

**Representative Stephen H. Urquhart** proposes the following substitute bill:

**SPYWARE REGULATION**

2004 GENERAL SESSION

STATE OF UTAH

**Sponsor: Stephen H. Urquhart**

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**LONG TITLE**

**General Description:**

This bill enacts provisions within the Commerce and Trade Code relating to certain uses of spyware.

**Highlighted Provisions:**

This bill:

- ▶ defines terms;
- ▶ prohibits spyware from delivering advertisements to a computer under certain circumstances;
- ▶ requires spyware to provide removal procedures;
- ▶ allows a website, trademark, or copyright owner to bring an action to enforce the requirements; and
- ▶ requires the Division of Consumer Protection to collect complaints.

**Monies Appropriated in this Bill:**

None

**Other Special Clauses:**

None

**Utah Code Sections Affected:**

ENACTS:

**13-39-101**, Utah Code Annotated 1953



- 26 13-39-102, Utah Code Annotated 1953
- 27 13-39-201, Utah Code Annotated 1953
- 28 13-39-301, Utah Code Annotated 1953
- 29 13-39-302, Utah Code Annotated 1953
- 30 13-39-401, Utah Code Annotated 1953



31 *Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:*

32 Section 1. Section 13-39-101 is enacted to read:

33 **CHAPTER 39. SPYWARE CONTROL ACT**

34 **Part 1. General Provisions**

35 **13-39-101. Title.**

36 This chapter is known as the "Spyware Control Act."

37 Section 2. Section 13-39-102 is enacted to read:

38 **13-39-102. Definitions.**

39 As used in this chapter:

40 (1) "Division" means the Division of Consumer Protection in the Department of  
41 Commerce.

42 (2) "Internet" is as defined in the Internet Tax Freedom Act, Pub. L. No. 105-277.

43 (3) "Spyware" means software residing on a computer that:

44 (a) monitors the computer's usage;

45 (b) (i) records information about the computer's usage; or

46 (ii) sends information about the computer's usage to a remote computer or server;

47 (c) causes an advertisement to appear when a user accesses an Internet website if the  
48 advertisement:

49 (i) does not clearly identify the full legal name of the entity responsible for delivering  
50 the advertisement;

51 (ii) uses a federally registered trademark as a trigger for the display of an advertisement  
52 by a person other than:

53 (A) the trademark owner; or

54 (B) an authorized agent or licensee of the trademark owner;

55 (iii) uses a triggering mechanism to display advertisements according to the Internet  
56

- 57 websites accessed by a user; or
- 58 (iv) covers or obscures paid advertising or other content on an Internet website in a
- 59 way that interferes with:
- 60 (A) an authorized advertiser's ability to reach a user; or
- 61 (B) a user's ability to view an Internet website; and
- 62 (d) does not:
- 63 (i) obtain the consent of the user, after installation of the software but before the
- 64 software does any of the actions described in Subsections (3)(a) through (c), to:
- 65 (A) a license agreement:
- 66 (I) presented in full; and
- 67 (II) written in plain language;
- 68 (B) a notice of the collection of each specific type of information to be transmitted as a
- 69 result of the software installation;
- 70 (C) a clear and representative full-size example of each type of advertisement that may
- 71 be delivered;
- 72 (D) a truthful statement of the frequency with which each type of advertisement may be
- 73 delivered; and
- 74 (E) for each type of advertisement delivered by the software, a clear description of a
- 75 method by which a user may distinguish the advertisement by its appearance from
- 76 advertisements generated by other software services; and
- 77 (ii) provide a method:
- 78 (A) by which a user may easily disable and remove the software from the user's
- 79 computer;
- 80 (B) that does not have other effects on the user's computer; and
- 81 (C) that uses usual and ordinary methods for removal of computer software.
- 82 (4) "User" means a person who accesses an Internet website.

83 Section 3. Section **13-39-201** is enacted to read:

84 **Part 2. Prohibition of Spyware**

85 **13-39-201. Prohibition on spyware.**

86 (1) A person may not:

87 (a) create spyware;

- 88 (b) cause spyware to be created;
- 89 (c) install spyware on another person's computer; or
- 90 (d) cause spyware to be installed on another person's computer.
- 91 (2) It is not a defense to a violation of this section that a user may remove or hide an
- 92 advertisement caused by spyware.

93 Section 4. Section **13-39-301** is enacted to read:

94 **Part 3. Enforcement**

95 **13-39-301. Private action.**

96 (1) An action for a violation of this chapter may be brought:

- 97 (a) against a person who violates this chapter; and
- 98 (b) by any of the following who are adversely affected by a violation of this chapter:

99 (i) an Internet website owner or registrant; or

100 (ii) a trademark or copyright owner.

101 (2) In an action under Subsection (1), a person may:

102 (a) obtain an injunction against committing any further violation of this chapter; and

103 (b) recover the greater of:

104 (i) actual damages; or

105 (ii) \$10,000 for each separate violation of this chapter.

106 (3) In an action under Subsection (1), a court may:

107 (a) increase the damages up to three times the damages allowed by Subsection (2) if the

108 court finds the defendant willfully or knowingly violated this chapter; and

109 (b) award costs and reasonable attorney fees to a prevailing party.

110 Section 5. Section **13-39-302** is enacted to read:

111 **13-39-302. Limitations on actions.**

112 (1) A person may not bring an action for a violation of this chapter against an Internet

113 service provider for the routine transmission of information that contains an advertisement

114 violating this chapter.

115 (2) A person may not bring a class action under this chapter.

116 Section 6. Section **13-39-401** is enacted to read:

117 **Part 4. Duties of Division**

118 **13-39-401. Information gathering -- Evaluations.**

119           The division shall:  
120           (1) establish procedures by which a person may report a violation of this chapter to the  
121 division, including:  
122           (a) an Internet website; and  
123           (b) a toll-free telephone number; and  
124           (2) make recommendations to the Public Utilities and Technology Interim Committee  
125 if the division finds a need for additional provisions to this chapter.

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**Legislative Review Note**  
**as of 2-10-04 4:02 PM**

This bill regulates software that creates advertisements on a computer as a result of visiting certain Internet websites, and that collects information regarding the computer's Internet use. Case law surrounding regulation of Internet activities is evolving. State regulations of Internet activities have been challenged for violating principles such as the Commerce Clause of the United States Constitution. Some courts have indicated that the need for national uniformity limits a state's ability to regulate Internet activities. Under other court rulings, however, this bill could be upheld if a court determined that the benefits this bill provides to Utahans outweigh the burden the bill places on interstate commerce.

**Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel**