#### **Representative LaVar Christensen** proposes the following substitute bill:

<b>CIVIC AND CHARACTER EDUCATION IN</b>
SCHOOLS
2004 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Sponsor: LaVar Christensen
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill provides legislative recognition that Civic and Character Education are
fundamental elements of the public education system's core mission and constitutional
responsibility and shall be taught in connection with regular school work.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
<ul> <li>provides definitions;</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>provides legislative recognition of the fundamental civic purpose and constitutional</li> </ul>
responsibility of public education;
<ul> <li>requires Civic and Character Education to be taught through an integrated</li> </ul>
curriculum in connection with regular school work; and
<ul> <li>consolidates requirements for the teaching of Civic and Character Education.</li> </ul>
Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
None
Utah Code Sections Affected:
AMENDS:

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## 1st Sub. (Buff) H.B. 22

	53A-13-101, as last amended by Chapter 299, Laws of Utah 2002
ł	ENACTS:
	<b>53A-13-109</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
=	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
-	Section 1. Section <b>53A-13-101</b> is amended to read:
	53A-13-101. Instruction in health Parental consent requirements Conduct
é	and speech of school employees and volunteers Political and religious doctrine
	prohibited.
	(1) (a) The State Board of Education shall establish curriculum requirements under
e la compañía de la c	Section 53A-1-402, that include instruction in:
	(i) community and personal health;
	(ii) physiology;
	(iii) personal hygiene; and
	(iv) prevention of communicable disease.
	(b) (i) That instruction shall stress:
	(A) the importance of abstinence from all sexual activity before marriage and fidelity
8	after marriage as methods for preventing certain communicable diseases; and
	(B) personal skills that encourage individual choice of abstinence and fidelity.
	(ii) (A) At no time may instruction be provided, including responses to spontaneous
(	questions raised by students, regarding any means or methods that facilitate or encourage the
V	violation of any state or federal criminal law by a minor or an adult.
	(B) Subsection (1)(b)(ii)(A) does not preclude an instructor from responding to a
5	spontaneous question as long as the response is consistent with the provisions of this section.
	(c) (i) The board shall recommend instructional materials for use in the curricula
	required under Subsection (1)(a) after considering evaluations of instructional materials by the
	State Instructional Materials Commission.
	(ii) A local school board may choose to adopt:
	(A) the instructional materials recommended under Subsection (1)(c)(i); or
	(B) other instructional materials as provided in state board rule.
	(iii) The state board rule made under Subsection (1)(c)(ii)(B) shall include, at a

#### 02-04-04 11:00 AM

57 minimum: 58 (A) that the materials adopted by a local school board under Subsection (1)(c)(ii)(B)59 shall be based upon recommendations of the school district's Curriculum Materials Review 60 Committee that comply with state law and state board rules emphasizing abstinence before 61 marriage and fidelity after marriage, and prohibiting instruction in: 62 (I) the intricacies of intercourse, sexual stimulation, or erotic behavior; (II) the advocacy of homosexuality; 63 64 (III) the advocacy or encouragement of the use of contraceptive methods or devices; or 65 (IV) the advocacy of sexual activity outside of marriage; 66 (B) that the adoption of instructional materials shall take place in an open and regular meeting of the local school board for which prior notice is given to parents and guardians of 67 68 students attending schools in the district and an opportunity for them to express their views and 69 opinions on the materials at the meeting: 70 (C) provision for an appeal and review process of the local school board's decision; and 71 (D) provision for a report by the local school board to the State Board of Education of 72 the action taken and the materials adopted by the local school board under Subsections 73 (1)(c)(ii)(B) and (1)(c)(iii). 74 (2) (a) Instruction in the courses described in Subsection (1) shall be consistent and 75 systematic in grades eight through 12. 76 (b) At the request of the board, the Department of Health shall cooperate with the board 77 in developing programs to provide instruction in those areas. 78 (3) (a) The board shall adopt rules that: 79 (i) provide that the parental consent requirements of Sections 76-7-322 and 76-7-323 80 are complied with; and 81 (ii) require a student's parent or legal guardian to be notified in advance and have an 82 opportunity to review the information for which parental consent is required under Sections 83 76-7-322 and 76-7-323. 84 (b) The board shall also provide procedures for disciplinary action for violation of 85 Section 76-7-322 or 76-7-323. 86 [(4) Honesty, temperance, morality, courtesy, obedience to law, respect for and an 87 understanding of the Declaration of Independence and the Constitutions of the United States

