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1	UTAH VENTURE CAPITAL ENHANCEMENT
2	ACT AMENDMENTS
3	2003 SECOND SPECIAL SESSION
4	STATE OF UTAH
5	Sponsor: Peggy Wallace
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill modifies the Utah Venture Capital Enhancement Act.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	modifies the definition of the Utah fund of funds;
13	 modifies the terms of members on the Utah Capital Investment Board and the board
14	members of the Utah Capital Investment Corporation;
15	 provides that a contingent tax credit may not be issued unless agreed to be treated as
16	a loan;
17	 provides that the board may not issue contingent tax credits prior to July 1, 2004;
18	provides that public money may not be invested in the Utah fund of funds;
19	 provides that any amount in the redemption reserve in excess of \$100,000,000 shall
20	be reinvested in the Utah fund of funds;
21	 directs where assets of the corporation shall be distributed upon dissolution; and
22	 makes certain technical changes.
23	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
24	None
25	Other Special Clauses:
26	This bill provides a severability clause.
27	This bill provides an immediate effective date.



8	Utah Code Sections Affected:
9	AMENDS:
0	9-2-1902, as enacted by Chapter 291, Laws of Utah 2003
1	9-2-1903, as enacted by Chapter 291, Laws of Utah 2003
2	9-2-1905, as enacted by Chapter 291, Laws of Utah 2003
3	9-2-1906, as enacted by Chapter 291, Laws of Utah 2003
4	9-2-1909, as enacted by Chapter 291, Laws of Utah 2003
5	9-2-1912, as enacted by Chapter 291, Laws of Utah 2003
6	9-2-1913, as enacted by Chapter 291, Laws of Utah 2003
7	9-2-1914 , as enacted by Chapter 291, Laws of Utah 2003
8	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
0	Section 1. Section 9-2-1902 is amended to read:
1	9-2-1902. Findings Purpose.
2	(1) The Legislature finds that:
3	(a) fundamental changes have occurred in national and international financial markets
4	and in the state's financial markets;
5	(b) a critical shortage of seed and venture capital resources exists in the state, and that
6	shortage is impairing the growth of commerce in the state;
7	(c) a need exists to increase the availability of venture equity capital for emerging,
8	expanding, and restructuring enterprises in Utah, including enterprises in the life sciences,
.9	advanced manufacturing, and information technology; [and]
0	(d) increased venture equity capital investments in emerging, expanding, and
1	restructuring enterprises in Utah will:
2	(i) create new jobs in the state; and
3	(ii) help to diversify the state's economic base[:]; and
4	(e) a well-trained work force is critical for the maintenance and development of Utah's
5	economy.
6	(2) This part is enacted to:
7	(a) mobilize private investment in a broad variety of venture capital partnerships in
8	diversified industries and locales:

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Section 9-2-1907.

(6) "Designated investor" means:

59	(b) retain the private-sector culture of focusing on rate of return in the investing
60	process;
61	(c) secure the services of the best managers in the venture capital industry, regardless
62	of location;
63	(d) facilitate the organization of the Utah fund of funds to seek private investments and
64	to [create interest] serve as a catalyst in those investments by offering state incentives for
65	private persons to make investments in the Utah fund of funds;
66	(e) enhance the venture capital culture and infrastructure in the state so as to increase
67	venture capital investment within the state and to promote venture capital investing within the
68	state; and
69	(f) accomplish the purposes referred to in Subsections (2)(a) through (e) in a manner
70	that would maximize the direct economic impact for the state [while minimizing any
71	appropriations by the state].
72	Section 2. Section 9-2-1903 is amended to read:
73	9-2-1903. Definitions.
74	As used in this part:
75	(1) "Board" means the Utah Capital Investment Board.
76	(2) "Certificate" means a contract between the board and a designated investor under
77	which a contingent tax credit is available and issued to the designated investor.
78	(3) "Commitment" means a written commitment by a designated purchaser to purchase
79	from the board certificates presented to the board for redemption by a designated investor.
80	Each commitment shall state the dollar amount of contingent tax credits that the designated
81	purchaser has committed to purchase from the board.
82	(4) "Contingent tax credit" means a contingent tax credit issued under this part that is
83	available against tax liabilities imposed by Title 59, Chapter 7, Corporate Franchise and
84	Income Taxes, and Chapter 10, Individual Income Tax Act, if there are insufficient funds in the
85	redemption reserve and the board has not exercised other options for redemption under
86	Subsection 9-2-1920(3)(b).
87	(5) "Corporation" means the Utah Capital Investment Corporation created under

90	(a) a person who purchases an equity interest in the Utah fund of funds; or
91	(b) a transferee of a certificate or contingent tax credit.
92	(7) "Designated purchaser" means:
93	(a) a person who enters into a written undertaking with the board to purchase a
94	commitment; or
95	(b) a transferee who assumes the obligations to make the purchase described in the
96	commitment.
97	(8) "Person" means an individual, partnership, limited liability company, corporation,
98	association, organization, business trust, estate, trust, or any other legal or commercial entity.
99	(9) "Redemption reserve" means the reserve established by the corporation to facilitate
100	the cash redemption of certificates.
101	(10) "Utah fund of funds" means a [private, for-profit] limited partnership or limited
102	liability company established under Section 9-2-1913 in which a designated investor purchases
103	an equity interest.
104	Section 3. Section 9-2-1905 is amended to read:
105	9-2-1905. Board members Meetings Expenses.
106	(1) (a) The board shall consist of five members.
107	(b) Of the five members:
108	(i) one shall be the state treasurer;
109	(ii) one shall be the director; and
110	(iii) three shall be appointed by the governor and confirmed by the Senate.
111	(c) The three members appointed by the governor shall serve [five] four-year staggered
112	terms with the initial terms of the first three members to be [five] four years for one member,
113	[fours] three years for one member, and [three] two years for one member.
114	(2) When a vacancy occurs in the membership of the board for any reason, the vacancy
115	shall be:
116	(a) filled in the same manner as the appointment of the original member; and
117	(b) for the unexpired term of the board member being replaced.
118	(3) Appointed members of the board may not serve more than two full consecutive
119	terms except where the governor determines that an additional term is in the best interest of the
120	state.

121	(4) Three members of the board constitute a quorum for conducting business and
122	exercising board power, provided that a minimum of three affirmative votes is required for
123	board action and at least one of the affirmative votes is cast by either the director or the state
124	<u>treasurer</u> .
125	(5) (a) Members of the board may not receive compensation or benefits for their
126	services, but may receive per diem and expenses incurred in the performance of the members'
127	official duties at rates established by the Division of Finance under Sections 63A-3-106 and
128	63A-3-107.
129	(b) Members of the board may decline to receive per diem and expenses for their
130	services.
131	(6) Members of the board shall be selected on the basis of demonstrated expertise and
132	competence in:
133	(a) the supervision of investment managers;
134	(b) the fiduciary management of investment funds; or
135	(c) the management and administration of tax credit allocation programs.
136	(7) The board and its members are considered to be a governmental entity with all of
137	the rights, privileges, and immunities of a governmental entity of the state, including all of the
138	rights and benefits conferred under Title 63, Chapter 30, Utah [Government] Governmental
139	Immunity Act.
140	(8) Meetings of the board, except to the extent necessary to protect confidential
141	information with respect to investments in the Utah fund of funds, are subject to Title 52,
142	Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings.
143	Section 4. Section 9-2-1906 is amended to read:
144	9-2-1906. Board duties and powers.
145	(1) The board shall:
146	(a) establish criteria and procedures for the allocation and issuance of contingent tax
147	credits to designated investors by means of certificates issued by the board[;], provided that a
148	contingent tax credit may not be issued unless the Utah fund of funds:
149	(i) first agrees to treat the amount of the tax credit redeemed by the state as a loan from
150	the state to the Utah fund of funds; and
151	(ii) agrees to repay the loan upon terms and conditions established by the board;

152	(b) establish criteria and procedures for assessing the likelihood of future certificate
153	redemptions by designated investors, including:
154	(i) criteria and procedures for evaluating the value of investments made by the Utah
155	fund of funds; and
156	(ii) the returns from the Utah fund of funds;
157	(c) establish criteria and procedures for registering and redeeming contingent tax
158	credits by designated investors holding certificates issued by the board;
159	(d) establish a target rate of return or range of returns on venture capital investments of
160	the Utah fund of funds;
161	(e) establish criteria and procedures governing commitments obtained by the board
162	from designated purchasers including:
163	(i) entering into commitments with designated purchasers; and
164	(ii) drawing on commitments to redeem certificates from designated investors;
165	(f) have power to:
166	(i) expend funds;
167	(ii) invest funds;
168	(iii) enter into contracts;
169	(iv) insure against loss; and
170	(v) perform any other act necessary to carry out its purpose; and
171	(g) (i) make, amend, and revoke rules for the conduct of its affairs, consistent with this
172	part and in accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act;
173	(ii) all rules made by the board under Subsection (1)(g)(i) are subject to review by the
174	Legislative Management Committee:
175	(A) whenever made, modified, or revoked; and
176	(B) in each even-numbered year; and
177	(iii) Subsection (1)(g)(ii) does not preclude the Legislature's Administrative Rules
178	Review Committee from reviewing and taking appropriate action on any rule made, amended,
179	or revoked by the board.
180	(2) (a) The criteria and procedures established by the board for the allocation and
181	issuance of contingent tax credits shall:
182	[(a)] (i) include the contingencies that must be met for a certificate and its related tax

183	credits to be:
184	[(i)] (A) issued by the board;
185	[(ii)] (B) transferred by a designated investor; and
186	[(iii)] (C) redeemed by a designated investor in order to receive a contingent tax credit;
187	and
188	[(b)] (ii) tie the contingencies for redemption of certificates to the targeted rates of
189	return and scheduled redemptions of equity interests purchased by designated investors in the
190	Utah fund of funds.
191	(b) The board may not issue contingent tax credits under this part prior to July 1, 2004.
192	(3) (a) The board may charge a placement fee to the Utah fund of funds for the
193	issuance of a certificate and related contingent tax credit to a designated investor.
194	(b) The fee shall:
195	(i) be charged only to pay for reasonable and necessary costs of the board; and
196	(ii) not exceed .5% of the equity investment of the designated investor.
197	(4) The board's criteria and procedures for redeeming certificates:
198	(a) shall give priority to the redemption amount from the available funds in the
199	redemption reserve; and
200	(b) to the extent there are insufficient funds in the redemption reserve to redeem
201	certificates, shall grant the board the option to redeem certificates:
202	(i) by certifying a contingent tax credit to the designated investor; or
203	(ii) by making demand on designated purchasers consistent with the requirements of
204	Section 9-2-1921.
205	(5) (a) The board shall, in consultation with the corporation, publish an annual report
206	of the activities conducted by the Utah fund of funds, and present the report to the governor and
207	the Executive Appropriations Committee of the Legislature.
208	(b) The annual report shall:
209	(i) include a copy of the audit of the Utah fund of funds and a valuation of the assets of
210	the Utah fund of funds;
211	(ii) review the progress of the investment fund allocation manager in implementing its
212	investment plan; and
213	(iii) describe any redemption or transfer of a certificate issued under this part.

214	(c) The annual report may not identify any specific designated investor who has
215	redeemed or transferred a certificate.
216	(d) (i) Beginning July 1, 2005, and thereafter every two years, the board shall publish a
217	progress report which shall evaluate the progress of the state in accomplishing the purposes
218	stated in Section 9-2-1902.
219	(ii) The board shall give a copy of the report to the Legislature.
220	Section 5. Section 9-2-1909 is amended to read:
221	9-2-1909. Board of directors.
222	(1) The initial board of directors of the corporation shall consist of five members.
223	(2) The persons elected to the initial board of directors by the appointment committee
224	shall include persons who have an expertise, as considered appropriate by the appointment
225	committee, in the areas of:
226	(a) the selection and supervision of investment managers;
227	(b) fiduciary management of investment funds; and
228	(c) other areas of expertise as considered appropriate by the appointment committee.
229	(3) After the election of the initial board of directors, vacancies in the board of
230	directors of the corporation shall be filled by election by the remaining directors of the
231	corporation.
232	(4) (a) Board members shall serve [three] four-year terms, except that of the five initial
233	members:
234	(i) two shall serve [three]four-year terms;
235	(ii) two shall serve [two] three-year terms; and
236	(iii) one shall serve a [one] two-year term.
237	(b) Board members shall serve until their successors are elected and qualified and may
238	serve successive terms.
239	(c) A majority of the board members may remove a board member for cause.
240	(d) (i) The board shall select a chair by majority vote.
241	(ii) The chair's term is for one year.
242	(5) Three members of the board are a quorum for the transaction of business.
243	(6) Members of the board of directors:
244	(a) are subject to any restrictions on conflicts of interest specified in the organizational

245	documents of the corporation; and
246	(b) may have no interest in any:
247	(i) venture capital investment fund allocation manager selected by the corporation
248	under this part; or
249	(ii) investments made by the Utah fund of funds.
250	(7) Directors of the corporation:
251	(a) shall be compensated for direct expenses and mileage; and
252	(b) may not receive a director's fee or salary for service as directors.
253	Section 6. Section 9-2-1912 is amended to read:
254	9-2-1912. Dissolution.
255	(1) Upon the dissolution of the Utah fund of funds, the corporation shall be liquidated
256	and dissolved.
257	(2) Upon dissolution or privatization of the corporation, any assets owned by the
258	corporation shall be distributed to [the state] one or more Utah nonprofit tax exempt
259	organizations to be designated by the Legislature for the purposes listed in Section 9-2-1902 as
260	provided in Title 63E, Chapter 1, Independent Entities Act.
261	Section 7. Section 9-2-1913 is amended to read:
262	9-2-1913. Organization of Utah fund of funds.
263	(1) The corporation shall organize the Utah fund of funds.
264	(2) The Utah fund of funds shall make investments in private seed and venture capital
265	partnerships or entities in a manner and for the following purposes:
266	(a) to encourage the availability of a wide variety of venture capital in the state;
267	(b) to strengthen the economy of the state;
268	(c) to help business in the state gain access to sources of capital;
269	(d) to help build a significant, permanent source of capital available to serve the needs
270	of businesses in the state; and
271	(e) to accomplish all these benefits in a way that minimizes the use of contingent tax
272	credits.
273	(3) The Utah fund of funds shall be organized:
274	(a) as a [private, for-profit,] limited partnership or limited liability company under Utah
275	law having the corporation as the general partner or manager; and

276	(b) to provide for equity interests for designated investors which provide for a
277	designated scheduled rate of return and a scheduled redemption in accordance with rules made
278	by the board pursuant to Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
279	(4) Public money may not be invested in the Utah fund of funds.
280	Section 8. Section 9-2-1914 is amended to read:
281	9-2-1914. Compensation from the Utah fund of funds to the corporation
282	Redemption reserve.
283	(1) The corporation shall be compensated for its [investment] involvement in the Utah
284	fund of funds through the payment of the management fee described in Section 9-2-1911.
285	(2) (a) Any returns in excess of those payable to designated investors shall be deposited
286	in the redemption reserve and held by the corporation as a first priority reserve for the
287	redemption of certificates.
288	(b) Any returns received by the corporation from investment of amounts held in the
289	redemption reserve shall be added to the redemption reserve until it has reached a total of
290	\$100,000,000.
291	(c) If at the end of any calendar year the redemption reserve exceeds the \$100,000,000
292	limitation referred to in Subsection (2)(b), the excess shall be [deposited in the General Fund
293	no later than April 1, of the following year] reinvested in the Utah fund of funds.
294	(3) Funds held by the corporation in the redemption reserve shall be invested in
295	accordance with Title 51, Chapter 7, State Money Management Act.
296	Section 9. Severability clause.
297	If any provision of this bill, or the application of any provision to any person or
298	circumstance, is held invalid, the remainder of this bill shall be given effect without the invalid
299	provision or application.
300	Section 10. Effective date.
301	If approved by two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, this bill takes effect
302	upon approval by the governor, or the day following the constitutional time limit of Utah
303	Constitution Article VII, Section 8, without the governor's signature, or in the case of a veto,
304	the date of veto override.

Legislative Review Note as of 11-14-03 8:36 AM

A limited legal review of this legislation raises no obvious constitutional or statutory concerns.

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel