SCHOOL AND INSTITUTIONAL TRUST LAND
AMENDMENTS
2004 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Sponsor: Michael E. Noel
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill modifies provisions related to the sale, exchange, and lease of school and
institutional trust lands.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
 allows the director of the School and Institutional Trust Lands Administration to
execute patents for land sold or exchanged by the administration; and
 modifies criteria for the continuation of a mineral lease beyond the primary term of
the lease.
Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
None
Utah Code Sections Affected:
AMENDS:
53C-2-405, as enacted by Chapter 294, Laws of Utah 1994
53C-4-102, as last amended by Chapter 103, Laws of Utah 1996
53C-4-301, as enacted by Chapter 294, Laws of Utah 1994

H.B. 55

12-29-03 8:24 AM

28	Section 1. Section 53C-2-405 is amended to read:
29	53C-2-405. Mineral leases Multiple leases on same land Lease terms.
30	(1) (a) Mineral leases, including oil, gas, and hydrocarbon leases, may be issued for
31	prospecting, exploring, developing, and producing minerals covering any portion of trust lands
32	or the reserved mineral interests of the trust.
33	(b) (i) Leases may be issued for different types of minerals on the same land.
34	(ii) If leases are issued for different types of minerals on the same land, the leases shall
35	include stipulations for simultaneous operations.
36	(c) No more than one lease may be issued for the same resource on the same land.
37	(2) (a) Each mineral lease issued by the administration shall provide for an annual
38	rental of not less than \$1 per acre per year.
39	(b) However, a lease may provide for a rental credit, minimum rental, or minimum
40	royalty upon commencement of production, as prescribed by rules of the director.
41	(3) The primary term of a mineral lease may not exceed:
42	(a) 20 years for oil shale or tar sands; or
43	(b) ten years for oil, gas, or any other mineral.
44	(4) The director shall make rules regarding the continuation of a mineral lease after the
45	primary term has expired, which shall provide that a mineral lease shall continue so long as:
46	(a) the mineral covered by the lease is being produced in paying quantities from:
47	(i) the leased premises;
48	(ii) lands pooled, communitized, or unitized with the leased premises; or
49	(iii) lands constituting an approved mining or drilling unit with respect to the leased
50	premises; or
51	(b) (i) the lessee is engaged in diligent operations, exploration, [research,] or
52	development which is reasonably calculated to advance development or production of the
53	mineral covered by the lease from:
54	(A) the leased premises;
55	(B) lands pooled, communitized, or unitized with the leased premises; or
56	(C) lands constituting an approved mining or drilling unit with respect to the leased
57	premises; and
58	(ii) the lessee pays a minimum royalty.

12-29-03 8:24 AM

59	(5) For the purposes of Subsection (4), diligent operations with respect to oil, gas, or
60	other hydrocarbon leases may include cessation of operations not in excess of 90 days in
61	duration.
62	Section 2. Section 53C-4-102 is amended to read:
63	53C-4-102. Sale of trust lands Fair market value Determination of sale
64	Advertising proposed sales Sale procedures Defaults.
65	(1) Trust lands may not be sold for less than the fair market value.
66	(2) (a) The director shall determine whether disposal or retention of all or a portion of a
67	property interest in trust lands is in the best interest of the trust.
68	(b) When it is determined that the disposal of an interest in trust lands is in the best
69	interest of the applicable trust, the transaction shall be accomplished in an orderly and timely
70	manner.
71	(3) The director shall advertise any proposed sale, lease, or exchange of an interest in
72	trust lands in a reasonable manner consistent with the director's fiduciary responsibilities.
73	(4) (a) Any tract of trust land may be subdivided and sold, leased, or exchanged in
74	accordance with a plan or other action designating the land to be subdivided that is approved by
75	the director.
76	(b) The director may survey the tract and direct its subdivision.
77	(c) A plat of the survey shall be filed with the county recorder of the county in which
78	the land is located and with the administration.
79	(5) Sale conditions, including qualification of prospective purchasers, shall be in
80	accordance with accepted mortgage lending and real estate practices.
81	(6) Upon the sale of land, the director shall issue to the purchaser a certificate of sale
82	which describes the land purchased and states the amount paid, the amount due, and the time
83	when the principal and interest will become due.
84	(7) Upon payment in full of principal and interest and the surrender of the original
85	certificate of sale for any tract of land sold, or payment in full of any amounts required to be
86	paid for the partial release of property, the [governor] director shall issue a patent to the
87	purchaser, heir, assignee, successor in interest, or other grantee as determined by the director.
88	(8) (a) If a purchaser of trust lands defaults in the payment of any installment of
89	principal or interest due under the terms of the contract of sale, the director shall notify the

H.B. 55

- 90 purchaser that if the default is not corrected within 30 days after issuance of the notice the
- 91 director shall proceed with any remedy which the administration may pursue under law or the92 contract of sale.
- 93 (b) The notice shall be sent by registered or certified mail to the purchaser at the latest94 address as shown by the records of the administration.
- 95 (c) If the default is not corrected by compliance with the requirements of the notice of
 96 default within the time provided by the notice, the director may pursue any available remedy
 97 under the contract of sale, including forfeiture.
- (d) If forfeited lands are sold again to the same purchaser, the sale may be made by anew and independent contract without regard to the forfeited agreement.
- 100 Section 3. Section **53C-4-301** is amended to read:

101 53C-4-301. Exchange of trust lands -- Based on equal value -- Lands encumbered
102 by a lease.

- 103 (1) (a) In accordance with rules of the director, trust lands or other trust assets may be104 exchanged for other land or other assets.
- 105 (b) [Upon request of the director, the governor] <u>The director</u> shall execute and deliver 106 the necessary patents to other proprietors and receive proper deeds for the lands exchanged.
- 107 (c) The director may not make an exchange until a deed or patent for the land received108 in exchange has been issued by the proprietors.
- 109 (2) (a) If trust lands are encumbered by an existing lease, the director may, upon
- 110 approval of an exchange, and with the consent of the lessee, terminate the existing lease and
- 111 issue a lease of the same type on lands of comparable acreage or value which may be acquired
- 112 in the same exchange in which the leased lands are used as base.
- 113 (b) The state shall honor all vested rights upon acceptance of exchanged lands.

Legislative Review Note as of 12-11-03 2:47 PM

A limited legal review of this legislation raises no obvious constitutional or statutory concerns.

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel