$\ \, \mbox{\mbox{$\mbox{\mb

1	CORPORATE FRANCHISE AND INCOME TAX
2	AMENDMENTS
3	2004 GENERAL SESSION
4	STATE OF UTAH
5	Sponsor: Gordon E. Snow
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill amends the Corporate Franchise and Income Taxes chapter.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	 amends the definition of "nonresident shareholder" to repeal language providing
13	that an organization exempt under Section 501, Internal Revenue Code, is a
14	nonresident shareholder;
15	amends the definition of "S corporation";
16	 repeals references to foreign sales corporations that have been repealed under
17	federal law; and
18	makes technical changes.
19	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
20	None
21	Other Special Clauses:
22	This bill provides an effective date.
23	Utah Code Sections Affected:
24	AMENDS:
25	59-7-101 (Contingently Superseded 05/02/05), as last amended by Chapter 110, Laws
26	of Utah 2003
27	59-7-101 (Contingently Effective 05/02/05), as last amended by Chapter 327, Laws of



	Utah 2003
	59-7-402, as last amended by Chapter 76, Laws of Utah 2002
	REPEALS:
59-7-106.5 , as enacted by Chapter 178, Laws of Utah 1994	59-7-106.5 , as enacted by Chapter 178, Laws of Utah 1994
	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Section 1. Section 59-7-101 (Contingently Superseded 05/02/05) is amended to read:
	59-7-101 (Contingently Superseded 05/02/05). Definitions.
	As used in this chapter:
	(1) "Adjusted income" means unadjusted income as modified by Sections 59-7-105
	and 59-7-106.
	(2) (a) "Affiliated group" means one or more chains of corporations that are connected
	through stock ownership with a common parent corporation that meet the following
	requirements:
	(i) at least 80% of the stock of each of the corporations in the group, excluding the
	common parent corporation, is owned by one or more of the other corporations in the group;
	and
	(ii) the common parent directly owns at least 80% of the stock of at least one of the
	corporations in the group.
	(b) "Affiliated group" does not include corporations that are qualified to do business
	but are not otherwise doing business in this state.
	(c) For purposes of this Subsection (2), "stock" does not include nonvoting stock which
	is limited and preferred as to dividends.
	(3) "Apportionable income" means adjusted income less nonbusiness income net of
	related expenses, to the extent included in adjusted income.
	(4) "Apportioned income" means apportionable income multiplied by the
	apportionment fraction as determined in Section 59-7-311.
	(5) "Business income" [means income] is as defined in Section 59-7-302.
	(6) "Corporate return" or "return" includes a combined report.
	(7) (a) "Common ownership" means the direct or indirect control or ownership of more
	than 50% of the outstanding voting stock of:

59	(i) a parent-subsidiary controlled group as defined in Section 1563, Internal Revenue
60	Code, except that 50% shall be substituted for 80%;
61	(ii) a brother-sister controlled group as defined in Section 1563, Internal Revenue
62	Code, except that 50% shall be substituted for 80%; or
63	(iii) three or more corporations each of which is a member of a group of corporations
64	described in Subsection (2)(a)(i) or (2)(a)(ii), and one of which is:
65	(A) a common parent corporation included in a group of corporations described in
66	Subsection (2)(a)(i); and
67	(B) included in a group of corporations described in Subsection (2)(a)(ii).
68	(b) Ownership of outstanding voting stock shall be determined by Section 1563,
69	Internal Revenue Code.
70	(8) "Corporation" includes:
71	(a) entities defined as corporations under Sections 7701(a) and 7704, Internal Revenue
72	Code; and
73	(b) other organizations that are taxed as corporations for federal income tax purposes
74	under the Internal Revenue Code.
75	(9) "Dividend" means any distribution, including money or other type of property,
76	made by a corporation to its shareholders out of its earnings or profits accumulated after
77	December 31, 1930.
78	(10) (a) "Doing business" includes any transaction in the course of its business by a
79	domestic corporation, or by a foreign corporation qualified to do or doing intrastate business in
80	this state.
81	(b) Except as provided in Subsection 59-7-102(2), "doing business" includes:
82	(i) the right to do business through incorporation or qualification;
83	(ii) the owning, renting, or leasing of real or personal property within this state; and
84	(iii) the participation in joint ventures, working and operating agreements, the
85	performance of which takes place in this state.
86	(11) "Domestic corporation" means a corporation that is incorporated or organized
87	under the laws of this state.
88	(12) (a) "Farmers' cooperative" means an association, corporation, or other
89	organization that is:

90	(i) (A) an association, corporation, or other organization of:
91	(I) farmers; or
92	(II) fruit growers; or
93	(B) an association, corporation, or other organization that is similar to an association,
94	corporation, or organization described in Subsection (12)(a)(i)(A); and
95	(ii) organized and operated on a cooperative basis to:
96	(A) (I) market the products of members of the cooperative or the products of other
97	producers; and
98	(II) return to the members of the cooperative or other producers the proceeds of sales
99	less necessary marketing expenses on the basis of the quantity of the products of a member or
100	producer or the value of the products of a member or producer; or
101	(B) (I) purchase supplies and equipment for the use of members of the cooperative or
102	other persons; and
103	(II) turn over the supplies and equipment described in Subsection (12)(a)(ii)(B)(I) at
104	actual costs plus necessary expenses to the members of the cooperative or other persons.
105	(b) (i) Subject to Subsection (12)(b)(ii), for purposes of this Subsection (12), the
106	commission by rule, made in accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative
107	Rulemaking Act, shall define:
108	(A) the terms:
109	(I) "member"; and
110	(II) "producer"; and
111	(B) what constitutes an association, corporation, or other organization that is similar to
112	an association, corporation, or organization described in Subsection (12)(a)(i)(A).
113	(ii) The rules made under this Subsection (12)(b) shall be consistent with the filing
114	requirements under federal law for a farmers' cooperative.
115	(13) "Foreign corporation" means a corporation that is not incorporated or organized
116	under the laws of this state.
117	(14) (a) "Foreign operating company" means a corporation that:
118	(i) is incorporated in the United States; and
119	(ii) 80% or more of whose business activity, as determined under Section 59-7-401, is
120	conducted outside the United States.

121	(b) "Foreign operating company" does not include a corporation that qualifies for the
122	Puerto Rico and Possession Tax Credit as provided in Section 936, Internal Revenue Code.
123	[(15) "Foreign sales corporation" means a corporation as defined in Section 922,
124	Internal Revenue Code.]
125	[(16)] (15) "Income" includes losses.
126	[(17)] (16) "Internal Revenue Code" means Title 26 of the United States Code as
127	effective during the year in which Utah taxable income is determined.
128	[(18)] (17) "Nonbusiness income" [means income] is as defined in Section 59-7-302.
129	$[\frac{(19)}{(18)}]$ "Nonresident shareholder" means any shareholder of an S corporation who
130	on the last day of the taxable year of the S corporation, is:
131	(a) an individual not domiciled in Utah; or
132	(b) a nonresident trust or nonresident estate, as defined in Section 59-10-103[; or].
133	[(c) an organization exempt under Section 501, Internal Revenue Code.]
134	[(20)] (19) "Related expenses" means:
135	(a) expenses directly attributable to nonbusiness income; and
136	(b) the portion of interest or other expense indirectly attributable to both nonbusiness
137	and business income which bears the same ratio to the aggregate amount of such interest or
138	other expense, determined without regard to this Subsection [(20)] (19), as the average amount
139	of the asset producing the nonbusiness income bears to the average amount of all assets of the
140	taxpayer within the taxable year.
141	[(21)] (20) "Resident shareholder" means any shareholder of an S corporation who is
142	not a nonresident shareholder.
143	[(22)] (21) "S corporation" means [a small business] an S corporation as defined in
144	Section 1361, Internal Revenue Code.
145	[(23)] (22) "Safe harbor lease" means a lease that qualified as a safe harbor lease under
146	Section 168, Internal Revenue Code.
147	[(24)] (23) "State of the United States" includes any of the 50 states or the District of
148	Columbia and "United States" includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia.
149	[(25)] (24) (a) "Taxable year" means the calendar year or the fiscal year ending during
150	such calendar year upon the basis of which the adjusted income is computed.
151	(b) In the case of a return made for a fractional part of a year under this chapter or

