1	LIEN AMENDMENTS
2	2004 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Sponsor: Michael T. Morley
5 6	LONG TITLE
7	General Description:
8	This bill modifies the title on liens to modify filing requirements and definitions.
9	Highlighted Provisions:
10	This bill:
11	 amends the timing requirement for filing a notice of a claim for a lien;
12	provides that the lien amount be included in a notice of claim;
13	 provides that substantial compliance with content requirements for a notice of claim
14	is sufficient to hold and claim a lien;
15	amends the timing requirements to file an action to enforce a lien;
16	 amends the definition of resident construction for purposes of the preliminary
17	notices;
18	 amends the definition provisions of the Residence Lien Restriction and Lien
19	Recovery Fund Act; and
20	makes technical changes.
21	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
22	None
23	Other Special Clauses:
24	None
25	Utah Code Sections Affected:
26	AMENDS:
27	38-1-7 , as last amended by Chapter 223, Laws of Utah 1999



	38-1-11 , as last amended by Chapter 198, Laws of Utah 2001
	38-1-27, as last amended by Chapter 229, Laws of Utah 2001
	38-11-102 , as last amended by Chapter 198, Laws of Utah 2001
Be it	enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Section 1. Section 38-1-7 is amended to read:
	38-1-7. Notice of claim Contents Recording Service on owner of property.
	(1) A person claiming benefits under this chapter shall file for record with the county
reco	rder of the county in which the property, or some part of the property, is situated, a written
notio	ce to hold and claim a lien within 90 days from the date[: (a) the person last performed
labo	r or service or last furnished equipment or material on a project or improvement for a
resic	lence as defined in Section 38-11-102; or (b)] of final completion of [an] the original
cont	ract [not involving a residence as defined in Section 38-11-102]. For purposes of this
Subs	section (1), final completion of the original contract means:
	(a) the date of issuance of a permanent certificate of occupancy by the local
gove	ernment entity having jurisdiction over the construction project;
	(b) if no certificate of occupancy is required for the construction project by the local
<u>gove</u>	ernment entity having jurisdiction over the construction project, the date of the final
nsp	ection by the local government entity having jurisdiction over the construction project; or
	(c) if no certificate of occupancy is required and no final inspection is conducted by the
loca	government entity having jurisdiction over the construction project, the date on which
there	e remains no substantial work to be completed to finish the work on the construction
<u>proj</u>	<u>ect.</u>
	(2) (a) The notice required by Subsection (1) shall contain a statement setting forth:
	[(a)] (i) the name of the reputed owner if known or, if not known, the name of the
reco	rd owner;
	[(b)] <u>(ii)</u> the name of the person:
	(A) by whom the lien claimant was employed; or
	(B) to whom the lien claimant furnished the equipment or material;
	[(c)] <u>(iii)</u> the time when:
	(A) the first and last labor or service was performed; or

59	(B) the first and last equipment or material was furnished;
60	[(d)] (iv) a description of the property, sufficient for identification;
61	[(e)] (v) the name, current address, and current phone number of the lien claimant;
62	(vi) the amount of the lien claim;
63	[(f)] (vii) the signature of the lien claimant or the lien claimant's authorized agent;
64	[(g)] (viii) an acknowledgment or certificate as required under Title 57, Chapter 3,
65	Recording of Documents; and
66	$[\frac{h}{2}]$ (ix) if the lien is on an owner-occupied residence, as defined in Section
67	38-11-102, a statement describing what steps an owner, as defined in Section 38-11-102, may
68	take to require a lien claimant to remove the lien in accordance with Section 38-11-107.
69	[(3) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), an acknowledgment or certificate is not required
70	for any notice filed after April 29, 1985, and before April 24, 1989.]
71	(b) Substantial compliance with the requirements of this Subsection (2) is sufficient to
72	hold and claim a lien.
73	[(4)] (3) (a) Within 30 days after filing the notice of lien, the lien claimant shall deliver
74	or mail by certified mail a copy of the notice of lien to:
75	(i) the reputed owner of the real property; or
76	(ii) the record owner of the real property.
77	(b) If the record owner's current address is not readily available to the lien claimant, the
78	copy of the claim may be mailed to the last-known address of the record owner, using the
79	names and addresses appearing on the last completed real property assessment rolls of the
80	county where the affected property is located.
81	(c) Failure to deliver or mail the notice of lien to the reputed owner or record owner
82	precludes the lien claimant from an award of costs and attorneys' fees against the reputed
83	owner or record owner in an action to enforce the lien.
84	[(5)] (4) The Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing shall make rules
85	governing the form of the statement required under Subsection (2)[(h)](a)(ix).
86	Section 2. Section 38-1-11 is amended to read:
87	38-1-11. Enforcement Time for Lis pendens Action for debt not affected
88	Instructions and form affidavit and motion.
89	(1) A lien claimant shall file an action to enforce the lien filed under this chapter

within[: (a) 12 months] 180 days from the date of final completion of the original contract [not involving a residence as defined in Section 38-11-102; or (b) 180 days from the date the lien claimant last performed labor and services or last furnished equipment or material for a residence, as defined in Section 38-11-102]. For purposes of this Subsection (1), final completion of the original contract is as defined in Subsection 38-1-7(1).

- (2) (a) Within the time period provided for filing in Subsection (1) the lien claimant shall file for record with the county recorder of each county in which the lien is recorded a notice of the pendency of the action, in the manner provided in actions affecting the title or right to possession of real property, or the lien shall be void, except as to persons who have been made parties to the action and persons having actual knowledge of the commencement of the action.
- (b) The burden of proof shall be upon the lien claimant and those claiming under [him] the lien claimant to show actual knowledge.
- (3) This section may not be interpreted to impair or affect the right of any person to whom a debt may be due for any work done or materials furnished to maintain a personal action to recover the same.
- (4) (a) If a lien claimant files an action to enforce a lien filed under this chapter involving a residence, as defined in Section 38-11-102, the lien claimant shall include with the service of the complaint on the owner of the residence:
- (i) instructions to the owner of the residence relating to the owner's rights under Title 38, Chapter 11, Residence Lien Restriction and Lien Recovery Fund Act; and
- (ii) a form affidavit and motion for summary judgment to enable the owner of the residence to specify the grounds upon which the owner may exercise available rights under Title 38, Chapter 11, Residence Lien Restriction and Lien Recovery Fund Act.
- (b) (i) The lien claimant may file a notice to submit for decision on the motion for summary judgment.
 - (ii) The motion for summary judgment may be ruled upon after:
- 117 (A) the service of the summons and complaint upon the nonpaying party, as defined in Section 38-11-102[7]; and
- 119 (B) the time for the nonpaying party to respond, as provided in the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure, has elapsed.

121	(c) The instructions and form affidavit and motion required by Subsection (4)(a) shall
122	meet the requirements established by rule by the Division of Occupational and Professional
123	Licensing in accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
124	(d) If the nonpaying party, as defined by Section 38-11-102, files for bankruptcy
125	protection and there is a bankruptcy stay in effect, the motion for summary judgment and the
126	action to enforce the lien shall be stayed until resolution of the related claim under Title 38,
127	Chapter 11, Residence Lien Restriction and Lien Recovery Fund Act.
128	(e) If a lien claimant fails to provide to the owner of the residence the instructions and
129	form affidavit required by Subsection (4)(a), the lien claimant shall be barred from maintaining
130	or enforcing the lien upon the residence.
131	Section 3. Section 38-1-27 is amended to read:
132	38-1-27. Preliminary notice to original contractor Form and contents Service
133	Notice of commencement of project or improvement.
134	(1) (a) This section relating to preliminary notices does not apply to residential
135	construction or to work performed in the development of subdivisions whose end use is for
136	residential construction.
137	(b) (i) For the purposes of this section, residential construction means:
138	(A) single family detached housing; and
139	(B) multifamily attached housing up to and including [fourplexes, and] duplexes, as
140	defined in Section 38-11-102.
141	(ii) Residential construction includes rental housing.
142	(2) (a) [Except subcontractors who are in privity of contract with an original contractor
143	or except for persons performing labor for wages, any] Any person claiming, reserving the right
144	to claim, or intending to claim a mechanic's lien under this chapter for labor, service,
145	equipment, or material shall provide preliminary notice to the original contractor as prescribed
146	by this section[-] except this Subsection (2) does not apply to:
147	(i) a person who is in privity of contract with an original contractor; or
148	(ii) a person performing labor for wages.
149	(b) Any person who fails to provide [this] the preliminary notice required by this
150	Subsection (2) has no right to claim a mechanic's lien under this chapter.
151	(3) The preliminary notice required by this section:

152 (a) shall be in writing; and

- 153 (b) may be given at any time during the course of the project or improvement.
 - (4) A person required by this section to give preliminary notice is only required to give one notice for each project or improvement, which may include an entire structure or a scheme of improvements.
 - (5) If the labor, service, equipment, or material is furnished pursuant to contracts with more than one subcontractor or with more than one original contractor, the notice requirements must be met with respect to the labor, service, equipment, or materials furnished to each such subcontractor or original contractor.
 - (6) (a) The person required by this section to give preliminary notice is precluded from making a claim for any labor, service, equipment, or material which was provided more than 45 days prior to the date the preliminary notice is given.
 - (b) The preliminary notice must be given before a notice of lien is filed with the county recorder pursuant to Section 38-1-7.
 - (7) The preliminary notice under this section shall include:
 - (a) the name, address, and telephone number of the person furnishing the labor, service, equipment, or material;
 - (b) the name and address of the person who contracted for the furnishing of the labor, service, equipment, or material; and
 - (c) the address of the project or improvement or a drawing sufficient to describe the location of the project or improvement.
 - (8) (a) Service of a preliminary notice is sufficient if the notice is deposited in the United States mail, certified or registered, return receipt requested, postage prepaid. Service of the preliminary notice by mail is complete upon deposit of the certified or registered mail.
 - (b) A preliminary notice served by mail may be addressed to the original contractor at [his] the original contractor's place of business, or [his] the original contractor's address as shown on the notice of commencement on record with the county recorder as required by Subsection (9).
 - (9) (a) Any right to assert a defense of failure to comply with the preliminary notice requirements of this section is void unless the original contractor records a notice of commencement of the project or improvement with the county recorder for the county or

183	counties where the project is located within 30 days after commencement of the project.
184	(b) The notice of commencement described in Subsection (9)(a) shall include the
185	following:
186	[(a)] (i) the name and address of the owner of the project or improvement;
187	[(b)] (ii) the name and address of the original contractor;
188	[(c)] (iii) (A) the name and address of the surety providing any payment bond for the
189	project or improvement[-,]; or
190	(B) if [none exists] a surety does not exist, a statement that a payment bond was not
191	required for the work being performed;
192	[(d)] (iv) the name and address of the project; and
193	[(e)] (v) a legal description of the property on which the project is located.
194	Section 4. Section 38-11-102 is amended to read:
195	38-11-102. Definitions.
196	(1) "Board" means the Residence Lien Recovery Fund Advisory Board established
197	under Section 38-11-104.
198	(2) "Construction on an owner-occupied residence" means designing, engineering,
199	constructing, altering, remodeling, improving, repairing, or maintaining a new or existing
200	residence.
201	(3) "Department" means the Department of Commerce.
202	(4) "Director" means the director of the Division of Occupational and Professional
203	Licensing.
204	(5) "Division" means the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing.
205	(6) "Duplex" means a single building having two separate living units.
206	[(6)] (7) "Encumbered fund balance" means the aggregate amount of all outstanding
207	claims against the fund. The remainder of monies in the fund are unencumbered funds.
208	$[\frac{7}{2}]$ (8) "Executive director" means the executive director of the Department of
209	Commerce.
210	[(8)] <u>(9)</u> "Factory built housing" is as defined in Section 58-56-3.
211	[(9)] (10) "Factory built housing retailer" means a person that sells factory built
212	housing to consumers.
213	[(10)] (11) "Fund" means the Residence Lien Recovery Fund established under Section

214	38-11-201.
215	[(11)] (12) "Laborer" means a person who provides services at the site of the
216	construction on an owner-occupied residence as an employee of an original contractor or other
217	qualified beneficiary performing qualified services on the residence.
218	[(12)] (13) "Licensee" means any holder of a license issued under Title 58, Chapters
219	3a, 22, 53, and 55.
220	[(13)] (14) "Nonpaying party" means the original contractor, subcontractor, or real
221	estate developer who has failed to pay the qualified beneficiary making a claim against the
222	fund.
223	[(14)] (15) "Original contractor" means a person who contracts with the owner of real
224	property or the owner's agent to provide services, labor, or material for the construction of an
225	owner-occupied residence.
226	[(15)] <u>(16)</u> "Owner" means a person who:
227	(a) contracts with a person who is licensed as a contractor or is exempt from licensure
228	under Title 58, Chapter 55, Utah Construction Trades Licensing Act, for the construction on an
229	owner-occupied residence upon real property owned by that person;
230	(b) contracts with a real estate developer to buy a residence upon completion of the
231	construction on the owner-occupied residence; or
232	(c) buys a residence from a real estate developer after completion of the construction
233	on the owner-occupied residence.
234	[(16)] (17) "Owner-occupied residence" means a residence that is, or after completion
235	of the construction on the residence will be, occupied by the owner or the owner's tenant or
236	lessee as a primary or secondary residence within 180 days from the date of the completion of
237	the construction on the residence.
238	[(17)] (18) "Qualified beneficiary" means a person who:
239	(a) provides qualified services;
240	(b) pays all necessary fees or assessment required under this chapter; and
241	(c) registers with the division:
242	(i) as a licensed contractor under Subsection 38-11-301(1) or (2) if that person seeks
243	recovery from the fund as a licensed contractor; or

(ii) as a person providing qualified services other than as a licensed contractor under

245	Subsection 38-11-301(3) if the person seeks recovery from the fund in a capacity other than as
246	a licensed contractor.
247	[(18)] (19) (a) "Qualified services" means the following performed in construction on
248	an owner-occupied residence:
249	(i) contractor services provided by a contractor licensed or exempt from licensure
250	under Title 58, Chapter 55, Utah Construction Trades Licensing Act;
251	(ii) architectural services provided by an architect licensed under Title 58, Chapter 3a.
252	Architects Licensing Act;
253	(iii) engineering and land surveying services provided by a professional engineer or
254	land surveyor licensed or exempt from licensure under Title 58, Chapter 22, Professional
255	Engineers and Professional Land Surveyors Licensing Act;
256	(iv) landscape architectural services by a landscape architect licensed or exempt from
257	licensure under Title 58, Chapter 53, Landscape Architects Licensing Act;
258	(v) design and specification services of mechanical or other systems;
259	(vi) other services related to the design, drawing, surveying, specification, cost
260	estimation, or other like professional services;
261	(vii) providing materials, supplies, components, or similar products;
262	(viii) renting equipment or materials;
263	(ix) labor at the site of the construction on the owner-occupied residence; and
264	(x) site preparation, set up, and installation of factory built housing.
265	(b) "Qualified services" do not include the construction of factory built housing in the
266	factory.
267	[(19)] (20) "Real estate developer" means a person having an ownership interest in real
268	property who contracts for the construction of a residence that is offered for sale to the public.
269	[(20)] (21) (a) "Residence" means an improvement to real property used or occupied,
270	to be used or occupied as, or in conjunction with [;]:
271	(i) a primary or secondary detached single-family dwelling; or
272	(ii) a multifamily dwelling up to [two units, including] and including duplexes.
273	(b) "Residence" includes factory built housing.
274	[(21)] (22) "Subsequent owner" means a person who purchases a residence from an
275	owner within 180 days from the date of the completion of the construction on the residence.

Legislative Review Note as of 11-25-03 6:48 AM

A limited legal review of this legislation raises no obvious constitutional or statutory concerns.

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

Interim Committee Note as of 12-10-03 12:05 PM

The Business and Labor Interim Committee recommended this bill.