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1	CHARTER SCHOOL GOVERNANCE
2	2004 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Sponsor: Marda Dillree
5 6	LONG TITLE
7	General Description:
8	This bill modifies the State System of Public Education Code to create a new entity to
9	authorize charter schools and modify requirements imposed on charter schools.
)	Highlighted Provisions:
1	This bill:
2	<ul> <li>creates the State Charter School Board consisting of seven members appointed by</li> </ul>
3	the governor;
4	<ul> <li>specifies the powers and duties of the State Charter School Board, including the</li> </ul>
5	power to:
6	<ul> <li>authorize and promote the establishment of charter schools; and</li> </ul>
7	<ul> <li>hold charter schools accountable for their performance;</li> </ul>
3	<ul> <li>provides for a staff director for the State Charter School Board appointed by the</li> </ul>
9	superintendent of public instruction, with the consent of the State Charter School
0	Board;
1	► removes the State Board of Education's power to authorize the establishment of new
2	charter schools;
3	<ul> <li>provides for the dissolution of charters with the State Board of Education and</li> </ul>
4	directs the State Charter School Board to grant charters to schools previously
5	chartered by the State Board of Education;
6	<ul><li>expands the purposes of charter schools;</li></ul>
7	<ul><li>expands the provisions to be addressed in a school's charter;</li></ul>



28	<ul> <li>exempts charter schools from various state laws and rules of the State Board of</li> </ul>
29	Education;
30	<ul> <li>requires the State Charter School Board to study existing state law and</li> </ul>
31	administrative rules for the purpose of determining from which laws and rules
32	charter schools should be exempt, and submit recommendations to the State Board
33	of Education and the Education Interim Committee; and
34	<ul> <li>clarifies the duties of local school boards in authorizing charter schools.</li> </ul>
35	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
36	None
37	Other Special Clauses:
38	None
39	<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
40	AMENDS:
41	53A-1a-502, as last amended by Chapter 199, Laws of Utah 2003
42	53A-1a-503, as enacted by Chapter 231, Laws of Utah 1998
43	53A-1a-505, as last amended by Chapter 199, Laws of Utah 2003
44	53A-1a-507, as enacted by Chapter 231, Laws of Utah 1998
45	53A-1a-508, as last amended by Chapter 199, Laws of Utah 2003
46	53A-1a-509, as last amended by Chapter 199, Laws of Utah 2003
47	53A-1a-510, as last amended by Chapter 199, Laws of Utah 2003
48	<b>53A-1a-511</b> , as enacted by Chapter 231, Laws of Utah 1998
49	53A-1a-512, as last amended by Chapter 224, Laws of Utah 2000
50	53A-1a-515, as last amended by Chapters 199 and 320, Laws of Utah 2003
51	<b>53A-16-101.5</b> , as last amended by Chapters 226 and 320, Laws of Utah 2003
52	63-55b-153, as last amended by Chapters 131 and 223, Laws of Utah 2003
53	ENACTS:
54	<b>53A-1a-501.3</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
55	<b>53A-1a-501.5</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
56	<b>53A-1a-501.6</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
57	<b>53A-1a-501.7</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
58	<b>53A-1a-501.8</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953

<b>53A-1a-503.5</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
REPEALS:
<b>53A-1a-516</b> , as enacted by Chapter 313, Laws of Utah 2002
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section <b>53A-1a-501.3</b> is enacted to read:
<u>53A-1a-501.3.</u> Definitions.
As used in this part, "chartering entity" means the entity that authorizes the
establishment of a charter school.
Section 2. Section <b>53A-1a-501.5</b> is enacted to read:
53A-1a-501.5. State Charter School Board created.
(1) (a) The State Charter School Board is created consisting of the following members
appointed by the governor:
(i) two members who have expertise in finance or small business management;
(ii) three members who are appointed from a slate of at least six candidates nominated
by Utah's charter schools; and
(iii) two members who are appointed from a slate of at least four candidates nominated
by the State Board of Education.
(b) Each appointee shall have demonstrated dedication to the purposes of charter
schools as outlined in Section 53A-1a-503.
(2) (a) State Charter School Board members shall serve four-year terms, except three of
the initial members appointed by the governor shall be appointed for a two-year term.
(b) If a vacancy occurs, the governor shall appoint a replacement for the unexpired
term.
(3) (a) The State Charter School Board shall annually elect a chair from its
membership.
(b) Four members of the board shall constitute a quorum.
(c) Meetings may be called by the chair or upon request of three members of the board.
(4) (a) (i) Members who are not state government employees shall receive no
compensation or benefits for their services, but may receive per diem and expenses incurred in
the performance of the members's official duties at the rates established by the Division of