152	under rules prescribed by the commission, "taxable year" includes the period for which such
153	return is made.
154	[(26)] (25) "Taxpayer" means any corporation subject to the tax imposed by this
155	chapter.
156	[(27)] (26) "Threshold level of business activity" means business activity in the United
157	States equal to or greater than 20% of the corporation's total business activity as determined
158	under Section 59-7-401.
159	[(28)] (27) "Unadjusted income" means federal taxable income as determined on a
160	separate return basis before intercompany eliminations as determined by the Internal Revenue
161	Code, before the net operating loss deduction and special deductions for dividends received.
162	[(29)] (28) (a) "Unitary group" means a group of corporations that:
163	(i) are related through common ownership; and
164	(ii) by a preponderance of the evidence as determined by a court of competent
165	jurisdiction or the commission, are economically interdependent with one another as
166	demonstrated by the following factors:
167	(A) centralized management;
168	(B) functional integration; and
169	(C) economies of scale.
170	(b) "Unitary group" does not include S corporations.
171	[(30)] (29) "Utah net loss" means the current year Utah taxable income before Utah net
172	loss deduction, if determined to be less than zero.
173	[(31)] (30) "Utah net loss deduction" means the amount of Utah net losses from other
174	taxable years that may be carried back or carried forward to the current taxable year in
175	accordance with Section 59-7-110.
176	[(32)] (31) (a) "Utah taxable income" means Utah taxable income before net loss
177	deduction less Utah net loss deduction.
178	(b) "Utah taxable income" includes income from tangible or intangible property located
179	or having situs in this state, regardless of whether carried on in intrastate, interstate, or foreign
180	commerce.
181	[(33)] (32) "Utah taxable income before net loss deduction" means apportioned income
182	plus nonbusiness income allocable to Utah net of related expenses.

183	[(34)] (33) (a) "Water's edge combined report" means a report combining the income
184	and activities of:
185	(i) all members of a unitary group that are:
186	(A) corporations organized or incorporated in the United States, including those
187	corporations qualifying for the Puerto Rico and Possession Tax Credit as provided in Section
188	936, Internal Revenue Code, in accordance with Subsection [(34)] (33)(b); and
189	(B) corporations organized or incorporated outside of the United States meeting the
190	threshold level of business activity; and
191	(ii) an affiliated group electing to file a water's edge combined report under Subsection
192	59-7-402(2).
193	(b) There is a rebuttable presumption that a corporation which qualifies for the Puerto
194	Rico and Possession Tax Credit provided in Section 936, Internal Revenue Code, is part of a
195	unitary group.
196	[(35)] (34) "Worldwide combined report" means the combination of the income and
197	activities of all members of a unitary group irrespective of the country in which the
198	corporations are incorporated or conduct business activity.
199	Section 2. Section 59-7-101 (Contingently Effective 05/02/05) is amended to read:
200	59-7-101 (Contingently Effective 05/02/05). Definitions.
201	As used in this chapter:
202	(1) "Adjusted income" means unadjusted income as modified by Sections 59-7-105
203	and 59-7-106.
204	(2) (a) "Affiliated group" means one or more chains of corporations that are connected
205	through stock ownership with a common parent corporation that meet the following
206	requirements:
207	(i) at least 80% of the stock of each of the corporations in the group, excluding the
208	common parent corporation, is owned by one or more of the other corporations in the group;
209	and
210	(ii) the common parent directly owns at least 80% of the stock of at least one of the
211	corporations in the group.
212	(b) "Affiliated group" does not include corporations that are qualified to do business

but are not otherwise doing business in this state.

213

214 (c) For purposes of this Subsection (2), "stock" does not include nonvoting stock which is limited and preferred as to dividends. 215 216 (3) "Apportionable income" means adjusted income less nonbusiness income net of 217 related expenses, to the extent included in adjusted income. 218 (4) "Apportioned income" means apportionable income multiplied by the apportionment fraction as determined in Section 59-7-311. 219 220 (5) "Business income" [means income] is as defined in Section 59-7-302. (6) "Corporate return" or "return" includes a combined report. 221 222 (7) (a) "Common ownership" means the direct or indirect control or ownership of more 223 than 50% of the outstanding voting stock of: 224 (i) a parent-subsidiary controlled group as defined in Section 1563, Internal Revenue 225 Code, except that 50% shall be substituted for 80%; 226 (ii) a brother-sister controlled group as defined in Section 1563, Internal Revenue 227 Code, except that 50% shall be substituted for 80%; or 228 (iii) three or more corporations each of which is a member of a group of corporations 229 described in Subsection (2)(a)(i) or (2)(a)(ii), and one of which is: (A) a common parent corporation included in a group of corporations described in 230 231 Subsection (2)(a)(i); and 232 (B) included in a group of corporations described in Subsection (2)(a)(ii). 233 (b) Ownership of outstanding voting stock shall be determined by Section 1563, 234 Internal Revenue Code. 235 (8) "Corporation" includes: 236 (a) entities defined as corporations under Sections 7701(a) and 7704, Internal Revenue 237 Code; and 238 (b) other organizations that are taxed as corporations for federal income tax purposes 239 under the Internal Revenue Code. 240 (9) "Dividend" means any distribution, including money or other type of property, 241 made by a corporation to its shareholders out of its earnings or profits accumulated after

(10) (a) "Doing business" includes any transaction in the course of its business by a

domestic corporation, or by a foreign corporation qualified to do or doing intrastate business in

242

243

244

December 31, 1930.

243	this state.
246	(b) Except as provided in Subsection 59-7-102(2), "doing business" includes:
247	(i) the right to do business through incorporation or qualification;
248	(ii) the owning, renting, or leasing of real or personal property within this state; and
249	(iii) the participation in joint ventures, working and operating agreements, the
250	performance of which takes place in this state.
251	(11) "Domestic corporation" means a corporation that is incorporated or organized
252	under the laws of this state.
253	(12) (a) "Farmers' cooperative" means an association, corporation, or other
254	organization that is:
255	(i) (A) an association, corporation, or other organization of:
256	(I) farmers; or
257	(II) fruit growers; or
258	(B) an association, corporation, or other organization that is similar to an association
259	corporation, or organization described in Subsection (12)(a)(i)(A); and
260	(ii) organized and operated on a cooperative basis to:
261	(A) (I) market the products of members of the cooperative or the products of other
262	producers; and
263	(II) return to the members of the cooperative or other producers the proceeds of sales
264	less necessary marketing expenses on the basis of the quantity of the products of a member o
265	producer or the value of the products of a member or producer; or
266	(B) (I) purchase supplies and equipment for the use of members of the cooperative or
267	other persons; and
268	(II) turn over the supplies and equipment described in Subsection (12)(a)(ii)(B)(I) at
269	actual costs plus necessary expenses to the members of the cooperative or other persons.
270	(b) (i) Subject to Subsection (12)(b)(ii), for purposes of this Subsection (12), the
271	commission by rule, made in accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative
272	Rulemaking Act, shall define:
273	(A) the terms:
274	(I) "member"; and
275	(II) "producer"; and

276 (B) what constitutes an association, corporation, or other organization that is similar to 277 an association, corporation, or organization described in Subsection (12)(a)(i)(A). (ii) The rules made under this Subsection (12)(b) shall be consistent with the filing 278 279 requirements under federal law for a farmers' cooperative. 280 (13) "Foreign corporation" means a corporation that is not incorporated or organized 281 under the laws of this state. 282 (14) (a) "Foreign operating company" means a corporation that: 283 (i) is incorporated in the United States; and 284 (ii) 80% or more of whose business activity, as determined under Section 59-7-401, is 285 conducted outside the United States. 286 (b) "Foreign operating company" does not include a corporation that qualifies for the 287 Puerto Rico and Possession Tax Credit as provided in Section 936, Internal Revenue Code. 288 [(15) "Foreign sales corporation" means a corporation as defined in Section 922, 289 Internal Revenue Code. 290 [(16)] (15) "Income" includes losses. 291 [(17)] (16) "Internal Revenue Code" means Title 26 of the United States Code as 292 effective during the year in which Utah taxable income is determined. 293 [(18)] (17) "Nonbusiness income" [means income] is as defined in Section 59-7-302. 294 [(19)] (18) "Nonresident shareholder" means any shareholder of an S corporation who 295 on the last day of the taxable year of the S corporation, is: 296 (a) an individual not domiciled in Utah; or 297 (b) a nonresident trust or nonresident estate, as defined in Section 59-10-103[; or]. 298 [(c) an organization exempt under Section 501, Internal Revenue Code.] 299 [(20)] (19) "Related expenses" means: (a) expenses directly attributable to nonbusiness income; and 300 301 (b) the portion of interest or other expense indirectly attributable to both nonbusiness 302 and business income which bears the same ratio to the aggregate amount of such interest or 303 other expense, determined without regard to this Subsection [(20)] (19), as the average amount 304 of the asset producing the nonbusiness income bears to the average amount of all assets of the 305 taxpayer within the taxable year. 306 [(21)] (20) "Resident shareholder" means any shareholder of an S corporation who is

307	not a nonresident shareholder.
308	[(22)] (21) "S corporation" means [a small business] an S corporation as defined in
309	Section 1361, Internal Revenue Code.
310	[(23)] (22) "Safe harbor lease" means a lease that qualified as a safe harbor lease under
311	Section 168, Internal Revenue Code.
312	[(24)] (23) "State of the United States" includes any of the 50 states or the District of
313	Columbia and "United States" includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia.
314	[(25)] (24) (a) "Taxable year" means the calendar year or the fiscal year ending during
315	such calendar year upon the basis of which the adjusted income is computed.
316	(b) In the case of a return made for a fractional part of a year under this chapter or
317	under rules prescribed by the commission, "taxable year" includes the period for which such
318	return is made.
319	[(25)] (25) "Taxpayer" means any corporation subject to the tax imposed by this
320	chapter.
321	[(27)] (26) "Threshold level of business activity" means business activity in the United
322	States equal to or greater than 20% of the corporation's total business activity as determined
323	under Section 59-7-401.
324	[(28)] (27) Except as provided in Section 59-7-102, "unadjusted income" means federal
325	taxable income as determined on a separate return basis before intercompany eliminations as
326	determined by the Internal Revenue Code, before the net operating loss deduction and special
327	deductions for dividends received.
328	[(29)] (28) (a) "Unitary group" means a group of corporations that:
329	(i) are related through common ownership; and
330	(ii) by a preponderance of the evidence as determined by a court of competent
331	jurisdiction or the commission, are economically interdependent with one another as
332	demonstrated by the following factors:
333	(A) centralized management;
334	(B) functional integration; and
335	(C) economies of scale.
336	(b) "Unitary group" does not include S corporations.
337	[(30)] (29) "Utah net loss" means the current year Utah taxable income before Utah net

loss deduction, if determined to be less than zero.
[(31)] (30) "Utah net loss deduction" means the amount of Utah net losses from other
taxable years that may be carried back or carried forward to the current taxable year in
accordance with Section 59-7-110.
[(32)] (31) (a) "Utah taxable income" means Utah taxable income before net loss
deduction less Utah net loss deduction.
(b) "Utah taxable income" includes income from tangible or intangible property located
or having situs in this state, regardless of whether carried on in intrastate, interstate, or foreign
commerce.
[(33)] (32) "Utah taxable income before net loss deduction" means apportioned income
plus nonbusiness income allocable to Utah net of related expenses.
[(34)] (33) (a) "Water's edge combined report" means a report combining the income
and activities of:
(i) all members of a unitary group that are:
(A) corporations organized or incorporated in the United States, including those
corporations qualifying for the Puerto Rico and Possession Tax Credit as provided in Section
936, Internal Revenue Code, in accordance with Subsection [(34)] (33)(b); and
(B) corporations organized or incorporated outside of the United States meeting the
threshold level of business activity; and
(ii) an affiliated group electing to file a water's edge combined report under Subsection
59-7-402(2).
(b) There is a rebuttable presumption that a corporation which qualifies for the Puerto
Rico and Possession Tax Credit provided in Section 936, Internal Revenue Code, is part of a
unitary group.
[(35)] (34) "Worldwide combined report" means the combination of the income and
activities of all members of a unitary group irrespective of the country in which the
corporations are incorporated or conduct business activity.
Section 3. Section 59-7-402 is amended to read:
50.7.402 What a decrease in a second
59-7-402. Water's edge combined report.
(1) Except as provided in Section 59-7-403, if any corporation listed in Subsection

12-17-03 8:46 AM H.B. 191 369 combined report. 370 (2) (a) A group of corporations that are not otherwise a unitary group may elect to file a 371 water's edge combined report if each member of the group is: 372 (i) doing business in Utah; 373 (ii) part of the same affiliated group; and 374 (iii) qualified, under Section 1501, Internal Revenue Code, to file a federal 375 consolidated return. 376 (b) Each corporation within the affiliated group that is doing business in Utah must 377 consent to filing a combined report. If an affiliated group elects to file a combined report, each 378 corporation within the affiliated group that is doing business in Utah must file a combined 379 report. 380 (c) Corporations that elect to file a water's edge combined report under this section may 381 not thereafter elect to file a separate return without the consent of the commission. 382 Section 4. Repealer. 383 This bill repeals: 384 Section 59-7-106.5, Foreign sales corporations. 385 Section 5. Retrospective operation -- Effective date. 386 (1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), this bill has retrospective operation for

Legislative Review Note as of 12-10-03 2:49 PM

taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2004.

take effect as provided in Chapter 327, Section 30, Laws of Utah 2003.

387

388

389

A limited legal review of this legislation raises no obvious constitutional or statutory concerns.

(2) The amendments in this bill to Section 59-7-101 (Contingently Effective 05/02/05)

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel