1	REGULATION OF COERCIVE RESTRAINT		
2	PRACTICES		
3	2003 GENERAL SESSION		
4	STATE OF UTAH		
5	Sponsor: Parley G. Hellewell		
6	This act modifies the Mental Health Professional Licensing Act. The act restricts the use		
7	practice, or application of restraint to certain circumstances.		
8	This act affects sections of Utah Code Annotated 1953 as follows:		
9	ENACTS:		
10	58-60-117 , Utah Code Annotated 1953		
11	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:		
12	Section 1. Section 58-60-117 is enacted to read:		
13	58-60-117. Coercive restraint practices.		
14	(1) (a) As used in this section, "coercive restraint" means personal, physical, or		
15	mechanical restraint, that:		
16	(i) covers all of a patient's face;		
17	(ii) compresses a patient's body in a way that significantly impedes a patient's breathing		
18	or causes other physical harm;		
19	(iii) restricts or prohibits a patient's breathing in any way;		
20	(iv) causes physical pain to the patient;		
21	(v) involves a therapist sitting on, lying upon, or leaning against a patient with full		
22	body contact; or		
23	(vi) involves a therapist using elbows, knees, knuckles, or fists on or against a patient's		
24	<u>body.</u>		
25	(b) "Coercive restraint" does not include briefly holding, without undue force, a		
26	patient, in order to calm the patient, or holding a patient's hand to escort the patient safely from		
27	one area to another.		



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28	(2) Except as otherwise provided in Subsection (3), a licensed mental health therapist	
29	may not:	
30	(a) practice, use, or apply coercive restraint on or to a patient; or	
31	(b) direct, prescribe, or instruct that coercive restraint be used or applied on or to a	
32	patient.	
33	(3) Subsection (2) does not apply:	
34	(a) to a hospital that is subject to Requirements for States and Long Term Care	
35	Facilities, 42 C.F.R. Subchapter G, Part 482;	
36	(b) to a residential treatment facility that is subject to Requirements for States and	
37	Long Term Care Facilities, 42 C.F.R. Subchapter G, Part 483; or	
38	(c) when a mental health therapist determines that coercive restraint is reasonably	
39	needed to:	
40	(i) protect the patient or another person from what reasonably appears to be imminent	
41	physical injury; or	
42	(ii) protect property from what reasonably appears to be imminent, substantial damage.	
43	(4) Any restraint permitted under Subsection (3)(c) must be terminated when	
44	conditions described in Subsection (3)(c) no longer exist or may be remediated by less	
45	restrictive means.	
46	(5) All use of restraint by a mental health therapist shall be documented in the patient's	
47	file or chart.	
48	(6) Licensed mental health therapists who engage in physical contact as a therapy with	
49	clients are required to enter upon engagement, a written contract with the patient, parent, or	
50	legal guardian of the patient, that:	
51	(a) describes the nature and objectives of the therapy;	
52	(b) sets forth clear, appropriate, and culturally sensitive boundaries that govern such	
53	physical contact;	
54	(c) forbids clients, patients, parents, or legal guardians from performing holding or	
55	restraint therapy at home; and	
56	(d) states that holding or restraint as a mental health treatment is an alternative therapy	
57	method.	

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Legislative Review Note as of 1-28-03 4:12 PM

A limited legal review of this legislation raises no obvious constitutional or statutory concerns.

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

Fiscal Not	te
Bill Number	SB0137

Regulation of Coercive Restraint Practices

31-Jan-03 10:56 AM

State Impact

No fiscal impact.

Individual and Business Impact

Therapists currently providing such services which would be restricted by this bill could see some minor negative financial impact.

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst