a tax credit pursuant to this section or Section 59-10-136 shall provide to the
187	commission an annual audit conducted by an independent certified public accountant that
188	includes a:
189	(a) financial audit of its accounts and records; and
190	(b) compliance audit of the requirements under this section and Section 59-10-136.
191	(9) In accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
192	commission may make rules requiring scholarship granting organizations to verify that each
193	tuition grant recipient meets the requirements of a qualifying student under Subsection (1)(b).
194	(10) In accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46b, Administrative Procedures Act, the
195	commission may enjoin a scholarship granting organization that fails to comply with this
196	section from accepting contributions from taxpayers seeking to claim a tax credit under this
197	section or Section 59-10-136 for a period of up to one year.
198	(11) Nothing in this section or Section 13-2-1, 59-7-618, 59-10-136, or 59-10-137
199	grants additional authority to any state agency or school district to regulate private schools,
200	except as expressly set forth in these sections.
201	Section 3. Section 59-7-618 is enacted to read:
202	59-7-618. Private school requirements School tuition certificates Enforcement
203	Orders.
204	(1) As used in this section:
205	(a) "Private school" is as defined in Section 59-7-616.
206	(b) "School tuition certificate" is as defined in Section 59-7-616.
207	(2) A private school may not issue a school tuition certificate unless it:
208	(a) (i) annually assesses the achievement of each student for which a tuition tax credit
209	certificate is issued by administering a standardized achievement test scored by an independent
210	party that provides a comparison of the student's performance to other students on a national
211	basis; and

212	(ii) (A) reports the test results to the student's parents; and
213	(B) upon request, makes tests results available to other persons, in manner that does
214	not reveal the identity of any student;
215	(b) provides to parents the relevant credentials of teachers who will be teaching their
216	children;
217	(c) provides to parents a statement indicating which, if any, organizations have
218	accredited the private school; and
219	(d) has not been enjoined from issuing school tuition certificates in accordance with
220	Subsection (3).
221	(3) (a) The Division of Consumer Protection may use its enforcement powers to
222	investigate complaints and convene administrative hearings for a violation of Subsection (2).
223	(b) If the Division of Consumer Protection finds repeated and willful violations of
224	Subsection (2), it shall issue an order that enjoins the private school from issuing a school
225	tuition certificate for the subsequent school year.
226	Section 4. Section 59-10-136 is enacted to read:
227	59-10-136. Tax credit for contributions to scholarship granting organizations
228	Definitions Duties of scholarship granting organizations Penalties.
229	(1) As used in this section:
230	(a) "Private school" is as defined in Section 59-7-616.
231	(b) "Qualifying student" is as defined in Section 59-7-616.
232	(c) "Scholarship granting organization" is as defined in Section 59-7-616.
233	(d) "School tuition certificate" is as defined in Section 59-7-616.
234	(e) "Value of the weighted pupil unit" is as defined in Section 59-7-616.
235	(2) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2003, a taxpayer may claim a
236	nonrefundable tax credit against the taxes imposed by this chapter as provided in this section
237	for monetary contributions:
238	(a) the taxpayer makes during a taxable year to a scholarship granting organization; and
239	(b) that will be used to make tuition grants, in accordance with Section 59-7-616 and
240	rules adopted by the commission under that section, to qualifying students to attend private
241	school.
242	(3) The tax credit provided for in this section may not be carried forward or carried

243	back.
244	(4) A scholarship granting organization shall provide a written statement to a taxpayer
245	seeking to claim a tax credit under this section in accordance with Section 59-7-616.
246	Section 5. Section 59-10-137 is enacted to read:
247	59-10-137. Nonrefundable tuition tax credit Definitions.
248	(1) As used in this section:
249	(a) "Private school" is as defined in Section 59-7-616.
250	(b) "Qualifying student" is as defined in Section 59-7-616.
251	(c) "School tuition certificate" is as defined in Section 59-7-616.
252	(d) "Value of the weighted pupil unit" is as defined in Section 59-7-616.
253	(2) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2003, a taxpayer may claim a
254	nonrefundable tax credit against the taxes imposed by this chapter as provided in this section
255	for amounts paid to a private school for tuition:
256	(a) on behalf of a qualifying student; and
257	(b) during the taxable year.
258	(3) (a) For a taxable year the amount of tax credit that a taxpayer may claim under this
259	section for a qualifying student on whose behalf the taxpayer paid tuition in accordance with
260	Subsection (2) may not exceed the amounts specified in Subsection (3)(b).
261	(b) For the purpose of Subsection (3)(a), a taxpayer may claim a tax credit for tuition
262	paid on behalf of:
263	(i) a qualifying student enrolled in private school for only kindergarten during the
264	taxable year in an amount not to exceed the lesser of:
265	(A) the amount of tuition the taxpayer paid on behalf of the qualifying student during
266	the taxable year; or
267	(B) the greater of:
268	<u>(I) \$586; or</u>
269	(II) \$586 adjusted by the percentage increase in the value of the weighted pupil unit
270	from January 1, 2003 to the first day of the calendar year for which the private school issues the
271	school tuition certificate in accordance with Section 59-7-616;
272	(ii) a qualifying student enrolled in private school for both kindergarten and a higher
273	grade during the taxable year in an amount not to exceed the lesser of:

274	(A) the amount of tuition the taxpayer paid on behalf of the qualifying student during
275	the taxable year; or
276	(B) the greater of:
277	<u>(I) \$1,652; or</u>
278	(II) \$1,652 adjusted by the percentage increase in the value of the weighted pupil unit
279	from January 1, 2003 to the first day of the calendar year for which the private school issues the
280	school tuition certificate in accordance with Section 59-7-616; and
281	(iii) a qualifying student enrolled in private school for only grades 1-12 during the
282	taxable year in an amount not to exceed the lesser of:
283	(A) the amount of tuition the taxpayer paid on behalf of the qualifying student during
284	the taxable year; or
285	(B) the greater of:
286	<u>(I) \$2,132; or</u>
287	(II) the value of the weighted pupil unit on the first day of the calendar year for which
288	the private school issues the school tuition certificate in accordance with this section.
289	(4) The tax credit provided for in this section may not be carried forward or carried
290	back.
291	(5) A taxpayer may claim a tax credit under this section for a taxable year only if the
292	taxpayer obtains from a private school a school tuition certificate listing the name of the
293	qualifying student on whose behalf the taxpayer paid tuition in accordance with Subsection (2).
294	(6) A private school may not issue more than one school tuition certificate during a
295	calendar year that lists the name of a particular qualifying student.
296	Section 6. Retrospective operation.
297	This act has retrospective operation for taxable years beginning on or after January 1,
298	<u>2003.</u>