#### 1st Sub. (Buff) H.B. 22

88 and the state of Utah, Utah history including territorial and preterritorial development to the present, the essentials and benefits of the free enterprise system, respect for parents and home, 89 90 and the dignity and necessity of honest labor and other skills, habits, and qualities of character 91 which will promote an upright and desirable citizenry and better prepare students for a richer, 92 happier life shall be taught in connection with regular school work.] 93 [(5)] (4) (a) In keeping with the requirements of [Subsection (4)] Section 53A-13-109, 94 and because school employees and volunteers serve as examples to their students, school 95 employees or volunteers acting in their official capacities may not support or encourage 96 criminal conduct by students, teachers, or volunteers. 97 (b) To ensure the effective performance of school personnel, the limitations described 98 in Subsection [(5)] (4)(a) also apply to school employees or volunteers acting outside of their 99 official capacities if: 100 (i) they knew or should have known that their action could result in a material and 101 substantial interference or disruption in the normal activities of the school; and 102 (ii) that action does result in a material and substantial interference or disruption in the 103 normal activities of the school. 104 (c) Neither the State Office of Education nor local school districts may provide training 105 of school employees or volunteers that supports or encourages criminal conduct. 106 (d) The State Board of Education shall adopt rules implementing this section. 107 (e) Nothing in this section limits the ability or authority of the State Board of 108 Education and local school boards to enact and enforce rules or take actions that are otherwise 109 lawful, regarding educators', employees', or volunteers' qualifications or behavior evidencing 110 unfitness for duty. 111 [(6)] (5) Except as provided in Section 53A-13-101.1, political, atheistic, sectarian, 112 religious, or denominational doctrine may not be taught in the public schools. 113  $\left[\frac{7}{7}\right]$  (6) (a) Local school boards and their employees shall cooperate and share 114 responsibility in carrying out the purposes of this chapter. 115 (b) Each school district shall provide appropriate inservice training for its teachers, 116 counselors, and school administrators to enable them to understand, protect, and properly 117 instruct students in the values and character traits referred to in this section and Sections 118 53A-13-101.1, 53A-13-101.2, 53A-13-101.3, 53A-13-109, 53A-13-301, and 53A-13-302 and

### 02-04-04 11:00 AM

119	distribute appropriate written materials on the values, character traits, and conduct to each
120	individual receiving the inservice training.
121	(c) The written materials shall also be made available to classified employees, students,
122	and parents and guardians of students.
123	(d) In order to assist school districts in providing the inservice training required under
124	Subsection [(7)] (6)(b), the State Board of Education shall as appropriate, contract with a
125	qualified individual or entity possessing expertise in the areas referred to in Subsection [(7)]
126	(6)(b) to develop and disseminate model teacher inservice programs which districts may use to
127	train the individuals referred to in Subsection $[(7)]$ (6)(b) to effectively teach the values and
128	qualities of character referenced in that subsection.
129	(e) In accordance with the provisions of Subsection $[(5)]$ (4)(c), inservice training may
130	not support or encourage criminal conduct.
131	[(8)] (7) If any one or more provision, subsection, sentence, clause, phrase, or word of
132	this section, or the application thereof to any person or circumstance, is found to be
133	unconstitutional, the balance of this section shall be given effect without the invalid provision,
134	subsection, sentence, clause, phrase, or word.
135	Section 2. Section <b>53A-13-109</b> is enacted to read:
136	53A-13-109. Civic and Character Education Definitions Legislative finding
137	Elements.
138	(1) As used in this section:
139	(a) "Character Education" means reaffirming values and qualities of character which
140	promote an upright and desirable citizenry.
141	(b) "Civic Education" means the cultivation of informed, responsible participation in
142	political life by competent citizens committed to the fundamental values and principles of
143	representative democracy in Utah and the United States.
144	(c) "Values" means time-established principles or standards of worth.
145	(2) The Legislature recognizes that:
146	(a) Civic and Character Education are fundamental elements of the public education
147	system's core mission as originally intended and established under Article X of the Utah
148	Constitution:
149	(b) Civic and Character Education are fundamental elements of the constitutional

### 1st Sub. (Buff) H.B. 22

150	responsibility of public education and shall be a continuing emphasis and focus in public
151	schools;
152	(c) the cultivation of a continuing understanding and appreciation of representative
153	democracy in Utah and the United States among succeeding generations of educated and
154	responsible citizens is important to the nation and state;
155	(d) the primary responsibility for the education of children within the state resides with
156	their parents or guardians and that the role of state and local governments is to support and
157	assist parents in fulfilling that responsibility;
158	(e) public schools fulfill a vital purpose in the preparation of succeeding generations of
159	informed and responsible citizens who are deeply attached to essential democratic values and
160	institutions; and
161	(f) the happiness and security of American society relies upon the public virtue of its
162	citizens which requires a united commitment to a moral social order where self-interests are
163	willingly subordinated to the greater common good.
164	(3) Through an integrated curriculum, students shall be taught in connection with
165	regular school work:
166	(a) honesty, integrity, morality, civility, duty, honor, service, and obedience to law;
167	(b) respect for and an understanding of the Declaration of Independence and the
168	Constitutions of the United States and of the State of Utah;
169	(c) Utah history, including territorial and preterritorial development to the present;
170	(d) the essentials and benefits of the free enterprise system;
171	(e) respect for parents, home, and family;
172	(f) the dignity and necessity of honest labor; and
173	(g) other skills, habits, and qualities of character which will promote an upright and
174	desirable citizenry and better prepare students to recognize and accept responsibility for
175	preserving and defending the blessings of liberty inherited from prior generations and secured
176	by the constitution.
177	(4) Local school boards and school administrators may provide training, direction, and
178	encouragement, as needed, to accomplish the intent and requirements of this section and to
179	effectively emphasize Civic and Character Education in the course of regular instruction in the
180	public schools.

### 02-04-04 11:00 AM

- 181 (5) Civic and Character Education in public schools are:
- 182 (a) not intended to be separate programs in need of special funding or added specialists
- 183 to be accomplished; and
- 184 (b) core principles which reflect the shared values of the citizens of Utah and the
- 185 <u>founding principles upon which representative democracy in the United States and the state of</u>
- 186 <u>Utah are based.</u>