90	Finance under Sections 63A-3-106 and 63A-3-107.
91	(ii) Members may decline to receive per diem and expenses for their service.
92	(b) (i) State government officer and employee members who do not receive salary, per
93	diem, or expenses from their agency for their service may receive per diem and expenses
94	incurred in the performance of their official duties from the State Charter School Board at the
95	rates established by the Division of Finance under Sections 63A-3-106 and 63A-3-107.
96	(ii) State government officer and employee members may decline to receive per diem
97	and expenses for their service.
98	Section 3. Section <b>53A-1a-501.6</b> is enacted to read:
99	53A-1a-501.6. Power and duties of State Charter School Board.
100	(1) The State Charter School Board shall:
101	(a) authorize and promote the establishment of charter schools, subject to the
102	limitations in Section 53A-1a-502;
103	(b) annually review and evaluate the performance of charter schools authorized by the
104	State Charter School Board and hold the schools accountable for their performance;
105	(c) monitor charter schools authorized by the State Charter School Board for
106	compliance with federal and state laws, rules, and regulations;
107	(d) provide technical support to charter schools and persons seeking to establish charter
108	schools by:
109	(i) identifying and promoting successful charter school models;
110	(ii) facilitating the application and approval process for charter school authorization;
111	(iii) directing charter schools and persons seeking to establish charter schools to
112	sources of private funding and support;
113	(iv) reviewing and evaluating proposals to establish charter schools for the purpose of
114	supporting and strengthening proposals before an application for charter school authorization is
115	submitted to the State Charter School Board or a local school board; and
116	(v) assisting charter schools to understand and carry out their charter obligations;
117	(e) provide technical support, as requested, to a local school board relating to charter
118	schools;
119	(f) make recommendations on legislation and rules pertaining to charter schools to the
120	Legislature and State Board of Education, respectively; and

121	(g) make recommendations to the State Board of Education on the funding of charter
122	schools.
123	(2) The State Charter School Board may:
124	(a) contract;
125	(b) sue and be sued; and
126	(c) (i) at the discretion of the charter school, provide administrative services to, or
127	perform other school functions for, charter schools authorized by the State Charter School
128	Board; and
129	(ii) charge fees for the provision of services or functions.
130	Section 4. Section <b>53A-1a-501.7</b> is enacted to read:
131	53A-1a-501.7. State Charter School Board Staff director Facilities.
132	(1) (a) The staff director for the State Charter School Board shall be appointed by the
133	superintendent of public instruction, with the consent of the State Charter School Board.
134	(b) If the State Charter School Board withholds consent of an appointment, the board
135	shall state its reasons in writing to the superintendent of public instruction.
136	(c) The State Charter School Board may petition the superintendent of public
137	instruction for removal of the staff director for cause; however, the superintendent of public
138	instruction shall have sole authority to remove the staff director.
139	(d) The position of staff director is exempt from the career service provisions of Title
140	67, Chapter 19, Utah State Personnel Management Act.
141	(2) The superintendent of public instruction shall provide space for staff of the State
142	Charter School Board in facilities occupied by the Utah State Office of Education, with costs
143	charged for the facilities equal to those charged other sections and divisions within the Utah
144	State Office of Education and Utah State Office of Rehabilitation.
145	Section 5. Section <b>53A-1a-501.8</b> is enacted to read:
146	53A-1a-501.8. Charter schools authorized by the State Board of Education.
147	(1) Effective May 3, 2004, the State Board of Education may not authorize the
148	establishment of new charter schools.
149	(2) (a) The State Board of Education shall dissolve each charter or charter agreement in
150	has with a charter school, and the State Charter School Board shall enter into a charter
151	agreement with each of those schools.

152	(b) The charter agreement made with the State Charter School Board shall contain
153	provisions, consistent with this part, giving the charter school the rights and privileges it had
154	under its charter with the State Board of Education.
155	Section 6. Section <b>53A-1a-502</b> is amended to read:
156	53A-1a-502. State Charter School Board to authorize the establishment of
157	charter schools.
158	[(1) (a)] The State [Board of Education] Charter School Board may sponsor:
159	[ <del>(i)</del> ] (1) effective July 1, 2003, 24 charter schools;
160	[(ii)] (2) effective each subsequent July 1, an additional eight charter schools; and
161	[(iii)] (3) six New Century High Schools, magnet charter schools focused on math,
162	science, and technology.
163	[(b) (i) The charter schools authorized under Subsections (1)(a)(i) and (1)(a)(ii) may be
164	established only after an applicant:]
165	[(A) has sought and been denied sponsorship by a local school board under Section
166	<del>53A-1a-515; and</del> ]
167	[(B) subsequently seeks and is granted sponsorship by the State Board of Education
168	under Section 53A-1a-505.]
169	[(ii) (A) In accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking
170	Act, the State Board of Education shall make a rule providing a timeline that would allow an
171	applicant denied sponsorship by a local school board to apply for and receive sponsorship
172	approval by the State Board of Education and begin planning or operating in the same school
173	year as anticipated in its original application to the local school board.]
174	[(B) The timeline shall be consistent with the application and approval process set out
175	in Section 53A-1a-515.]
176	[(2) Charter schools are considered to be part of the state's public education system.]
177	[(3) A charter school may be established by creating a new school or converting an
178	existing public school to charter status.]
179	Section 7. Section <b>53A-1a-503</b> is amended to read:
180	53A-1a-503. Purpose.
181	The [purposes] purposes of charter schools [is] are to:
182	(1) continue to improve student learning;

183	(2) encourage the use of different and innovative teaching methods;
184	(3) create new professional opportunities for educators that will allow them to actively
185	participate in designing and implementing the learning program at the school;
186	(4) increase choice of learning opportunities for students;
187	(5) establish new models of public schools and a new form of accountability for
188	schools that emphasizes the measurement of learning outcomes and the creation of innovative
189	measurement tools; [and]
190	(6) provide opportunities for greater parental involvement in management decisions at
191	the school level[ <del>-</del> ]; and
192	(7) expand public school choice in areas where schools have been identified for school
193	improvement, corrective action, or restructuring under the No Child Left Behind Act of 2001,
194	20 U.S.C. Sec. 6301 et. seq.
195	Section 8. Section <b>53A-1a-503.5</b> is enacted to read:
196	53A-1a-503.5. Status of charter schools.
197	(1) Charter schools are:
198	(a) considered to be public schools within the state's public education system; and
199	(b) subject to Subsection 53A-1-401(3).
200	(2) A charter school may be established by creating a new school or converting an
201	existing public school to charter status.
202	Section 9. Section <b>53A-1a-505</b> is amended to read:
203	53A-1a-505. Application process Contract.
204	[(1) (a) An applicant for a charter school may seek sponsorship of its charter from the
205	State Board of Education only after the applicant has sought and been denied sponsorship by a
206	local school board.
207	[(b) Subsection (1)(a) does not apply to an applicant for a New Century High School as
208	described in Section 53A-1a-502.]
209	[(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), an applicant seeking sponsorship of a
210	charter from the State Board of Education shall provide notice]
211	(1) (a) An applicant seeking authorization of a charter school, including a New Century
212	High School, from the State Charter School Board shall provide a copy of the application to the
213	local school board of the school district in which the proposed charter school shall be located

214	either before or at the same time it files its application with the [state board] State Charter
215	School Board.
216	[(b) (i) An applicant seeking sponsorship of a New Century High School from the State
217	Board of Education who has not sought and been denied sponsorship by a local school board
218	shall provide a copy of the application to the local school board of the school district in which
219	the proposed New Century High School shall be located either before or at the same time it
220	files its application with the state board.
221	[(ii)] (b) The local board [shall] may review the application and may offer suggestions
222	or recommendations to the applicant or the [state board] State Charter School Board prior to its
223	acting on the application.
224	[(iii)] (c) The [state board] State Charter School Board shall give due consideration to
225	suggestions or recommendations made by the local school board under Subsection [(2)(b)(ii)]
226	<u>(1)(b)</u> .
227	[(c)] (d) The State [Board of Education] Charter School Board shall review and, by
228	majority vote, either approve or deny the application within 60 days after the application is
229	received by the board.
230	[(d)] (e) The [state board's] State Charter School Board action under Subsection
231	$\left[\frac{(2)(c)}{(1)(d)}\right]$ is final action subject to judicial review.
232	(2) The State Board of Education shall make a rule providing a timeline for the
233	opening of a charter school following the approval of a charter school application by the State
234	Charter School Board.
235	(3) (a) After approval of a charter school application, the applicant and the [state
236	board] State Charter School Board shall set forth the terms and conditions for the operation of
237	the charter school in a written contractual agreement.
238	(b) The [contract] agreement is the school's charter.
239	(4) (a) A school holding a charter granted by a local school board may request a charter
240	from the State Charter School Board.
241	(b) This section shall govern the application and approval of a charter requested under
242	Subsection (4)(a).
243	(c) The restrictions on the number of charter schools authorized by the State Charter
244	School Board in Section 53A-1a-502 do not apply to a school requesting a charter under

245	Subsection (4)(a).
246	Section 10. Section <b>53A-1a-507</b> is amended to read:
247	53A-1a-507. Requirements for charter schools.
248	(1) A charter school shall be nonsectarian in its programs, admission policies,
249	employment practices, and operations.
250	(2) A charter school may not charge tuition or fees, except those fees normally charged
251	by other public schools.
252	(3) A charter school shall meet all applicable federal, state, and local health, safety, and
253	civil rights requirements.
254	(4) [ <del>(a)</del> ] A charter school shall make the same annual reports required of other public
255	schools under Title 53A, State System of Public Education, including an annual financial audit
256	report.
257	[(b) The school shall make its reports directly to the State Board of Education and
258	provide a copy to the local school board of the district in which the school is located.]
259	(5) A charter school shall be accountable to [the state board] its chartering entity for
260	performance as provided in [Section 53A-1a-509] the school's charter.
261	(6) A charter school may not advocate unlawful behavior.
262	Section 11. Section <b>53A-1a-508</b> is amended to read:
263	53A-1a-508. Content of a charter Modification of charter.
264	(1) The major issues involving the operation of a charter school shall be considered in
265	advance by the applicant for a charter school and written into the school's charter.
266	(2) The governing body of the charter school and the [State Board of Education]
267	chartering entity shall sign the charter[, except as otherwise provided under Section
268	<del>53A-1a-515</del> ].
269	(3) The charter shall include:
270	(a) the age or grade levels to be served by the school;
271	(b) the projected maximum number of students to be enrolled in the school and the
272	projected enrollment in each of the first three years of operations;
273	(c) the governance structure of the school;
274	(d) the financial plan for the school and the provisions which will be made for auditing
275	the school under Subsection 53A-1a-507(4)[ <del>(a)</del> ];

276	(e) the mission and education goals of the school, the curriculum offered, and the
277	methods of assessing whether students are meeting educational goals, to include at a minimum
278	participation in the Utah Performance Assessment System for Students under Chapter 1, Part 6,
279	Achievement Tests;
280	(f) admission and dismissal procedures, including suspension procedures;
281	(g) procedures to review complaints of parents regarding the operation of the school;
282	(h) the opportunity for parental involvement at the school;
283	(i) how the school will provide adequate liability and other appropriate insurance for
284	the school, its governing body, and its employees[, including whether the school intends to
285	participate in the state's risk management insurance program];
286	(j) the proposed school calendar, including the length of the school day and school
287	year;
288	(k) whether any agreements have been entered into or plans developed with school
289	districts regarding participation of charter school students in extracurricular activities within
290	the school districts;
291	(l) the district within which the school will be located and the address of the school's
292	physical facility, if known at the time the charter is signed;
293	(m) the qualifications to be required of the teachers; [and]
294	(n) in the case of an existing public school converting to charter status, alternative
295	arrangements for current students who choose not to attend the charter school and for current
296	teachers who choose not to teach at the school after its conversion to charter status[-]:
297	(o) a statement indicating whether the school will seek accreditation and, if so, the
298	standards or accrediting body under which the school will seek accreditation;
299	(p) the school's intention to create a library:
300	(q) a description of school administrative and supervisory services;
301	(r) fiscal procedures to be used by the school; and
302	(s) the school's policies and procedures regarding:
303	(i) employee termination;
304	(ii) employee evaluation;
305	(iii) employment of relatives; and
306	(iv) standards of ethical conduct for school employees and members of the governing

307	board.
308	(4) A charter may be modified by mutual agreement of the board and the governing
309	body of the school.
310	Section 12. Section <b>53A-1a-509</b> is amended to read:
311	53A-1a-509. Noncompliance Rulemaking.
312	(1) (a) (i) If a charter school is found to be out of compliance with the requirements of
313	Section 53A-1a-507 or the school's charter, the [State Board of Education] chartering entity
314	shall notify the school's governing board in writing that the school has a reasonable time to
315	remedy the deficiency, except as otherwise provided in Subsection 53A-1a-510(3)(a).
316	[(b) (i) If the school does not remedy the deficiency within the established timeline, the
317	State Board of Education may terminate the school's charter.]
318	(ii) Subsections 53A-1a-510(2)(a) and (b) do not apply to [an action] a notification of
319	noncompliance taken under [this] Subsection (1)(a)(i).
320	(b) If the school does not remedy the deficiency within the established timeline, the
321	chartering entity may terminate the school's charter.
322	(2) In accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
323	State Board of Education shall make rules:
324	(a) specifying the timeline for remedying deficiencies under Subsection (1)(a); and
325	(b) ensuring the compliance of a charter school with its approved charter.
326	Section 13. Section <b>53A-1a-510</b> is amended to read:
327	53A-1a-510. Termination of a charter.
328	(1) [The State Board of Education] A chartering entity may terminate a school's charter
329	for any of the following reasons:
330	(a) failure of the school to meet the requirements stated in the charter;
331	(b) failure to meet generally accepted standards of fiscal management;
332	(c) subject to Subsection (5), failure to make adequate yearly progress under the No
333	Child Left Behind Act of 2001, [Pub. L. No. 107-110, 115 Stat. 1425] 20 U.S.C. Sec. 6301 et.
334	<u>seq.</u> ;
335	(d) violation of law; or
336	(e) other good cause shown.
337	(2) (a) The [board] chartering entity shall notify the governing body of the school of the

proposed action in writing, state the grounds for the action, and stipulate that the governing body may request an informal hearing before the [board] chartering entity.

- (b) The [board] chartering entity shall conduct the hearing in accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46b, Administrative Procedures Act, within 30 days after receiving a written request under Subsection (2)(a).
- (3) (a) The [board] <u>chartering entity</u> may terminate a charter immediately if good cause has been shown or if the health, safety, or welfare of the students at the school is threatened.
- (b) If a charter is terminated under Subsection (3)(a), the school district in which the school is located may assume operation of the school.
- (4) (a) If a charter is terminated, a student who attended the school may apply to and shall be enrolled in another public school under the enrollment provisions of Title 53A, Chapter 2, Part 2, District of Residency, subject to space availability.
  - (b) Normal application deadlines shall be disregarded under Subsection (4)(a).
- (5) [The State Board of Education] A chartering entity may terminate a charter pursuant to Subsection (1)(c) under the same circumstances that local educational agencies are required to implement alternative governance arrangements under 20 U.S.C. Sec. 6316.
  - Section 14. Section **53A-1a-511** is amended to read:

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- 53A-1a-511. Waivers from state board rules -- Application of statutes and rules to charter schools.
- (1) A charter school shall operate in accordance with its charter and is subject to Title 53A. State System of Public Education, and other state laws applicable to public schools, except as otherwise provided in this part.
- (2) (a) A charter school or any other public school or school district may apply to the State Board of Education for a waiver of any state board rule that inhibits or hinders the school or the school district from accomplishing its mission or educational goals set out in its strategic plan or charter.
  - (b) The state board may grant the waiver, unless:
- 365 (i) the waiver would cause the school district or the school to be in violation of state or 366 federal law; or
- 367 (ii) the waiver would threaten the health, safety, or welfare of students in the district or at the school.

369	(c) If the State Board of Education denies the waiver, the reason for the denial shall be
370	provided in writing to the waiver applicant.
371	(3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), State Board of Education rules
372	governing the following do not apply to a charter school:
373	(i) accreditation;
374	(ii) school libraries;
375	(iii) required school administrative and supervisory services; and
376	(iv) required expenditures for instructional supplies.
377	(b) A charter school shall comply with rules implementing statutes that prescribe how
378	state appropriations may be spent.
379	(4) The following provisions of Title 53A, State System of Public Education, and rules
380	adopted under those provisions, do not apply to a charter school;
381	(a) Sections 53A-1a-108 and 53A-1a-108.5, requiring the establishment of a school
382	community council and school improvement plan:
383	(b) Sections 53A-3-413 and 53A-3-414, pertaining to the use of school buildings as
384	civic centers;
385	(c) Section 53A-3-420, requiring the use of activity disclosure statements;
386	(d) Section 53A-12-207, requiring notification of intent to dispose of textbooks;
387	(e) Section 53A-13-107, requiring annual presentations on adoption; and
388	(f) Chapter 19, Part 1, pertaining to fiscal procedures of school districts and local
389	school boards.
390	(5) For the purposes of Title 63, Chapter 56, Utah Procurement Code, a charter school
391	shall be considered a local public procurement unit.
392	(6) Each charter school shall be subject to:
393	(a) Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings; and
394	(b) Title 63, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act.
395	(7) (a) The State Charter School Board shall, in concert with the charter schools, study
396	existing state law and administrative rules for the purpose of determining from which laws and
397	rules charter schools should be exempt.
398	(b) (i) The State Charter School Board shall present recommendations for exemption to
399	the State Board of Education for consideration.

400	(ii) The State Board of Education shall consider the recommendations of the State					
401	Charter School Board and respond within 60 days.					
402	(c) Annually, the State Charter School Board shall report the results of its review of					
403	state laws and administrative rules, along with the responses received from the State Board of					
404	Education, to the Education Interim Committee by October 1.					
405	Section 15. Section <b>53A-1a-512</b> is amended to read:					
406	53A-1a-512. Employees of charter schools.					
407	(1) A charter school shall select its own employees.					
408	(2) The school's governing body shall determine the level of compensation and all					
409	terms and conditions of employment, except as otherwise provided in this part.					
410	(3) The following statutes governing public employees and officers do not apply to					
411	charter schools:					
412	(a) Chapter 8, Utah Orderly School Termination Procedures Act;					
413	(b) Chapter 10, Educator Evaluation;					
414	(c) Title 52, Chapter 3, Prohibiting Employment of Relatives; and					
415	(d) Title 67, Chapter 16, Public Officers' and Employees' Ethics Act.					
416	[ <del>(3)</del> ] (4) (a) To accommodate differentiated staffing and better meet student needs, a					
417	charter school, under rules adopted by the State Board of Education, shall employ teachers					
418	who:					
419	(i) are licensed; or					
420	(ii) on the basis of demonstrated competency, would qualify to teach under alternative					
421	certification or authorization programs.					
422	(b) The school's governing body shall disclose the qualifications of its teachers to the					
423	parents of its students.					
424	[(4)] (5) (a) An employee of a school district may request a leave of absence in order to					
425	work in a charter school upon approval of the local school board.					
426	(b) While on leave, the employee may retain seniority accrued in the school district and					
427	may continue to be covered by the benefit program of the district if the charter school and the					
428	locally elected school board mutually agree.					
429	Section 16. Section <b>53A-1a-515</b> is amended to read:					
430	53A-1a-515. Charters authorized by local school boards.					

(1) Individuals and entities identified in Section 53A-1a-504 may enter into an
agreement with a local school board to establish and operate a charter school within the
geographical boundaries of the school district administered by the board.
(2) These schools are in addition to the limited number of charter schools authorized
[under the sponsorship of the State Board of Education] by the State Charter School Board in
Section 53a-1a-502.
(3) (a) An existing public school that converts to charter status under a charter granted
by a local school board may:
(i) continue to receive the same services from the school district that it received prior to
its conversion; or
(ii) contract out for some or all of those services with other public or private providers.
(b) Any other charter school [sponsored] authorized by a local school board may
contract with the board to receive some or all of the services referred to in Subsection (3)(a).
(4) (a) (i) A public school that converts to a charter school under a charter granted by a
local school board shall receive funding:
(A) through the school district; and
(B) on the same basis as it did prior to its conversion to a charter school.
(ii) The school may also receive federal monies designated for charter schools under
any federal program.
(b) (i) A local school [board-sponsored] board-authorized charter school operating in a
facility owned by the school district and not paying reasonable rent to the school district shall
receive funding:
(A) through the school district; and
(B) on the same basis that other district schools receive funding.
(ii) The school may also receive federal monies designated for charter schools under
any federal program.
(c) Any other charter school [sponsored] authorized by a local school board shall
receive funding as provided in Section 53A-1a-513.

(5) (a) A local school board that receives an application for a charter school under this

(b) If the board rejects the application, it shall notify the applicant in writing of the

section shall, within 45 days, either accept or reject the application.

462	reason for the rejection.				
463	(c) The applicant may submit a revised application for reconsideration by the board.				
464	(d) If the local school board refuses to [sponsor] authorize the applicant, the applicant				
465	may seek a charter from the State [Board of Education] Charter School Board under Section				
466	53A-1a-505.				
467	[(e) The local board's action under Subsection (5)(d) is final action subject to judicial				
468	review.]				
469	(6) The State Board of Education shall make a rule providing for a timeline for the				
470	opening of a charter school following the approval of a charter school application by a local				
471	school board.				
472	(7) (a) After approval of a charter school application, the applicant and the local school				
473	board shall set forth the terms and conditions for the operation of the charter school in a written				
474	contractual agreement.				
475	(b) The agreement is the school's charter.				
476	(8) A local school board shall:				
477	(a) annually review and evaluate the performance of charter schools authorized by the				
478	local school board and hold the schools accountable for their performance;				
479	(b) monitor charter schools authorized by the local school board for compliance with				
480	federal and state laws, rules, and regulations; and				
481	(c) provide technical support to charter schools authorized by the local school board to				
482	assist them in understanding and performing their charter obligations.				
483	[(6)] (9) A local school board may terminate a charter school it [sponsors under this				
484	section for the same reasons and under the same procedures followed by the State Board of				
485	Education under Section 53A-1a-509 authorizes as provided in Sections 53A-1a-509 and				
486	<u>53A-1a-510</u> .				
487	[ <del>(7)</del> ] (10) The governing body of a local school [ <del>board-sponsored</del> ] <u>board-authorized</u>				
488	charter school shall be independent of the local school board except as otherwise specifically				
489	provided in this chapter.				
490	Section 17. Section <b>53A-16-101.5</b> is amended to read:				
491	53A-16-101.5. School LAND Trust Program Contents Purpose				
492	Distribution of funds School plans for use of funds.				

(1) There is established the School LAND (Learning And Nurturing Development) Trust Program for the state's public schools to provide financial resources to enhance or improve student academic achievement and implement a component of the school improvement plan.

- (2) (a) The program shall be funded each fiscal year from that portion of the Uniform School Fund consisting of the interest and dividends received in the immediately preceding fiscal year from the investment of monies in the permanent State School Fund.
- (b) On and after July 1, 2003, the program shall be funded as provided in Subsection (2)(a) up to a maximum of \$12,000,000 each fiscal year.
- (c) The Legislature shall annually allocate, through an appropriation to the State Board of Education, a portion of School LAND Trust Program monies for the administration of the program.
- (3) (a) The State Board of Education shall allocate the monies referred to in Subsection (2) annually for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2000, and for each fiscal year thereafter as follows:
  - (i) school districts shall receive 10% of the funds on an equal basis; and
- (ii) the remaining 90% of the funds shall be distributed on a per student basis, with each district receiving its allocation on the number of students in the district as compared to the state total.
- (b) Each school district shall distribute its allocation under Subsection (3)(a) to each school within the district on an equal per student basis.
- (c) In accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the board may make rules regarding the time and manner in which the student count shall be made for allocation of the monies.
- (4) [In] Except as provided in Subsection (7), in order to receive its allocation under Subsection (3), a school shall have established a school community council under Section 53A-1a-108.
- (5) (a) The school community council or its subcommittee shall develop a program to use its allocation under Subsection (3) to implement a component of the school's improvement plan, including:
  - (i) the school's identified most critical academic needs;

524	(ii) a recommended course of action to meet the identified academic needs;				
525	(iii) a specific listing of any programs, practices, materials, or equipment which the				
526	school will need to implement a component of its school improvement plan to have a direct				
527	impact on the instruction of students and result in measurable increased student performance;				
528	and				
529	(iv) how the school intends to spend its allocation of funds under this section to				
530	enhance or improve academic excellence at the school.				
531	(b) The school may develop a multiyear program, but the program shall be presented				
532	and approved by the school community council and the local school board of the district in				
533	which the school is located annually and as a prerequisite to receiving program funds allocated				
534	under this section.				
535	(6) (a) Each school shall:				
536	(i) implement the program as approved by the school community council and approved				
537	by the local school board;				
538	(ii) provide ongoing support for the council's or its subcommittee's program;				
539	(iii) meet school board reporting requirements regarding financial and performance				
540	accountability of the program; and				
541	(iv) publicize to its patrons and the general public on how the funds it received under				
542	this section were used to enhance or improve academic excellence at the school and implement				
543	a component of the school's improvement plan, including the results of those efforts.				
544	(b) (i) Each school through its council or its subcommittee shall prepare and present an				
545	annual report of the program to its local school board at the end of the school year.				
546	(ii) The report shall detail the use of program funds received by the school under this				
547	section and an assessment of the results obtained from the use of the funds.				
548	(7) The governing board of a charter school shall prepare a plan for the use of school				
549	trust monies that includes the elements listed in Subsection (5).				
550	Section 18. Section 63-55b-153 is amended to read:				
551	63-55b-153. Repeal dates Titles 53, 53A, and 53B.				
552	(1) Subsection 53-3-205(9)(a)(i)(D) is repealed July 1, 2007.				
553	(2) Subsection 53-3-804(2)(g) is repealed July 1, 2007.				
554	(3) Title 53, Chapter 12, State Olympic Public Safety Command Act, is repealed July				

555	1, 2003.
556	(4) Section 53A-1-403.5 is repealed July 1, 2007.
557	(5) Subsection 53A-1a-511(7)(c) is repealed July 1, 2007.
558	[ <del>(5)</del> ] <u>(6)</u> Section 53B-8-104.5 is repealed July 1, 2009.
559	Section 19. Repealer.
560	This bill repeals:
561	Section 53A-1a-516, Technical support for charter schools.

## Legislative Review Note as of 2-6-04 1:20 PM

A limited legal review of this legislation raises no obvious constitutional or statutory concerns.

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

## **State Impact**

Provisions of this bill create a Charter School Board and provide for board staff. The cost estimate for 2 FTE employees (a staff director and secretary) and the per diem and expenses of the Charter School Board is \$187,100 in FY 2005 and \$200,000 in FY 2006. The State Office of Education currently receives a federal grant for charter schools. Grant provisions enable 5% of the total grant be used to support administrative functions. This amount is estimated at \$164,000 for FY 2005 and FY 2006. The net fiscal impact of the bill may be \$23,100 in FY 2005 and \$36,000 in FY 2006.

	FY 2005	FY 2006	FY 2005	FY 2006
	Approp.	Approp.	Revenue	Revenue
Uniform School Fund	\$23,100	\$36,000	\$0	\$0
TOTAL	\$23,100	\$36,000	\$0	\$0

**Individual and Business Impact** 

No Fiscal Impact

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst