1		<b>REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY AMENDMENTS</b>
2		2004 GENERAL SESSION
3		STATE OF UTAH
4		Sponsor: J. Stuart Adams
5		
6	LONG T	ITLE
7	General I	Description:
8	Th	is bill modifies provisions of the Redevelopment Agencies Act.
9	Highlight	ed Provisions:
10	Th	is bill:
11	•	modifies the definition of economic development and expands the type of
12	developm	ent that can occur in an economic development project;
13	•	adds definitions for attached housing, infrastructure improvements, and school levy;
14	•	modifies the requirements of economic development project plans;
15	•	modifies the allocation of tax increment funds as between a school district and
16	housing;	
17	•	modifies the composition of the taxing entity committee;
18	•	eliminates the requirement for taxing entity committee approval of certain project
19	area budg	ets;
20	•	modifies the distribution method of tax increment funds to school districts;
21	•	specifies voting members of the taxing entity committee and when certain members
22	may not v	ote;
23	•	modifies quorum requirements for the taxing entity committee;
24	•	modifies provisions related to how much tax increment may be paid to an agency
25	and for ho	w long for future project area budgets;
26	►	provides for certain amounts of tax increment to be paid to school districts and
27	housing ir	a future project area budgets;



	H.B. 311 02-13-04 10:46 AM
28	<ul> <li>modifies limitations on the use of tax increment;</li> </ul>
29	<ul> <li>modifies the allowable uses of tax increment; and</li> </ul>
30	<ul> <li>modifies requirements for an annual report that the county auditor is required to</li> </ul>
31	prepare.
32	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
33	None
34	Other Special Clauses:
35	None
36	Utah Code Sections Affected:
37	AMENDS:
38	17B-4-102, as last amended by Chapter 256, Laws of Utah 2003
39	17B-4-403, as last amended by Chapter 256, Laws of Utah 2003
40	17B-4-504, as last amended by Chapters 139 and 185, Laws of Utah 2002
41	17B-4-505, as last amended by Chapter 185, Laws of Utah 2002
42	17B-4-507, as enacted by Chapter 133, Laws of Utah 2001
43	17B-4-1001, as last amended by Chapter 205, Laws of Utah 2002
44	17B-4-1002, as last amended by Chapter 205, Laws of Utah 2002
45	17B-4-1004, as last amended by Chapter 205, Laws of Utah 2002
46	17B-4-1005, as enacted by Chapter 133, Laws of Utah 2001
47	17B-4-1007, as last amended by Chapter 205, Laws of Utah 2002
48	17B-4-1010, as last amended by Chapters 185 and 205, Laws of Utah 2002
49	17B-4-1202, as enacted by Chapter 133, Laws of Utah 2001
50	17B-4-1306, as enacted by Chapter 133, Laws of Utah 2001
51	
52	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
53	Section 1. Section <b>17B-4-102</b> is amended to read:
54	17B-4-102. Definitions.
55	(1) "Agency" means a separate body corporate and politic, created under Section
56	17B-4-201 or previous law, that is a political subdivision of the state, that is created to
57	undertake or promote redevelopment, economic development, or education housing
58	development, or any combination of them, as provided in this chapter, and whose geographic

59	boundaries are coterminous with:
60	(a) for an agency created by a county, the unincorporated area of the county; and
61	(b) for an agency created by a city or town, the boundaries of the city or town.
62	(2) "Assessment property owner" or "assessment owner of property" means the owner
63	of real property as shown on the assessment roll of the county in which the property is located,
64	equalized as of the previous November 1.
65	(3) "Assessment roll" has the meaning as defined in Section 59-2-102.
66	(4) "Attached housing" means residential housing of 20 or more units per acre.
67	[(4)] (5) "Base taxable value" means the taxable value of the property within a project
68	area from which tax increment will be collected, as shown upon the assessment roll last
69	equalized before:
70	(a) for a pre-July 1, 1993 project area plan, the effective date of the project area plan;
71	or
72	(b) for a post-June 30, 1993 project area plan:
73	(i) the date of the taxing entity committee's approval of the first project area budget; or
74	(ii) if no taxing entity committee approval is required for the project area budget, the
75	later of:
76	(A) the date the project area plan is adopted by the community legislative body; and
77	(B) the date the agency adopts the first project area budget.
78	[(5)] (6) "Blight" or "blighted" means the condition of an area that meets the
79	requirements of Subsection 17B-4-604(1).
80	[(6)] (7) "Blight hearing" means a public hearing under Subsection 17B-4-601(3) and
81	Section 17B-4-603 regarding the existence or nonexistence of blight within the proposed
82	redevelopment project area.
83	[(7)] (8) "Blight study" means a study to determine the existence or nonexistence of
84	blight within a survey area as provided in Section 17B-4-602.
85	[(8)] (9) "Board" means the governing body of an agency, as provided in Section
86	17B-4-203.
87	[(9)] (10) "Budget hearing" means the public hearing on a draft project area budget
88	required under Subsection 17B-4-501(2)(e).
89	[(10)] (11) "Community" means a county, city, or town.

90	[(11)] (12) "Economic development" means to [promote] encourage the expansion of a
91	community's economic base through:
92	(a) the creation or retention of public or private jobs within the state [through]:
93	[(a)] (b) planning, design, development, construction, rehabilitation, business
94	relocation, or any combination of these, within part or all of a project area; and
95	[(b)] (c) the provision of office, industrial, manufacturing, warehousing, distribution,
96	parking, affordable housing, attached housing, housing that is included in a building with other
97	uses, retail, hotel, infrastructure improvements, transit, public, or other facilities, or other
98	improvements that benefit the state or a community.
99	[(12)] (13) "Education housing development" means the provision of high density
100	housing within a project area that is adjacent to a public or private institution of higher
101	education.
102	(14) "Infrastructure improvements" means improvements to public infrastructure,
103	including roads, sidewalks, curbs, gutters, landscaping, street lighting, benches and other
104	pedestrian amenities, traffic control measures, bikeways, transit facilities, parking structures,
105	sanitary and storm sewers, water utilities, electrical utilities, gas utilities, fiber optic utilities,
106	cable utilities, and other facilities or utilities that are owned by a public entity or are accessible
107	without qualification to the public.
108	[(13)] (15) "Loan fund board" means the Olene Walker Housing Loan Fund Board,
109	established under Title 9, Chapter 4, Part 7, Olene Walker Housing Loan Fund.
110	[(14)] (16) "Plan hearing" means the public hearing on a draft project area plan
111	required under Subsection 17B-4-402(1)(e).
112	[(15)] (17) "Post-June 30, 1993 project area plan" means a redevelopment, economic
113	development, or education housing development project area plan adopted on or after July 1,
114	1993, whether or not amended subsequent to its adoption.
115	[(16)] (18) "Pre-July 1, 1993 project area plan" means a redevelopment project area
116	plan adopted before July 1, 1993, whether or not amended subsequent to its adoption.
117	[(17)] (19) "Private," with respect to real property, means:
118	(a) not owned by the United States or any agency of the federal government, a public
119	entity, or any other governmental entity; and
120	(b) not dedicated to public use.

121 [(18)] (20) "Project area" means the geographic area described in a project area plan or 122 draft project area plan where the redevelopment, economic development, or education housing 123 development set forth in the project area plan or draft project area plan takes place or is 124 proposed to take place. 125 [(19)] (21) "Project area budget" means a multiyear projection of annual or cumulative 126 revenues and expenses and other fiscal matters pertaining to a redevelopment, economic 127 development, or education housing development project area that includes: (a) the base taxable value of property in the project area: 128 129 (b) the projected tax increment expected to be generated within the project area; 130 (c) the amount of tax increment expected to be shared with other taxing entities; 131 (d) the amount of tax increment expected to be used to implement the project area plan, 132 including the estimated amount of tax increment to be used for land acquisition, public 133 improvements, infrastructure improvements, and loans, grants, or other incentives to private 134 and public entities; 135 (e) the tax increment expected to be used to cover the cost of administering the project 136 area plan; 137 (f) if the area from which tax increment is to be collected is less than the entire project 138 area, a legal description of the portion of the project area from which tax increment will be 139 collected; and 140 (g) for property that the agency owns and expects to sell, the expected total cost of the 141 property to the agency and the expected selling price. 142 [(20)] (22) "Project area plan" means a written plan under Part 4, Project Area Plan, 143 that, after its effective date, guides and controls the redevelopment, economic development, or 144 education housing development activities within the project area. 145 [(21)] (23) "Property tax" includes privilege tax and each levy on an ad valorem basis 146 on tangible or intangible personal or real property. 147  $\left[\frac{(22)}{(24)}\right]$  (24) "Public entity" means: 148 (a) the state, including any of its departments or agencies; or 149 (b) a political subdivision of the state, including a county, city, town, school district, 150 special district, local district, or interlocal cooperation entity. 151 [(23)] (25) "Public input hearing" means the public hearing required under Subsection

1.50	
152	17B-4-402(1)(h)(ii) regarding a proposed redevelopment project.
153	[(24)] (26) "Record property owner" or "record owner of property" means the owner of
154	real property as shown on the records of the recorder of the county in which the property is
155	located and includes a purchaser under a real estate contract if the contract is recorded in the
156	office of the recorder of the county in which the property is located or the purchaser gives
157	written notice of the real estate contract to the agency.
158	[(25)] (27) "Redevelopment" means the development activities under a project area
159	plan within a redevelopment project area, including:
160	(a) planning, design, development, demolition, clearance, construction, rehabilitation,
161	or any combination of these, of part or all of a project area;
162	(b) the provision of residential, commercial, industrial, public, or other structures or
163	spaces, including recreational and other facilities incidental or appurtenant to them;
164	(c) altering, improving, modernizing, demolishing, reconstructing, or rehabilitating, or
165	any combination of these, existing structures in a project area;
166	(d) providing open space, including streets and other public grounds and space around
167	buildings;
168	(e) providing public or private buildings, infrastructure, structures, and improvements;
169	and
170	(f) providing improvements of public or private recreation areas and other public
171	grounds.
172	(28) "School levy" means the amount of property tax revenue a school district
173	generates within a project area from levies imposed by the school district, except property tax
174	revenue resulting from imposition of the minimum basic tax rate under Section 53A-17a-135.
175	[ <del>(26)</del> ] <u>(29)</u> "Superfund site":
176	(a) means an area included in the National Priorities List under the Comprehensive
177	Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 9605; and
178	(b) includes an area formerly included in the National Priorities List, as described in
179	Subsection [(26)] (29)(a), but removed from the list following remediation that leaves on site
180	the waste that caused the area to be included in the National Priorities List.
181	[ <del>(27)</del> ] (30) "Survey area" means an area designated by a survey area resolution for
182	study to determine whether one or more redevelopment projects within the area are feasible.

183	[(28)] (31) "Survey area resolution" means a resolution adopted by the agency board
184	under Subsection 17B-4-401(1)(a) designating a survey area.
185	[(29)] (32) (a) "Tax increment" means, except as provided in Subsection $[(29)]$ (32)(b),
186	the difference between:
187	(i) the amount of property tax revenues generated each tax year by all taxing entities
188	from the area within a project area designated in the project area plan as the area from which
189	tax increment is to be collected, using the current assessed value of the property; and
190	(ii) the amount of property tax revenues that would be generated from that same area
191	using the base taxable value of the property.
192	(b) "Tax increment" does not include taxes levied and collected under Section
193	59-2-906.1 on or after January 1, 1994 upon the taxable property in the project area unless:
194	(i) the project area plan was adopted before May 4, 1993, whether or not the project
195	area plan was subsequently amended; and
196	(ii) the taxes were pledged to support bond indebtedness or other contractual
197	obligations of the agency.
198	[(30)] (33) "Taxing entity" means a public entity that levies a tax on property within a
199	project area or proposed project area.
200	[(31)] (34) "Taxing entity committee" means a committee representing the interests of
201	taxing entities, created as provided in Section 17B-4-1002.
202	Section 2. Section <b>17B-4-403</b> is amended to read:
203	17B-4-403. Project area plan requirements.
204	(1) Each project area plan and draft project area plan shall:
205	(a) describe the boundaries of the project area;
206	(b) contain a general statement of the land uses, layout of principal streets, population
207	densities, and building intensities of the project area and how they will be affected by the
208	redevelopment, economic development, or education housing development;
209	(c) state the standards that will guide the redevelopment, economic development, or
210	education housing development;
211	(d) show how the purposes of this chapter will be attained by the redevelopment,
212	economic development, or education housing development;
213	(e) be consistent with the general plan of the community in which the project area is

214	located and show that the redevelopment, economic development, or education housing
215	development will conform to the community's general plan;
216	(f) if the agency board made a finding of blight under Subsection 17B-4-601(4)(b):
217	(i) describe how the redevelopment will reduce or eliminate blight in the project area;
218	and
219	(ii) if the agency is to have the power of eminent domain under the project area plan:
220	(A) provide record owners of property located within the redevelopment project area
221	and their tenants reasonable opportunities to participate in the redevelopment if the record
222	property owner or tenant enters into a participation agreement with the agency;
223	(B) state that the agency has adopted or will adopt guidelines setting forth and
224	governing the opportunities of record property owners and tenants to participate in the
225	redevelopment, as required by Subsection 17B-4-402(1)(h)(iv); and
226	(C) include a plan for the relocation of any families and persons who will be
227	temporarily or permanently displaced from housing facilities in the redevelopment project area;
228	(g) if the project area plan is for economic development, describe how the economic
229	development will expand the community's economic base, create additional jobs, or increase
230	the economic opportunities in the community for current and future residents;
231	(h) if the project area plan is for education housing development, describe how the
232	education housing development will meet the needs of the community in which the project area
233	is located;
234	(i) describe any specific project or projects that are the object of the proposed
235	redevelopment, economic development, or education housing development;
236	(j) identify how private developers, if any, will be selected to undertake the
237	redevelopment, economic development, or education housing development and identify each
238	private developer currently involved in the redevelopment, economic development, or
239	education housing development process;
240	(k) contain a time limit of no more than three years after adoption of the project area
241	plan for the agency to commence implementation of the project area plan, unless the project
242	area plan is adopted again as if it were an amended project area plan under Section 17B-4-411;
243	(1) if the project area plan authorizes the use of eminent domain, contain a time limit of
244	no more than five years after the effective date of the project area plan for the agency to

245	commence acquisition of property through the use of eminent domain;
246	(m) if the project area plan provides for tax increment to be paid to the agency:
247	(i) contain a time limit of no more than 25 years for tax increment to be paid to the
248	agency from the project area unless the taxing entity committee consents to a longer period;
249	and
250	(ii) contain a provision that the project area may not exceed 100 acres of private real
251	property unless:
252	(A) the agency obtains the consent of the taxing entity committee; or
253	(B) the project area is a superfund site;
254	(n) state the reasons for the selection of the project area;
255	(o) describe the physical, social, and economic conditions existing in the project area;
256	(p) provide a financial analysis describing the proposed method of financing the
257	proposed redevelopment, economic development, or education housing development;
258	(q) describe any tax incentives offered private entities for facilities located in the
259	project area;
260	(r) contain the report and state any recommendations of the community's planning
261	commission;
262	(s) include an analysis, as provided in Subsection (2), of whether adoption of the
263	project area plan is:
264	(i) for a redevelopment project area plan, necessary and appropriate to reduce or
265	eliminate blight; or
266	(ii) for an economic development or education housing development project area plan,
267	beneficial under a benefit analysis;
268	(t) if any of the existing buildings or uses in the project area are included in or eligible
269	for inclusion in the National Register of Historic Places or the State Register, state that the
270	agency shall comply with Subsection 9-8-404(1) as though the agency were a state agency; and
271	(u) include other information that the agency determines to be necessary or advisable.
272	(2) Each analysis under Subsection (1)(s)(ii) shall consider:
273	(a) the benefit of any financial assistance or other public subsidy proposed to be
274	provided by the agency, including:
275	(i) an evaluation of the reasonableness of the costs of economic development or

276	education housing development;
277	(ii) efforts the agency has made or will make to maximize private investment;
278	(iii) the rationale for use of tax increment, including an analysis of whether the
279	proposed development might reasonably be expected to occur in the foreseeable future solely
280	through private investment; and
281	(iv) an estimate of the total amount of tax increment that will be expended in
282	undertaking economic development or education housing development and the length of time
283	for which it will be expended; and
284	(b) the anticipated public benefit to be derived from the economic development or
285	education housing development, including:
286	(i) the beneficial influences upon the tax base of the community; and
287	(ii) the associated business and economic activity likely to be stimulated[; and].
288	[(iii) in the case of economic development, the number of jobs or employment
289	anticipated to be generated or preserved.]
290	Section 3. Section <b>17B-4-504</b> is amended to read:
291	17B-4-504. Part of tax increment funds to be used for housing Waiver of
291 292	17B-4-504. Part of tax increment funds to be used for housing Waiver of requirement.
	-
292	requirement.
292 293	requirement. (1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b) and as otherwise approved by the taxing
292 293 294	requirement. (1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b) and as otherwise approved by the taxing entity committee, each project area budget adopted after June 30, 2004 that provides for more
292 293 294 295	requirement. (1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b) and as otherwise approved by the taxing entity committee, each project area budget adopted after June 30, 2004 that provides for more than \$100,000 of annual tax increment to be paid to the agency for a period of over five years
292 293 294 295 296	requirement. (1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b) and as otherwise approved by the taxing entity committee, each project area budget adopted after June 30, 2004 that provides for more than \$100,000 of annual tax increment to be paid to the agency for a period of over five years shall annually allocate for housing as provided in Section 17B-4-1010:
292 293 294 295 296 297	requirement. (1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b) and as otherwise approved by the taxing entity committee, each project area budget adopted after June 30, 2004 that provides for more than \$100,000 of annual tax increment to be paid to the agency for a period of over five years shall annually allocate for housing as provided in Section 17B-4-1010: (i) for a project area budget that provides for tax increment to be paid to the agency for
292 293 294 295 296 297 298	requirement. (1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b) and as otherwise approved by the taxing entity committee, each project area budget adopted after June 30, 2004 that provides for more than \$100,000 of annual tax increment to be paid to the agency for a period of over five years shall annually allocate for housing as provided in Section 17B-4-1010: (i) for a project area budget that provides for tax increment to be paid to the agency for over five but not more than ten years, 30% of the annual tax increment minus an amount equal
292 293 294 295 296 297 298 299	requirement. (1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b) and as otherwise approved by the taxing entity committee, each project area budget adopted after June 30, 2004 that provides for more than \$100,000 of annual tax increment to be paid to the agency for a period of over five years shall annually allocate for housing as provided in Section 17B-4-1010: (i) for a project area budget that provides for tax increment to be paid to the agency for over five but not more than ten years, 30% of the annual tax increment minus an amount equal to 30% of the tax increment generated from the school levy;
292 293 294 295 296 297 298 299 300	requirement. (1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b) and as otherwise approved by the taxing entity committee, each project area budget adopted after June 30, 2004 that provides for more than \$100,000 of annual tax increment to be paid to the agency for a period of over five years shall annually allocate for housing as provided in Section 17B-4-1010: (i) for a project area budget that provides for tax increment to be paid to the agency for over five but not more than ten years, 30% of the annual tax increment minus an amount equal to 30% of the tax increment generated from the school levy; (ii) for a project area budget that provides for tax increment to be paid to the agency for
292 293 294 295 296 297 298 299 300 301	requirement. (1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b) and as otherwise approved by the taxing entity committee, each project area budget adopted after June 30, 2004 that provides for more than \$100,000 of annual tax increment to be paid to the agency for a period of over five years shall annually allocate for housing as provided in Section 17B-4-1010: (i) for a project area budget that provides for tax increment to be paid to the agency for over five but not more than ten years, 30% of the annual tax increment minus an amount equal to 30% of the tax increment generated from the school levy; (ii) for a project area budget that provides for tax increment to be paid to the agency for over ten but not more than 15 years, 30% of the annual tax increment minus 50% of the tax
292 293 294 295 296 297 298 299 300 301 302	requirement. (1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b) and as otherwise approved by the taxing entity committee, each project area budget adopted after June 30, 2004 that provides for more than \$100,000 of annual tax increment to be paid to the agency for a period of over five years shall annually allocate for housing as provided in Section 17B-4-1010: (i) for a project area budget that provides for tax increment to be paid to the agency for over five but not more than ten years, 30% of the annual tax increment minus an amount equal to 30% of the tax increment generated from the school levy; (ii) for a project area budget that provides for tax increment to be paid to the agency for over ten but not more than 15 years, 30% of the annual tax increment minus 50% of the tax increment generated from the school levy; and
292 293 294 295 296 297 298 299 300 301 302 303	requirement. (1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b) and as otherwise approved by the taxing entity committee, each project area budget adopted after June 30, 2004 that provides for more than \$100,000 of annual tax increment to be paid to the agency for a period of over five years shall annually allocate for housing as provided in Section 17B-4-1010: (i) for a project area budget that provides for tax increment to be paid to the agency for over five but not more than ten years, 30% of the annual tax increment minus an amount equal to 30% of the tax increment generated from the school levy; (ii) for a project area budget that provides for tax increment to be paid to the agency for over ten but not more than 15 years, 30% of the annual tax increment minus 50% of the tax increment generated from the school levy; and (iii) for a project area budget that provides for tax increment to be paid to the agency for over ten but not more than 15 years, 30% of the annual tax increment minus 50% of the tax

307	Subsection (1)(a) if the amount of tax increment required under Subsection 17B-4-1004(3) to
308	be paid to a school district equals the amount of tax increment required under Subsection (1)(a)
309	to be allocated to housing.
310	[(1)] (2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection [(1)] (2)(b), each project area budget
311	adopted on or after May 1, 2000 that provides for more than \$100,000 of annual tax increment
312	to be paid to the agency shall allocate at least 20% of the tax increment for housing as provided
313	in Section 17B-4-1010.
314	(b) The 20% requirement of Subsection $[(1)]$ (2)(a) may be waived:
315	(i) in part or whole by the mutual consent of the loan fund board and the taxing entity
316	committee if they determine that 20% of tax increment is more than is needed to address the
317	community's need for income targeted housing, as defined in Section 17B-4-1010; or
318	(ii) in fifth and sixth class counties, by the taxing entity committee for economic
319	development project area budgets adopted on or after May 1, 2002, if the economic
320	development project area consists of an area without housing units.
321	[(2)] (3) A project area budget [not required under Subsection (1)(a) to allocate] that
322	allocates for housing under this section less than 20% of the total of all tax increment for
323	[housing] all years of the budget combined may allocate up to 20% of the total tax increment
324	[payable to the agency] over the life of the project area for housing as provided in Section
325	17B-4-1010 if the project area budget is under a project area plan that is adopted on or after
326	July 1, 1998.
327	Section 4. Section <b>17B-4-505</b> is amended to read:
328	17B-4-505. Consent of taxing entity committee.
329	(1) (a) Except as provided in [Subsection] Subsections (1)(b) and (c) and subject to
330	Subsection (2), each agency shall obtain the consent of the taxing entity committee for each
331	project area budget under a post-June 30, 1993 project area plan before the agency may collect
332	any tax increment from the project area.
333	(b) For a project area budget adopted from July 1, 1998 through May 1, 2000 that
334	allocates 20% or more of the tax increment for housing as provided in Section 17B-4-1010, an
335	agency:
336	(i) need not obtain the consent of the taxing entity committee for the project area
337	budget; and

338	(ii) may not collect any tax increment from all or part of the project area until after:
339	(A) the loan fund board has certified the project area budget as complying with the
340	requirements of Section 17B-4-1010; and
341	(B) the agency board has approved and adopted the project area budget by a two-thirds
342	vote.
343	(c) For a project area budget adopted after June 30, 2004 that provides for tax
344	increment to be paid to the agency for no more than five years, an agency need not obtain the
345	taxing entity committee's consent for the project area budget.
346	(2) (a) Before a taxing entity committee may consent to a project area budget adopted
347	on or after May 1, 2000 that is required under Subsection 17B-4-504[(1)](2)(a) to allocate 20%
348	of tax increment for housing, the agency shall:
349	(i) adopt a housing plan showing the uses for the housing funds; and
350	(ii) provide a copy of the housing plan to the taxing entity committee and the loan fund
351	board.
352	(b) If an agency amends a housing plan prepared under Subsection (2)(a), the agency
353	shall provide a copy of the amendment to the taxing entity committee and the loan fund board.
354	Section 5. Section <b>17B-4-507</b> is amended to read:
355	17B-4-507. Amending the project area budget.
356	(1) An agency may by resolution amend a project area budget as provided in this
357	section.
358	(2) To amend an adopted project area budget, the agency shall:
359	(a) advertise and hold one public hearing on the proposed amendment as provided in
360	Subsection (3);
361	(b) obtain the approval of the taxing entity committee if:
362	(i) the agency was required under Section 17B-4-505 to obtain the consent of the
363	taxing entity committee for the project area budget as originally adopted; [and] or
364	(ii) (A) the agency was not required to obtain the consent of the taxing entity
365	committee for the project area budget because of Subsection 17B-4-505(1)(c); and
366	(B) the project area budget, as it is proposed to be amended, provides for tax increment
367	to be paid to the agency for more than five years; and
368	(c) adopt a resolution amending the project area budget.

369	(3) The public hearing required under Subsection (2)(a) shall be conducted according
370	to the procedures and requirements of Sections 17B-4-501 and 17B-4-502, except that if the
371	amended project area budget proposes that the agency be paid a greater proportion of tax
372	increment from a project area than was to be paid under the previous project area budget, the
373	advertisement shall state the percentage paid under the previous project area budget and the
374	percentage proposed under the amended project area budget.
375	(4) If a proposed amendment is not adopted, the agency shall continue to operate under
376	the previously adopted project area budget without the proposed amendment.
377	Section 6. Section <b>17B-4-1001</b> is amended to read:
378	17B-4-1001. Agency receipt and use of tax increment Distribution of tax
379	increment.
380	(1) An agency may receive and use tax increment, as provided in this part.
381	(2) (a) The applicable length of time or number of years for which an agency is to be
382	paid tax increment under this part shall be measured:
383	(i) for a pre-July 1, 1993 project area plan, from the first tax year regarding which the
384	agency accepts tax increment from the project area; or
385	(ii) for a post-June 30, 1993 project area plan, from the first tax year the agency is to
386	receive tax increment as shown in the project area budget.
387	(b) Tax increment may not be paid to an agency for a tax year prior to the tax year
388	following the effective date of the project area plan.
389	(3) With the written consent of a taxing entity, an agency may be paid tax increment,
390	from that taxing entity's tax revenues only, in a higher percentage or for a longer period of time,
391	or both, than otherwise authorized under this chapter.
392	(4) Each county that collects property tax on property within a project area shall pay
393	and distribute, in the manner and at the time provided in Section 59-2-1365:
394	(i) to the agency the tax increment that the agency is entitled to collect under this
395	chapter[ <del>, in the manner and at the time provided in Section 59-2-1365.]; and</del>
396	(ii) to a school district the tax increment that the school district is entitled to collect
397	under Subsection 17B-4-1004(3).
398	Section 7. Section <b>17B-4-1002</b> is amended to read:
399	17B-4-1002. Taxing entity committee.

400	(1) Each agency that adopts or proposes to adopt a post-June 30, 1993 project area plan
401	shall, and any other agency may, cause a taxing entity committee to be created.
402	(2) (a) (i) Each taxing entity committee shall be composed of:
403	(A) two school district representatives appointed as provided in Subsection (2)(a)(ii);
404	(B) (I) in counties of the second, third, fourth, fifth, or sixth class, two representatives
405	appointed by resolution of the legislative body of the county in which the agency is located; or
406	(II) in counties of the first class, two representatives appointed by the county executive
407	of the county in which the agency is located;
408	(C) if the agency was created by a city or town, two representatives appointed by
409	resolution of the legislative body of that city or town;
410	(D) one representative appointed by the State Board of Education; [and]
411	(E) one representative selected by majority vote of the legislative bodies or governing
412	boards of all other taxing entities that levy a tax on property within the agency's boundaries, to
413	represent the interests of those taxing entities on the taxing entity committee[-]: and
414	(F) one representative appointed by the loan fund board.
415	(ii) (A) If the agency boundaries include only one school district, that school district
416	shall appoint the two school district representatives under Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A).
417	(B) If the agency boundaries include more than one school district, those school
418	districts shall jointly appoint the two school district representatives under Subsection
419	(2)(a)(i)(A).
420	(b) (i) Each taxing entity committee representative under Subsection (2) shall be
421	appointed within 30 days after the agency provides notice of the creation of the taxing entity
422	committee.
423	(ii) If a representative is not appointed within the time required under Subsection
424	(2)(b)(i), the agency board may appoint a person to serve on the taxing entity committee in the
425	place of the missing representative until that representative is appointed.
426	(c) (i) A taxing entity committee representative may be appointed for a set term or
427	period of time, as determined by the appointing authority under Subsection (2)(a)(i).
428	(ii) Each taxing entity committee representative shall serve until a successor is
429	appointed and qualified.
430	(d) (i) Upon the appointment of each representative under Subsection (2)(a)(i), whether

431	an initial appointment or an appointment to replace an already serving representative, the
432	appointing authority shall:
433	(A) notify the agency in writing of the name and address of the newly appointed
434	representative; and
435	(B) provide the agency a copy of the resolution making the appointment or, if the
436	appointment is not made by resolution, other evidence of the appointment.
437	(ii) Each appointing authority of a taxing entity committee representative under
438	Subsection (2)(a)(i) shall notify the agency in writing of any change of address of a
439	representative appointed by that appointing authority.
440	(3) A taxing entity committee represents all taxing entities regarding a project area and
441	may:
442	(a) cast votes that will be binding on all taxing entities;
443	(b) negotiate with the agency concerning a draft project area plan;
444	(c) approve or disapprove a project area budget as provided in Section 17B-4-505;
445	(d) approve or disapprove amendments to a project area budget as provided in Section
446	17B-4-507;
447	(e) approve exceptions to the limits on the value and size of a project area imposed
448	under this chapter;
449	(f) approve exceptions to the percentage of tax increment and the period of time that
450	tax increment is paid to the agency as provided in this part;
451	(g) approve the use of tax increment for access and utilities outside of a project area
452	that the agency and community legislative body determine to be of benefit to the project area,
453	as provided in Subsection 17B-4-1007(1)(a)(ii)(D);
454	(h) waive the restrictions imposed by Subsection 17B-4-503(2)(a); [and]
455	(i) as provided in Subsection (5)(b), approve a different allocation of tax increment as
456	between a school district and housing than is provided for in Subsections 17B-4-504(1)(a) and
457	<u>17B-4-1004(3); and</u>
458	[(i)] (j) give other taxing entity committee approval or consent required or allowed
459	under this chapter.
460	(4) (a) Each taxing entity committee member has one vote, except that:
461	(i) the two school district representatives and the State Board of Education

160	representative may not yets on a matter concerning on advection housing development preject
462	representative may not vote on a matter concerning an education housing development project
463	area plan or project area budget if the school district has elected, under Subsection
464	17B-4-1004(5), not to allow the agency to be paid tax increment from property tax revenues
465	generated by the school district:
466	(ii) the two school district representatives may not vote on a project area budget if:
467	(A) the project area plan and the project area budget are approved after June 30, 2004;
468	(B) the project area budget provides for the agency to be paid tax increment for over 15
469	years; and
470	(C) (I) the school district is to be paid all of the tax increment generated from the
471	school levy; or
472	(II) the school levy generates more than 40% of all property tax revenues generated
473	within the project area and the school district is to be paid 40% of all tax increment as provided
474	in Subsection 17B-4-1004(3)(b)(iii)(B); and
475	(iii) the loan fund board representative is an advisory member of the committee and
476	may not vote.
477	[ <del>(4)</del> ] (b) A quorum of a taxing entity committee consists of [:] a majority of voting
478	members of the committee plus one voting member.
479	[(a) except as provided in Subsection (4)(b):]
480	[(i) if the project area is located within a city or town, five members; or]
481	[(ii) if the project area is not located within a city or town, four members; or]
482	[(b) for an education housing development project area as to which the school district
483	has elected under Subsection 17B-4-1004(5) not to allow the agency to be paid tax increment
484	from school district tax revenues:]
485	[(i) if the project area is located within a city or town, three members; or]
486	[(ii) if the project area is not located within a city or town, two members.]
487	(5) [Taxing] (a) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b), taxing entity committee
488	approval, consent, or other action requires the affirmative vote of a majority of a quorum
489	present at a taxing entity committee meeting.
490	(b) Taxing entity committee approval of a different distribution of tax increment to a
491	school district than is provided for under Subsection 17B-4-1004(3) and to housing than is
492	provided for under Subsection 17B-4-504(1)(a) requires the affirmative vote of two-thirds of a

493	quorum present at a taxing entity committee meeting.
494	(6) Each taxing entity committee shall be governed by Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and
495	Public Meetings.
496	(7) Each time a school district representative or a representative of the State Board of
497	Education votes as a member of a taxing entity committee to allow an agency to be paid tax
498	increment or to increase the amount or length of time that an agency may be paid tax
499	increment, that representative shall, within 45 days after the vote, provide to the
500	representative's respective school board an explanation in writing of the representative's vote
501	and the reasons for the vote.
502	(8) (a) The assessor of each county in which the agency is located shall provide a
503	written report to the taxing entity committee stating, with respect to property within each
504	project area:
505	(i) the base taxable value, as adjusted by any adjustments under Section 17B-4-1006;
506	and
507	(ii) the assessed value.
508	(b) With respect to the information required under Subsection (8)(a), the assessor shall
509	provide:
510	(i) actual amounts for each year from the adoption of the project area plan to the time
511	of the report; and
512	(ii) estimated amounts for each year beginning the year after the time of the report and
513	ending the time that the agency expects no longer to be paid tax increment from property
514	within the project area.
515	(c) The assessor of the county in which the agency is located shall provide a report
516	under this Subsection (8):
517	(i) at least annually; and
518	(ii) upon request of the taxing entity committee, before a taxing entity committee
519	meeting at which the committee will consider whether to allow the agency to be paid tax
520	increment or to increase the amount or length of time that the agency may be paid tax
521	increment.
522	Section 8. Section <b>17B-4-1004</b> is amended to read:
523	17B-4-1004. Tax increment under a post-June 30, 1993 project area plan.

524	(1) This section applies to tax increment under a post-June 30, 1993 project area plan
525	only.
526	(2) An agency board may provide in the project area budget for the agency to be paid:
527	(a) if the project area budget is adopted before July 1, 2004, and 20% of the project
528	area budget is allocated for housing under Section 17B-4-504:
529	(i) 100% of annual tax increment for 15 years;
530	(ii) 75% of annual tax increment for 24 years; or
531	(iii) if approved by the taxing entity committee, any percentage of tax increment up to
532	100%, or any specified dollar amount, for any period of time; [or]
533	(b) if the project area budget is adopted before July 1, 2004, and 20% of the project
534	area budget is not allocated for housing under Section 17B-4-504:
535	(i) 100% of annual tax increment for 12 years;
536	(ii) 75% of annual tax increment for 20 years; or
537	(iii) if approved by the taxing entity committee, any percentage of tax increment up to
538	100%, or any specified dollar amount, for any period of time[-]; or
539	(c) if the project area budget is adopted after June 30, 2004:
540	(i) 100% of annual tax increment for up to five years;
541	(ii) 100% of annual tax increment minus an amount equal to 30% of the tax increment
542	generated from the school levy for over five but not more than ten years:
543	(iii) 100% of annual tax increment minus an amount equal to 50% of the tax increment
544	generated from the school levy for over ten but not more than 15 years;
545	(iv) for over 15 but not more than 25 years:
546	(A) if the school levy generates less than 40% of all property tax revenues generated
547	within the project area, 100% of annual tax increment minus an amount equal to all tax
548	increment generated from the school levy; or
549	(B) if the school levy generates more than 40% of all property tax revenues generated
550	within the project area, 60% of annual tax increment; or
551	(v) if approved by the taxing entity committee, any percentage of tax increment up to
552	100%, or any specified dollar amount, for any period of time.
553	(3) (a) Tax increment paid to an agency under a project area budget adopted after June
554	30, 2004, may not include tax increment to be paid to a school district.

555	(b) Under a project area budget adopted after June 30, 2004 that provides for tax
556	increment to be paid to the agency for over five years, each school district in which the project
557	area is located shall be paid:
558	(i) for a project area budget that provides for tax increment to be paid to the agency for
559	over five but not more than ten years, 30% of the tax increment generated from the school levy;
560	(ii) for a project area budget that provides for tax increment to be paid to the agency for
561	over ten but not more than 15 years, 50% of the tax increment generated from the school levy;
562	(iii) for a project area budget that provides for tax increment to be paid to the agency
563	for over 15 years:
564	(A) if the school levy generates less than 40% of all property tax revenues generated
565	within the project area, 100% of the tax increment generated from the school levy; or
566	(B) if the school levy generates more than 40% of all property tax revenues generated
567	within the project area, 40% of the total tax increment; or
568	(iv) the amount of tax increment approved by the taxing entity committee under
569	Subsection 17B-4-1002(5)(b).
570	(4) If a project area budget adopted after June 30, 2004, is amended to increase the
571	number of years that tax increment will be paid to the agency, the amended project area budget
572	shall, except as otherwise approved by the taxing entity committee under Subsection
573	<u>17B-4-1002(5)(b):</u>
574	(a) provide that the amount of tax increment to be paid to a school district shall be no
575	less than the amount the project area budget provided to be paid to the school district before the
576	amendment, unless the school district consents in writing; and
577	(b) provide that the amount of tax increment to be paid to housing shall be no less than
578	the amount the project area budget provided to be paid to housing before the amendment,
579	unless the loan fund board consents in writing.
580	[(3)] (a) An agency may, without the approval of the taxing entity committee, elect
581	to be paid 100% of annual tax increment for each year beyond the periods specified in
582	Subsection (2) to a maximum of 25 years, including the years the agency is paid tax increment
583	under Subsection (2), if:
584	(i) for an agency in a city in which is located all or a portion of an interchange on I-15
585	or that would directly benefit from an interchange on I-15:

586	(A) the tax increment paid to the agency during the additional years is used to pay
587	some or all of the cost of the installation, construction, or reconstruction of:
588	(I) an interchange on I-15, whether or not the interchange is located within a project
589	area; or
590	(II) frontage and other roads connecting to the interchange, as determined by the
591	Department of Transportation created under Section 72-1-201 and the Transportation
592	Commission created under Section 72-1-301, whether or not the frontage or other road is
593	located within a project area; and
594	(B) the installation, construction, or reconstruction of the interchange or frontage and
595	other roads has begun on or before June 30, 2002;
596	(ii) for an agency in a city of the first or second class:
597	(A) the tax increment paid to the agency during the additional years is used to pay
598	some or all of the cost of the land for and installation and construction of a recreational facility,
599	as defined in Section 59-12-702, or a cultural facility, including parking and infrastructure
600	improvements related to the recreational or cultural facility, whether or not the facility is
601	located within a project area; and
602	(B) the installation or construction of the recreational or cultural facility has begun on
603	or before June 30, 2002.
604	(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, an agency may use tax
605	increment received under Subsection (2) for any of the uses indicated in this Subsection $[(3)]$
606	<u>(5)</u> .
607	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection [ $(3)$ ] $(5)(a)$ , a school district may not, without its
608	consent, receive less tax increment because of application of Subsection $[(3)]$ (5)(a) than it
609	would have received without that subsection.
610	[(4)] (6) Unless the taxing entity committee consents, an agency may not be paid tax
611	increment from the project area for more than 25 years.
612	[(5)] (7) (a) A school district that levies a tax on property located within a project area
613	under an education housing development project area plan may elect not to allow the agency to
614	be paid tax increment from the property tax revenues generated by the school district.
615	(b) An election under Subsection $[(5)]$ (7)(a) shall be made in writing to the agency
616	before the taxing entity committee's approval of the project area budget.

(c) If a school district makes an election under this Subsection [(5): (i) ] (7), the agency
may not be paid tax increment from property tax revenues generated by the school district[;
and].
(ii) the school district representatives and the State Board of Education representative

621 on the taxing entity committee may not vote on any matter concerning the education housing

622 development project area or project area budget.]

623 Section 9. Section **17B-4-1005** is amended to read:

624

17B-4-1005. Limitations on tax increment.

(1) (a) [H] For a project area plan adopted before July 1, 2004, if the development of
retail sales of goods is the primary objective of the project area, tax increment may not be paid
to or used by an agency unless a finding of blight is made under Part 6, Blight Determination in
Redevelopment Project Areas.

(b) (i) Incidental or subordinate development of retail sales of goods does notdisqualify an agency from receiving tax increment.

(ii) Incidental or subordinate development of retail sales of goods includes the
development of retail sales of goods resulting from the installation and construction of any
building, facility, structure, or other improvement of a publicly or privately owned convention
center or sports complex, including parking and infrastructure improvements related to the
convention center or sports complex.

- 636 (2) For an economic development or education housing development project area plan
   637 adopted after June 30, 2004:
- 638 (a) tax increment may not be used to pay costs associated with private retail
   639 development, except for costs associated with infrastructure improvements; and
- 640 (b) costs associated with developing housing within the same building as private retail
   641 development are not treated as costs associated with the private retail development.

642 [(2)] (3) (a) An agency may not be paid any portion of a taxing entity's taxes resulting 643 from an increase in the taxing entity's tax rate that occurs after the taxing entity committee 644 approves the project area budget unless, at the time the taxing entity committee approves the 645 project area budget, the taxing entity committee approves payment of those increased taxes to 646 the agency.

647 (b) If the taxing entity committee does not approve of payment of the increased taxes to

648 the agency under Subsection [(2)] (3)(a), the county shall distribute to the taxing entity the

taxes attributable to the tax rate increase in the same manner as other property taxes.

- 650 Section 10. Section **17B-4-1007** is amended to read:
- 651 **17B-4-1007.** Allowable uses of tax increment.

652 (1) (a) An agency may use tax increment:

(i) for any of the purposes for which the use of tax increment is authorized under thischapter;

655 (ii) to pay

(ii) to pay for, including financing or refinancing, all or part of:

(A) the redevelopment, economic development, or education housing development inthe project area from which the tax increment funds were collected;

(B) housing expenditures, projects, or programs as provided in Section 17B-4-1009 or
17B-4-1010;

(C) with the consent of the community legislative body and subject to Subsection (4),
the value of the land for and the cost of the installation and construction of <u>infrastructure</u>
<u>improvements of</u> any publicly owned building, facility, structure, landscaping, or other
improvement within the project area from which the tax increment funds were collected; and

664 (D) with the consent of the community legislative body and the taxing entity 665 committee, the cost of the installation of publicly owned utilities and access outside the project 666 area from which the tax increment funds were collected if the agency board and the community 667 legislative body determine by resolution that the utilities and access are of benefit to the project 668 area; or

(iii) for administrative, overhead, legal, and other operating expenses of the agency.

(b) The determination of the agency board and the community legislative body underSubsection (1)(a)(ii)(D) regarding benefit to the project area shall be final and conclusive.

(2) (a) An agency may contract with the community that created the agency or another
public entity to use tax increment to reimburse the cost of items authorized by this chapter to be
paid by the agency that have been or will be paid by the community or other public entity.

675 (b) If land has been or will be acquired or the cost of an improvement has been or will 676 be paid by another public entity and the land or improvement has been or will be leased to the 677 community, an agency may contract with and make reimbursement from tax increment funds to 678 the community.

679	(3) An agency created by a city of the first or second class may use tax increment from
680	one project area in another project area to pay all or part of the value of the land for and the
681	cost of installation and construction of a publicly or privately owned convention center or
682	sports complex or any building, facility, structure, or other improvement related to the
683	convention center or sports complex, including parking and infrastructure improvements, if:
684	(a) construction on the convention center or sports complex or related building, facility,
685	structure, or other improvement begins on or before June 30, 2002; and
686	(b) the tax increment is pledged to pay all or part of the value of the land for and the
687	cost of the installation and construction of the convention center or sports complex or related
688	building, facility, structure, or other improvement.
689	(4) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, an agency may not use tax
690	increment to construct municipal buildings, courts or other judicial buildings, or fire stations.
691	Section 11. Section <b>17B-4-1010</b> is amended to read:
692	17B-4-1010. Income targeted housing Agency may use tax increment for
693	income targeted housing.
694	(1) As used in this section:
695	(a) "Annual income" has the meaning as defined under regulations of the U.S.
696	Department of Housing and Urban Development, 24 CFR, Part 813, as amended or as
697	superseded by replacement regulations.
698	(b) "Fair share ratio" means the ratio derived by:
699	(i) for a city or town, comparing the percentage of all housing units within the city or
700	town that are publicly subsidized income targeted housing units to the percentage of all
701	housing units within the whole county that are publicly subsidized income targeted housing
702	units; or
703	(ii) for the unincorporated part of a county, comparing the percentage of all housing
704	units within the unincorporated county that are publicly subsidized income targeted housing
705	units to the percentage of all housing units within the whole county that are publicly subsidized
706	income targeted housing units.
707	(c) "Family" has the meaning as defined under regulations of the U.S. Department of

707 (c) Family has the meaning as defined under regulations of the U.S. Department of
 708 Housing and Urban Development, 24 CFR, Part 813, as amended or as superseded by
 709 replacement regulations.

710	(d) "Housing funds" means the funds allocated [in the project area budget] to housing
711	under Section 17B-4-504 [for the purposes provided in Subsection (2)].
712	(e) "Income targeted housing" means housing to be owned or occupied by a family
713	whose annual income is at or below 80% of the median annual income for the county in which
714	the housing is located.
715	(f) "Unincorporated" means not within a city or town.
716	(2) (a) Each agency shall use all housing funds [allocated for housing under this
717	section] to:
718	(i) pay part or all of the cost of land or construction of income targeted housing within
719	the community that created the agency, if practicable in a mixed income development or area;
720	(ii) pay part or all of the cost of rehabilitation of income targeted housing within the
721	community that created the agency;
722	(iii) pay part or all of the cost of land or installation, construction, or rehabilitation of
723	any building, facility, structure, or other housing improvement, including infrastructure
724	improvements, related to housing located in a project area where blight has been found to exist;
725	(iv) replace housing units lost as a result of the redevelopment, economic development,
726	or education housing development;
727	(v) make payments on or establish a reserve fund for bonds:
728	(A) issued by the agency, the community, or the housing authority that provides
729	income targeted housing within the community; and
730	(B) all or part of the proceeds of which are used within the community for the purposes
731	stated in Subsection (2)(a)(i), (ii), (iii), or (iv); or
732	(vi) if the community's fair share ratio at the time of the first adoption of the project
733	area budget is at least 1.1 to 1.0, make payments on bonds:
734	(A) that were previously issued by the agency, the community, or the housing authority
735	that provides income targeted housing within the community; and
736	(B) all or part of the proceeds of which were used within the community for the
737	purposes stated in Subsection (2)(a)(i), (ii), (iii), or (iv).
738	(b) As an alternative to the requirements of Subsection (2)(a), an agency may pay all or
739	any portion of housing funds to:
740	(i) the community for use as provided under Subsection (2)(a);

741	(ii) the housing authority that provides income targeted housing within the community
742	for use in providing income targeted housing within the community; or
743	(iii) the Olene Walker Housing Loan Fund, established under Title 9, Chapter 4, Part 7,
744	Olene Walker Housing Loan Fund, for use in providing income targeted housing within the
745	community.
746	(3) The agency or community shall separately account for the housing funds, together
747	with all interest earned by the housing funds and all payments or repayments for loans,
748	advances, or grants from the housing funds.
749	(4) In using housing funds under Subsection (2)(a), an agency may lend, grant, or
750	contribute housing funds to a person, public body, housing authority, private entity or business,
751	or nonprofit organization for use as provided in Subsection (2)(a).
752	(5) An agency may:
753	(a) issue bonds from time to time to finance a housing undertaking under this section,
754	including the payment of principal and interest upon advances for surveys and plans or
755	preliminary loans; and
756	(b) issue refunding bonds for the payment or retirement of bonds under Subsection
757	(5)(a) previously issued by the agency.
758	(6) (a) If an agency fails to provide housing funds in accordance with the project area
759	budget and, if applicable, the housing plan adopted under Subsection 17B-4-505(2), the loan
760	fund board may bring legal action to compel the agency to provide the housing funds.
761	(b) In an action under Subsection (6)(a), the court:
762	(i) shall award the loan fund board a reasonable attorney's fee, unless the court finds
763	that the action was frivolous; and
764	(ii) may not award the agency its attorney's fees, unless the court finds that the action
765	was frivolous.
766	Section 12. Section <b>17B-4-1202</b> is amended to read:
767	17B-4-1202. Sources from which bonds may be made payable Agency powers
768	regarding bonds.
769	(1) The principal and interest on bonds issued by an agency may be made payable
770	from:
771	(a) the income and revenues of the projects financed with the proceeds of the bonds;

772	(b) the income and revenues of certain designated projects whether or not they were
773	financed in whole or in part with the proceeds of the bonds;
774	(c) the income, proceeds, revenues, property, and funds of the agency derived from or
775	held in connection with its undertaking and carrying out redevelopment, economic
776	development, or education housing development;
777	(d) tax increment funds payable to the agency;
778	(e) agency revenues generally;
779	(f) a contribution, loan, grant, or other financial assistance from the federal government
780	or a public entity in aid of redevelopment, economic development, or education housing
781	development; or
782	(g) funds derived from any combination of the methods listed in Subsections (1)(a)
783	through (f).
784	(2) In connection with the issuance of agency bonds, an agency may:
785	(a) pledge all or any part of its gross or net rents, fees, or revenues to which its right
786	then exists or may thereafter come into existence;
787	(b) encumber by mortgage, deed of trust, or otherwise all or any part of its real or
788	personal property, then owned or thereafter acquired; and
789	(c) make the covenants and take the action that may be necessary, convenient, or
790	desirable to secure its bonds, or, except as otherwise provided in this chapter, that will tend to
791	make the bonds more marketable, even though such covenants or actions are not specifically
792	enumerated in this chapter.
793	Section 13. Section <b>17B-4-1306</b> is amended to read:
794	17B-4-1306. County auditor report on project areas.
795	(1) (a) On or before March 31 of each year, the auditor of each county in which an
796	agency is located shall prepare a report on the project areas within each agency.
797	(b) The county auditor shall send a copy of each report under Subsection (1)(a) to the
798	agency that is the subject of the report, the State Tax Commission, the State Board of
799	Education, and each taxing entity that levies a tax on property from which the agency collects
800	tax increment.
801	(2) Each report under Subsection (1)(a) shall report:
802	(a) the total assessed property value within each project area for the previous tax year;

803	(b) the base taxable value of property within each project area for the previous tax year;
804	(c) the tax increment available to be paid to the agency for the previous tax year;
805	(d) the tax increment requested by the agency for the previous tax year; [and]
806	(e) the tax increment paid to the agency for the previous tax year[ <del>.</del> ]; and
807	(f) the tax increment paid to each taxing entity for the previous tax year.
808	(3) Within 30 days after a request by an agency, the State Tax Commission, the State
809	Board of Education, or any taxing entity that levies a tax on property from which the agency
810	receives tax increment, the county auditor or the county assessor shall provide access to:
811	(a) the county auditor's method and calculations used to make adjustments under
812	Section 17B-4-1006;
813	(b) the unequalized assessed valuation of an existing or proposed project area, or any
814	parcel or parcels within an existing or proposed project area, if the equalized assessed valuation
815	has not yet been determined for that year; [and]
816	(c) the most recent equalized assessed valuation of an existing or proposed project area
817	or any parcel or parcels within an existing or proposed project area; and
818	(d) the tax rate of each taxing entity adopted as of November 1 for the previous tax
819	year.

#### Legislative Review Note as of 2-12-04 5:54 PM

A limited legal review of this legislation raises no obvious constitutional or statutory concerns.

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

18-Feb-04
12:14 PM

#### State Impact

Passage of this bill would redistribute the tax increment within an Redevelopment Agency and should have no net fiscal impact. There could be some increased costs to locals to analyze projects annually.

#### Individual and Business Impact

No fiscal impact.

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst